

19 - 22 September 2022

The 12th HL-LHC Collaboration Meeting will take place in Uppsala, Sweden, from 19th to 22th September 2022, as an in-person meeting.

Based on the traditional programme with plenary and work package parallel assoins, this meeting will serve as a technical update forum for the 6° Cost and Schedule Review, planned at CENN in November 2022, and provides the framework for additional collaborative meetings between the project partners.

This year, the main objectives will be to update all HiLumi collaborators on the results of key HL-LHC prototypes tests, to highlight the progress made in the transition from prototype validation to series production, and to update all collaborators on the latest schedule changes.

Inn – ofganizzig committee – oppsain – ofg Iwer Brüning – Project Leader – Tord Ekalóf Iarkus Zerlauth – Deputy Project Leader – Richard Brenne Acile Noels – Project Office – Maja Ohegård Bacia Santiaca

Richard Brenner Head of Physics Department www.hill Maja Olvegård Head of FREIA Department Rocio Santiago Kern Technical Leader (DHF project)

Status of BSRT and coronagraph

Enrico Bravin for the SY-BI BSR team Simulations and plots by D. Butti

HL-LHC PROJEC



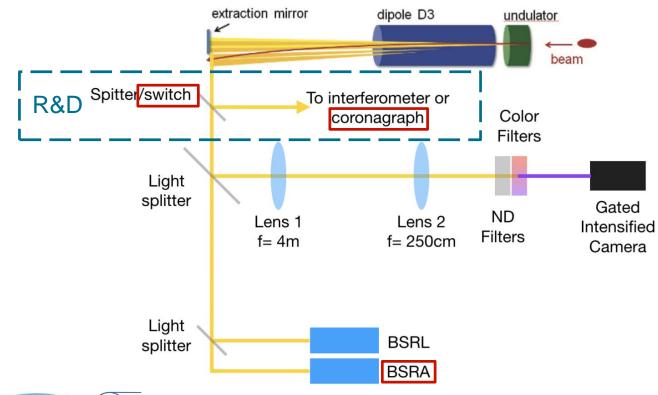
12th HL-LHC Collaboration Meeting – Uppsala (Sweden) – 19-22 September 2022

Present synchrotron light systems

- BSRT Imaging telescope for beam size measurement
 - Cross calibrated with Wire Scanners
 - Performance limited by diffraction of SR
- BSRA photo detector that measures amount of charges in the abort gap (machine safety device)
- BSRL photo detector that measures the longitudinal distribution of charges with high DR and high time resolution



BSRT layout today





(original) Additional requirements for HL-LHC

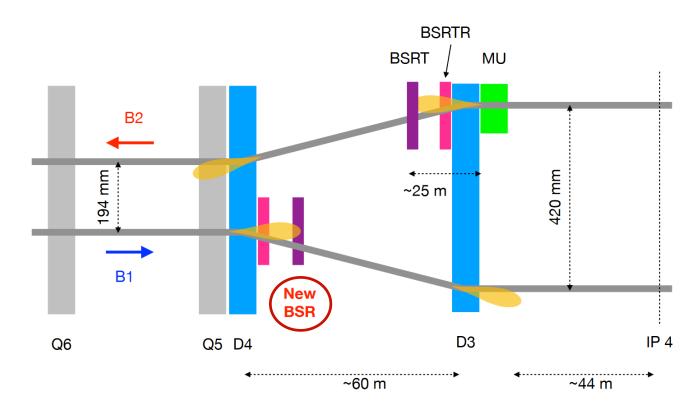
- Measure the tails of the beam (Halo)
 - Required Requires new SR extraction
 - Danger of damaging the collimators in case of failure of the crab-cavities

Monitor the non closure of the crabbing bumps

Baseline wWill be done using BPMs
Requires (unsuitable phase advance) at hutch in the UA (radiation)



Synchrotron light in IP4 (Left)





New SR extraction

Use SR from D4 without an undulator

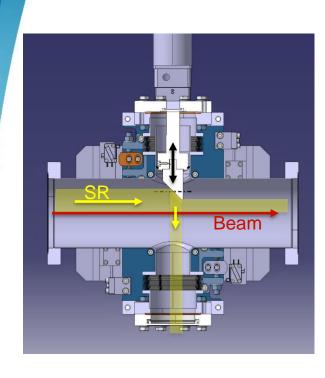
- Need a more compact extraction tank
- Only useable at high energy (no MU)
- Need to verify RF compatibility to avoid heating the mirror
- Tanks designed and installed in LS2
 - RF validation done

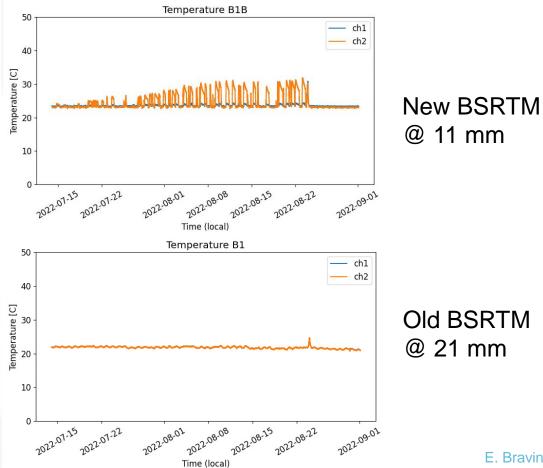
CÉRN

T increase of few degrees on mirror with full intensity



New BSRTM tank





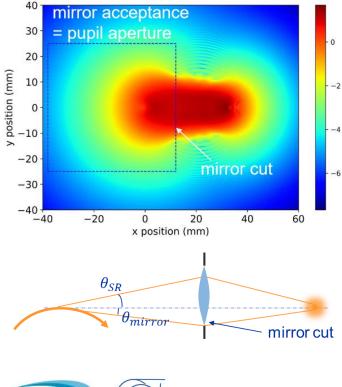
E. Bravin

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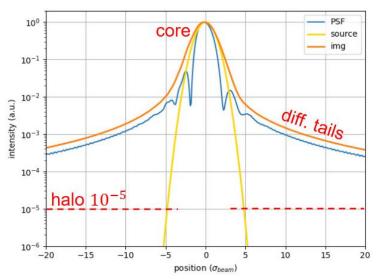
Halo monitoring imaging SR

SR @ BSRTM

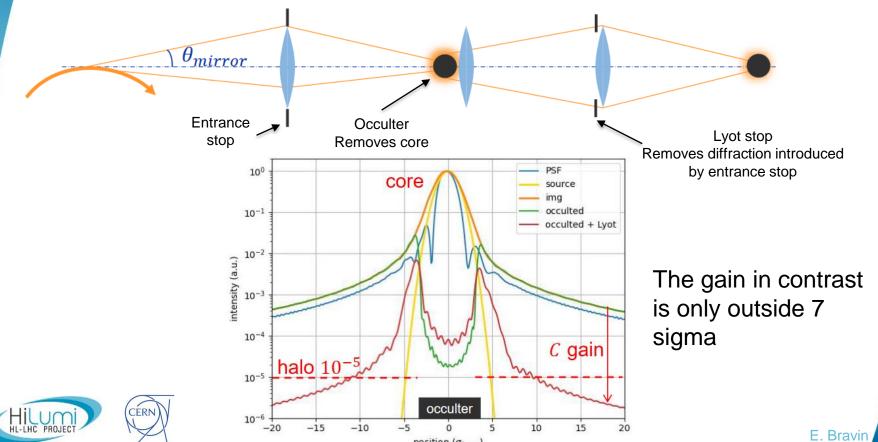


CERM

- The extraction mirror defines the optical acceptance
- No cut in the vertical plane
- Cut at the mirror edge in the horizontal plane



Lyot coronagraph



position (σ_{beam})

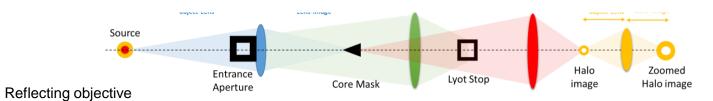
BSRH (coronagraph) R&D

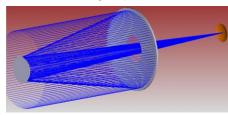
- First R&D device installed on B2 during run2
 - Based on existing components from KEK
- Completely new device installed on B2 during LS2
 - Reflecting telescope as objective lens
 - Being commissioned
 - Requires shut off of BSRA, limited time available.
 - Copy installed in ISR tunnel



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BSRH (coronagraph) R&D







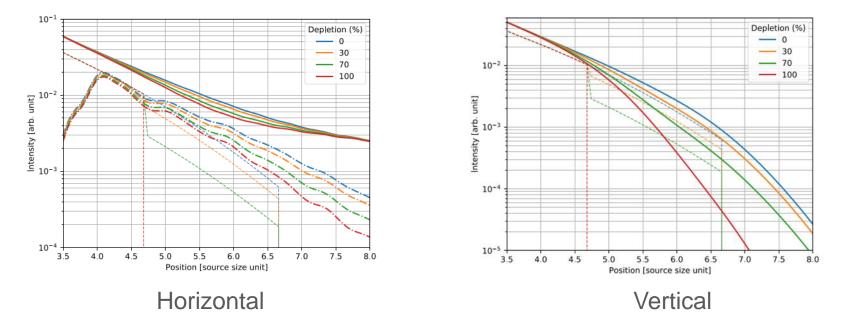


ISR



What can we expect from BSRH

Measured profile of realistic proton distributions with halo suppression



Solid lines are for imaging, dot-dashed lines for coronagraph Fine-dash proton distribution

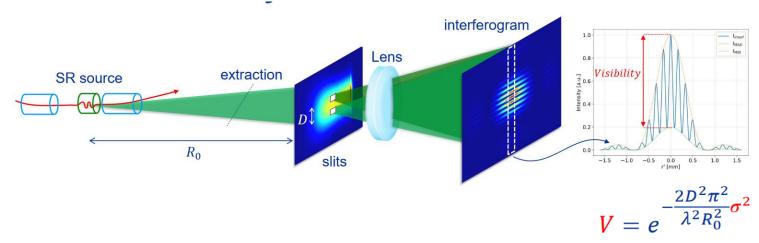


BSRH R&D plan for run3

- 2022 commission the system and identify improvements
- YETS 22/23 modify entrance stage to allow // operation with BSRA (like for interferometer)
 - This may reduce the performance, but very likely the effect is well below the limitations due to SR
- 2023-2024 Characterize the device and compare to simulations



SR interferometer



Ongoing R&D to develop a SR double slit interferometer Could provide independent absolute beam size measurement Alternative device to the wire scanners If successful could allow crosschecking the BSRT calibration continuously SR properties complicates the results and may reduce the accuracy Simulations confirm that the VCZ theorem can be used



Conclusions

- New SR extraction tank designed, installed and validated (RF)
- Detailed simulations of SR based halo monitor
 - SR properties limits the performance
 - Beam based measurement required to quantify the potential
- SR interferometer designed and installed
 - First measurements are very promising
- For the moment the 2nd SR extraction is on hold
 - Next step would be vacuum chamber enlargement between D4 and BSRTM





