



Beam-beam tests at injection energy

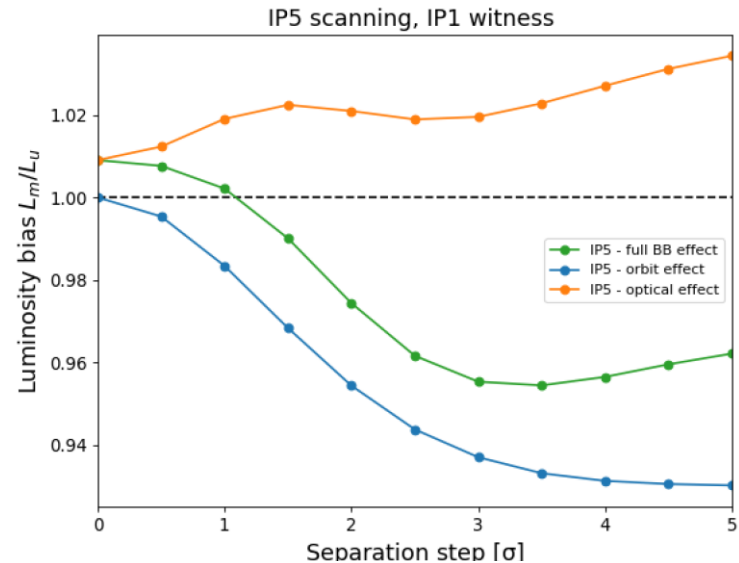
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Introduction and motivation presented at the [LPC](#)

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What do we know - BB impact on luminosity

- Beam-beam (BB) interaction affects the luminosity measurement, two effects can be corrected for:
 - dynamic beta causing optical distortion, hence change in transverse beam widths, and in bunch density profile distribution → overlap changes
 - orbit shift caused by the deflection
- Extended simulation campaigns with COMBI and B*B to study these effects
- As a result, luminosity measured in VdM conditions can be corrected:
 - Single IP parametrization based on the Beam-beam parameter and unperturbed tunes was derived
 - Bias caused by additional collisions (Witness IP) can be mimicked with equivalent coherent BB tune shift used in the Single IP parametrization
- Following tests designed to verify the simulation results (BB parameter, tunes, phase advances)



Strategy



- Prior to the following BB Tests, characterization and validation of the phase knobs needs to be performed by OMC (details on slide 4),
- Parasitic measurements will be performed during the non-linearity tests that are planned around the stable beams period at injection energy,
- BB Tests with optimized phase knob to maximize the observed effect:
 - **Test 1:** step function measurement with 2 IPs in collision - quick and repetitive measurement of relative luminosity change at the witness IP, and verify phase dependency of effects for further tests,
 - **Test 2:** full separation scans program,
 - **Test 3:** filling scheme for collision in 3 IPs to test multi-IP parametrization
- Possibility of repeating the tests with standard injection optics if phase knob not successful (the biggest effect in Test 3).

Knob Validation

OMC & OP (Rogelio Tomas, Matteo Solfaroli)

KNOB name in control system: LHCBEAM/LUMI_BB_PHASE

Beams: pilot bunch

Collimators: coarse settings

Measurements:

- Orbit, chroma and coupling with necessary corrections per knob setting
- AC dipole to measure phase advance between IPs and beta-beating around the machine
- k-modulation in IR1&5 to measure beta*

Time estimate ~ 40min / knob setting to be used, 2-3 steps

| Max. effect IP1 -> IP5 , summary | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Beam 1 | | |
| | $\Delta\mu_x [2\pi]$ | $\Delta\mu_y [2\pi]$ |
| IP1-IP5 | 30.97655 | 29.64851 |
| IP1-IP5_adj | 30.9 | 29.9 |
| change | -0.077 | 0.251 |
| | | |
| Beam 2 | | |
| | $\Delta\mu_x [2\pi]$ | $\Delta\mu_y [2\pi]$ |
| IP1-IP5 | 31.06197 | 29.76189 |
| IP1-IP5_adj | 30.9 | 29.9 |
| change | -0.162 | 0.138 |

Test 1



Machine setup: special optics with **optimized phase knob $\Delta\mu_{IP1-IP5}=0.9$** , no crossing-angles at IP1 and IP5, no orbit feedback, reduced octupole current, chroma and ADT

Measure relative luminosity changes at non-scanning IP - CMS and ATLAS, assuming -0.6-1% precision (60 s/step), multiple tests with quick scans to avoid emittance change and drifting.

Test for BB parameter range (0.008-0.012) → expected impact to Luminosity >3% per IP.

Observables:

- luminosity - IP1, IP5,
- bunch to bunch intensities (FBCT),
- orbits (DOROS, arc BPMs, ADT),
- gated tune spectra per bunch (BBQ) at each step, and total tune drift before/after collisions + during the test at full separation at all IPs,
- beam sizes (WS,BSRT).

Test 1

Beams: 2 single bunches per beam of same brightness

- small emittances $\sim 1.5 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$ and intensities $1\text{e}11 \text{ ppb}$, $\xi = 0.008$
- all bunches colliding at IP1 and IP5 only

Operational Steps:

- WS measurement
- Optimize head on at both IPs, measure reference luminosity L_u at the witness IP5
- separate IP1 in one step as much as possible (3 nominal σ per beam) in the horizontal plane, measure luminosity change at the witness IP
- collapse IP1 to head-on with optimization, remeasure L_u
- repeat steps a-d 3 times for each scanning direction (both negative and positive nominal separation, using automatic-scan procedure with pre-validated sequence)
- repeat steps a-e for the vertical plane (automatic-scan procedure)
- repeat steps a-f for IP1 as witness
- repeat steps a-g at higher intensity $\sim 1.5\text{e}11$ if time allows

Total time estimate: 4 h (min. 2 x 2 x 2 x 10 min)

Test 2

Machine setup: special optics with **optimized knob $\Delta u_{IP1-IP5}=0.9$** , no crossing-angles at IP1 and IP5, no orbit feedback, reduced octupole current, chroma and ADT

Measure Luminosity at non-scanning IP - CMS and ATLAS involved, full separation scan program: both transverse planes, with 13 separation steps (30 or 60 s/step tbd after first collisions), single-beam excursion +/- 3 nominal σ . Test for BB parameter range (0.008-0.012) → expected impact to Luminosity >3% per IP.

Observables:

- beam separation dependence of luminosity at both the witness and the scanning IP,
- bunch to bunch intensities (FBCT),
- orbits (DOROS, ADT),
- gated tune spectra per bunch (BBQ) at each step, and total tune drift before/after collisions + during the test at full separation at all IPs,
- beam sizes (WS, BSRT).

Test 2

Beams: ~4 bunches per beam with uniform parameters

- small emittances ~1.5 μm and intensities around $1\text{e}11$ ppb (tbd after Test 1 observations).
- all bunches colliding at IP1 and IP5 only

Operational Steps:

- WS measurement,
- Optimize head-on at IP1 and IP5, define reference luminosity at the witness IP5 (L_w)
- Transverse scan in horizontal plane at IP1 → Measure luminosity change at witness IP5, at the scanning IP1 measure convoluted beam size (Capsigma)
- Go back to head-on, reoptimize IP1 & IP5, and remeasure reference luminosity
- repeat steps a-d in both scanning directions
- repeat steps a-e for the vertical plane
- refill and repeat steps a-f for IP1 as witness
- repeat a-g with the intermediate knob setting

Time estimates: 2 knobs x 2 IPs x 2h

Test 3



Machine setup: optics tbd after previous tests, no crossing-angles at IP1 and IP5, standard crossing-angles at IP2 (~1mrad), IP8 (~1mrad), no orbit feedback, reduced octupole current, chroma and ADT.

Measure Luminosity at non-scanning IP - ATLAS, ALICE and CMS involved, quick scan program.

Observables:

- luminosity - IP1, IP2, and IP5,
- bunch to bunch intensities (FBCT),
- orbits (DOROS, arc BPMs, ADT),
- gated tune spectra per bunch (BBQ) at each step, and total tune drift before/after collisions + during the test at full separation at all IPs,
- beam sizes (WS,BSRT).

If tests with the knob not successful - this test to be repeated at nominal optics.

Test 3

Beams: 4 single bunches per beam of same brightness

- small emittances $\sim 1.5 \mu\text{m}$ and intensities 1.25×10^{11} ppb, $\xi = 0.01$
- all bunches colliding at IP1, IP2 and IP5 (filling scheme [4b_4_4_0_BeamBeamV4](#)), (LR @ 11.25 m in IP8, distance $\sim 35\sigma$ for 1 mrad crossing-angle)

Operational Steps:

- WS measurement,
- Optimize head on at all IPs, measure reference luminosity L_u at the witness IP5
- separate IP2 in single step as much as possible (3 nominal σ per beam) in the horizontal plane, measure luminosity change at the witness IP5 and IP1
- separate 2nd IP - IP1, observe further luminosity change at the witness IP5
- collapse IP2 to head-on with optimization at witness IP only,
- collapse IP1 to head-on with optimization at witness IP only, remeasure L_u
- repeat steps a-f 3 times
- repeat steps a-g for the vertical plane
- repeat steps a-h for IP1 as witness

Time estimate: 4 h