

More Synergies from Beauty, Top, Z and Drell-Yan in the SMEFT

2304.12837

In collaboration with Cornelius Grunwald, Gudrun Hiller and Kevin Kröninger

Lara Nollen

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SMEFT approach to new physics [See Talk by Admir Greljo]

- No direct measurement of NP at the LHC \rightarrow NP very weakly coupled or **very heavy**

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- Scale separation \rightarrow Indirect measurements using **effective field theories**
 \implies largely model independent framework
- SMEFT is constructed from all SM fields with the full SM symmetry $SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_{d=5}^{\infty} \sum_i \frac{C_i^{(d)}}{\Lambda^{d-4}} O_i^{(d)}$$

$O_n^{(j)}$: Local operators, IR-sensitive (SM-fields and symmetries)

$C_n^{(j)}$: Wilson coefficients, UV-sensitive (effective couplings)

Minimal Flavor Violation

- Dimension 6 operators: Warsaw Basis: 59 operators \rightarrow 2499 free parameters

See also e.g. Bruggisser et al. [arXiv:2212.02532] for MFV in SMEFT

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- MFV: Impose a $U(3)^5$ symmetry $\mathcal{G}_F = U(3)_{q_L} \times U(3)_{u_R} \times U(3)_{d_R} \times U(3)_{l_L} \times U(3)_{e_R}$
[JHEP 05 (2021), 257]
- The SM Yukawa matrices are treated as spurions

$$Y_u : (3, \bar{3}, 1, 1, 1), \quad Y_d : (3, 1, \bar{3}, 1, 1), \quad Y_e : (1, 1, 1, 3, \bar{3})$$

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\Rightarrow Expand the quark bilinears

$$\bar{q}_L q_L : a_1 \mathbb{1} + a_2 Y_u Y_u^\dagger + a_3 Y_d Y_d^\dagger + \dots$$

$$\bar{q}_L u_R : (c_1 \mathbb{1} + c_2 Y_u Y_u^\dagger + \dots) Y_u$$

$$\bar{u}_R u_R : b_1 \mathbb{1} + b_2 Y_u^\dagger Y_u + \dots$$

$$\bar{d}_R d_R : e_1 \mathbb{1} + e_2 Y_d^\dagger Y_d + \dots$$

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Minimal Flavor Violation in SMEFT

- Rotating to the mass basis and retaining only y_t yields:

$$C \bar{q}_L q_L \supset \left[\bar{u}_L \begin{pmatrix} a_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & a_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a_1 + a_2 y_t^2 \end{pmatrix} u_L + \bar{d}_L \begin{pmatrix} a_1 + a_2 |V_{td}|^2 y_t^2 & a_2 V_{td}^* V_{ts} y_t^2 & a_2 V_{td}^* V_{tb} y_t^2 \\ a_2 V_{ts}^* V_{td} y_t^2 & a_1 + a_2 |V_{ts}|^2 y_t^2 & a_2 V_{ts}^* V_{tb} y_t^2 \\ a_2 V_{tb}^* V_{td} y_t^2 & a_2 V_{tb}^* V_{ts} y_t^2 & a_1 + a_2 |V_{tb}|^2 y_t^2 \end{pmatrix} d_L \right]$$

$t\bar{t}$
Drell-Yan
 $b \rightarrow s$

- Imposes **correlations** among flavor entries and allows for **down-type FCNCs**

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- Parametrization:

$$\tilde{C}_{q\bar{q}} = \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} a_1 \quad \gamma_a = \sum_{n \geq 1} y_t^{2n} a_{2n} / a_1$$

- γ_a probes the MFV coefficients \rightarrow constrained by combining at least two sectors

$$\begin{aligned} u_L^i \bar{u}_L^i &\sim \tilde{C}_i & d_L^i \bar{d}_L^i &\sim \tilde{C}_i (1 + \gamma_A |V_{ti}|^2) & \bar{u}_L^i d_L^j &\sim \tilde{C}_i V_{ij} \\ t_L \bar{t}_L &\sim \tilde{C}_i (1 + \gamma_a) & b_L \bar{s}_L &\sim \tilde{C}_i \gamma_a V_{ts}^* V_{tb} & \bar{t}_L d_L^j &\sim \tilde{C}_i (1 + \gamma_A) V_{tj} \end{aligned}$$

Minimal Flavor Violation

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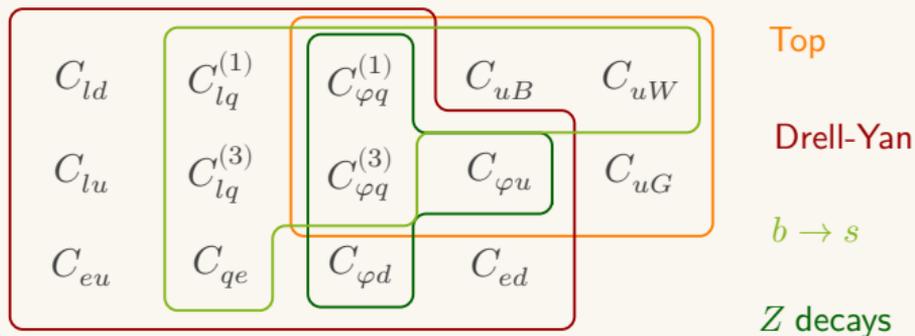
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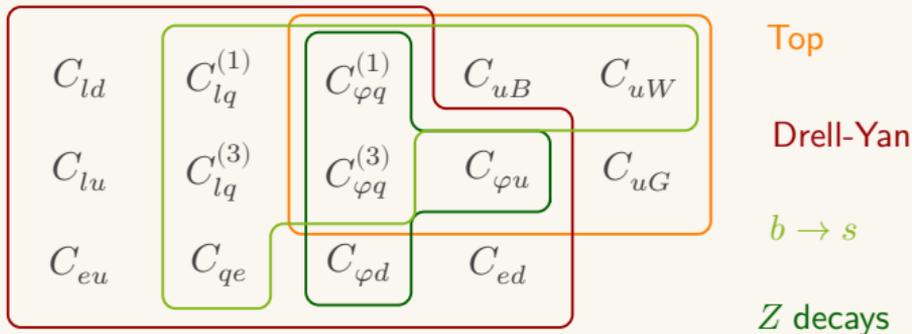
$u_L^i \bar{u}_L^i \sim \tilde{C}_i$	$d_L^i \bar{d}_L^i \sim \tilde{C}_i (1 + \gamma_A V_{ti} ^2)$	$\bar{u}_L^i d_L^j \sim \tilde{C}_i V_{ij}$
$t_L \bar{t}_L \sim \tilde{C}_i (1 + \gamma_a)$	$b_L \bar{s}_L \sim \tilde{C}_i \gamma_a V_{ts}^* V_{tb}$	$\bar{t}_L d_L^j \sim \tilde{C}_i (1 + \gamma_A) V_{tj}$

Parameters and Observables



14 Wilson coefficients and $\gamma_{a/b} \rightarrow$ 16 degrees of freedom

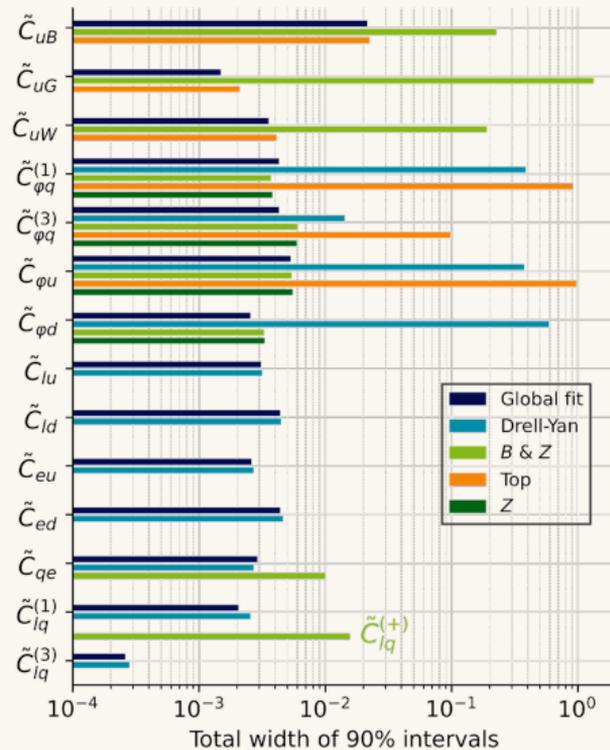
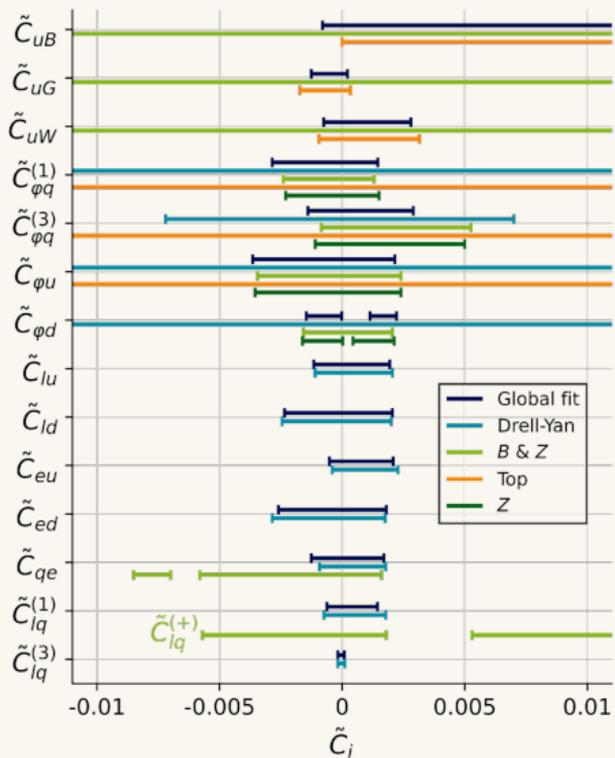
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$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$	$\sigma_{t\bar{t}Z}$	$\sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma}$	$\sigma_{t\bar{t}W}$	e^+e^-	$e\nu$	$\mathcal{B}_{\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \gamma}$	$\mathcal{B}_{B^0 \rightarrow K^* \gamma}$	$\mathcal{B}_{B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \gamma}$	$\mathcal{B}_{\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-}$	$\mathcal{B}_{\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-}$
$\sigma_{t\bar{t}H}$	Γ_t	f_0	f_L	$\mu^+ \mu^-$	$\mu\nu$	$\mathcal{B}_{B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-}$	$F_L B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$	$P_i^{(\prime)} B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$	$\mathcal{B}_{B^0 \rightarrow K \mu^+ \mu^-}$	$\mathcal{B}_{B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-}$
R_b	A_{FB}^b	R_c	A_{FB}^c	$\tau^+ \tau^-$	$\tau\nu$	$\mathcal{B}_{B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \mu^+ \mu^-}$	$F_L B_s \rightarrow \phi \mu^+ \mu^-$	$S_i B_s \rightarrow \phi \mu^+ \mu^-$	$\mathcal{B}_{\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda \mu^+ \mu^-}$	$\Delta M_{s B_s / \bar{B}_s}$

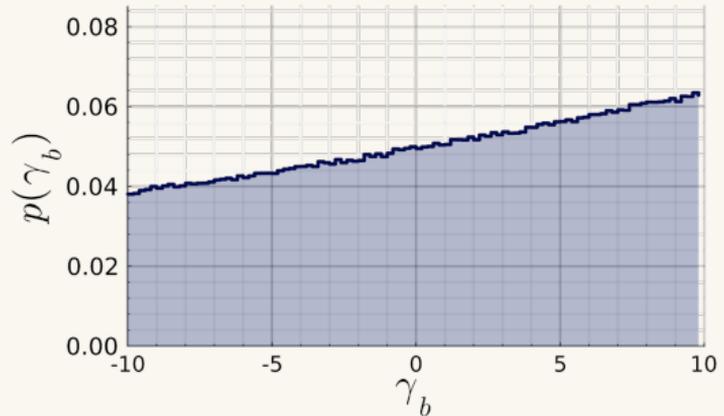
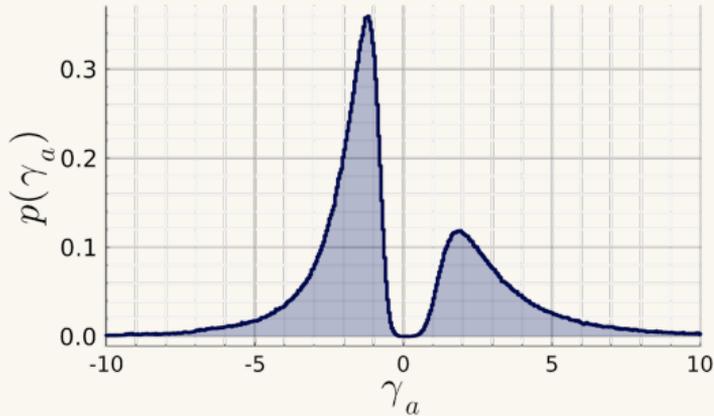
Synergies from Beauty, Top, Z and Drell-Yan



Probing the MFV parameters

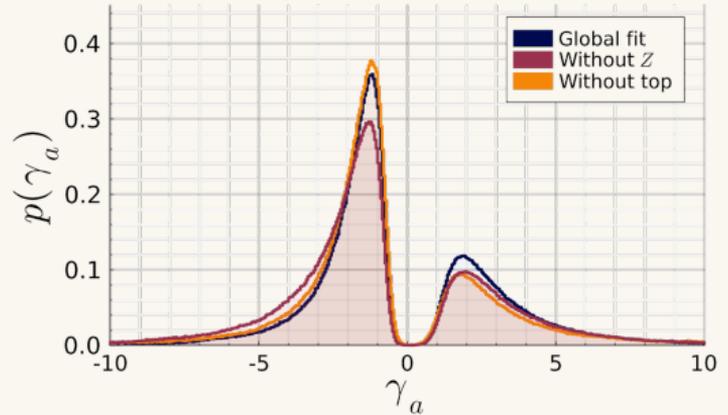
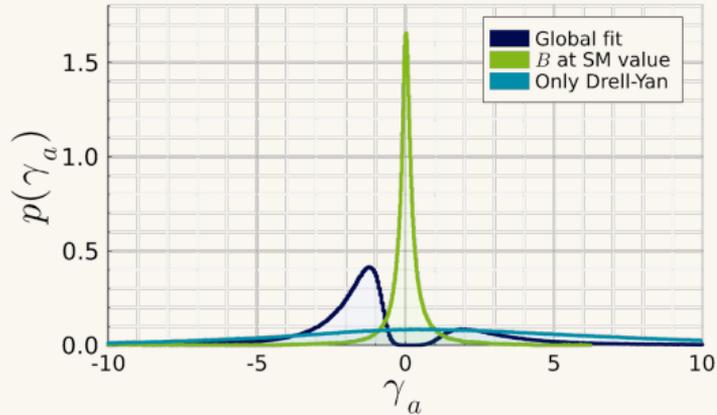
$$\gamma_a = \sum_{n \geq 1} y_t^{2n} \frac{a_{2n}}{a_1} \quad \text{left-handed doublets}$$

$$\gamma_b = \sum_{n \geq 1} y_t^{2n} \frac{b_{2n}}{b_1} \quad \text{right-handed up-type quarks}$$

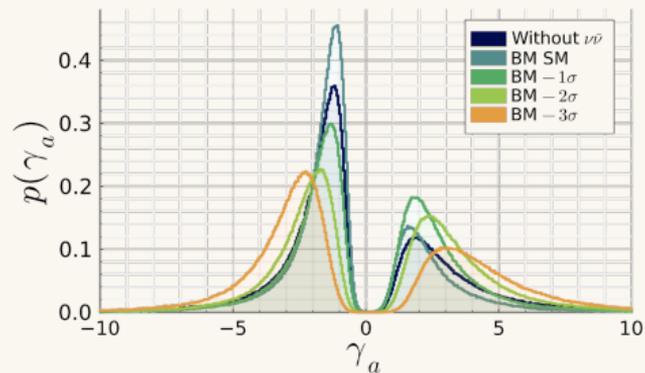
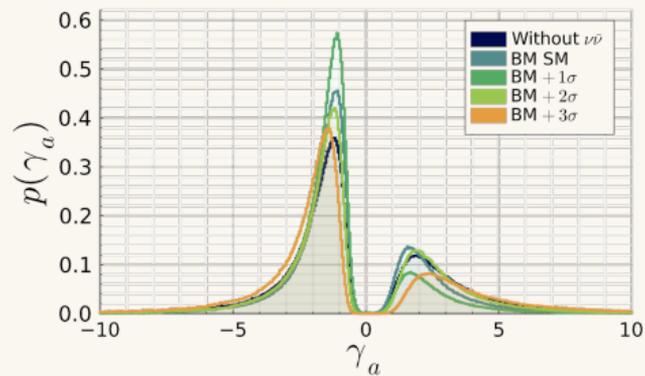
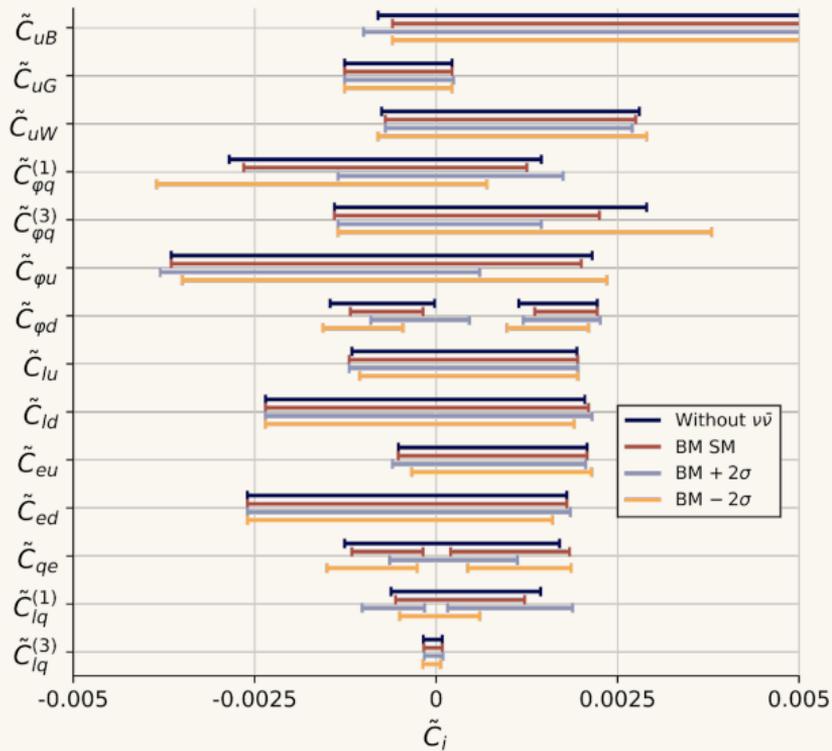


Probing the MFV parameters

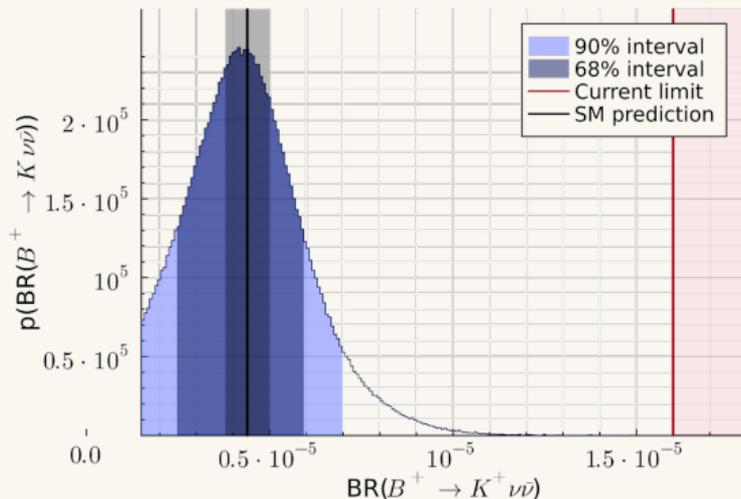
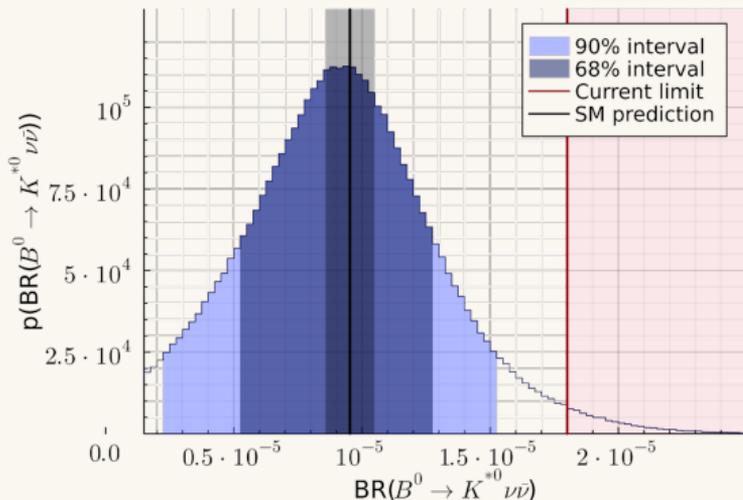
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Impact of $B(B^{0/+} \rightarrow K^{*0/+} \nu \bar{\nu})$



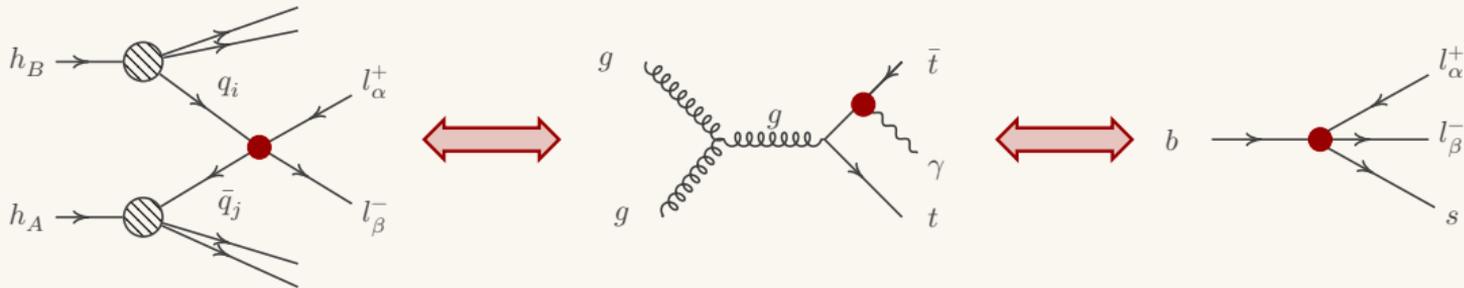
Predictions of dineutrino branching ratios



$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu})}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu \bar{\nu})} = 0.46 \pm 0.08$$

Conclusion

- Flavor pattern allow to connect different sectors and exploit correlations
- Synergies arise in the global fit due to the flavor-link established by MFV
- The second order in the MFV expansion is tested by combining beauty and collider measurements
- Dineutrino branching ratios can provide crucial information in the search for BSM physics
- We predicted the dineutrino ratios to be centred around the SM prediction, and within the reach of Belle II



Supplementary Slides

Dineutrino benchmarks, limits and SM predictions

- Experimental upper limits [Phys. Rev. D 96, 091101 (2017)]

$$B(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu \bar{\nu})_{\text{exp}} < 1.8 \cdot 10^{-5} \quad B(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu})_{\text{exp}} < 1.6 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

- SM prediction [arXiv:1810.08132]

$$B(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu \bar{\nu})_{\text{SM}} = (9.53 \pm 0.95) \cdot 10^{-6} \quad B(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu})_{\text{SM}} = (4.39 \pm 0.60) \cdot 10^{-6}$$

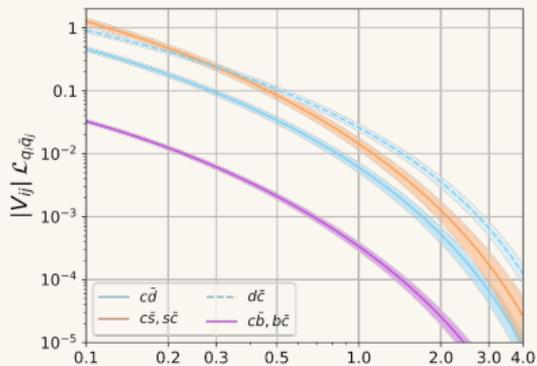
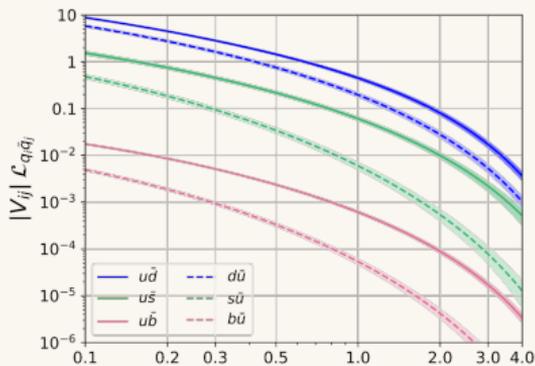
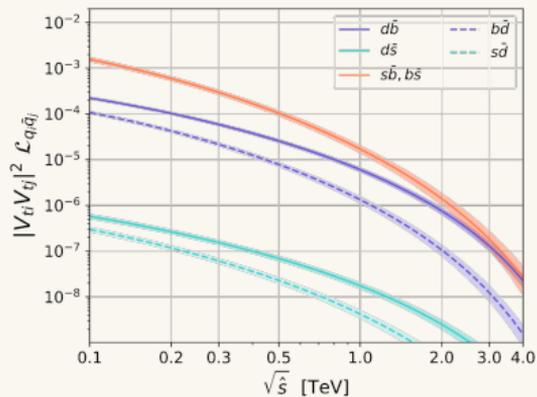
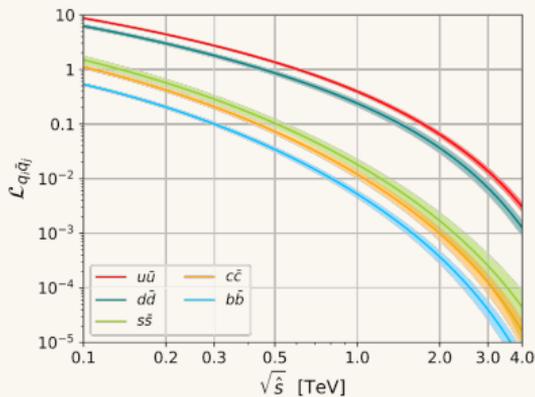
- Benchmark measurements

$$B(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu \bar{\nu})_{\text{BM SM}} = (9.5 \pm 2.5) \cdot 10^{-6} \quad B(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu})_{\text{BM SM}} = (4.4 \pm 1.3) \cdot 10^{-6}$$

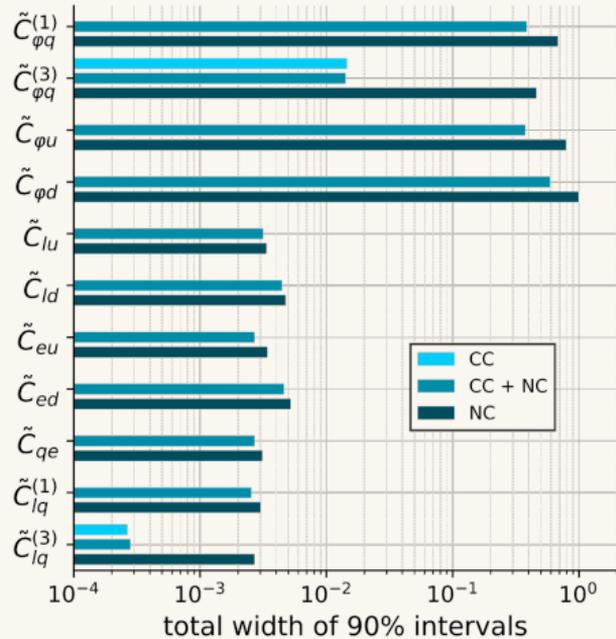
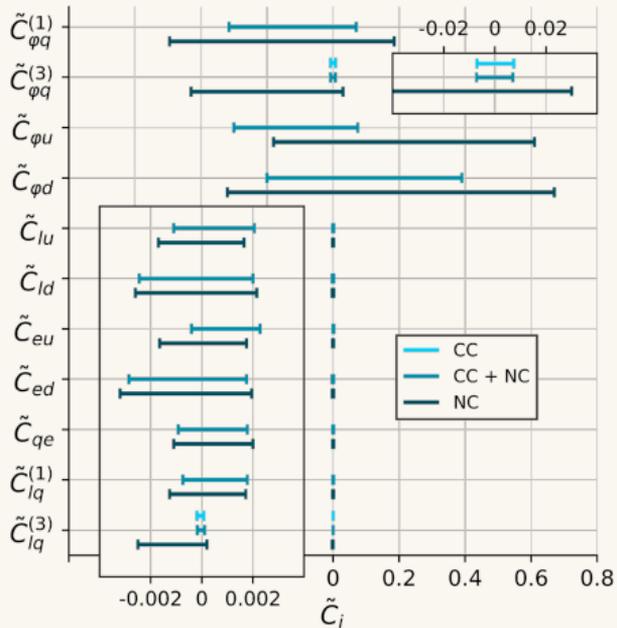
$$B(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu \bar{\nu})_{\text{BM}+2\sigma} = (14.5 \pm 2.5) \cdot 10^{-6} \quad B(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu})_{\text{BM}+2\sigma} = (7.0 \pm 1.3) \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$B(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu \bar{\nu})_{\text{BM}-2\sigma} = (4.6 \pm 2.5) \cdot 10^{-6} \quad B(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu})_{\text{BM}-2\sigma} = (1.8 \pm 1.3) \cdot 10^{-6}$$

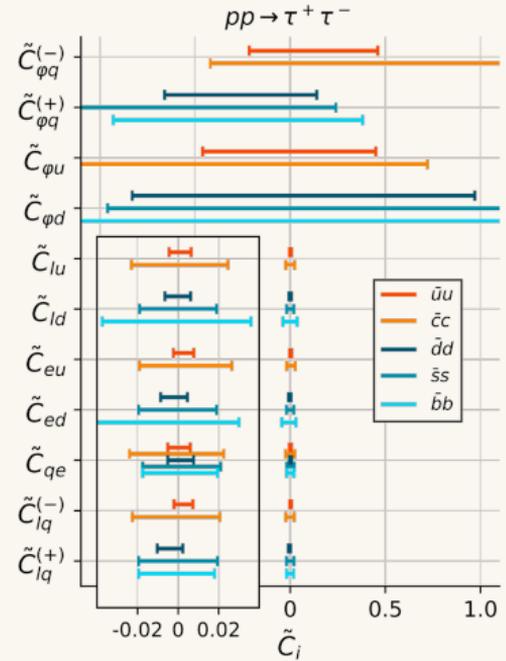
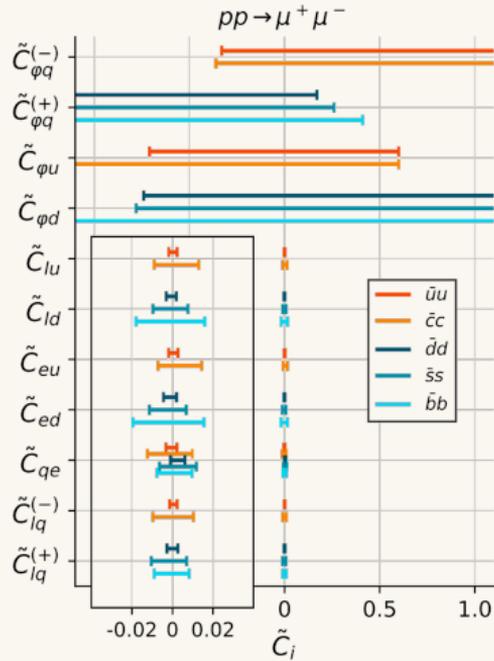
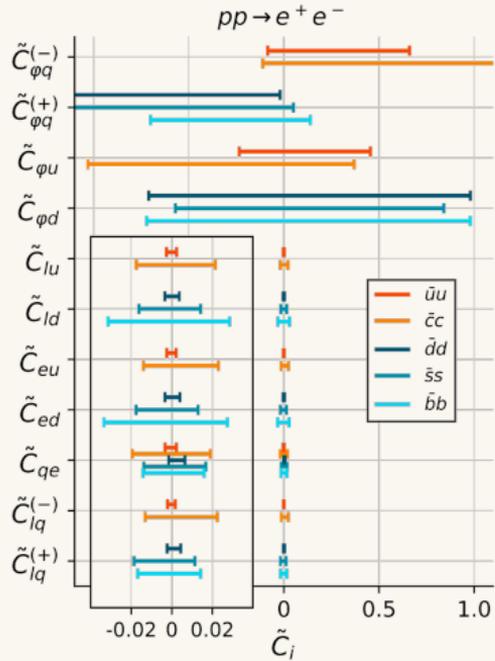
Parton-Parton Luminosities



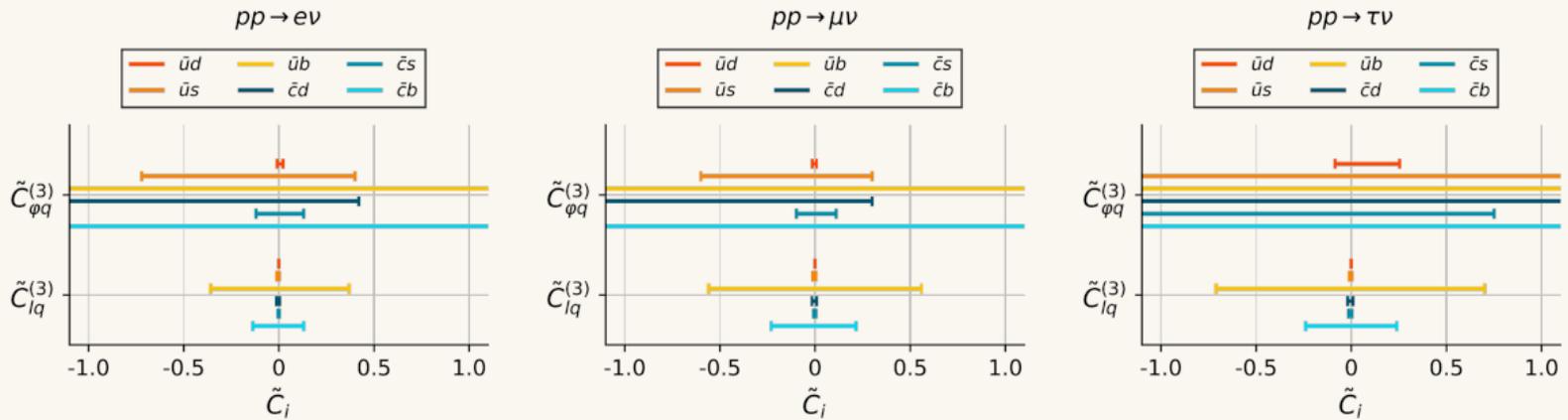
MFV Drell-Yan Fits



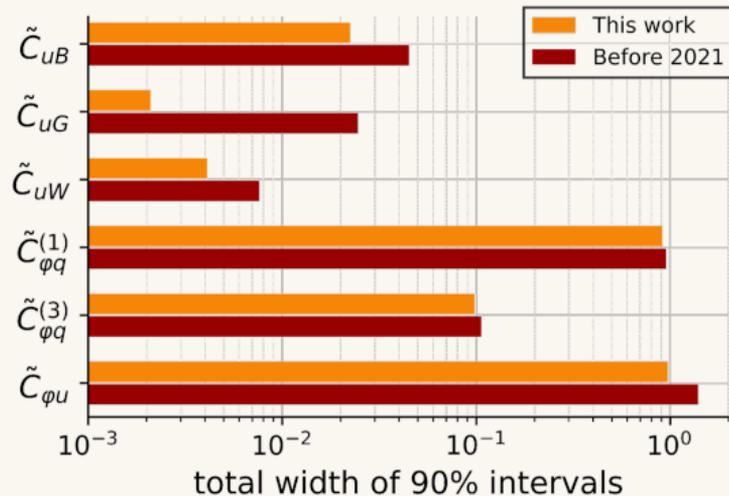
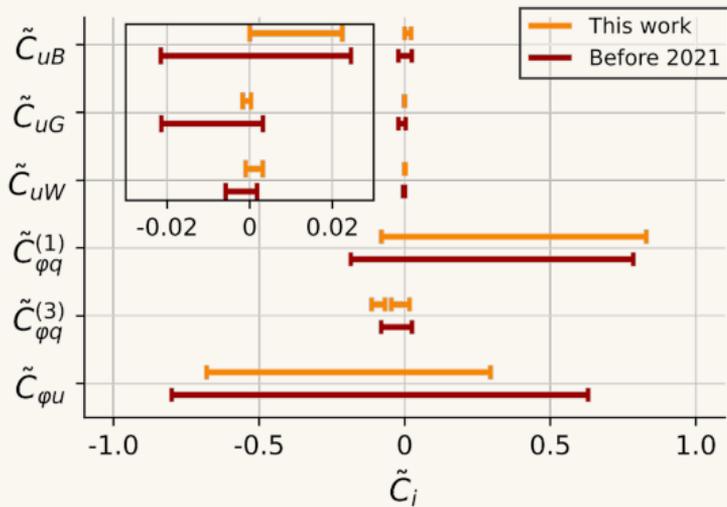
Flavor-Specific NC Drell-Yan Fits



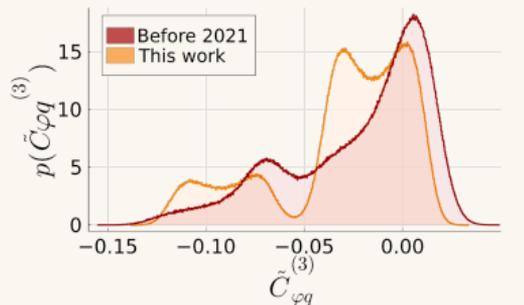
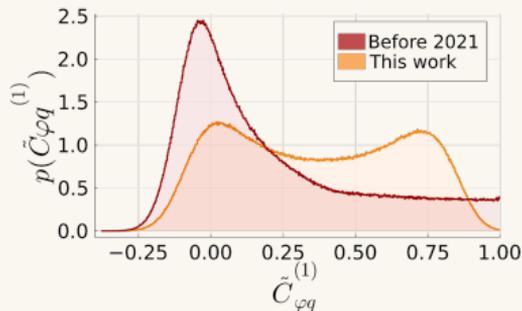
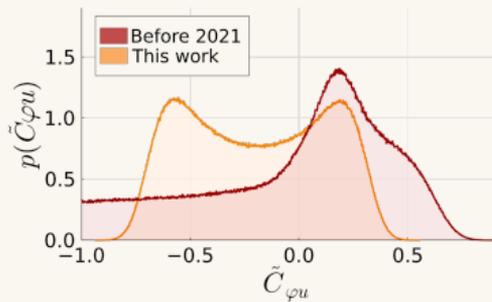
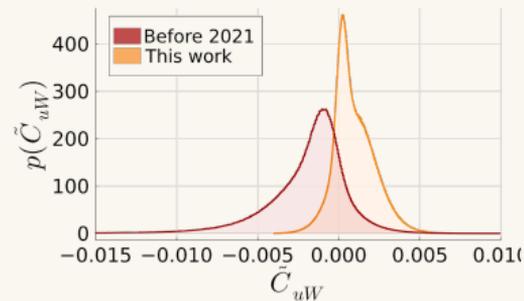
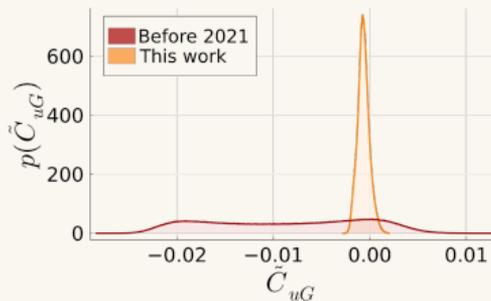
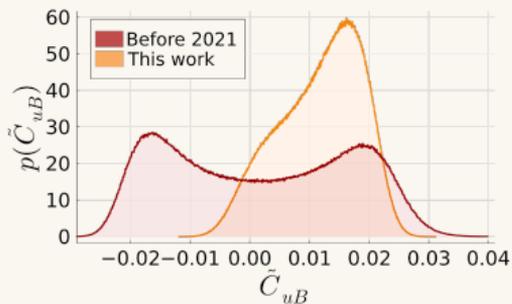
Flavor-Specific CC Drell-Yan Fits



Top Fits



Top Fit Posterior Probability Distributions



SMEFT Operators in Warsaw basis

$$O_{uG} = (\bar{q}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A u_R) \tilde{\varphi} G_{\mu\nu}^A,$$

$$O_{uB} = (\bar{q}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_R) \tilde{\varphi} B_{\mu\nu},$$

$$O_{lq}^{(1)} = (\bar{l}_L \gamma_\mu l_L) (\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu q_L),$$

$$O_{eu} = (\bar{e}_R \gamma_\mu e_R) (\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu u_R),$$

$$O_{lu} = (\bar{l}_L \gamma_\mu l_L) (\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu u_R),$$

$$O_{\varphi q}^{(1)} = (\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu q_L),$$

$$O_{\varphi u} = (\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu u_R),$$

$$O_{uW} = (\bar{q}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_R) \tau^I \tilde{\varphi} W_{\mu\nu}^I,$$

$$O_{qe} = (\bar{q}_L \gamma_\mu q_L) (\bar{e}_R \gamma^\mu e_R),$$

$$O_{lq}^{(3)} = (\bar{l}_L \gamma_\mu \tau^I l_L) (\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu \tau^I q_L),$$

$$O_{ed} = (\bar{e}_R \gamma_\mu e_R) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu d_R),$$

$$O_{ld} = (\bar{l}_L \gamma_\mu l_L) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu d_R),$$

$$O_{\varphi q}^{(3)} = (\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi) (\bar{q}_L \tau^I \gamma^\mu q_L),$$

$$O_{\varphi d} = (\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu d_R),$$

Weak Effective Theory

Effective Lagrangian for $b \rightarrow sll$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{WET}}^{bs} = \frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} V_{ts}^* V_{tb} \sum_{i=1}^{10} C_i(\mu) Q_i(\mu)$$

$$Q_7 = \frac{e}{16\pi^2} m_b (\bar{s}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} b_R) F_{\mu\nu}$$

$$Q_8 = \frac{g_s}{16\pi^2} m_b (\bar{s}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^a b_R) G_{\mu\nu}^a$$

$$Q_9 = \frac{e^2}{16\pi^2} (\bar{s}_L \gamma_\mu b_L) (\bar{\ell} \gamma^\mu \ell)$$

$$Q_{10} = \frac{e^2}{16\pi^2} (\bar{s}_L \gamma_\mu b_L) (\bar{\ell} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \ell)$$

$$Q_L = \frac{e^2}{16\pi^2} (\bar{s}_L \gamma_\mu b_L) (\bar{\nu} \gamma^\mu (1 - \gamma_5) \nu)$$

Weak Effective Theory for Meson mixing

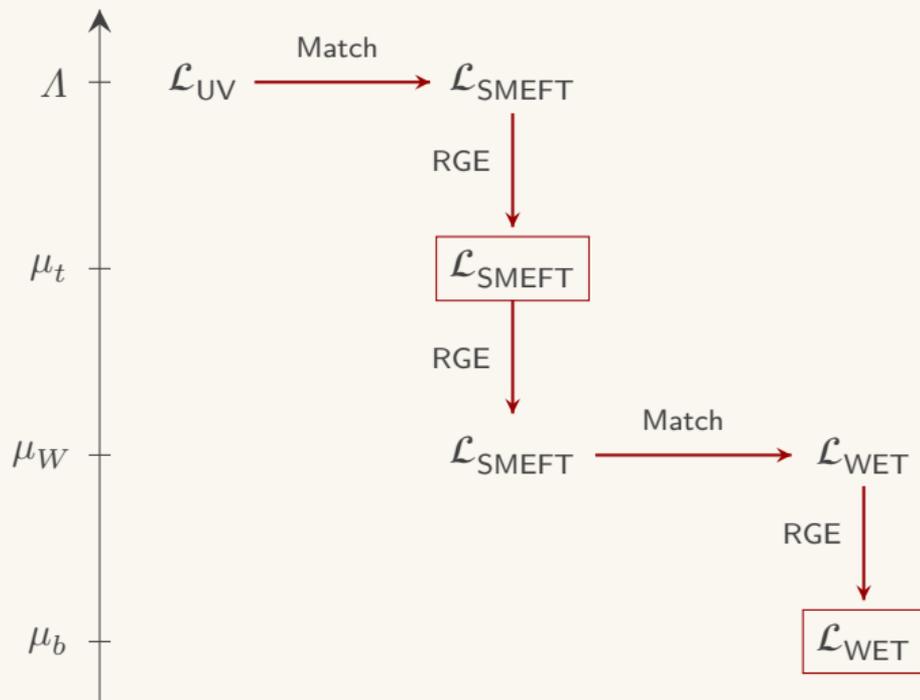
Effective Lagrangian for $B_s \bar{B}_s$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{WET}}^{\text{mix}} = \frac{G_F^2 m_W^2}{16\pi^2} |V_{tb} V_{ts}^*|^2 \sum_i Q_i^{\text{mix}}(\mu) C_i^{\text{mix}}(\mu),$$

$$Q_{V,LL}^{\text{mix}} = (\bar{s}_L \gamma_\mu b_L) (\bar{s}_L \gamma^\mu b_L)$$

Running and Matching

Energy scale



- Match a potential UV theory onto the SMEFT at the matching scale Λ
- Apply the SMEFT RGE to evolve the Wilson coefficients to lower energy scales
- Compute top and collider observables at the scale μ_t
- Match the SMEFT onto the WET at the scale μ_W
- Use the WET RGE to compute the Wilson coefficients at the scale μ_b of flavor-observables

EFT cross section and Simulation Chain

$$\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{M}^{\text{SM}} + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \sum_i C_i \mathcal{M}_i^{\text{BSM}} \xrightarrow{\sigma \propto |\mathcal{M}|^2} \sigma = \sigma^{\text{SM}} + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \sum_i C_i \sigma_i^{\text{int}} + \frac{1}{\Lambda^4} \sum_{i \leq j} C_i C_j \sigma_{ij}^{\text{BSM}}$$

model definition

SMEFTSIM [arXiv:2012.11343]

parton level Monte Carlo

MADGRAPH5 [arXiv:1405.0301]

hadronisation and parton shower

PYTHIA8 [arXiv:1410.3012]

detector simulation

DELPHES3 [arXiv:1307.6346]

Top quark measurements included in the fit

Process	Observable	SMEFT operators	Experiment
$t\bar{t}$	$\frac{d\sigma}{dm(t\bar{t})}$	\tilde{C}_{uG}	CMS
$t\bar{t}Z$	$\frac{d\sigma}{dp_T(Z)}$	$\tilde{C}_{uG} \tilde{C}_{uZ} \tilde{C}_{\varphi u} \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^-$	ATLAS
$t\bar{t}\gamma$	$\frac{d\sigma}{dp_T(\gamma)}$	$\tilde{C}_{uG} \tilde{C}_{u\gamma}$	ATLAS
$t\bar{t}W$	$\sigma_{t\bar{t}W}$	\tilde{C}_{uG}	ATLAS
$t\bar{t}H$	$\sigma_{t\bar{t}H} \times B_{\gamma\gamma}$	\tilde{C}_{uG}	ATLAS
$t \rightarrow Wb$	f_0, f_L	\tilde{C}_{uW}	ATLAS
$t \rightarrow Wb$	Γ_t	$\tilde{C}_{uW} \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^3$	ATLAS

Drell-Yan measurements included in the fit

Process	Observable	Experiment	\sqrt{s}	Int. luminosity
$pp \rightarrow e^+e^-$	Events, 68 bins	CMS	13 TeV	137 fb ⁻¹
$pp \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	Events, 36 bins	CMS	13 TeV	140 fb ⁻¹
$pp \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	Events, 17 bins	ATLAS	13 TeV	139 fb ⁻¹
$pp \rightarrow e\nu$	Events, 40 bins	ATLAS	13 TeV	139 fb ⁻¹
$pp \rightarrow \mu\nu$	Events, 35 bins	ATLAS	13 TeV	139 fb ⁻¹
$pp \rightarrow \tau\nu$	Events, 10 bins	ATLAS	13 TeV	139 fb ⁻¹

Flavor measurements included in the fit

Process	Observable	Experiment	q^2 bin [GeV ²]
$\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \gamma$	$B_{E_{\gamma} > 1.6 \text{ GeV}}$	HFLAV	/
$B^0 \rightarrow K^* \gamma$	B	HFLAV	/
$B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \gamma$	B	HFLAV	/
$\bar{B} \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-$	B	BaBar	[1, 6]
	A_{FB}	Belle	[1, 6]
$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$	B	CMS	/
$B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$	$F_L, P_1, P_2, P_3, P'_4, P'_5, P'_6, P'_8$	LHCb	[1.1, 6]
$B^0 \rightarrow K \mu^+ \mu^-$	dB/dq^2	LHCb	[1, 6]
$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	dB/dq^2	LHCb	[1, 6]
$B^+ \rightarrow K^{*+} \mu^+ \mu^-$	dB/dq^2	LHCb	[1, 6]
$B_s \rightarrow \phi \mu^+ \mu^-$	F_L, S_3, S_4, S_7	LHCb	[1, 6]
$\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda \mu^+ \mu^-$	dB/dq^2	LHCb	[15, 20]
$B_s - \bar{B}_s$ mixing	ΔM_s	HFLAV	/

Tree-level Matching

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta C_9^{\text{tree}} &= \frac{\pi}{\alpha} \gamma_a \left[\tilde{C}_{lq}^+ + \tilde{C}_{qe} + (-1 + 4 \sin^2 \theta_w) \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^+ \right] \\ &= \gamma_a \cdot \left(430.511 \left(\tilde{C}_{qe} + \tilde{C}_{lq}^+ \right) - 45.858 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^+ \right),\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta C_{10}^{\text{tree}} &= \frac{\pi}{\alpha} \gamma_a \left[-\tilde{C}_{lq}^+ + \tilde{C}_{qe} + \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^+ \right] \\ &= \gamma_a \cdot 430.511 \left(\tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^+ + \tilde{C}_{qe} - \tilde{C}_{lq}^+ \right),\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta C_L^{\text{tree}} &= \frac{\pi}{\alpha} \gamma_a \left[\tilde{C}_{lq}^- + \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^+ \right] \\ &= \gamma_a \cdot 430.511 \left(\tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^+ + \tilde{C}_{lq}^- \right)\end{aligned}$$

One-Loop Matching

$$C_7 = -2.351 \tilde{C}_{uB} + 0.093 \tilde{C}_{uW} + \gamma_a \cdot \left(-0.095 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^+ + 1.278 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(3)} \right) + (1 + \gamma_a) \cdot \left(-0.388 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(3)} \right)$$

$$C_8 = -0.664 \tilde{C}_{uG} + 0.271 \tilde{C}_{uW} + \gamma_a \cdot \left(0.284 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^+ + 0.667 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(3)} \right) + (1 + \gamma_a) \cdot \left(-0.194 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(3)} \right)$$

$$C_9 = 2.506 \tilde{C}_{uB} + 2.137 \tilde{C}_{uW} + (1 + \gamma_b) \left(0.213 \tilde{C}_{\varphi u} + 2.003 \left(-\tilde{C}_{lu} - \tilde{C}_{eu} \right) \right) \\ + (1 + \gamma_a) \cdot \left(-0.213 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(1)} + 4.374 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(3)} + 2.003 \left(\tilde{C}_{qe} + \tilde{C}_{lq}^{(1)} \right) - 3.163 \tilde{C}_{lq}^{(3)} \right)$$

$$C_{10} = -7.515 \tilde{C}_{uW} + (1 + \gamma_b) \cdot \left(2.003 \left(-\tilde{C}_{\varphi u} - \tilde{C}_{eu} + \tilde{C}_{lu} \right) \right) \\ + (1 + \gamma_a) \cdot \left(2.003 \left(\tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(1)} + \tilde{C}_{qe} - \tilde{C}_{lq}^{(1)} \right) - 17.884 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(3)} + 3.163 \tilde{C}_{lq}^{(3)} \right)$$

$$C_L = 12.889 \tilde{C}_{uW} + (1 + \gamma_a) \cdot \left(2.003 \left(\tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(1)} + \tilde{C}_{lq}^{(1)} \right) - 22.830 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(3)} - 16.275 \tilde{C}_{lq}^{(3)} \right) \\ + (1 + \gamma_b) \cdot 2.003 \left(-\tilde{C}_{\varphi u} - \tilde{C}_{lu} \right)$$

$$C_{V,LL}^{\text{mix}} = -22.023 \tilde{C}_{uW} + \gamma_a \cdot \left(14.317 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(1)} + 11.395 \tilde{C}_{\varphi q}^{(3)} \right) .$$

MFV Spurion Expansion

$$\begin{aligned}
 \bar{q}_L q_L &:\sim a_1 \mathbb{1} + a_2 Y_u Y_u^\dagger + a_3 Y_d Y_d^\dagger + \dots & \bar{u}_R u_R &:\sim b_1 \mathbb{1} + b_2 Y_u^\dagger Y_u + \dots \\
 \bar{q}_L u_R &:\sim (c_1 \mathbb{1} + c_2 Y_u Y_u^\dagger + \dots) Y_u & \bar{q}_L d_R &:\sim (d_1 \mathbb{1} + d_2 Y_u Y_u^\dagger + \dots) Y_d \\
 \bar{d}_R d_R &:\sim e_1 \mathbb{1} + e_2 Y_d^\dagger Y_d + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

After rotation to mass basis:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \bar{q}_L q_L &:\bar{d}_{Li} d_{Lj} \rightarrow a_1 \delta_{ij} + a_2 y_t^2 V_{ti}^* V_{tj} & \bar{q}_L u_L &:\bar{u}_{Li} u_{Rj} \rightarrow (c_1 + c_2 y_t^2) y_t \delta_{3i} \delta_{3j}, \\
 &\bar{u}_{Li} u_{Lj} \rightarrow a_1 \delta_{ij} + a_2 y_t^2 \delta_{3i} \delta_{3j} & &\bar{d}_{Li} u_{Rj} \rightarrow (c_1 + c_2 y_t^2) y_t V_{ti}^* \delta_{3j}, \\
 &\bar{u}_{Li} d_{Lj} \rightarrow a_1 V_{ij} + a_2 y_t^2 \delta_{3i} V_{tj} & \bar{q}_L d_R &:\simeq 0 \\
 &\bar{d}_{Li} u_{Lj} \rightarrow a_1 V_{ji}^* + a_2 y_t^2 V_{ti}^* \delta_{3j} & \bar{u}_R u_R &:\bar{u}_{Ri} u_{Rj} \rightarrow b_1 \delta_{ij} + b_2 y_t^2 \delta_{3i} \delta_{3j} \\
 & & \bar{d}_R d_R &:\bar{d}_{Ri} d_{Rj} \rightarrow e_1 \delta_{ij}
 \end{aligned}$$