



Trinity Hall cambridge



HH at ATLAS

Experimental Summary

Bill Balunas

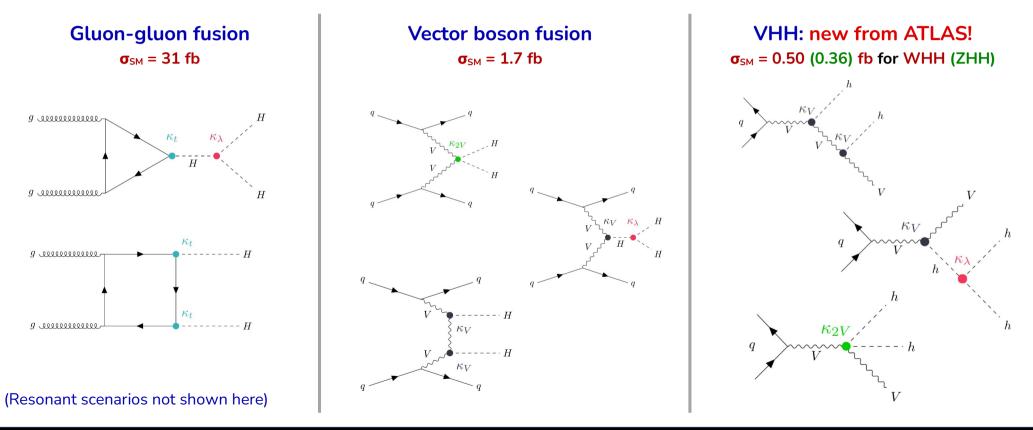
(University of Cambridge)

on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

28 November 2022

HH Production Channels

ATLAS studies HH in 3 general production topologies



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HH Decay Modes

Many options for decay modes.

- High BR final states good to mitigate small cross sections. But, they have big backgrounds.
- Complicated trade-off between signal rates, detector resolution for objects, backgrounds, ease of triggering...

| | bb | ww | ττ | ZZ | YY |
|----|-------|-------|--------|--------|---------|
| bb | 34% | | | | |
| ww | 25% | 4.6% | | | |
| ττ | 7.3% | 2.7% | 0.39% | | |
| ZZ | 3.1% | 1.1% | 0.33% | 0.069% | |
| YY | 0.26% | 0.10% | 0.028% | 0.012% | 0.0005% |

Summary of ATLAS results

| Decay channel | Target production mode | Reference | Release date | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--|
| bb γγ | Non-resonant (ggF*) & resonant | Phys. Rev. D 106 052001 | 22 Dec 2021 | |
| bbtt | Non-resonant (ggF*) & resonant | arXiv:2209.10910 | 22 Sep 2022 | |
| bbtt | Resonant (merged H→ττ & H→bb) | JHEP 11 (2020) 163 | 29 July 2020 | |
| bbbb | Resonant | Phys. Rev. D 105 092002 | 15 Feb 2022 | |
| | Non-resonant (ggF & VBF) | ATLAS-CONF-2022-035 | 30 May 2022 | |
| | VHH (leptonic V, res. & non-res.) | arXiv:2210.05415 | 11 Oct 2022 | |
| bblvlv | Non-resonant (ggF) | Phys. Lett. B 801 135145 | 19 Aug 2019 | |
| Combination | Non-resonant & resonant (ggF*) | ATLAS-CONF-2021-052 | 16 Oct 2021 | |
| | Non-resonant + single Higgs | arXiv:2211.01216 | 3 Nov 2022 | |

These are our full Run 2 results. For older ones, see our public results page

* VBF accounted for, but not specifically targeted

Summary of ATLAS results

| No longer prelin | ninary | | | | |
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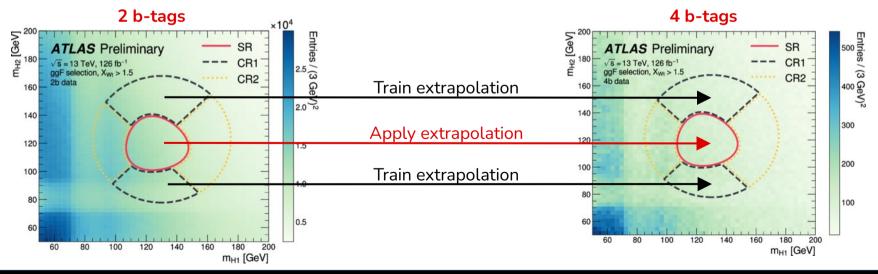
HH→bbbb (non-resonant)

bbbb channel has highest BR, but challenging background (~90% multijet, ~10% top pairs)

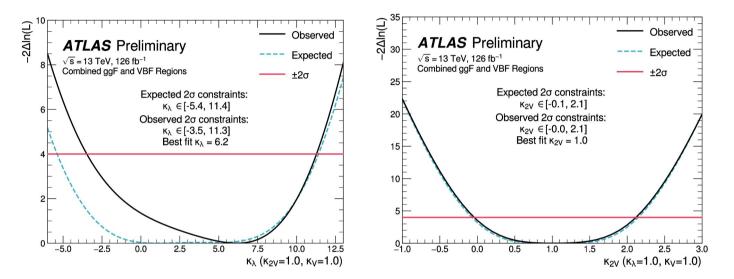
- Train neural network using CRs to extrapolate background from 2 b-tag to 4 b-tag data

Dedicated ggF and VBF selections treated individually

- Fit m_{HH} distribution to constrain possible signals



HH→bbbb (non-resonant)



Set limits on HHH and VVHH couplings in κ framework

| | Observed Limit | -2σ | -1σ | Expected Limit | $+1\sigma$ | $+2\sigma$ |
|--|----------------|------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| $\sigma_{ m ggF}/\sigma_{ m ggF}^{ m SM}$ | 5.5 | 4.4 | 5.9 | 8.2 | 12.4 | 19.6 |
| $\sigma_{ m VBF}/\sigma_{ m VBF}^{ m SM}$ | 130.5 | 71.6 | 96.1 | 133.4 | 192.9 | 279.3 |
| $\sigma_{\rm ggF+VBF}/\sigma_{\rm ggF+VBF}^{\rm SM}$ | 5.4 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 8.1 | 12.2 | 19.1 |

Also set limits on signal strength for SM-like production

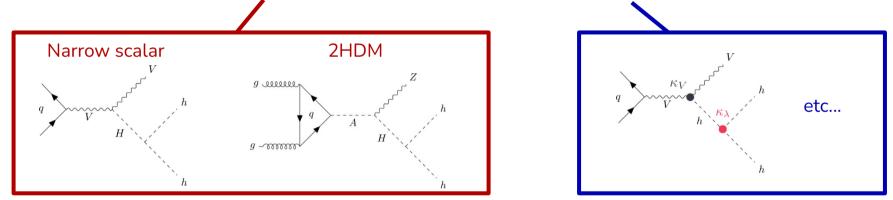
- 2.5x improvement from previous ggF result
- 4.1x improvement from previous VBF result

Vhh (hh→bbbb)

N.B. For this analysis: h = 125 GeV Higgs boson H = Heavier neutral scalar

First experimental search for Vhh production!

- 0, 1, and 2 lepton selections for $Z \rightarrow vv$, $W \rightarrow lv$, and $Z \rightarrow ll$ associated production (MET in 0L)
- Consider two benchmark resonant models as well as SM-like/k-framework interpretations



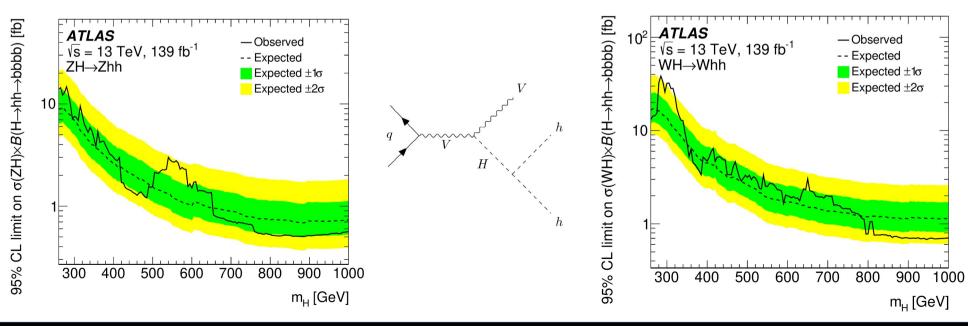
Method: Apply loose pre-selection, then use BDT to construct a discriminant, which we then fit

- Different BDT for each lepton category and signal model
- Main backgrounds from top and V+jets processes. Use MC, constrain with control regions.

Vhh (hh→bbbb)

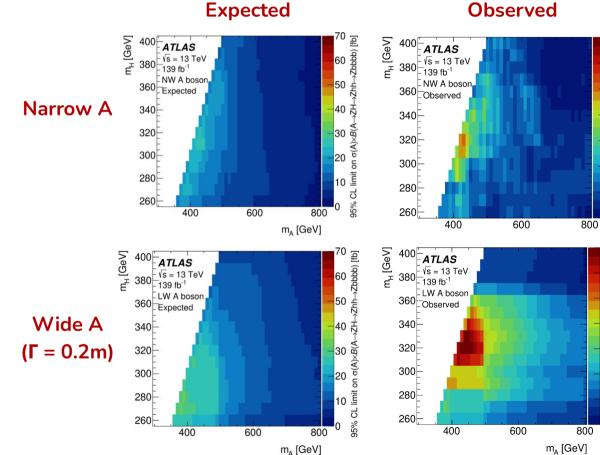
Signal strength limits on SM-like production set at 183 (87 expected) times σ_{SM} at 95% CL

- Also do κ interpretation: -34.4 < κ_{λ} < 33.3, -8.6 < κ_{2V} < 10.0 at 95% CL
- Can separate W and Z couplings: -12.3 < κ_{2W} < 13.5, -9.9 < κ_{2Z} < 11.3 at 95% CL



Cross section limits set on narrow scalar benchmark model:

Vhh (hh→bbbb)



Observed

70 [qj] (qqqqZ←

50 -[⊥] 442

40 去

10 00 Ilimit on σ(A)×B(A–

95% CL I

70 [qj] 60 qqqz

50

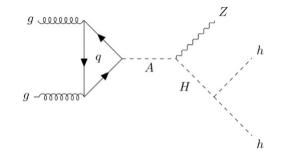
40 志

-30 -A)×B(A-α(A)×B(A-

Ч

95%

20 G 10 [±]



Also set limits on $A \rightarrow Z(H \rightarrow hh)$

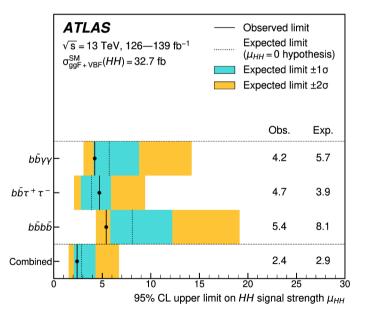
- Narrow & large (20%) widths considered
- Largest excess is in large-width _ scenario at $(m_A, m_H) = (420,$ 320) GeV
 - Significance: 2.80 (global),

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H = 125 GeV Higgs boson again

H+HH Combination

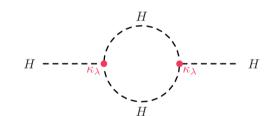
Combine 3 most sensitive HH channels for SM-like production

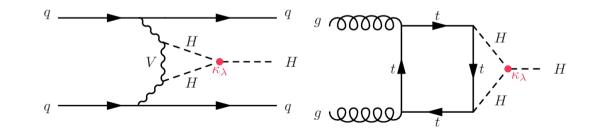


Closing in on SM cross section!

• Time to move from "upper limit" to "observation significance" interpretation soon?

Add in single Higgs channels for their loop-level sensitivity to self-coupling



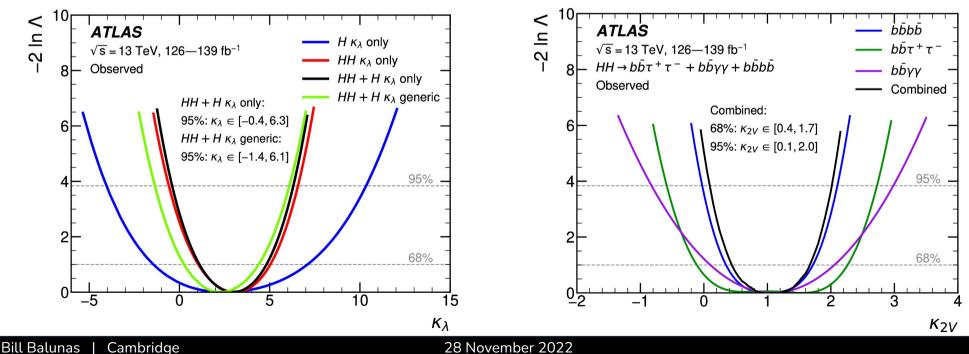


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H+HH Combination

Combination provides our strongest constraints to date on κ_λ and κ_{2V}

- Limits on κ_{λ} alone dominated by HH channels
- Limits on κ_{2V} driven by HH \rightarrow bbbb (which has dedicated VBF selection)



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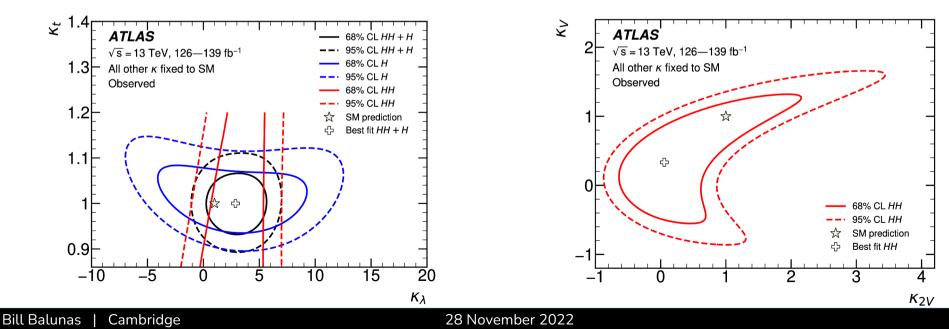
H+HH Combination

2-dimensional constraints now also included.

- Single Higgs channels add sensitivity to κ_t

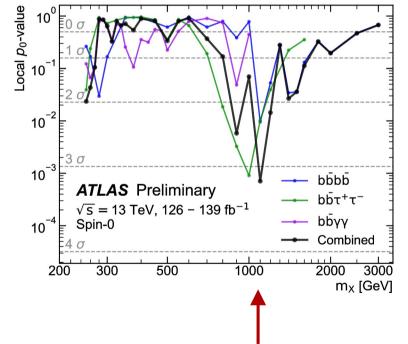
| Combination assumption | Obs. 95% CL | Exp. 95% CL | Obs. value $^{+1\sigma}_{-1\sigma}$ |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| HH combination | $-0.6 < \kappa_\lambda < 6.6$ | $-2.1 < \kappa_\lambda < 7.8$ | $\kappa_{\lambda} = 3.1^{+1.9}_{-2.0}$ |
| Single- <i>H</i> combination | $-4.0 < \kappa_\lambda < 10.3$ | $-5.2 < \kappa_\lambda < 11.5$ | $\kappa_{\lambda} = 2.5^{+4.6}_{-3.9}$ |
| <i>HH</i> + <i>H</i> combination | $-0.4 < \kappa_\lambda < 6.3$ | $-1.9 < \kappa_\lambda < 7.6$ | $\kappa_{\lambda} = 3.0^{+1.8}_{-1.9}$ |
| <i>HH</i> + <i>H</i> combination, κ_t floating | $-0.4 < \kappa_\lambda < 6.3$ | $-1.9 < \kappa_\lambda < 7.6$ | $\kappa_{\lambda} = 3.0^{+1.8}_{-1.9}$ |
| <i>HH</i> + <i>H</i> combination, κ_t , κ_V , κ_b , κ_{τ} floating | $-1.4 < \kappa_\lambda < 6.1$ | $-2.2 < \kappa_\lambda < 7.7$ | $\kappa_{\lambda} = 2.3^{+2.1}_{-2.0}$ |

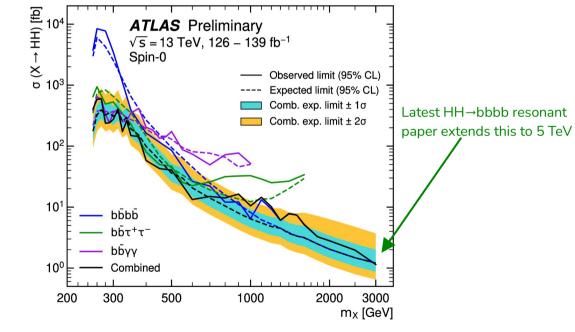
Single H also allows covering greater breadth of model assumptions



Resonant status

No major changes to the resonance search landscape in recent months





Each of the 3 decay channels is the most sensitive in a different mass range: **good complementarity**

Global significance of largest excess is 2.1 o

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Summary

ATLAS has been hard at work pushing the frontiers of HH searches with Run 2 data!

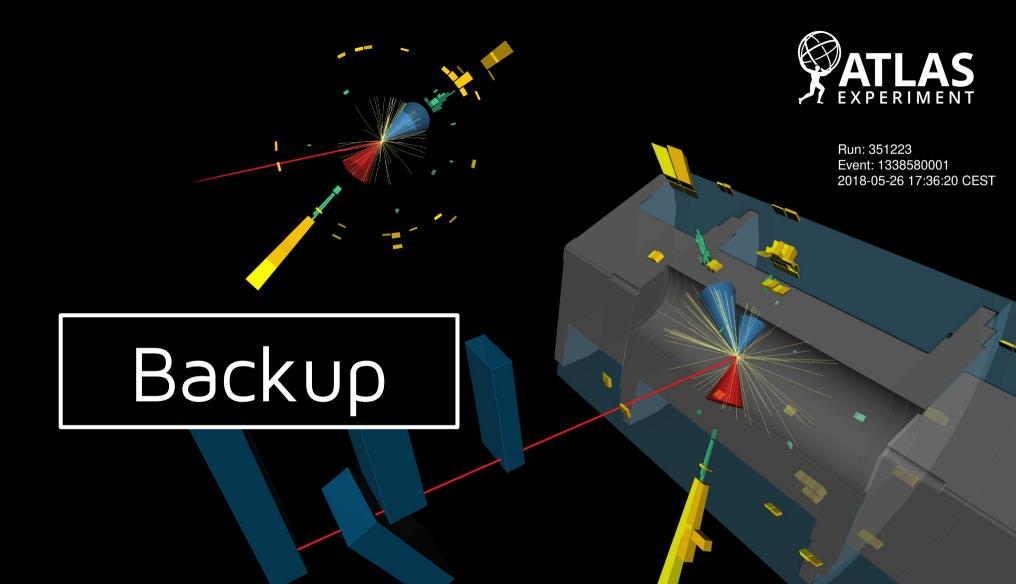
Highlights from the last few months include:

- Non-resonant results from the HH \rightarrow bbbb channel
- First ever search for VHH production
- Latest & greatest combination of HH with single Higgs to constrain couplings

We're not too far from the regime where these "searches" become "measurements"

- Our combined limits on the Higgs self-coupling now stand at roughly $-0.4 < \kappa_{\lambda} < 6.3$ (with slight variation depending on choice of assumptions)

See also our new HL-LHC HH projections (<u>ATL-PHYS-PUB-2022-053</u>) for a longer-term view of what's to come.



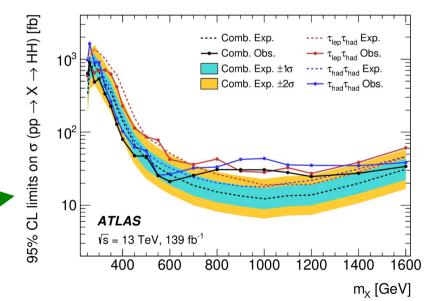
HH→bbττ

One of the most sensitive channels for SM-like HH and intermediate-mass resonance searches

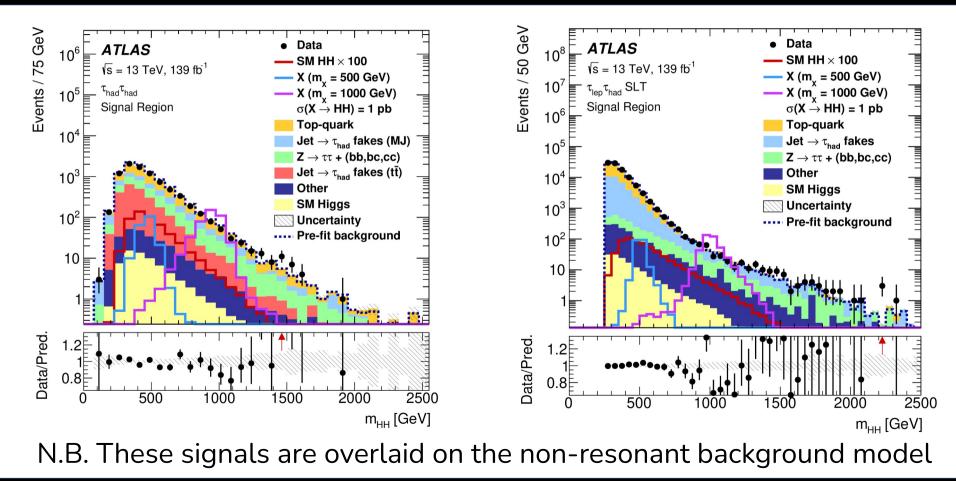
- Consider the semi-leptonic $(\tau_{lep}\tau_{had})$ and fully-hadronic $(\tau_{had}\tau_{had})$ cases
- Method: Select signal-like events using object-based cuts, then use BDT/NN to construct a discriminant, which we then fit

Results very similar to preliminary version

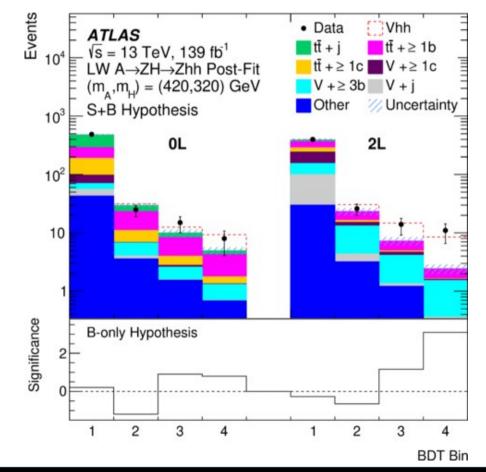
- A few minor improvements to calibrations, etc.
- HH signal strength limit set at µ < 4.7 (3.9 expected) times the SM, at 95% CL
- Resonant cross section limits also set. –
 Excess at 1 TeV has significance of 2.0σ
 (global)



$HH \rightarrow bb\tau\tau$: Resonance mass resolution



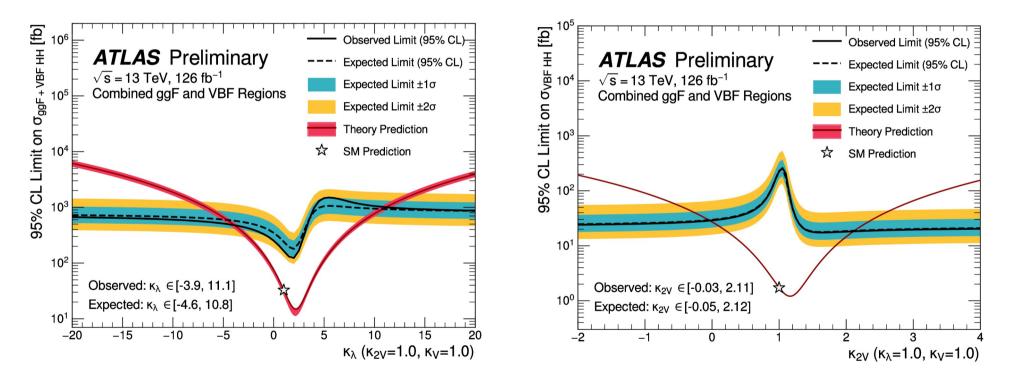
Vhh (hh→bbbb): Excess details



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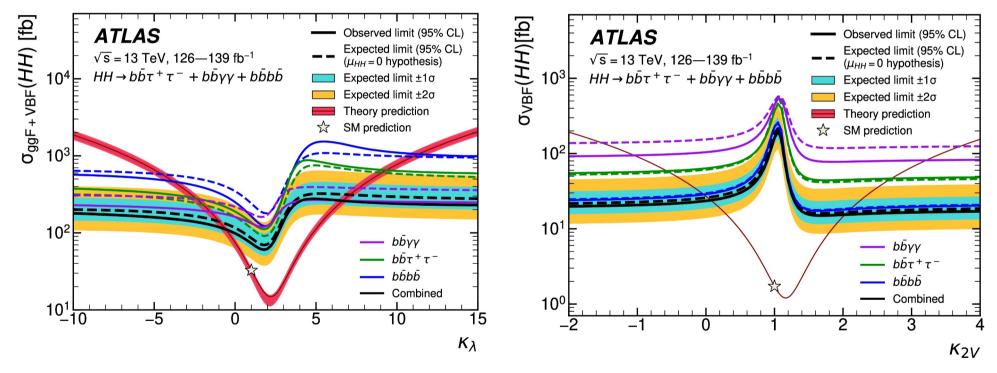
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$HH \rightarrow bbbb$: CL_s -based κ limits



"Expected" = assuming no HH production at all (not even SM)

Combination: CLs-based к limits



"Expected" = assuming no HH production at all (not even SM)

HL-LHC projections

Baseline ATLAS HL-LHC projection expects evidence for SM HH production at 3.4σ

- Roughly 5σ in the limit of small systematic uncertainties
- This assumes current analysis methodology: good chance we'll exceed this!

