V + jets modelling in CMS

VH(cc̄) and VH(bb̄) analyses experience

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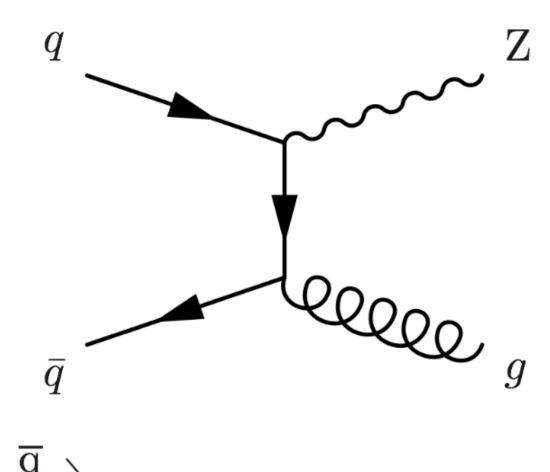
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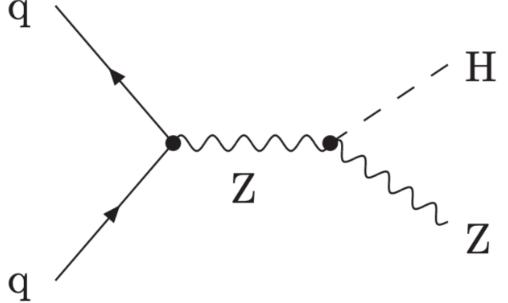


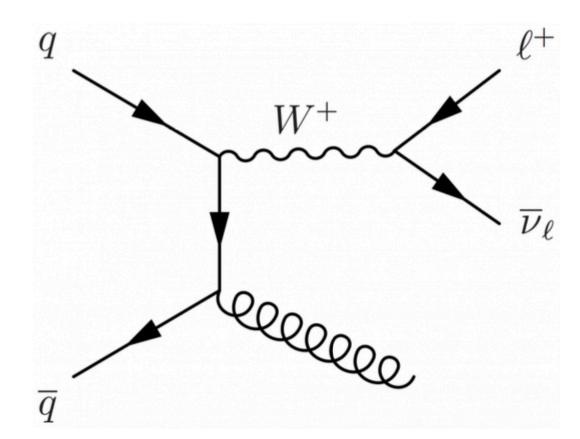


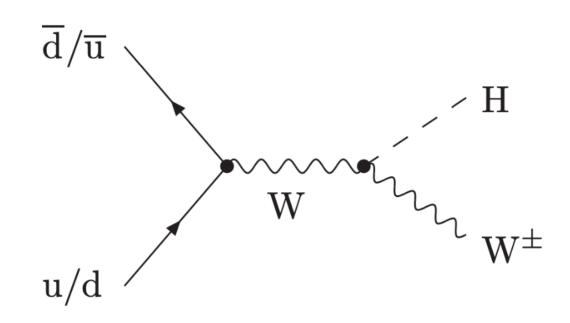
Introduction

- V+jets production is very abundant at LHC
- Similar topology to VH($H \rightarrow q\bar{q}$) processes: irreducible background
- Leading irreducible background for VH(cc̄) and VH(bb̄)
- Accurate prediction and normalisation estimation is crucial
- MVA methods for the jets tagging and signalbackground separation
- Both VH(cc̄) and VH(bb̄) use the process-enriched control regions (CR) to constrain the backgrounds





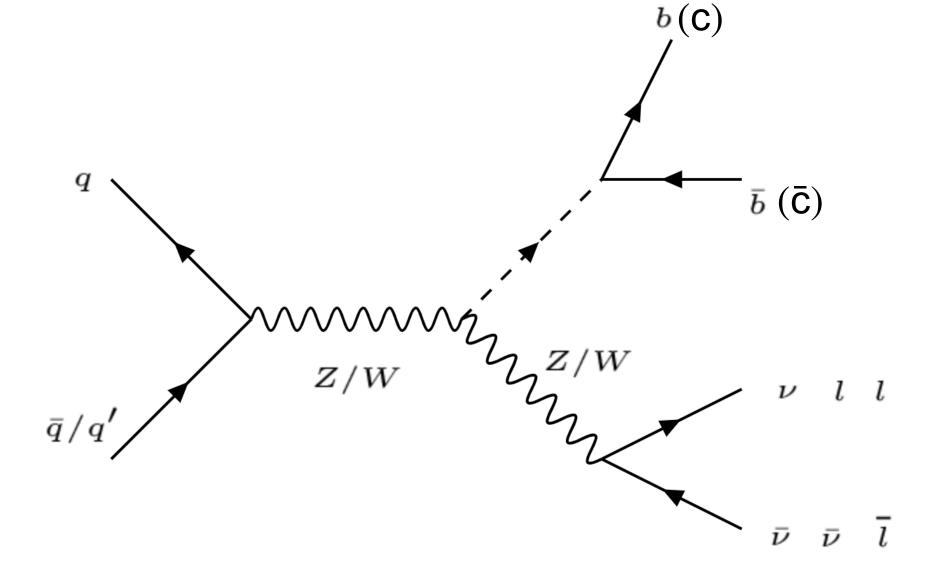








VH strategy



3 channels (V-boson decay mode): 0-lepton (Z $\to \nu \nu$), 1-lepton (W $\to e \nu / \mu \nu$) and 2 lepton (Z $\to e e / \mu \mu$)

VH(bb̄)

- Combine 2 Higgs decay topologies: resolved (DeepAK4) and boosted (DeepAK8)
- Simultaneous fit of boosted and resolved regions + overlap events are included with resolved priority
- Signal is extracted using DNN output (BDT in boosted analysis)
- Measuring cross-sections in STXS stage 1.2
 - SR are defined to match the STXS regions

VH(cc̄)

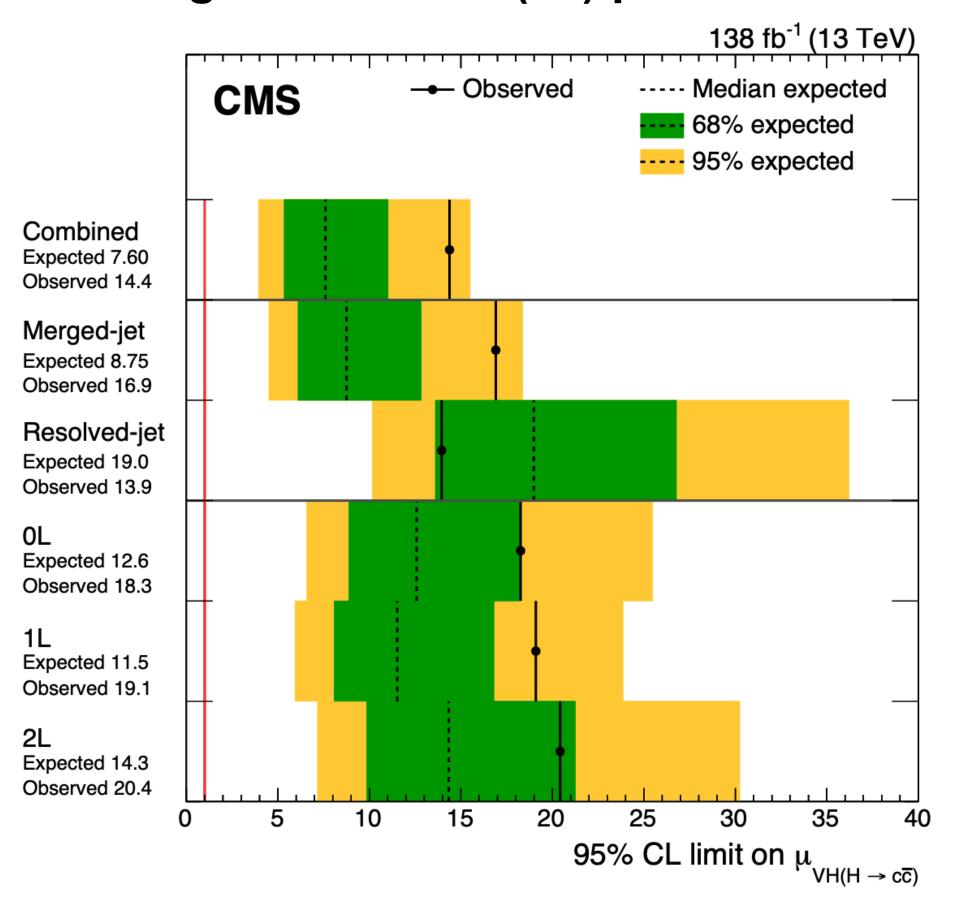
- Separate strategy for boosted and resolved analyses (orthogonality ensured with $p_{\scriptscriptstyle T}^{\it V}$ cut)
- DeepJet in resolved and ParticleNet in boosted for c-tagging
- 2 lepton channel: split low and high $p_T^{\,V}$ regions
- Fit BDT in resolved; m(jj) in boosted (BDT used for categorisation);



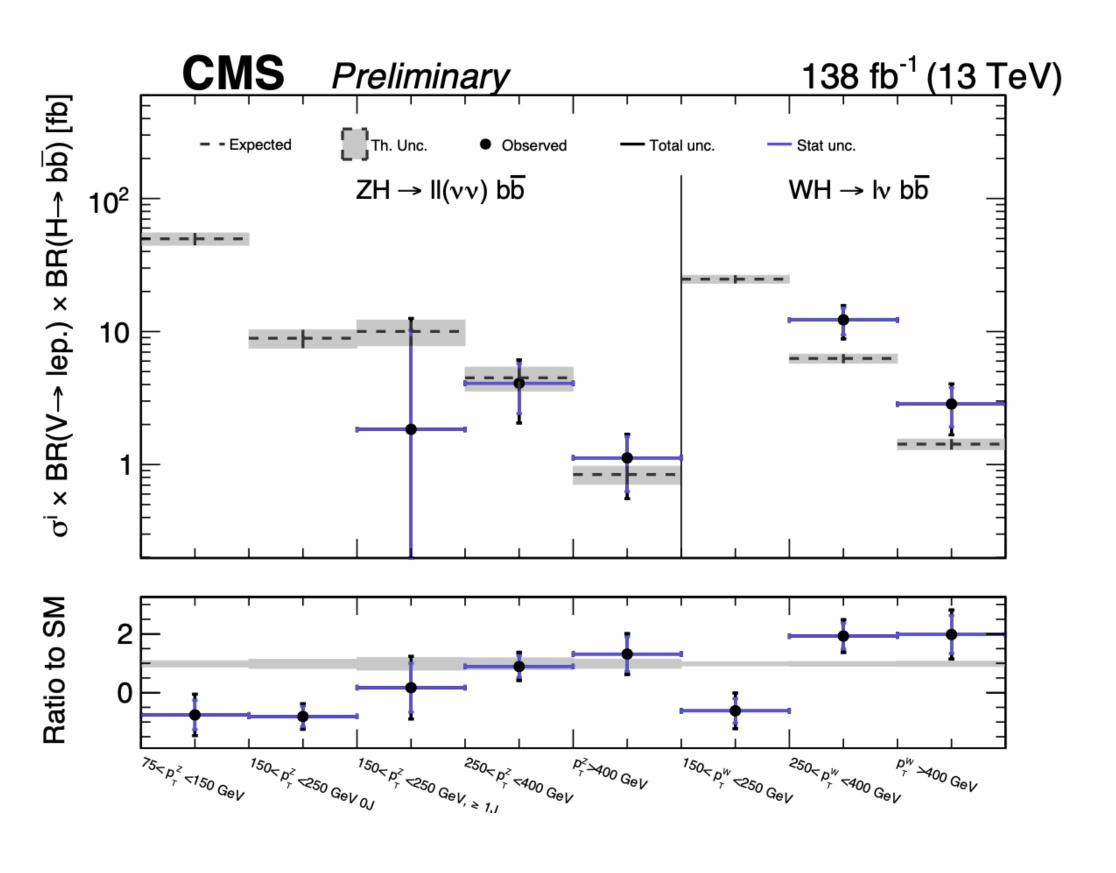


Recent Run 2 results

Leading limits for VH(cc̄) process



STXS measurement for VH(bb)



Initiated exchange between ATLAS and CMS to compare the results and strategies with the focus on background modelling: [VH(cc) meeting], [VH(bb) meeting]





Recent Run 2 results









Systematics

- Major contributions to the systematic uncertainties in both VH(cc̄) and VH(bb̄) analyses
 - Limited MC statistics, the uncertainties from scale variations, V+jets modelling

VH(cc̄)

Uncertainty source	$\Delta\mu/\left(\Delta\mu\right)_{\rm tot}$
Statistical	85%
Background normalizations	37%
Experimental	48%
Sizes of the simulated samples	37%
c jet identification efficiencies	23%
Jet energy scale and resolution	15%
Simulation modeling	11%
Integrated luminosity	6%
Lepton identification efficiencies	4%
Theory	22%
Backgrounds	17%
Signal	15%

VH(bb)

	$\Delta \mu$
Background (theory)	+0.067 -0.064
Signal (theory)	+0.082 -0.060
MC stats.	+0.092 -0.093
Sim. modelling	+0.070 -0.066
b tagging	+0.059 -0.041
Jet energy resolution	+0.045 -0.057
Luminosity	+0.041 - 0.034
Jet energy scale	+0.029 -0.036
LeptonID	+0.016 -0.002
Trigger(MET)	+0.001 -0.001





Simulation

VH(cc̄) and 2017-2018 VH(bb̄) analyses:

- NLO Madgraph aMC@NLO prediction with the inclusive reweighting to NNLO accurate in QCD
- Samples are split in $p_T^{\,V}$ and n-jets
- Stitched in case of phase space overlap to maximise the statistics
- $\Delta R(j_1j_2)$ reweighting to account for residual disagreement (NLO feature)

VH(bb) 2016 analysis

- LO Madgraph aMC@NLO prediction with the inclusive reweighting to NNLO accurate in QCD
- HT-binned + b-enriched enriched binned in $p_T^{\,V}$
 - Stitched in case of phase space overlap to maximise the statistics
- $\Delta \eta(j_1 j_2)$ to reweighting to NLO accuracy

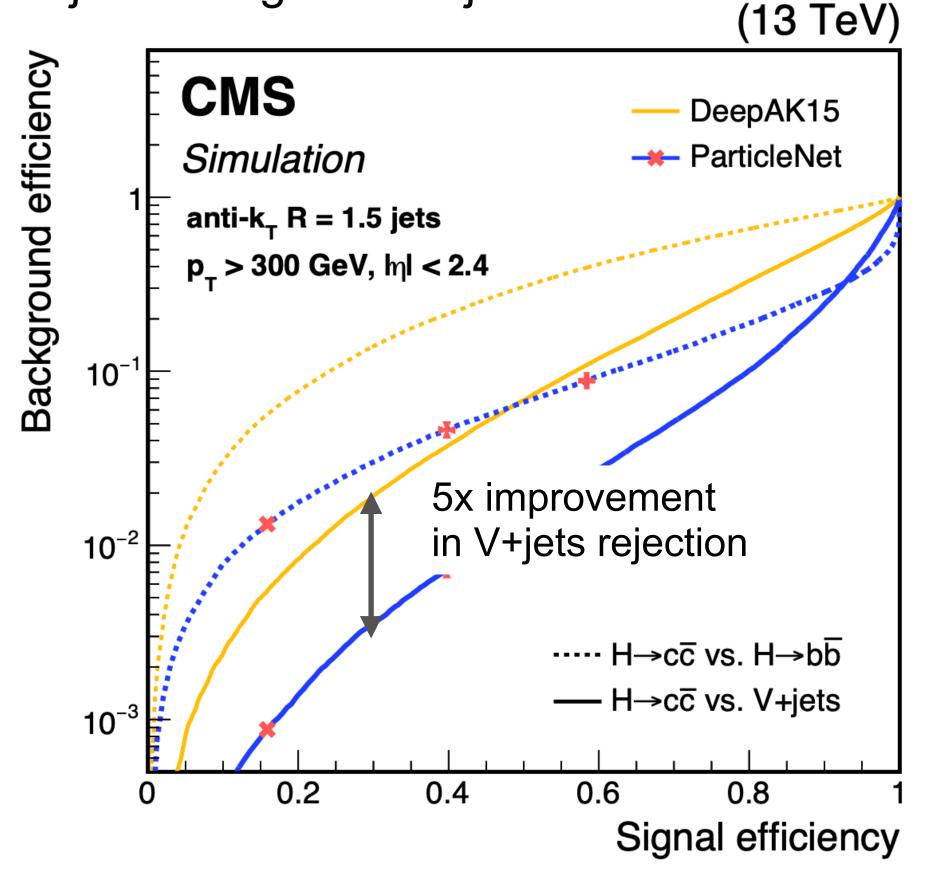
Additional systematic uncertainties assigned



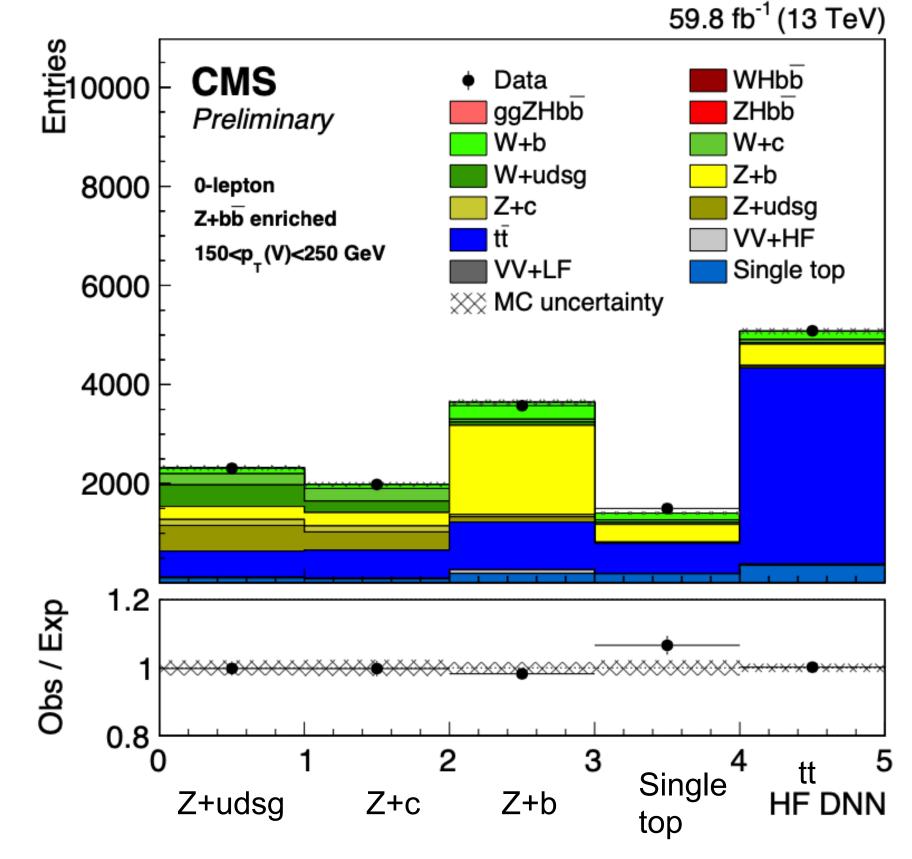


Improving background rejection and modelling with NN

VH(cc̄): Major improvement from ParticleNet in in V+jets background rejection



VH(bb): In V+HF control region the multi-class DNN was trained to improve the V+jets separation from the other major backgrounds

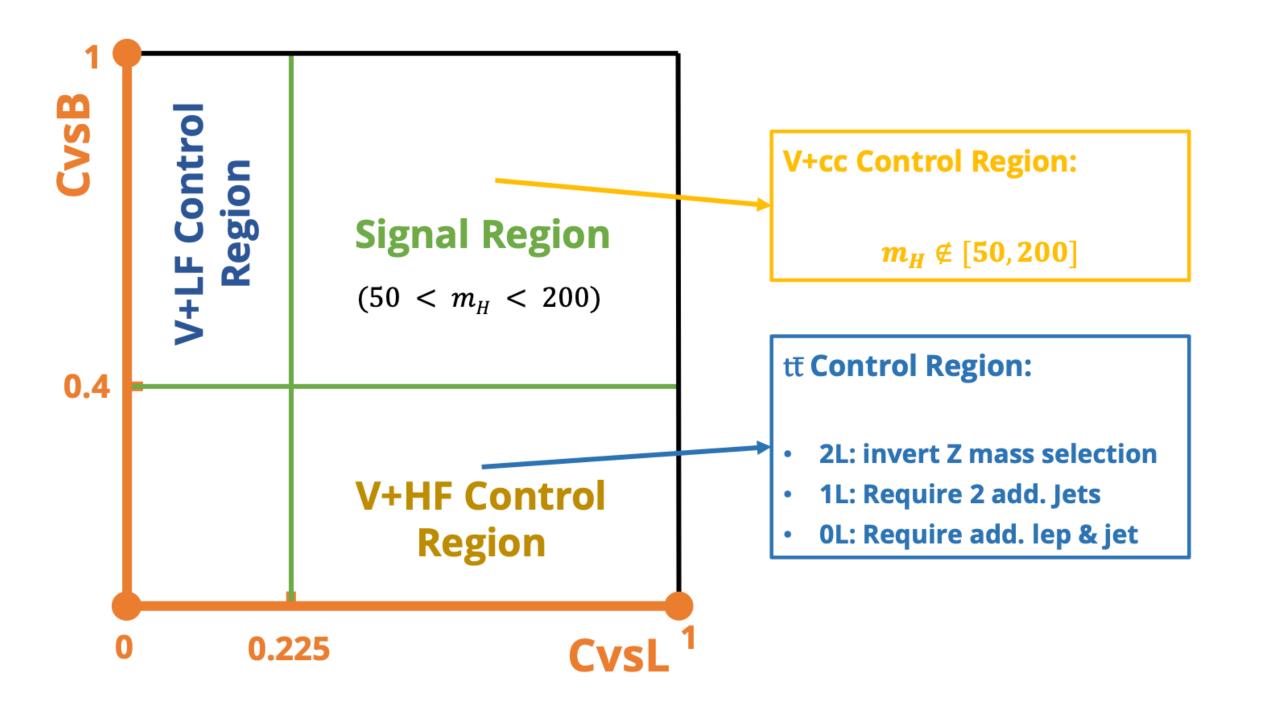




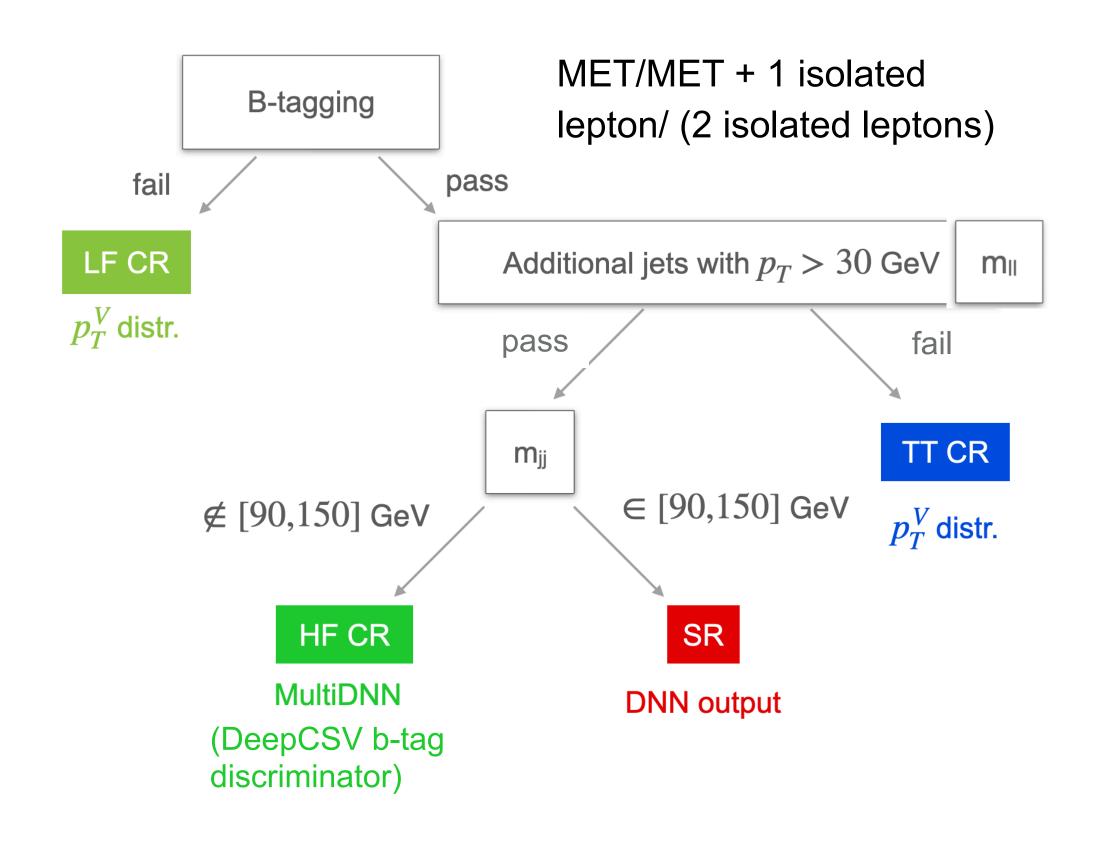


Regions definition

VH(cc̄) regions



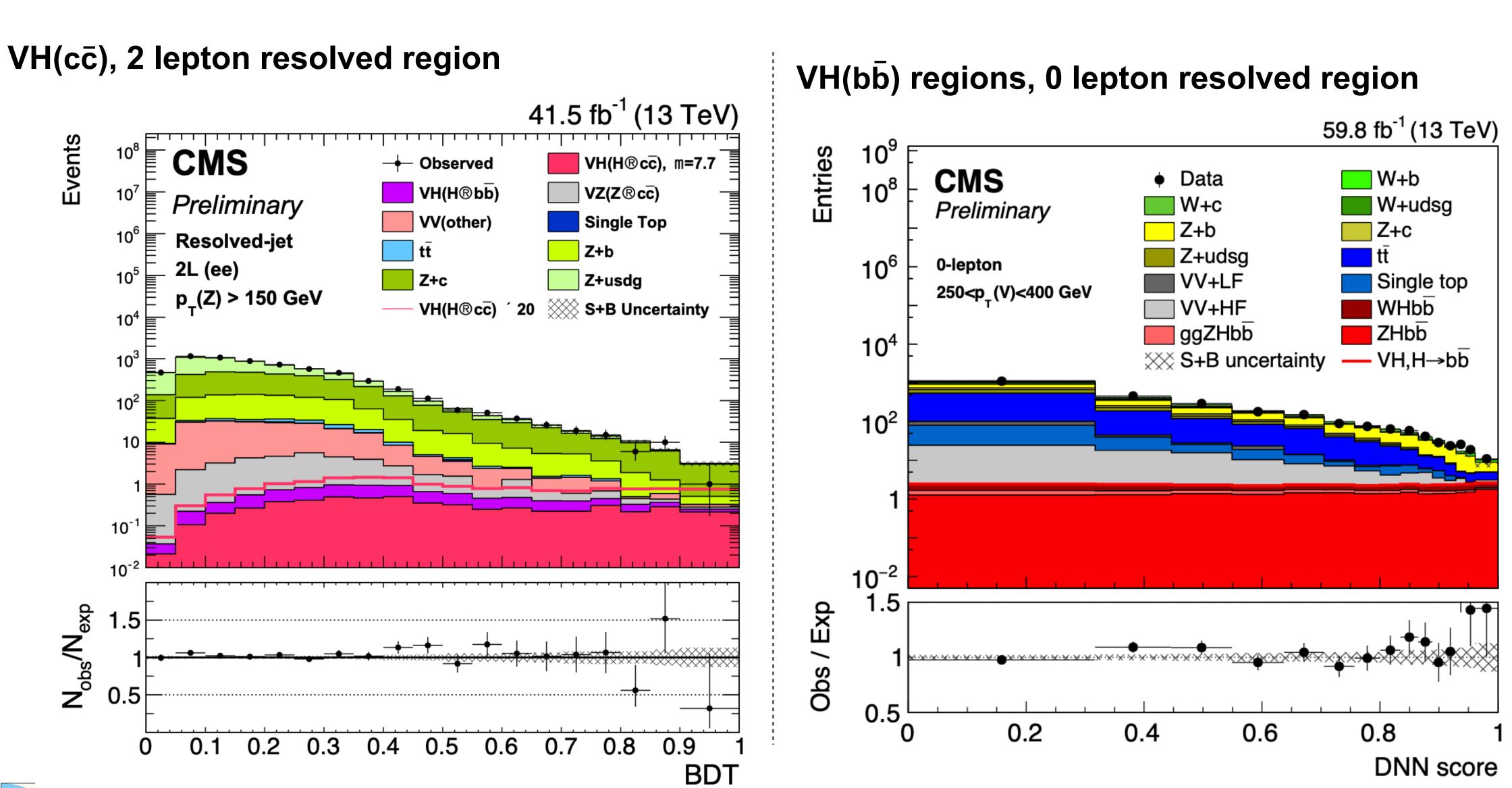
VH(bb̄) regions







Signal region distributions







Fit model VH(cc̄)

Channel		SR	LF CR	HF CR	cc CR	t Ŧ CR
01	L	√	√	√	√	√
41	е	√	√		√	√
1L	μ	√	√		√	√
211	ee	√	√	√	√	√
2LL	μμ	√	√	√	√	√
2LH	ee	√	√	√	√	√
	μμ	√	✓	√	√	√

V+jets process is subcategorised:

Resolved

V+b - at least one b-hadron (HF CR)

V+c - at least one c-hadron, no b-hadrons (cc CR)

V+udsg - no b- or c-hadrons (LF CR)

Constrained using 3 CR with the floating rate parameters:

Channel	Z+LF	Z+HF	Z+cc	W+LF	W+HF	W+cc	t₹
OL	>	>	>		√		✓
1L				•			✓
2LL	√	√	√				✓
2LH	√	✓	√				✓

[Details]





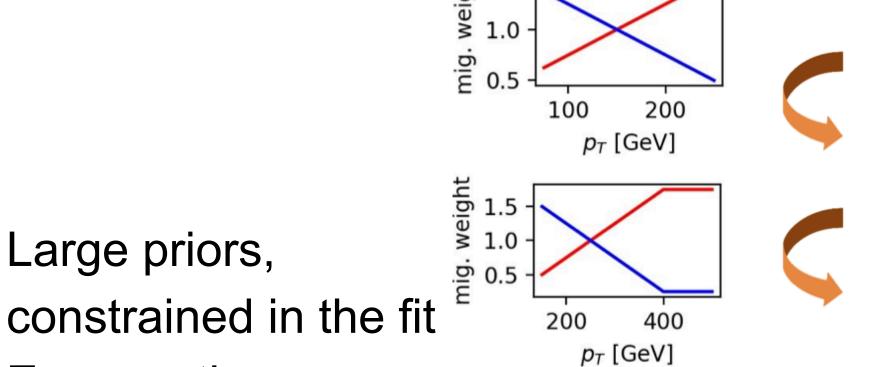
Fit model VH(bb)

STXS measurement (binned in p_T^V and n-jets)

ightharpoonupControl the background in p_T^V bins

- Inclusive in p_T^V free-floating RP defined for each channel

- p_T^V migration shape uncertainty:



- Ensures the smoothness of post-fit p_T^V distribution

V+jets process is subcategorised:

V+b - at least one b-hadron

V+c - at least one c-hadron, no b-hadrons

V+udsg - no b- or c-hadrons

Z+b/c/udsg

	Channels						
p _⊤ (V)	Zee	Zmm	Wen	Wmn	Znn	p _⊤ (V)	
75.0						75.0 low	
150.0						150.0 med	
250.0						250.0 high1	
400.0						400.0 high2	



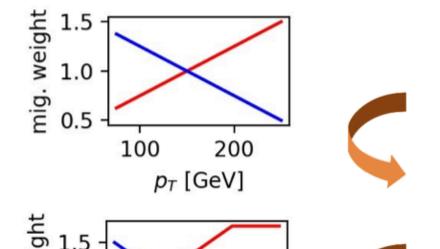


- Large priors,

Fit model VH(bb)

STXS measurement (binned in p_T^V and n-jets)

- ightharpoonupControl the background in p_T^V bins
- Inclusive in $p_T^{\,V}$ free-floating rate parameters defined for each channel
- p_T^V migration shape uncertainty:



 p_T [GeV]

- -Large priors, constrained (2) 0.5 in the fit
- Ensures the smoothness of post-fit $p_{\scriptscriptstyle T}^{\scriptscriptstyle V}$ distribution

V+jets process is subcategorised:

V+b - at least one b-hadron

V+c - at least one c-hadron, no b-hadrons

V+udsg - no b- or c-hadrons

W+b/c/udsg

	Channels						
p _⊤ (V)	Zee	Zmm	Wen	Wmn	Znn	p _⊤ (V)	
75.0						75.0 low	
150.0						150.0 med	
250.0						250.0 high1	
400.0						400.0 high2	
					1		





Summary

- Summarised the V+jets background modelling strategy in VH(cc̄) and VH(bb̄) analyses in CMS
- NLO prediction is used whenever possible
- Control region method with free floating rate parameters extract the normalisation
- Relying on the flexible fit model to improve data-MC agreement
 - Majority of the extracted rate parameters are close to unity
- Corrections applied ($\Delta R(j_1j_2)$ for NLO and $\Delta \eta(j_1j_2)$ for LO) to improve data-MC agreement, with additional systematic uncertainties
- Exchange with ATLAS has been initiated, very useful and constructive discussion in the VH WG1 subgroup

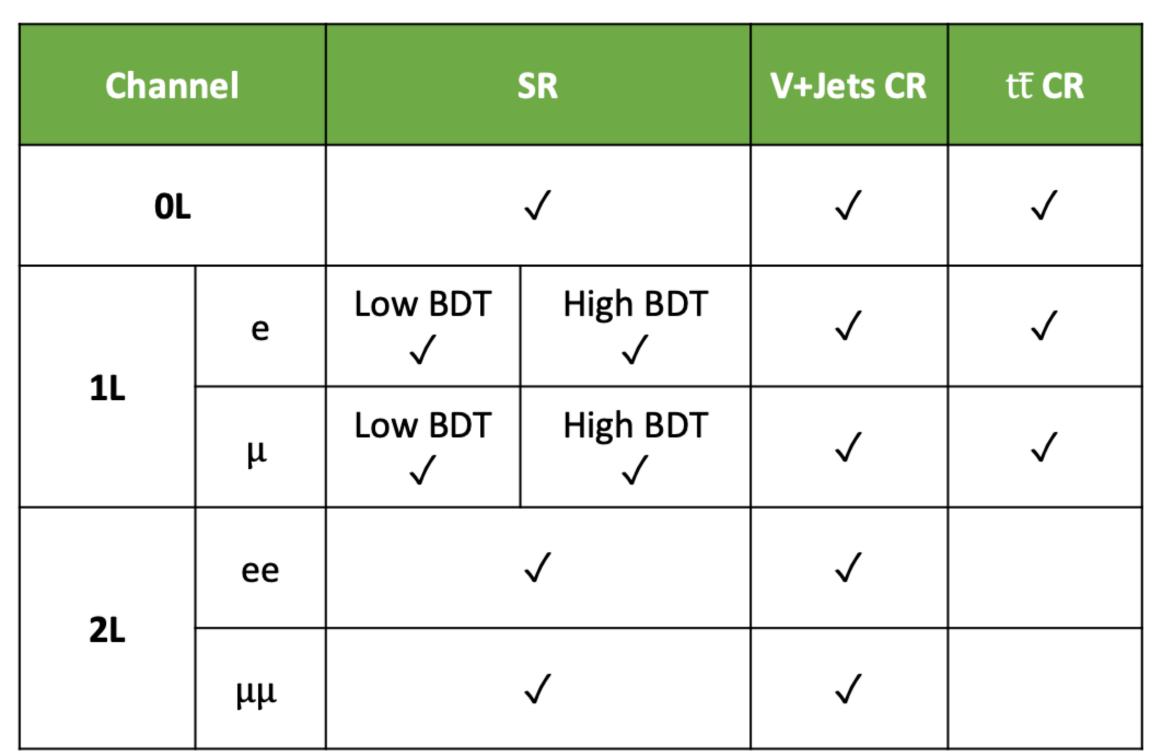




Backup

Boosted VHcc









Normalization factors

Channel	W+j	Z+j	t₹ (top)	t₹ (W)	tt (other) nJet<2	t₹ (other) nJet≥2
OL		> •		,		
1L	~		V	√	V	v
2 L		✓		VW		

- tt̄ further split by which component lies inside the AK15 jet
- Same RP used for SingleTop (and VW in 2L)
- Each RP further split by purity: LP, MP, HP





Boosted VHbb

0-lepton				
Variable	SR	Z + b jets	Z + light jets	t t
DeepAK8 (bbVsLight)	> 0.8	> 0.8	< 0.8	> 0.8
M(jj)	\in [90,150]	∉ [90,150]	> 50	> 50
N_{al}	= 0	= 0	= 0	> 0
$N_{ m aj}$	= 0	= 0	= 0	> 1
1-lepton				
Variable	SR	W + b jets	W + light jets	tŧ
DeepAK8 (bbVsLight)	> 0.8	> 0.8	< 0.8	> 0.8
M(jj)	\in [90,150]	∉ [90,150]	> 50	> 50
N_{al}	= 0	= 0	= 0	> 0
$N_{ m aj}$	= 0	= 0	= 0	> 1
2-lepton				
Variable	SR	Z + b jets	Z + light jets	t t
DeepAK8 (bbVsLight)	> 0.8	> 0.8	< 0.8	> 0.8
M(jj)	\in [90,150]	∉ [90,150]	> 50	> 50
M(V)	\in [75,105]	\in [75,105]	∈[75,105]	∉[90,150]



