

The Southern Wide-field Gamma-ray Observatory

R. Conceição for the SWGO LIP group

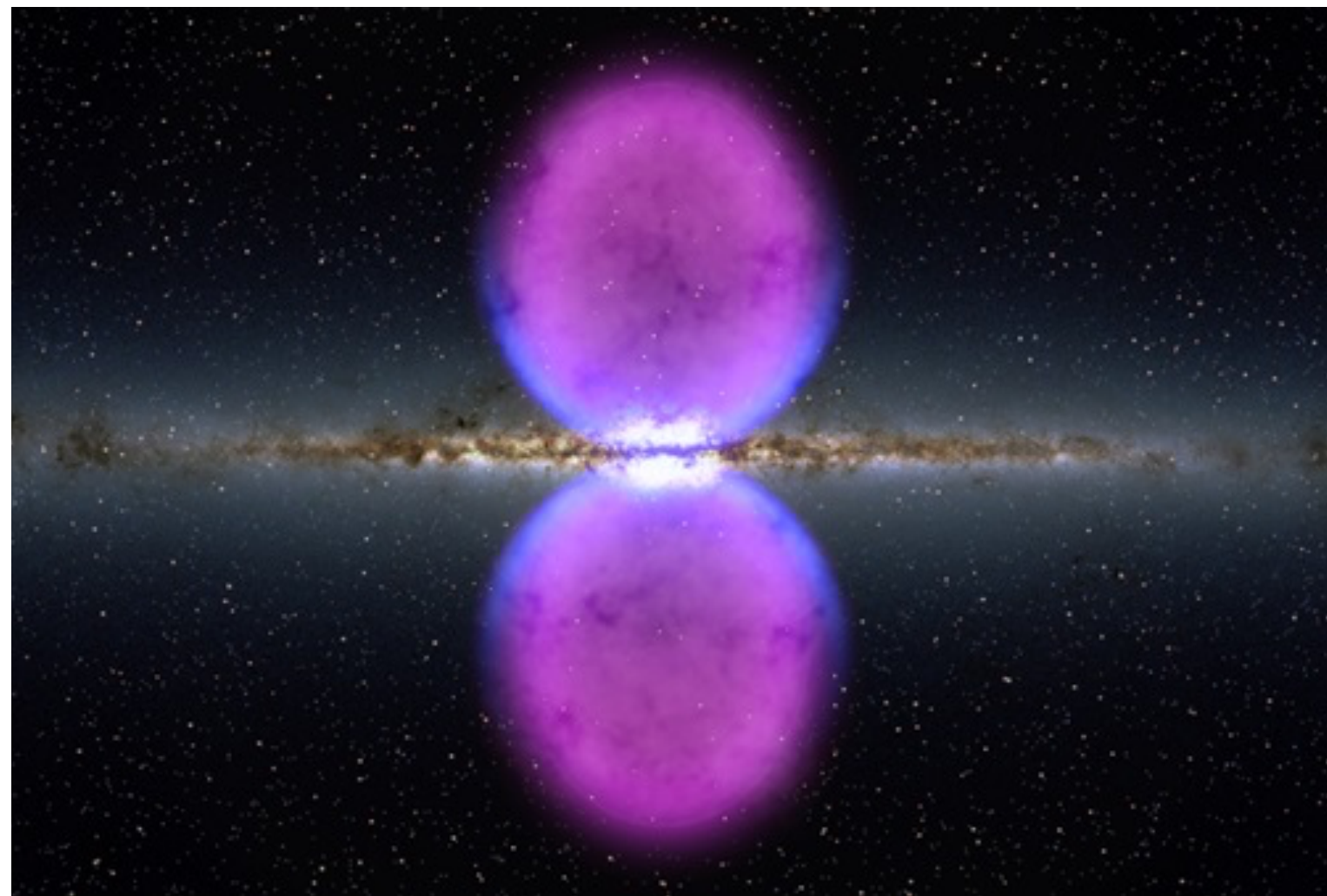


3rd IGFAE/LIP meeting, 4th July 2022

The VHE gamma-ray Sky

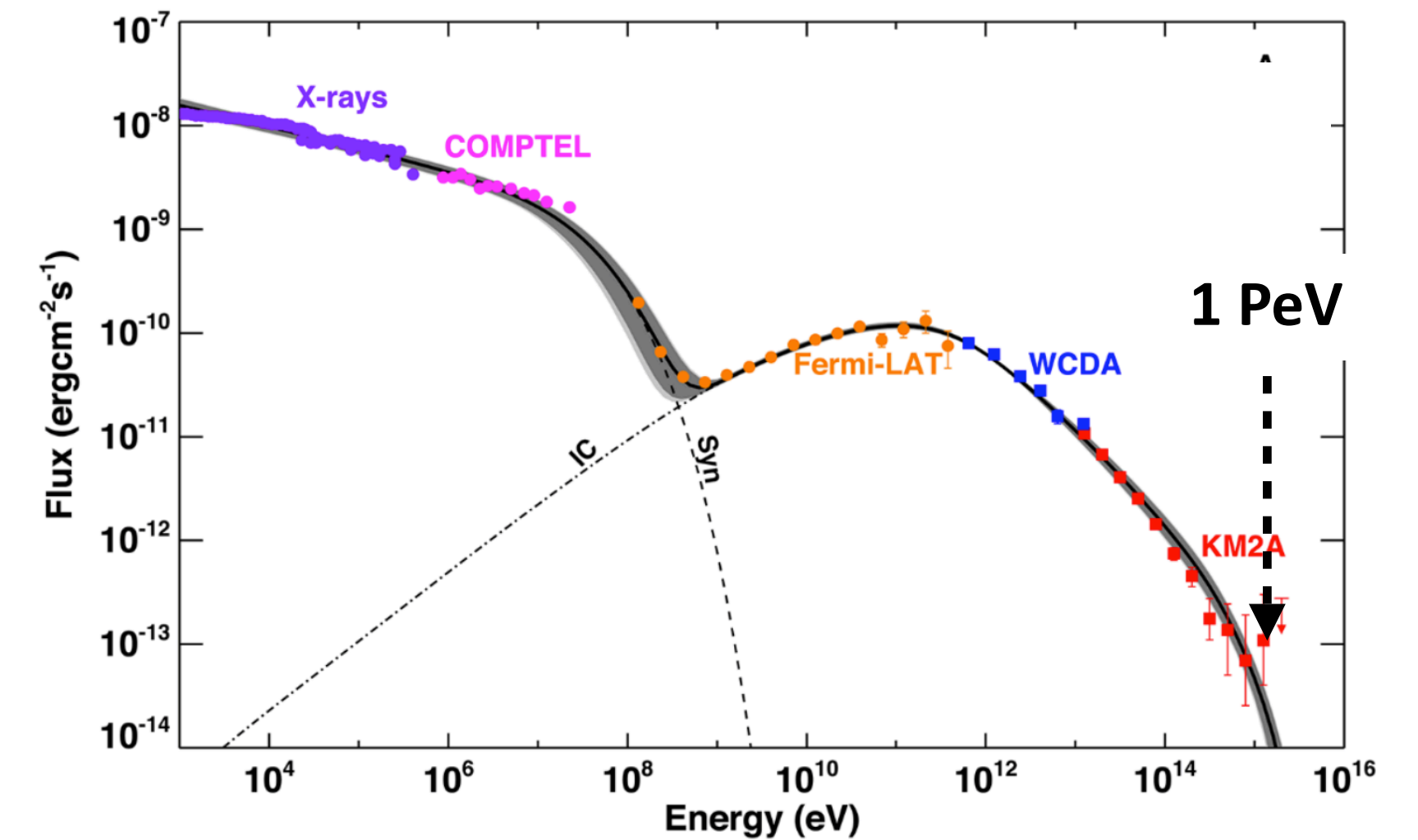


Fermi Satellite



Fermi bubbles - gamma ray emission (up to ~ 100 GeV) in outbursts our Galaxy

LHAASO experiment



PeV gamma-ray emission from the Crab Nebula

10^{11}

10^{12}

10^{13}

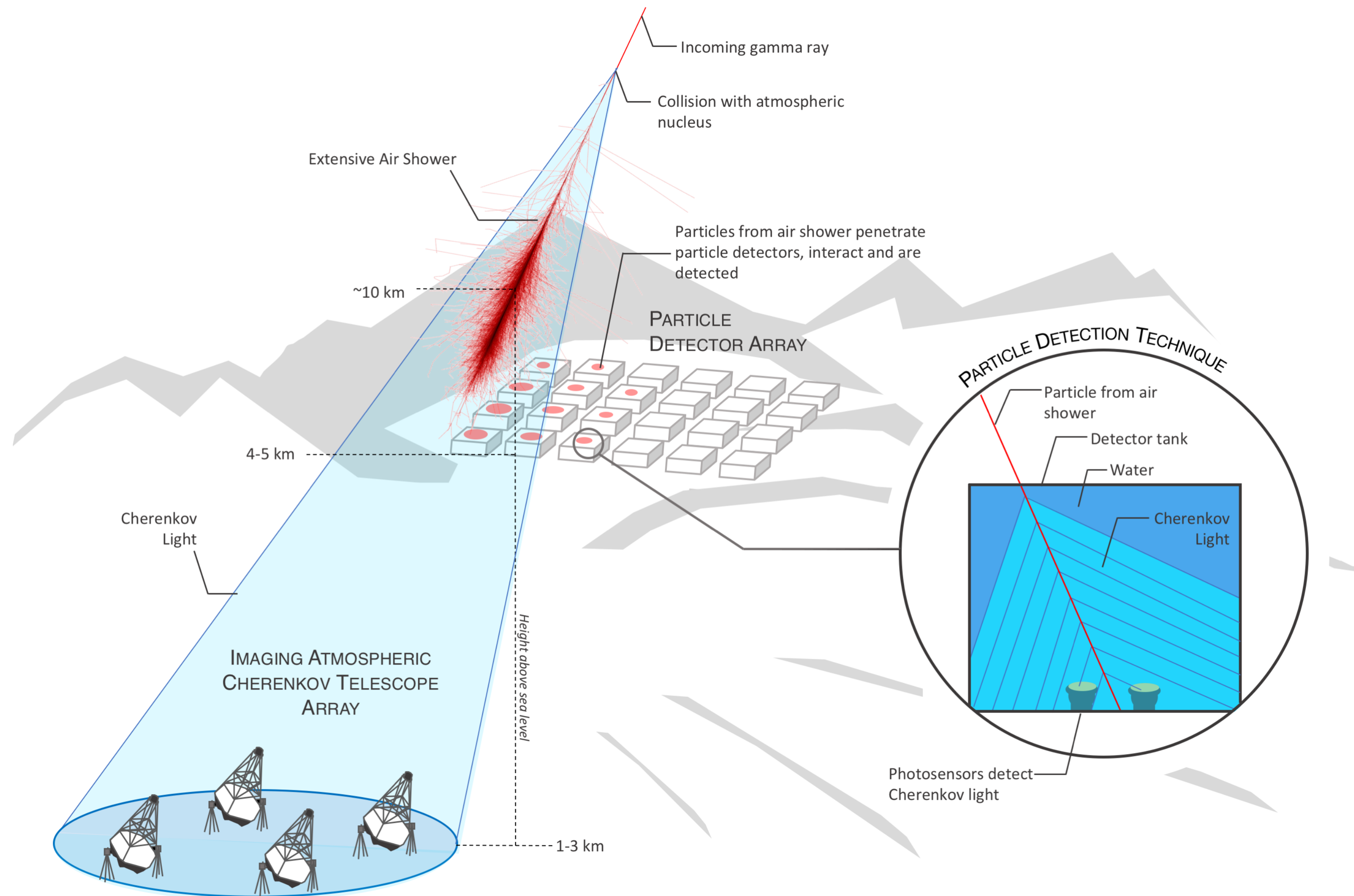
10^{14}

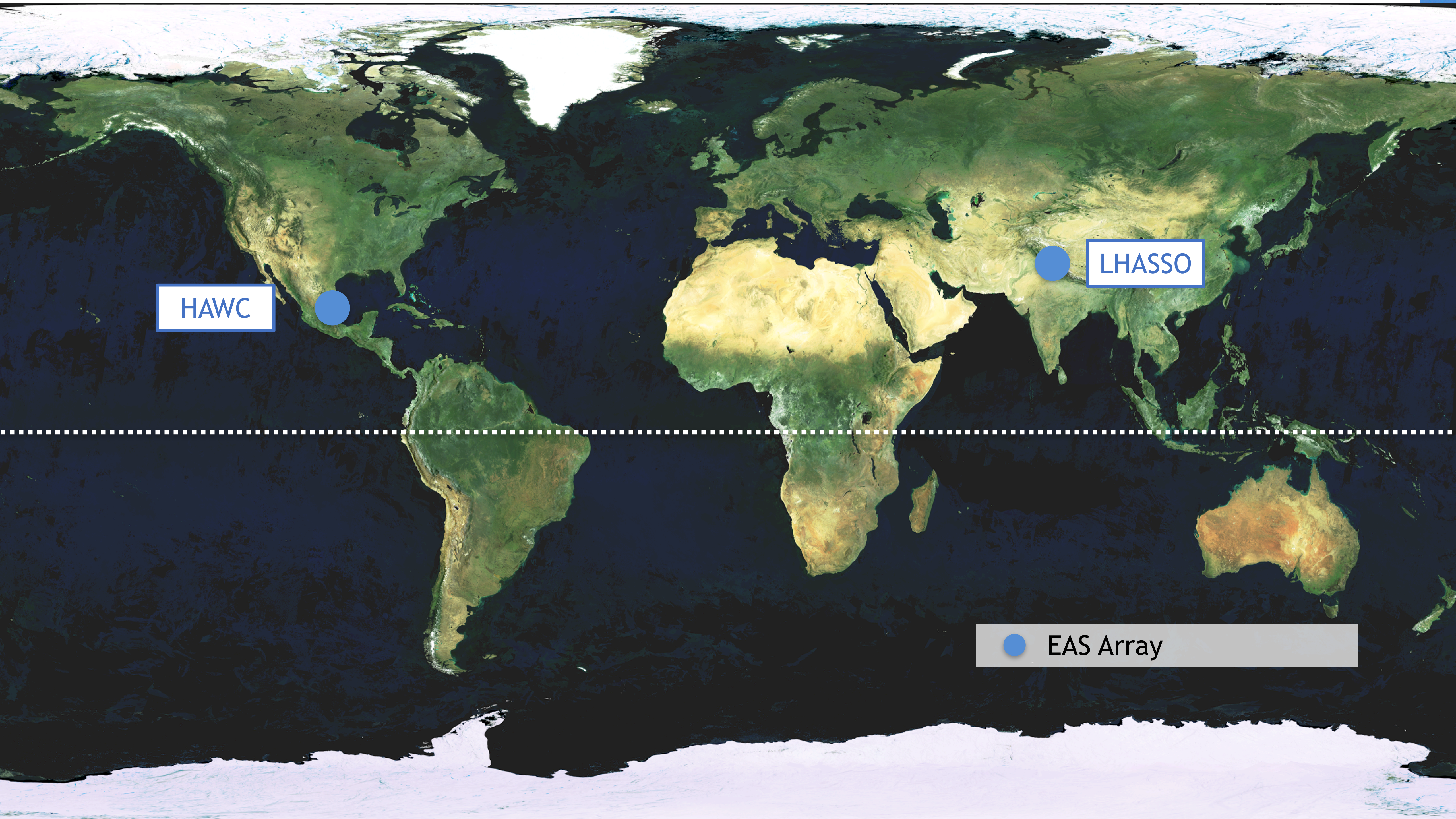
10^{15}

10^{16}

Energy [eV]

High-energy gamma-ray detection techniques



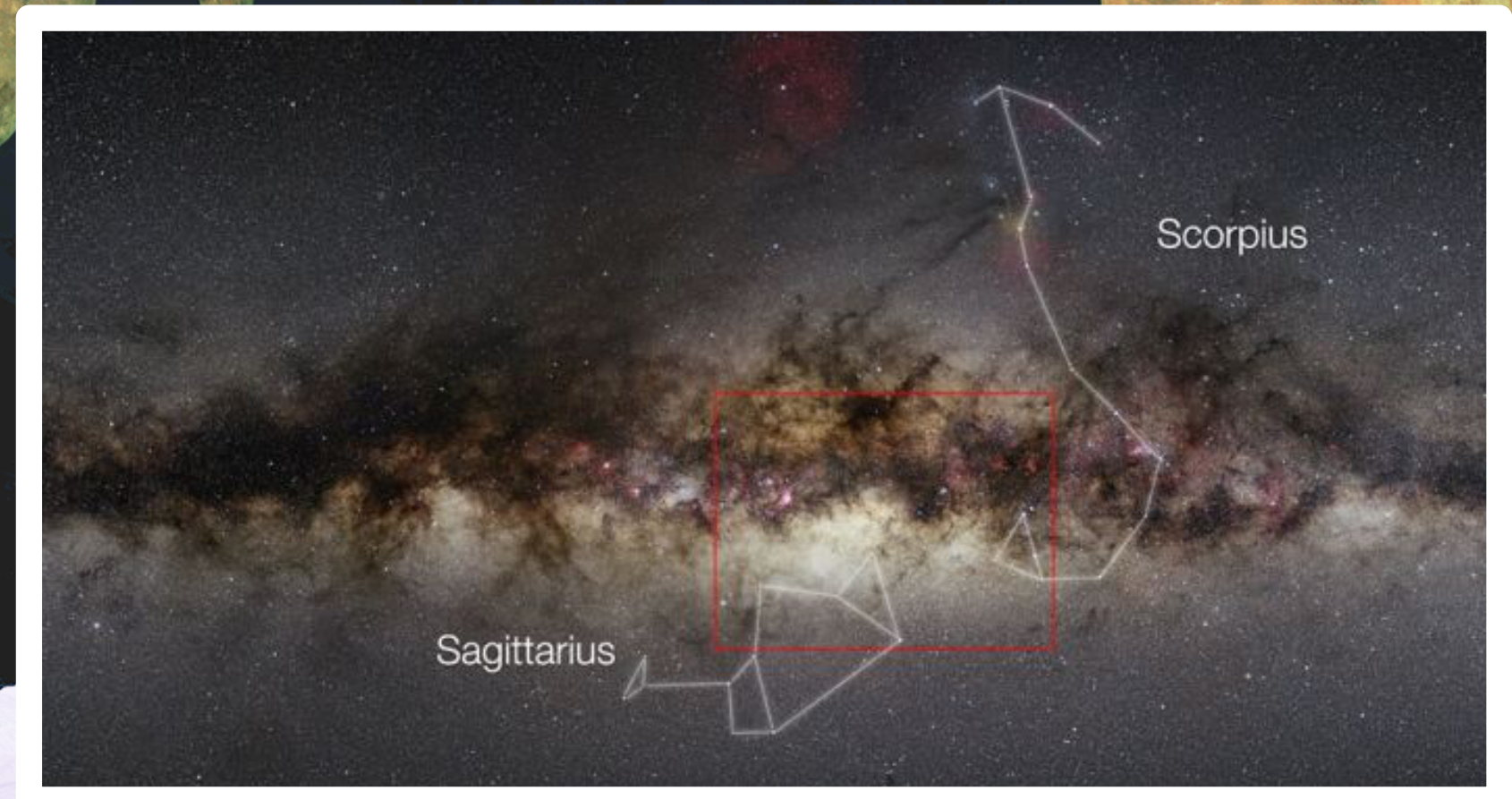


HAWC

LHASO

● EAS Array

Complementary to the powerful Cherenkov Telescope Array project



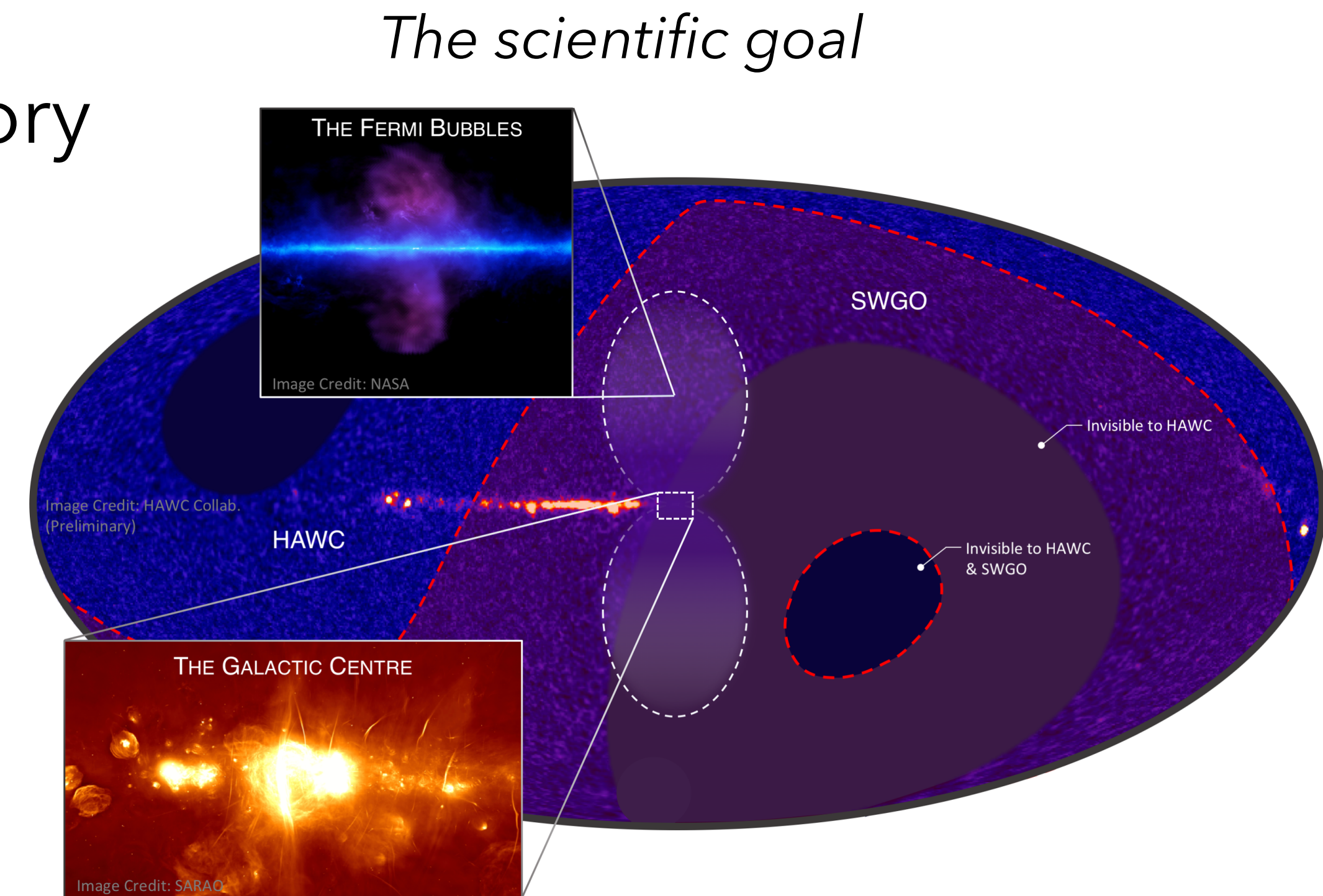
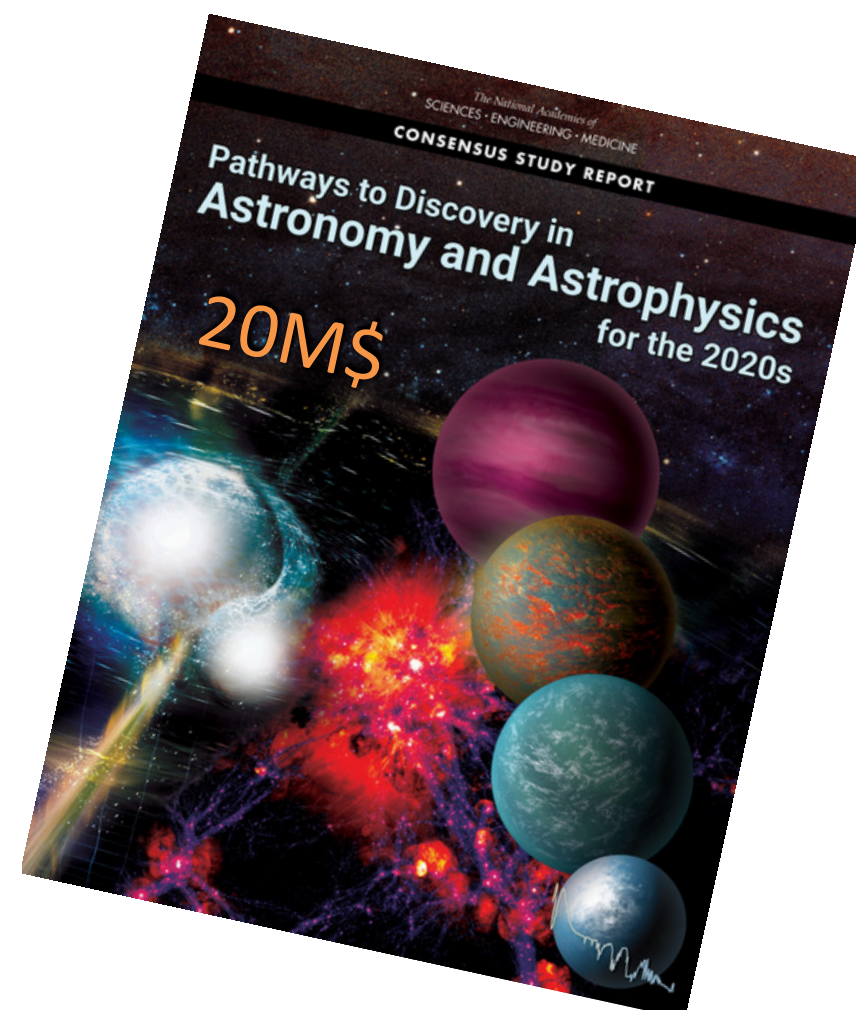
SWGGO collaboration

~3-year R&D project to design and plan the next generation wide field-of-view gamma-ray able to survey and monitor the Southern sky

◎ Southern **W**ide-field **G**amma-ray **O**bservatory

- Formed at *July 1st 2019*
- 12 Countries / ~ 50 institutes / More than 100 scientists

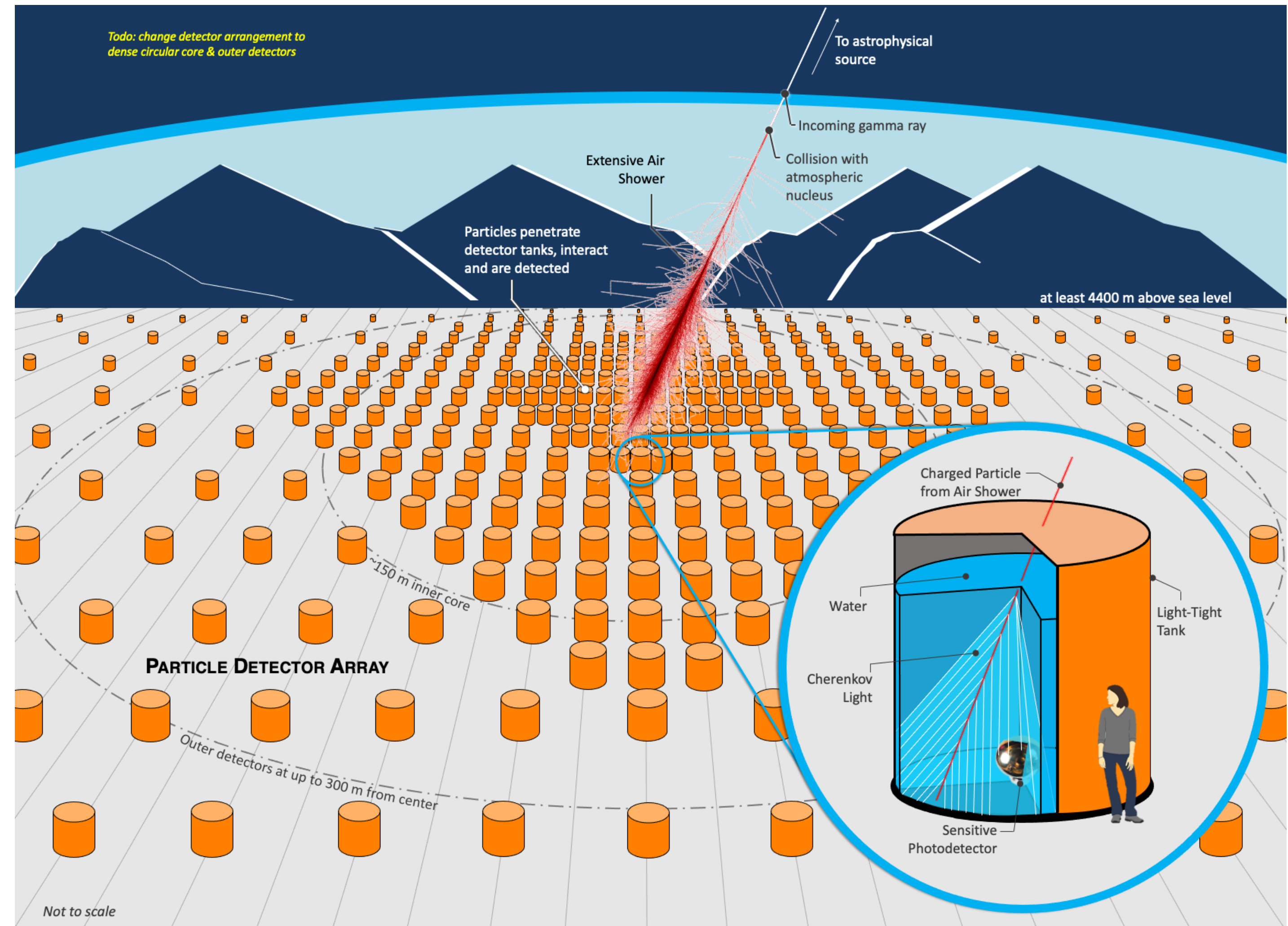
SWGGO R&D Phase Milestones	
✓	M1 R&D Phase Plan Established
✓	M2 Science Benchmarks Defined
✓	M3 Reference Configuration & Options Defined
	M4 Site Shortlist Complete
✓	M5 Candidate Configurations Defined
	M6 Performance of Candidate Configurations Evaluated
	M7 Preferred Site Identified
	M8 Design Finalised
	M9 Construction & Operation Proposal Complete



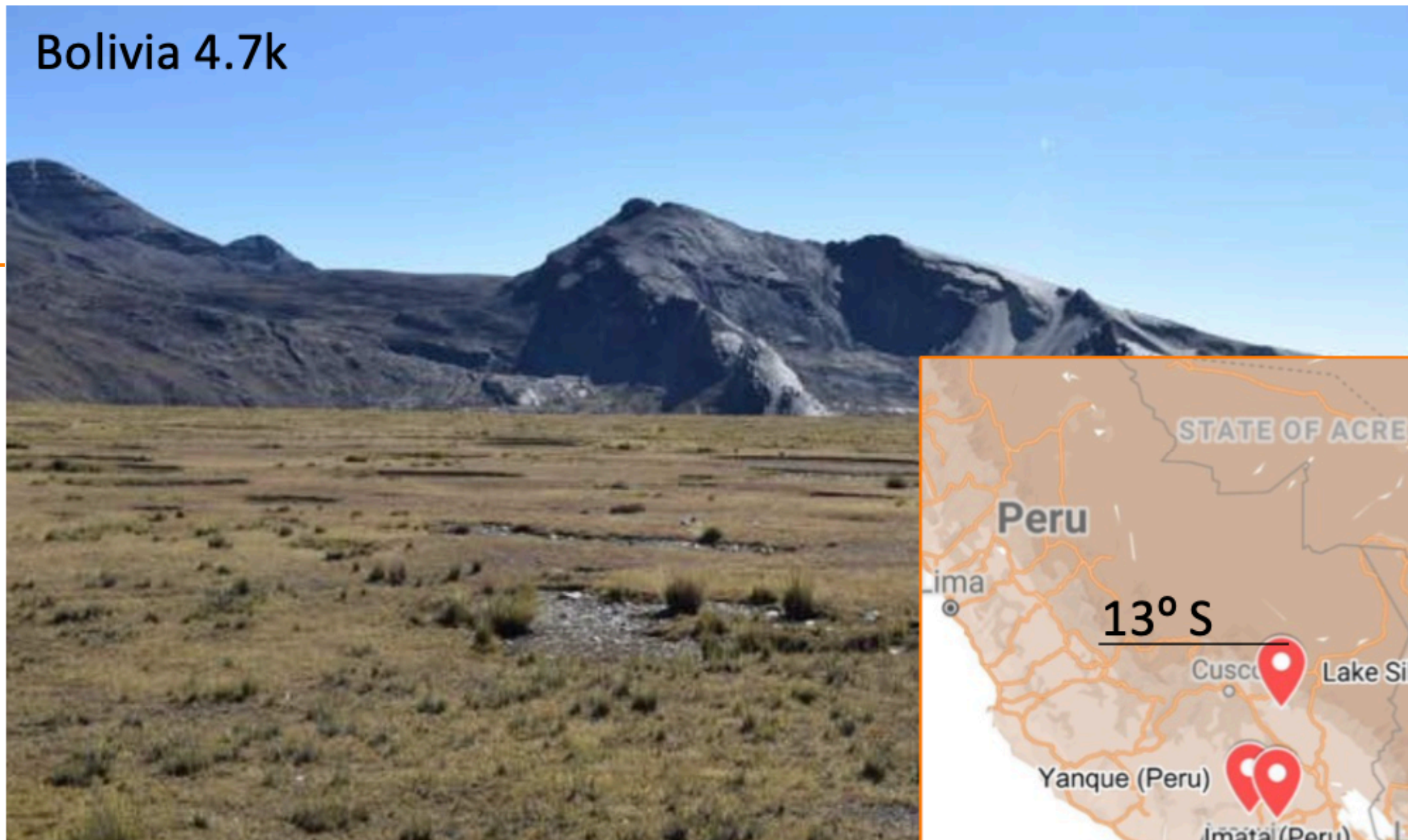
www.swgo.org

The challenge...

- ⊙ To design an experiment able to fulfil the following requirements:
 - **Muon tagging**/counting capability
 - Lower energies
 - ✓ to be placed at **high altitude** (~5000 m a.s.l.)
 - ✓ **Compact array**
 - Higher energies
 - ✓ **Large area** (~ few km²)



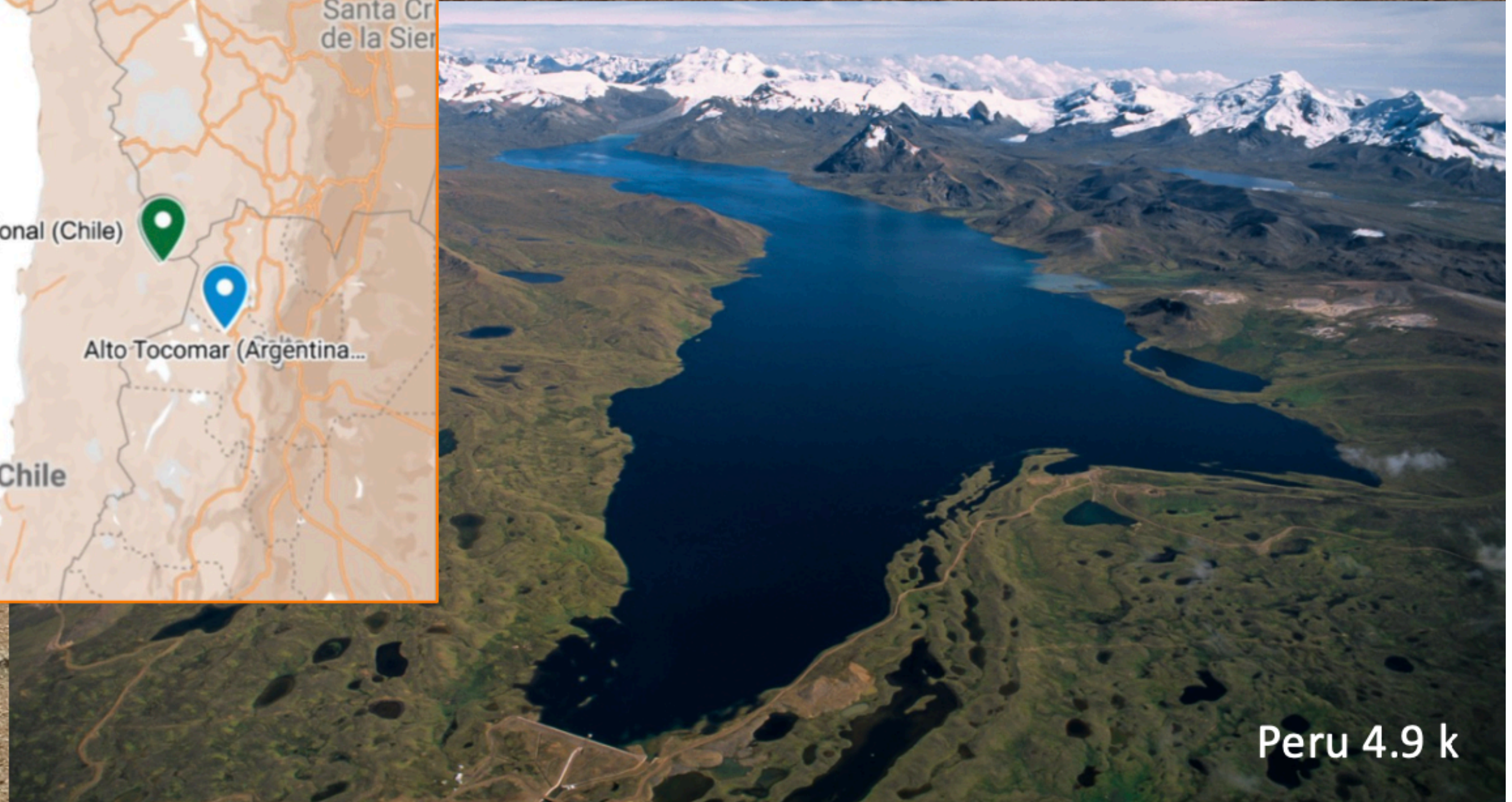
Bolivia 4.7k



Chile 4.8 k



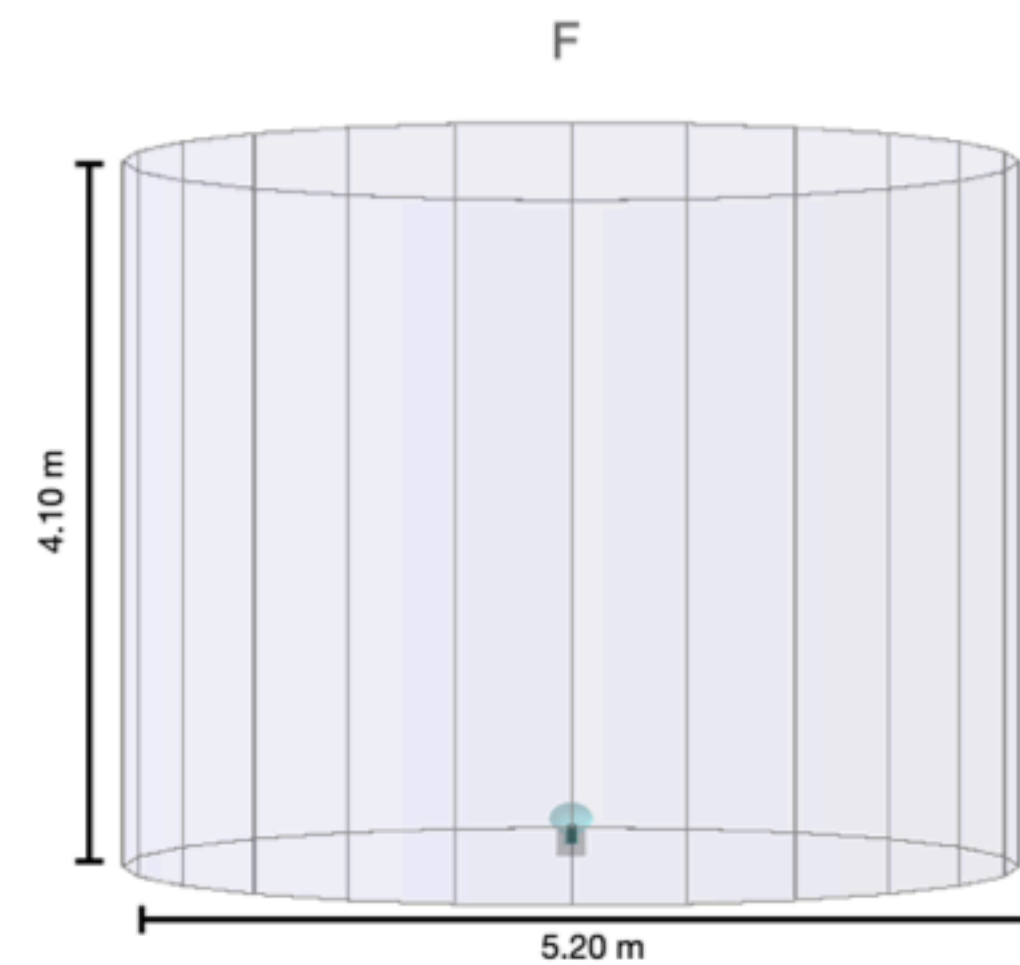
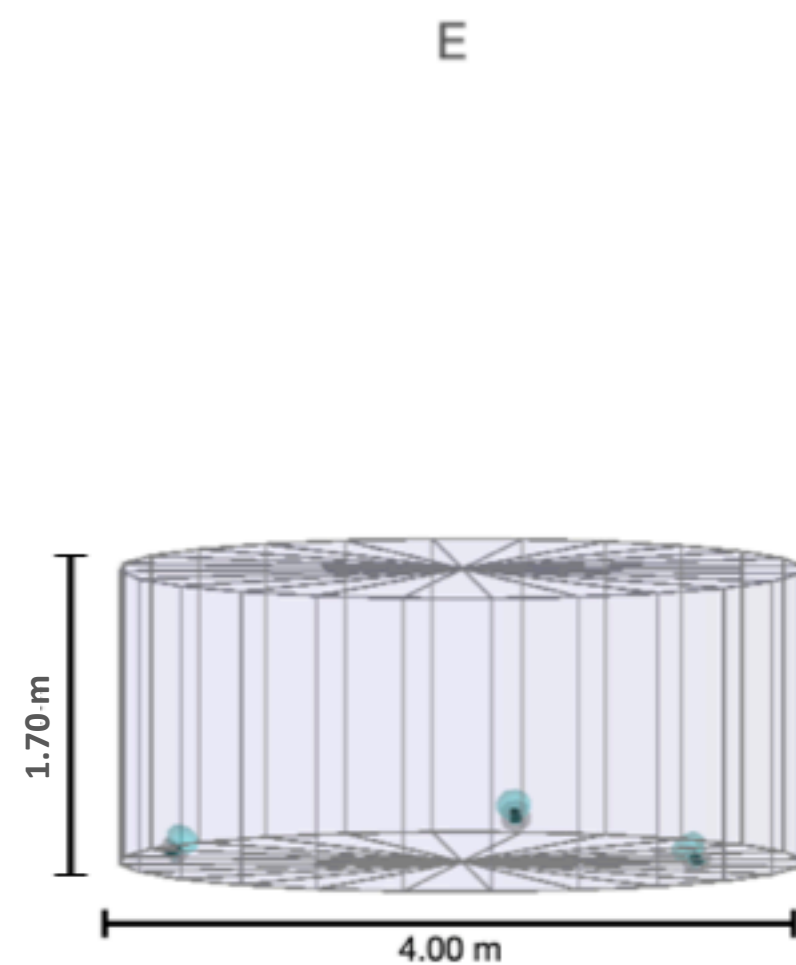
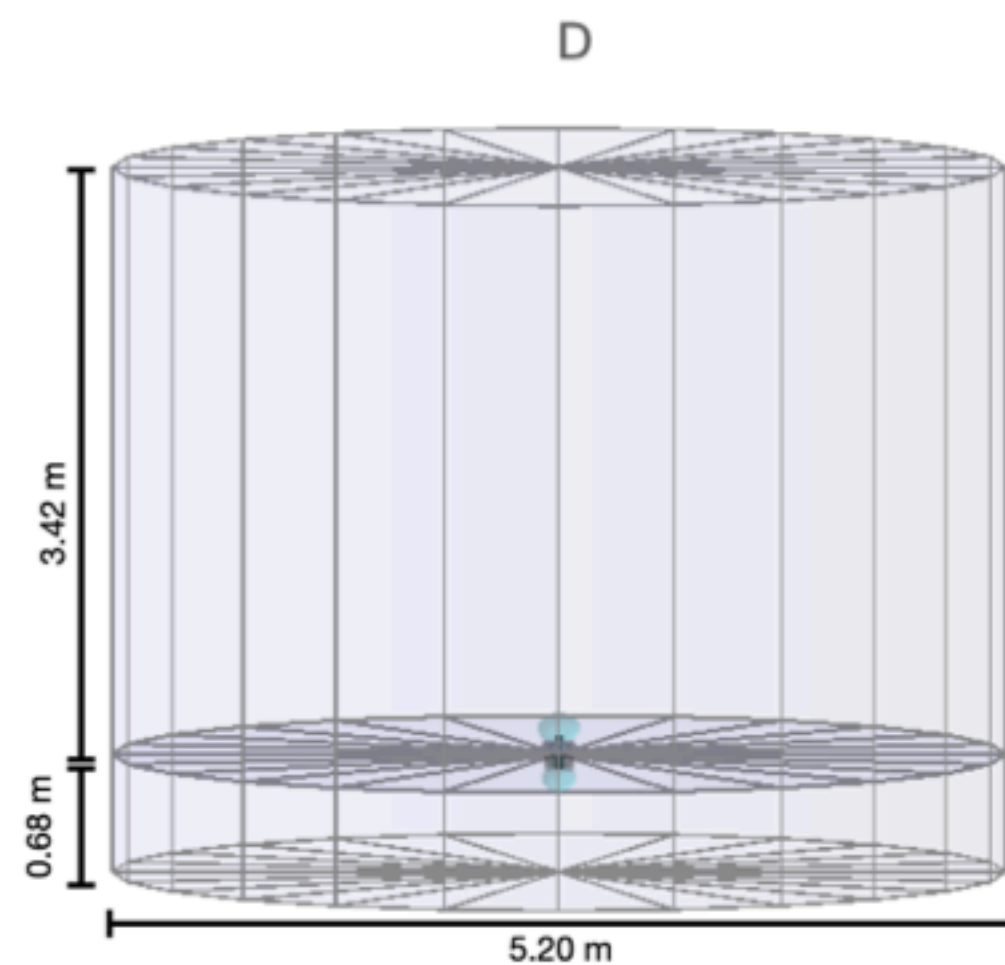
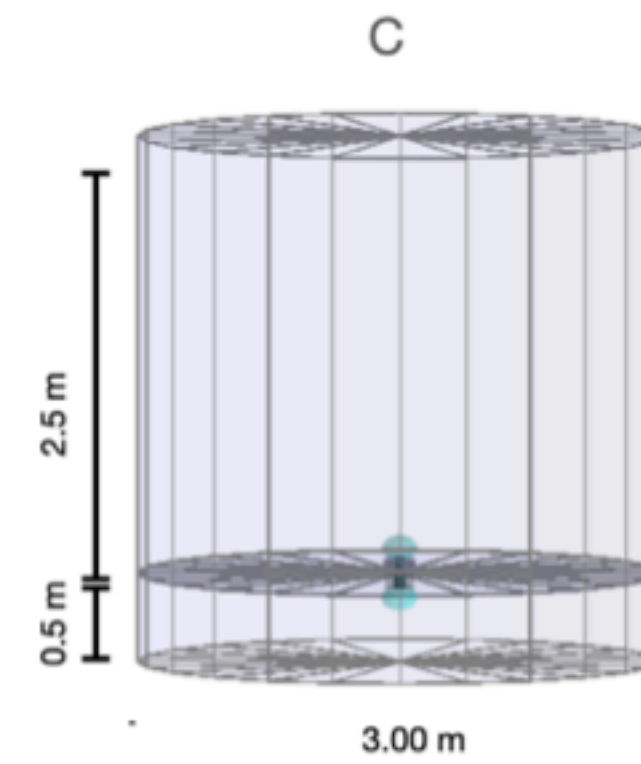
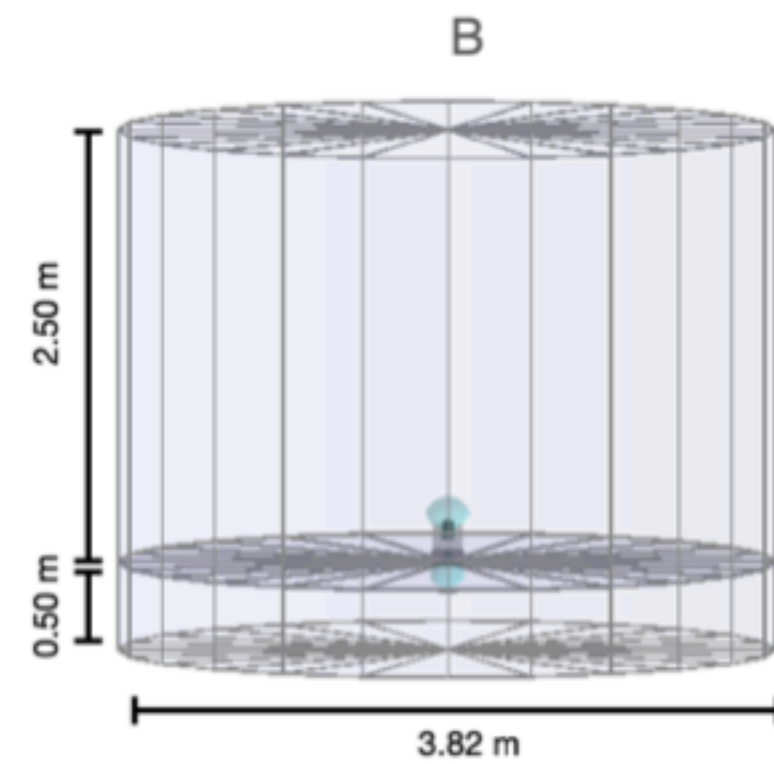
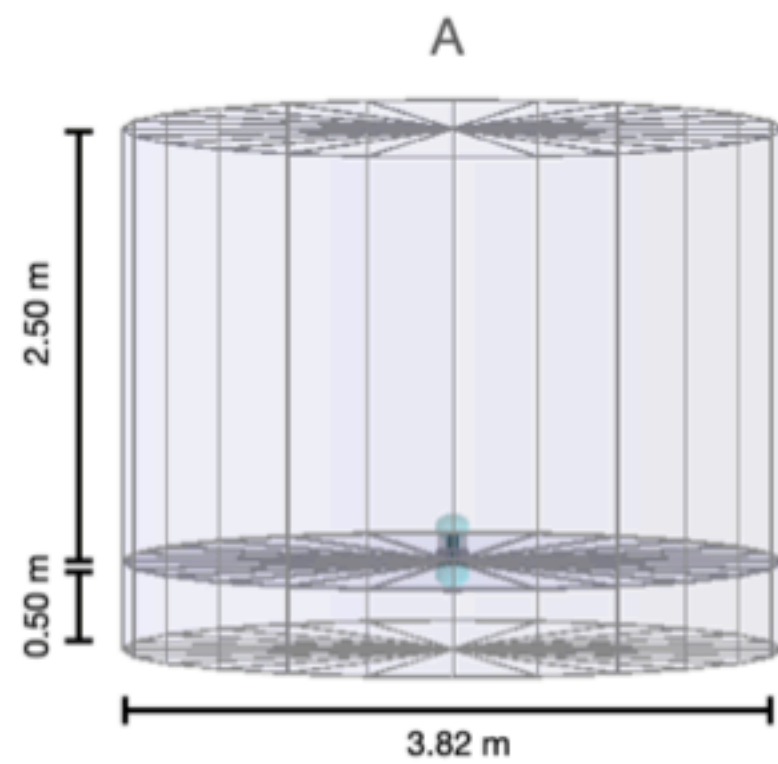
Argentina 4.8 k



Peru 4.9 k

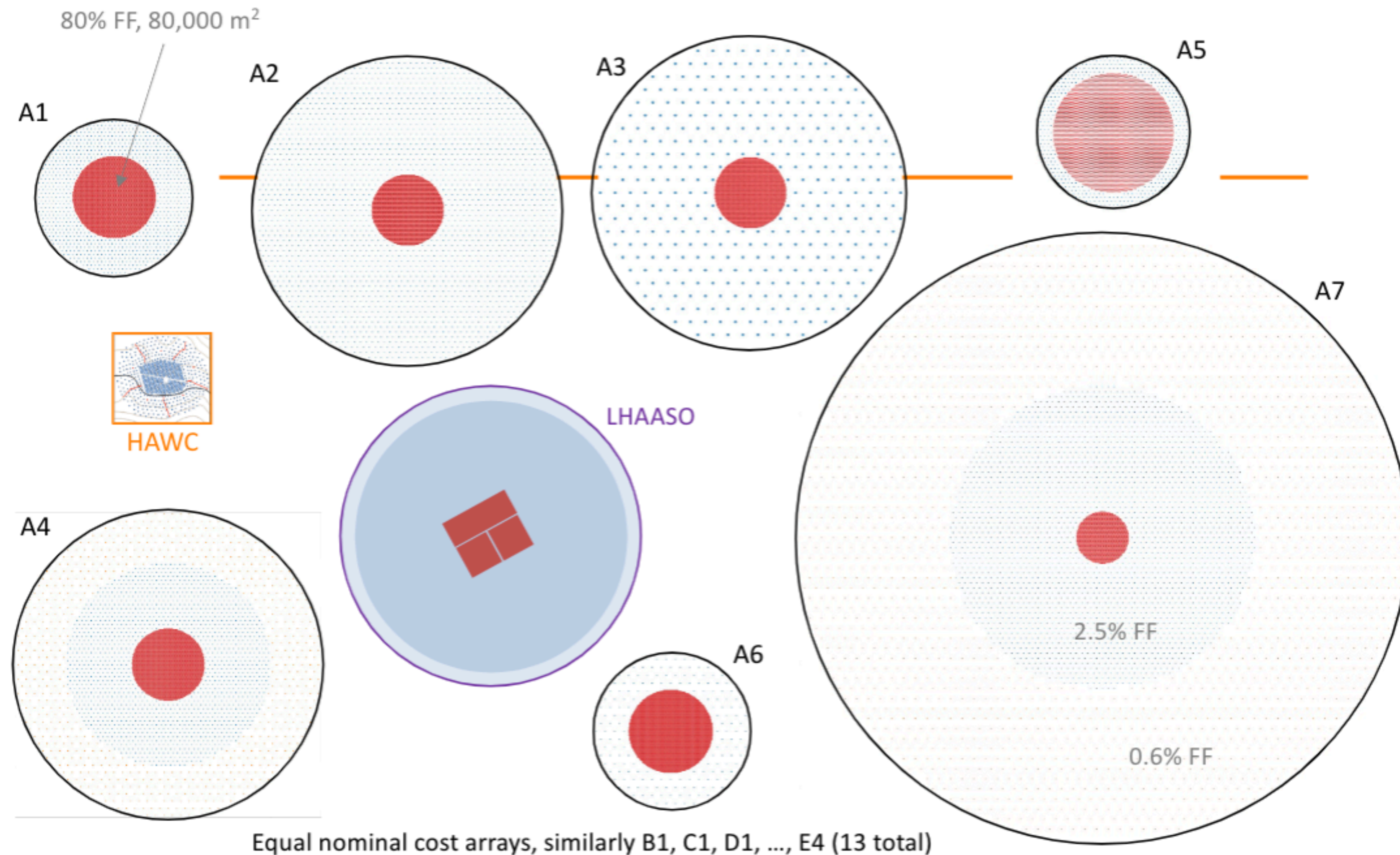
Explore different detector concepts

Label	Layers	PMT (upper + lower)	Diameter (m)	Depth (upper)	Depth (lower)	Nominal Cost (kUSD)
A	2	8"HQE + 8"	3.82	2.50	0.50	9.68
B	2	10"HQE + 8"	3.82	2.50	0.50	10.66
C	2	8" + 8"	3.00	2.50	0.5	6.90
D	2	10"HQE + 8"	5.20	3.42	0.68	14.32
E	1	3×8"	4.00	1.70	-	11.82
F	1	10"HQE	5.20	4.20	-	11.54

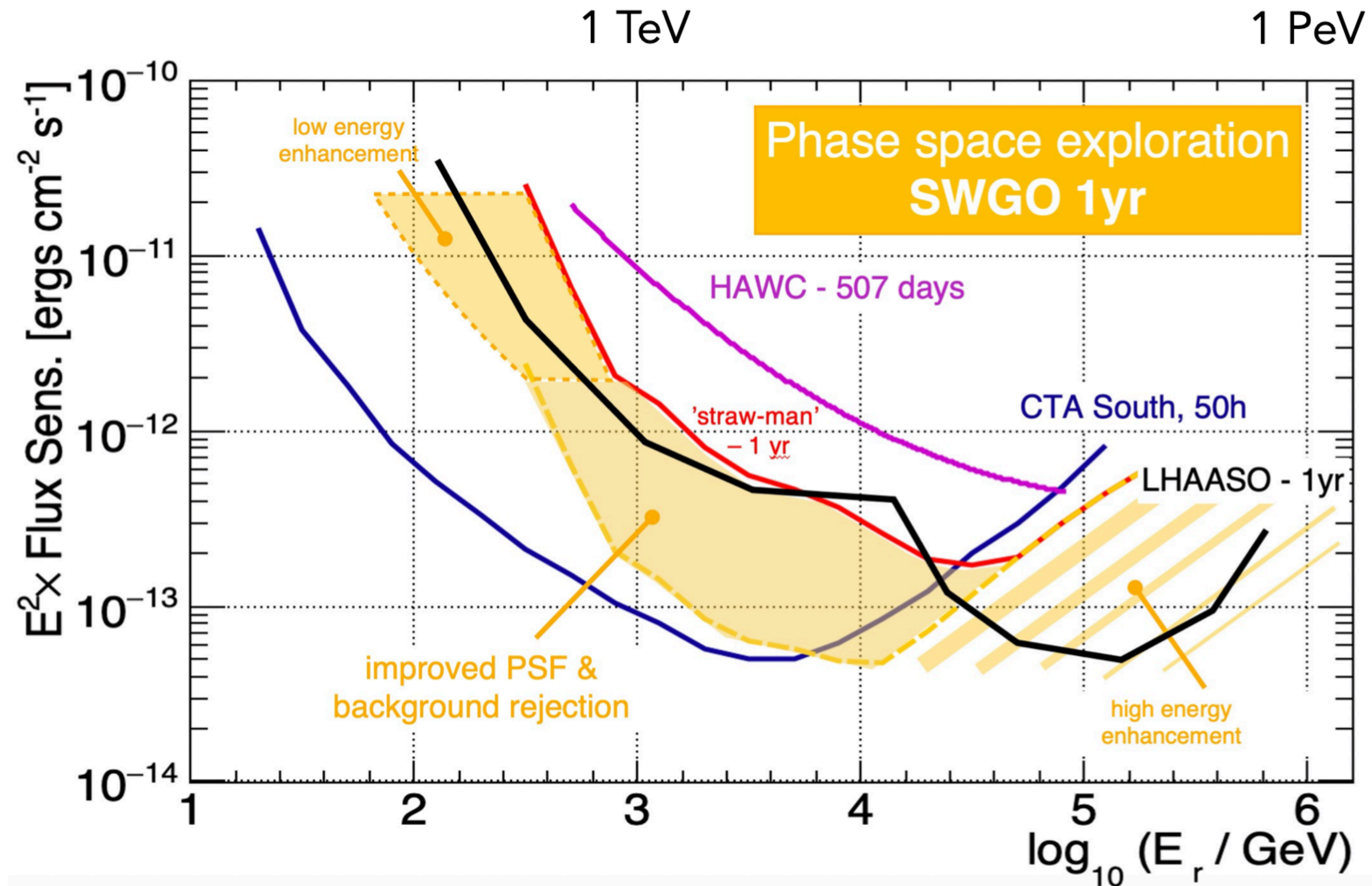


- Use sensible arguments / first studies to make obtain reasonable station concepts
- Test different station concepts
- Test different DLWCD sizes
- Test different PMT sizes

Explore different array layout configurations



Expected Sensitivity



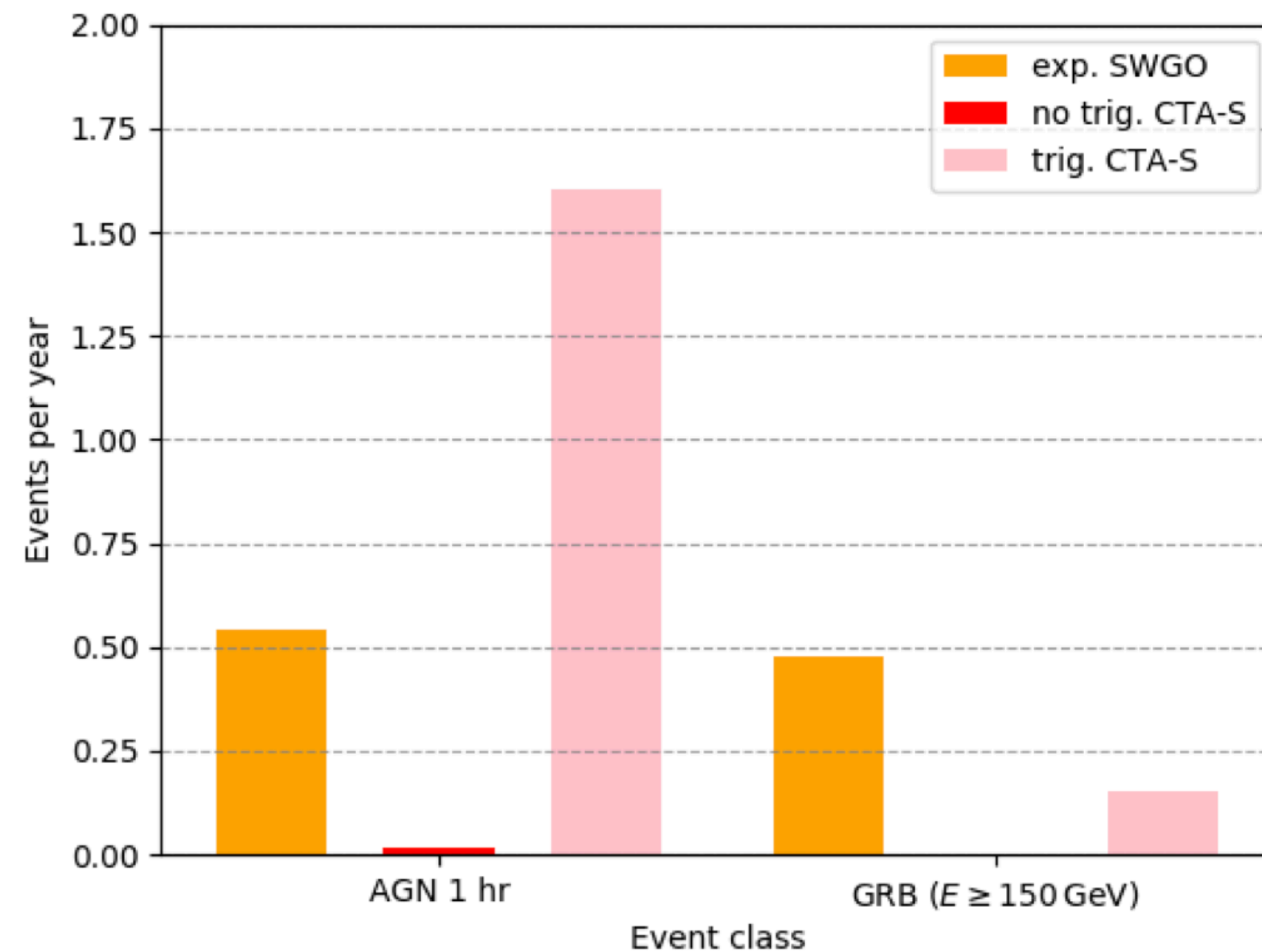
Explore new ideas, detector concepts, array layout configuration to increase the observatory sensitivity

SWGGO activities at LIP

Science

Transient Events

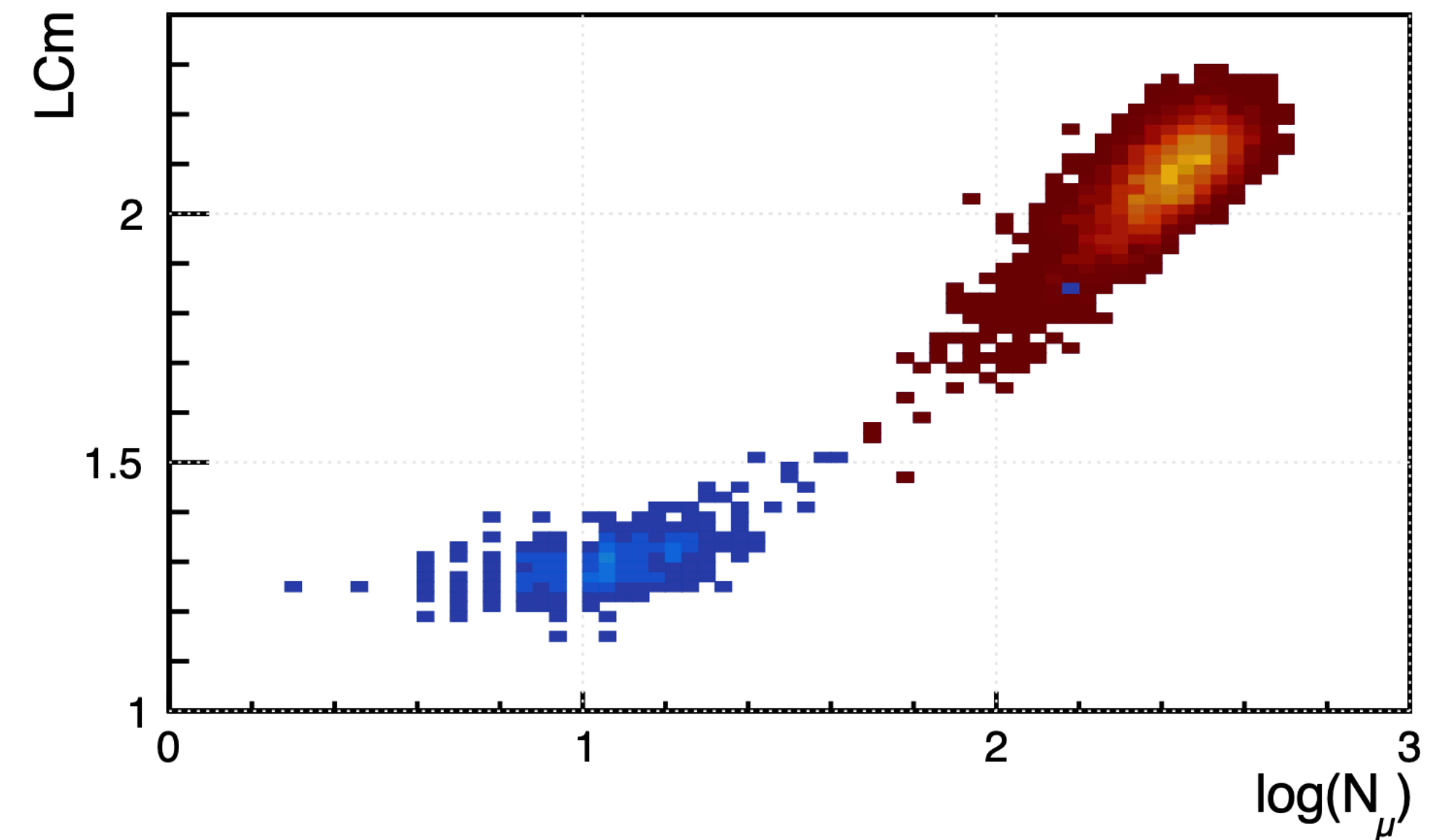
G. La Mura et al, *Mon.Not.Roy.Astron.Soc.*
497 (2020) 3, 3142-3148



SWGGO is a powerful transient detector highly complementary to CTA observations

New gamma/hadron discriminator

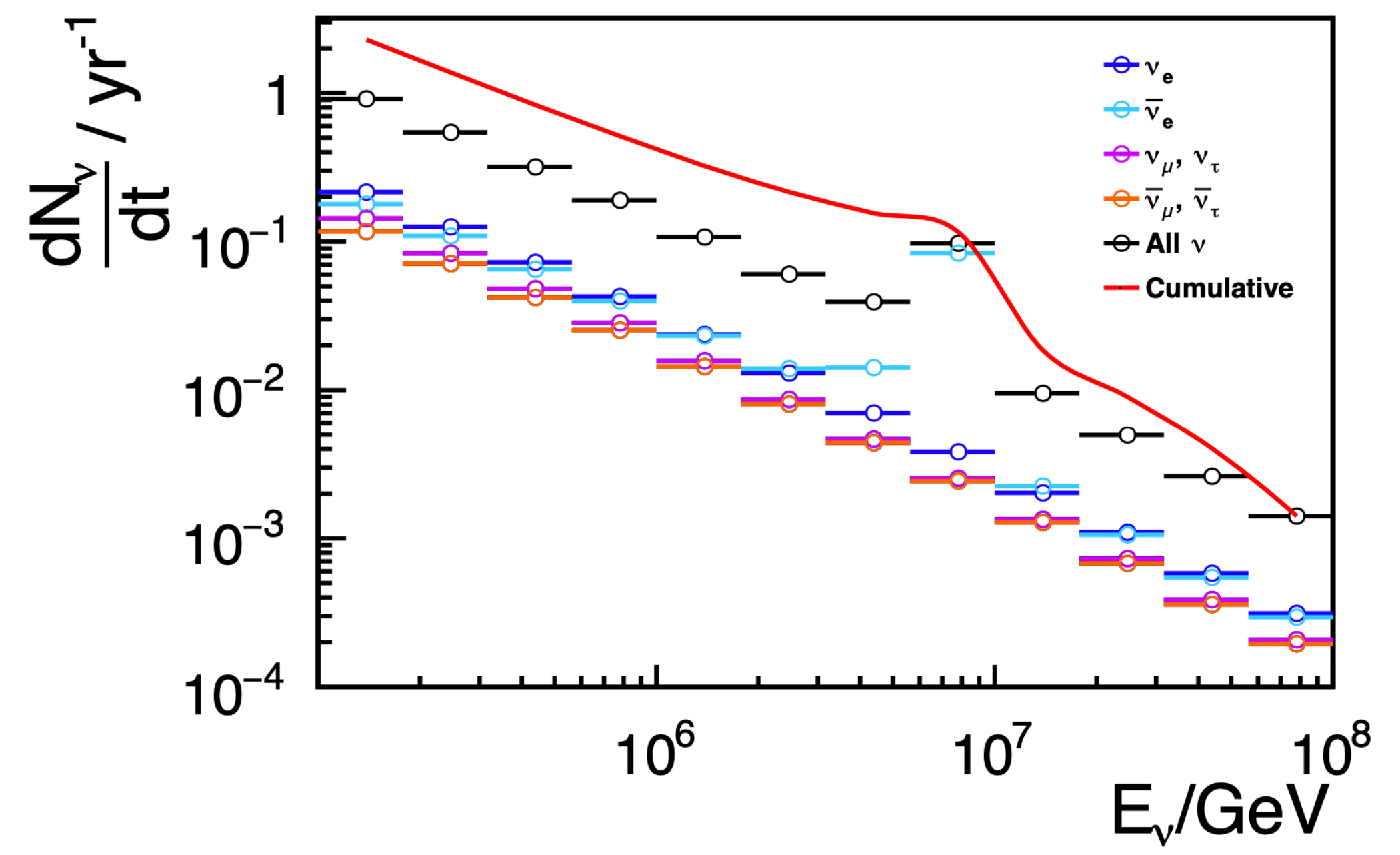
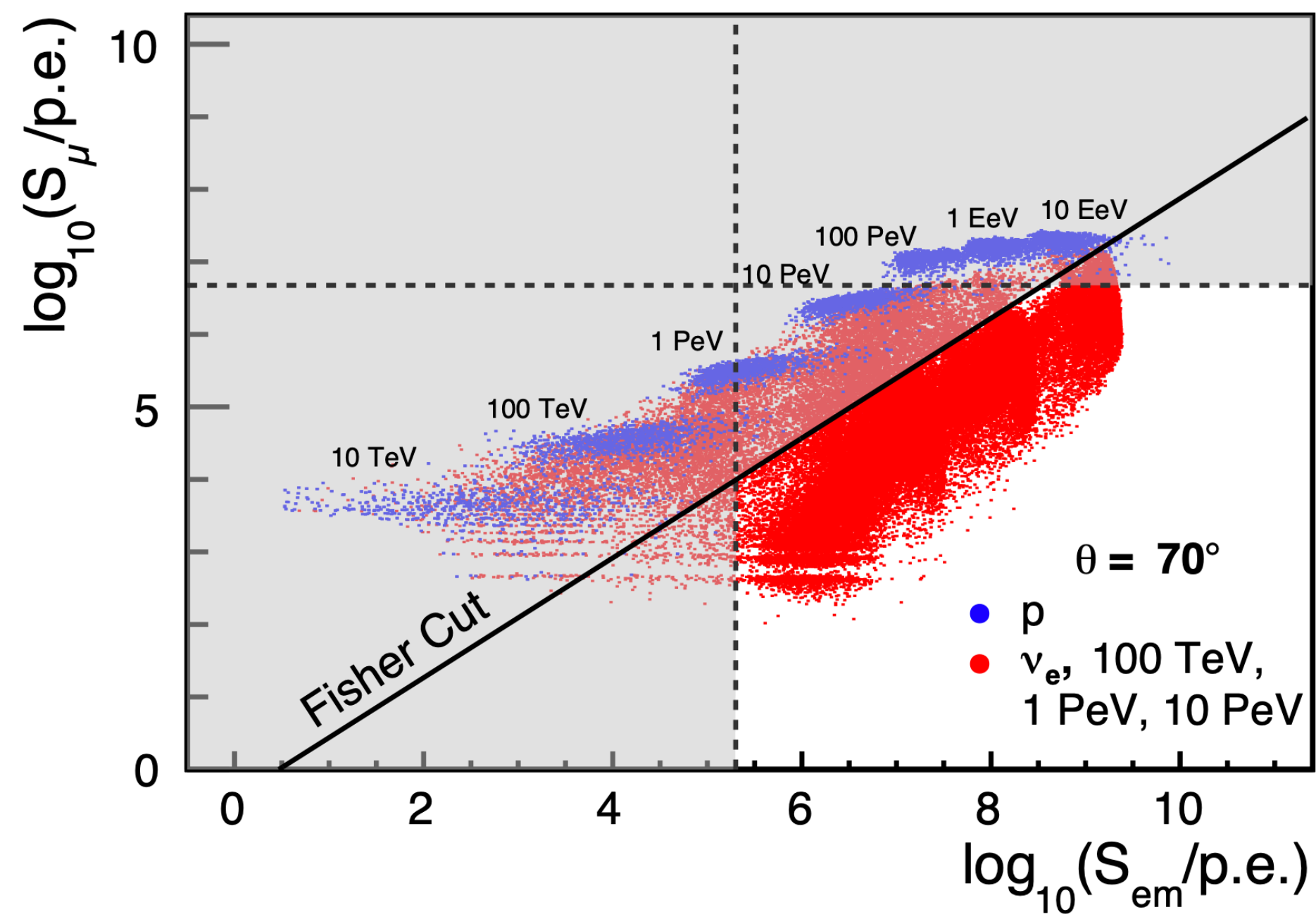
R. Conceição, L. Gibilisco, M. Pimenta, B. Tomé, submitted to JCAP



The azimuthal asymmetry of the shower ground pattern can be exploited as a g/h discriminator

Sensitivity to Astrophysical Neutrinos exploring inclined showers

J. Alvarez-Muñiz, R. Conceição, P. Costa, M. Pimenta, B. Tomé, to be submitted to PRD in the coming days



An experiment such as SWGO would be able to detect around 2 neutrinos with $E > 100$ TeV per year

Detector concept + Reconstruction

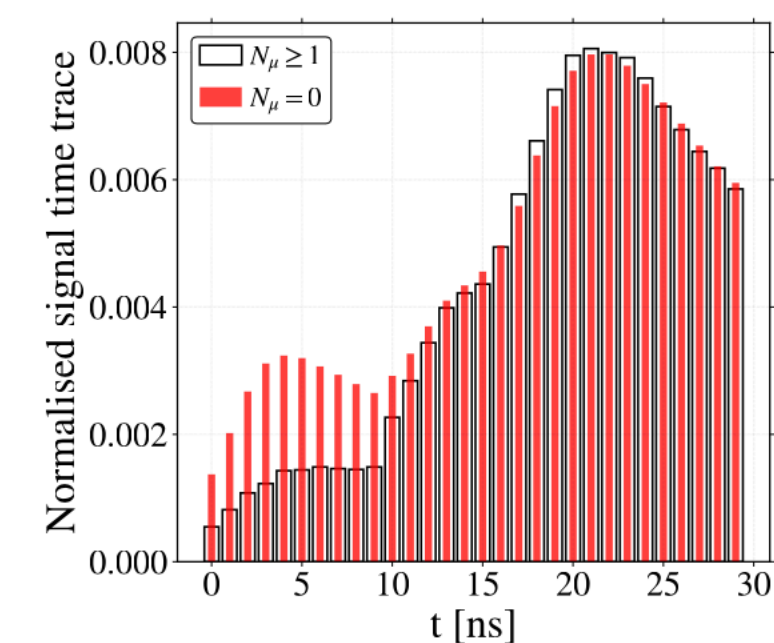
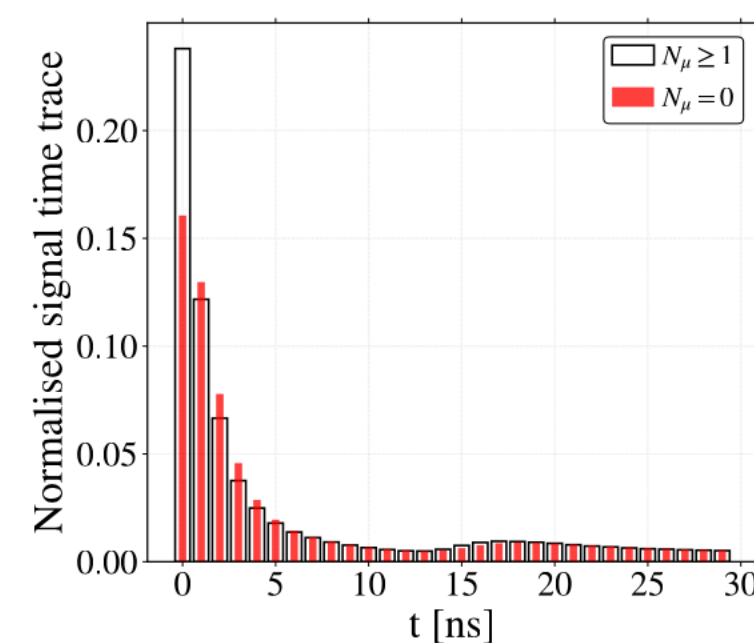
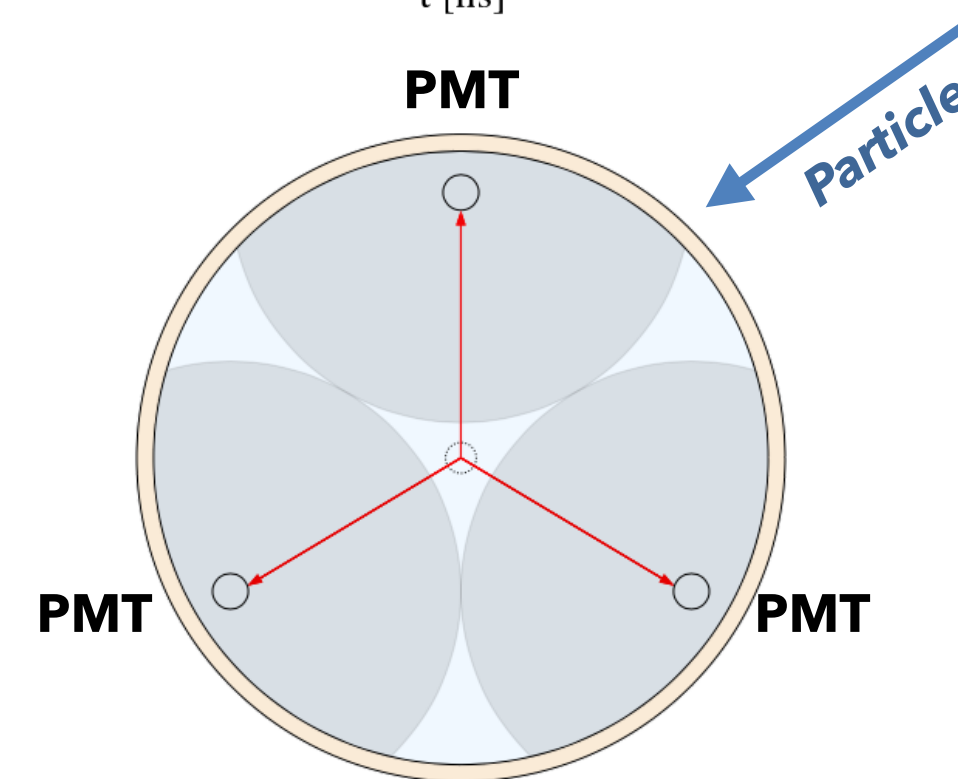
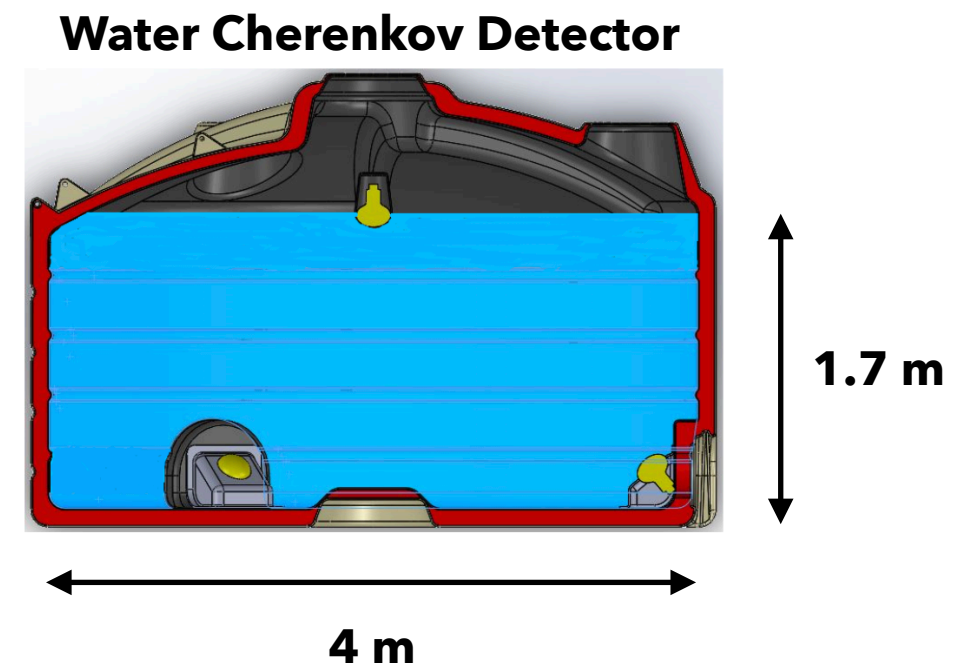
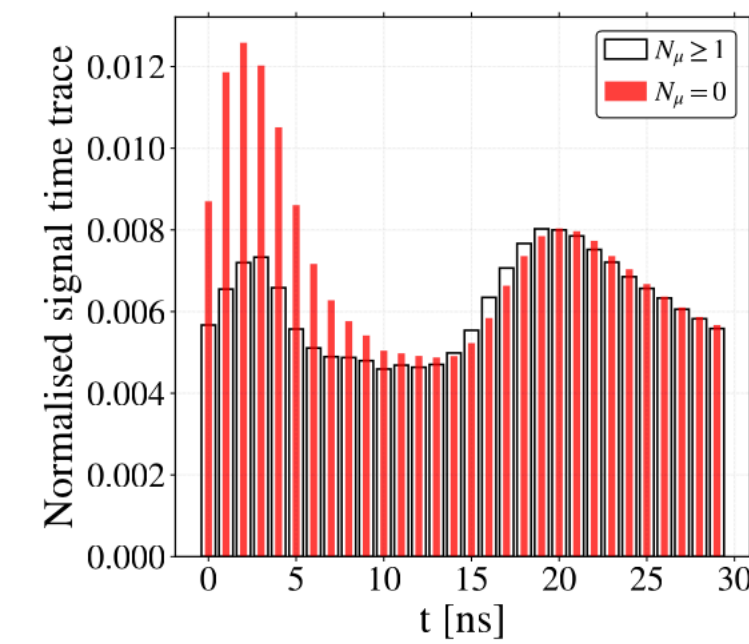
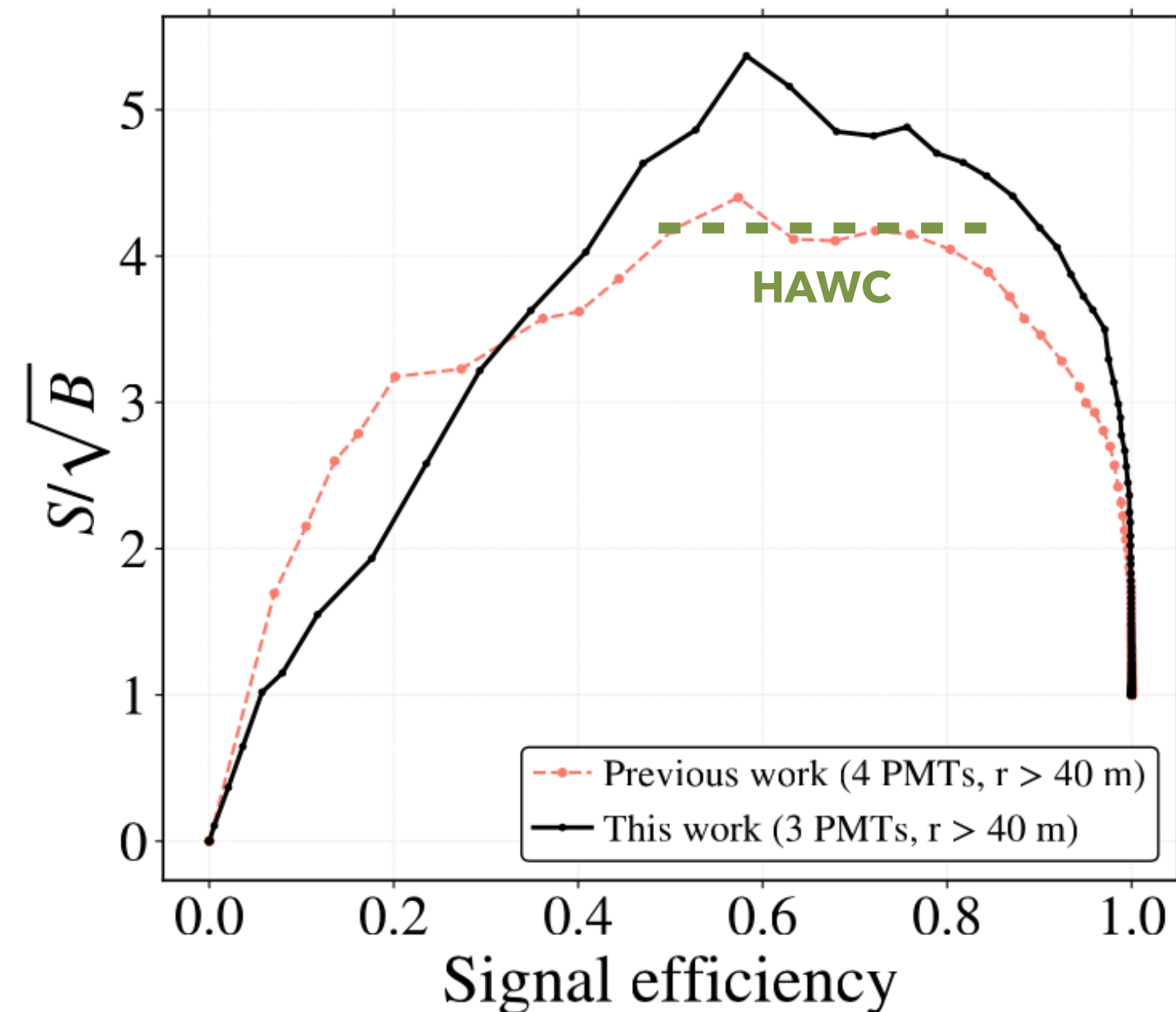
- ⊙ **4 PMTs + ML analysis**

- B. S. González et al, Eur.Phys.J.C 81 (2021) 6, 542

- ⊙ **Mercedes station (3 PMTs) + ML analysis**

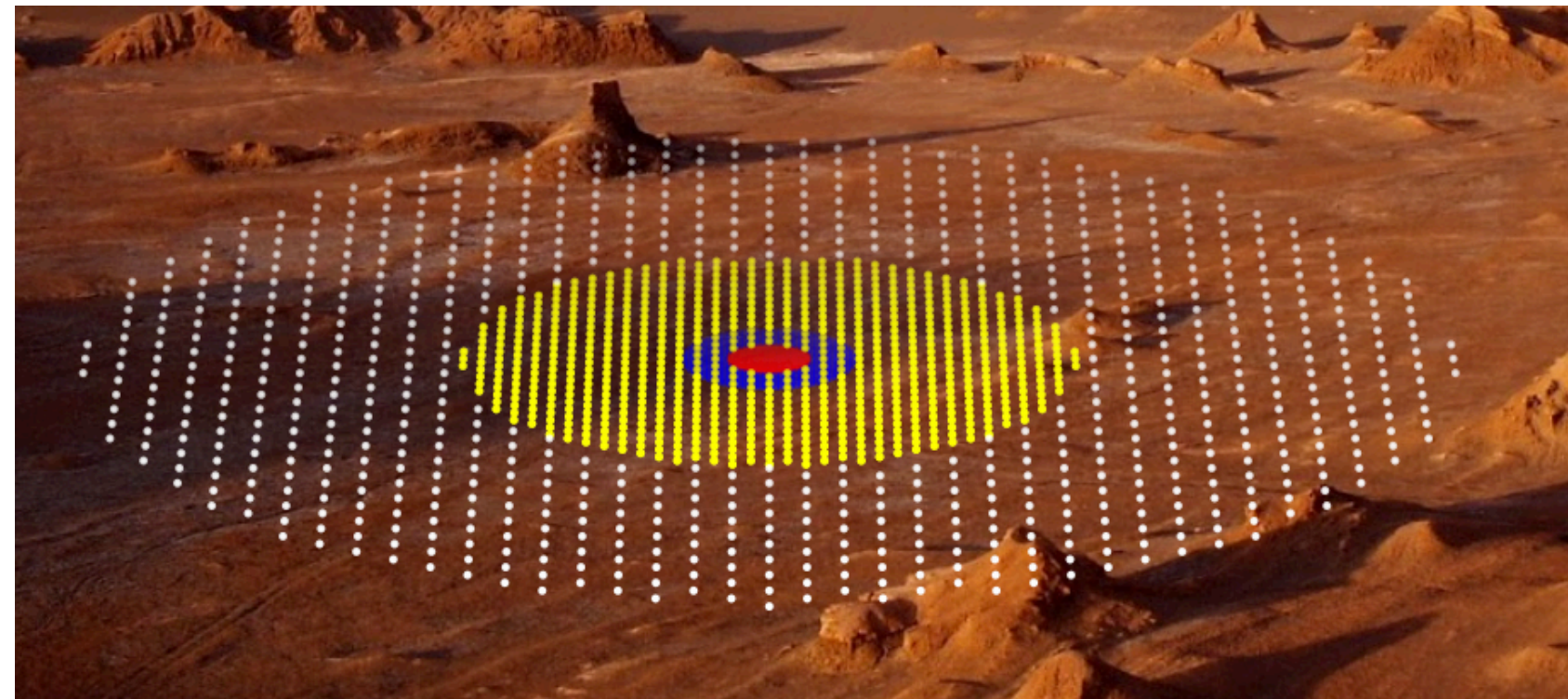
- 4 m diameter - 1.7 m height
 - Submitted to EPJC

Excellent gamma/hadron discrimination capability

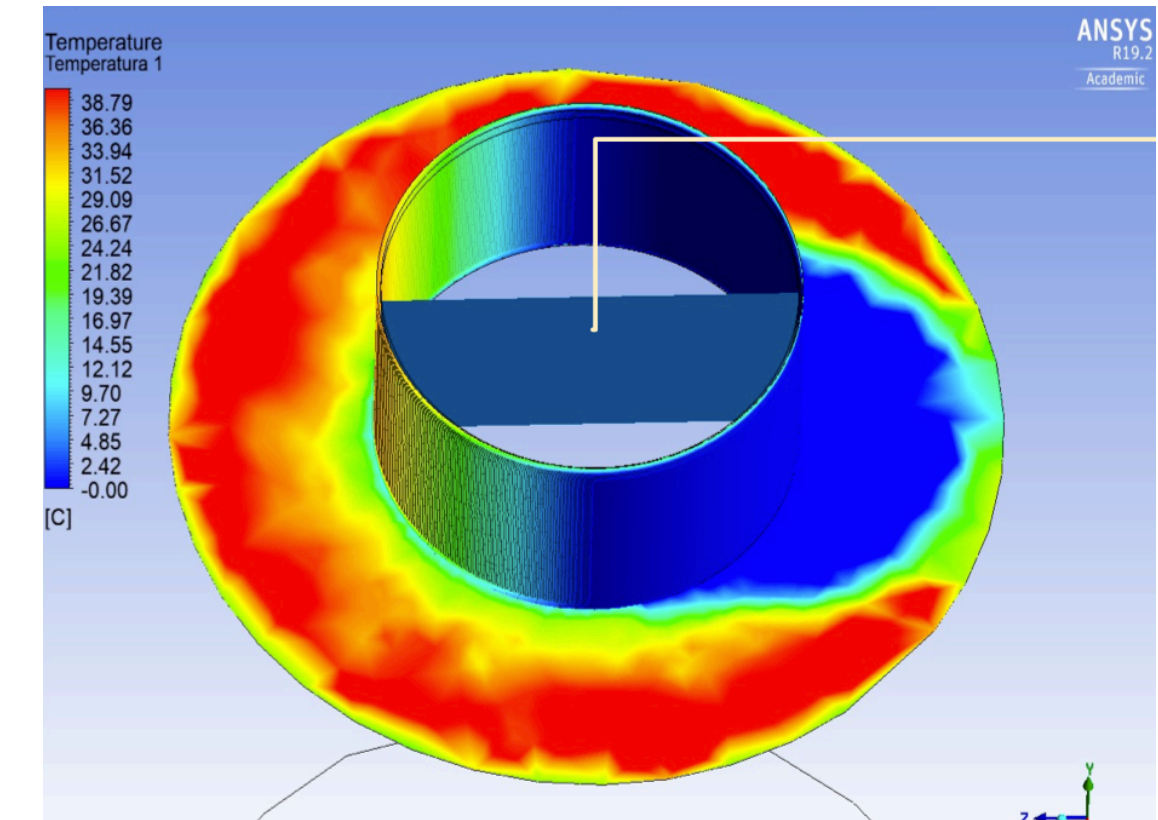


Other activities...

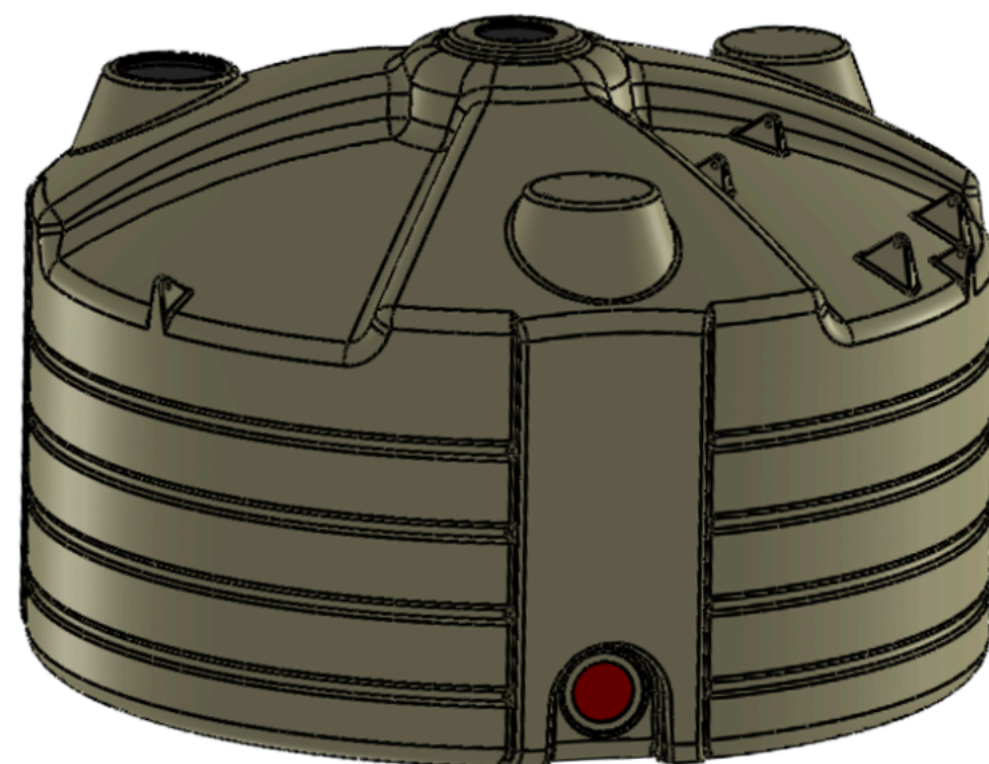
Layout configuration in phases



Thermal Simulations



Detector prototyping and Site procurement



R&D of RPC detectors for calibrations in-situ

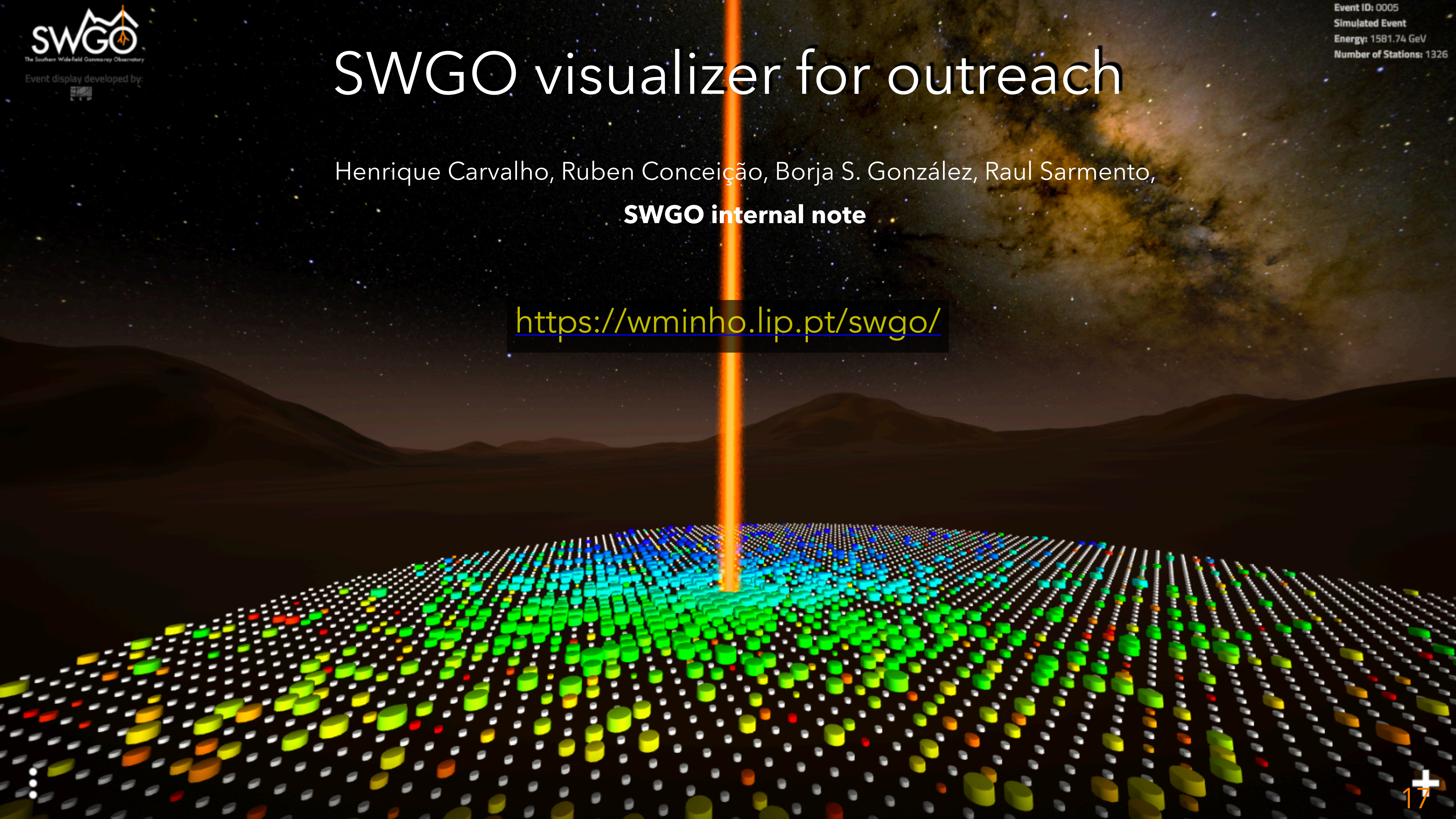


SWGGO visualizer for outreach

Henrique Carvalho, Ruben Conceição, Borja S. González, Raul Sarmento,

SWGGO internal note

<https://wminho.lip.pt/swgo/>



Summary

- ⊙ The Southern Sky needs a wide field VHE-UHE gamma-ray observatory
 - Complete view of the TeV-PeV sky : **complementary to LHAASO** in the Northern hemisphere
 - Monitor the transient sky : **strong synergies with CTA** and the new generation neutrino telescopes
- ⊙ **SWGGO is advancing towards the design and site choices**

Very open for new partners and new ideas

SWGGO collaboration

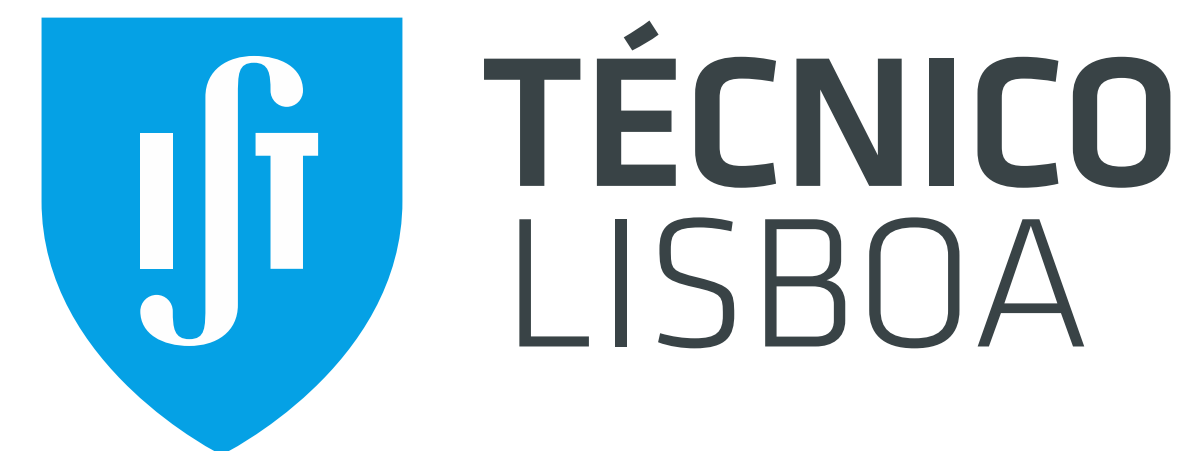
Collaboration Meeting 23-27 May 2022

Participants (from top-left to bottom-right):

- Laura Oliveira Neto, Jim Hinton, Harm Schoorlemmer, Ruben Conceicao, Adrian Rovere, Francesco Longo, Fausto Guarino, Patricia Hansen, Pedro Costa, Jordan Goodman (pehomyhs)
- Ulisses Barros de Almeida, Giovanni La Mura, Christopher van Eijk, smith, Franziika Leitl, ANDRES SANDOVAL ESPINOSA, Brenda Dingus, Eduardo Moreno, Michael Schneider, Talsiya Mineeva
- Fabian Haisl, Andreas Chiavassa, Petra Huertemayer (shahar), edha nuz, Pat, Abel Bernal, Jason Fan, Jose Andres Garcia Gonzalez, Ibrahim Torres, Jose Bellido
- Paula Chadwick, Vikas Joshi, alexandros.deangelis@unipi.it, Michele Perreano, Brian Humensky, Felix Werner, Peter Mazur, Hao Zhou, JOSE RUBEN ALFARO MOLINA, Hugo
- Elijah Wilson, Humberto Martinez Huerta, Richard White, Marcos Santander, Rodrigo Guedes Lang, Alison Michel, Lukas Nellen, Rhannon Turner, Matei Rute, Jesus Martinez
- Borja S. Gonzalez, Giovanni Giacchi, Hazel Gokul, Michele Donn, Xiaojie Wang, Bernardo Tomé, Mário João Pimenta, Muhammad Waqar, Lucio Gibilisco, Luis Ottiano

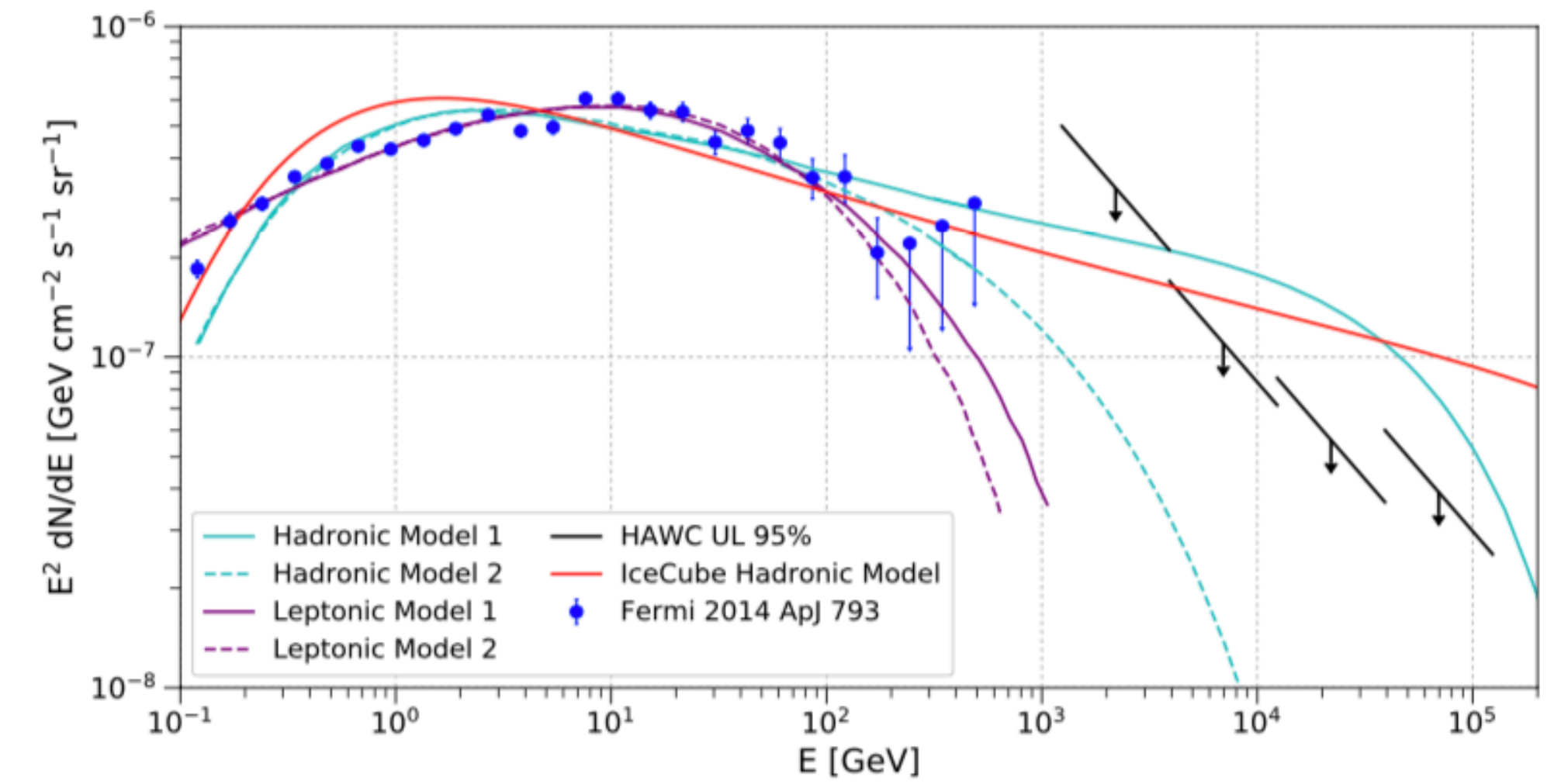
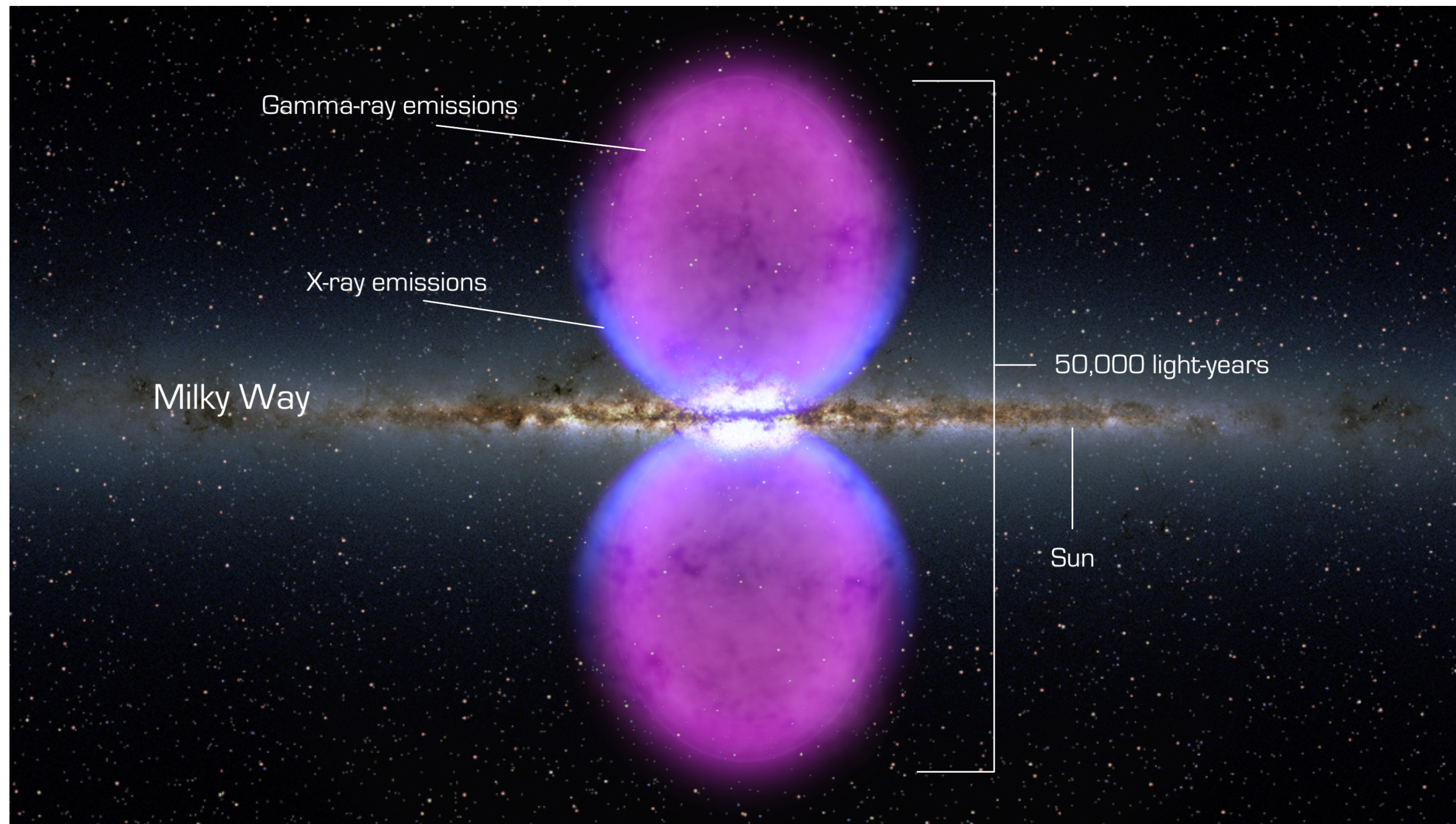
 The Southern Wide-field Gamma-ray Observatory

Acknowledgements

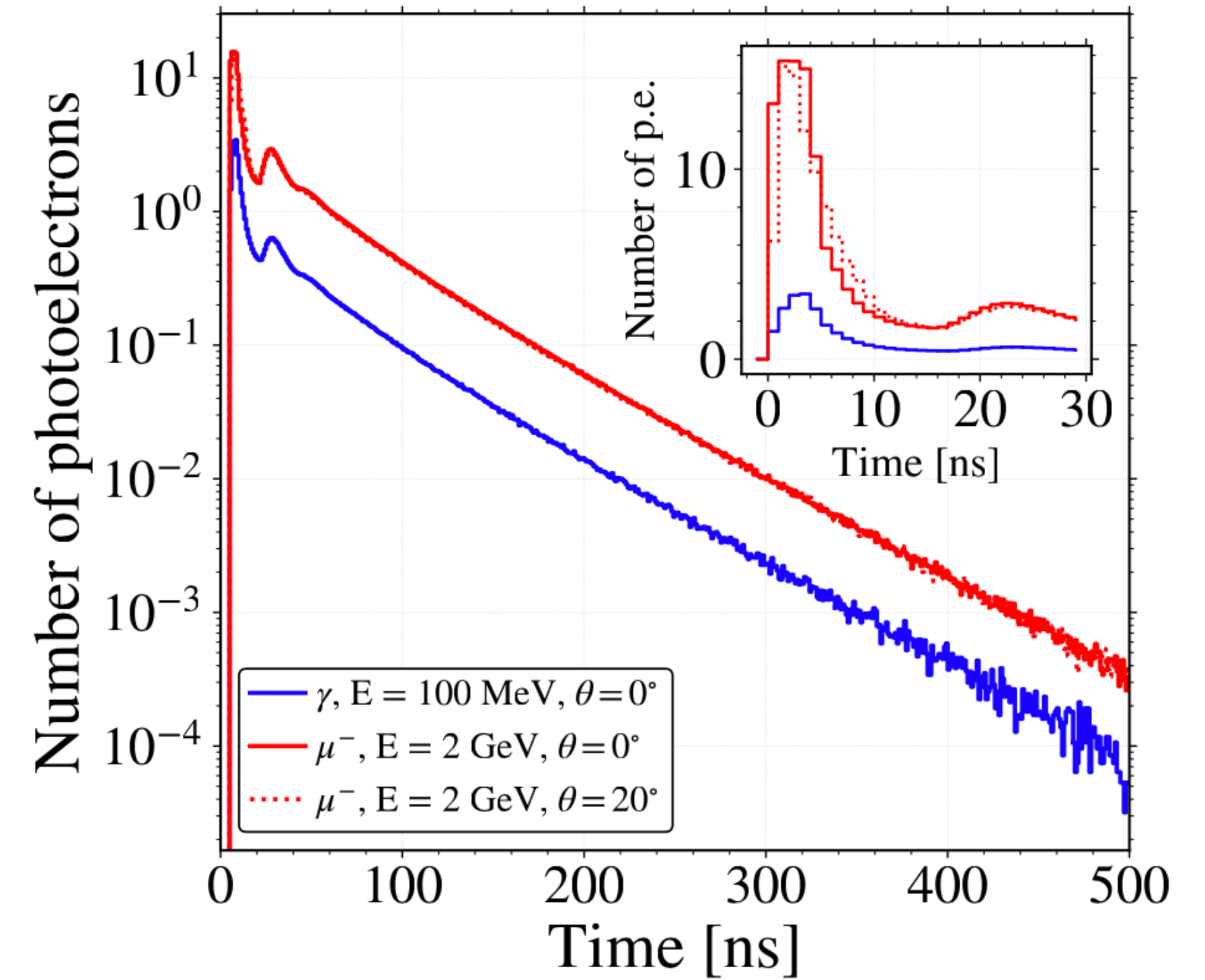
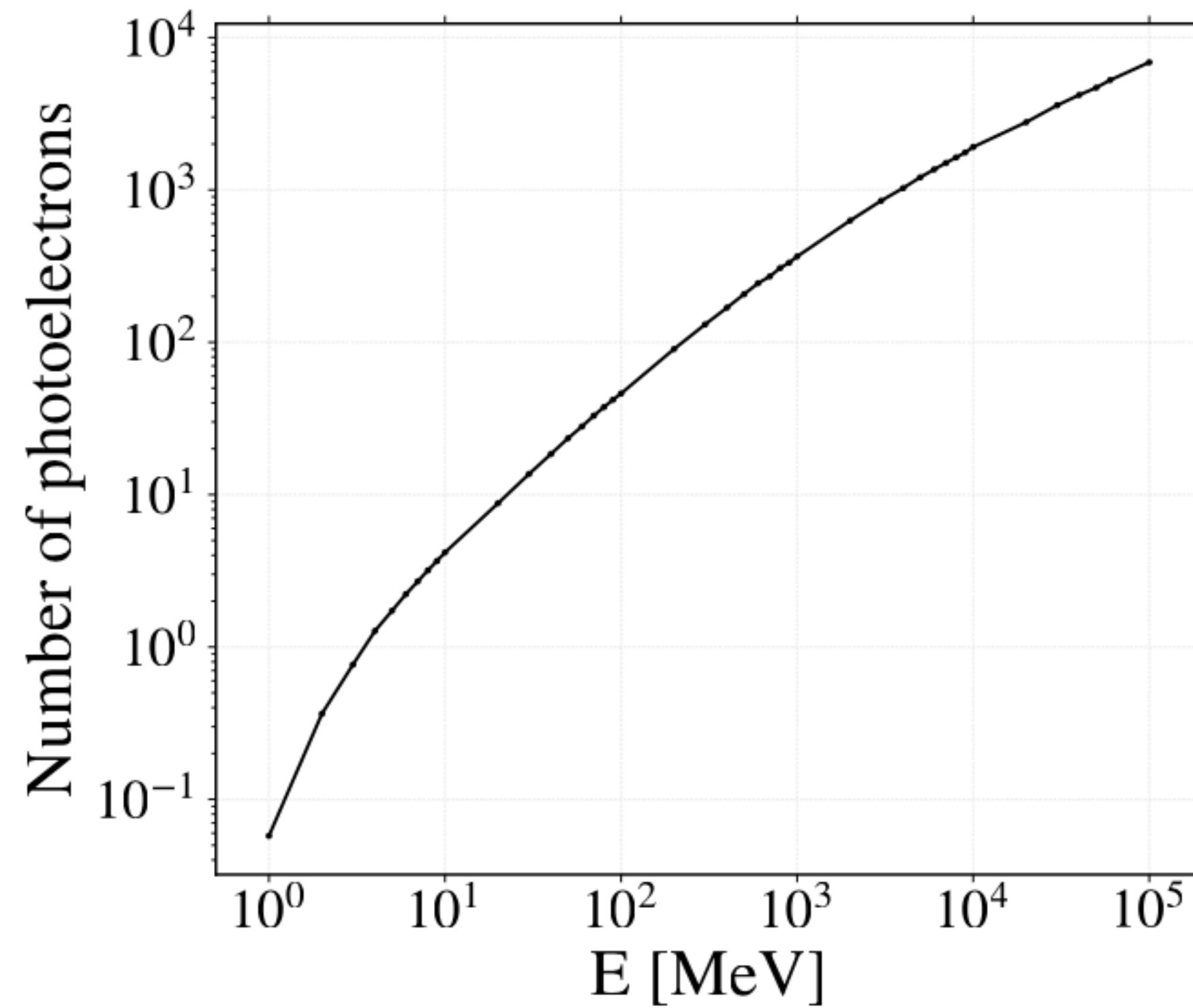


BACKUP SLIDES

Fermi Bubbles

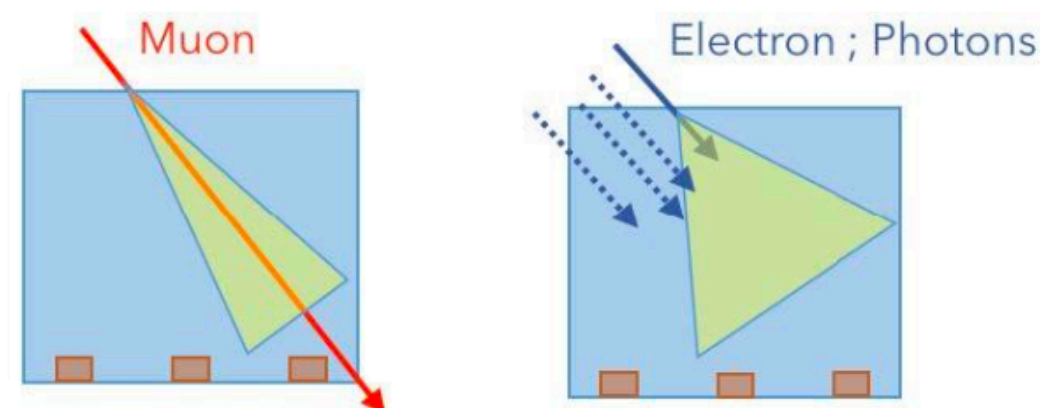
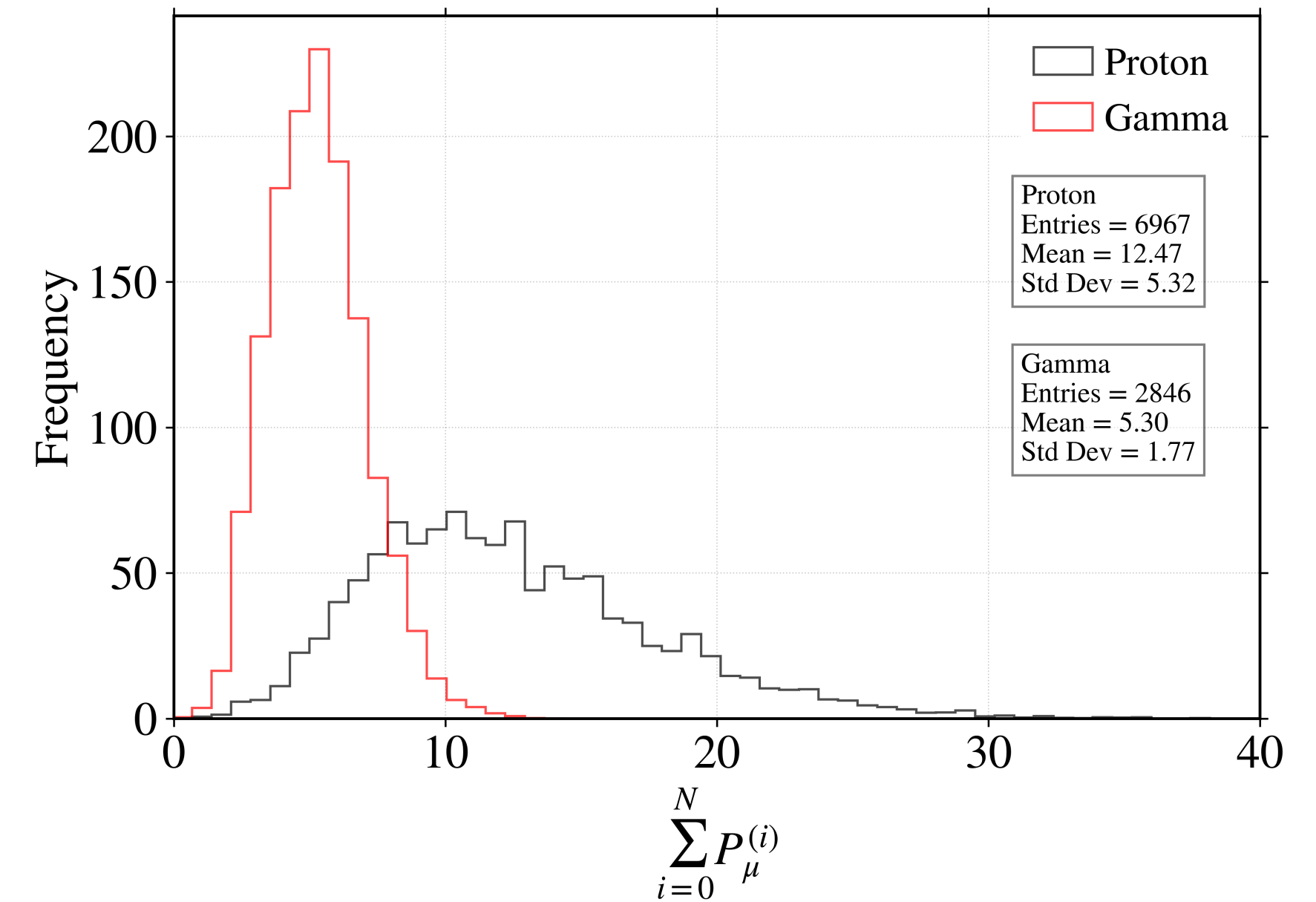
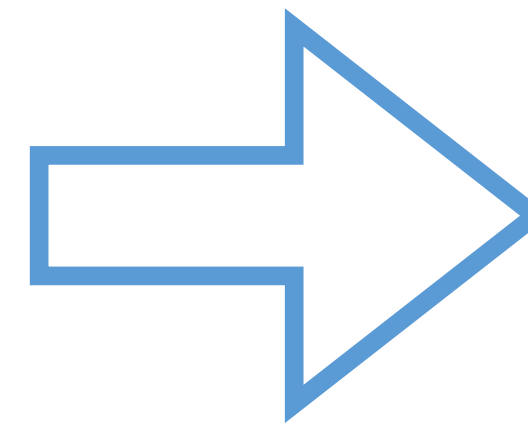
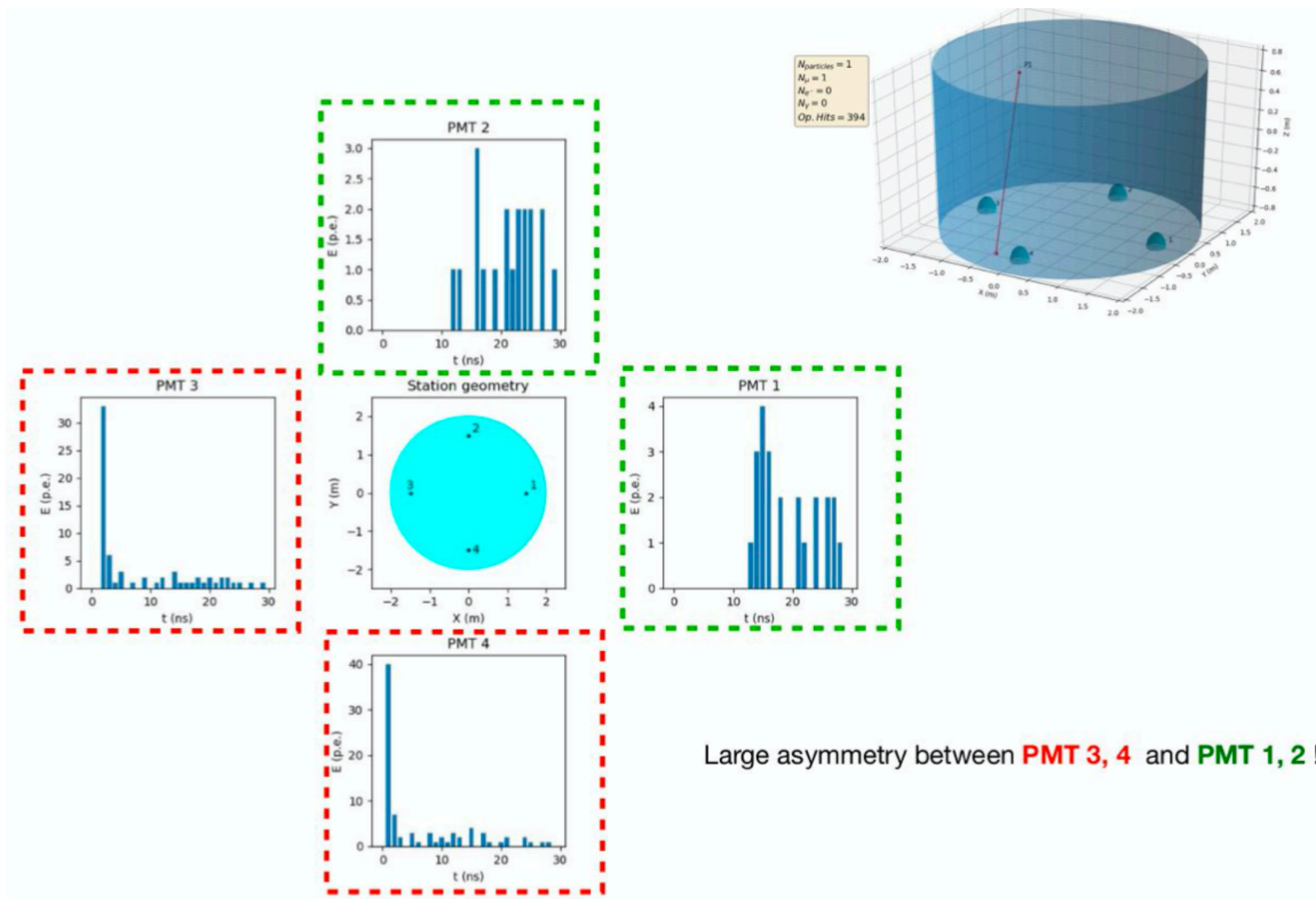


Mercedes Station



Muon tagging

✧ Explore signal asymmetry between PMTs using a Neural Network

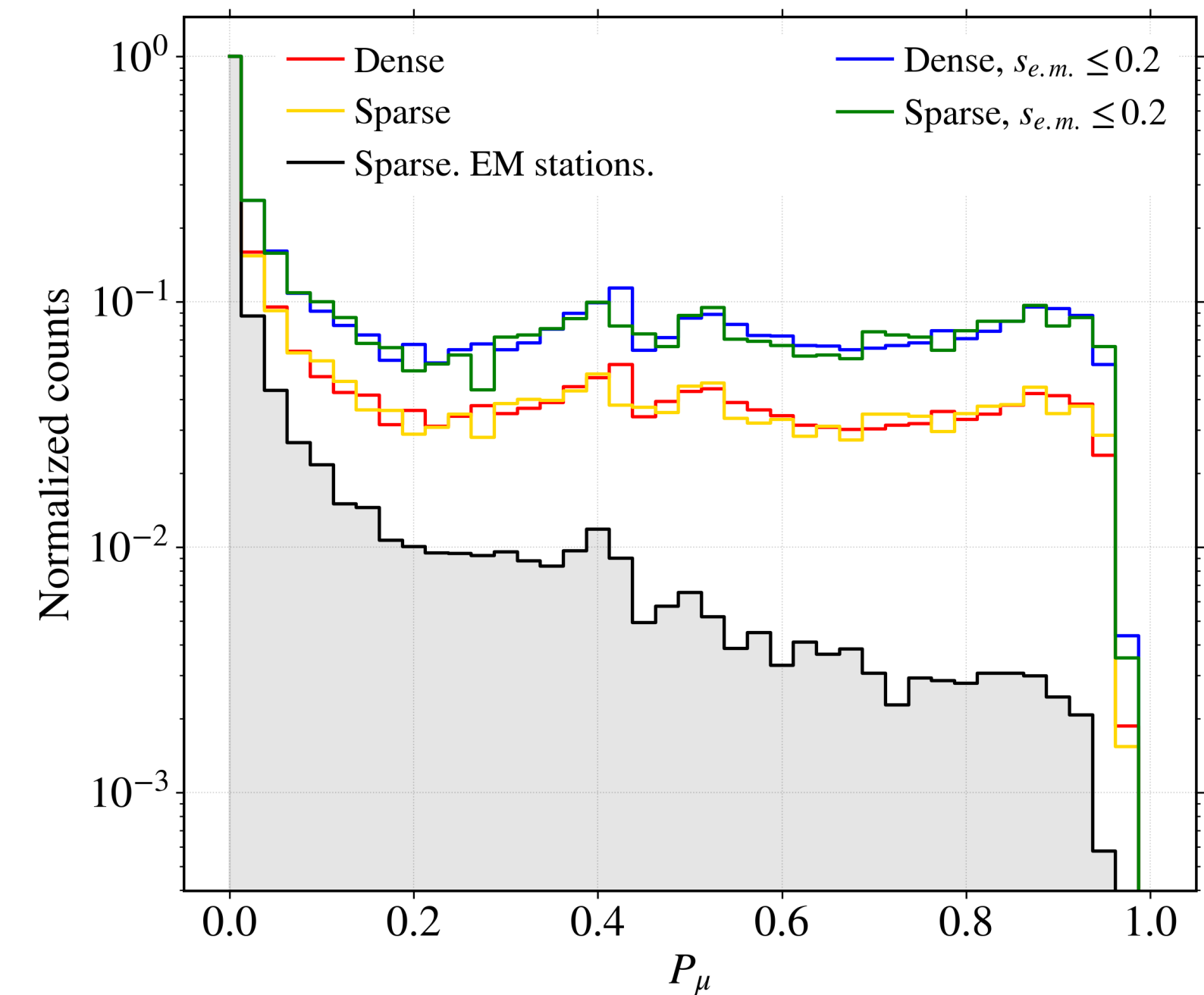
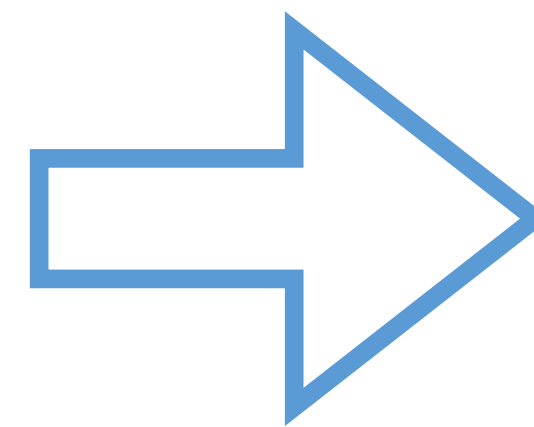
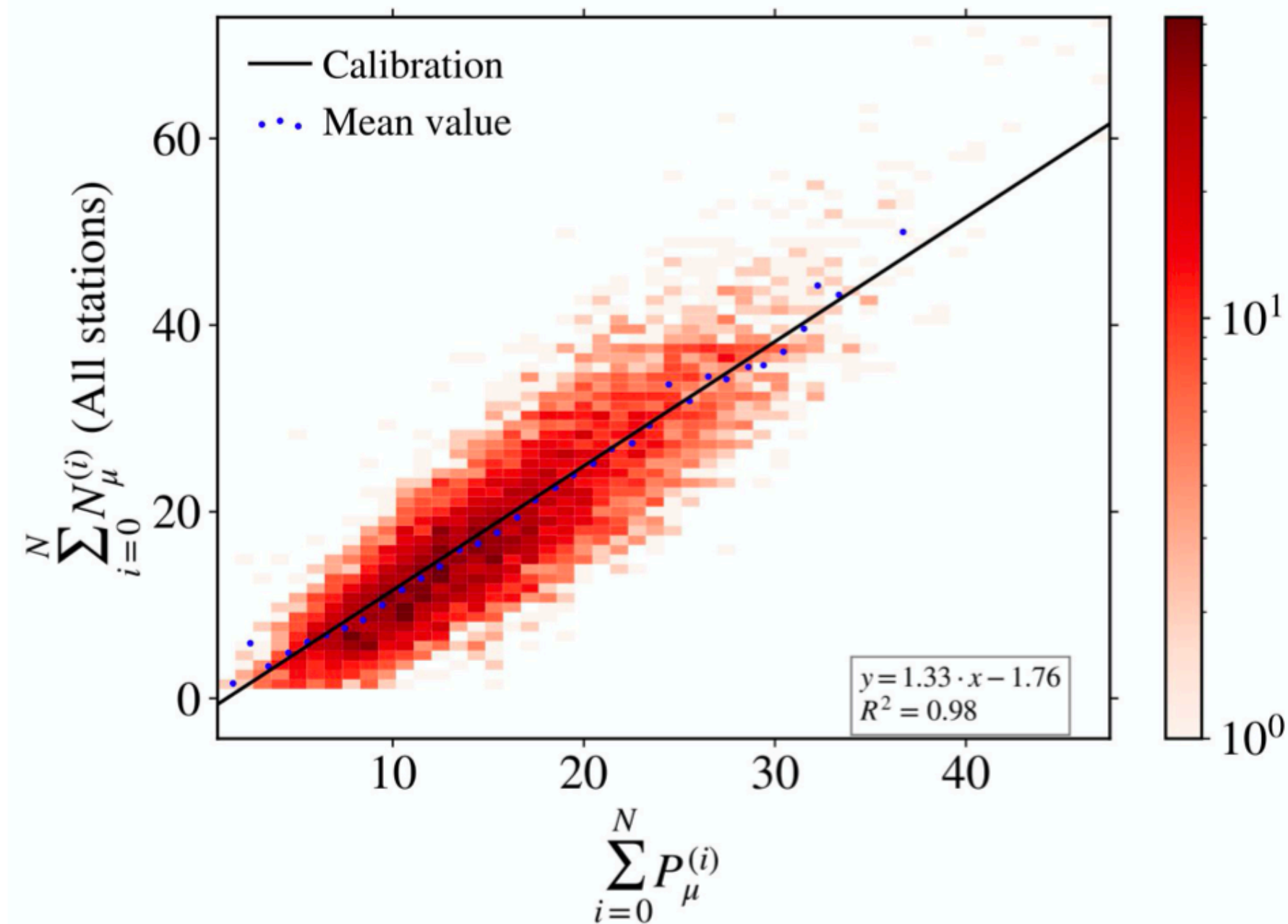


Good gamma/hadron discrimination at $E \sim 1\text{TeV}$
 $S/\sqrt{B} \sim 4$ (similar to LATTES and HAWC)

Dense vs. Sparse array

B. Serrano Gonzalez talk, A&S session

- ✧ Explore signal asymmetry between PMTs using a Neural Network



Sensitive to the overall number of muons in the shower event

Sparse vs. Dense array with similar performances