

BSM Higgs Flavoured Correlations

by **Arturo de Giorgi** (Madrid, IFT)

based on **2109.07490** - *JHEP* 05 (2022)

in collaboration with J. Alonso-Gonzalez (Madrid, IFT), L. Merlo (Madrid, IFT), S. Pokorski (Warsaw U.)

Contribution to: *LHC Higgs Working Group - Common WG2 and WG3 - CP violation and Higgs Sector*

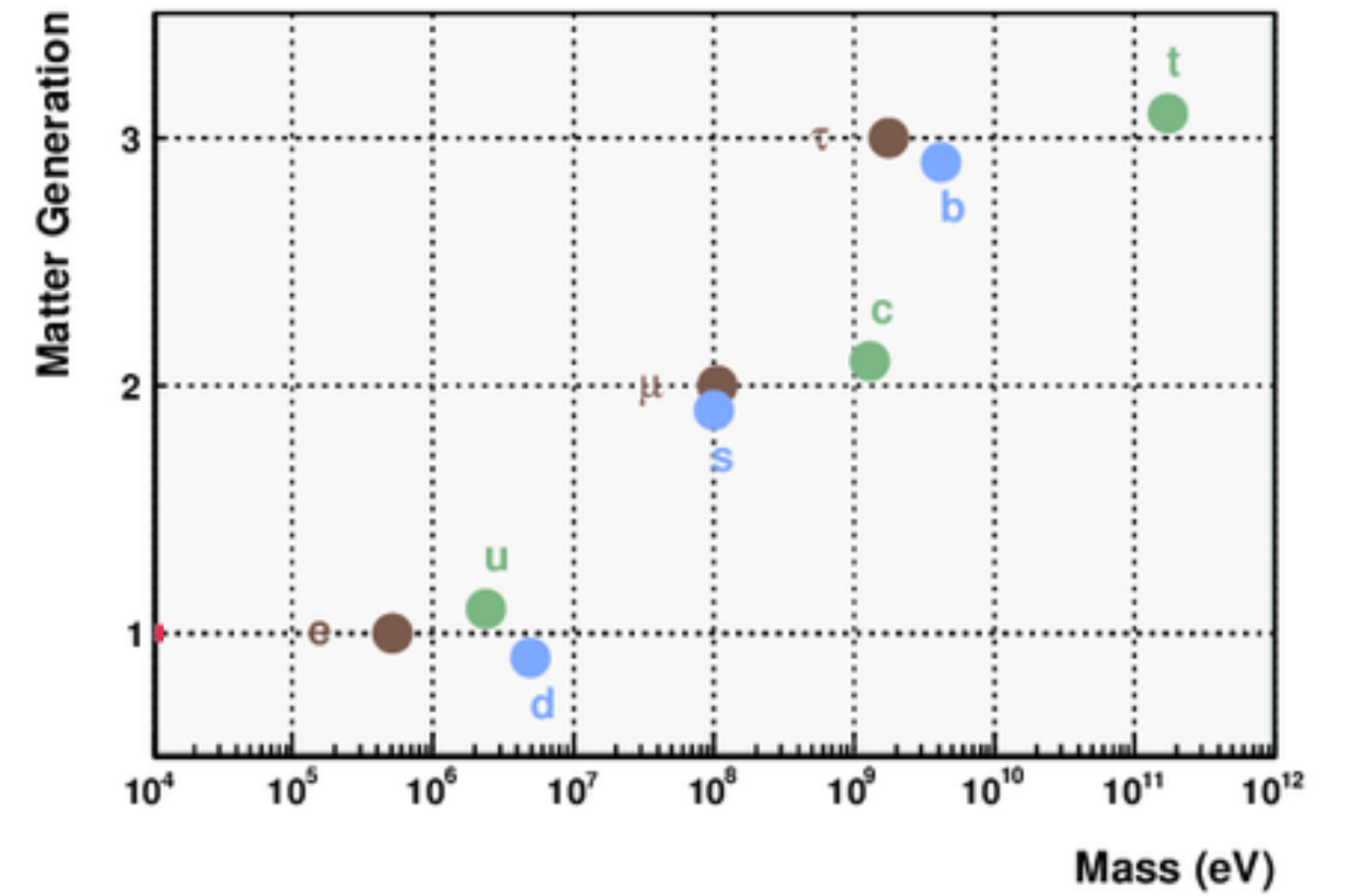
June 23, 2022



Motivation

1. **SM Flavour-puzzle:** lack of explanation for masses **hierarchy** in the SM

⇒ is there a deeper **underlying theory**? What would its **consequences** imply?

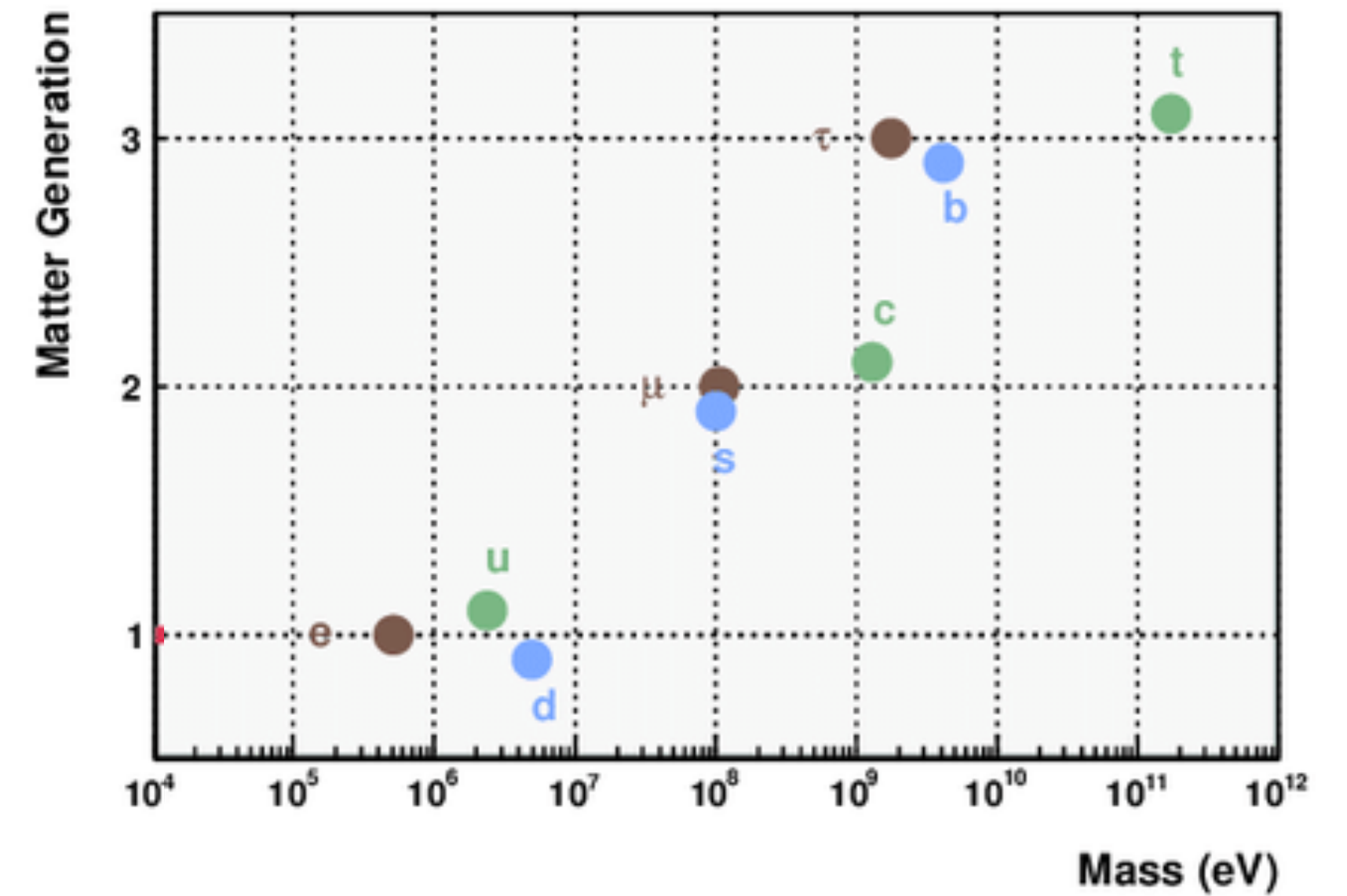


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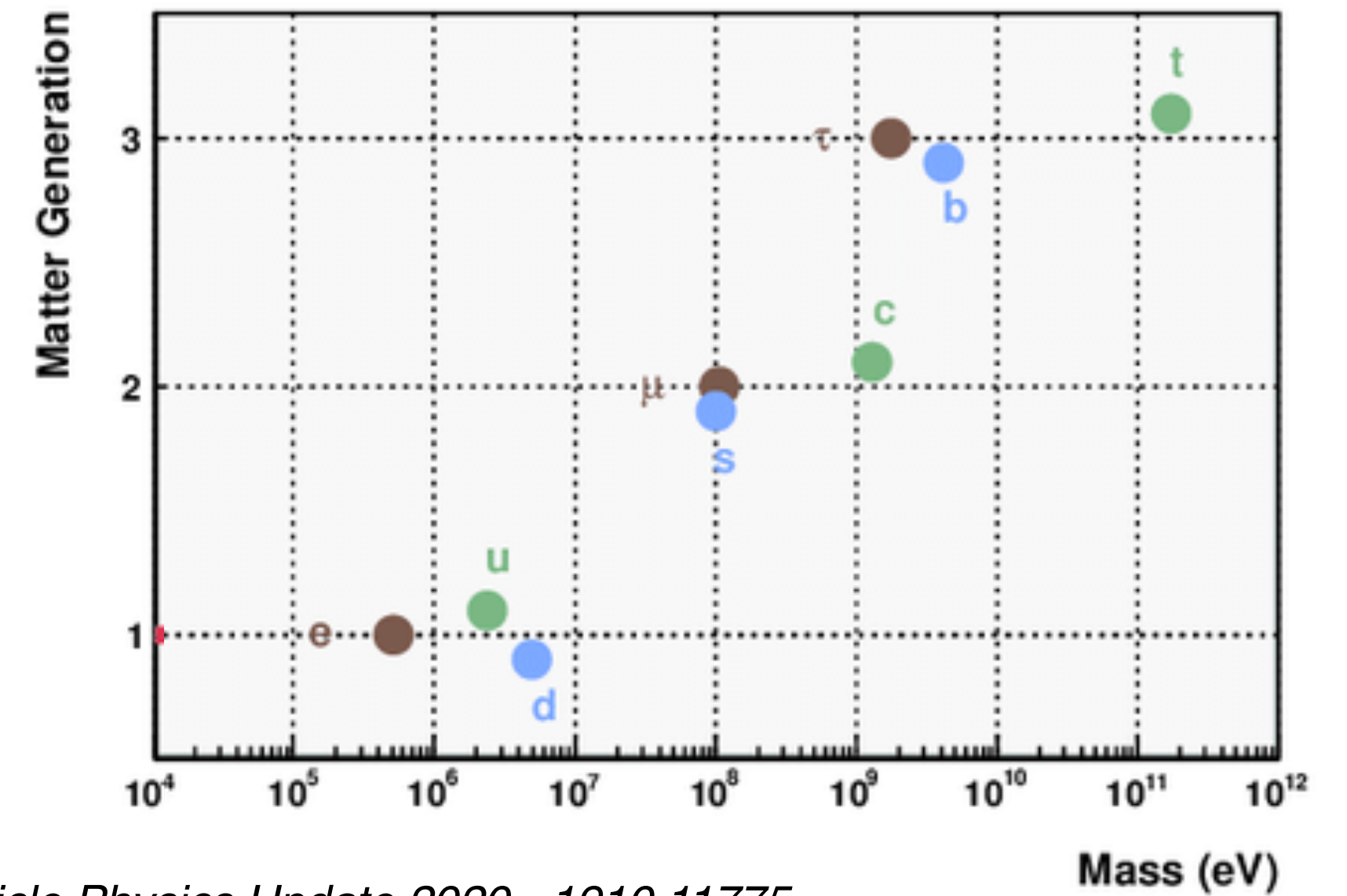


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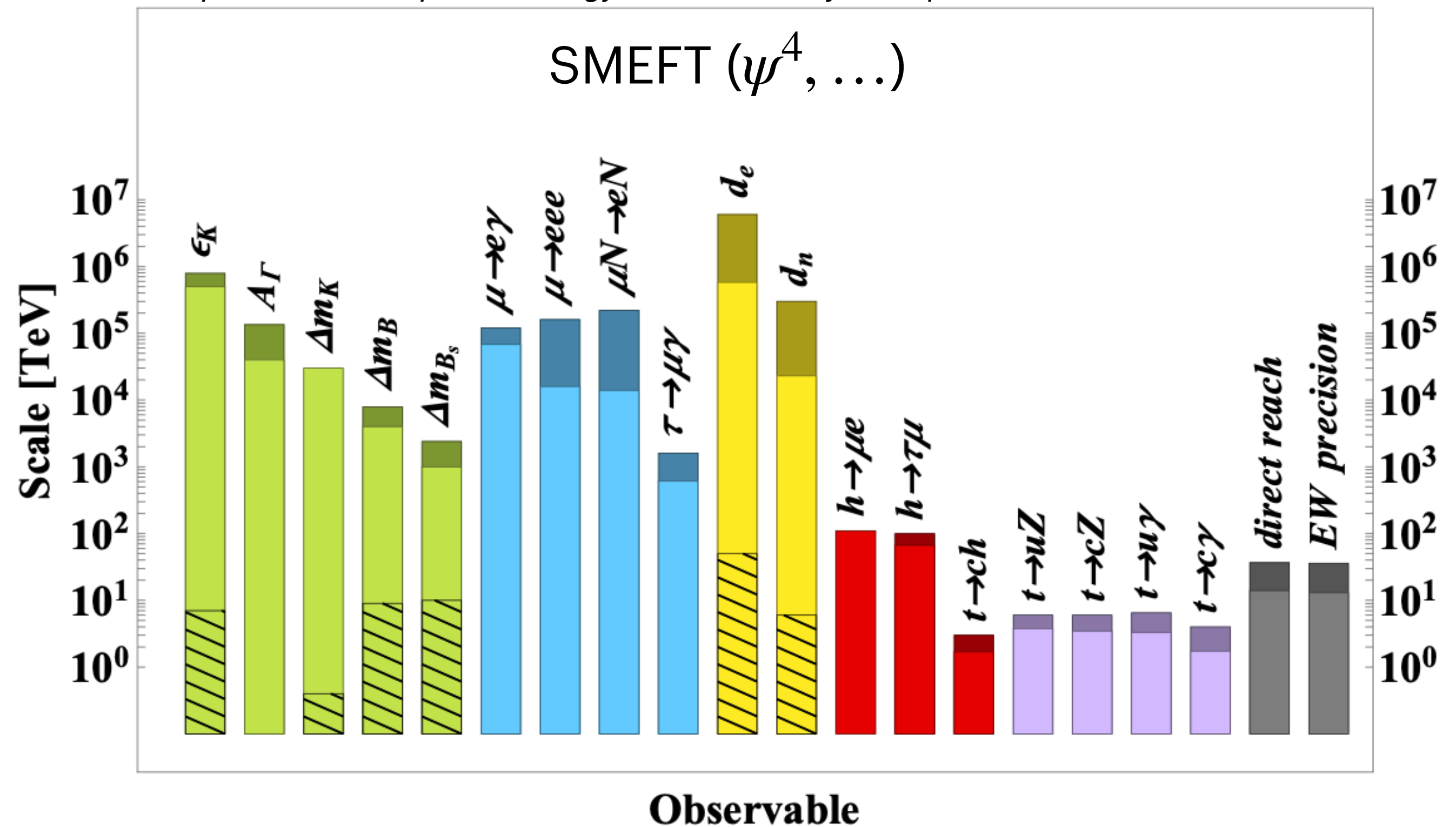
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Input for the European Strategy for Particle Physics Update 2020 - 1910.11775

2. Many different experimental **searches** probing different types of physics at different energy scales

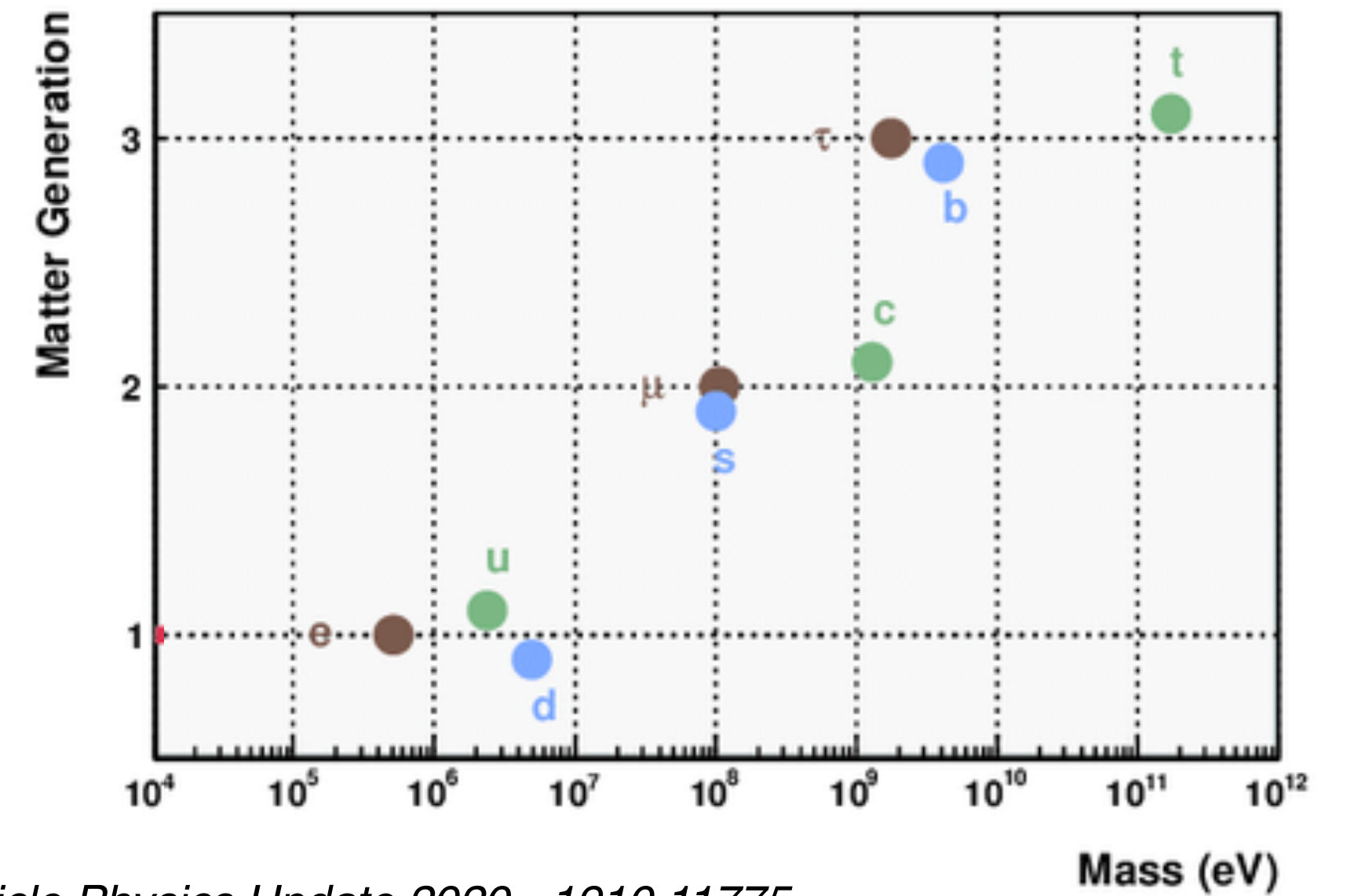


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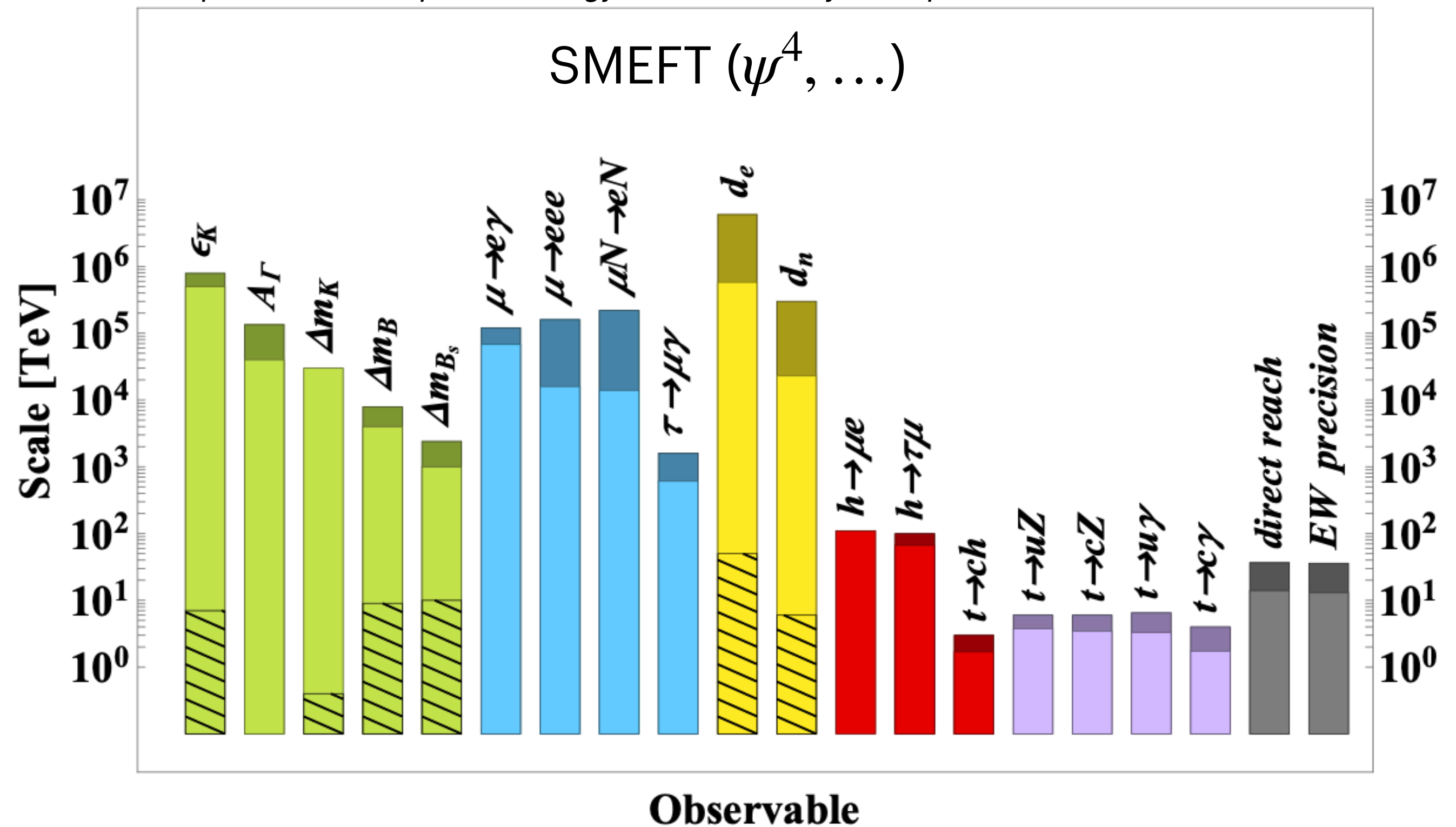


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Let's be transparent!

Focus on Higgs (FV) couplings:
"Proof of Principle"

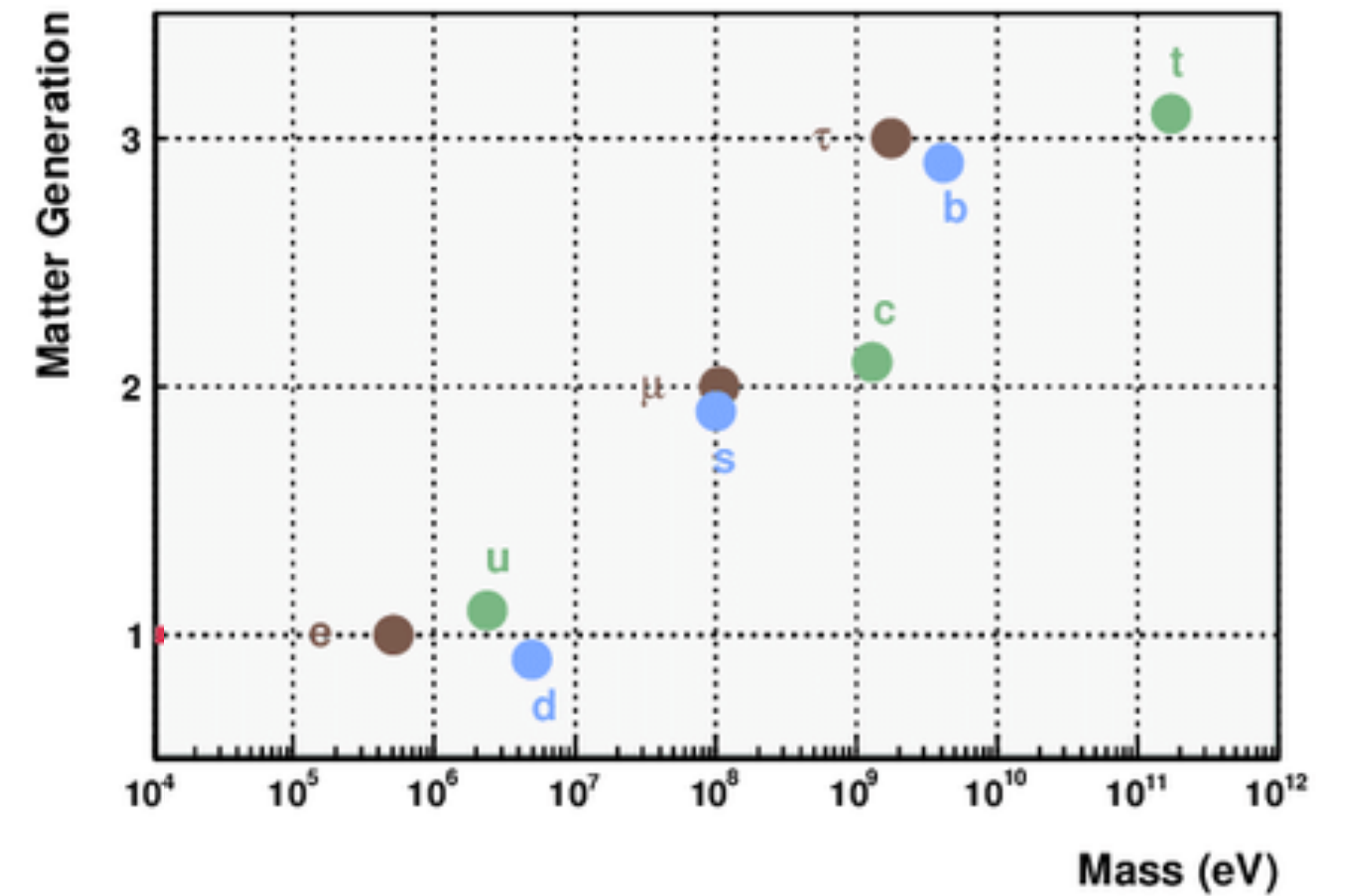
Conclusions can be generalised!



Motivation

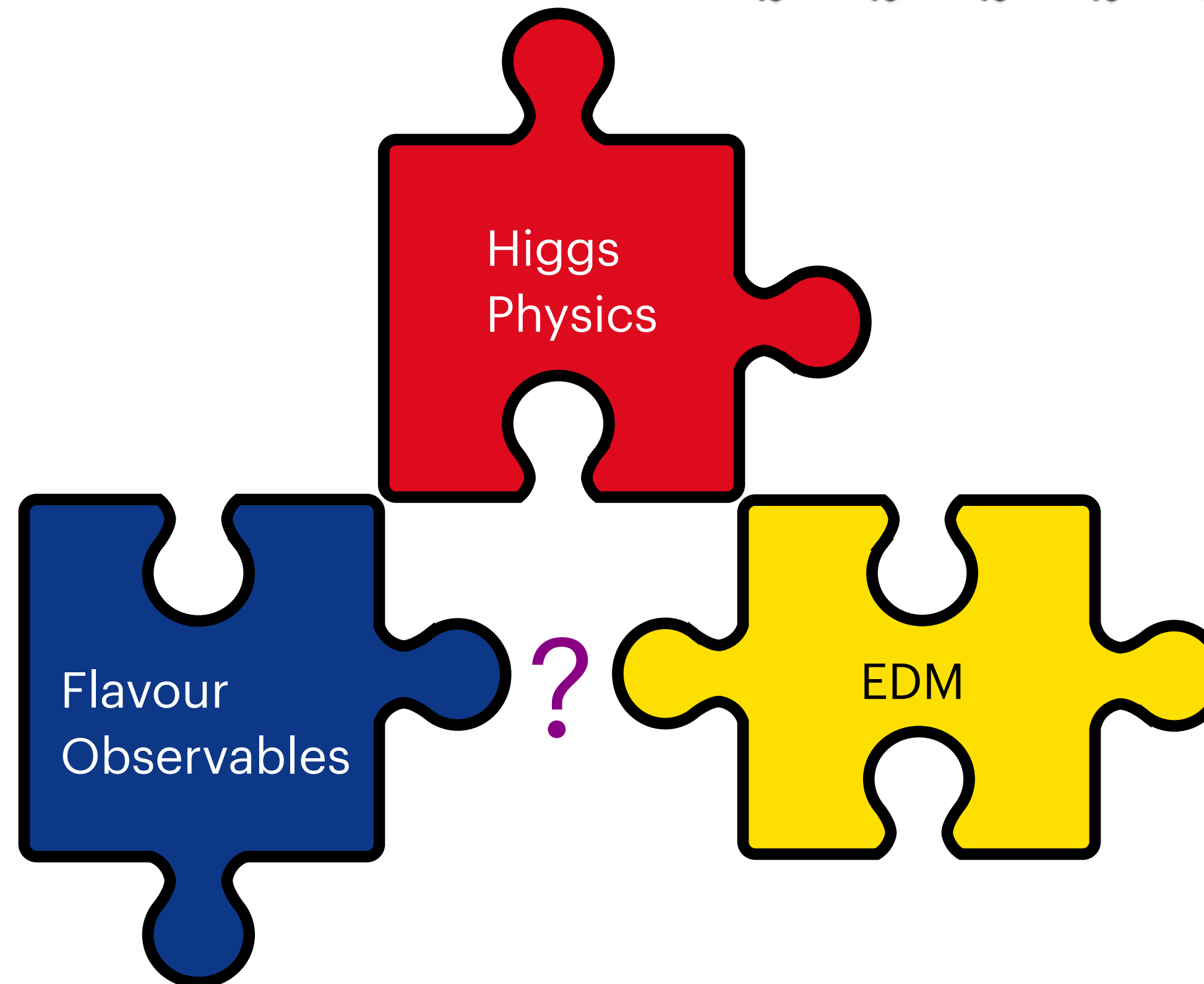
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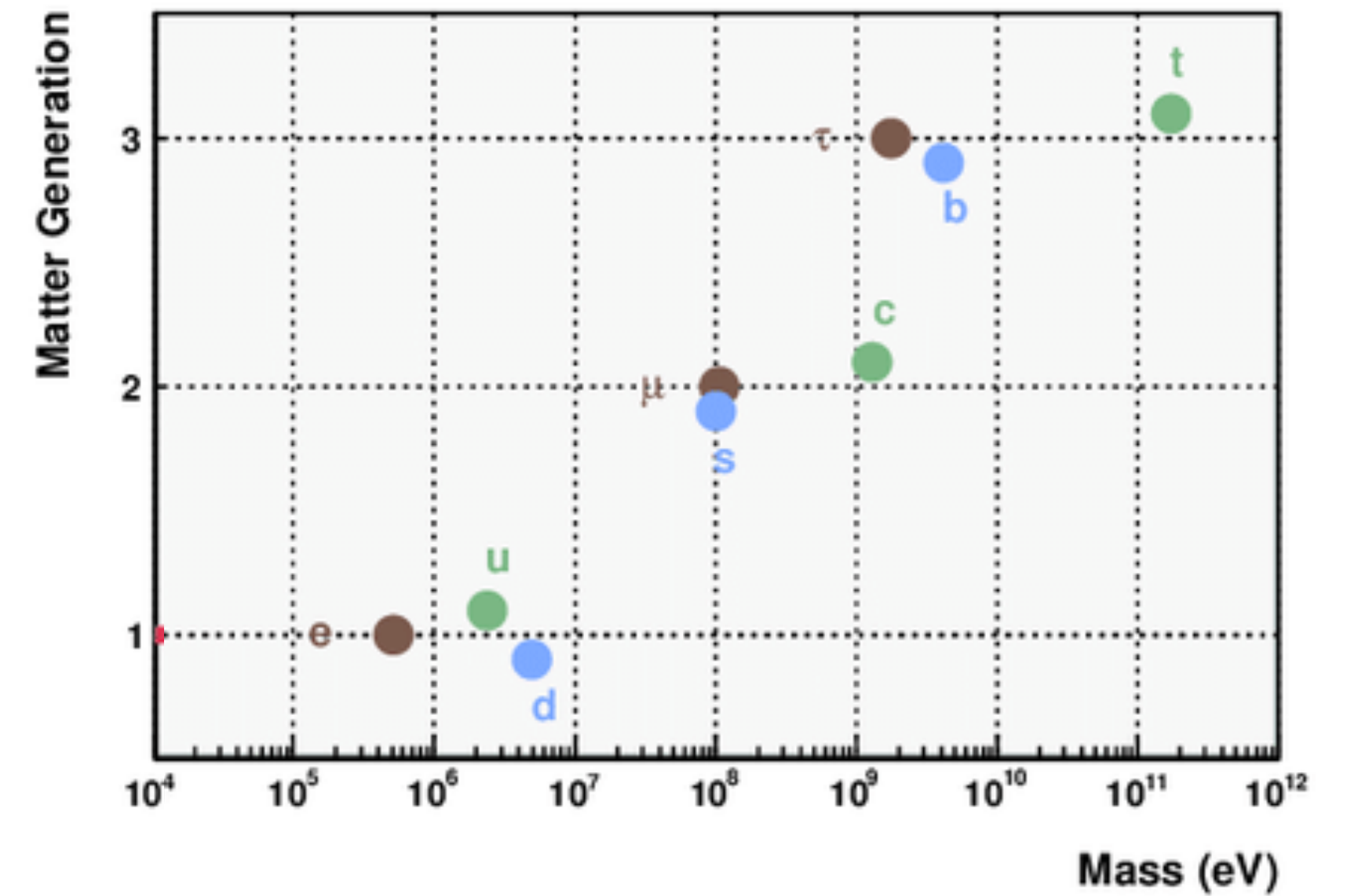
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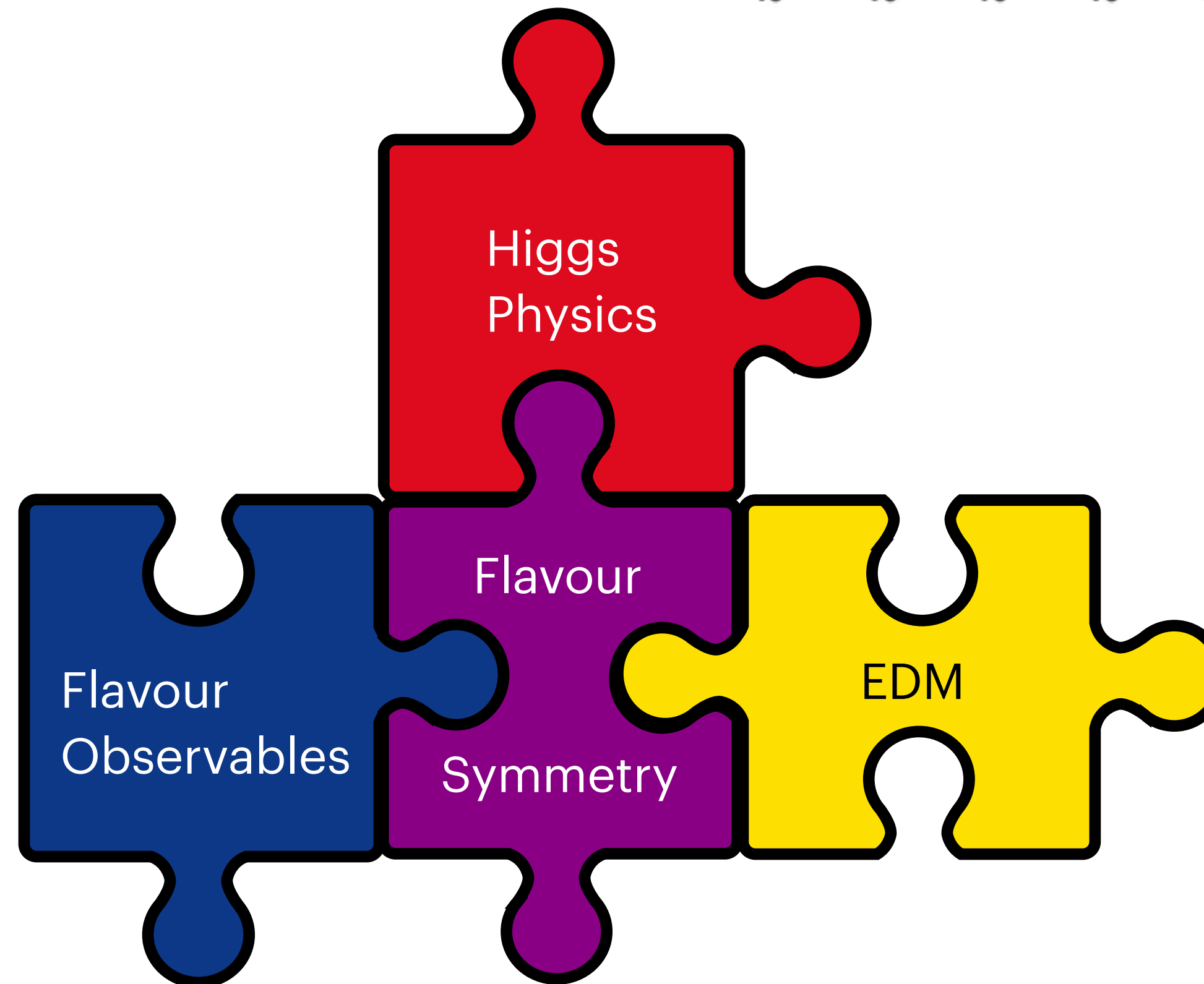
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Outlook

A. Theoretical Framework

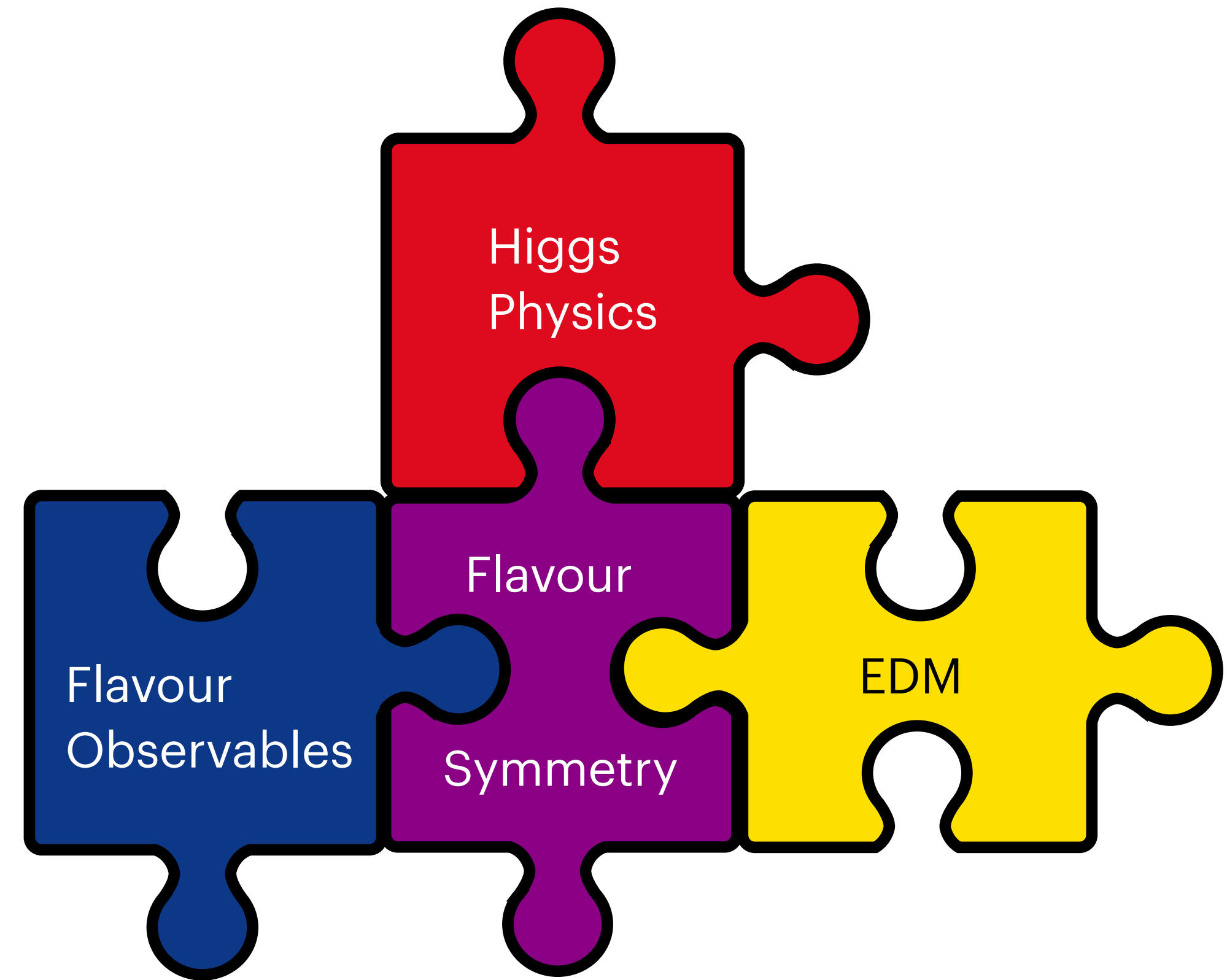
B. Flavour-Symmetries

1. Minimal Flavour Violation
2. Froggatt-Nielsen

C. Searches & Consequences

1. Higgs Physics
2. EDM
3. Flavour Observables

D. Synergy & Prospects



Theoretical Framework

- Assuming NP can be described within the **SMEFT**, there is just one type of **dimension-6 operator** contributing to the modification of the **Yukawa interactions**:

$$\mathcal{L} \subset -\bar{F}'_L Y'_f (\tilde{H}) f'_R - \bar{F}'_L C'_f (\tilde{H}) f'_R \frac{H^\dagger H}{\Lambda_f^2} + \text{h.c.} \quad \xrightarrow[\text{+ Mass Basis}]{\text{EWSB}} \quad \mathcal{L} \subset -\bar{f}_L Y_f f_R \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} - \bar{f}_L \left(Y_f + \frac{v^2}{\Lambda_f^2} C_f \right) f_R \frac{h}{\sqrt{2}} + \text{h.c.}$$

Notice that in principle the **NP scale** Λ can be **different** in the quark and lepton sector!

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Notice that in principle the **NP scale** Λ can be **different** in the quark and lepton sector!

- Parametrize **deviations**:

Effective Yukawa: $\hat{Y}_f \equiv Y_f + \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} C_f$

Phenomenological Lagrangian: $\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff.}} = \frac{y_{ffh}^{\text{SM}}}{\sqrt{2}} (\kappa_f \bar{f} f + \tilde{\kappa}_f \bar{f} i \gamma_5 f) h$ SM: $\kappa_f = 1$, $\tilde{\kappa}_f = 0$

Deviation Parameter: $r_f^2 \equiv \frac{|\hat{y}_{ffh}|^2}{|y_{ffh}^{\text{SM}}|^2} = \frac{v^2 |\hat{y}_{ffh}|^2}{2m_f^2} = \kappa_f^2 + \tilde{\kappa}_f^2$

A Flavour Model (1/2)

Minimal Flavour Violation

The Model

- **SM**: accidental symmetry $U(3)^5 = U(3)_q^3 \times U(3)_l^2$ broken solely by Yukawas
- **MFV**: the only source of flavour and CP-violation in the SM comes from the Yukawas
- The Yukawas are promoted to **spurion fields** transforming as bi-triplets of the flavour symmetry
 \implies **all** higher dimensional flavour-violating operators must be **controlled by Yukawas!**

Consequences

$$\mathcal{L} \subset - \bar{F}'_L C'_f \overset{(\sim)}{H} f'_R \frac{H^\dagger H}{\Lambda_f^2} + \text{h.c.} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{red arrow}} \quad C'_f = c'_f Y'_f \quad \xrightarrow{\text{black arrow}}$$

No flavour-violating terms!
 Only one c'_f for each fermion sector!

A Flavour Model (2/2)

Froggatt-Nielsen

The Model

- New $U(1)$ **symmetry** and **SM-singlet scalar field** ϕ (conventionally, with charge $n_\phi = -1$)
- **Fermions** and ϕ **transform** under the new symmetry and the Yukawa terms are made invariant adding powers of ϕ/Λ_F

$$\mathcal{L} \subset - \left[y'_{f,ij} \bar{F}'_{i,L} \overset{(\sim)}{H} f'_{j,R} + c'_{f,ij} \bar{F}'_L \overset{(\sim)}{H} f'_R \frac{H^\dagger H}{\Lambda_f^2} \right] \left(\frac{\phi}{\Lambda_F} \right)^{n_{F_i} + n_{f_j}} + \text{h.c.}$$

Consequences

- Once the ϕ takes **VEV**, each term is **suppressed** by powers of $\epsilon \equiv \langle \phi \rangle / \Lambda_F$

$$Y_f = \text{diag} \left(y_{f_1} \epsilon^{n_{F_1} + n_{f_1}}, y_{f_2} \epsilon^{n_{F_2} + n_{f_2}}, y_{f_3} \epsilon^{n_{F_3} + n_{f_3}} \right) \quad C_{f,ij} \approx \mathcal{O}(1) \epsilon^{n_{F_i} + n_{f_j}} e^{i\theta_{f,ij}}$$

FN: Benchmarks

- **Free parameters:** singlet **vev**, the fermion **charges** and the **phases**

⇒ we can **trade** the **right-field charges** to the **masses** but we are still left with quite some **freedom!**

- The conclusions are **fairly independent** of the **charges** assignation, while **phases** can play a **major role!**
- We consider a specific scenario for quarks and three possibilities for leptons

$$\epsilon \equiv \langle \phi \rangle / \Lambda_F = 0.23$$

Quarks	Q'_L	u'_R	d'_R
		(2, 1, 0)	(5, 2, 0)

Leptons	L'_L	e'_R
Anarchy (A)	(0, 0, 0)	(10, 5, 3)
$\mu\tau$ -Anarchy ($A_{\mu\tau}$)	(1, 0, 0)	(9, 5, 3)
Hierarchy (H)	(2, 1, 0)	(8, 4, 3)

ATTENTION!

The **phases** are **not fixed** at all and can have **major impact** on the constraints!

Flavour Symmetry at Work

- **Deviations** in each sector are **related!**

$$Y_f K_f = Y_f + \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \text{diag}(\text{Re}C_f), \quad Y_f \tilde{K}_f = \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \text{diag}(\text{Im}C_f)$$

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$$r_f^2 = 1 + \frac{v^4}{\Lambda_f^4} |c'_f|^2 + 2 \frac{v^2}{\Lambda_f^2} \text{Re} c'_f$$

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Froggatt-Nielsen

$$C_{f,ij} \approx \mathcal{O}(1) \epsilon^{n_{F_i} + n_{f_j}} e^{i\theta_{f,ij}}$$

$$K_f = 1 + \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \text{diag}(\mathcal{O}(1) \cos \theta_{f,11}, \mathcal{O}(1) \cos \theta_{f,22}, \mathcal{O}(1) \cos \theta_{f,33}),$$

$$\tilde{K}_f = \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \text{diag}(\mathcal{O}(1) \sin \theta_{f,11}, \mathcal{O}(1) \sin \theta_{f,22}, \mathcal{O}(1) \sin \theta_{f,33}),$$

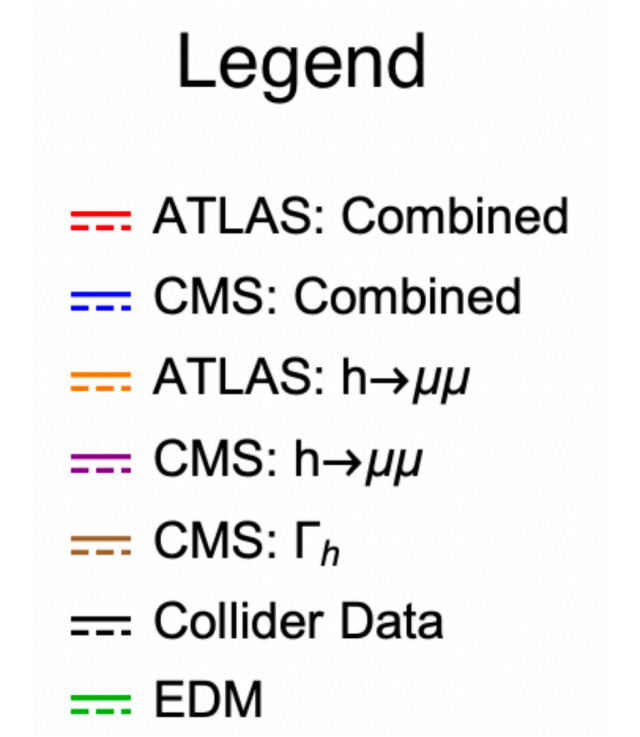
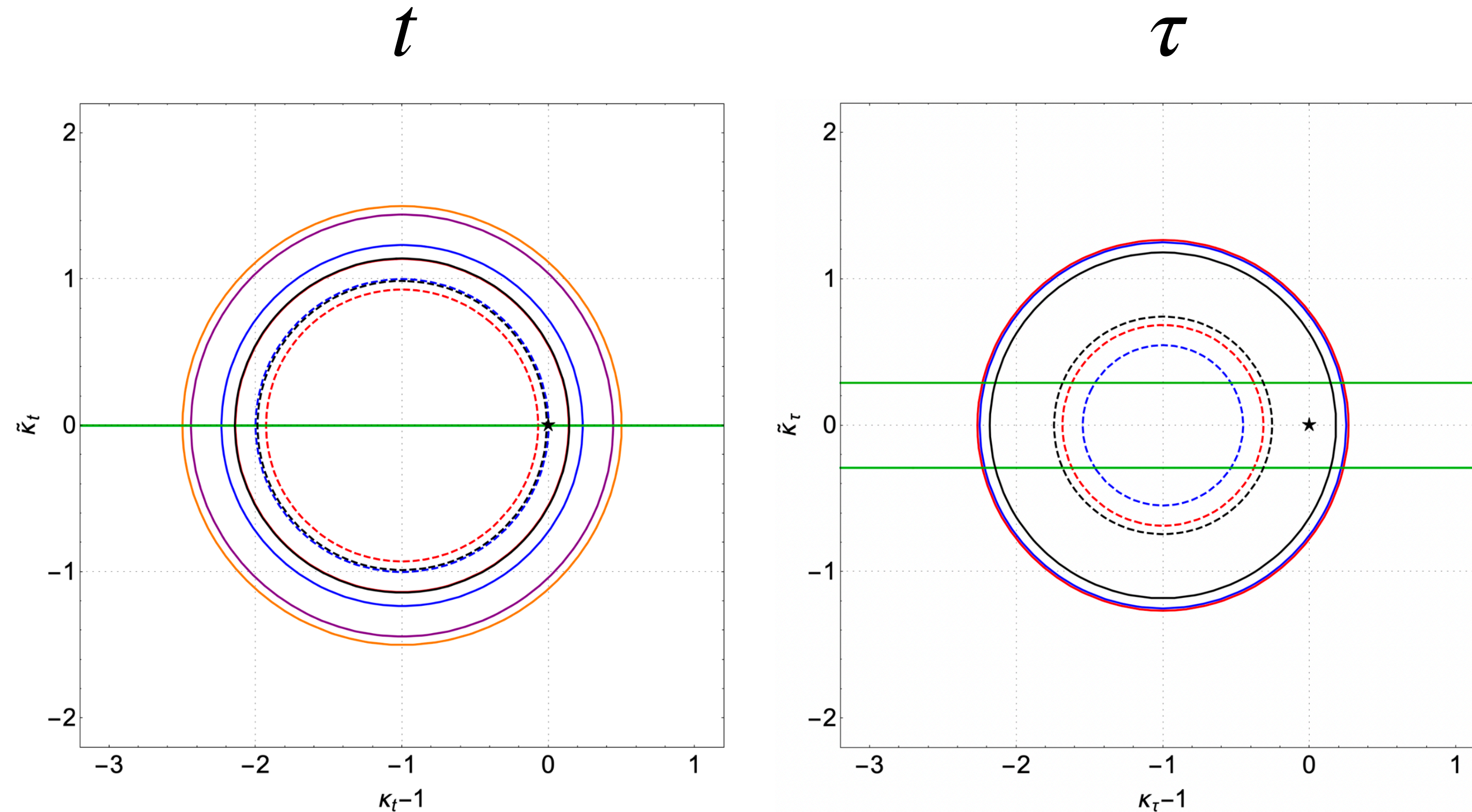
$$r_f^2 \simeq 1 + \mathcal{O}(1)^2 \frac{v^4}{\Lambda^4} + 2 \mathcal{O}(1) \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \cos \theta_f$$

Higgs Physics (1/2)

Data from:
 ATLAS (1909.02845)
 ATLAS (2007.07830)
 CMS (1809.10733)
 CMS (2009.04363)

- Global χ^2 fit:

95% C.L.:	
$0.98 \lesssim r_t^2 \lesssim 1.31$	
$r_c^2 \lesssim 2.36$	
$0.73 \lesssim r_b^2 \lesssim 1.08$	
$0.56 \lesssim r_\tau^2 \lesssim 1.40$	
$0.36 \lesssim r_\mu^2 \lesssim 1.85$	



- **Strong** bounds only for **third** generations
- Relatively **weak** bounds for **second** generations
- **Null** bounds for the **first** generations!

Higgs Physics (2/2)

Deviations:

$$0.82 \lesssim r_{t,c,u}^2 \lesssim 1.61$$

$$0.67 \lesssim r_{b,s,d}^2 \lesssim 1.52$$

$$0.49 \lesssim r_{\tau,\mu,e}^2 \lesssim 1.51$$

NP Scale:

$$\sin \theta_{u,33} = 0$$

$$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 0.8 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\sin \theta_{e,11} = 0 = \sin \theta_{e,33}$$

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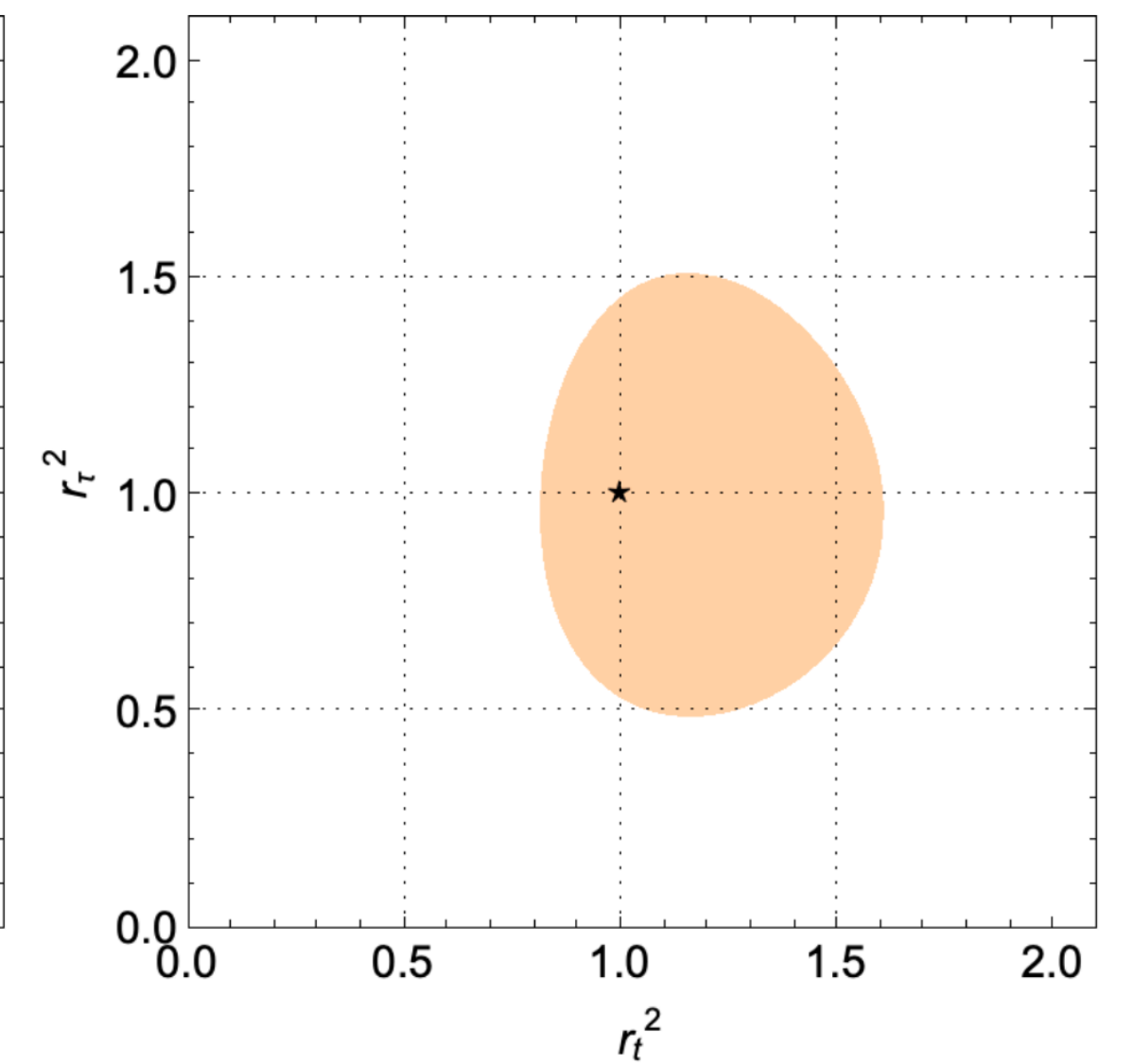
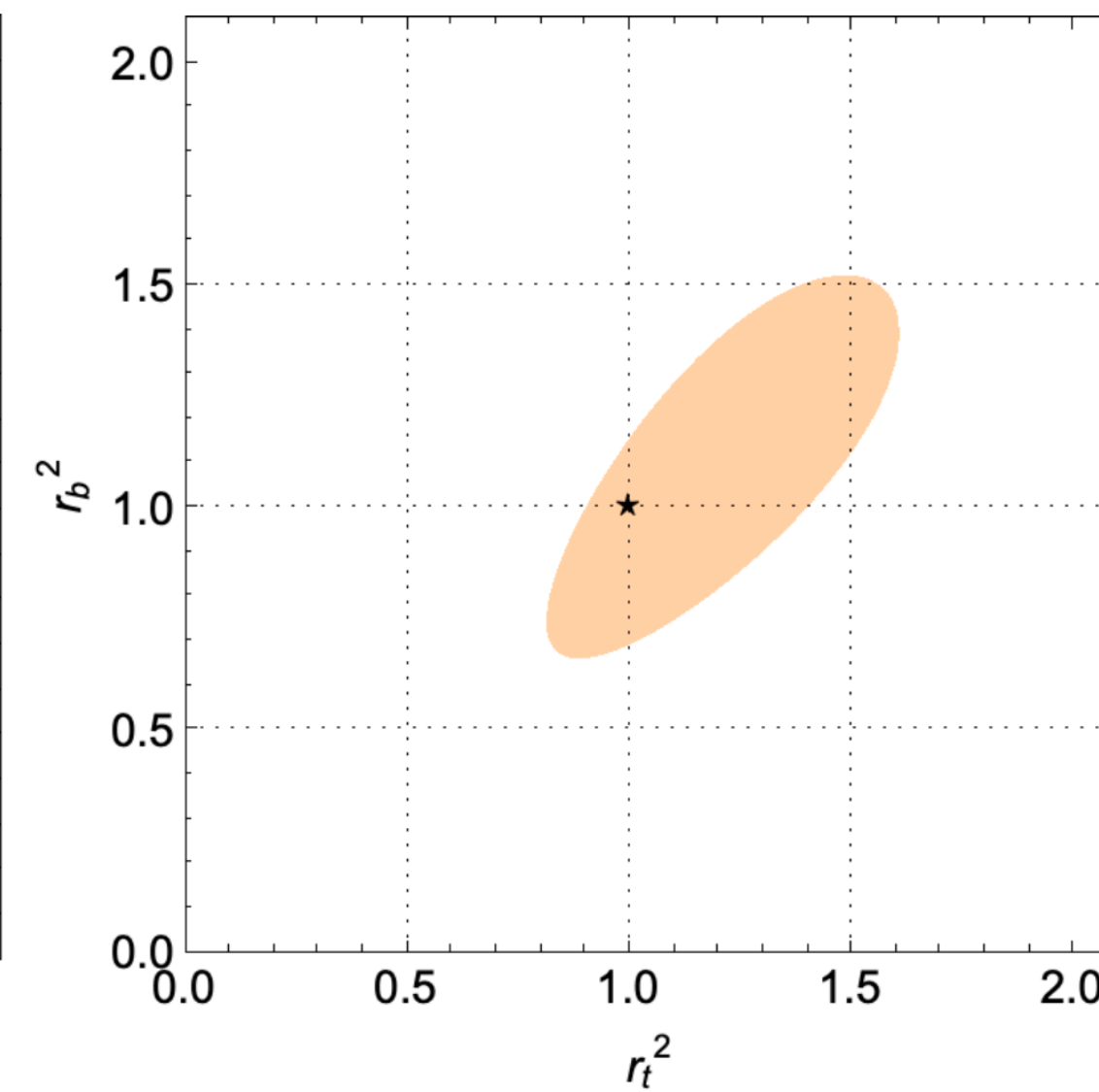
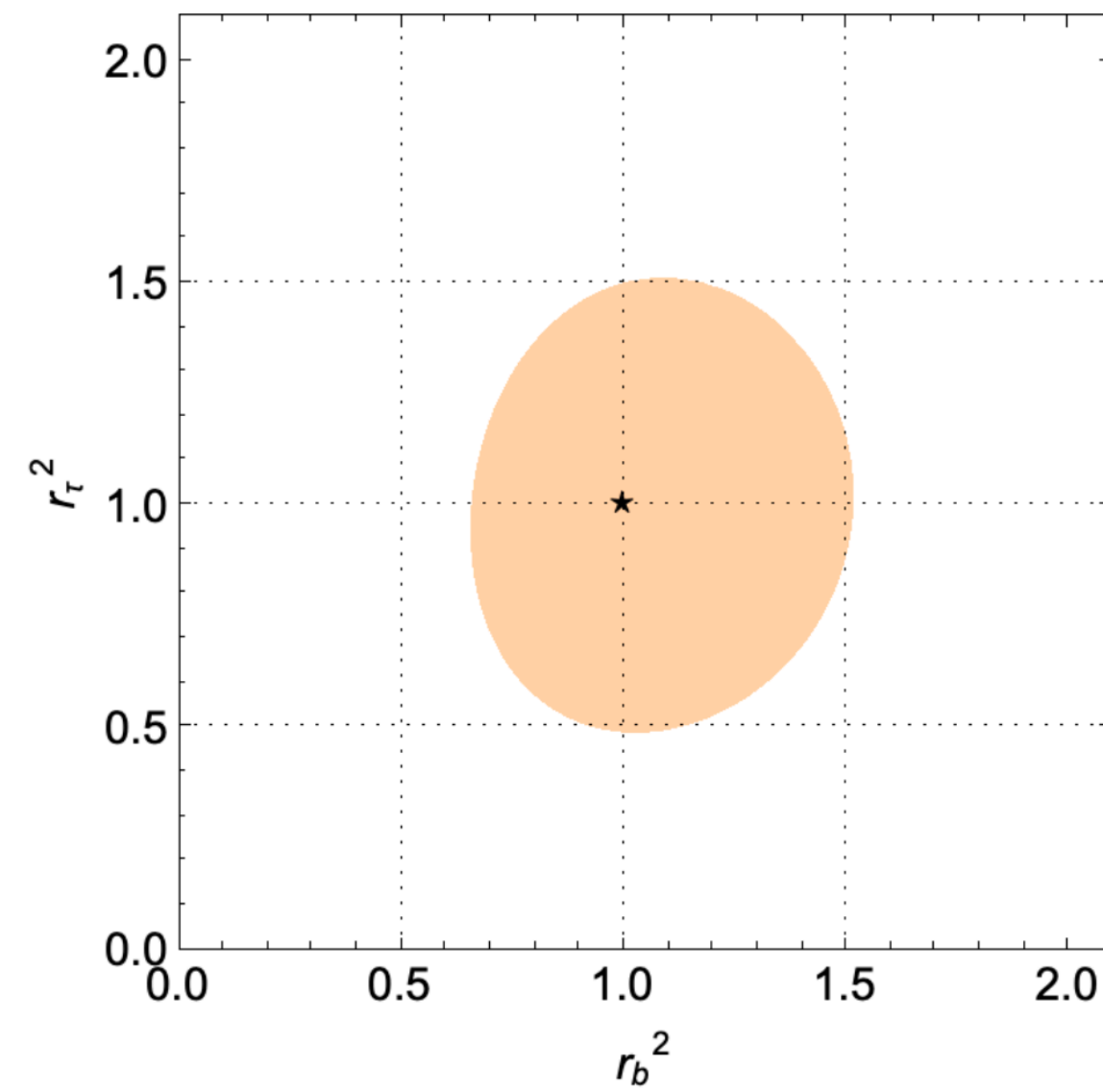
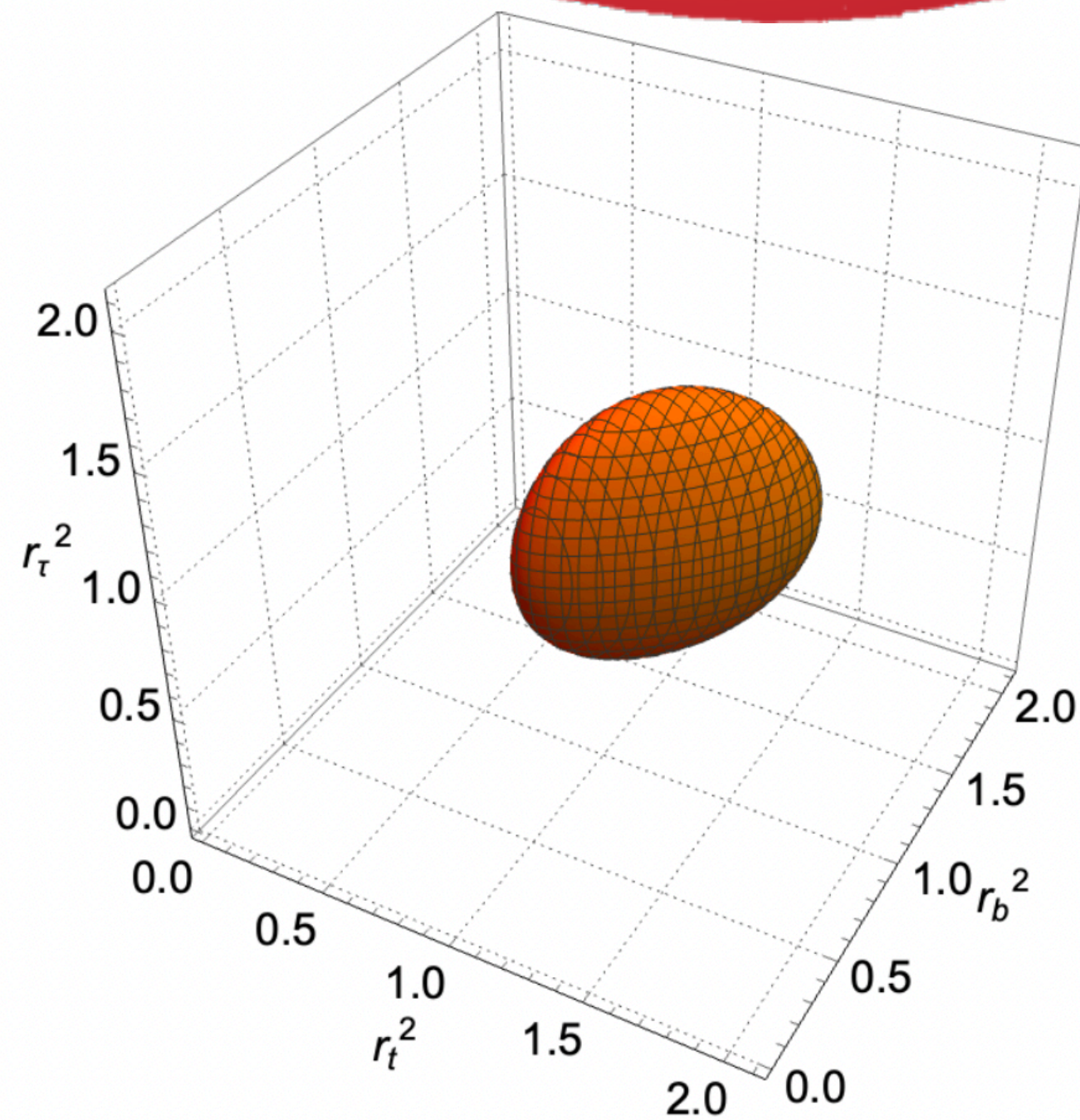
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Scale of NP~TeV

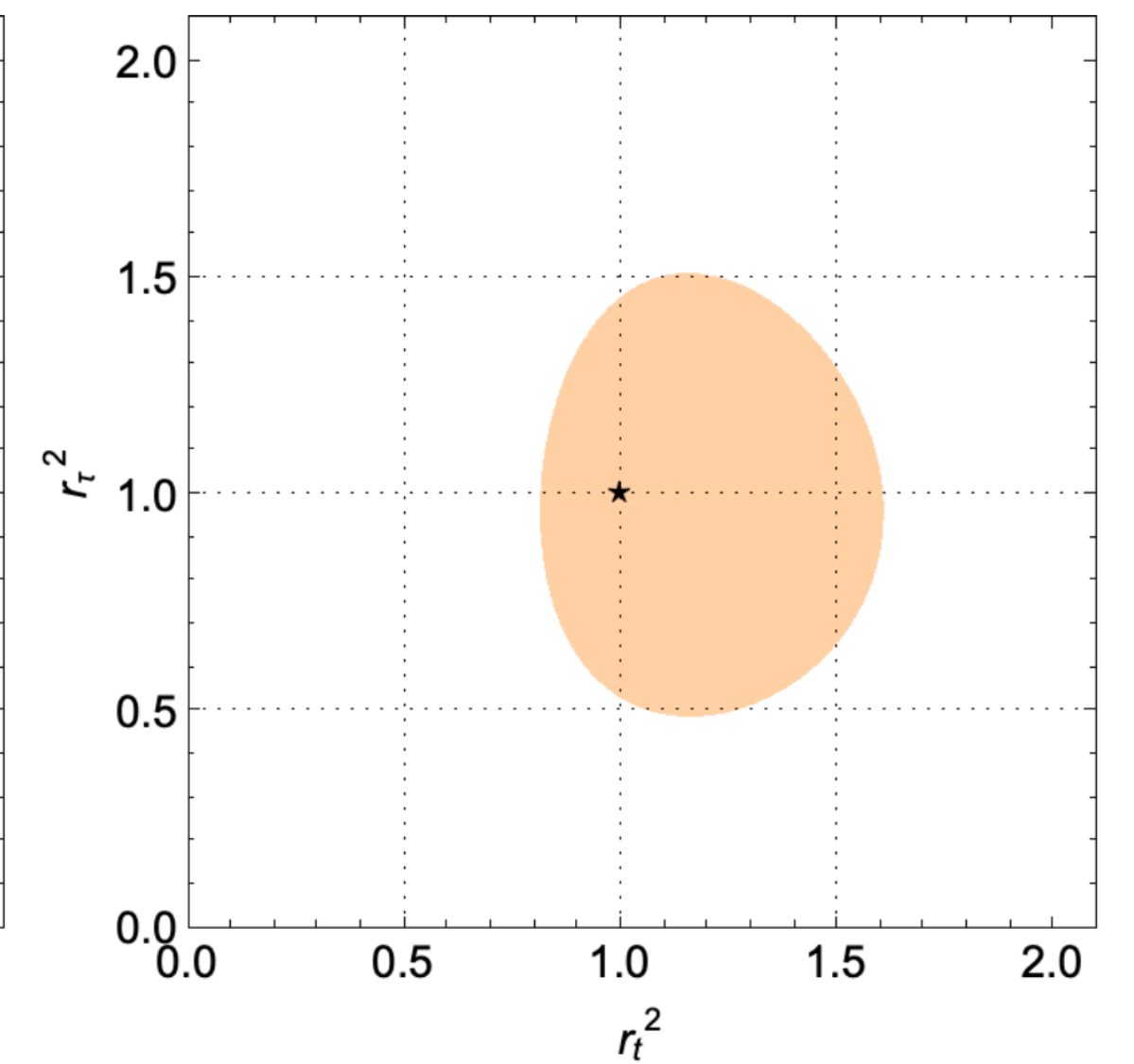
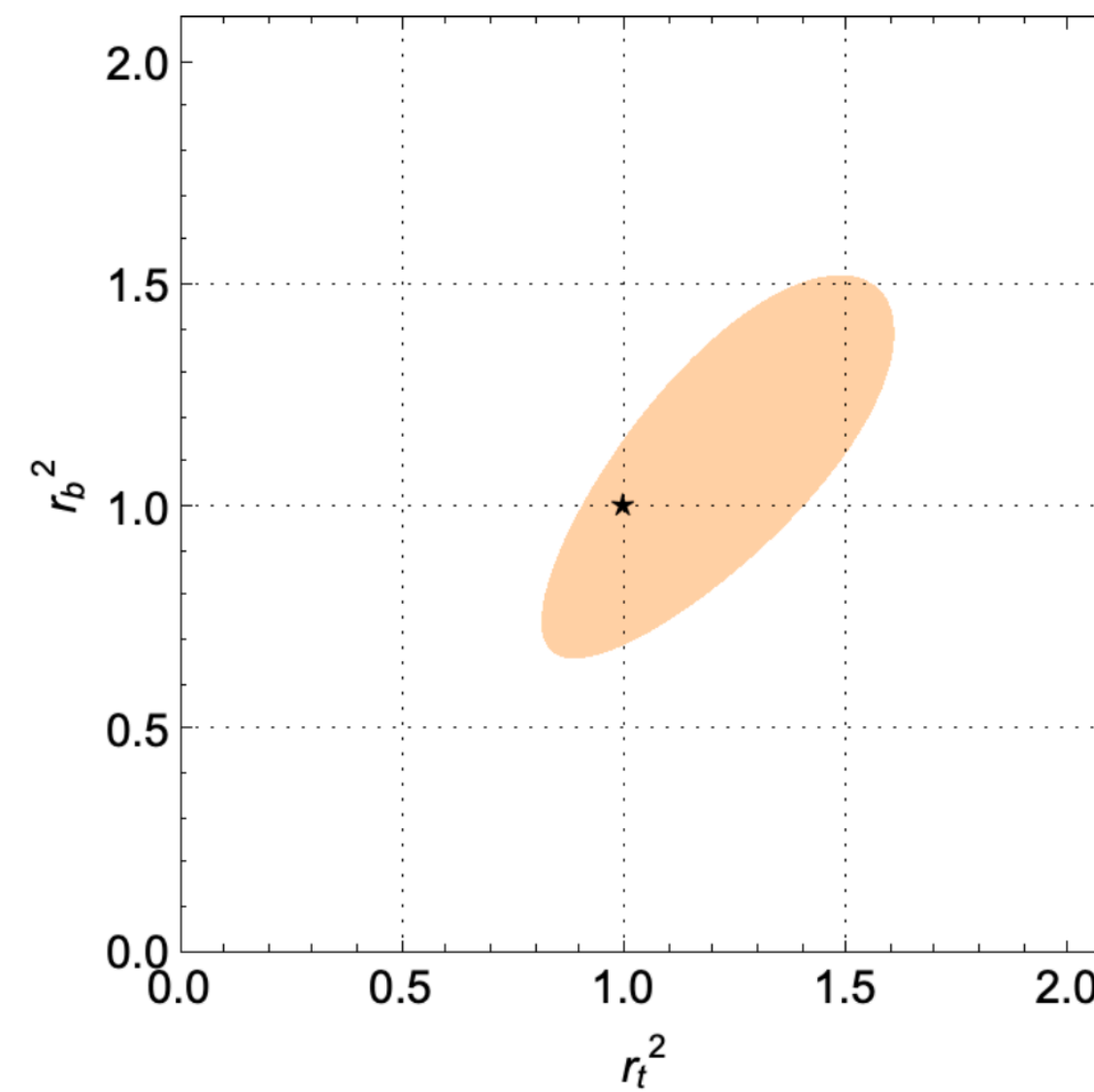
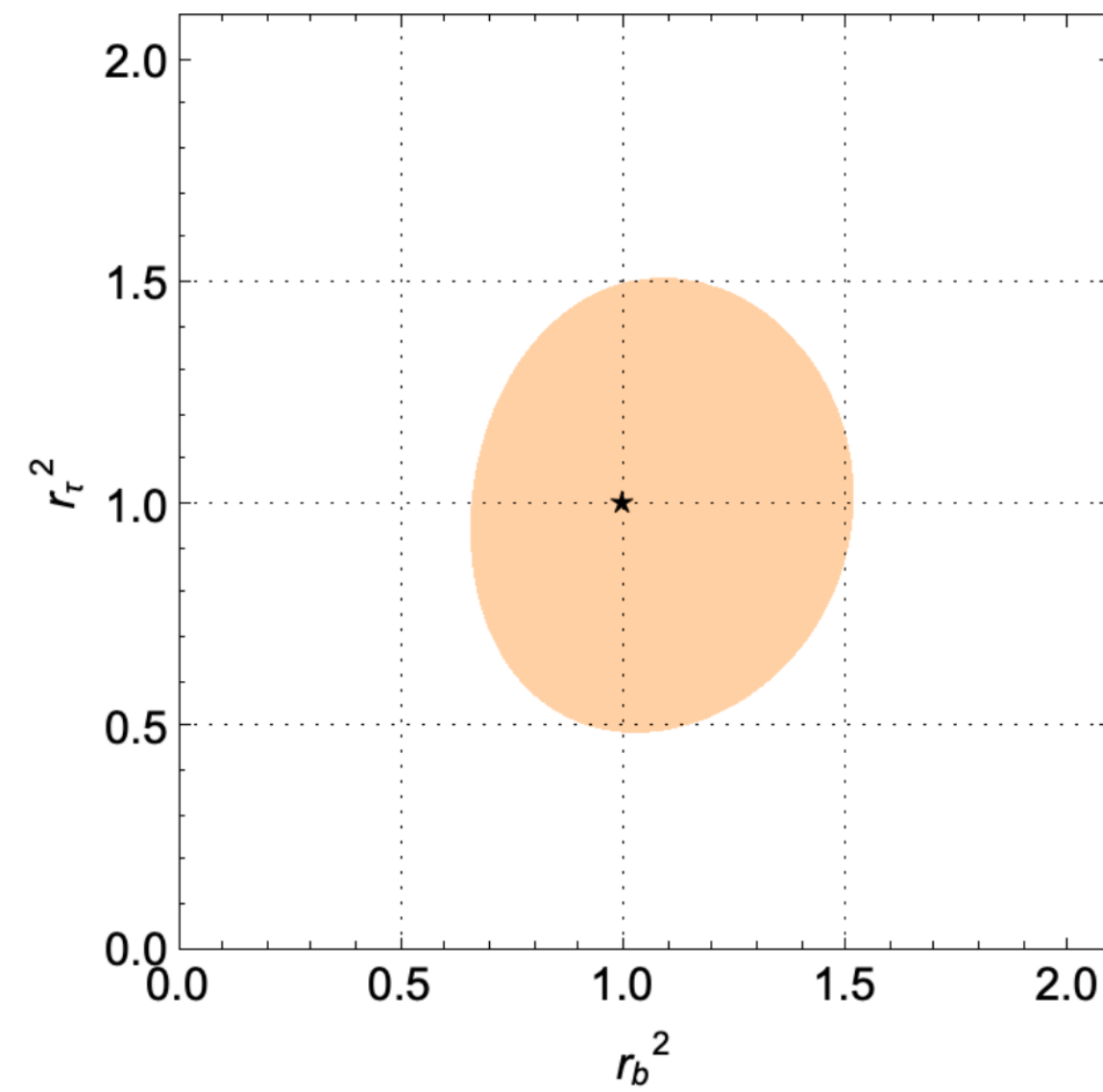
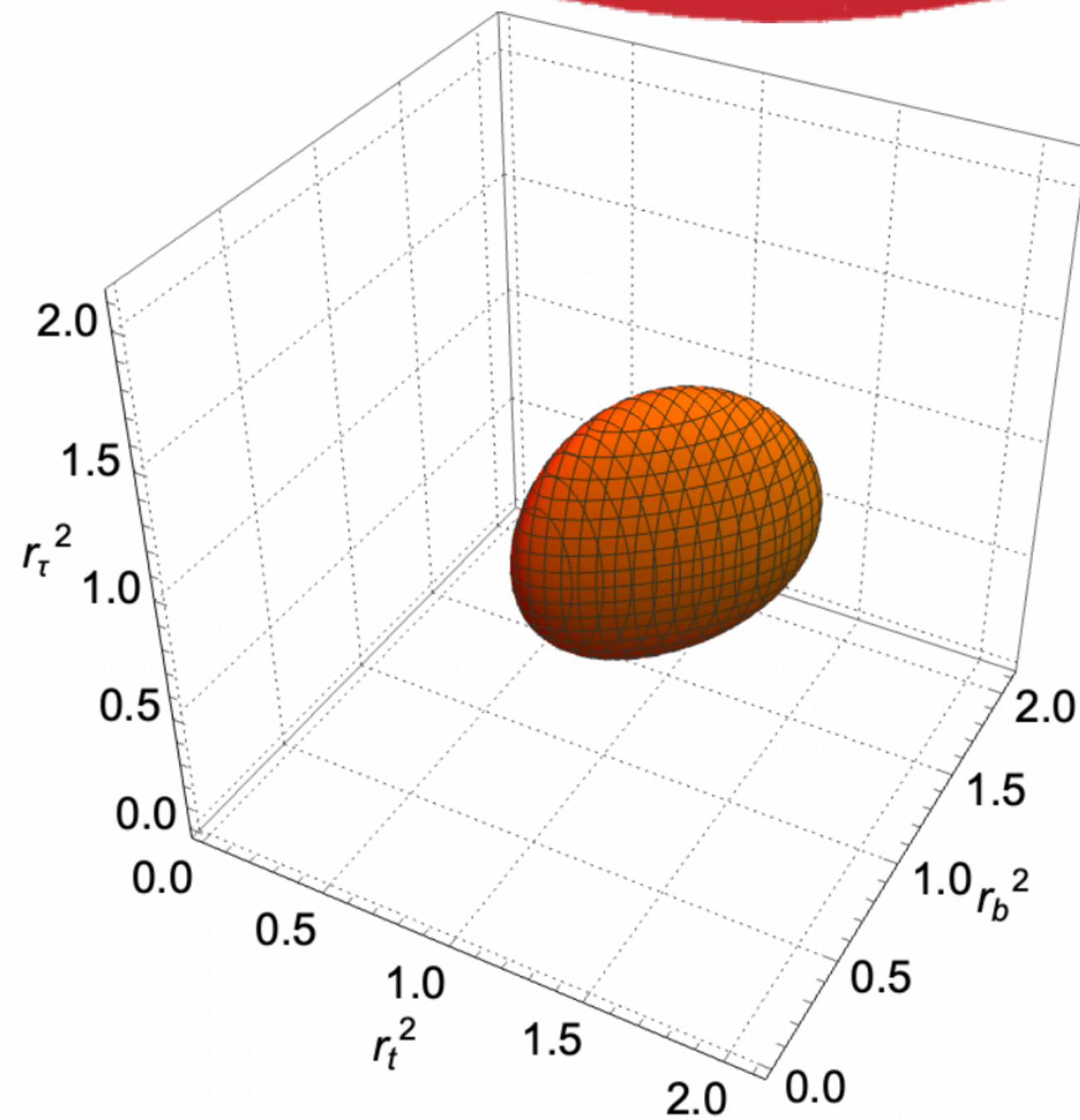
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Electron Dipole Moment (EDM) (1/2)

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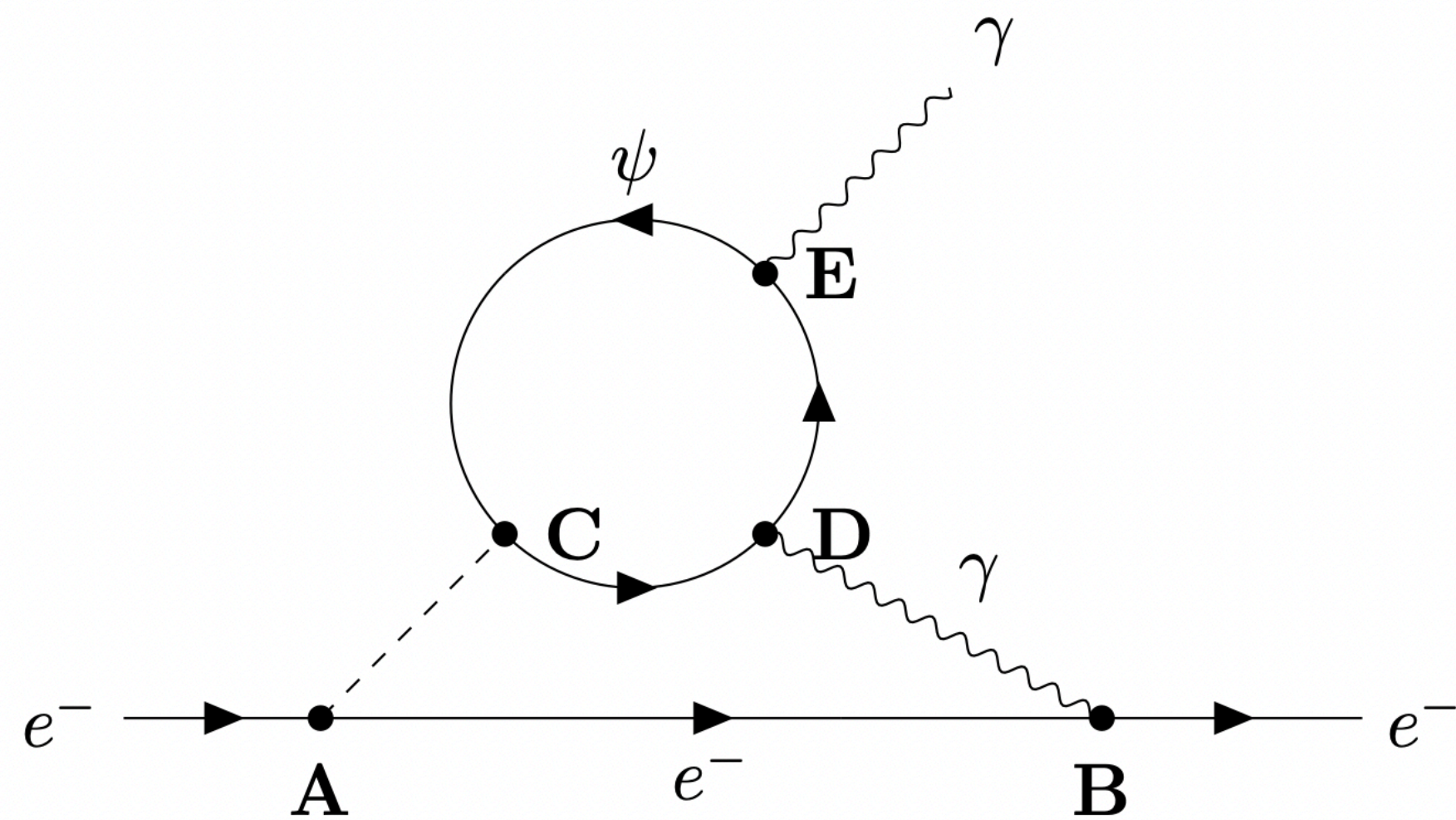
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M. Pospelov, and A. Ritz (1311.5537)

- FV-NP through **Bar-Zee** diagram:

$$\frac{d_e}{e} = 4 N_C Q_\psi^2 \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{(4\pi)^3} \sqrt{2} G_F m_e \left[\kappa_e \tilde{\kappa}_\psi f_1(x_\psi/h) + \tilde{\kappa}_e \kappa_\psi f_2(x_\psi/h) \right]$$

J. Brod, U. Haisch, and J. Zupan (1310.1385)



90% C.L.

$ \tilde{\kappa}_t \lesssim 0.0012,$	$ \tilde{\kappa}_b \lesssim 0.24,$	$ \tilde{\kappa}_\tau \lesssim 0.29$
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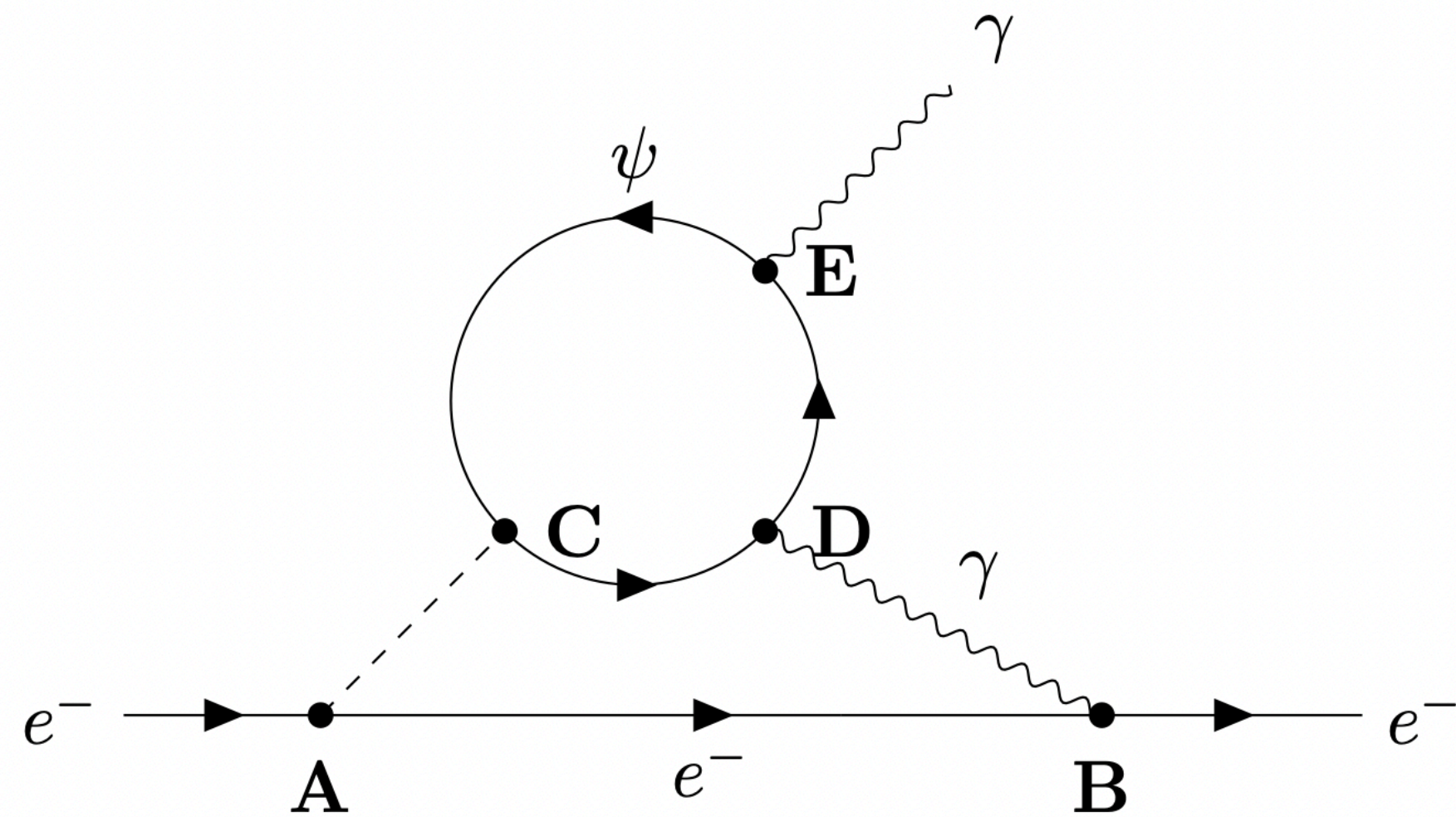
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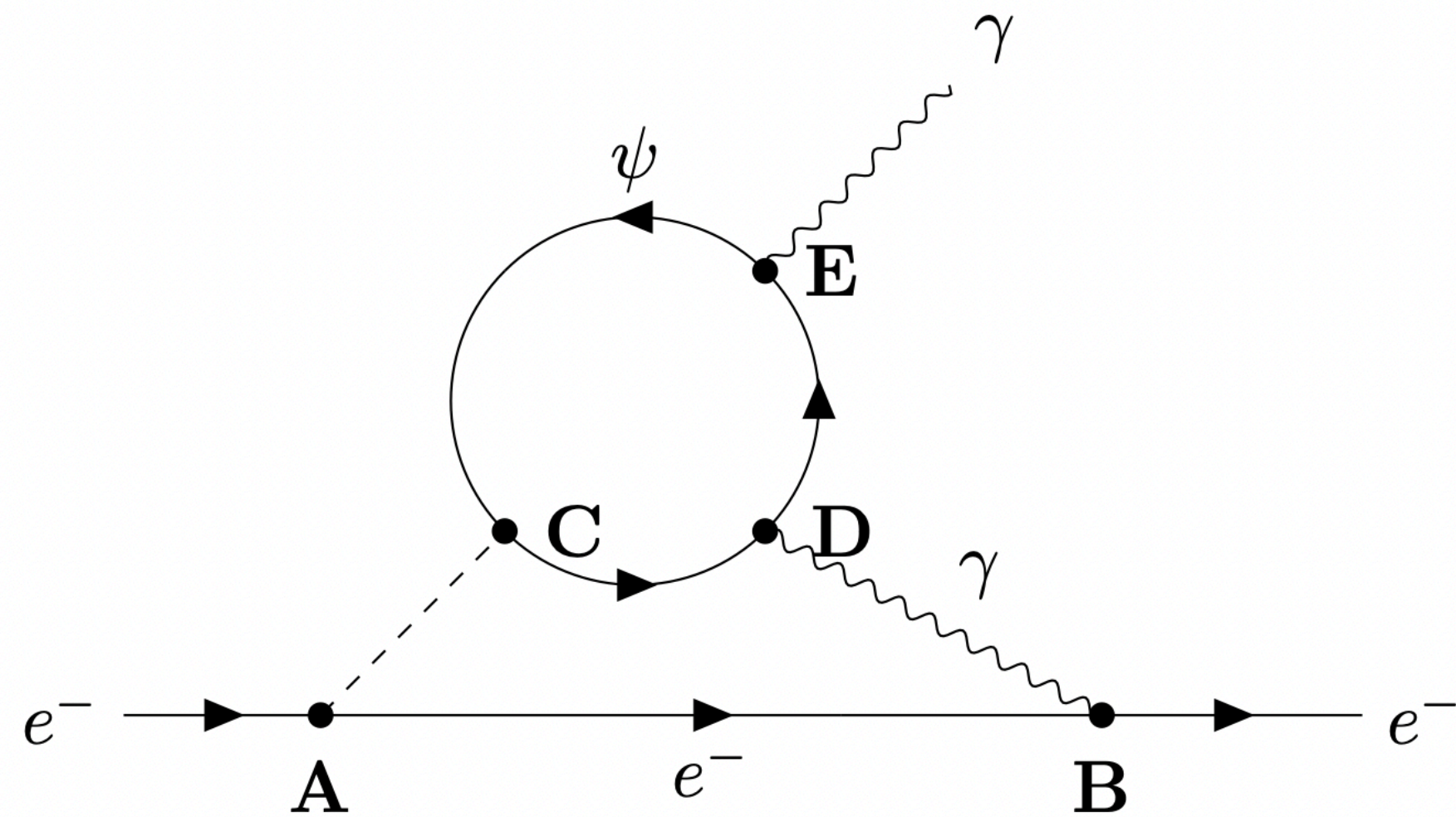
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**SUPER
WEAK!**

STRONG!

J. Alonso-Gonzalez, L. Merlo, and S. Pokorski (2103.16569)

Electron Dipole Moment (EDM) (2/2)

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$$0.998 \lesssim r_q^2 \lesssim 1.002$$

$$0.997 \lesssim r_\ell^2 \lesssim 1.003$$

NP Scale:

$\sin \theta_{u,33} = 1$	$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 7.4 \text{ TeV}$
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Elina Fuchs, M. Losada, Y. Nir, and Y. Viernik (2003.00099)

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Electron Dipole Moment (EDM) (2/2)

- **Stronger** bounds on other **generations!**

$$|\tilde{\kappa}_{t,c,u}| \lesssim 0.0012, \quad |\tilde{\kappa}_{b,s,d}| \lesssim 0.24, \quad |\tilde{\kappa}_{\tau,e,\mu}| \lesssim 0.0017$$

*EW-Baryogenesis full explanation requires $|\tilde{\kappa}_{\tau}| \gtrsim 0.08$!

Elina Fuchs, M. Losada, Y. Nir, and Y. Viernik (2003.00099)

Deviations:

$$0.998 \lesssim r_q^2 \lesssim 1.002$$

$$0.997 \lesssim r_\ell^2 \lesssim 1.003$$

NP Scale:

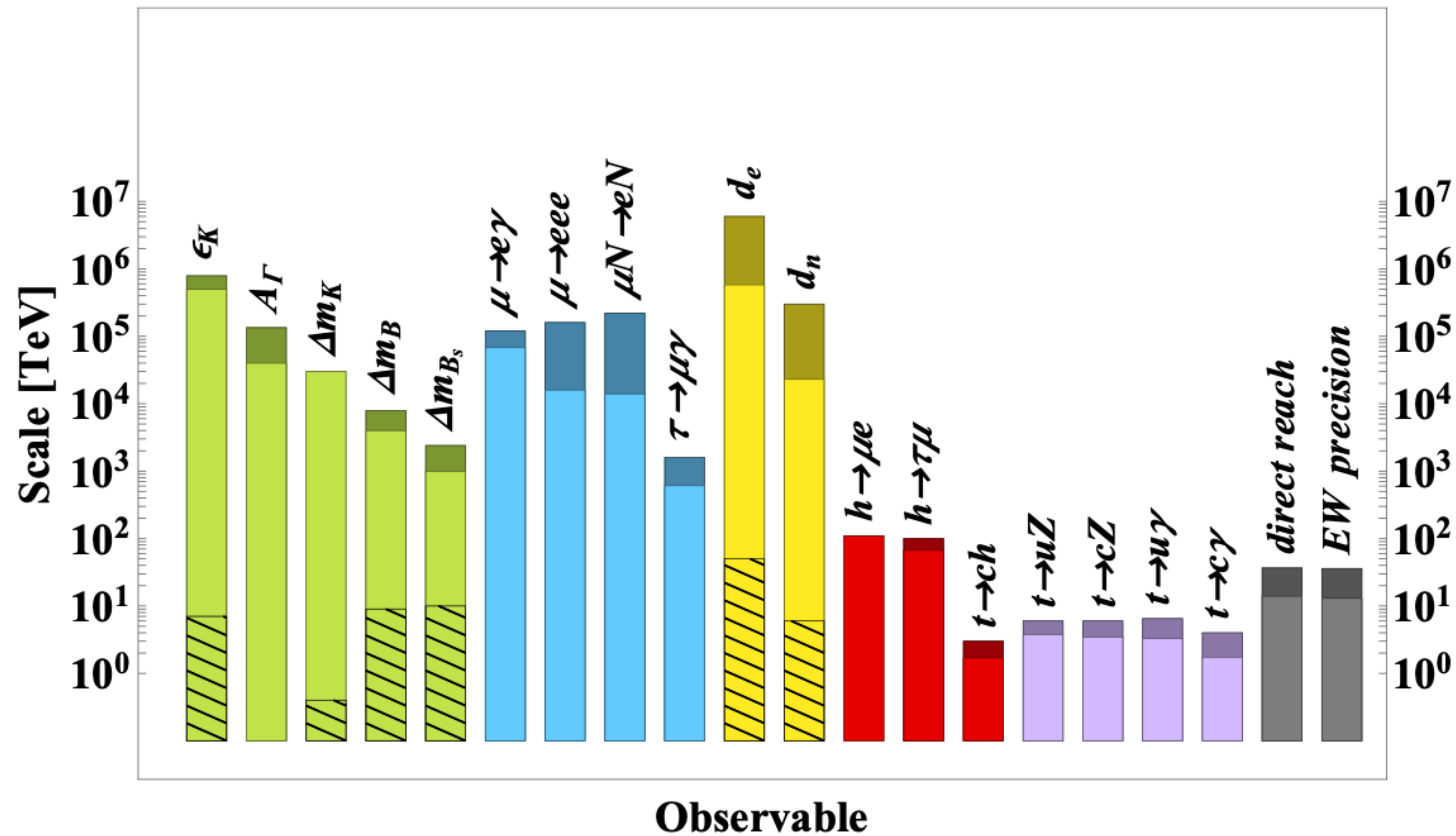
$$\sin \theta_{u,33} = 1 \quad \Lambda_q \gtrsim 7.4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\sin \theta_{e,11} = 1 = \sin \theta_{e,33} \quad \Lambda_\ell \gtrsim 6.0 \text{ TeV}$$

* provided the 1st order phase transition is strong enough

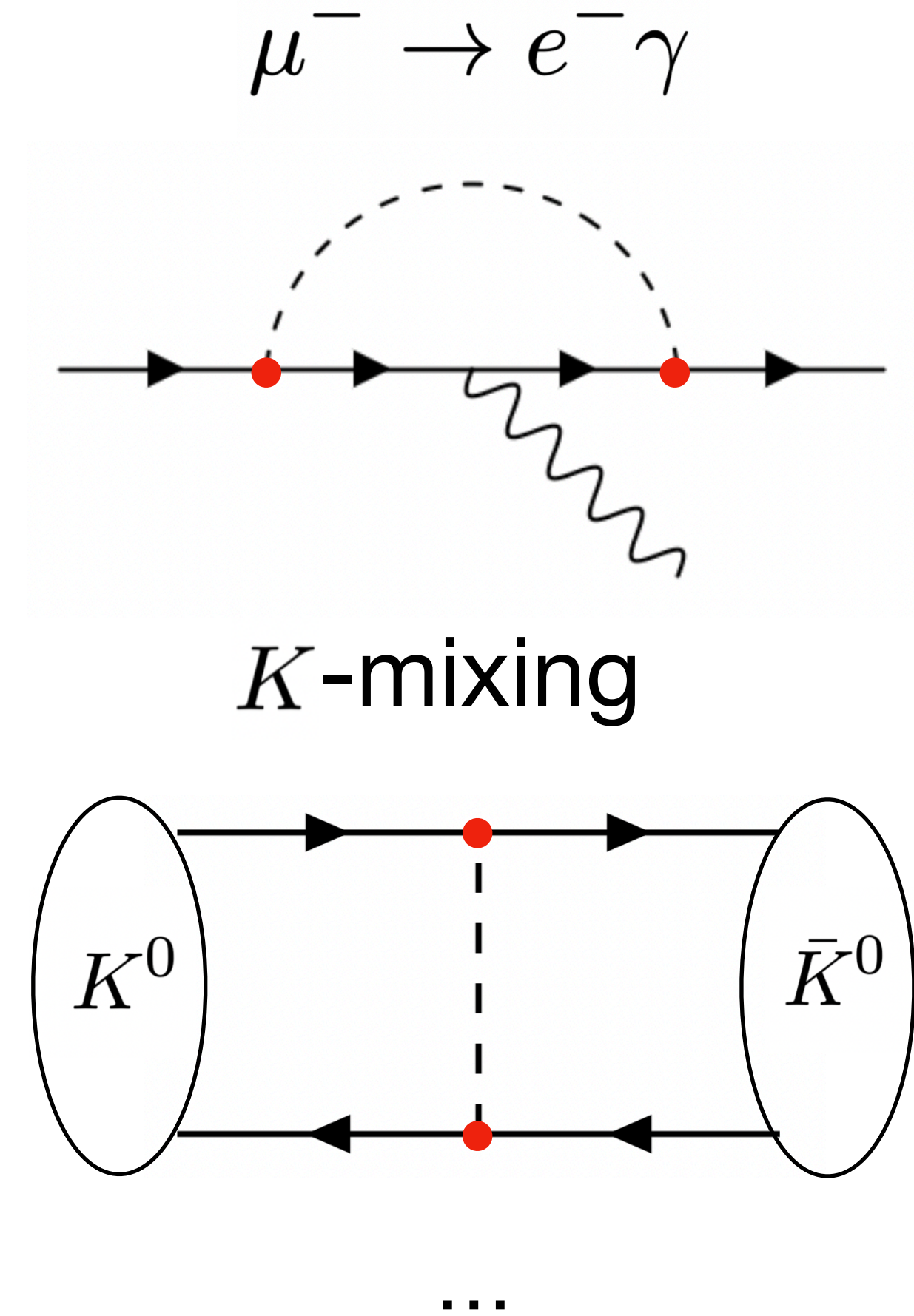
Flavour Observables (1/2)

- Data from **flavour-violating processes**:



Input for the European Strategy for Particle Physics Update 2020 - 1910.11775

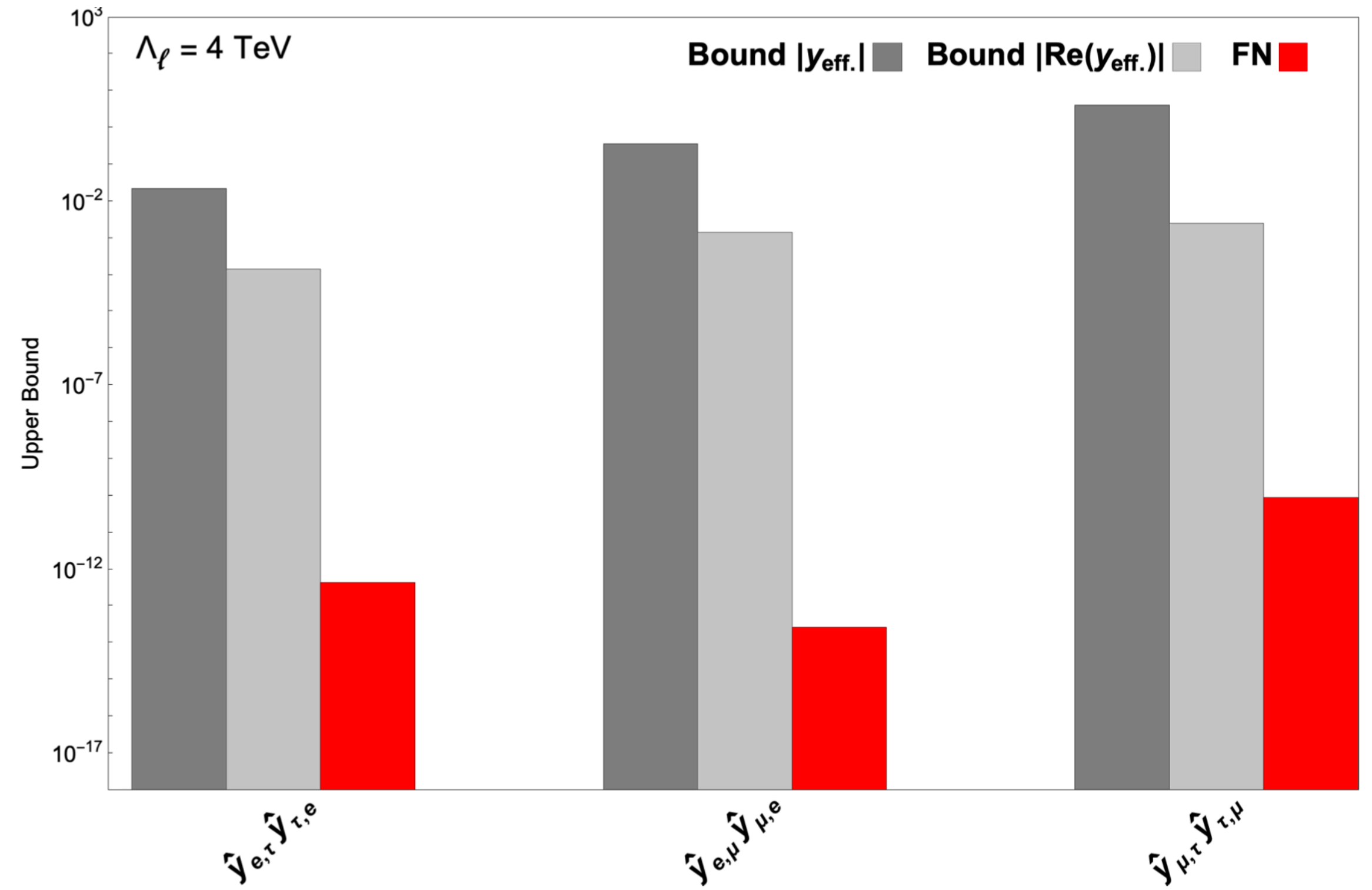
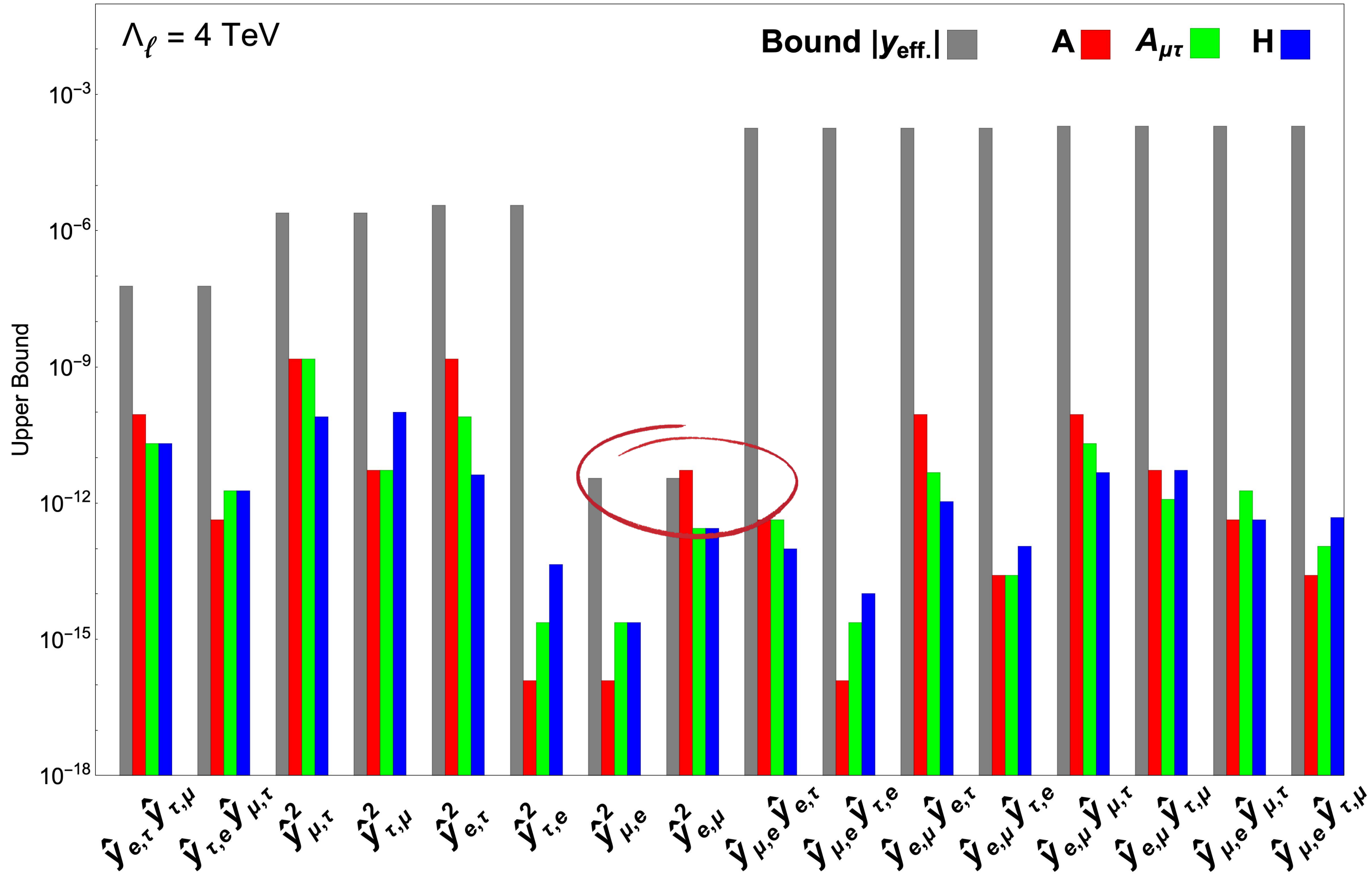
Higgs Flavour Violating couplings:



- without flavour symmetry: $|\hat{Y}|^2 \sim \frac{v^4}{\Lambda_q^4} \implies \Lambda_q \approx (60 - 300) \text{ TeV}$

Flavour Observables (2/2)

$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 1 \text{ TeV}$
 $\Lambda_\ell \gtrsim 4 \text{ TeV}$

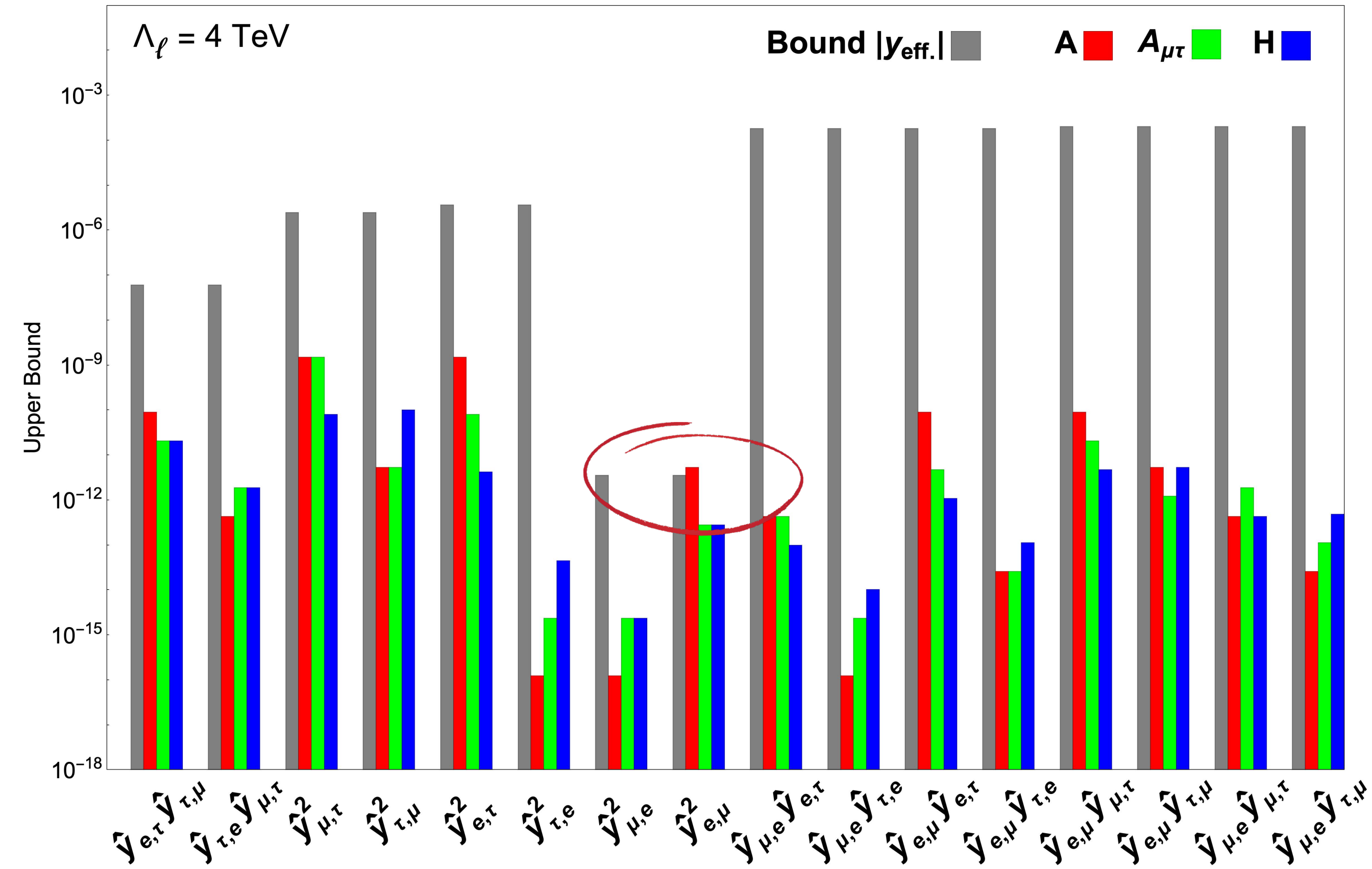


Flavour Observables (2/2)

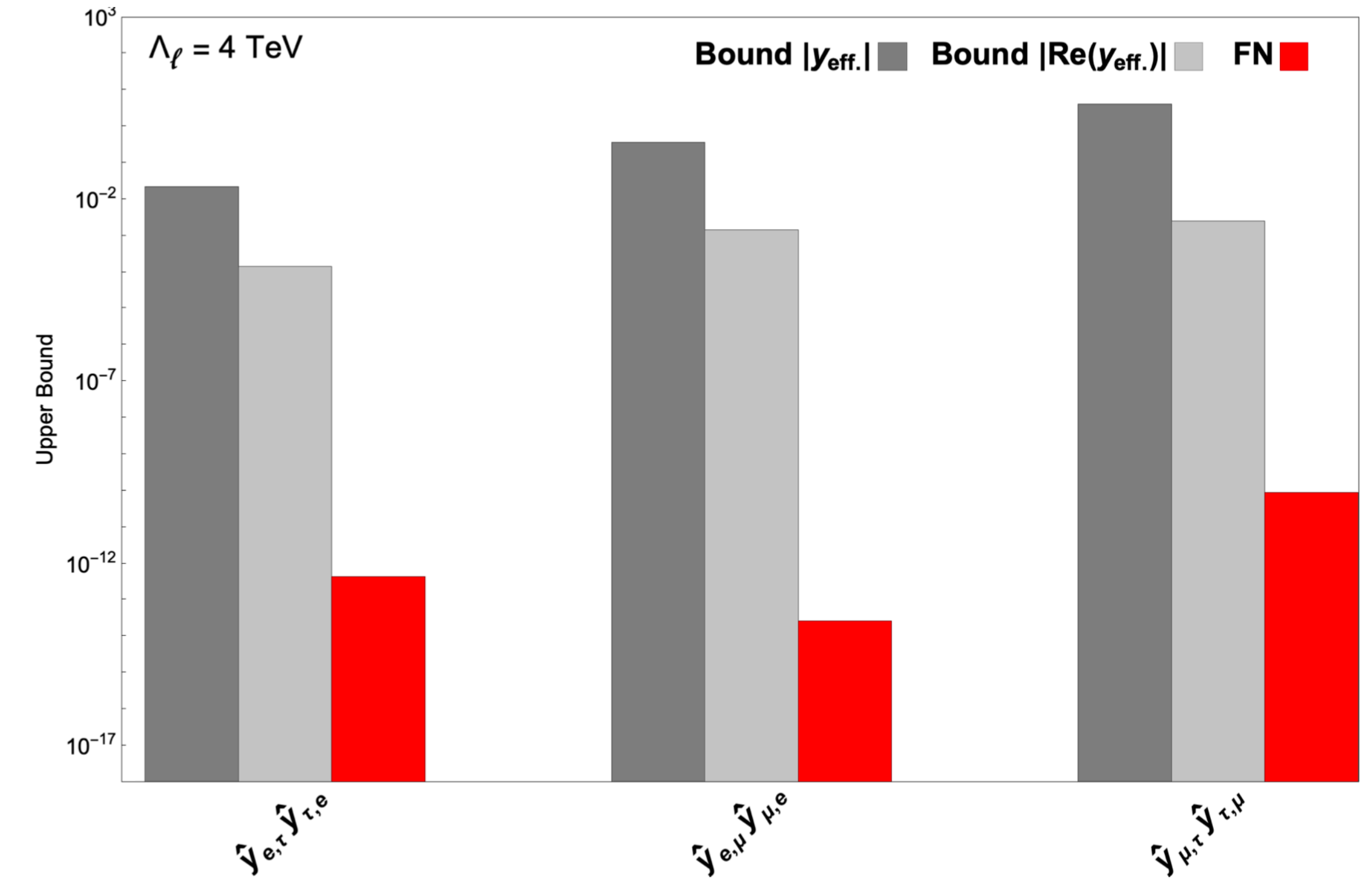
CP-Conserving

$$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_\ell \gtrsim 4 \text{ TeV}$$



} Several orders of magnitude stronger!

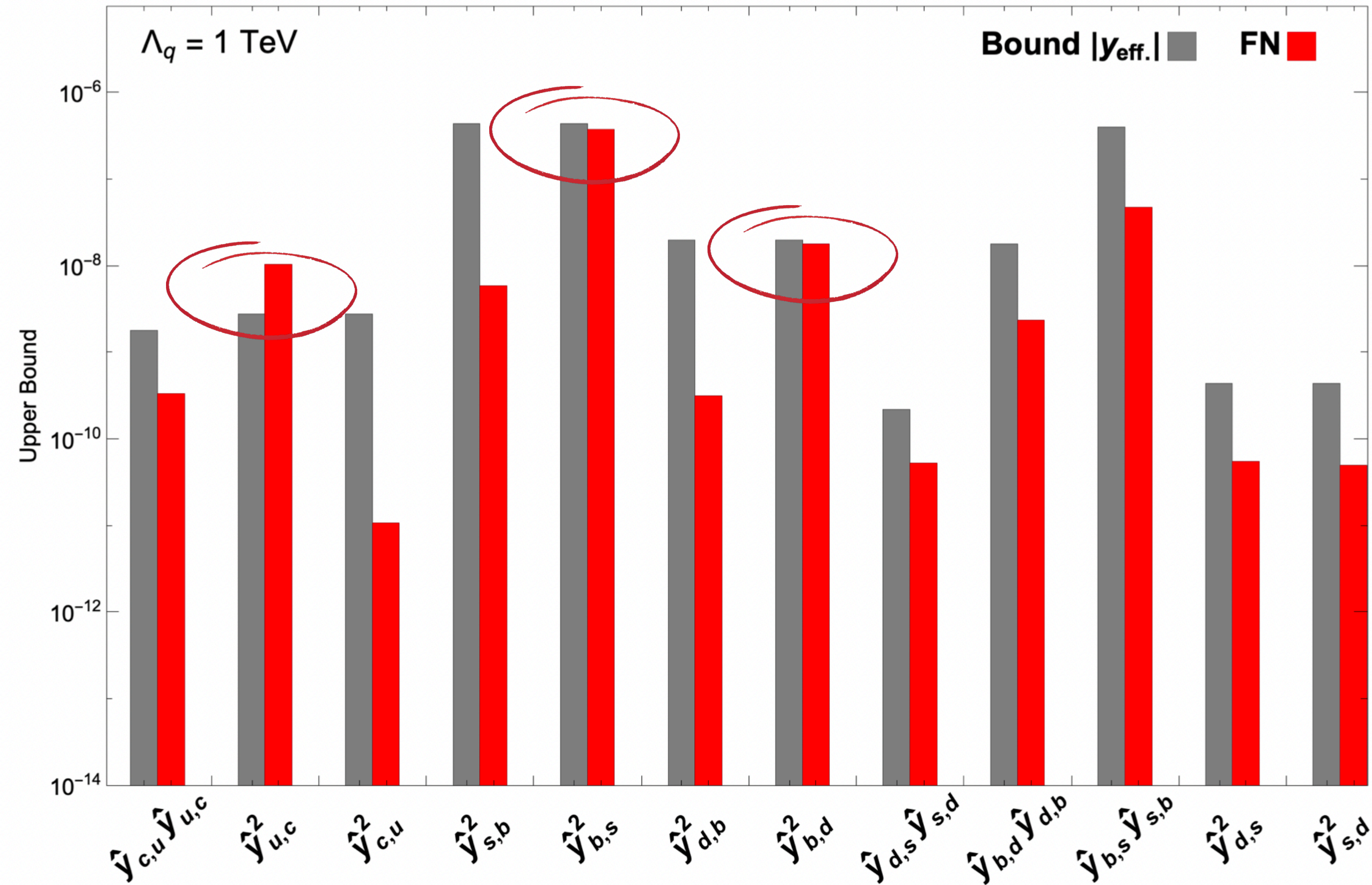


Flavour Observables (2/2)

CP-Conserving

$$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_\ell \gtrsim 4 \text{ TeV}$$

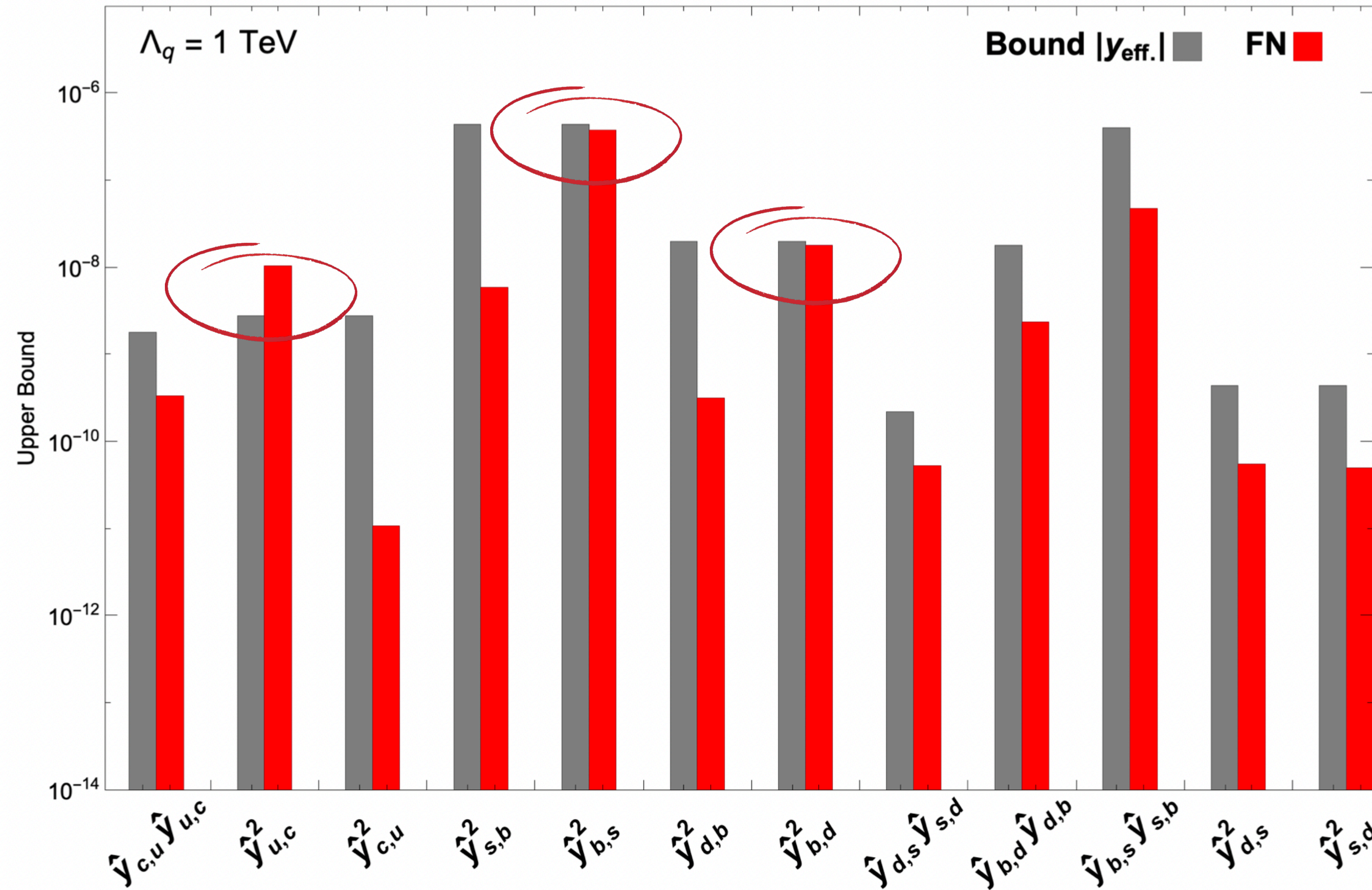


Flavour Observables (2/2)

CP-Conserving

$$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_\ell \gtrsim 4 \text{ TeV}$$



Experimental searches not that far away!

What can we learn?

- **Flavour Observables** + **EDM**

CP-Violating

Flavour Observables

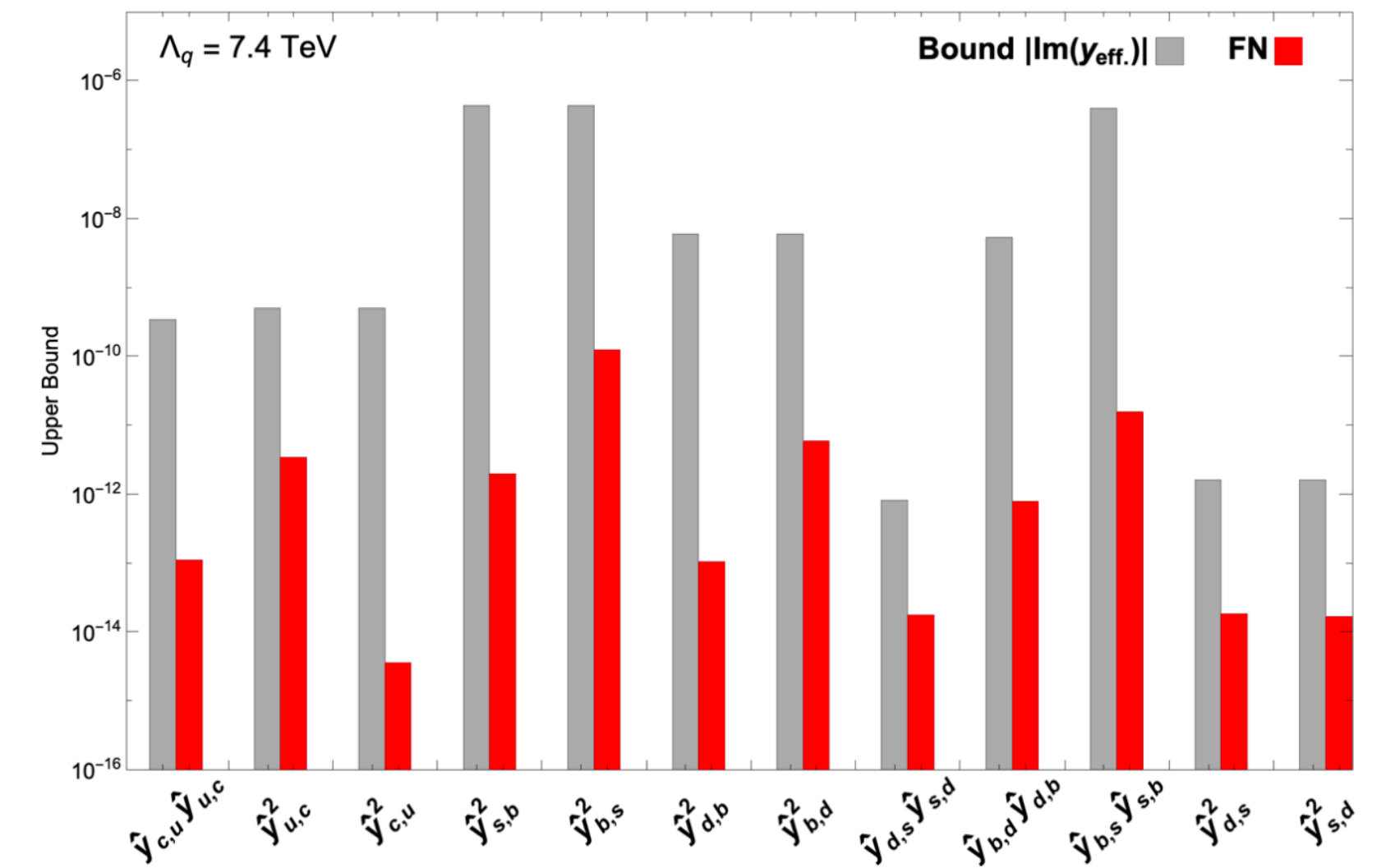
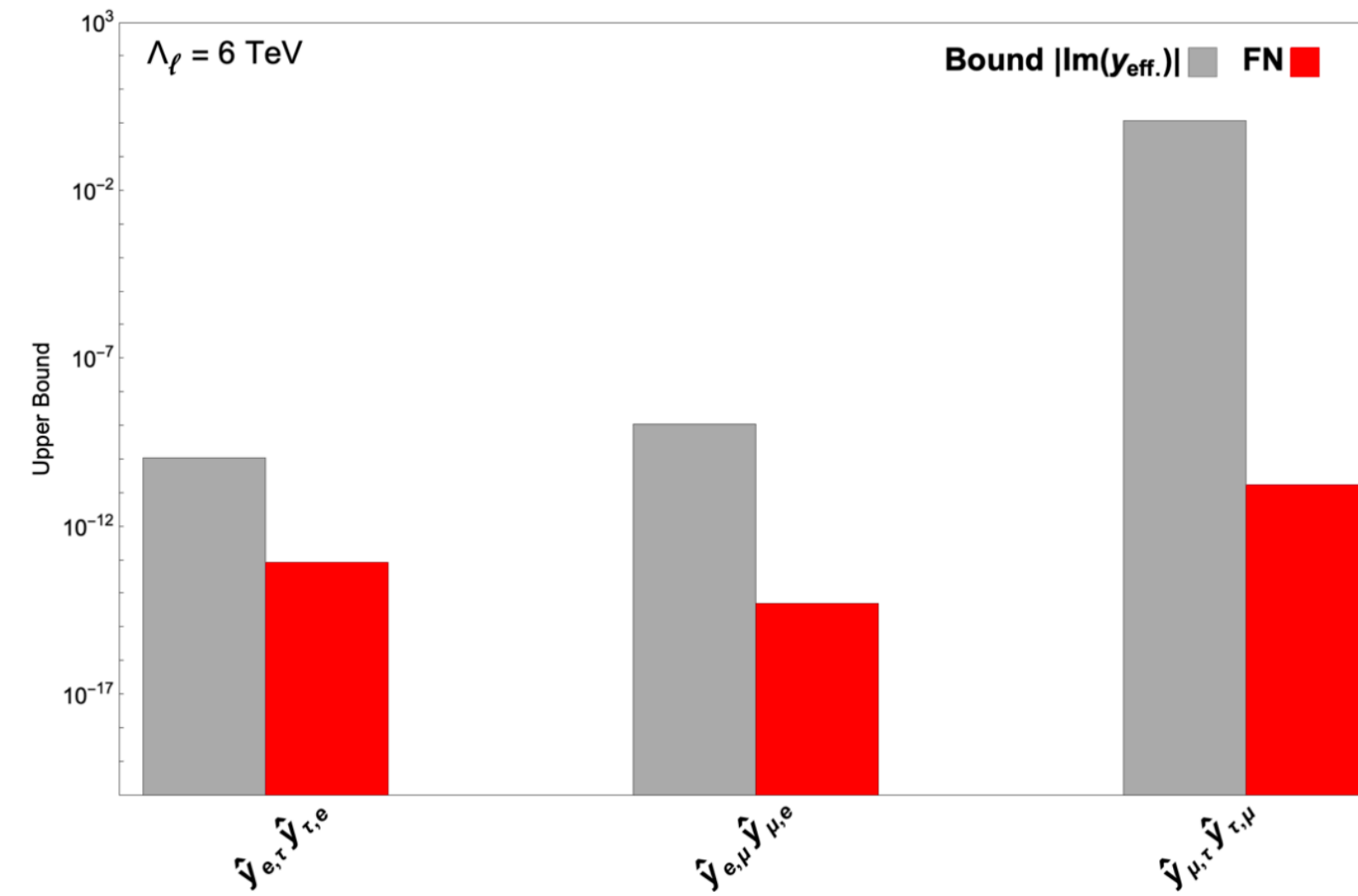
EDM

$$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 3 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_\ell \gtrsim 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 7.4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_\ell \gtrsim 6.0 \text{ TeV}$$



What can we learn?

- **Flavour Observables** + **EDM**

Avoiding all current experimental bounds!

CP-Violating

Flavour Observables

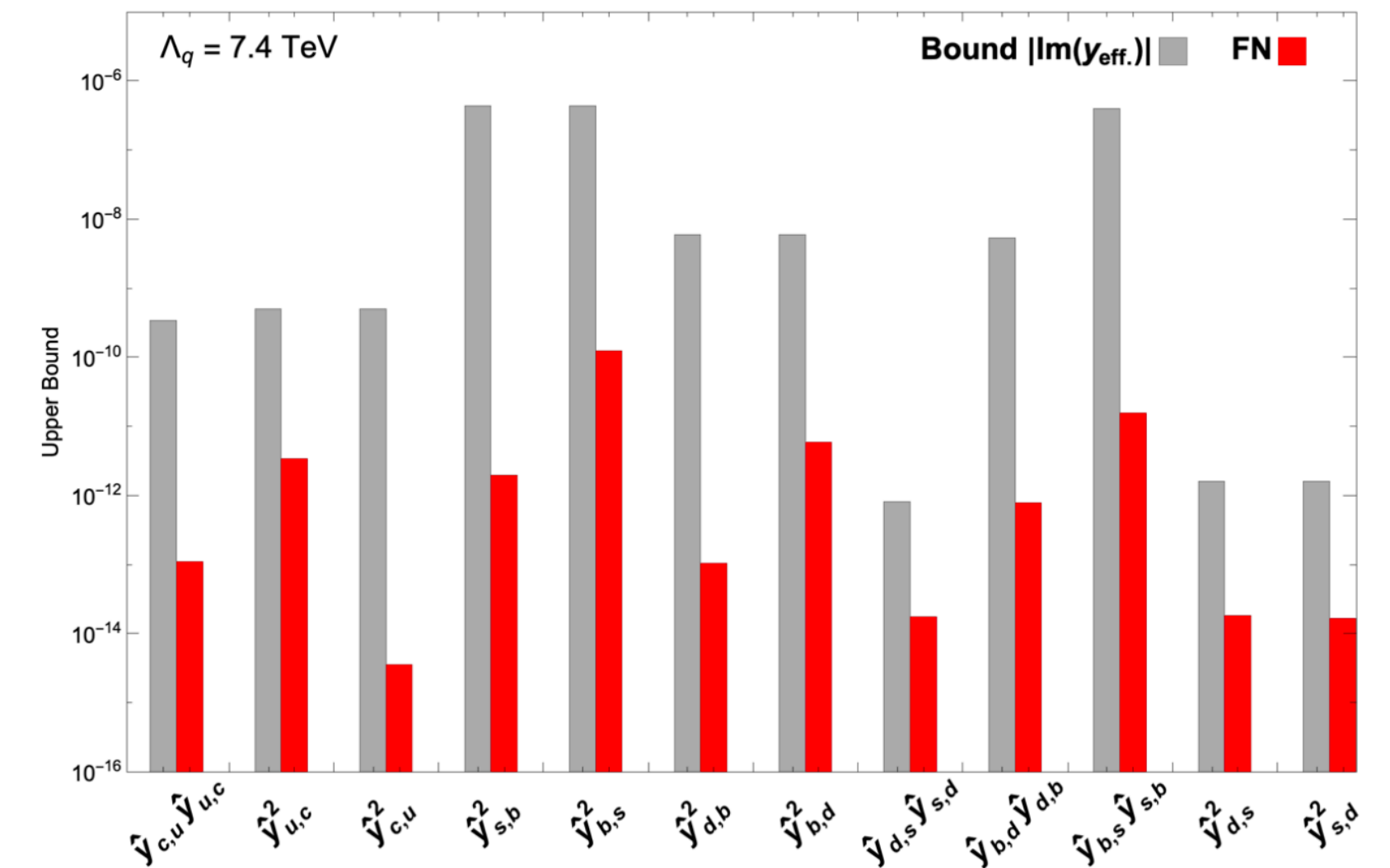
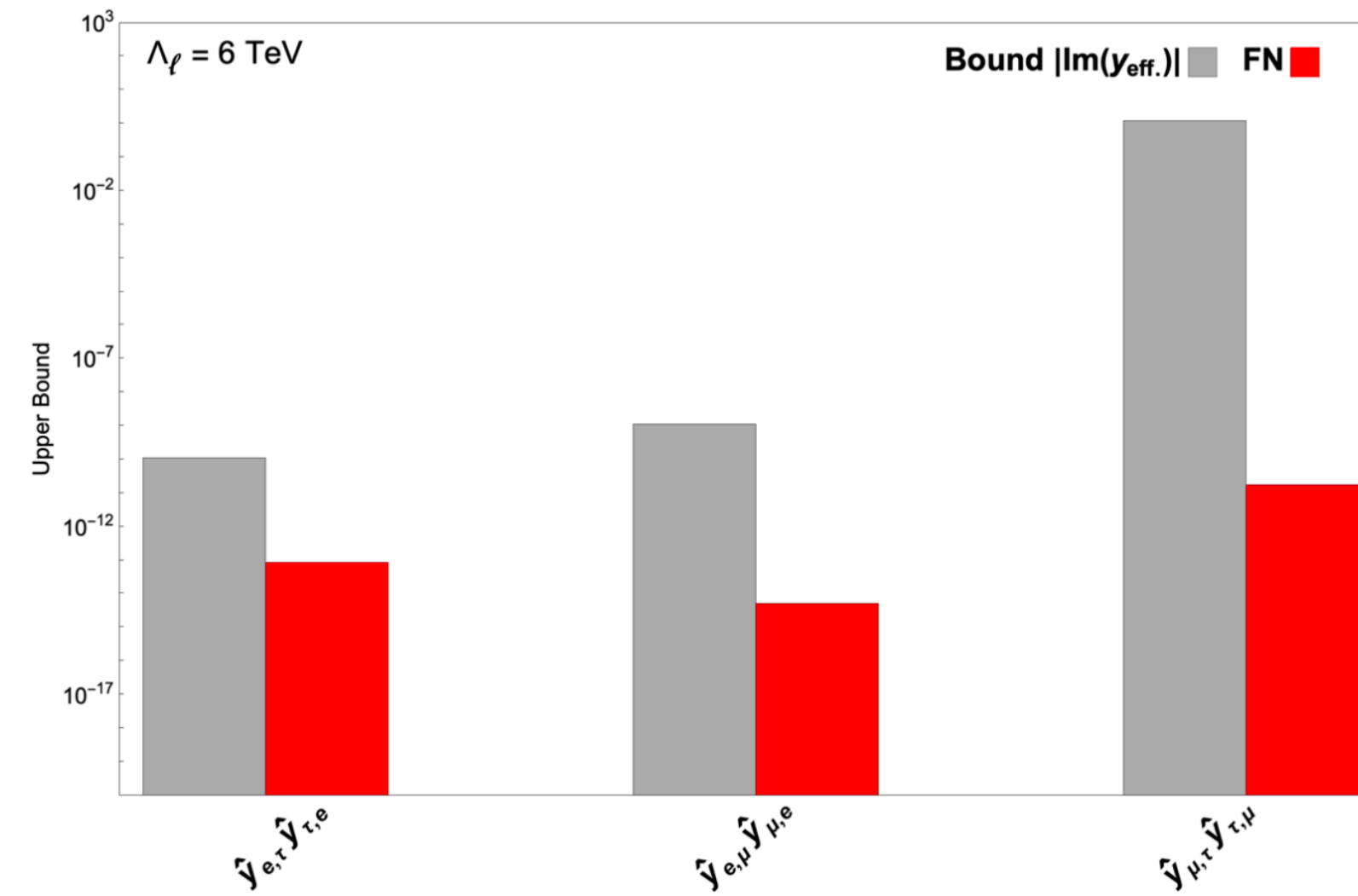
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What can we learn?

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Avoiding all current experimental bounds!

CP-Violating

Flavour Observables

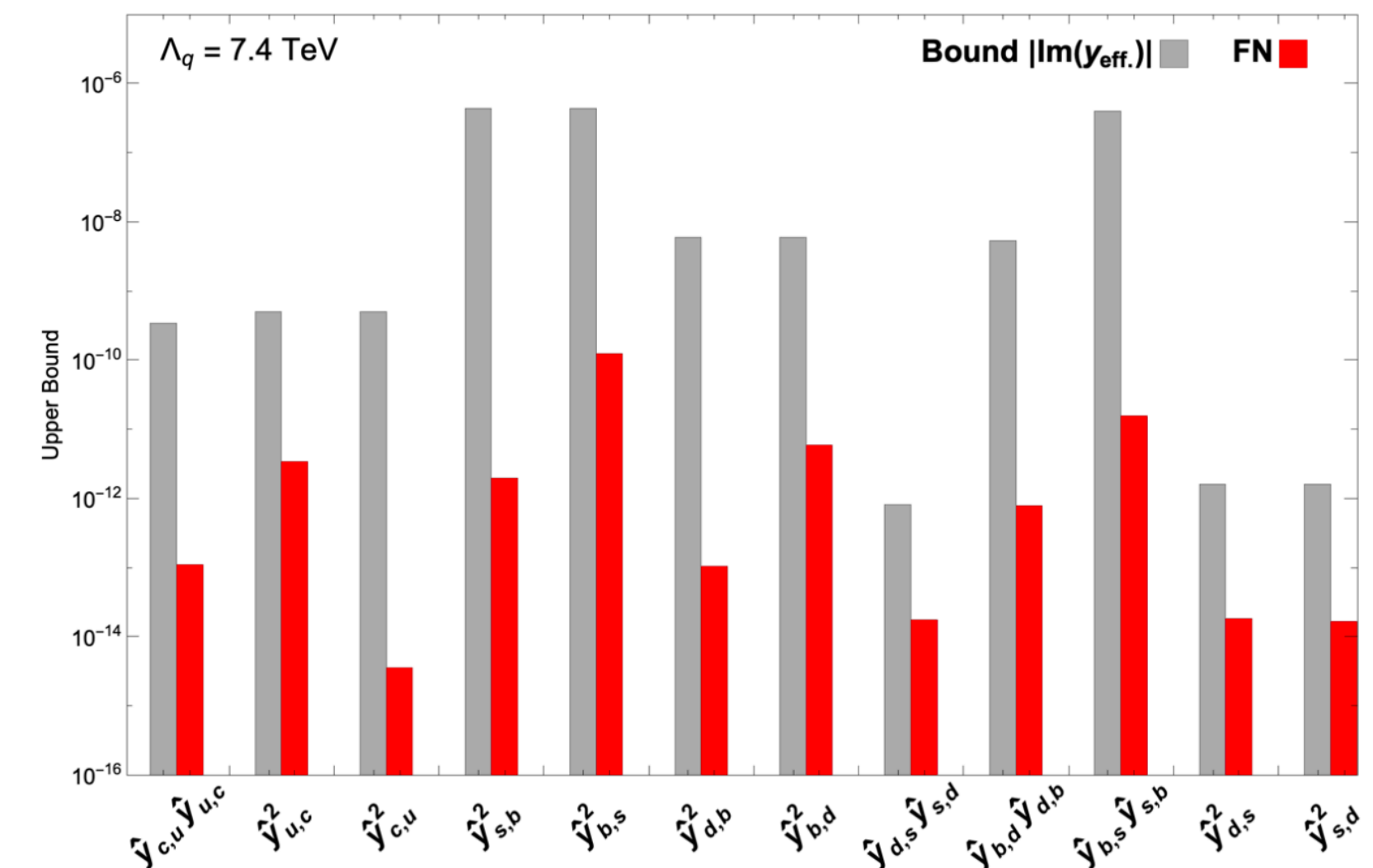
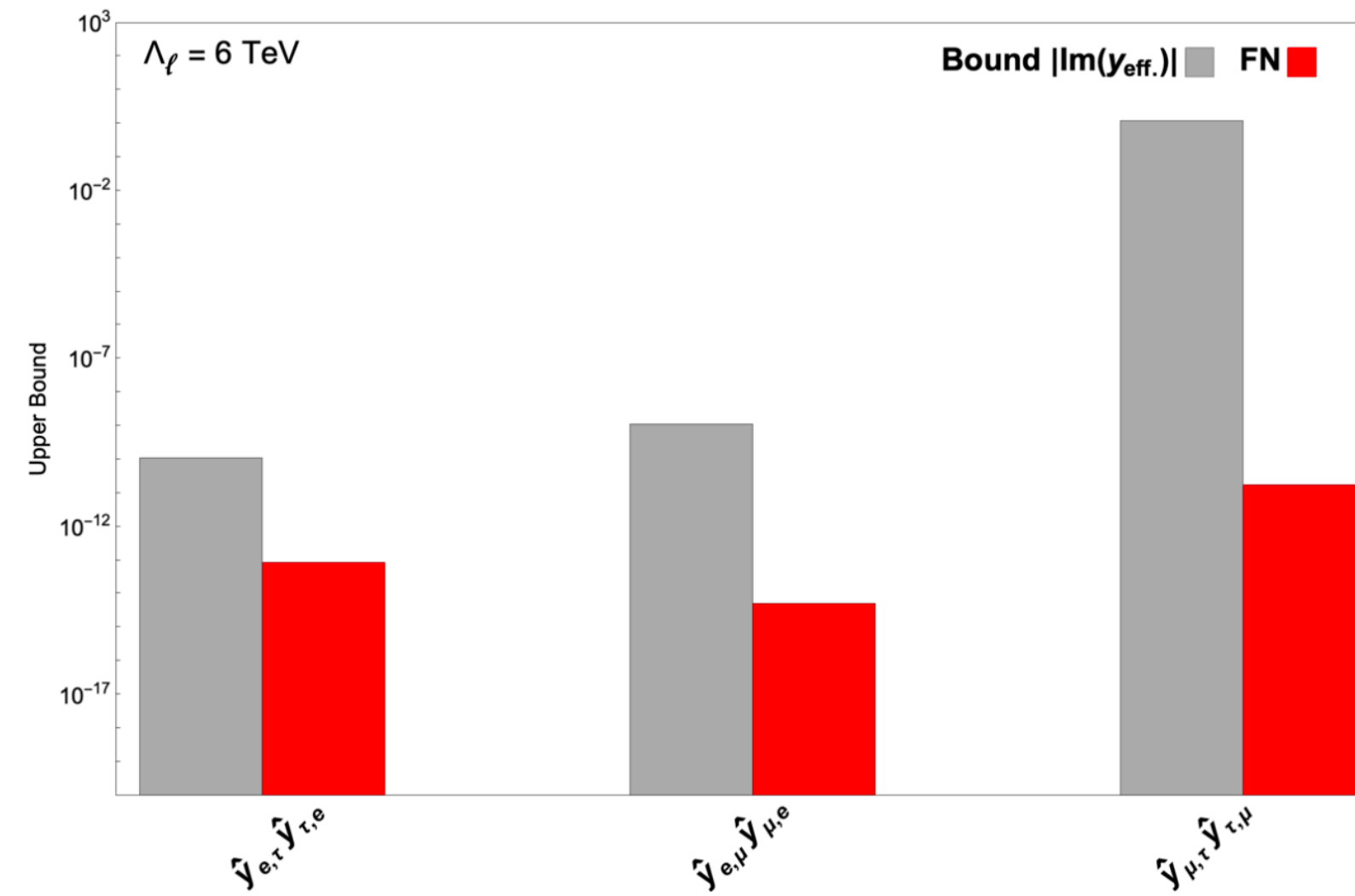
EDM

$$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 3 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_\ell \gtrsim 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 7.4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_\ell \gtrsim 6.0 \text{ TeV}$$



- **Flavour Observables** + **Higgs Physics**

$$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_\ell \gtrsim 4 \text{ TeV}$$

$$0.88 \lesssim r_q^2 \lesssim 1.12$$

$$0.99 \lesssim r_\ell^2 \lesssim 1.01$$

vs

$$\Lambda_q \gtrsim 0.8 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\Lambda_\ell \gtrsim 0.5 \text{ TeV}$$

$$0.82 \lesssim r_{t,c,u}^2 \lesssim 1.61$$

$$0.67 \lesssim r_{b,s,d}^2 \lesssim 1.52$$

$$0.49 \lesssim r_{\tau,\mu,e}^2 \lesssim 1.51$$

\implies **Bounds are of the same order!**

\implies **Future LHC searches could become more sensitive to NP than flavour observables!**

Prediction Higgs & Top Decays

- We can make **predictions** on processes that have not been measured yet!

⇒ **Higgs** flavour-violating **decays!**

⇒ **Top-decay** into higgs+quark!

BR	Experimental Bound 95%C.L.	FN Prediction
$h \rightarrow uc$	—	6×10^{-8}
$h \rightarrow ds$	—	6×10^{-10}
$h \rightarrow db$	—	4×10^{-8}
$h \rightarrow sb$	—	8×10^{-7}

BR	Experimental Bound 95%C.L.	A	$A_{\mu\tau}$	H
$h \rightarrow e\mu$	6.1×10^{-5}	3×10^{-9}	10^{-10}	1×10^{-10}
$h \rightarrow e\tau$	2.2×10^{-3}	8×10^{-7}	4×10^{-8}	2×10^{-9}
$h \rightarrow \mu\tau$	1.5×10^{-3}	8×10^{-7}	8×10^{-7}	9×10^{-8}

BR	Experimental Bound 95%C.L.	FN Prediction
$t \rightarrow hu$	4.5×10^{-3}	2×10^{-6}
$t \rightarrow hc$	4.6×10^{-3} , 5.6×10^{-3}	4×10^{-5}

Prediction Higgs & Top Decays

- We can make **predictions** on processes that have not been measured yet!

⇒ **Higgs** flavour-violating **decays**!

⇒ **Top-decay** into higgs+quark!

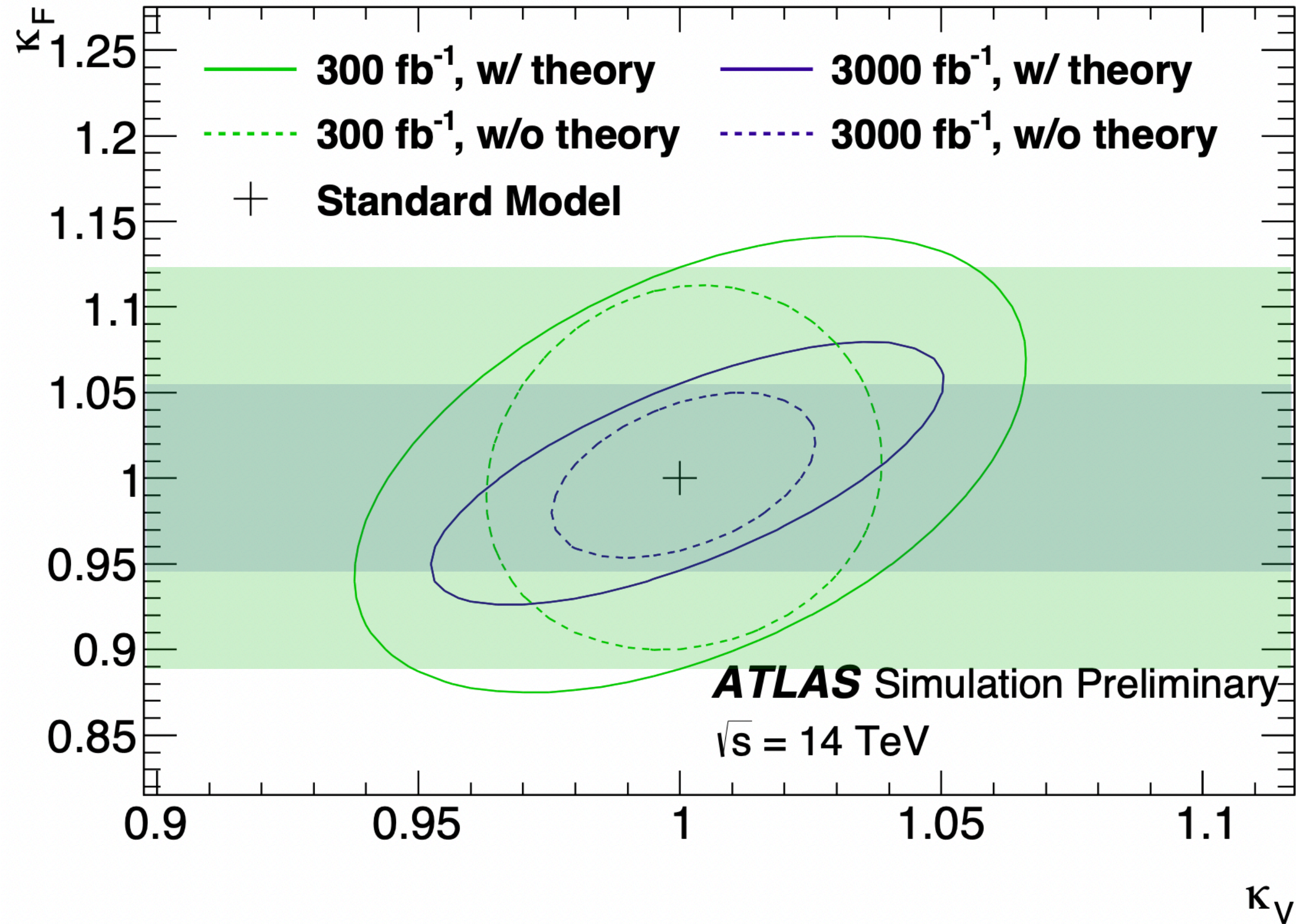
BR	Experimental Bound 95%C.L.	FN Prediction
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$h \rightarrow \mu\tau$	1.5×10^{-3}	8×10^{-7}	8×10^{-7}	9×10^{-8}

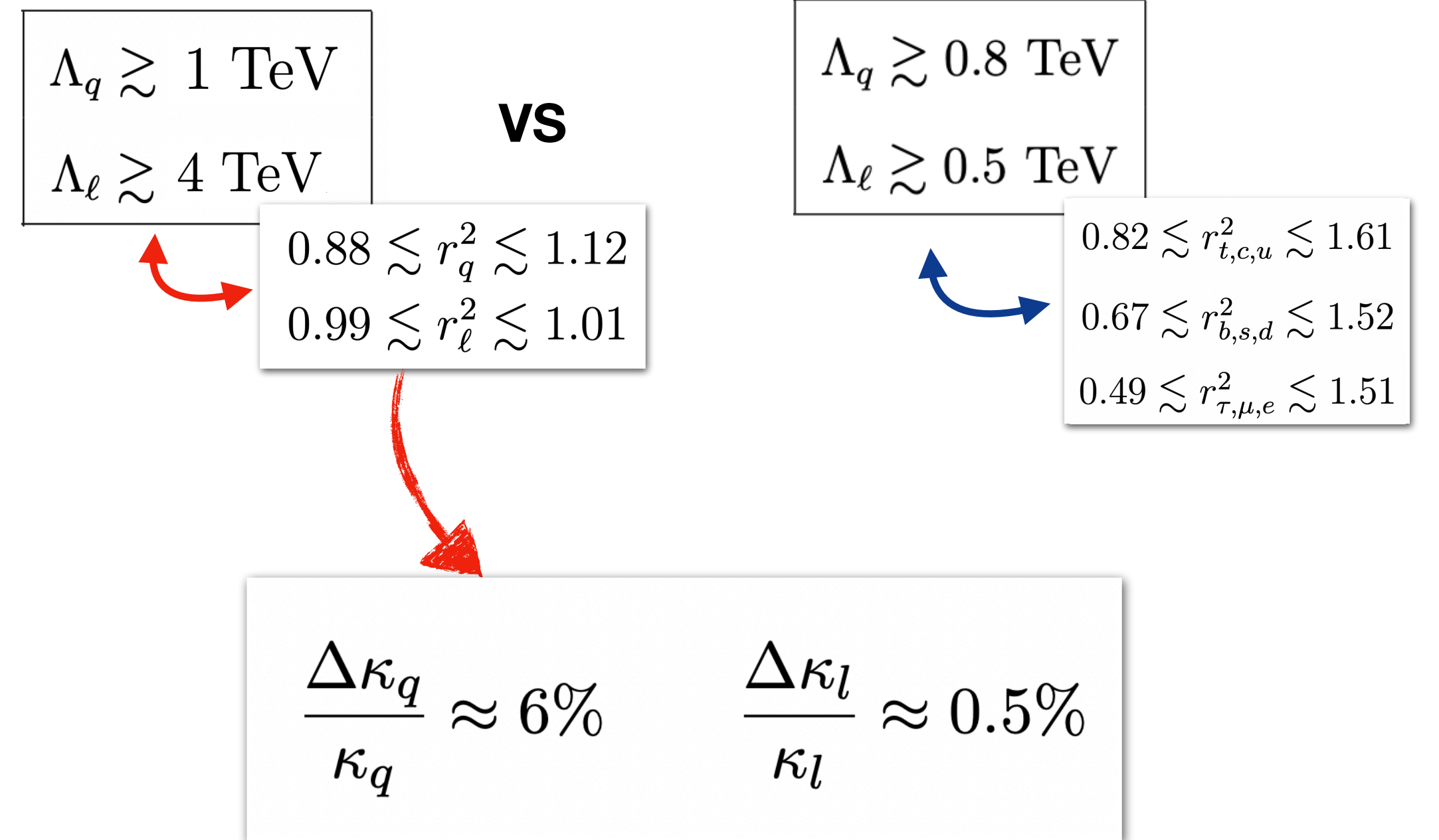
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$t \rightarrow hu$	4.5×10^{-3}	2×10^{-6}
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Experimental sensitivity still far away :(

Waiting for HL-LHC - Run III



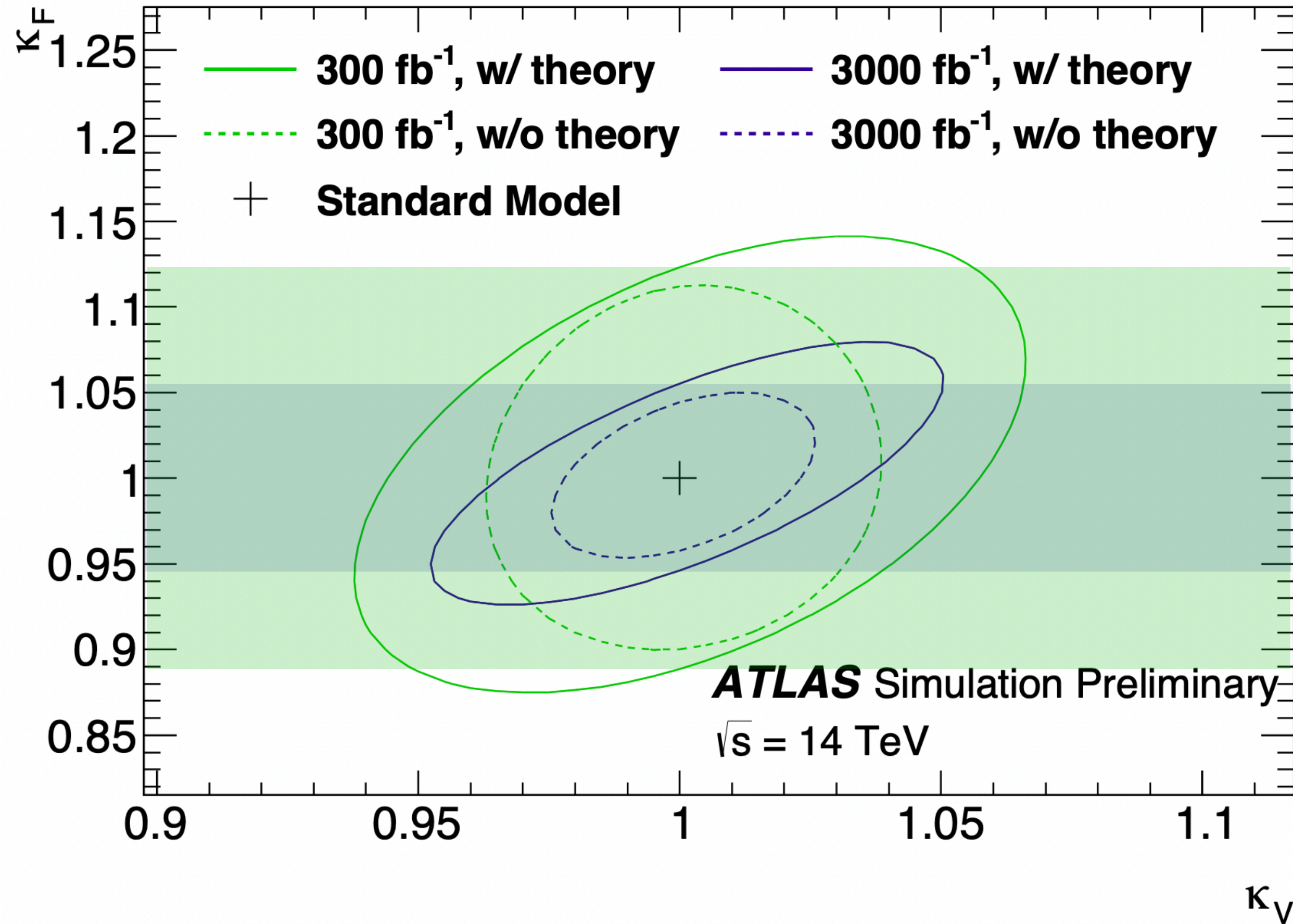
Flavour Observables + Higgs Physics



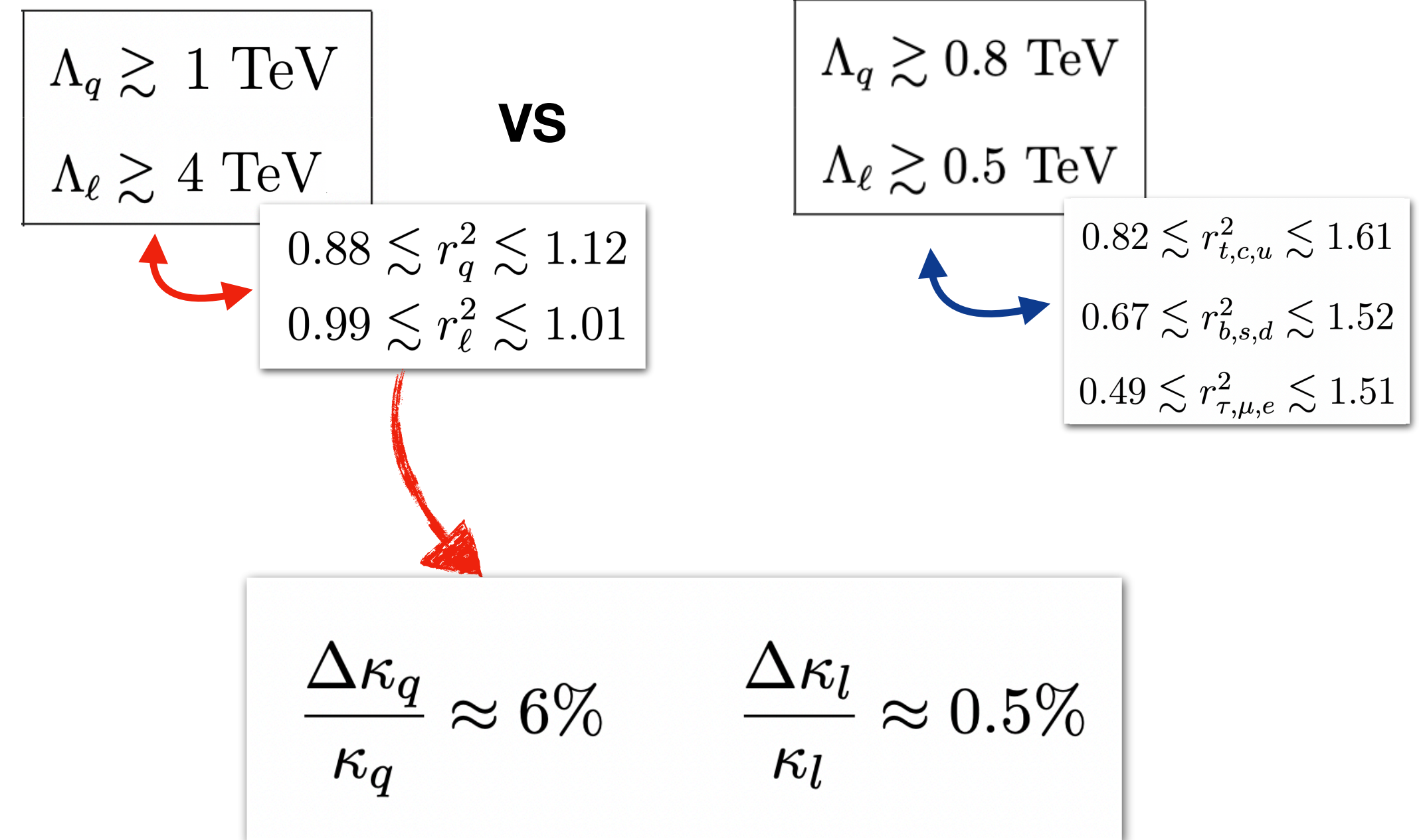
Coupling	300 fb ⁻¹			3000 fb ⁻¹		
	Theory unc.:			Theory unc.:		
	All	Half	None	All	Half	None
$\kappa_V = \kappa_Z = \kappa_W$	4.3%	3.0%	2.5%	3.3%	2.2%	1.7%
$\kappa_F = \kappa_t = \kappa_b = \kappa_\tau = \kappa_\mu$	8.8%	7.5%	7.1%	5.1%	3.8%	3.2%

Coupling	300 fb ⁻¹			3000 fb ⁻¹		
	Theory unc.:			Theory unc.:		
	All	Half	None	All	Half	None
κ_V	4.3%	3.1%	2.5%	3.3%	2.2%	1.7%
κ_q	11%	8.7%	7.8%	6.6%	4.5%	3.6%
κ_l	10%	9.6%	9.3%	6.0%	5.3%	5.1%

Waiting for HL-LHC - Run III



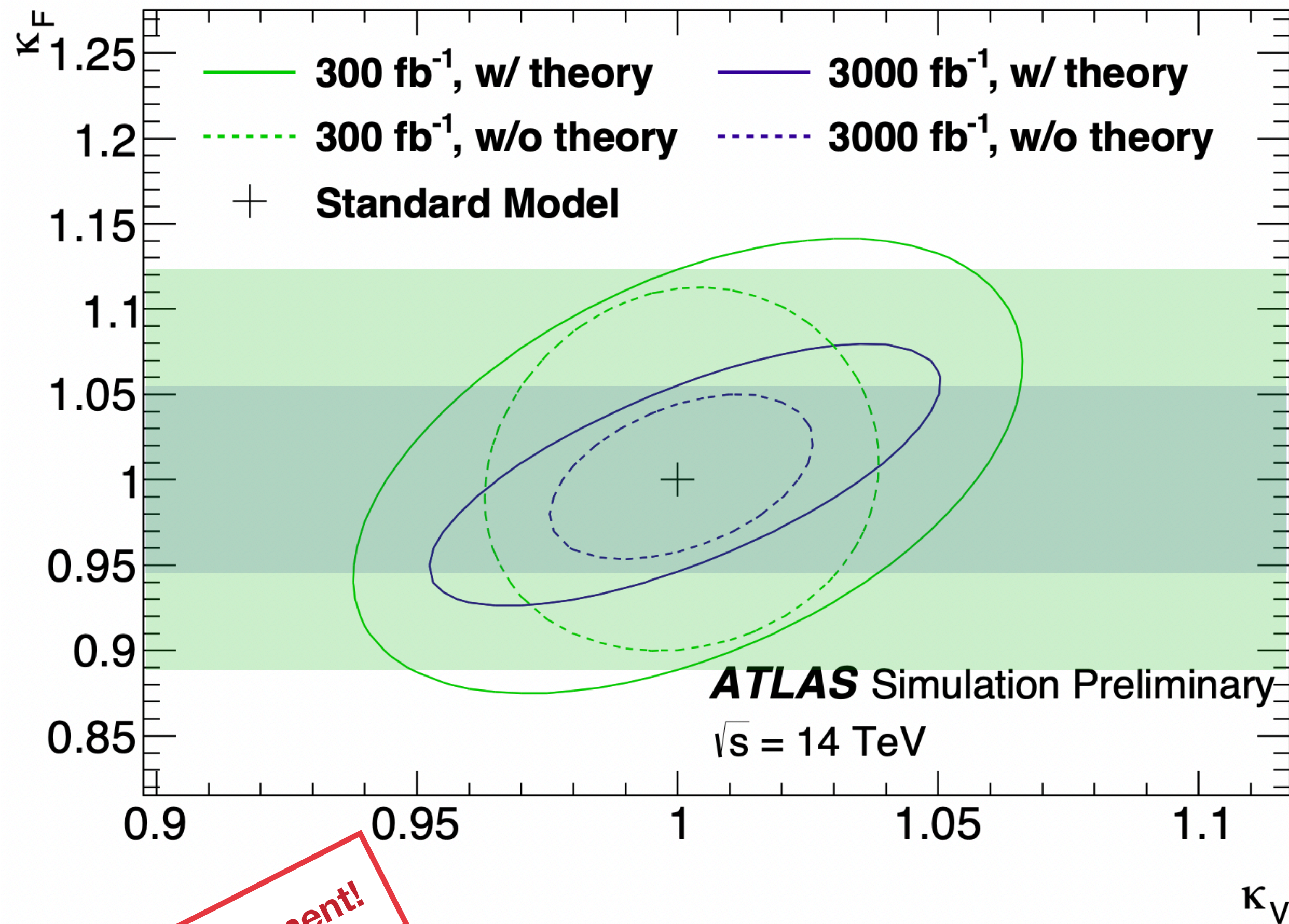
Flavour Observables + Higgs Physics



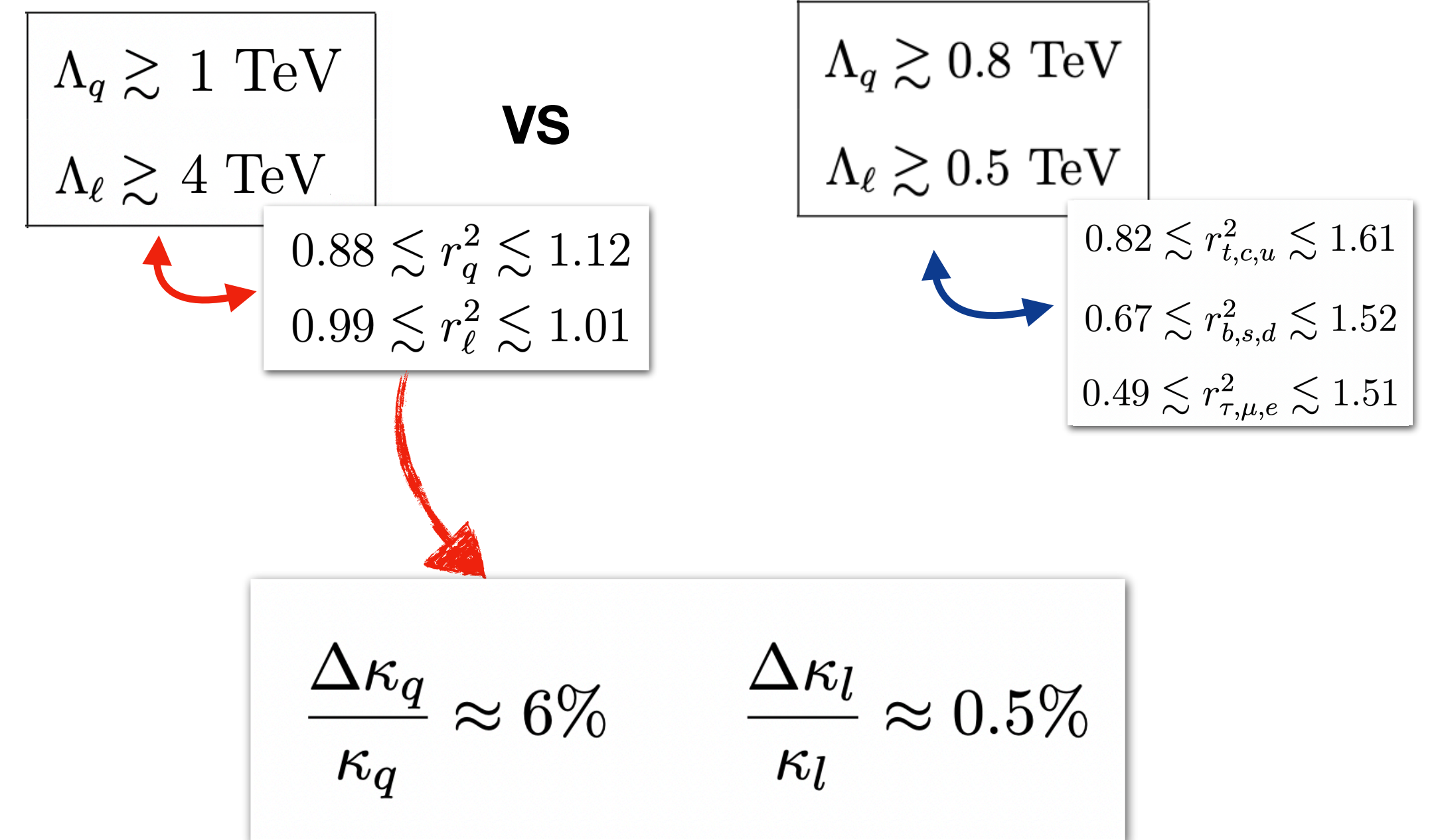
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	Theory unc.:			Theory unc.:		
	All	Half	None	All	Half	None
κ_V	4.3%	3.1%	2.5%	3.3%	2.2%	1.7%
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Waiting for HL-LHC - Run III



Flavour Observables + Higgs Physics



Amazing Improvement!

Coupling	300 fb ⁻¹			3000 fb ⁻¹		
	Theory unc.:			Theory unc.:		
	All	Half	None	All	Half	None
$\kappa_V = \kappa_Z = \kappa_W$	4.3%	3.0%	2.5%	3.3%	2.2%	1.7%
$\kappa_F = \kappa_t = \kappa_b = \kappa_\tau = \kappa_\mu$	8.8%	7.5%	7.1%	5.1%	3.8%	3.2%

Coupling	300 fb ⁻¹			3000 fb ⁻¹		
	Theory unc.:			Theory unc.:		
	All	Half	None	All	Half	None
κ_V	4.3%	3.1%	2.5%	3.3%	2.2%	1.7%
κ_q	11%	8.7%	7.8%	6.6%	4.5%	3.6%
κ_l	10%	9.6%	9.3%	6.0%	5.3%	5.1%

Take Home Messages

Flavour symmetries:

- are well motivated both to **explore BSM physics** and to **understand the SM Yukawa** structure!
- allow to **connect** and **correlate** very different **experimental searches** and **constraints** and can **lower** considerably the **NP scale** to **1-10 TeV!!**

- **CP violating** → unless the **phases** of the **diagonal** couplings are zero, the **EDM** put the **strongest bounds**, followed by flavour observables.
- **CP conserving** → most constrained by **flavour observables**, but **Higgs physics'** bounds are of the **same order** of magnitude → optimistic for the **quark scale!**



Bounds from **Collider Searches** could become **competitive** with
Flavour Observables!

**Thank
You!**

contact at: arturo.degiorgi@uam.es

Back Up Slides

Higgs Physics - Parametrization

- Data on **signal strength** from **CMS** and **ATLAS**:

$$\mu_P^F = \frac{\sigma_P}{\sigma_P^{\text{SM}}} \frac{\Gamma(h \rightarrow F)}{\Gamma^{\text{SM}}(h \rightarrow F)} \left(\frac{\Gamma_{h,\text{tot}}}{\Gamma_{h,\text{tot}}^{\text{SM}}} \right)^{-1}$$

h - Branching Fractions

$\text{BR}_{bb}^{\text{SM}}$	$\text{BR}_{gg}^{\text{SM}}$	$\text{BR}_{\tau\tau}^{\text{SM}}$	$\text{BR}_{cc}^{\text{SM}}$	$\text{BR}_{\gamma\gamma}^{\text{SM}}$	$\text{BR}_{\mu\mu}^{\text{SM}}$
0.58	0.082	0.062	0.029	0.002	0.0002

- Each ratio can be parametrised as a function of the **deviation parameters**:

$$\frac{\Gamma_{h,\text{tot.}}}{\Gamma_{h,\text{tot.}}^{\text{SM}}} = 1 + \text{BR}_{bb}^{\text{SM}} (r_b^2 - 1) + (\text{BR}_{gg}^{\text{SM}} + \text{BR}_{cc}^{\text{SM}}) (r_t^2 - 1) + \text{BR}_{\gamma\gamma}^{\text{SM}} (0.639 - 0.718 r_t^*) + \text{BR}_{\tau\tau}^{\text{SM}} (r_\tau^2 - 1)$$

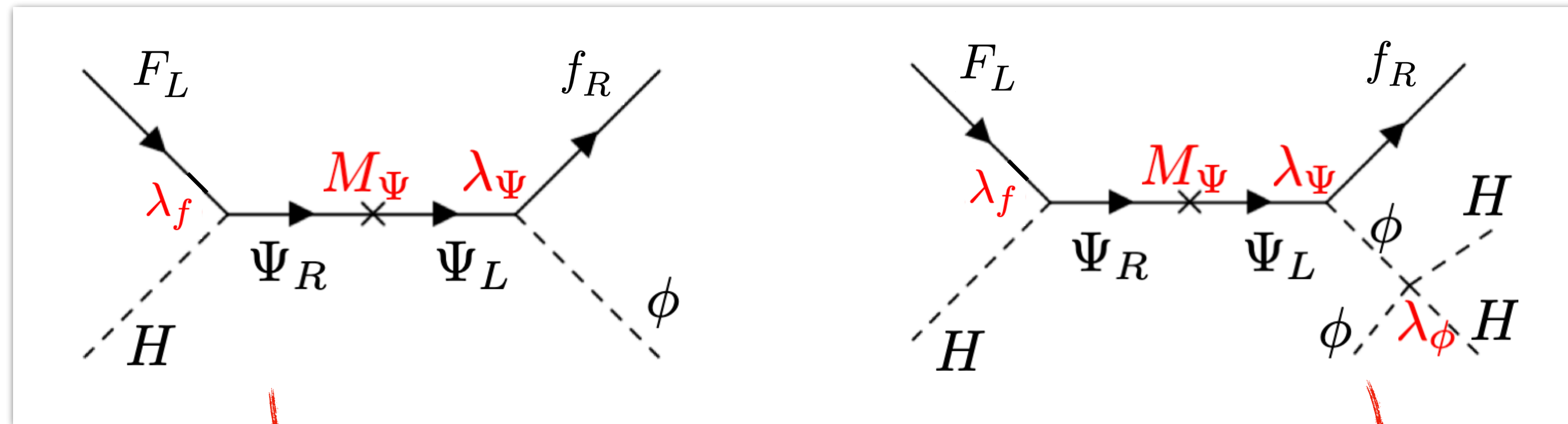
$$\frac{\Gamma(h \rightarrow F)}{\Gamma^{\text{SM}}(h \rightarrow F)} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for } F = VV^*, \\ 1.639 - 0.718 r_t^*, & \text{for } F = \gamma\gamma, \\ r_b^2, & \text{for } F = b\bar{b}, \\ r_\tau^2, & \text{for } F = \tau\bar{\tau}, \\ r_\mu^2, & \text{for } F = \mu\bar{\mu}. \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\sigma_P}{\sigma_P^{\text{SM}}} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for } P = \text{VBF, VH} \\ r_t^2, & \text{for } P = \text{ggF, ttH + tH}. \end{cases}$$

*full expression with extra + 0.079 r_t^2

Toy-Model UV Completion

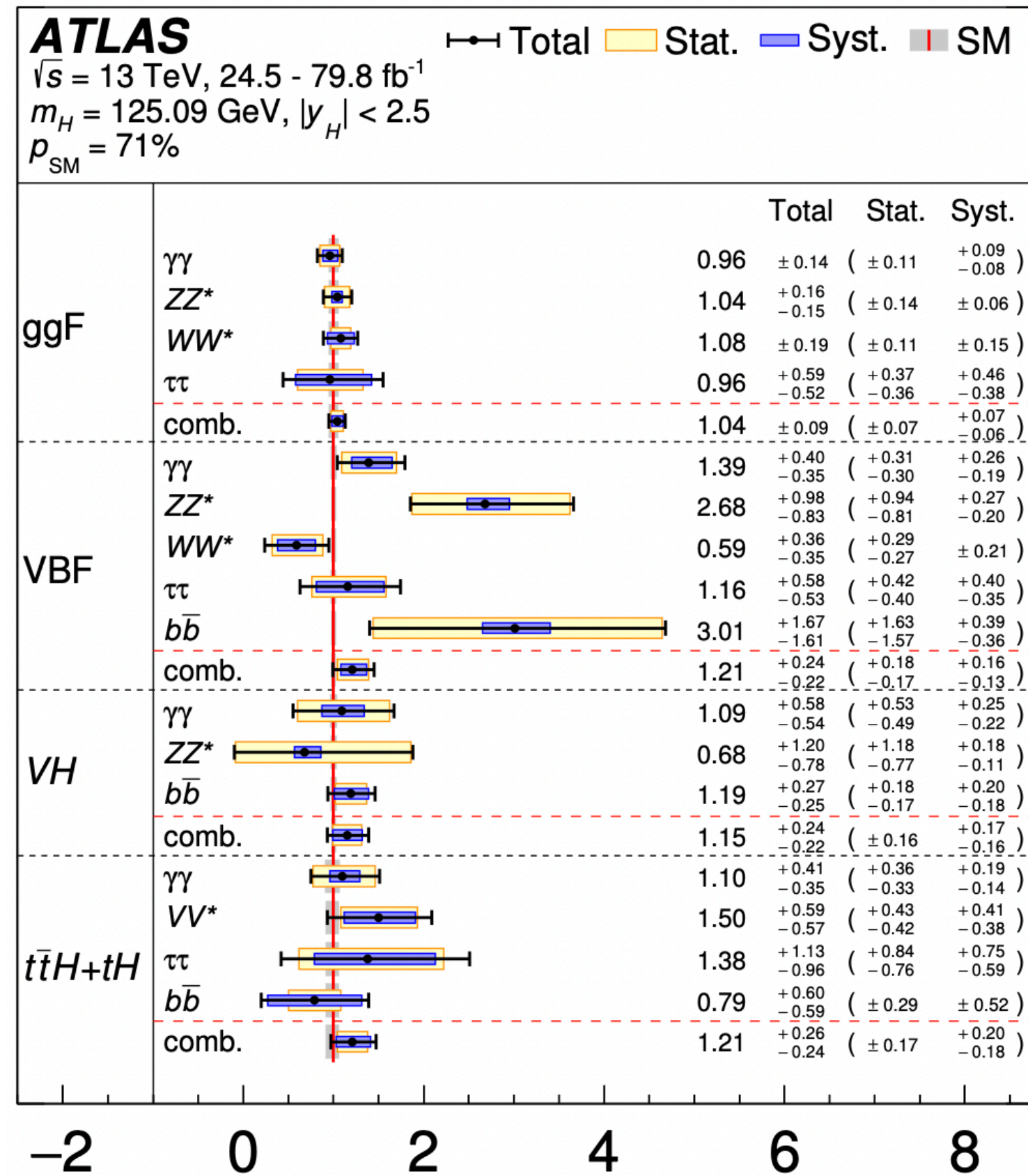
- **Vector-like** exotic fermions: $\Psi_{L,R}$
- MFV-inspired **symmetry**: $F_L, \Psi_{L,R} \sim 3 \subset SU(3)_L$ and $f_R \sim 3 \subset SU(3)_R$
- New **bi-triplet scalar**: $\phi \sim (3, \bar{3})$



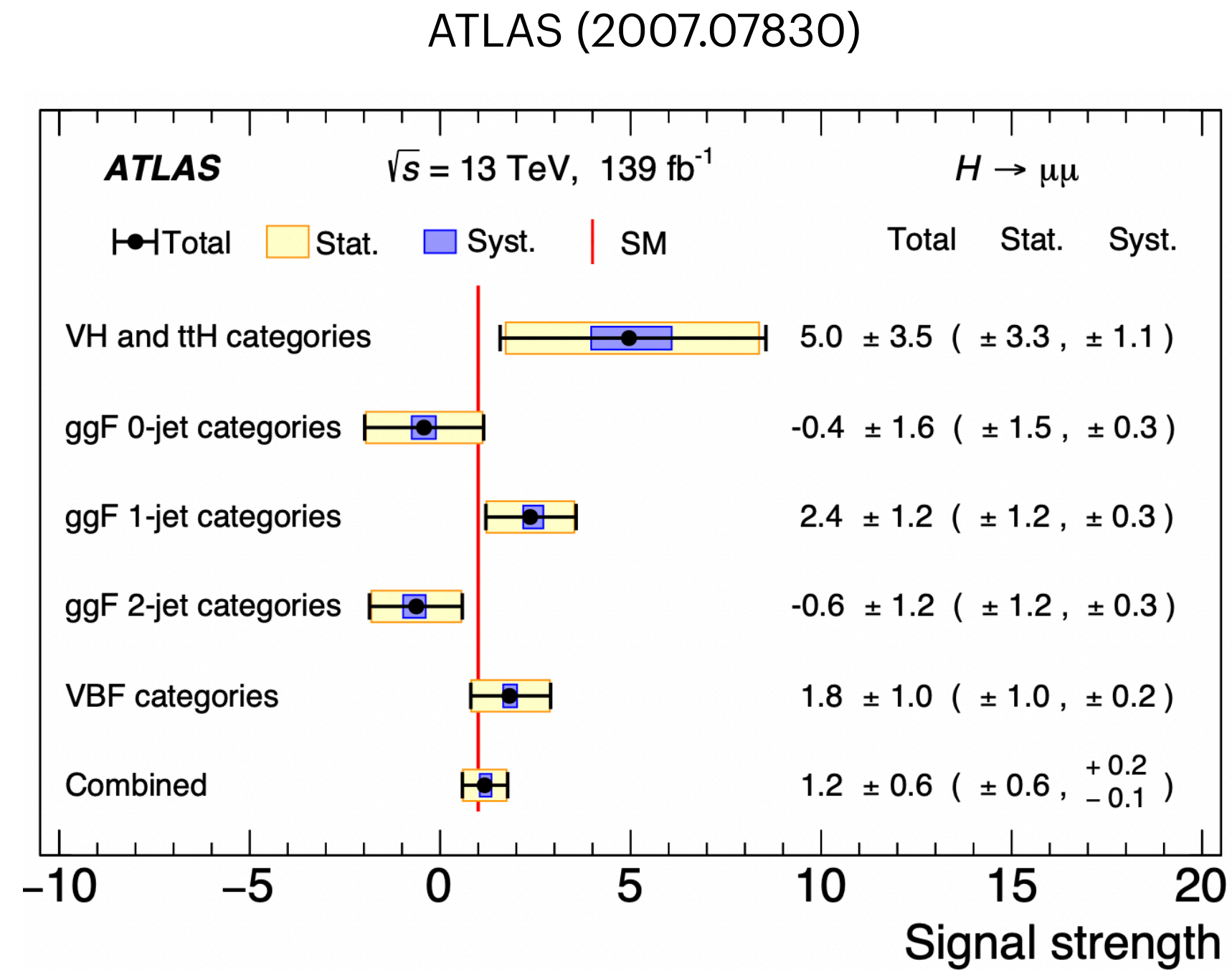
$$Y_f \sim \lambda_f \frac{1}{M_\Psi} \lambda_\Psi v_\phi$$

$$\frac{C_f^{d=6}}{\Lambda^2} \sim \lambda_f \frac{1}{M_\Psi} \lambda_\Psi v_\phi \frac{1}{M_\phi^2} \lambda_\phi$$

Waiting for HL-LHC - Run III: ATLAS

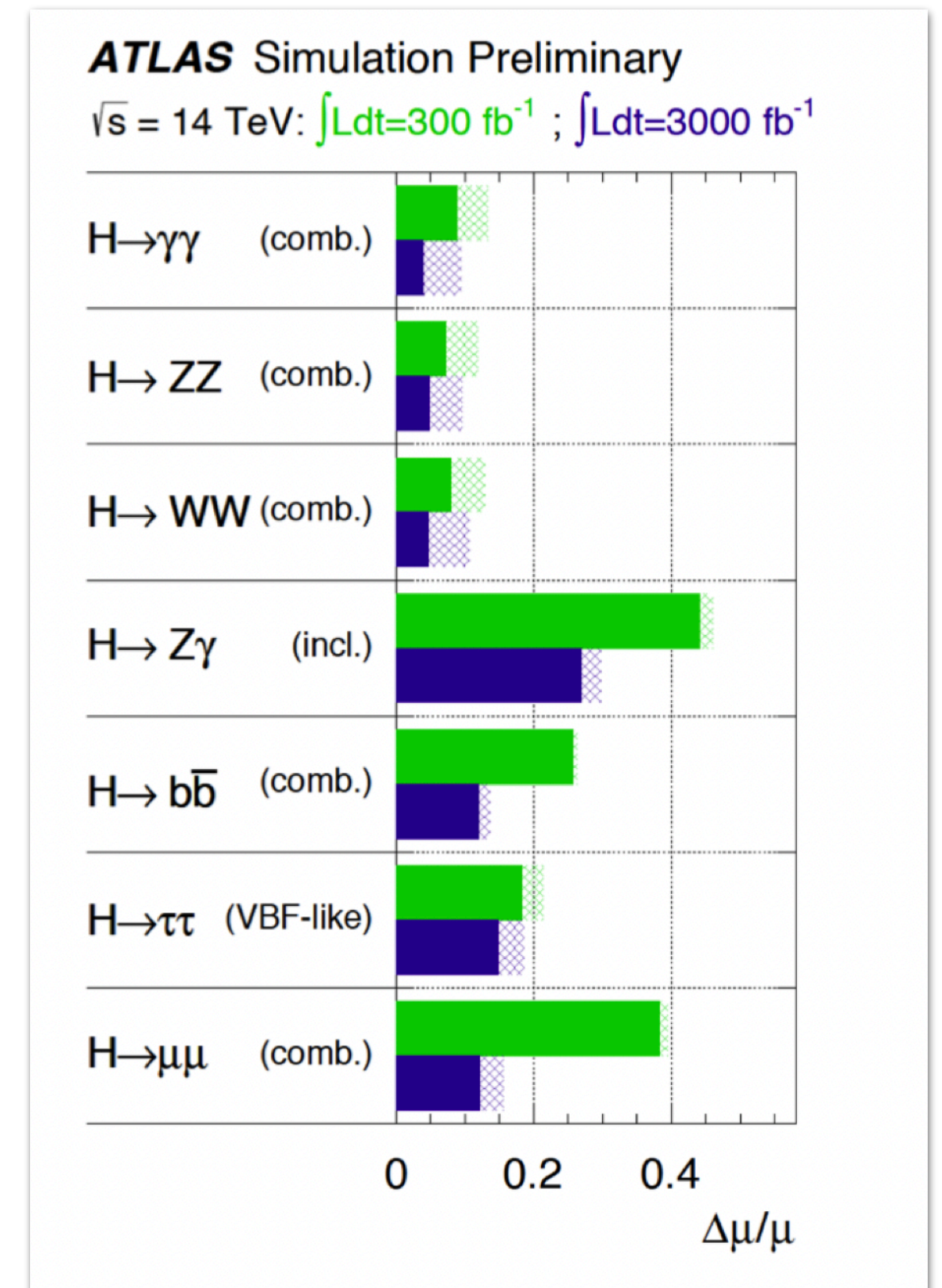


ATLAS (1909.02845)

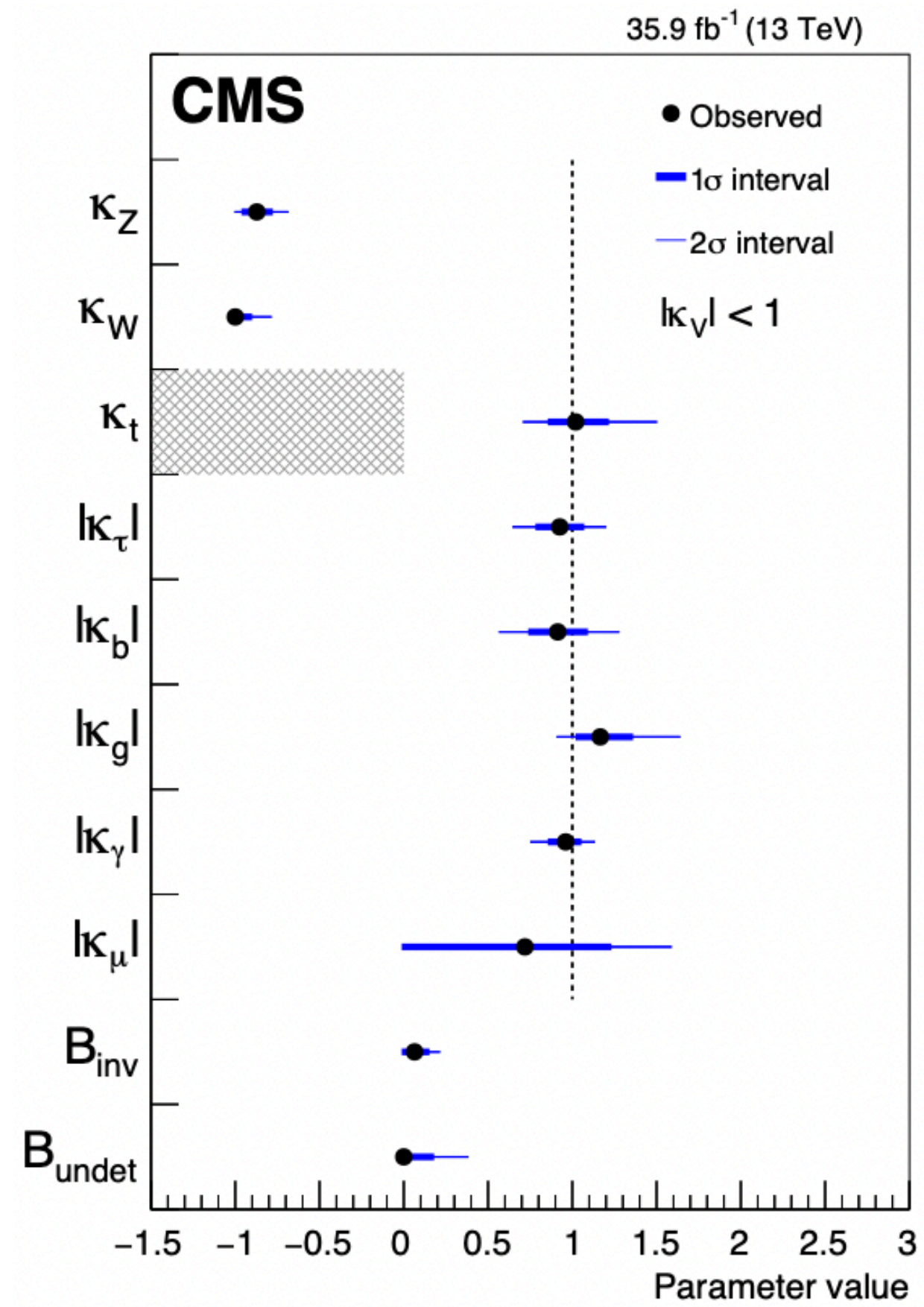


Prospects of LHC Higgs Physics at the end of Run III (1703.07689)

ATLAS Collaboration, ATL-PHYS-PUB-2014-016



Waiting for HL-LHC - Run III: CMS



CMS (1809.10733)

Parameter	Best fit	Uncertainty	
		stat	syst
κ_Z	-0.87 (+0.00) (-0.12)	+0.07 (+0.00) -0.06 (-0.10)	+0.04 (+0.00) -0.04 (-0.06)
κ_W	-1.00 (+0.00) (-0.12)	+0.07 (+0.00) -0.00 (-0.09)	+0.05 (+0.00) -0.00 (-0.07)
κ_t	1.02 (+0.18) (-0.15)	+0.13 (+0.13) -0.09 (-0.09)	+0.13 (+0.13) -0.13 (-0.12)
κ_τ	0.93 (+0.14) (-0.15)	+0.08 (+0.09) -0.09 (-0.10)	+0.11 (+0.11) -0.10 (-0.11)
κ_b	0.91 (+0.17) (-0.16) (+0.19) (-0.22)	+0.11 (+0.14) -0.12 (-0.16)	+0.13 (+0.13) -0.11 (-0.15)
κ_g	1.16 (+0.18) (-0.13) (+0.17) (-0.12)	+0.14 (+0.13) -0.09 (-0.09)	+0.12 (+0.11) -0.10 (-0.09)
κ_γ	0.96 (+0.09) (-0.09) (+0.09) (-0.11)	+0.06 (+0.07) -0.08 (-0.09)	+0.06 (+0.05) -0.06 (-0.07)
κ_μ	0.72 (+0.50) (-0.72) (+0.49) (-1.01)	+0.50 (+0.48) -0.71 (-1.00)	+0.00 (+0.06) -0.07 (-0.08)

Prospects of LHC Higgs Physics
at the end of Run III (1703.07689)

