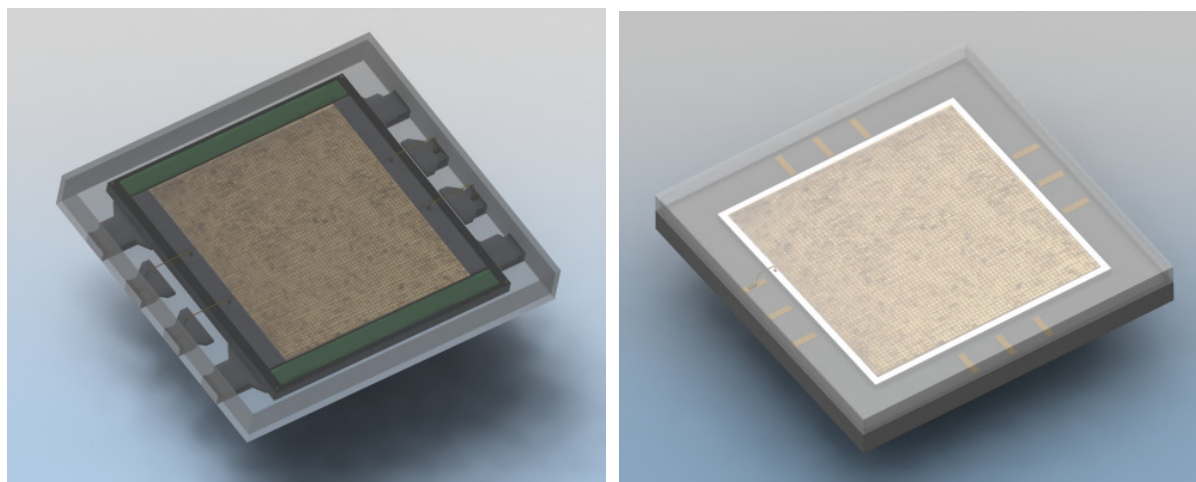




# Silicon Photomultiplier Technology at STMicroelectronics

Industry-academia matching event on SiPM and related technologies



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# Outline

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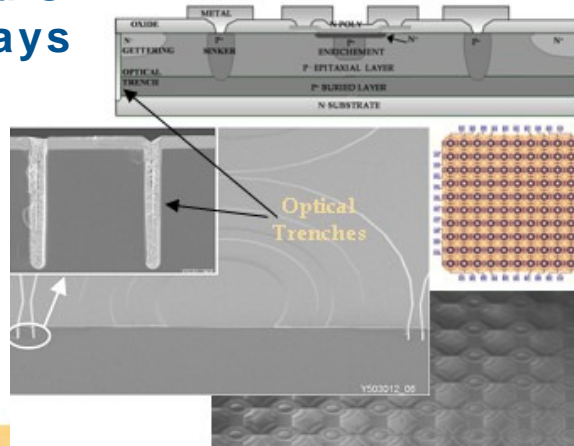


- From SPAD to SiPM
- SiPM Technology
- STM short term technology roadmap
- SiPM package capability
- SiPM product portfolio and roadmap
  - SMP35CN features
- Other Sensors Technologies

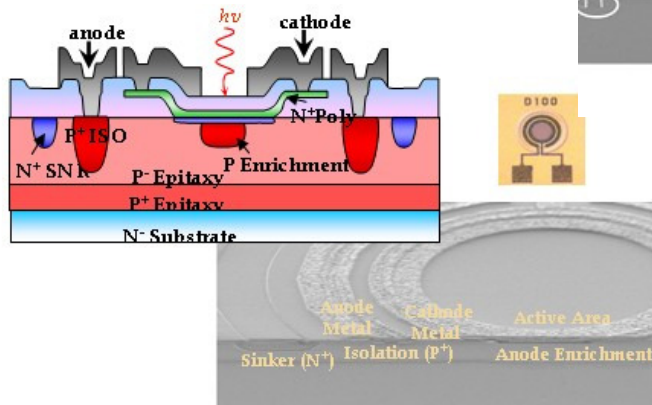
# From SPAD to SiPM



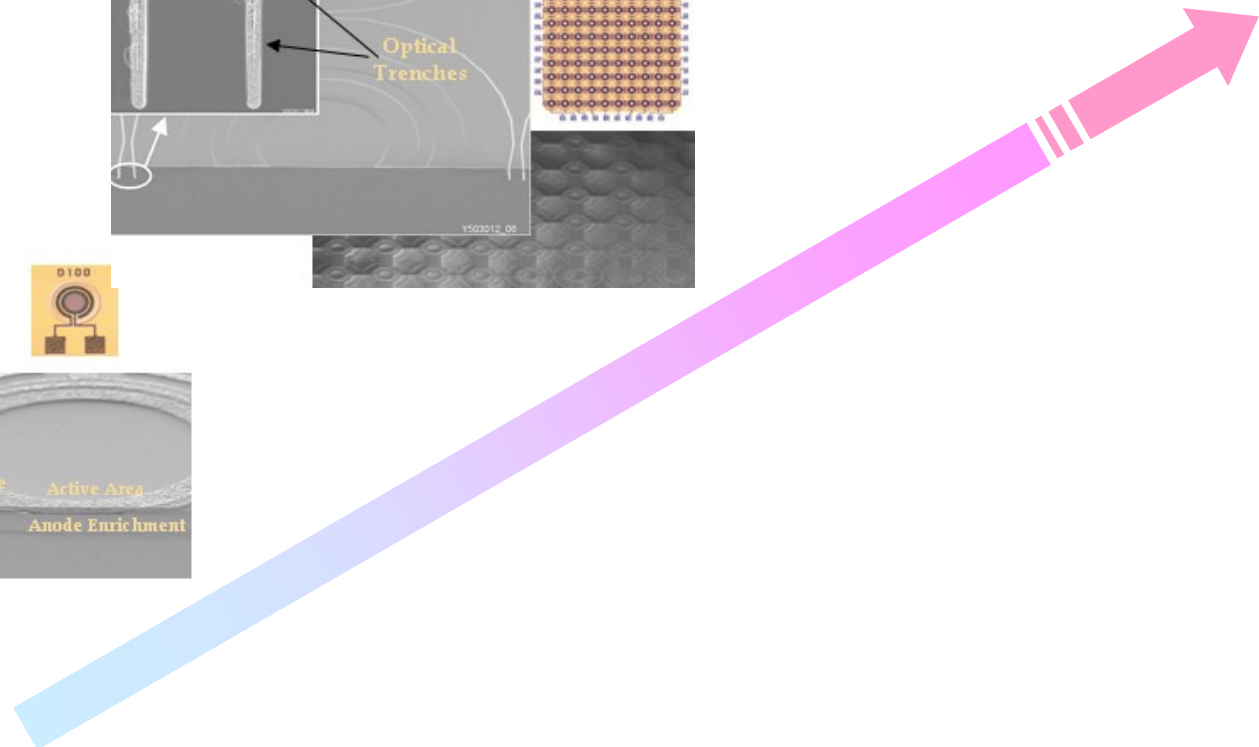
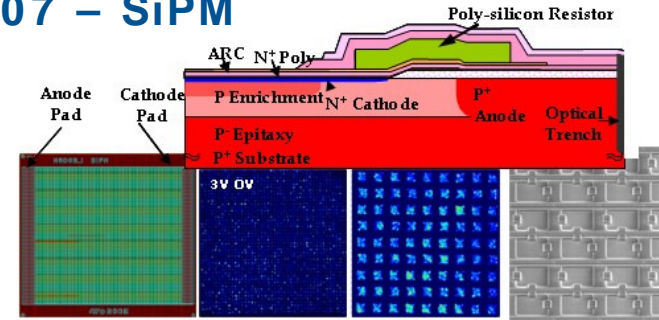
2005 – Optically Isolated SPAD Arrays



2000 – Single Pixel SPAD



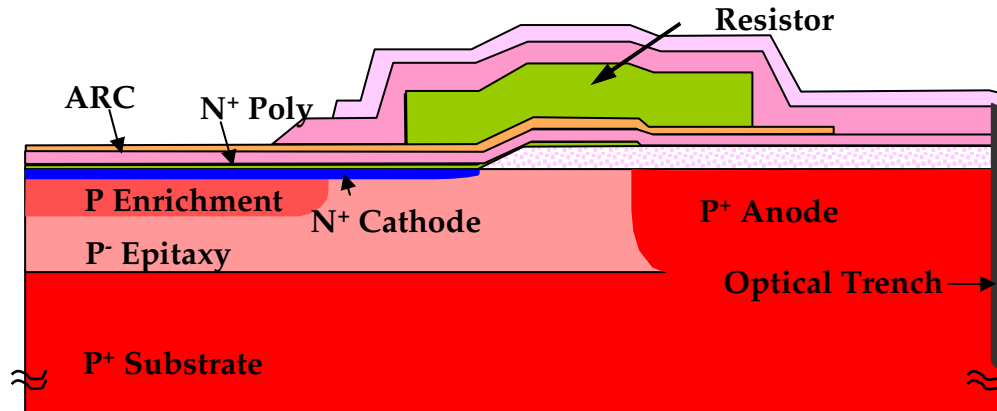
2007 – SiPM



# ST SiPM technology

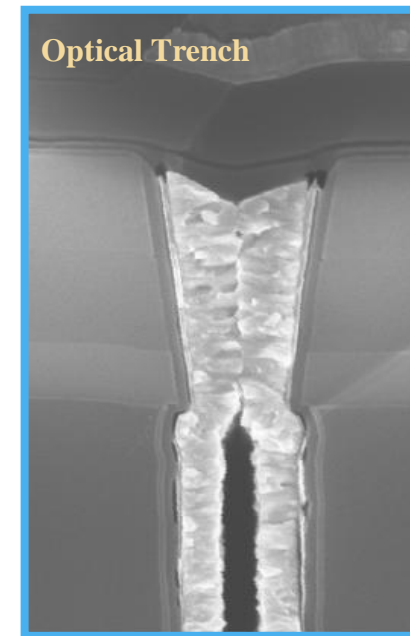
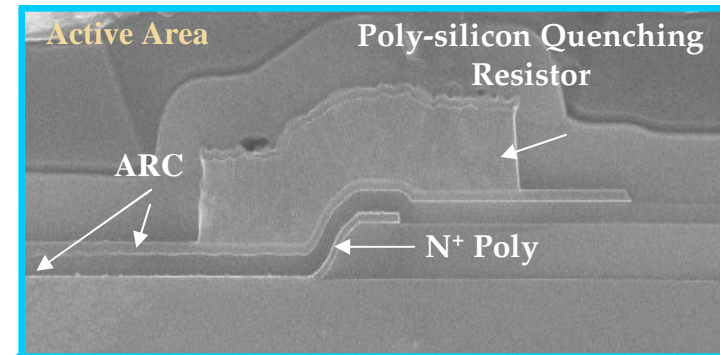


## Schematic cross section



- Shallow junction
- In-situ doped poly-silicon cathode layer
- Integrated poly-silicon resistors
- Thin optical trench with metal filling
- Tunable Anti-reflection coating
- Dedicated gettering techniques
- Double layer passivation

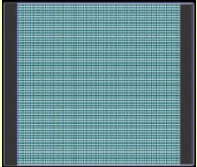
## SEM cross sections



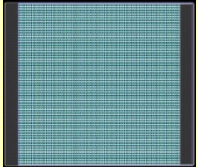
# SiPM Technology short term roadmap



### P-on-N technology

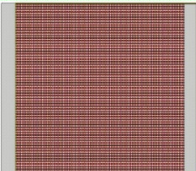


Process demonstrator

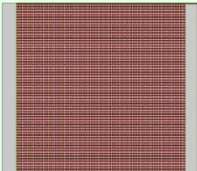


SiPM prototype

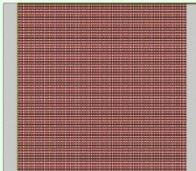
### N-on-P technology



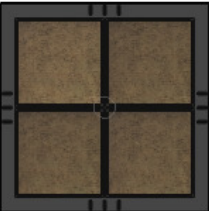
Low dark current



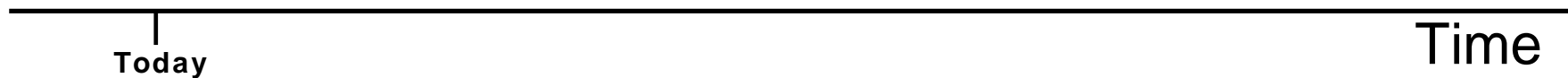
Increased fill factor



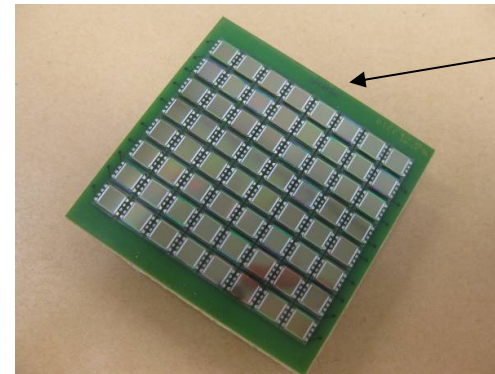
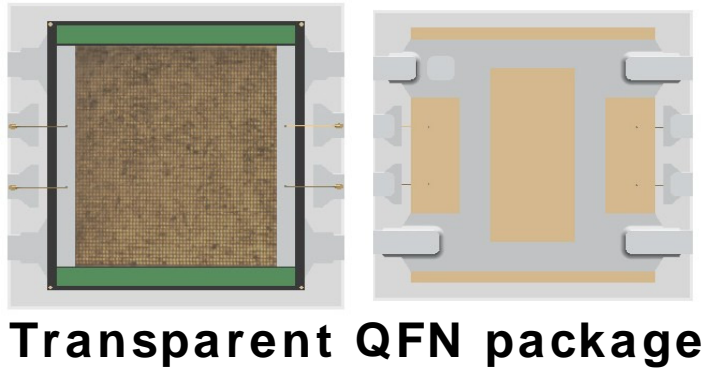
Faster rise time



Single die SiPM array

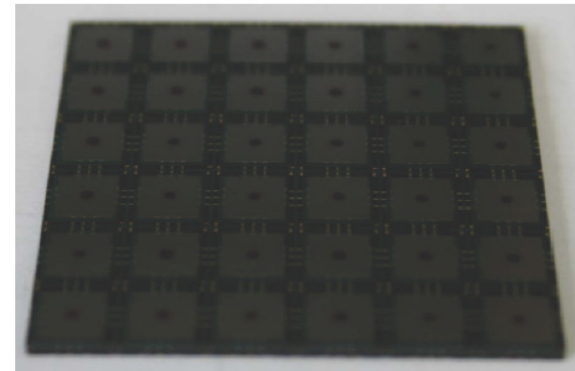
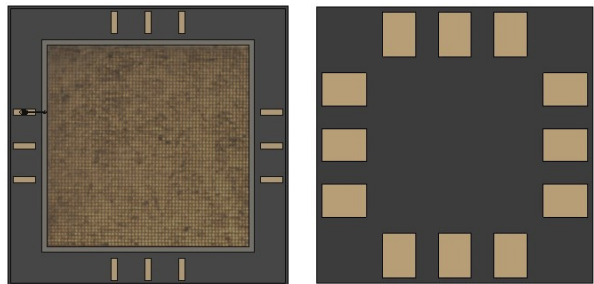


# STM package capability



Developed with Philips cooperation in the framework of EU funded project CSI

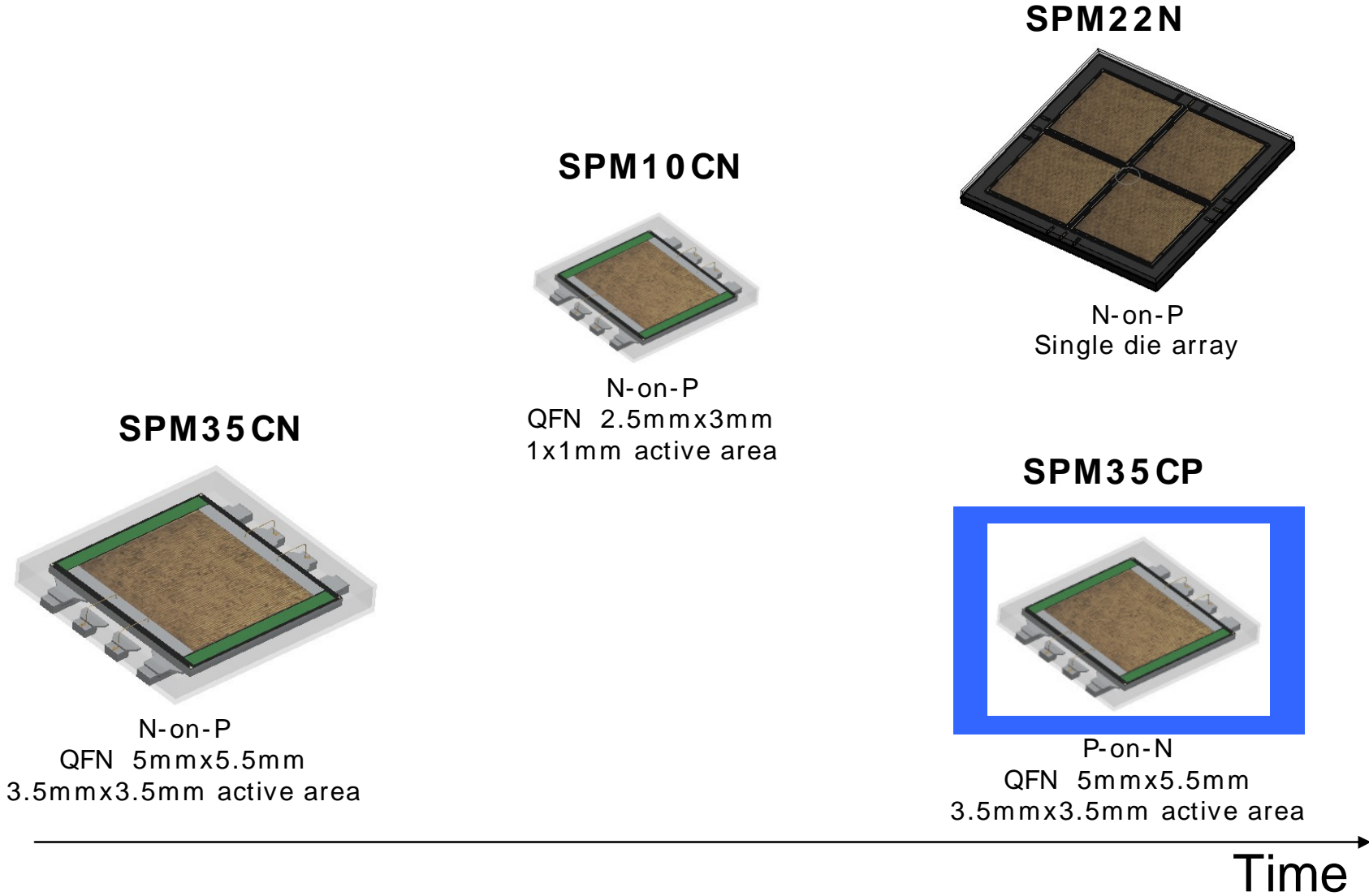
QFN Tile



Array on LGA substrate

→ TSV program ongoing in STM

# Product Portfolio & Roadmap



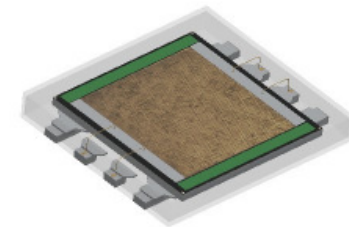
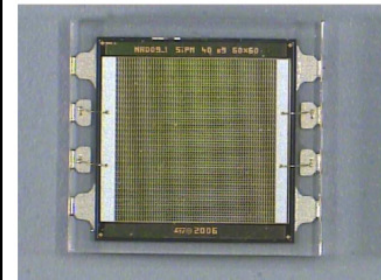
# SPM35AN Electro-Optical Performances Summary

Test condition: @ 3V OV and 25 °C

Array area	3.5x3.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Number of microcells/ Fill Factor	3600/ 45%
Quenching Resistor Value	230 kΩ
Breakdown Voltage (BV)	28.0 V
dBV/ dT	30mV/ °C
Operating Overvoltage Range	1V÷5V OV
Gain	3.2x10 <sup>6</sup>
Dark Count Density @ 0.5 p.e.	0.6 MHz/ mm <sup>2</sup>
Afterpulsing Probability	< 3%
Cross talk Probability <sup>†</sup>	< 1%
PDE @ 420 nm	16%
SPTR @ 405 nm	180 ps
Energy Resolution @ 511 KeV	12%
Coincidence Timing Resolution @ 511 KeV	320 ps
Package	Transparent QFN

SMP35AN

3.5x3.5 mm<sup>2</sup> SiPM  
in QFN package

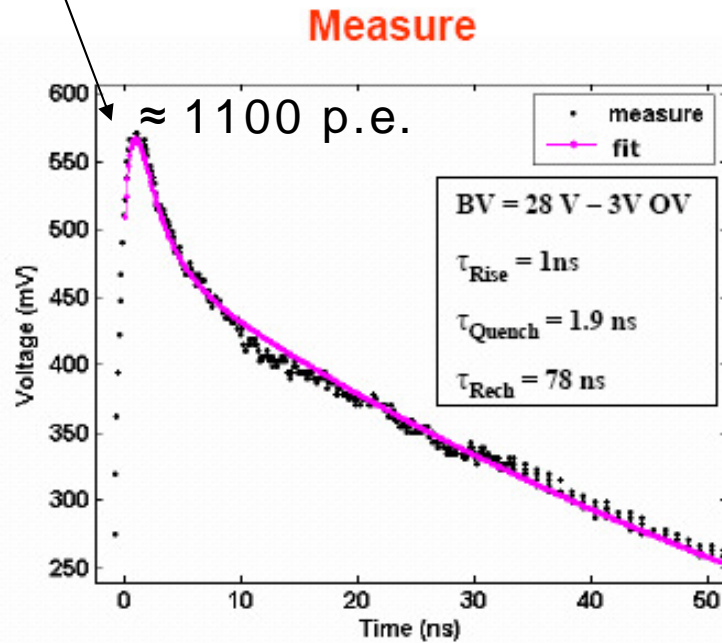




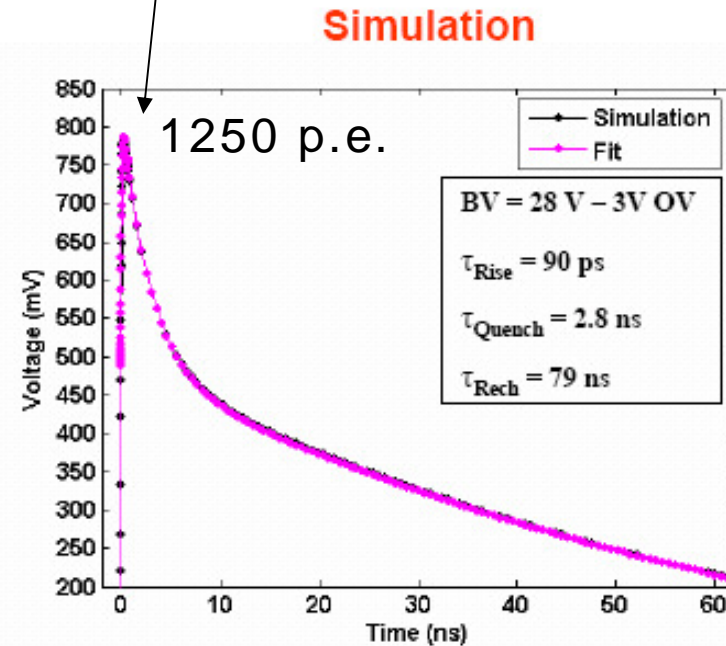
# SiPM pulse shape



Optical Source PiLas @ 410 nm  
(FWHM  $\approx$  40 ps)



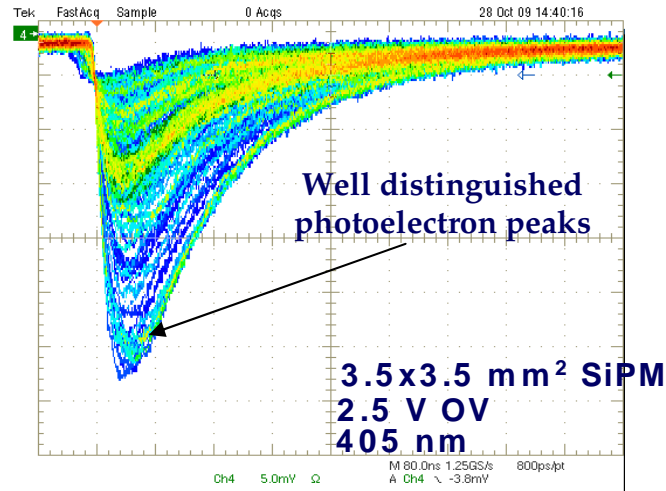
From SiPM SPICE Model



# Main results on large area SiPM samples

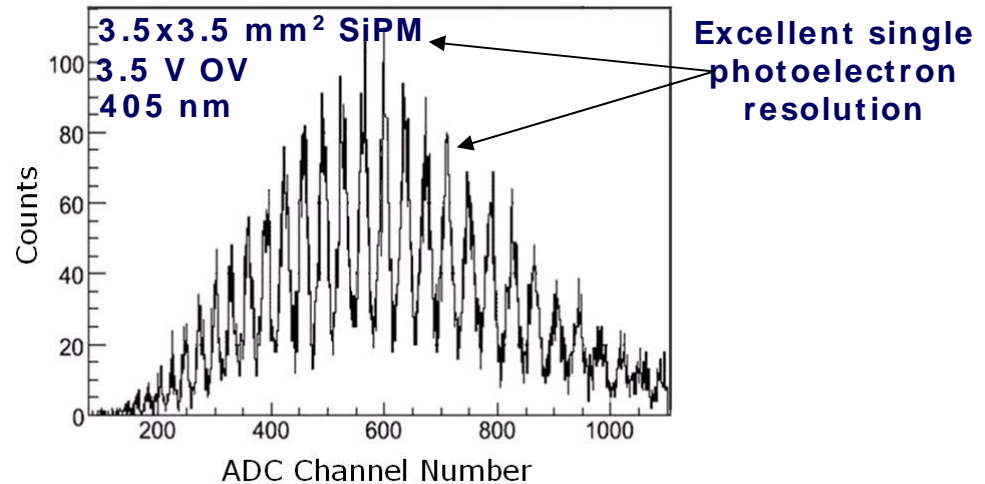


Oscilloscope persistence picture



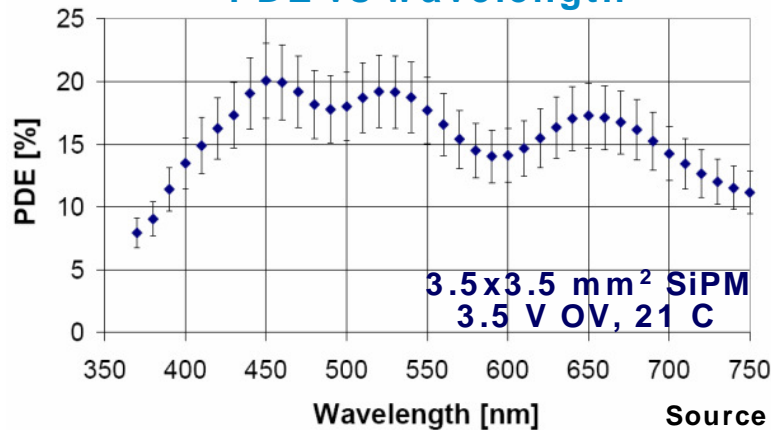
Source S.Korpar

Single photoelectron charge spectrum



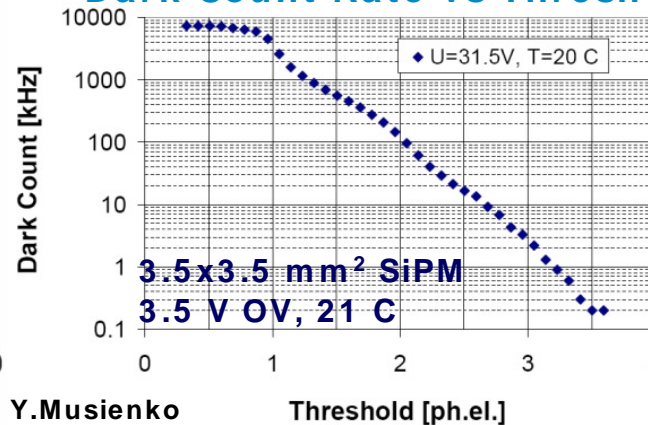
Source A.Ronzhin

PDE vs wavelength



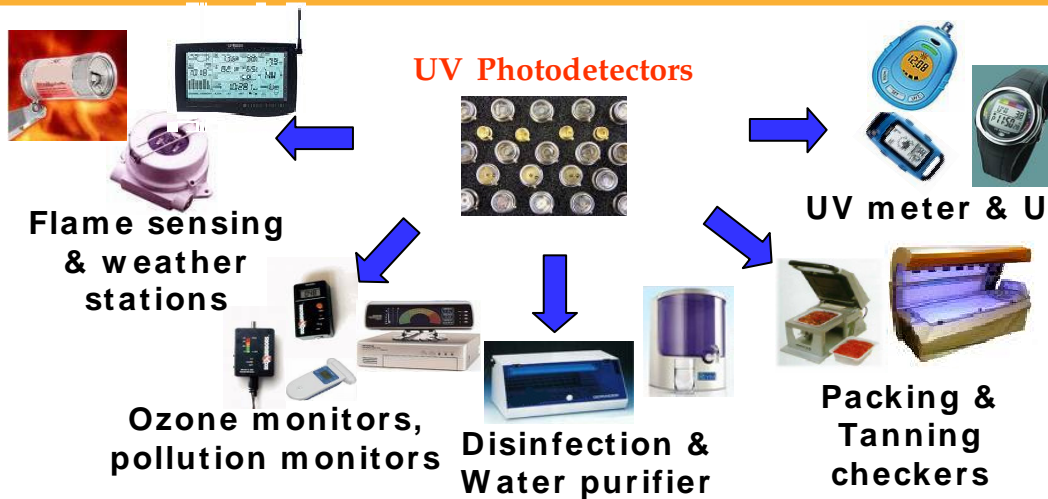
Source Y.Musienko

Dark Count Rate vs Threshold

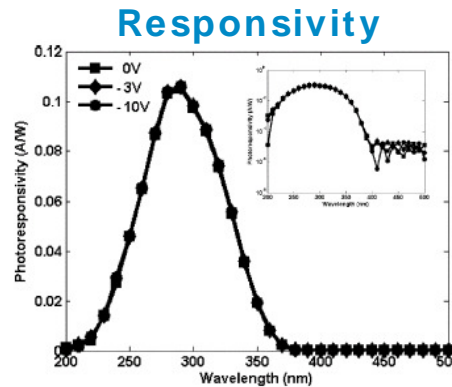
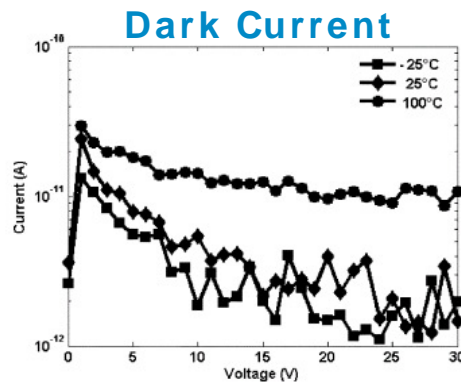
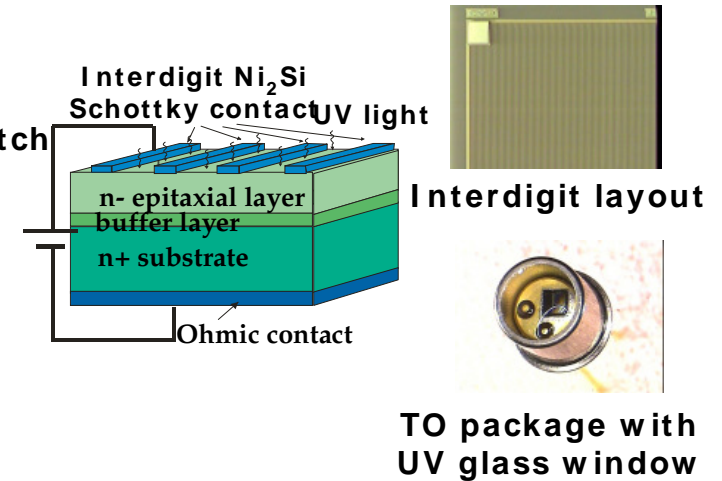


- PDE @ 420 nm and 3.5 V OV  $\approx$  17%
- DKR density @ 0.5 p.e. and 3.5 V OV  $\approx$  0.6 MHz/ mm<sup>2</sup>

# 4H-SiC Photodiodes for UV Light Detection



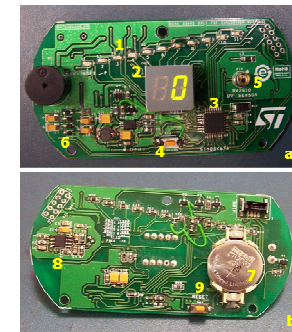
## 4H-SiC Schottky photodiodes



- Working in linear regime (i.e. zero gain)
- Dark current of a few pA also at high temperature
- Max sensitivity in photovoltaic regime (0 V) in the range 200 nm ÷ 380 nm
- Peak responsivity wavelength @ 290 nm (≈45% QE)
- Excellent visible blindness

M.Mazzillo et al., IEEE Photonics Technology Letters, 2009.

## 4H-SiC Photodiode Demonstrator Board for UV Index Monitoring



M.Mazzillo et al., IEEE Sensors Journal, 2011.

**Technology still in engineering phase!**

# References

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- E.Sciacca et al., IEEE Photonics Technology Letters, 2006.
- M.Mazzillo et al., Sensors& Actuators A, 2007.
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- **STMicroelectronics R&D working team**
  - S.Abbisso, B.Carbone, G.Condorelli, C.Di Martino, P.Fallica, M.Mazzillo, A.Piana, A.Russo, D. Sanfilippo, G. Valvo



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**Thanks**