



# Beta Beams, EUROnu WP4



One of the Beta Beam Challenges:

## Collective Effects



**Christian Hansen**

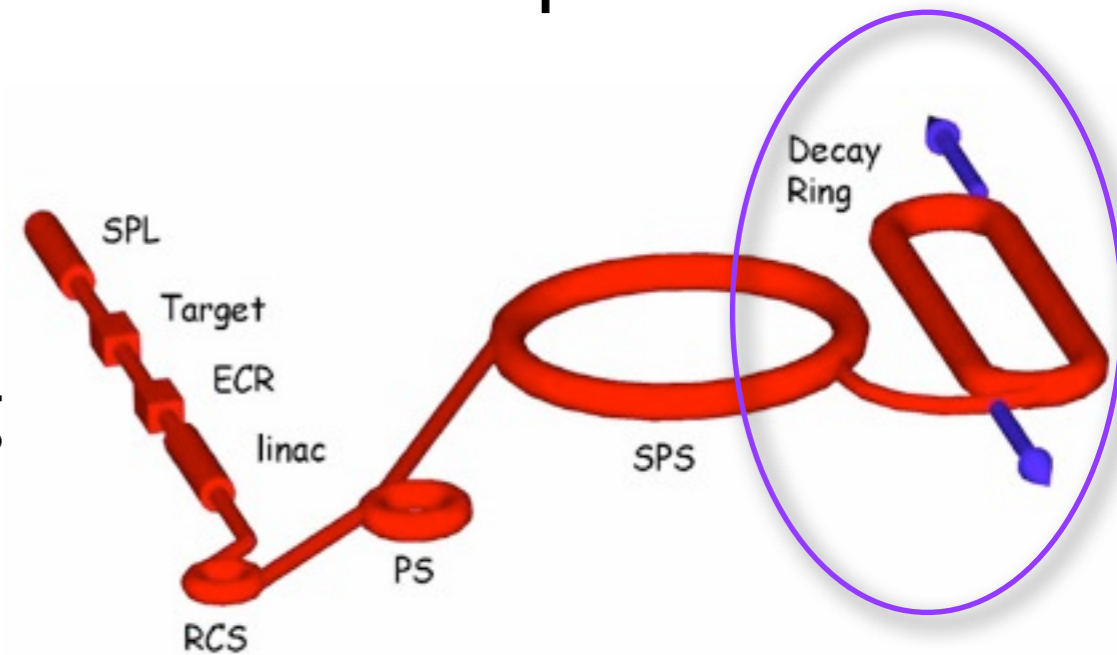
**20/01/2011, EUROnu Annual Meeting, RAL**

Many thanks to: E. Benedetto, A. Chancé, K. Li, E. Metral, N. Mounet, G. Rumolo, B. Salvant & E. Wildner

# BB Collective Effects Studies

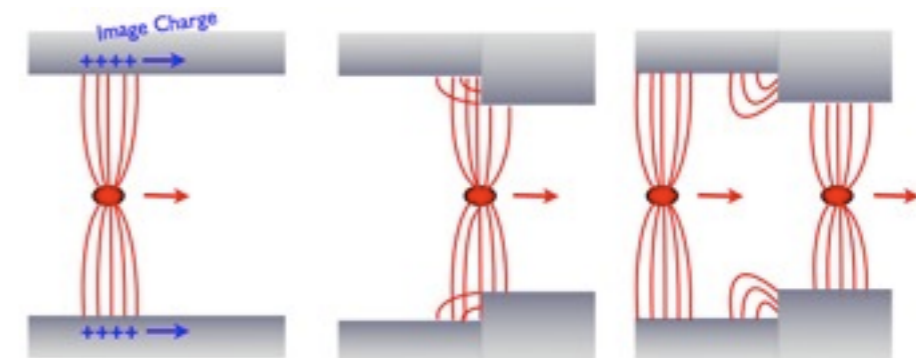
- Instability studies are important for the Beta Beam project, since
  - ➔ High intensity ion beams are foreseen
  - ➔ Collective Effects could limit the final performance

- Will study all machines
  - ➔ Today only the Decay Ring



- Will study all possible reasons for instabilities
  - ➔ Today only results from single bunch

***“Transverse Resonance Broad Band Impedance”***



# 3 Tools

- Three ways to find the Bunch Intensity Limit,  $N_b^{th}$ :
  - ➔ A multi-particle tracking program in time domain, “HEADTAIL”
  - ➔ A theoretical program in frequency domain, “MOSES”
  - ➔ Peak current values into a coasting beam formula gives the “Coasting Beam Equation” (here for  $\xi=0$ ):

G. Rumolo et al,  
CERN-SL-  
Note2002-036-AP

Y.H.Chin CERN-  
LEP-TH/88-05

$$N_{b_{x,y}}^{th} = \frac{32}{3\sqrt{2}\pi} \frac{R|\eta|\varepsilon_l^{2\sigma}\omega_r}{\langle\beta\rangle_{x,y} Z^2\beta^2 c R_{\perp}}$$

E. Métral, CERN,  
Overview of Single-Beam  
Coherent Instabilities in  
Circular Accelerators

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$R_{\perp}$  = “Shunt Impedance” (see next slide)

# $R_{\perp}$ of the DR

Private Discussions  
with G. Rumolo

IMPROVED  
ANCE

- Detailed calculations of Transversal Shunt Impedance,  $R_{\perp}$ , require design assumptions of ALL DR components, instead:
- **Let's estimate  $R_{\perp}^{DR}$  based on a machine with same circumference as DR; SPS ( $R_{\perp}^{SPS} = 20 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{m}$ )**
  - ➔ **Modern, smooth design of the vacuum pipe compare to old SPS → *Improvement by factor 10***
    - $R_{\perp}^{DR} \sim 2 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{m}$
  - ➔ **The DR is a less general machine than the SPS (not required to handle many type of beams)**
  - ➔ **No need for as many kickers as SPS (and modern kicker design) → *Improvement by factor 2***
    - $R_{\perp}^{DR} \sim 1 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{m}$
- Further; in 20 years improved Broad Band Feedback System

# $R_{\perp}$ of the DR

Private Discussions  
with G. Rumolo

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# $N_b^{\text{th}}$ vs. $R_{\perp}$ in DR

C. Hansen, CERN, Nufact10  
Collective Effect Studies of a  
Beta Beam Decay Ring

- **According to the Coasting Beam Equation (CB Eq.)  $R_{\perp}$  is the only parameter not fixed by FP6 design**
- **Let's find required shunt impedance,  $R_{\perp}^{\text{req}}$ ;**

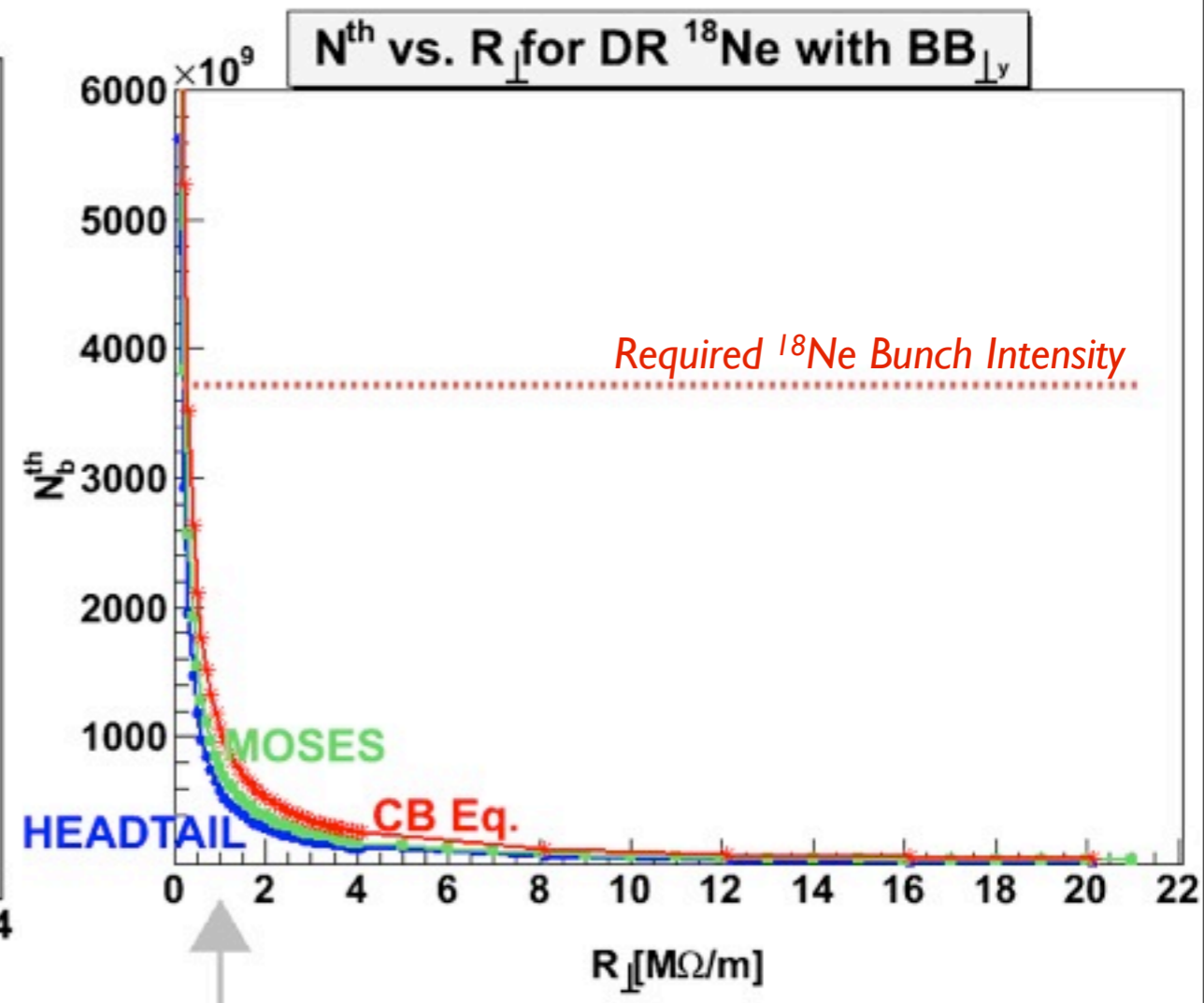
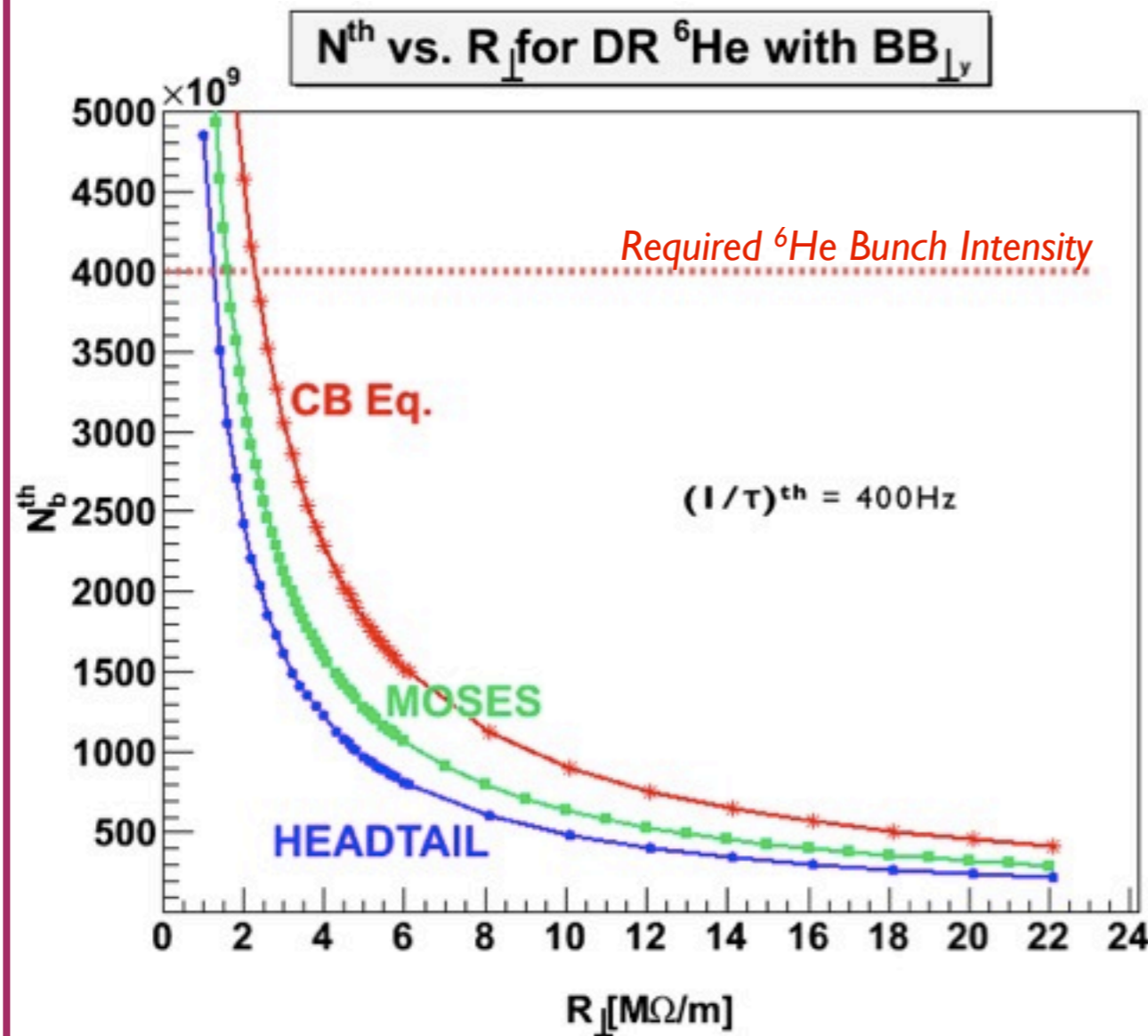
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THRESHOLD



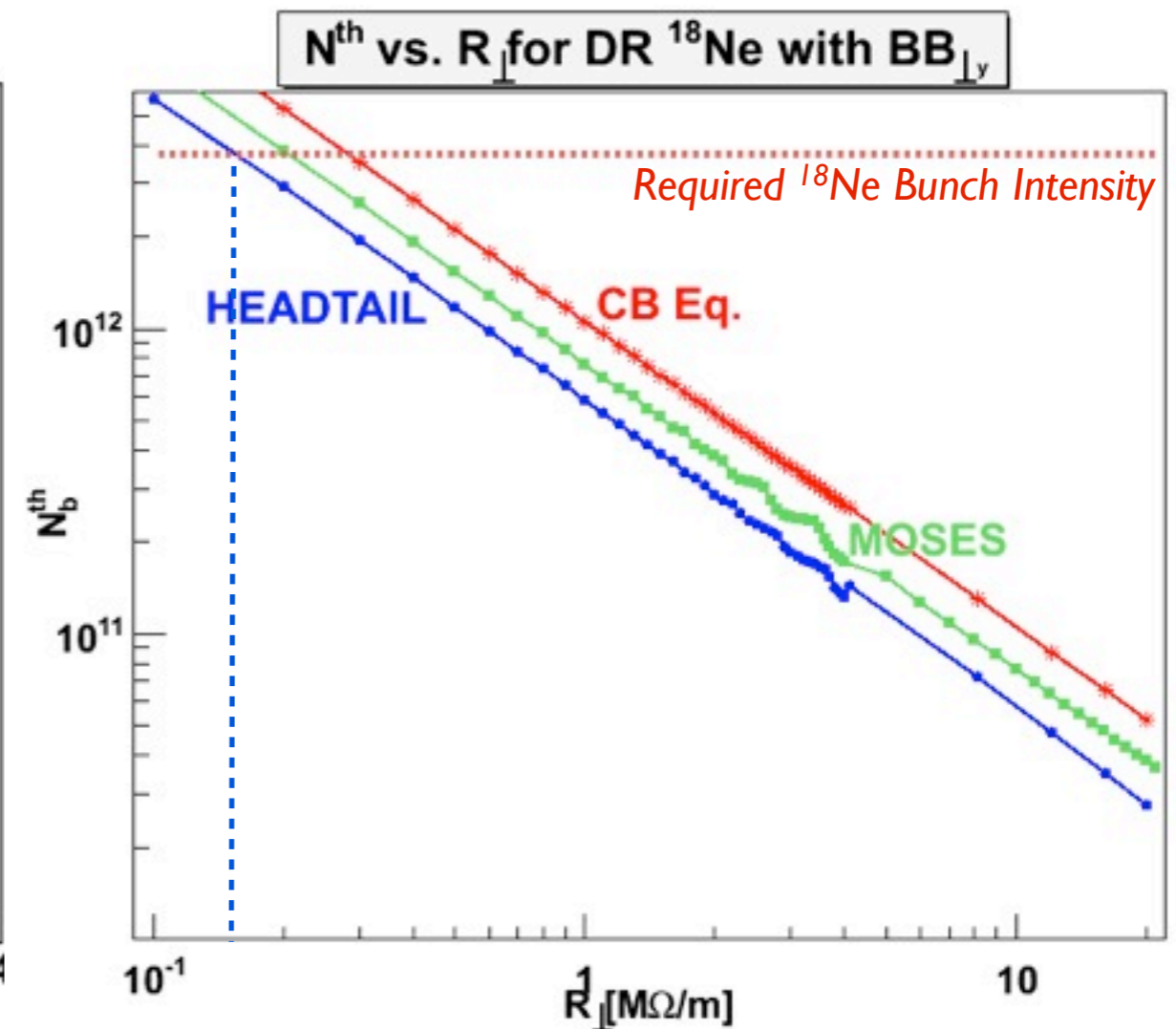
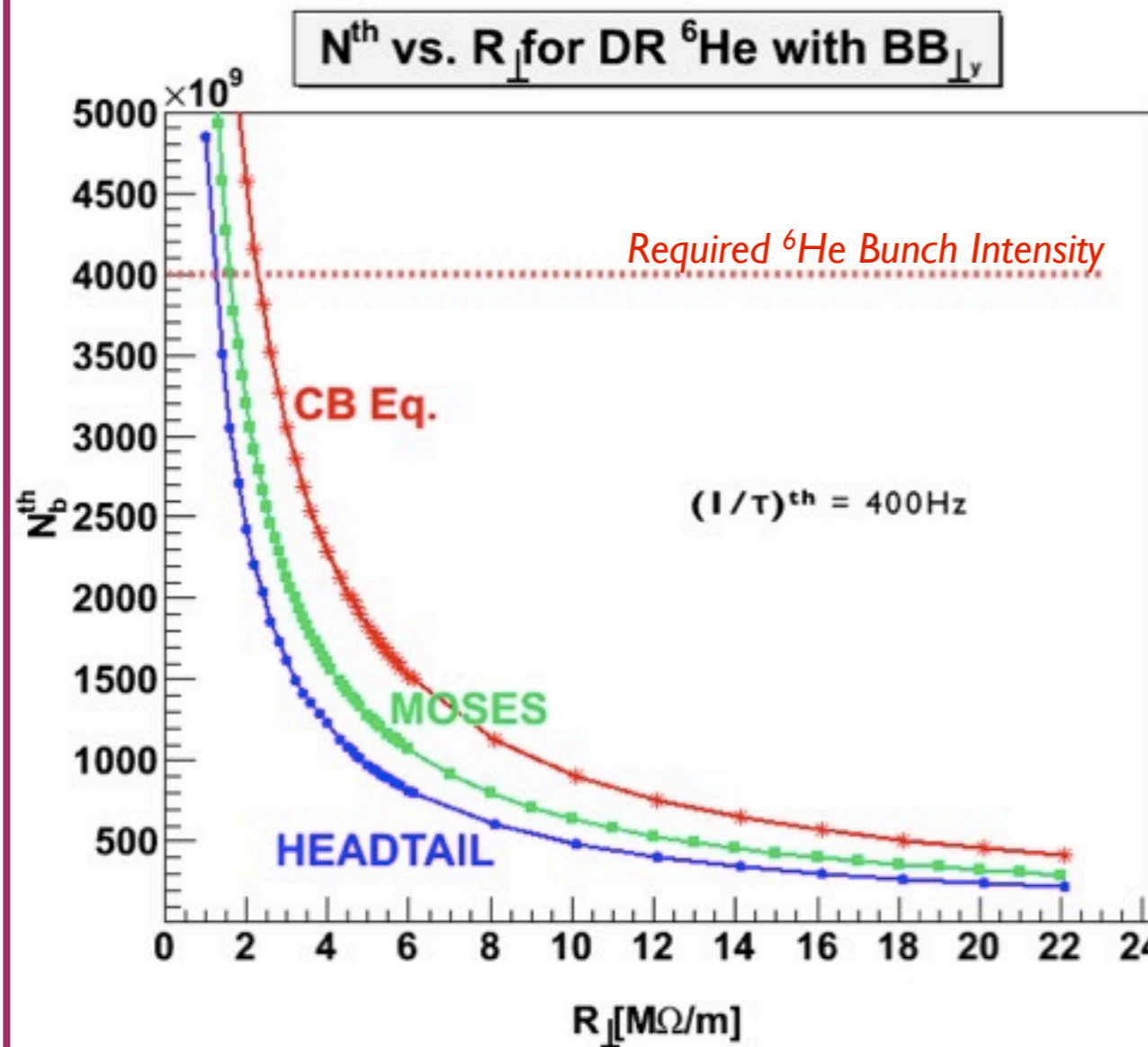


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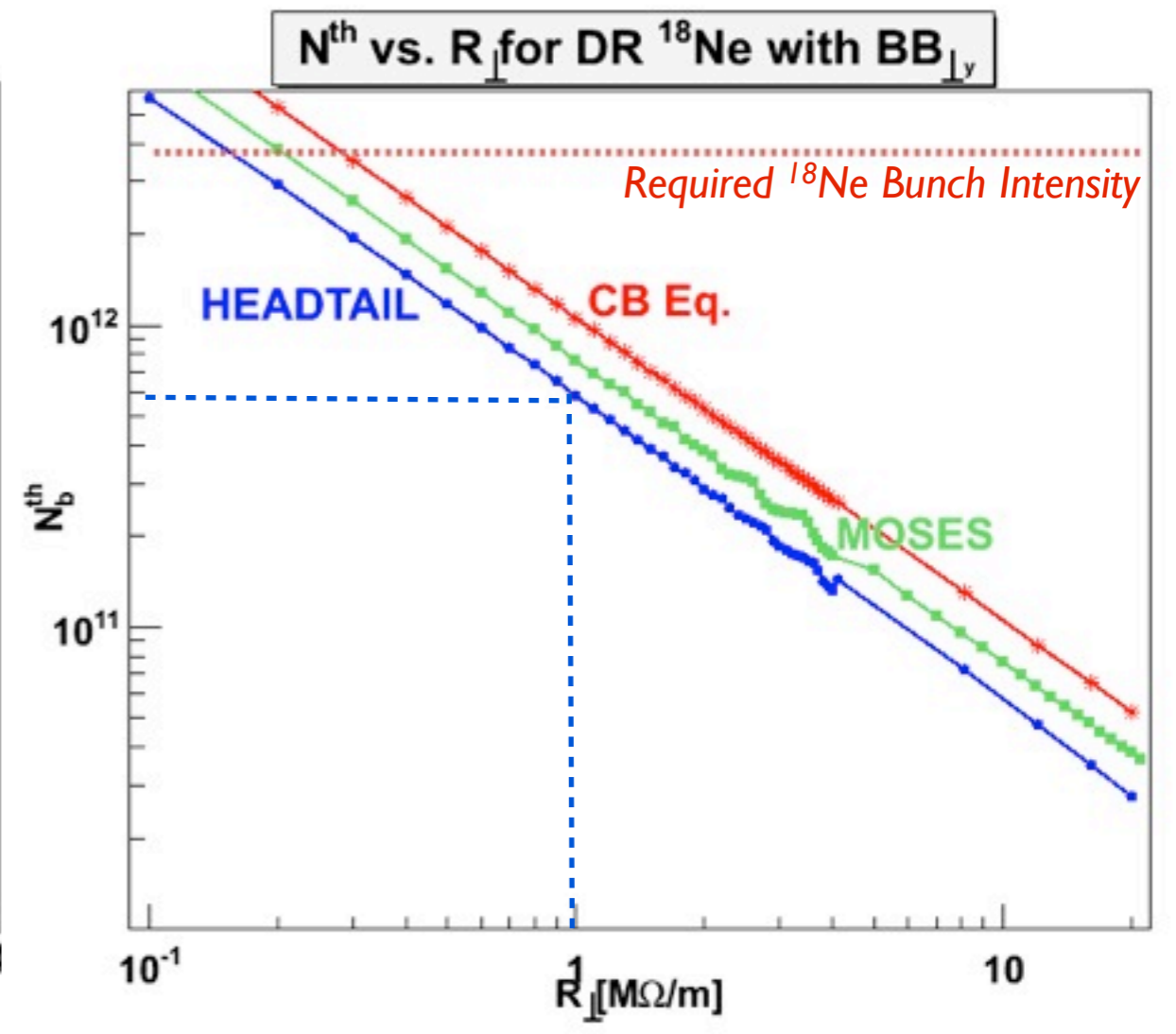
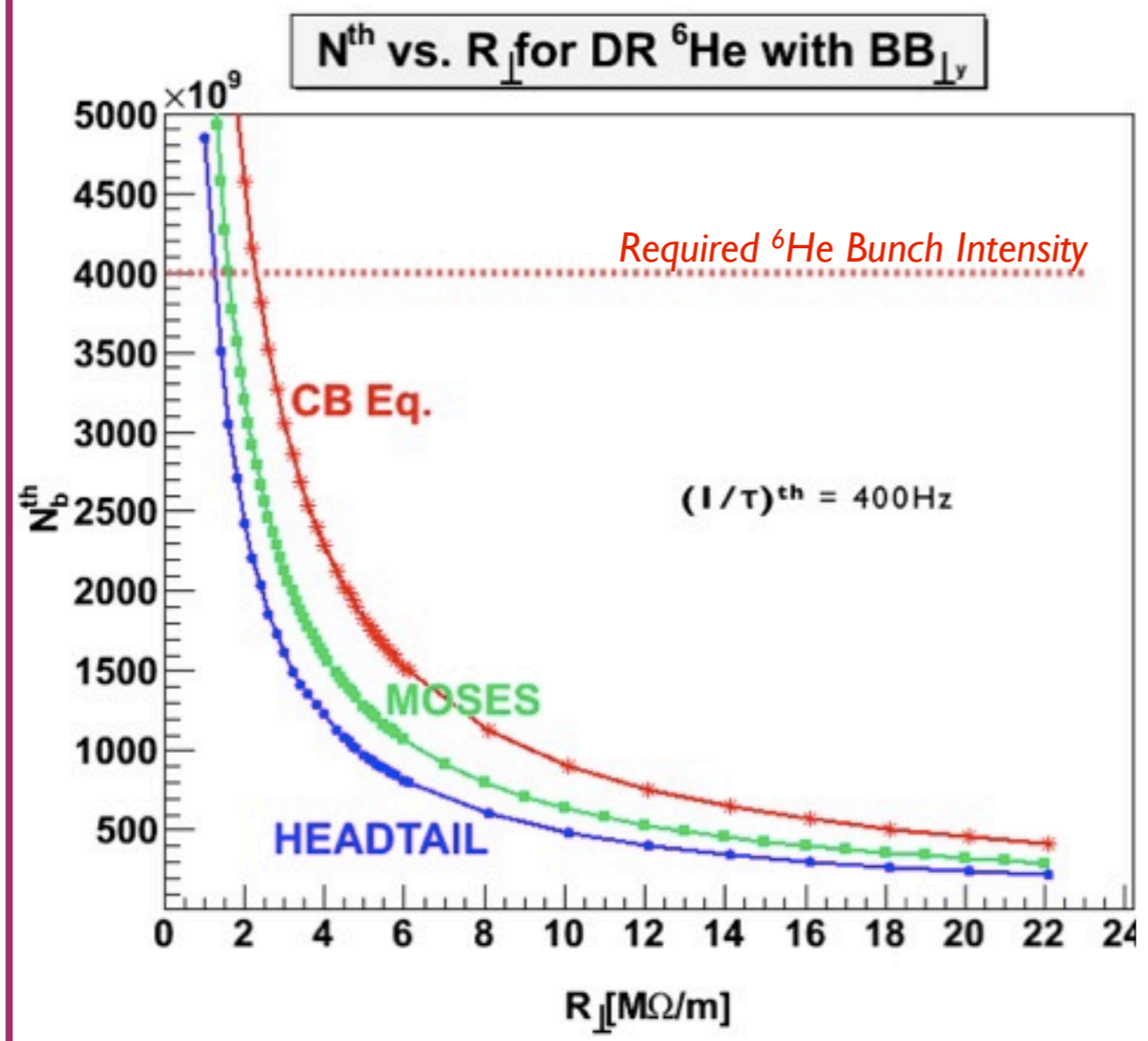
- $R_{\perp}^{req} = 0.15 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{m}$  to allow  $N_b^{th} = 3 \times 10^{12} \text{ }^{18}\text{Ne}$   
So since  $R_{\perp}^{req} < R_{\perp}^{DR} \sim 1 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{m} \rightarrow$  Redesign of DR

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- Let's find required shunt impedance,  $R_{\perp}^{req}$ ;

THRESHOLD



- $N_b^{th} = 6e11$   ${}^{18}\text{Ne}$  can be used to get  $N_b^{th}$  for all other ions by using that CB Eq. goes as

$$N_{b_{x,y}}^{th} \propto \frac{A}{Z^2}$$

# DR Intensity Limit for FP6 Lattice

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$R_{\perp DR} =$ 1 MΩ/m	Bunch Intensity Limit, $N_b^{th}$	
	[e12]	[% of $N_b^{nom}$ ]
${}^6\text{He}$	5.0	100
${}^{18}\text{Ne}$	0.6	16
${}^6\text{He}$	5.0	52
${}^{18}\text{Ne}$	0.6	32
${}^6\text{He}$	5.0	52
${}^{18}\text{Ne}$	0.6	81
${}^8\text{Li}$	3.0	60
${}^8\text{B}$	1.1	59
${}^8\text{Li}$	3.0	30
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Note; In Donini's table  $SF = 10^{-4}$  while we are using  $SF = 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$

A. Donini, Summary on Beta-Beams

Ions	Fluxes [ $10^{18}$ ]	Years	$(\sin^2 2\theta_{13})_{min}$	NH, $(\sin^2 2\theta_{13})_{min}$
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${}^6\text{He}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 2$	2	$1 \times 10^{-3}$	No Sensitivity
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${}^8\text{Li}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0$	5	$1.5 \times 10^{-3}$	$3 \times 10^{-2}$
${}^8\text{B}$	$\Phi_0$	5		
${}^8\text{Li}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 2$	5	$7 \times 10^{-4}$	$1.5 \times 10^{-2}$
${}^8\text{B}$	$\Phi_0 \times 2$	5		
${}^8\text{Li}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 5$	5	$2 \times 10^{-4}$	$8 \times 10^{-3}$
${}^8\text{B}$	$\Phi_0 \times 5$	5		
${}^8\text{Li}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0$	3	$1.7 \times 10^{-3}$	$3 \times 10^{-2}$
${}^8\text{B}$	$\Phi_0$	5		
${}^6\text{He}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0$	2		
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${}^6\text{He}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 2$	2		
${}^8\text{Li}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 5$	3	$3 \times 10^{-4}$	$8 \times 10^{-3}$
${}^8\text{B}$	$\Phi_0 \times 5$	5		
${}^6\text{He}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 5$	2		

${}^8\text{Li}$	${}^8\text{B}$	${}^6\text{He}$
60	59	100
30	29	50
12	12	21

$$N_b^{nom} = \frac{\Phi_0 L_{circ} t_{sps}}{N_{bunches} L_{eff} T_{eff}} \left(1 - 2^{-\frac{t_{sps}}{\gamma t_1/2}}\right)^{-1}$$



# Beyond FP6

# DR Redesign

DR REDESIGN

- So far all studies based on **EURISOL** FP6 parameters

- According to CB Eq.

Data Base:  
<http://j2eeps.cern.ch/beta-beam-parameters/>

$$N_{b_{x,y}}^{th} = \frac{32}{3\sqrt{2}\pi} \frac{R|\eta|\varepsilon_l^{2\sigma}\omega_r}{\langle\beta\rangle_{x,y} Z^2\beta^2 c R_{\perp}}$$

if we increase the slip-factor,  $|\eta|$ , the bunch intensity limit would increase

- → Redesign of the DR lattice to increase  $|\eta|$  which also increases the average beta function:

A. Chancé, next talk

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \gamma_{tr} = 27 \\ \rightarrow \\ \gamma_{tr} = 18.57 \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} |\eta_1| = 0.00127 \rightarrow |\eta_2| = 0.00276 \\ \langle\beta\rangle_{y_1} = 173.64 \text{ m} \rightarrow \langle\beta\rangle_{y_2} = 160.4 \text{ m} \end{array} \right.$$

- →  $N_b^{th}$  increase by factor  $(\eta_2/\eta_1)/(\beta_2/\beta_1)$

- Matching the bunch in the bucket:  
 → Increase voltage by factor  $\eta_2/\eta_1$

$$V_{rf} = 26.75 \text{ MV}$$

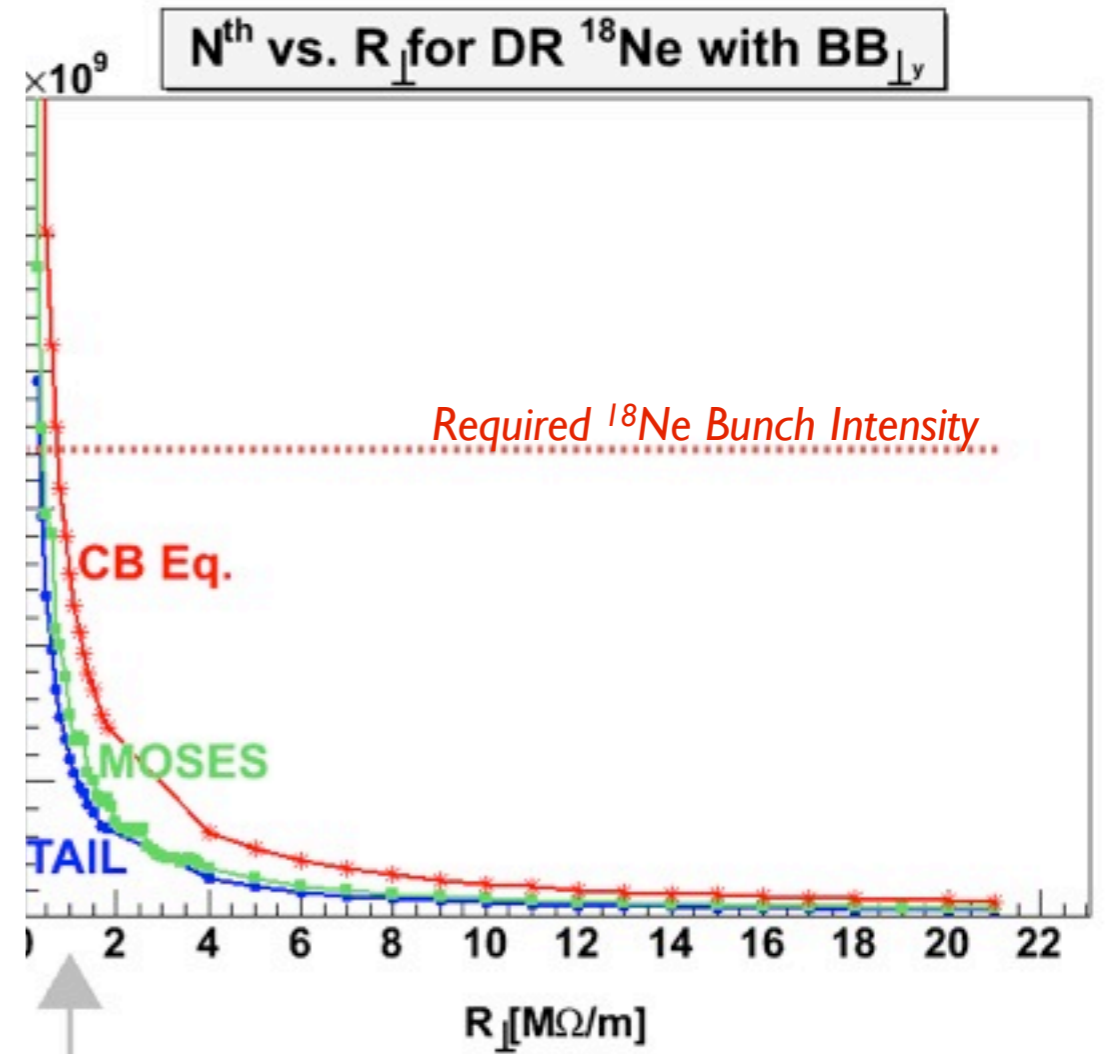
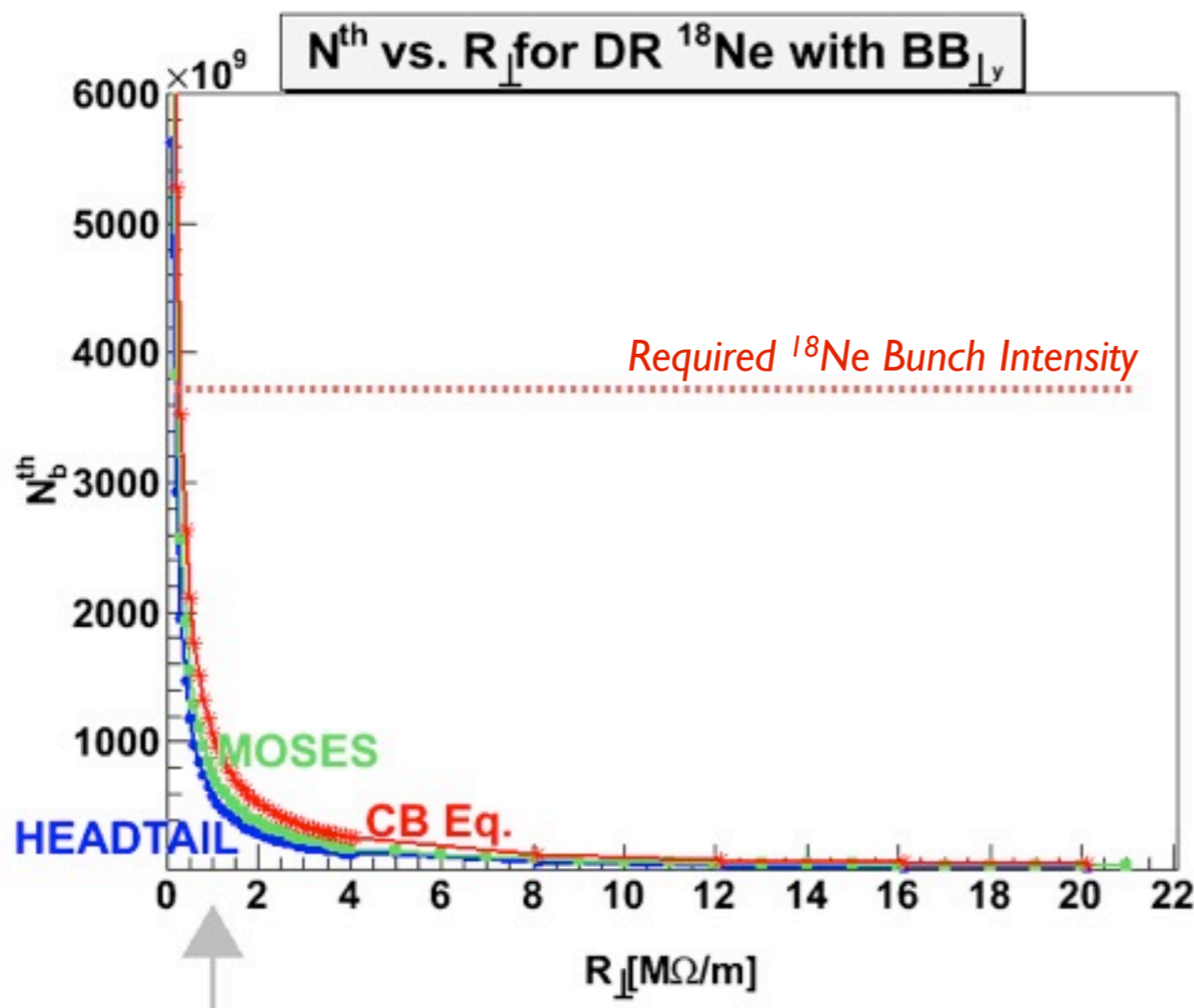
$$\frac{Q_s \beta c \tau_b}{2R|\eta|\delta_{max}} = 1$$

$$Q_s = \sqrt{\frac{hZeV_{rf}|\eta|}{2\pi\beta^2 E_{tot}}}$$

# Decreasing $\gamma_{tr}$ , Increasing $V_{rf}$

$$\begin{array}{lcl} \gamma_{tr} = 27.0 & \rightarrow & \gamma_{tr} = 18.6 \\ V_{rf} = 11.96 \text{ MV} & \rightarrow & V_{rf} = 26.75 \text{ MV} \\ L_{eff} = 36\% & \rightarrow & L_{eff} = 39\% \end{array}$$

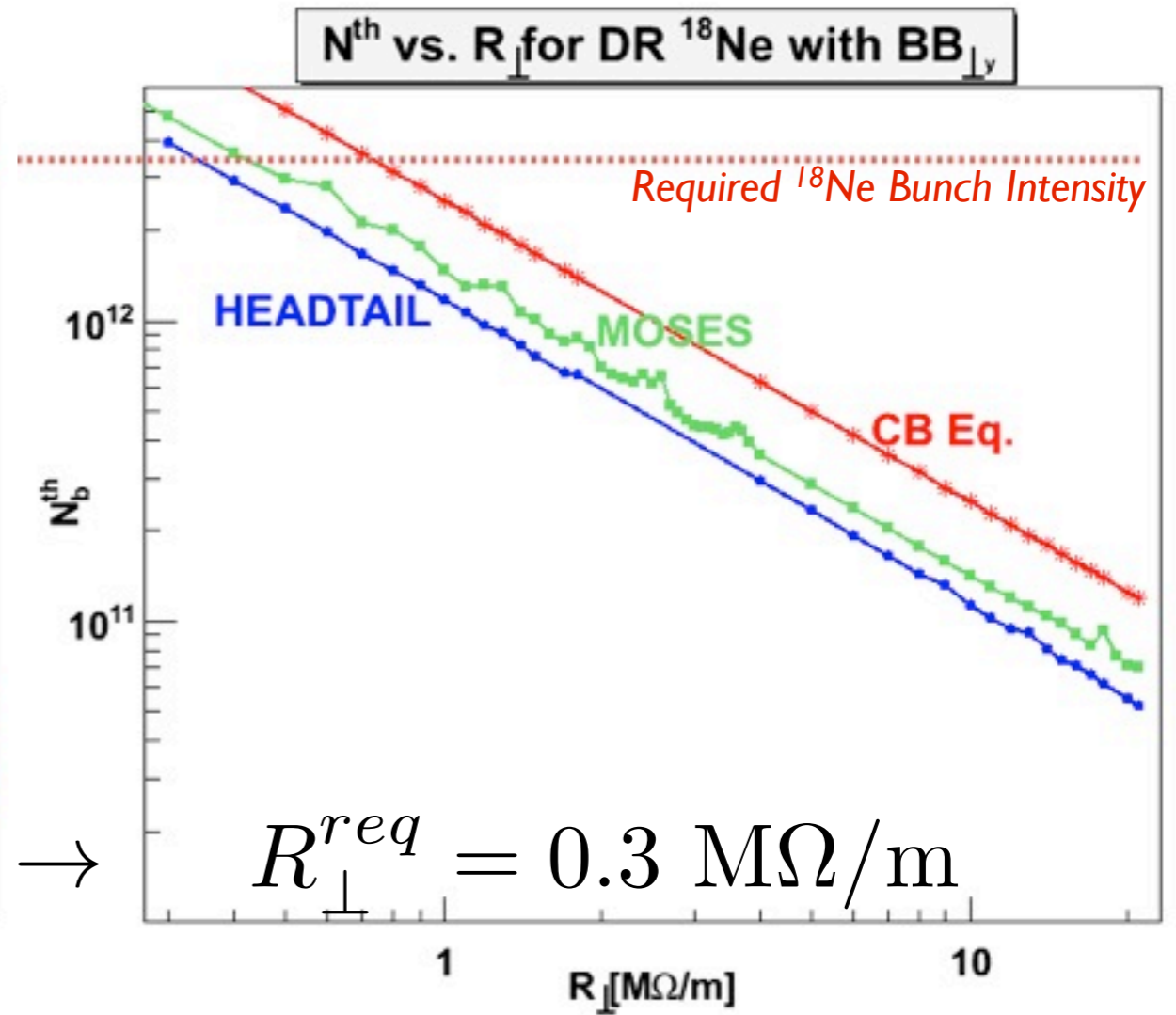
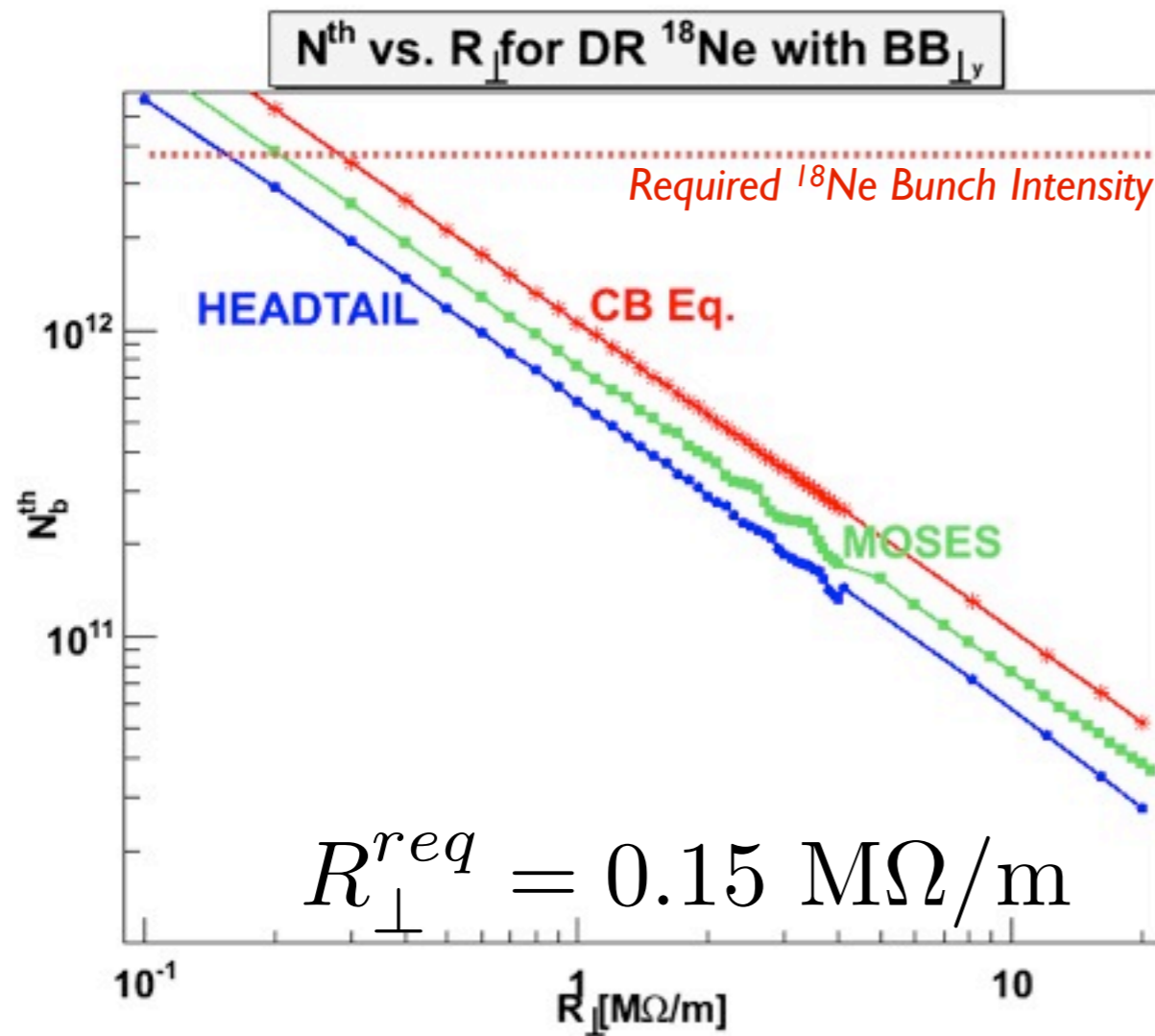
DRR REDSINGN



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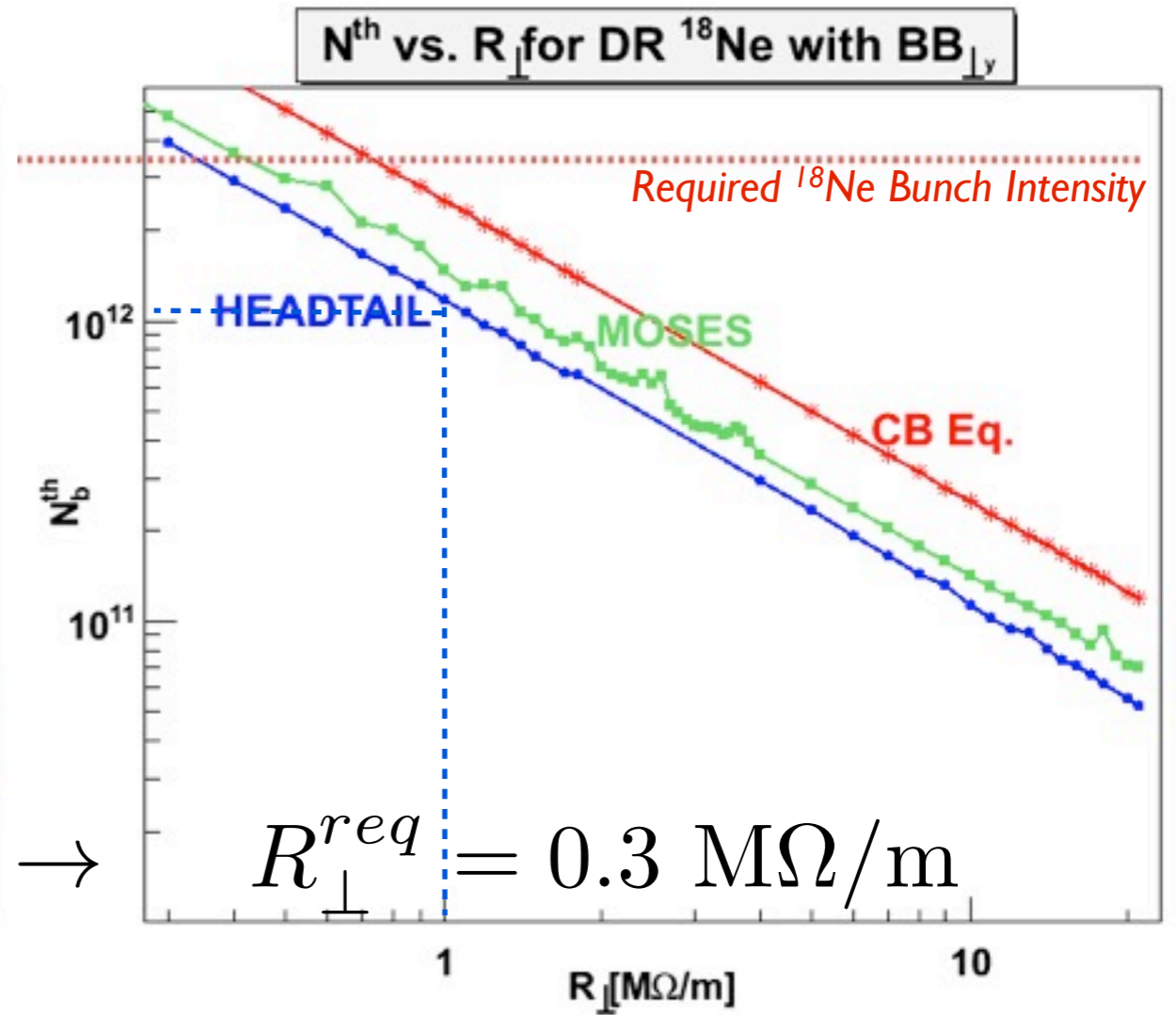
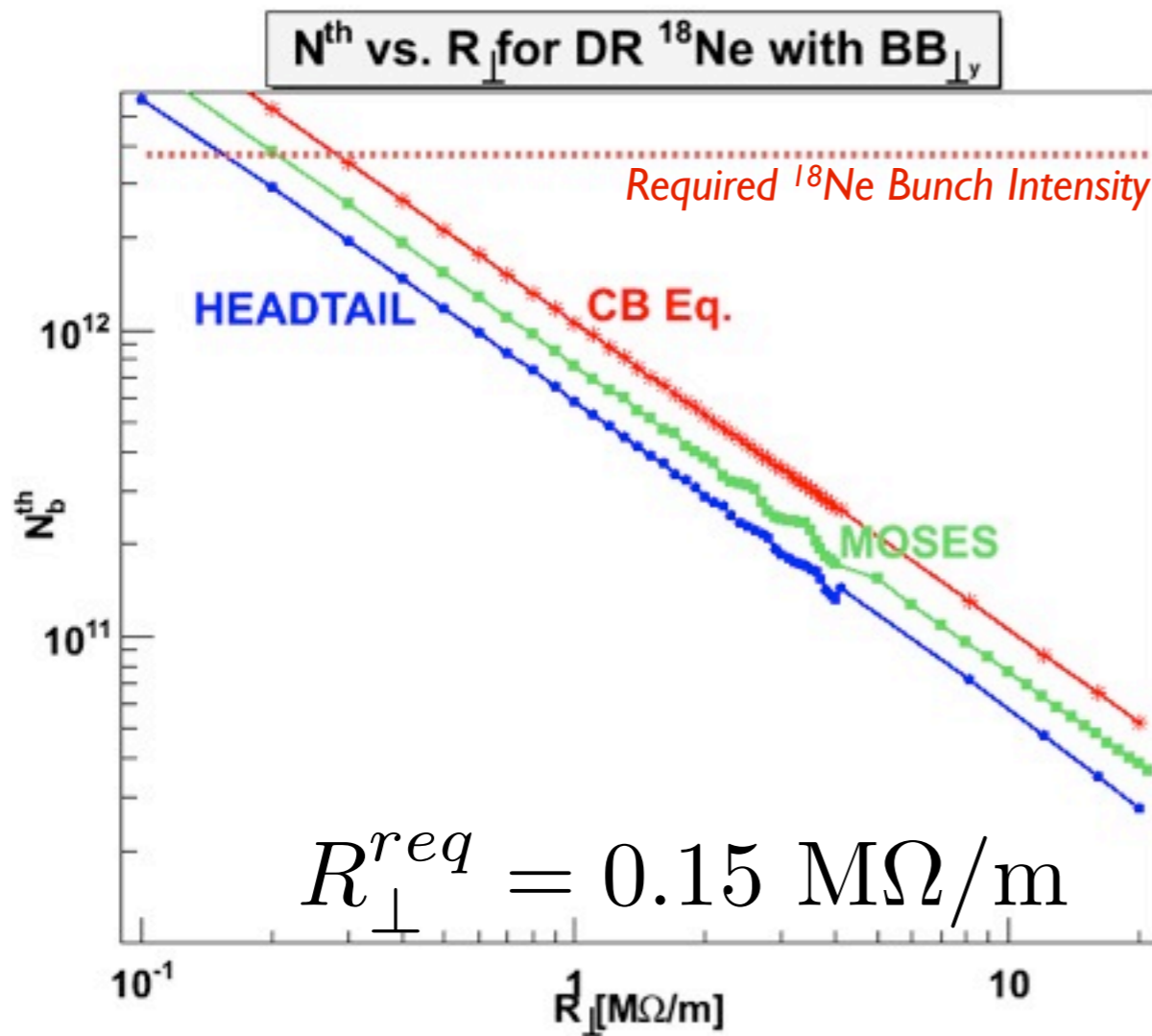


- So  $R_{\perp}^{\text{req}}$  is still a factor 3.3 too small ( $R_{\perp}^{\text{DR}} \sim 1 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{m}$ )

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DRR REDSINGZ



- **$N_b^{th} = |2e|I|^{18}\text{Ne}$  can be used to get  $N_b^{th}$  for all other ions by using that **CB Eq.** goes as  $N_{b_{x,y}}^{th} \propto \frac{A}{Z^2}$**



# DR Intensity Limit for New Lattice

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$R_{\perp DR} =$ I MΩ/m	Bunch Intensity Limit, $N_b^{th}$	
	[e12]	[% of $N_b^{nom}$ ]
<b><sup>6</sup>He</b>	10	224
<b><sup>18</sup>Ne</b>	1.2	35
<b><sup>6</sup>He</b>	10	112
<b><sup>18</sup>Ne</b>	1.2	70
<b><sup>6</sup>He</b>	10	112
<b><sup>18</sup>Ne</b>	1.2	175
<b><sup>8</sup>Li</b>	5.9	129
<b><sup>8</sup>B</b>	2.1	127
<b><sup>8</sup>Li</b>	5.9	65
<b><sup>8</sup>B</b>	2.1	64
<b><sup>8</sup>Li</b>	5.9	26
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<sup>8</sup> Li	<sup>8</sup> B	<sup>6</sup> He
129	127	224
65	64	112
26	25	45

$$N_b^{nom} = \frac{\Phi_0 L_{circ} t_{sps}}{N_{bunches} L_{eff} T_{eff}} \left(1 - 2^{-\frac{t_{sps}}{\gamma t_1/2}}\right)^{-1}$$

# Conclusions

- Transversal Broad Band Impedance enforces redesign of the Beta Beam Decay Ring  
(Other collective effects still to be studied)
- A new design of the Decay Ring (by A. Chancé)
  - ➔ Increases slip-factor, voltage and straight fraction
  - ➔ More of the Beta Beam scenarios are allowed  
(assumed  $R_{\perp}^{DR} = 1 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{m}$ ):

$R_{\perp}^{DR} =$ 1 M $\Omega/\text{m}$	Bunch Intensity Limit, $N_b^{\text{th}}$	
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Thank You!

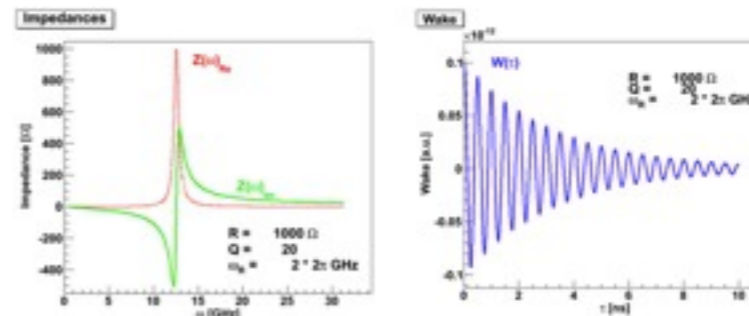


# Backup Slides

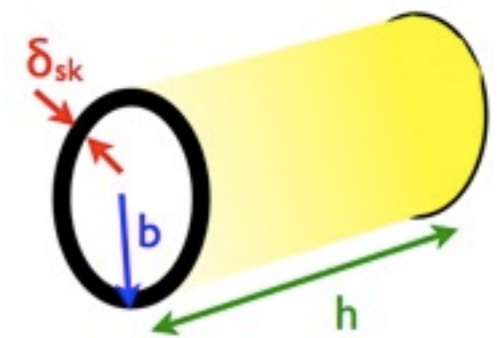
# To Do

- Same study in longitudinal plane  $Z_{||}(\omega) = \frac{R_{||}}{1 + iQ \left( \frac{\omega_r}{\omega} - \frac{\omega}{\omega_r} \right)}$
- ➔ Ongoing HEADTAIL simulations, but can't use MOSES since only for  $\perp$

- Same with Narrow Band



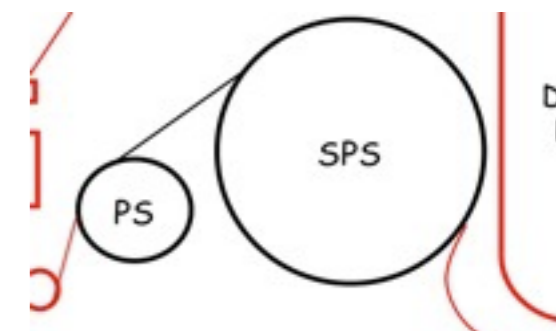
- Same with Resistive Wall Impedance



- Same with Space Charge



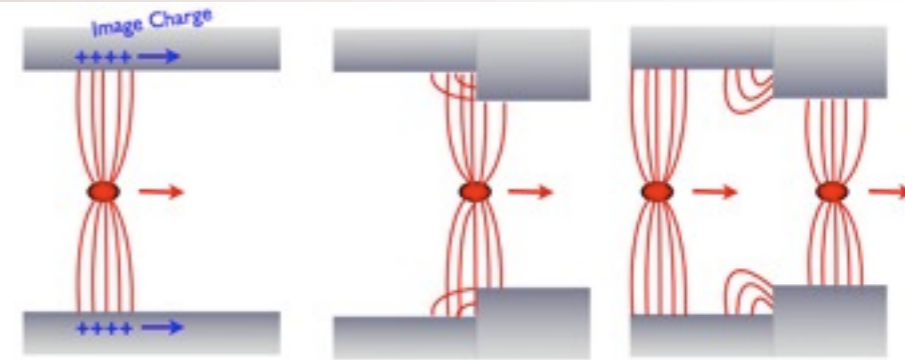
- Same with the already existing SPS & PS



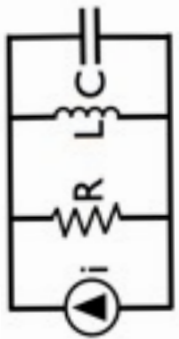
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# Resonance Impedance

- Wake Fields (time domain;  $W(t)$ ) can
  - be trapped in pipe cavities
  - cause “**Resonance Impedance**”



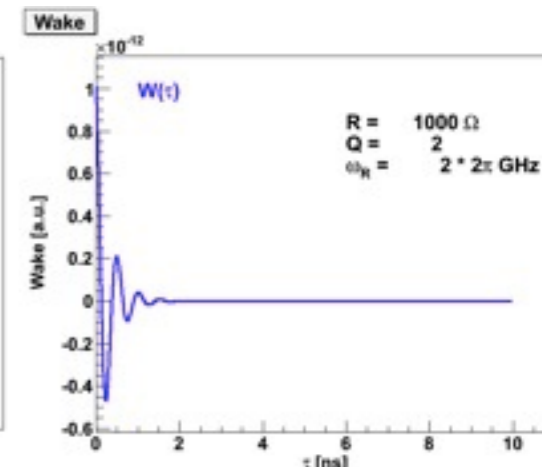
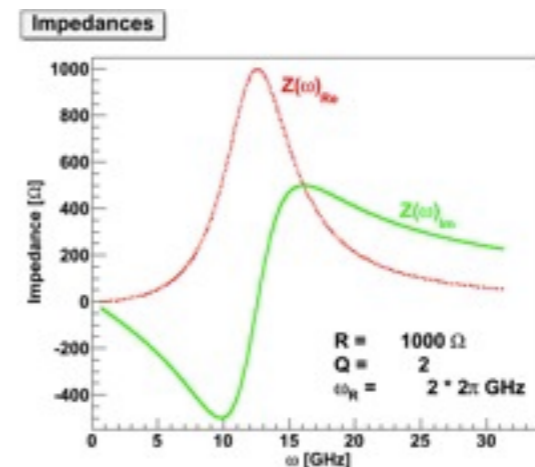
- Resonance Impedance (frequency domain;  $Z(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[W(t)]$ ),
  - in the Transverse plane can be modeled by an RLC circuit as:



$$Z_{\perp}(\omega) = \frac{R_{\perp} \frac{\omega_r}{\omega}}{1 + iQ \left( \frac{\omega_r}{\omega} - \frac{\omega}{\omega_r} \right)}$$

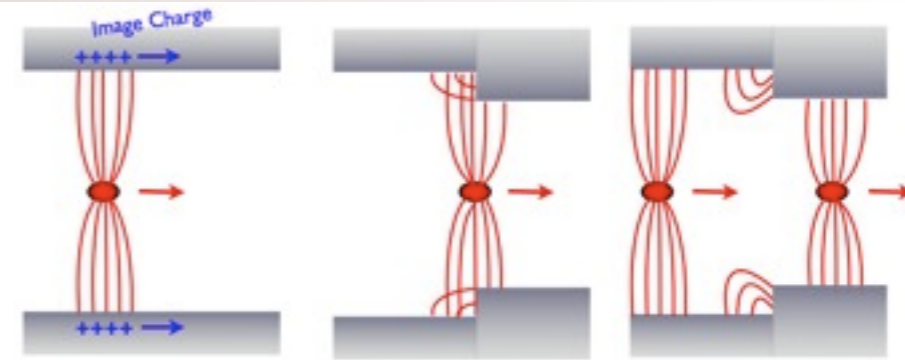
**Q** = “Quality Factor”  
 **$\omega_r$**  = “Resonance Angular Frequency”  
 **$R_{\perp}$**  = “Shunt Impedance”

- For low Quality Factor ( $Q \approx 1$ ) the Wake Field is short lived and the impedance is “Broad Band”

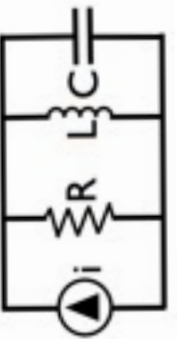


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- Resonance Impedance (frequency domain;  $Z(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[W(t)]$ ),
  - in the Transverse plane can be modeled by an RLC circuit as:



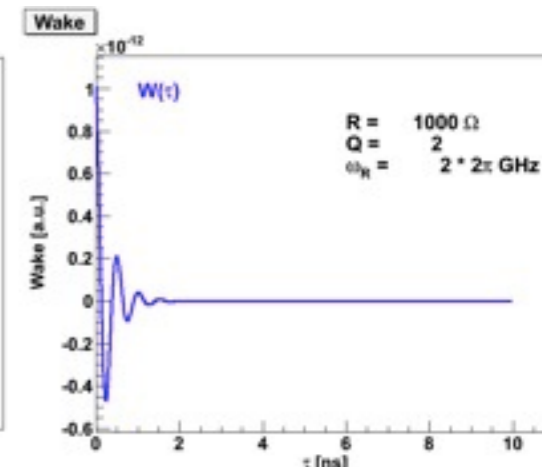
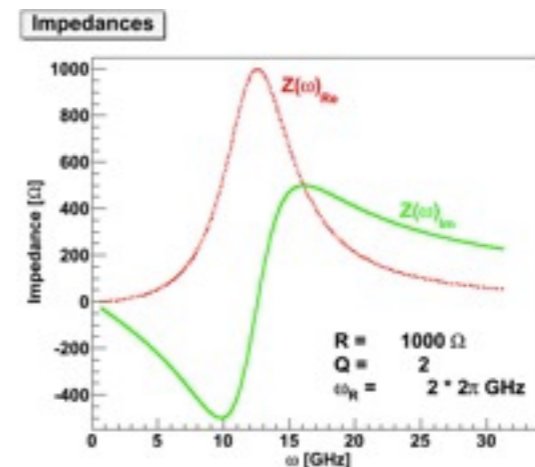
$$Z_{\perp}(\omega) = \frac{R_{\perp} \frac{\omega_r}{\omega}}{1 + iQ \left( \frac{\omega_r}{\omega} - \frac{\omega}{\omega_r} \right)}$$

**Q** = “Quality Factor”  
 **$\omega_r$**  = “Resonance Angular Frequency”  
 **$R_{\perp}$**  = “Shunt Impedance”

**$Q \approx 1$**   
 **$\approx \omega_c = \beta c / b_y$**   
 (see next slide)

- For low Quality Factor ( $Q \approx 1$ ) the Wake Field is short lived and the impedance is “Broad Band”

- Will show results from “**Transverse Resonance Broad Band Impedance**”



# Intensity Limit

S  
Z  
I  
O  
L  
L  
A

- **CB Eq.** goes as  $N_{b_{x,y}}^{th} \propto \frac{A}{Z^2}$ . **Use it to estimate**

$N_b^{th}$  for  ${}^8\text{Li}$ ,  ${}^8\text{B}$  and  ${}^6\text{He}$  based on **HEADTAIL** results for  ${}^{18}\text{Ne}$

- Use  $R_{\perp} = R_{\perp}^{DR} \sim 1 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{m}$

$$N_b^{th} = 6e11 \text{ } {}^{18}\text{Ne}$$

A. Donini, Summary on Beta-Beams

	Bunch Intensity Limit, $N_b^{th}$		
	[e12]	$[N_b^{nom}]$	$[N_b^{nom}]$
${}^{18}\text{Ne}$	0.6	0.1	0.3
${}^6\text{He}$	5.0	1.0	0.5
${}^8\text{B}$	1.1	0.1	0.3
${}^8\text{Li}$	3.0	0.1	0.3

Ions	Fluxes [ $10^{18}$ ]	Years	$(\sin^2 2\theta_{13})_{min}$	NH, $(\sin^2 2\theta_{13})_{min}$
${}^6\text{He}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 = 2.9$	5	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	No Sensitivity
${}^{18}\text{Ne}$	$\Phi_0 = 1.1$	5		
${}^8\text{Li}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 5$	5	$2 \times 10^{-4}$	$8 \times 10^{-3}$
${}^8\text{B}$	$\Phi_0 \times 5$	5		
${}^6\text{He}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 2$	2	$6 \times 10^{-4}$	No Sensitivity
${}^{18}\text{Ne}$	$\Phi_0/2$	8		
${}^8\text{Li}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 2$	5	$7 \times 10^{-4}$	$1.5 \times 10^{-2}$
${}^8\text{B}$	$\Phi_0 \times 2$	5		

- Note; In Donini's table  $SF = 10^{-4}$  while we are using  $SF = 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$

- So since  $N_b^{th} < N_b^{nom} \rightarrow$  **Redesign of DR**



# Intensity Limit for New Lattice

S  
Z  
O  
I  
O  
L  
L  
A  
L  
L

- **CB Eq.** goes as  $N_{b_{x,y}}^{th} \propto \frac{A}{Z^2}$ . **Use it to estimate**

$N_b^{th}$  for  ${}^8\text{Li}$ ,  ${}^8\text{B}$  and  ${}^6\text{He}$  based on **HEADTAIL** results for  ${}^{18}\text{Ne}$

- Use  $R_{\perp} = R_{\perp}^{DR} \sim 1 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{m}$

$$N_b^{th} = 12e11 \text{ } {}^{18}\text{Ne}$$

A. Donini, Summary on Beta-Beams

	Bunch Intensity Limit, $N_b^{th}$		
	[e12]	$[N_b^{nom}]$	$[N_b^{nom}]$
${}^{18}\text{Ne}$	1.2	0.3	0.6
${}^6\text{He}$	10	2.1	1.0
${}^8\text{B}$	2.1	0.2	0.6
${}^8\text{Li}$	5.9	0.2	0.6

Ions	Fluxes [ $10^{18}$ ]	Years	$(\sin^2 2\theta_{13})_{min}$	NH, $(\sin^2 2\theta_{13})_{min}$
${}^6\text{He}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 = 2.9$	5	$5 \times 10^{-4}$	No Sensitivity
${}^{18}\text{Ne}$	$\Phi_0 = 1.1$	5		
${}^8\text{Li}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 5$	5	$2 \times 10^{-4}$	$8 \times 10^{-3}$
${}^8\text{B}$	$\Phi_0 \times 5$	5		
${}^6\text{He}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 2$	2	$6 \times 10^{-4}$	No Sensitivity
${}^{18}\text{Ne}$	$\Phi_0/2$	8		
${}^8\text{Li}$	$\bar{\Phi}_0 \times 2$	5	$7 \times 10^{-4}$	$1.5 \times 10^{-2}$
${}^8\text{B}$	$\Phi_0 \times 2$	5		

- Note; In Donini's table  $SF = 10^{-4}$  while we are using  $SF = 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$

- **Still  $N_b^{th} < N_b^{nom}$  mostly  $\rightarrow$  possible  $\gamma_{tr} = 15$  ?**