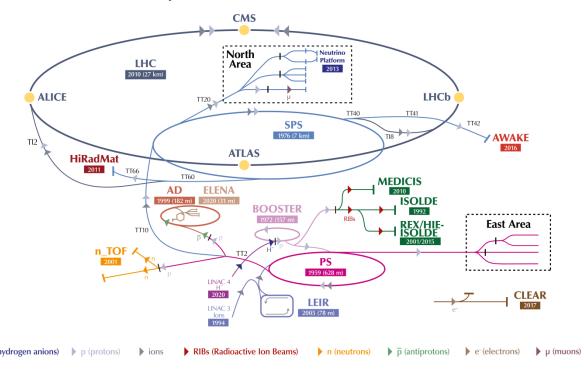




- Fixed target experiment
- NA61/SHINE detector general overview
- Time Project Chamber
  - Tracking
  - Energy lost particle identification
- Time of Flight
  - Particle identification
- Projectile Spectator Detector
  - Centrality of the collisions
- Vertex Detector
  - V0 particle
- Beam Detectors

# CERN accelerator complex

### The CERN accelerator complex Complexe des accélérateurs du CERN

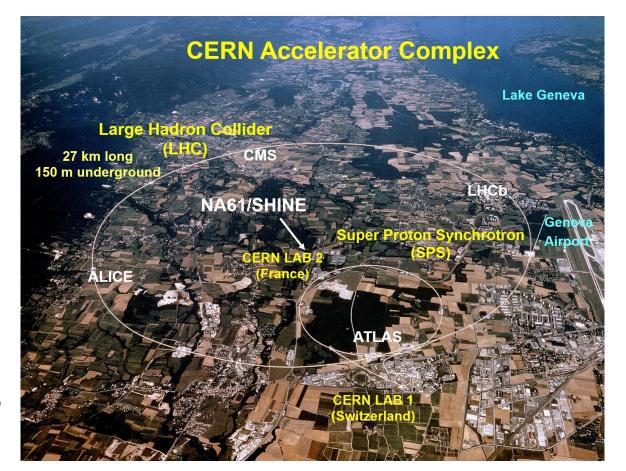


LHC - Large Hadron Collider // SPS - Super Proton Synchrotron // PS - Proton Synchrotron // AD - Antiproton Decelerator // CLEAR - CERN Linear

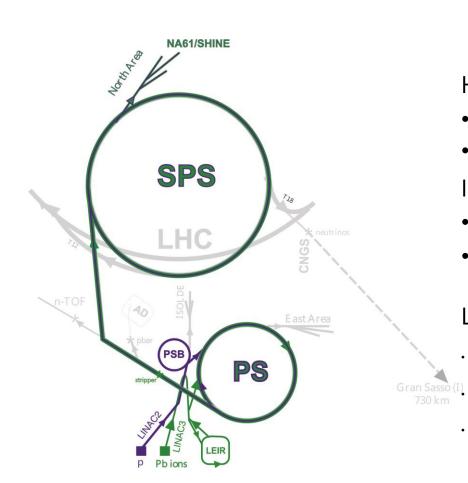
Electron Accelerator for Research // AWAKE - Advanced WAKefield Experiment // ISOLDE - Isotope Separator OnLine // REX/HIE-ISOLDE - Radioactive

EXperiment/High Intensity and Energy ISOLDE // MEDICIS // LEIR - Low Energy Ion Ring // LINAC - LiNear Accelerator //

n\_TOF - Neutrons Time Of Flight // HiRadMat - High-Radiation to Materials // Neutrino Platform



### SPS



#### Hadron beams:

- p (400 GeV/c)
- Secondary  $\pi$ , K, p (13–350 GeV/c)

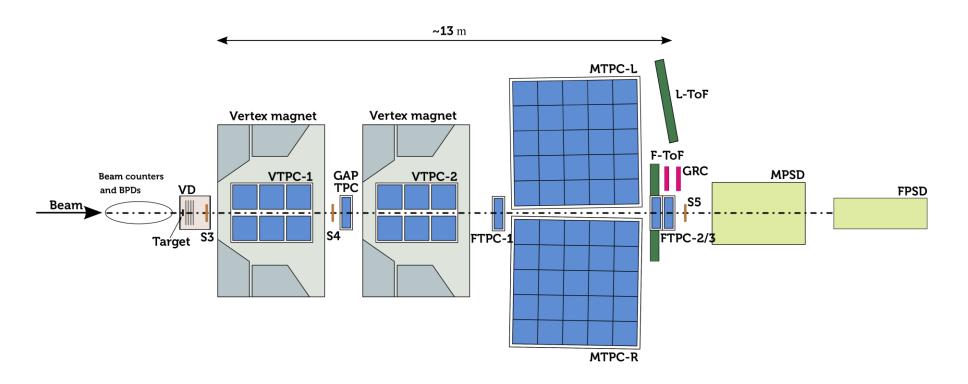
#### Ion beams:

- Ar, Xe, Pb (13–150A GeV/c)
- Secondary Be (13–150A GeV/c) (from Pb fragmentation)

### Large acceptance:

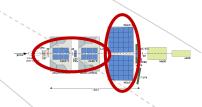
- Full forward hemisphere coverage (down to pT = 0)
- Tracking efficiency: > 95%
- Event rate: ~ 1k events/s

# NA61/SHINE - Experimental layout



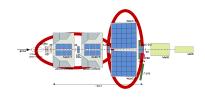
- Large acceptance hadron spectrometer
- Beam particles measured in set of counters and position detectors
- Tracks of charged particles measured in set of TPCs: measurement of q, p and identification by energy loss measurement
- Two Time of Flight Walls: identification via time of flight measurement
- Projectile Spectator Detector measures the forward energy which characterizes centrality of collision
- Vertex Detector (open charm measurements)
- Forward TPC-1/2/3



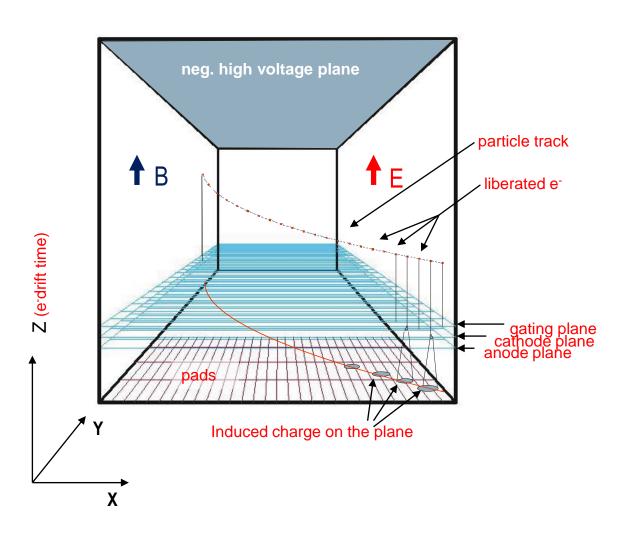


NA61/SHINE

Experimental layout



# TPC - Time Projection Chamber



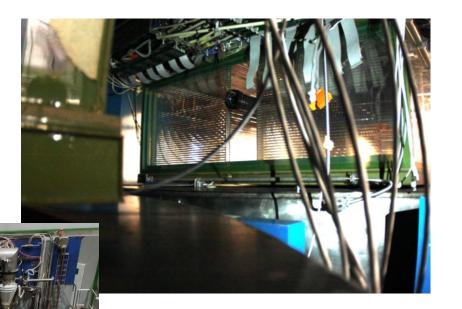
Time Projection Chamber full 3D track reconstruction:

- x-y from wires and segmented cathode of MWPC
- z from drift time
- Momentum resolution
   space resolution + B field
   (multiple scattering)
- energy resolution
- measure of primary ionization

### Inside the MTPC

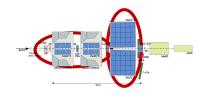


TPC



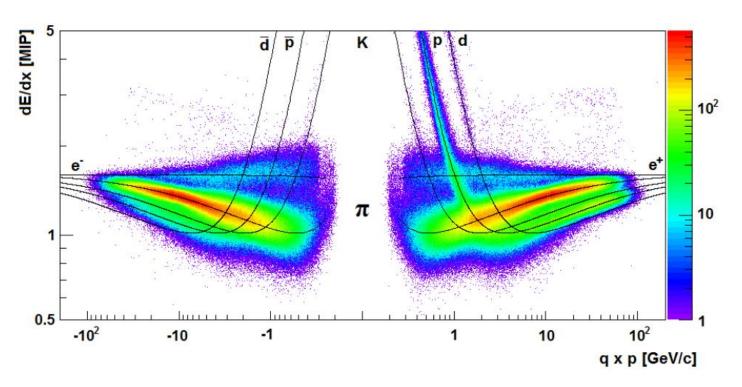
VTPC

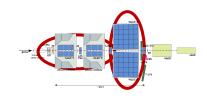




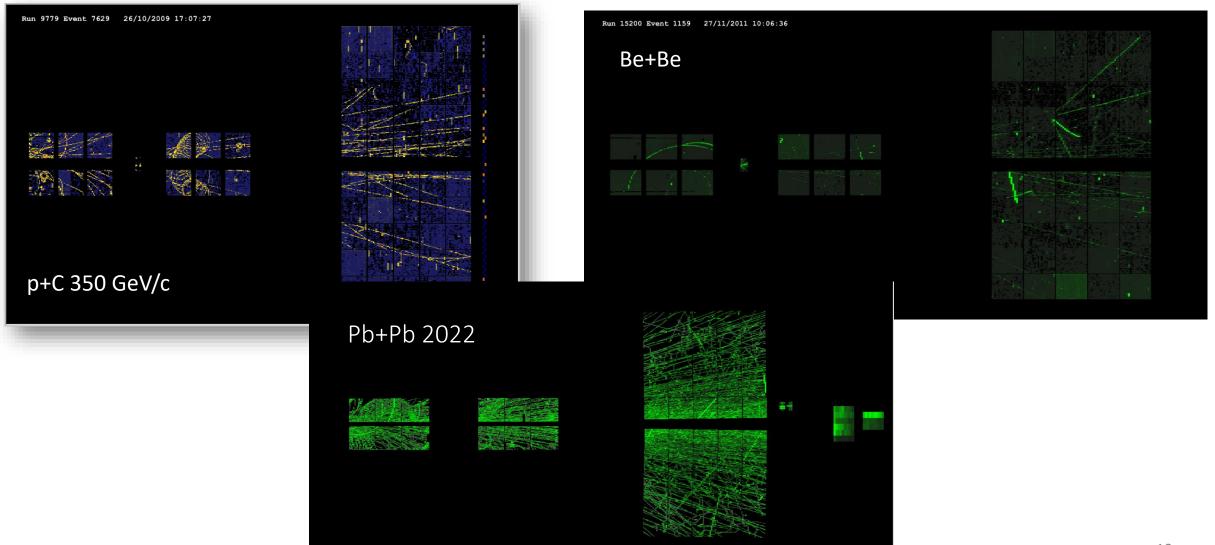
# TPC performance

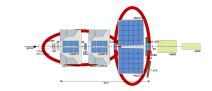
- Bending power of the 2 vertex magnets:
   9 Tm at 1.5 T magnetic field (setting for 150 GeV/n)
- Field is scaled with the beam momentum
- Momentum resolution:  $\sigma(p)/p^2 = 10^{-4}$  (GeV/c)<sup>-1</sup>
- Particle identification via dE/dx:  $\sigma(dE/dx)/dE/dx = 3 - 4\%$  (p-p ... Pb-Pb)
- Gas mixture Ar/CO2





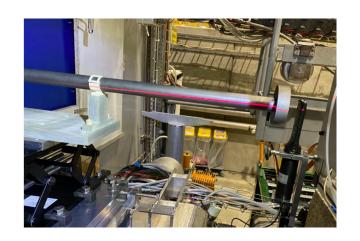
# TPC - Tracking

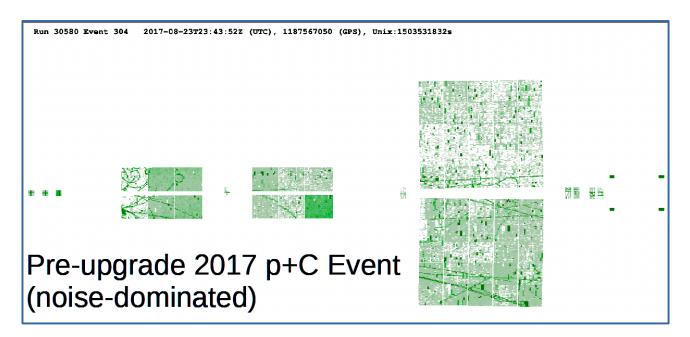


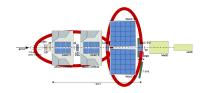


## TPC performance

- First data after upgrade:
  - Summer 2022 data: 31 GeV/c protons on T2K replica target
- Very low noise observed
- Stable operation at 1.6 kHz
- Over 180 million events collected in 3 weeks (compared to 10 million in 5 weeks in previous T2K target running)

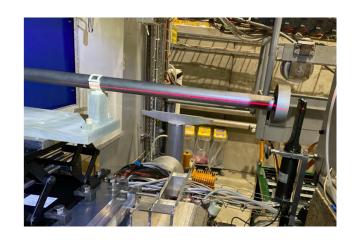


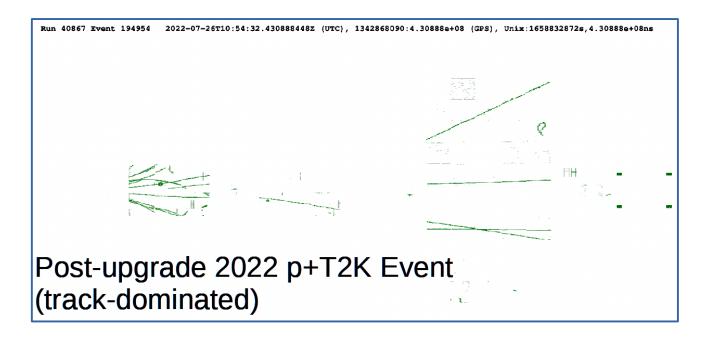


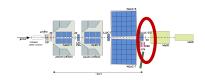


### TPC performance

- First data after upgrade:
  - Summer 2022 data: 31 GeV/c protons on T2K replica target
- Very low noise observed
- Stable operation at 1.6 kHz
- Over 180 million events collected in 3 weeks (compared to 10 million in 5 weeks in previous T2K target running)

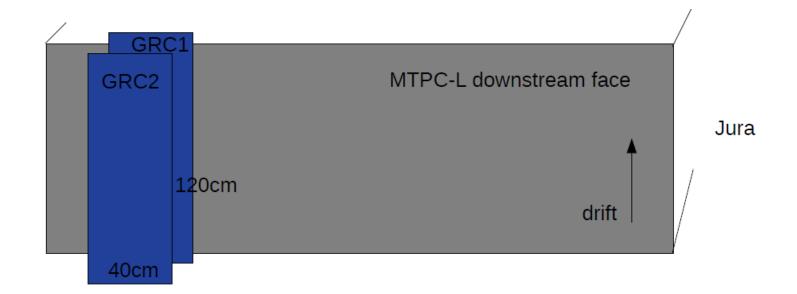




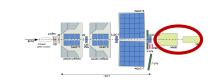


# GRC - Geometry Reference Chamber

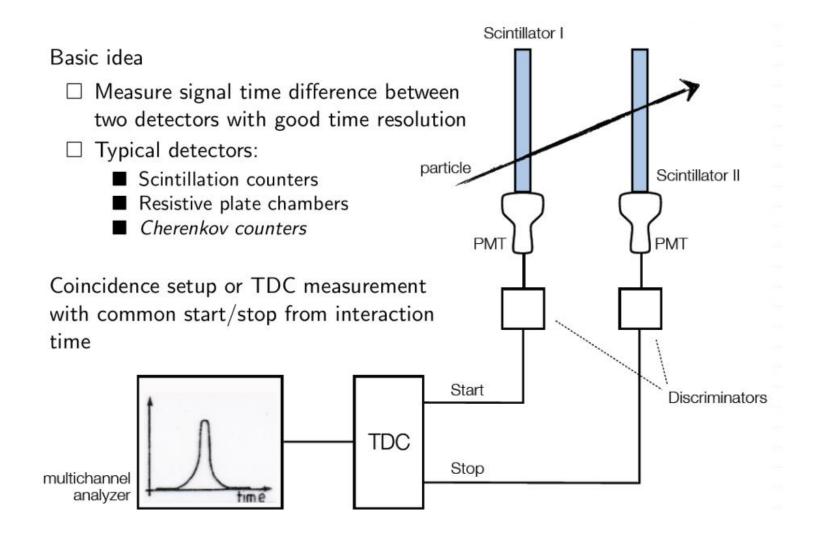
- Calibrate TPC y-drift coordinate
- Two GRCs chambers are installed
  - (40 x 120 cm MWPC)

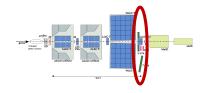




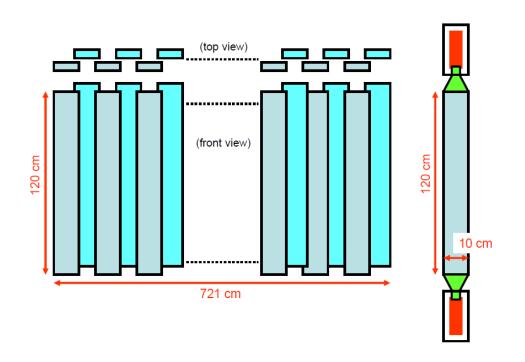


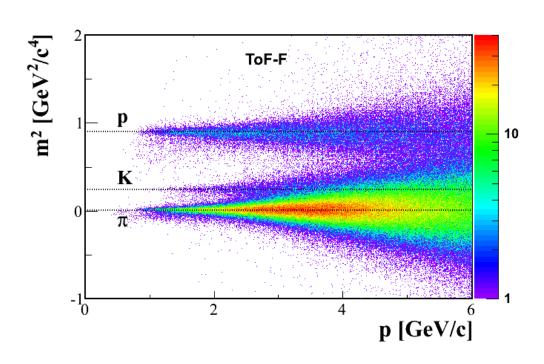
# Time of Flight systems (ToF)





# Forward Time of Flight systems (F-ToF)

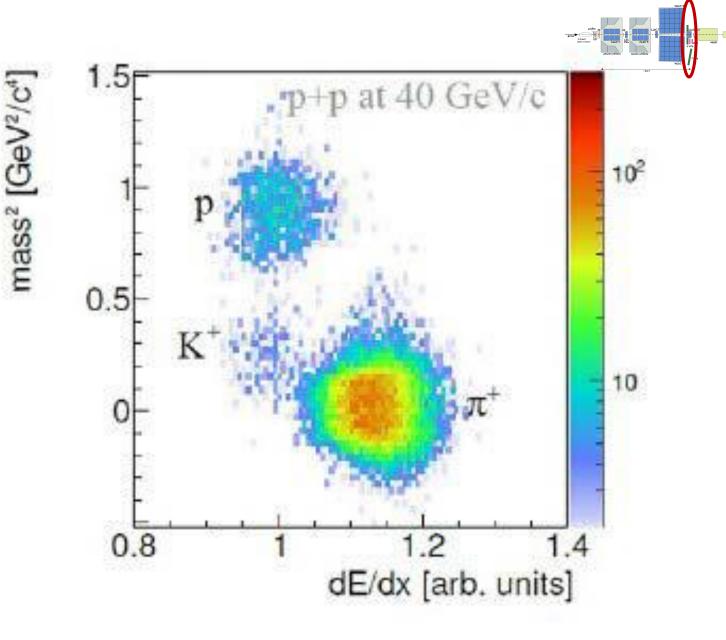


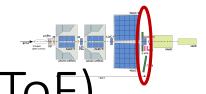


Good particle identification:  $\sigma(TOF) \approx 80$  ps (for old TOF walls)

# Combined PID

- tof-dE/dx method estimates number of p, K,  $\pi$  using an energy loss and a particle time of flight measurements
- dE/dx form TPC
- *Tof* from time of flight (scintillators detectors)





### Multigap Resistive Plate Chamber (MRPC TQF) $\sqrt{63^2 - 48^2} \approx 41 \,\mathrm{ps}$

- high efciency (> 95%);
- intrinsic time resolution < 75 ps;</li>
- high granularity in order to keep the overall system occupancy below 10%;
- good position resolution to provide effective matching of the TOF hits with the tracks;
- MRPC-L operational

Number of

detectors

4/6/8

18

40

MRPC

Columns

MRPC-L

MRPC-L+R

MRPC-R – in production (ready 2023)

Number of

readout strips

48

192/288/384

864

1920

Sensitive

area, m<sup>2</sup>

0.090/0.180

1.23

1.896

3.792

Number of

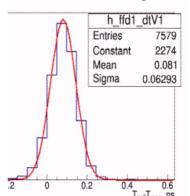
FEE cards

6

24/36/48

108

240

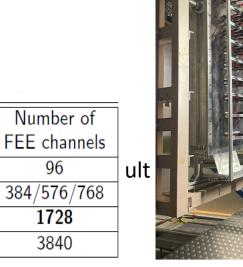


The best result

96

1728

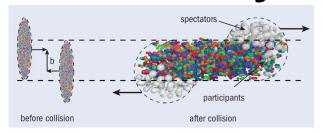
3840





17

# PSD - Projectile Spectator Detector

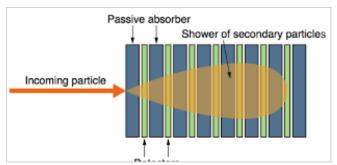


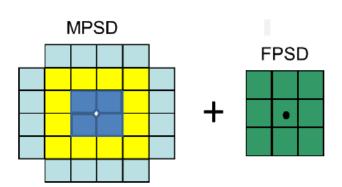
- forward hadron calorimeter
- measurement of projectile spectator energy in nucleus-nucleus collisions
- Measure centrality of the collision



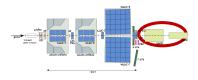


Main PSD: 32 modules. Forward PSD: 9 modules

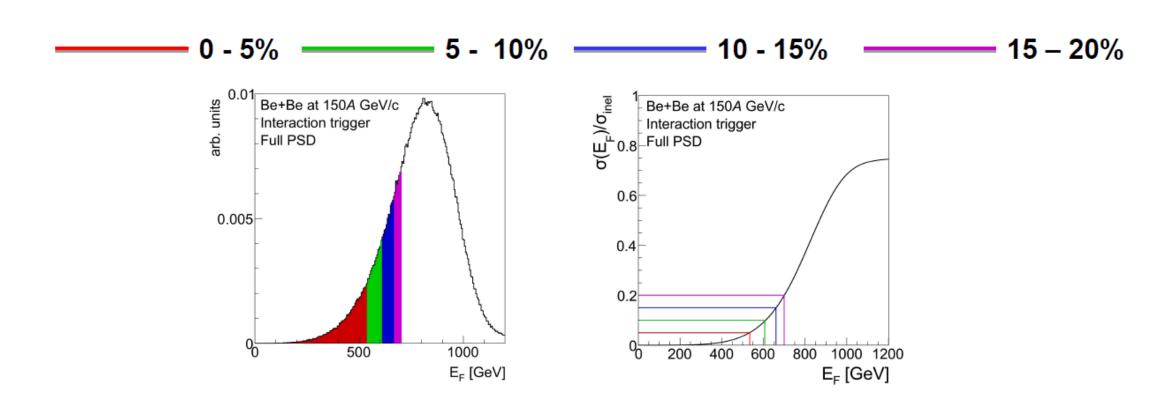




### Projectile Spectator Detector



- measures the forward energy E<sub>F</sub> related to the non-interacting nucleons of the beam nucleus
  - Intervals in EF allow to select different centrality classes





### **PSD**

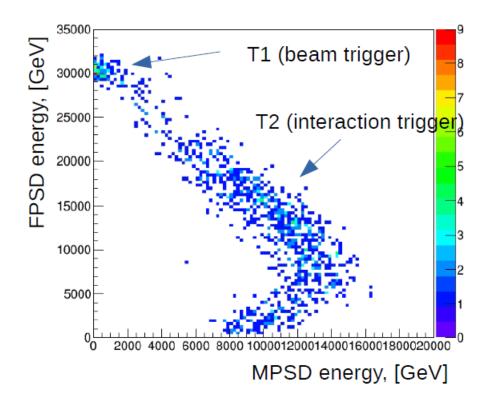
• Main PSD: 32 modules.

Forward PSD: 9 modules

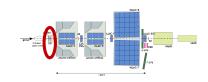
Energy in MPSD Energy in FPSD

Solution of the second of t

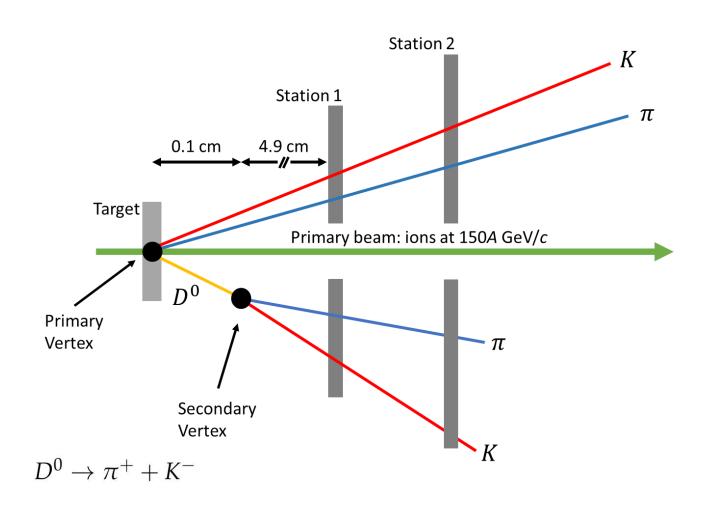
First data from FPSD + MPSD on beam of Pb+Pb 150 AGeV, November 2022



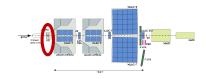
Simulation of Pb+Pb@150 AGeVwith QGSM model



## Studies of open charm measurements

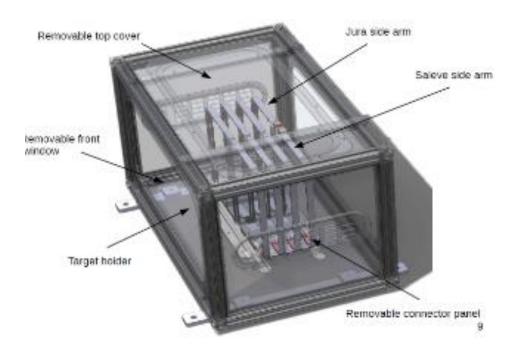


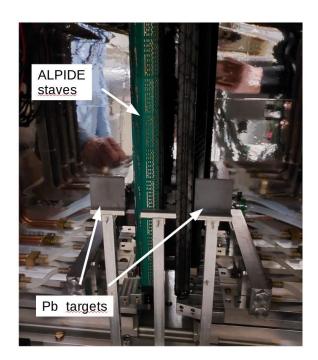
Vertex detector is needed to reconstruct primary vertex and secondary vertexes with high precision

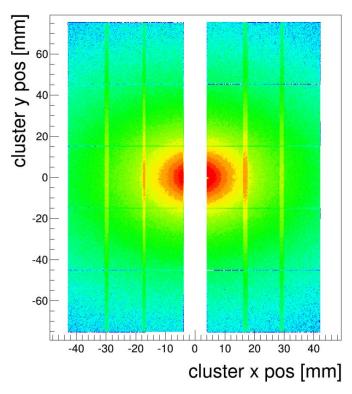


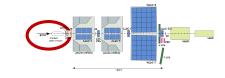
### Vertex detector

- Silicon sensors (ALPIDE) located on horizontally movable arms
- Target holder integrated



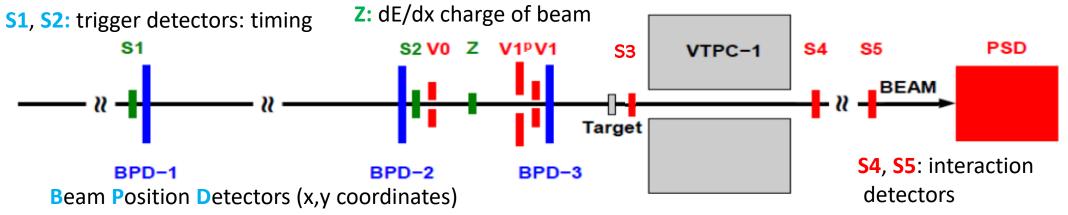






### Beam detectors

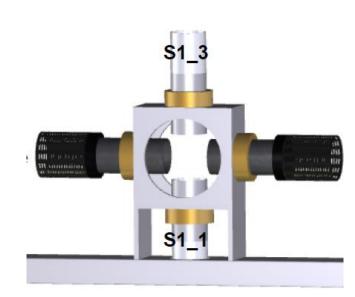
**V0**, **V1**, **V2**: veto to limit beam diameter

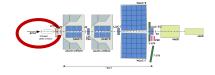


Set of scintillation (plastic) and Cherenkov counters (quartz) as well as the beam position detectors

- located upstream of the target
- provide precise timing reference,
- charge and position measurement of the incoming beam particles





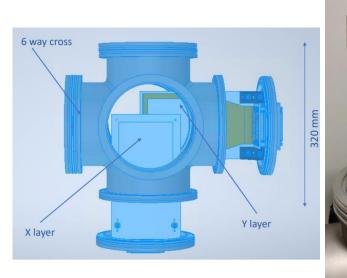


### Beam Position Detectors

 The positions of the incoming beam particles in the transverse plane are measured by a telescope of three BPDs

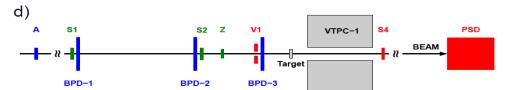
Single Sided Silicon strip detector

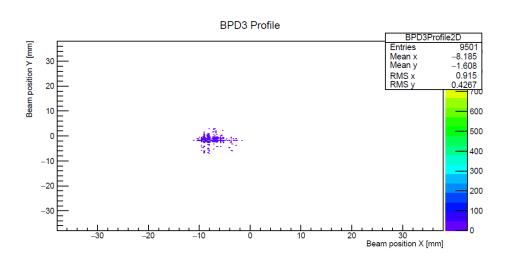
• 200 channels

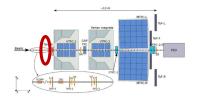






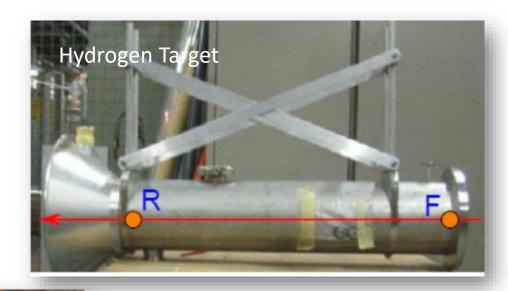


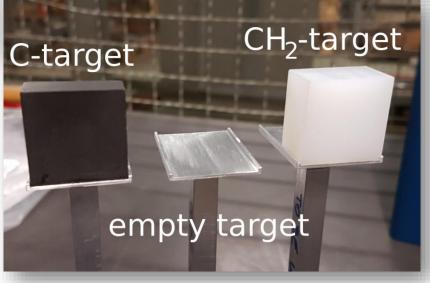




# Targets

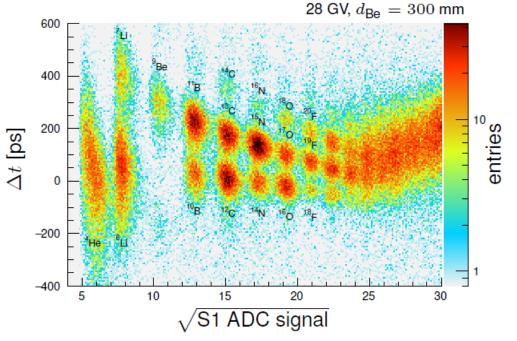




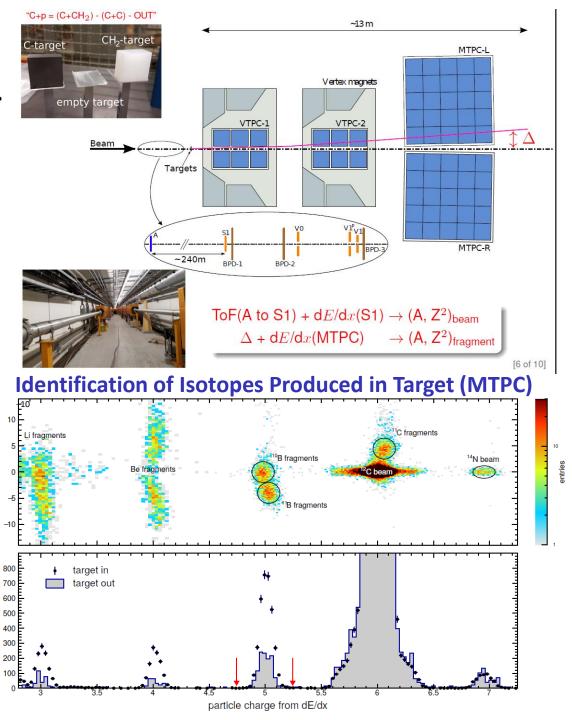


# Flexibility of the detector

Nuclear Fragmentation run

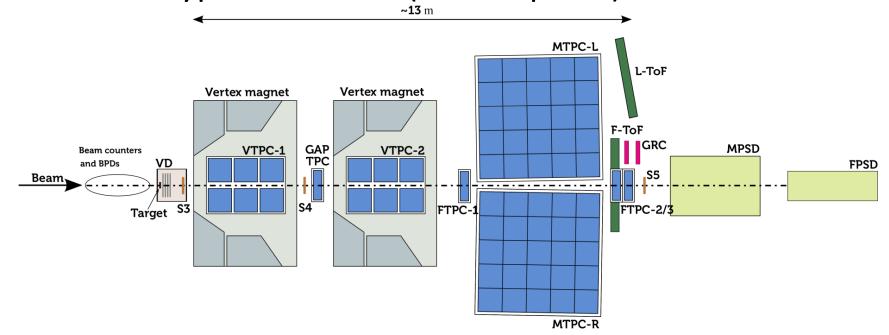


composition of secondary ion beam



## Summary

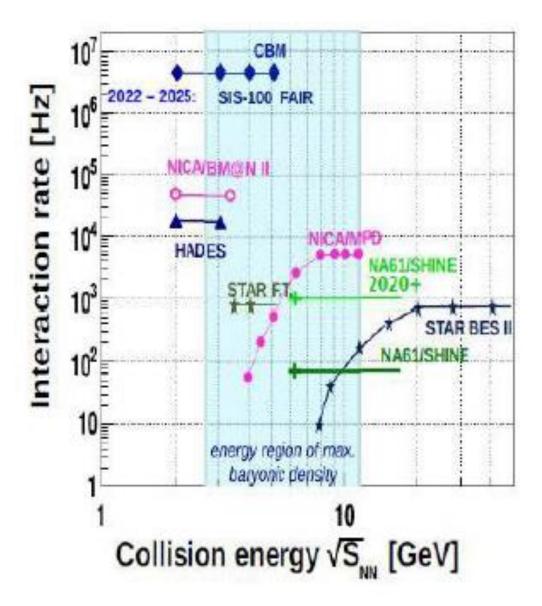
- Large acceptance hadron spectrometer
- Flexible detector set with possibilities for upgrades
- Use various types of beams (ions to pions)

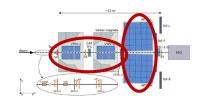


# Thank you

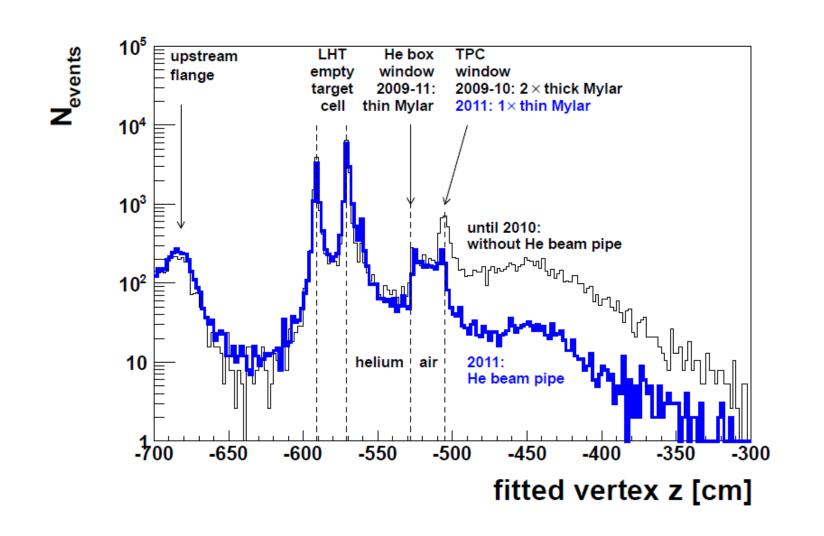
# Replacement of the TPC electronics

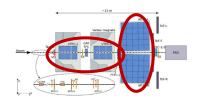
Will increase the read-out rate by a factor of about 10 (up to 1 kHz)



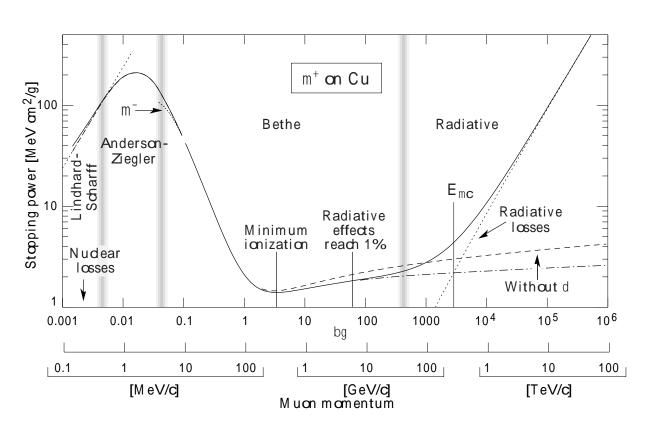


# Vertex distribution along the beam axis





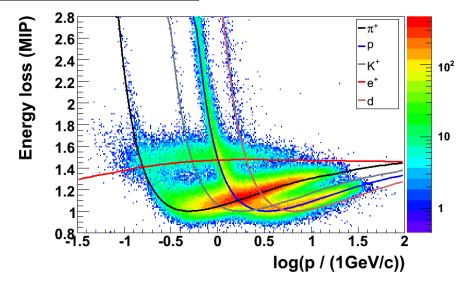
# dE/dX and Momentum

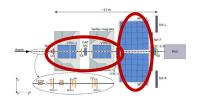


$$-\left\langle \frac{dE}{dx}\right\rangle = K z^2 \frac{Z}{A} \frac{1}{\beta^2} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{2m_e c^2 \beta^2 \gamma^2 T_{max}}{I^2} - \beta^2 - \frac{\delta(\beta \gamma)}{2} \right]$$

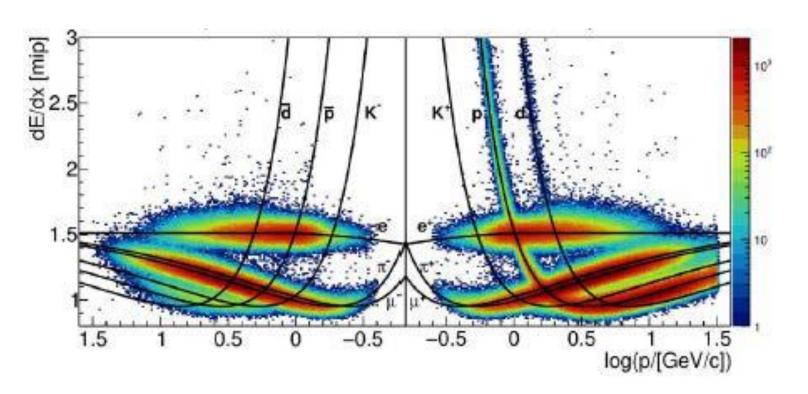
$$\frac{dE}{dX} \propto \frac{1}{\beta^2} \propto \frac{m^2}{p^2}$$

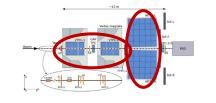
### **Positive particles**



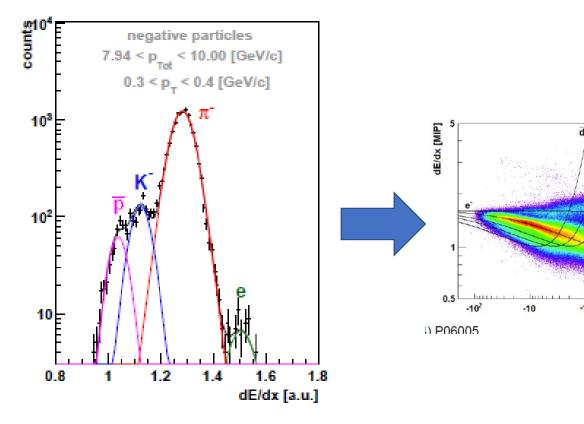






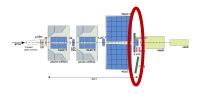


Energy loss (dE/dx) method



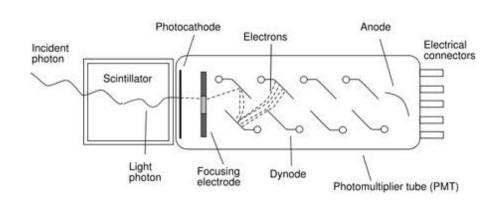
- In each p, p<sub>T</sub> bin sum of Gauss functions is fitted to the dE/dx spectrum
- For each track the probability for being a hadron of specific type is calculated based on the fitted dE/dx distribution
- Sum of these probabilities gives the mean multiplicity of the identified hadrons

q x p [GeV/c]



# Time of Flight systems (ToF)

- particle identification based only on energy loss measurement can not be performer in the crossover region of the Bethe-Bloch curves
- Based on the scintillators detectors



$$m^2 = p^2 \left( \frac{c^2 tof^2}{l^2} - 1 \right)$$

