Submitting Multiple Jobs

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Why multiple jobs

- User perspective
 - Parameter sweep is a natural HTC model
 - No need to create a separate submit file for each job
 - Single "handle" to query, remove, hold, edit many jobs
 - Aggregates (e.g. # idle, # completed, # held) across many jobs
- > Admin perspective
 - Much less resources consumed on the AP
 - Both schedd memory and processing load





Overview

HTCondor has several built-in ways to create multiple independent jobs

- > condor_submit Queue statement in job submit file
 - Queue N
 - Queue Matching
 - Queue From
 - Queue In
- Late Materialization
- Job Sets







Let's review: one job

```
executable,
            analyze.sh
                                      This is the command we
           file.in file.out
arguments
                                      want HTCondor to run.
transfer input files = file.in
log = job.log
output = job.stdout
error = job.stderr
queue
```





Let's review: one job

```
executable = analyze.sh
           = file.in file.or
arguments
transfer input files = file.in
                                        These are the files we
                                        need for the job to run.
log = job.log
output = job.stdout
error = job.stderr
queue
```





Let's review: one job

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments = file.in file.out
transfer input files = file.in
log
          job.stdout
output
                                         These files track
          job.stderr
error
                                         information about the
                                         job.
queue
```





Example 1: Many jobs with numbered files

Now suppose we have many input files and we want to run one job per input file.







List of numerical input values

We want to capture this set of inputs using a list of integers.







Provide a list of integer values with queue N

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments = file.in file.out
transfer input files = file.in
log = job.log
output = job.stdout
error = job.stderr
                                 This queue statement will
                                 generate a list of integers,
queue 5
                                 0 - 4
```





Which job components vary?

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments = file.in file.out
transfer_input files = file.in

log = job.log
output = job.stdout
error = job.stderr

The arguments for our
command and the input
files would be different
for each job.

queue 5
```





Which job components vary?

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments = file.in file.out
transfer input files = file.in
log
          job.stdout
output
                                         We might also want to
          job.stderr
error
                                         differentiate these job
                                         files.
queue 5
```





Use \$ (ProcID) as the variable

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments = file.$(ProcID).in file.$(ProcID).out
transfer_input_files = file$(ProcID).in

log = job.$(ProcID).log
output = job.$(ProcID).stdout
error = job.$(ProcID).stderr

The default var
representing the
queue 5
```

The default variable representing the changing numbers in our list is \$ (ProcID)





Example 2: Many jobs with named files

> Program execution

```
$ compare states state.wi.dat out.state.wi.dat
```

> Files needed

• compare states, state.wi.dat, country.us.dat

```
executable = compare_states
arguments = state.wi.dat out.state.wi.dat

transfer_input_files = state.wi.dat, country.us.dat
queue
```





List of named input values

Suppose we have data for several states:

```
state.wi.dat, state.mn.dat, state.il.dat, etc.
```

We want to run one job per file.

```
executable = compare_states
arguments = state.wi.dat out.state.wi.dat

transfer_input_files = state.wi.dat, country.us.dat
queue
```





Provide a list of values with queue from

- We want to use "queue" to provide this list of input files.
- One option is to create another file with the list and

use the queue .. from syntax.

```
executable = compare_states
arguments = state.wi.dat out.state.wi.dat
state.ia.dat
state.mi.dat

transfer_input_files = state.wi.dat, country.us.dat

queue from state_list.txt
```





state.mn.dat

Which job components vary?

- Now, what parts of our job template (the top half of the submit file) vary, depending on the input?
- > We want to vary the job's **arguments** and one **input file**.

```
executable = compare_states
arguments = state.wi.dat out.state.wi.dat

transfer_input_files = state.wi.dat, country.us.dat
queue state from state_list.txt
```





Use a custom variable

Replace all our varying components in the submit file with a variable.

```
executable = compare_states
arguments = $(state) out.$(state)

transfer_input_files = $(state), country.us.dat

queue state from state list.txt
```





state.wi.dat

state.mn.dat

state.il.dat

Use multiple variables with queue from

- The queue from syntax can also support multiple values per job.
- Suppose our command was like this:

```
$ compare_states -i [input file] -y [year]
state.wi.dat,2010
state.wi.dat,2015
executable = compare_states
arguments = -i $(state) -y $(year)

transfer_input_files = $(state), country.us.dat
queue state,year from state_list.txt
```





Variable and queue options

Syntax	List of Values	Variable Name
queue N	Integers: 0 through N-1	\$(Procld)
queue Var matching pattern*	List of values that match the wildcard pattern.	\$(<i>Var</i>)
queue <i>Var</i> in (<i>item1 item2</i>)	List of values within parentheses.	If no variable name is provided, default
queue Var from list.txt	List of values from list.txt, where each value is on its own line.	is \$(Item)





Other options: queue N

- Can I start from 1 instead of 0?
 - Yes! These two lines increment the \$(ProcId) variable

```
tempProc = $(ProcId) + 1
newProc = $INT(tempProc)
```

- You would use the second variable name \$(newProc) in your submit file
- Can I create a certain number of digits (i.e. 000, 001 instead of 0,1)?
 - Yes, this syntax will make \$(Procld) have a certain number of digits

\$INT(ProcId, %03)





Other options: queue in/from/matching

You can run multiple jobs per list item, using \$(Step) as the index:

```
executable = analyze.sh
arguments = -input $(infile) -index $(Step)

queue 10 infile matching *.dat
```

>queue matching has options to select only files or directories

```
queue inp matching files *.dat
queue inp matching dirs job*
```





Late Materialization What if you want to submit thousands or even millions of jobs?

- Job submit file options:
 - max_materialize = limit> : specifies an overall limit on the number of jobs that can be materialized in the condor_schedd at any one time
 - max_idle = imit> : specifies the maximum number of non-running jobs that should be materialized in the *condor_schedd* at any one time.
- > Get around admin AP limits like MAX JOBS PER OWNER or MAX JOBS PER SUBMISSION
- Returns a handle to the "job factory" ID
- Details: Manual / Users Manual / Submitting a Job / Submitting Lots of Jobs





Queue command options, pros and cons

queue N	Simple, good for multiple jobs that only require a numerical index.
queue matching pattern*	Natural nested looping, minimal programming, use optional "files" and "dirs" keywords to only match files or directories Requires good naming conventions.
queue in (list)	Supports multiple variables, all information contained in a single file, reproducible Harder to automate submit file creation
queue from file	Supports multiple variables, highly modular (easy to use one submit file for many job batches), reproducible Additional file needed





Queue command CONS

- Creates a "job cluster" ID, which really just captures all jobs created in one submission.
- > Problems:
 - What if you want to group jobs across multiple job submissions?
 - Add jobs later on
 - DAGMan
 - Want to group different submit files into one set?
 - What if you want to label your group of jobs?
 - Want attributes/policies in common across many jobs?
- Answer: Job Sets!





Job Sets

- Enable feature in AP with config knob "USE_JOBETS=True"
- > Use condor_submit with "jobset = XXX" (boo!) or new tool "htcondor jobset <verb>" (yay!)
 - htcondor jobset create
 - htcondor jobset list
 - htcondor jobset destroy
- Job Set consists of
 - A name (assigned by the user)
 - An iterator
 - At least one job
 - A job set ID (assigned by the AP)





htcondor jobset create "myset.sub"

```
name = MyJobSet
iterator=table x,y,z params.txt
job in=x,foo=y,bar=z myjob.sub
job in=x,p1=y,p2=z myjob2.sub
```

```
name = MyJobSet
iterator = table x,y,z {
   input A.txt,0,0
   input B.txt,0,1
   input C.txt,1,0
   input D.txt,1,1
job input=x,param1=y,delta=z {
   executable = a.out
   arguments = $(input) $(param1) $(delta)
   transfer input files = $(input)
```





Thank You!



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