

The piE5 Beamline Model and Going Forward

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Thanks: A. Knecht, P-R. Kettle, Z. Hodges, G. Dal Maso

Workshop is being generously supported by an award from the Gordon and Betty Moore Foundation

Overview

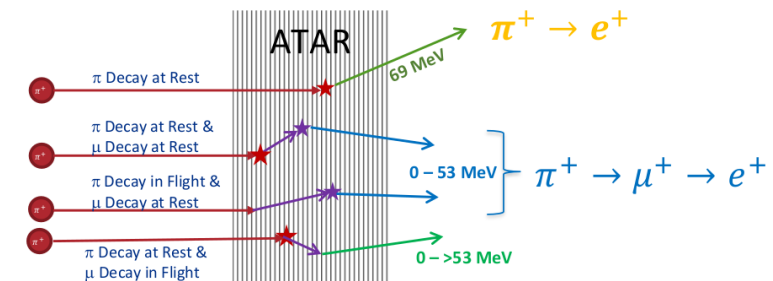
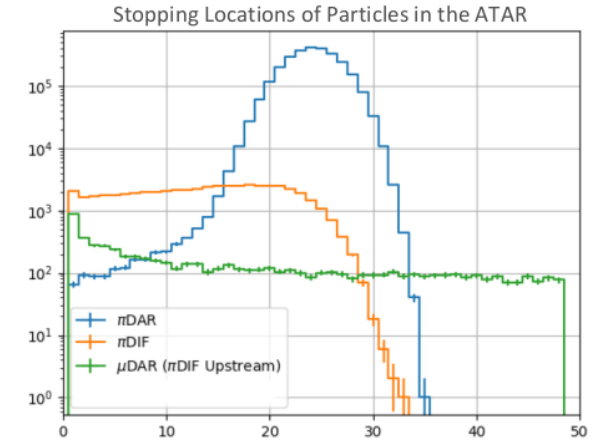
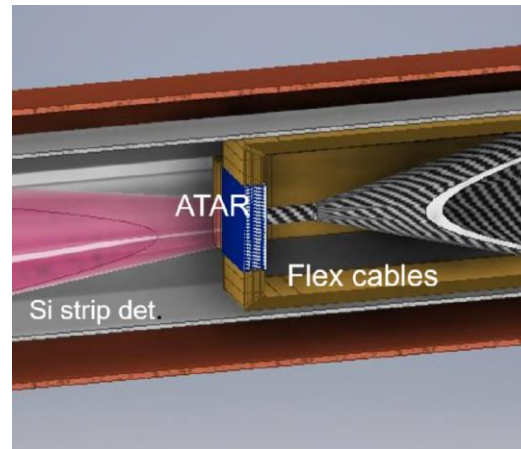
- Experimental requirements
- piE5 beamline
- PIONEER Run '22 results
- TRANSPORT studies
- Major upgrades
- Beam development plan

All PIONEER data preliminary

Requirements Phase I

- Rate
 - 300k π /s stopped in ATAR
- Momentum bite
 - $\Delta p/p < 2\%$
- Momentum
 - lowest p preferred 55-70 MeV/c
- Spot size
 - smaller than ATAR Size of 20mm x 20mm
- Particle contamination
 - μ/e less than 10% of π

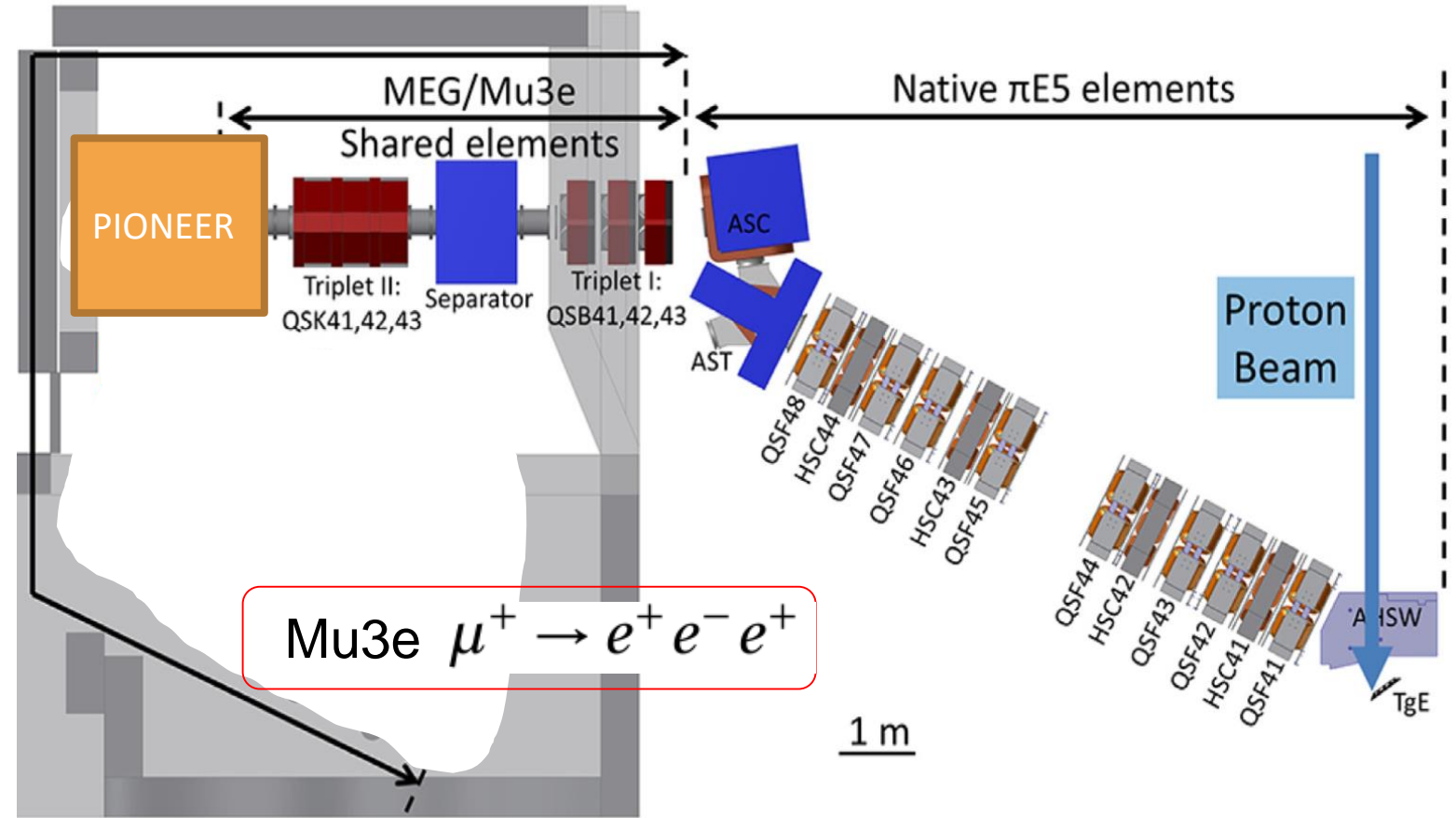
$$R_{e/\mu}(\text{Exp}) = 1.23270(230) \times 10^{-4}$$



piE5 @ PSI - World's Brightest Stopped Pion Beam

MEG $\mu^+ \rightarrow e\gamma$

Main properties of $\pi E5$ beam line		
Solid angle		150 msr
Momentum range		10-120 MeV/c
Length		10.4 m
Momentum	acceptance (FWHM)	10%
	resolution (FWHM)	2%
Angular divergence (FWHM)	horizontal	450 mrad
	vertical	120 mrad
Spot size (FWHM)	horizontal	15 mm
	vertical	20 mm



Mu3e $\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ e^- e^+$

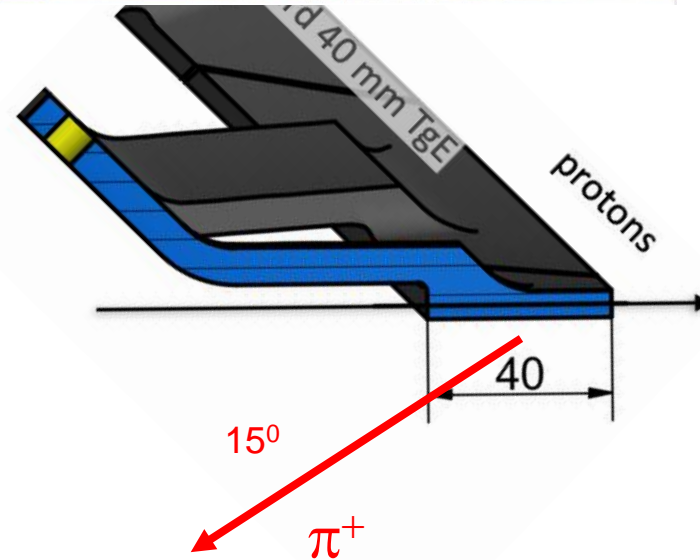
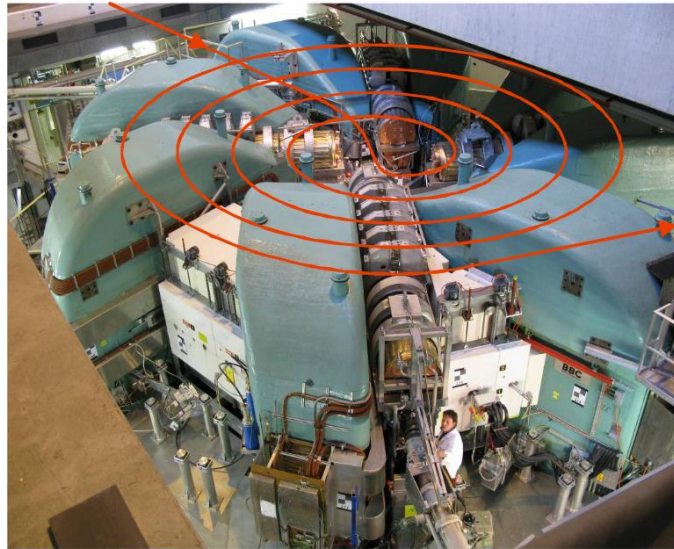
- carefully studied for fundamental muon experiments
- still surprises for pions, unique PIONEER requirements

experimenters have full control over beam line (after first bend)

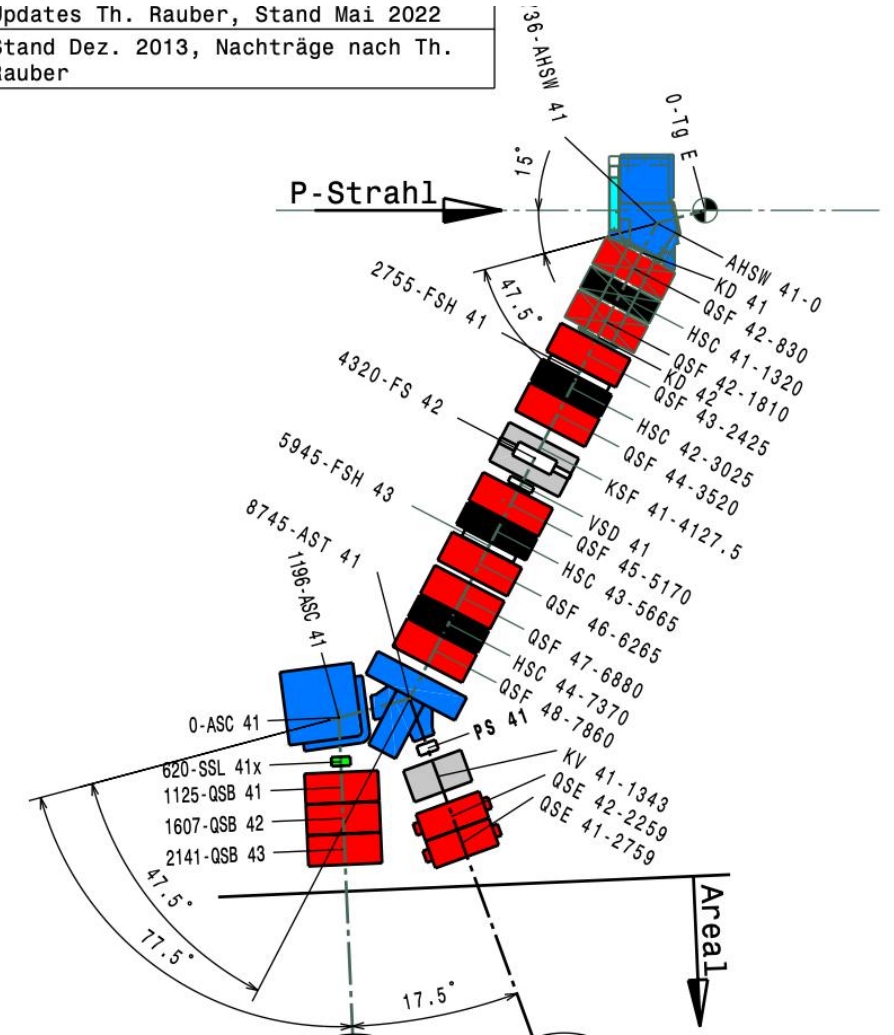
Target E and Pion Production

- 8 sector Magnets: 0.6 – 0.9 T
- weight per magnet: 250 tons
- 4 cavities 50.63 MHz: 850 kV
- 1 flat-top resonator: 150 MHz
- harmonic number: 6
- beam energy: 590 MeV
- beam current (now): 2.4 mA
- injection radius: 2.1 m
- extraction radius: 4.5 m
- spirial angle 35°
- relative losses: $\sim 2 \cdot 10^{-4}$

Beam power: 1.4 MW



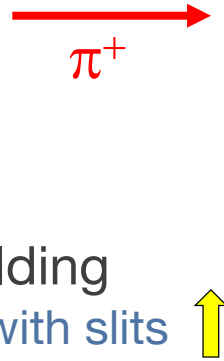
b: Updates Th. Rauber, Stand Mai 2022
 a: Stand Dez. 2013, Nachträge nach Th. Rauber



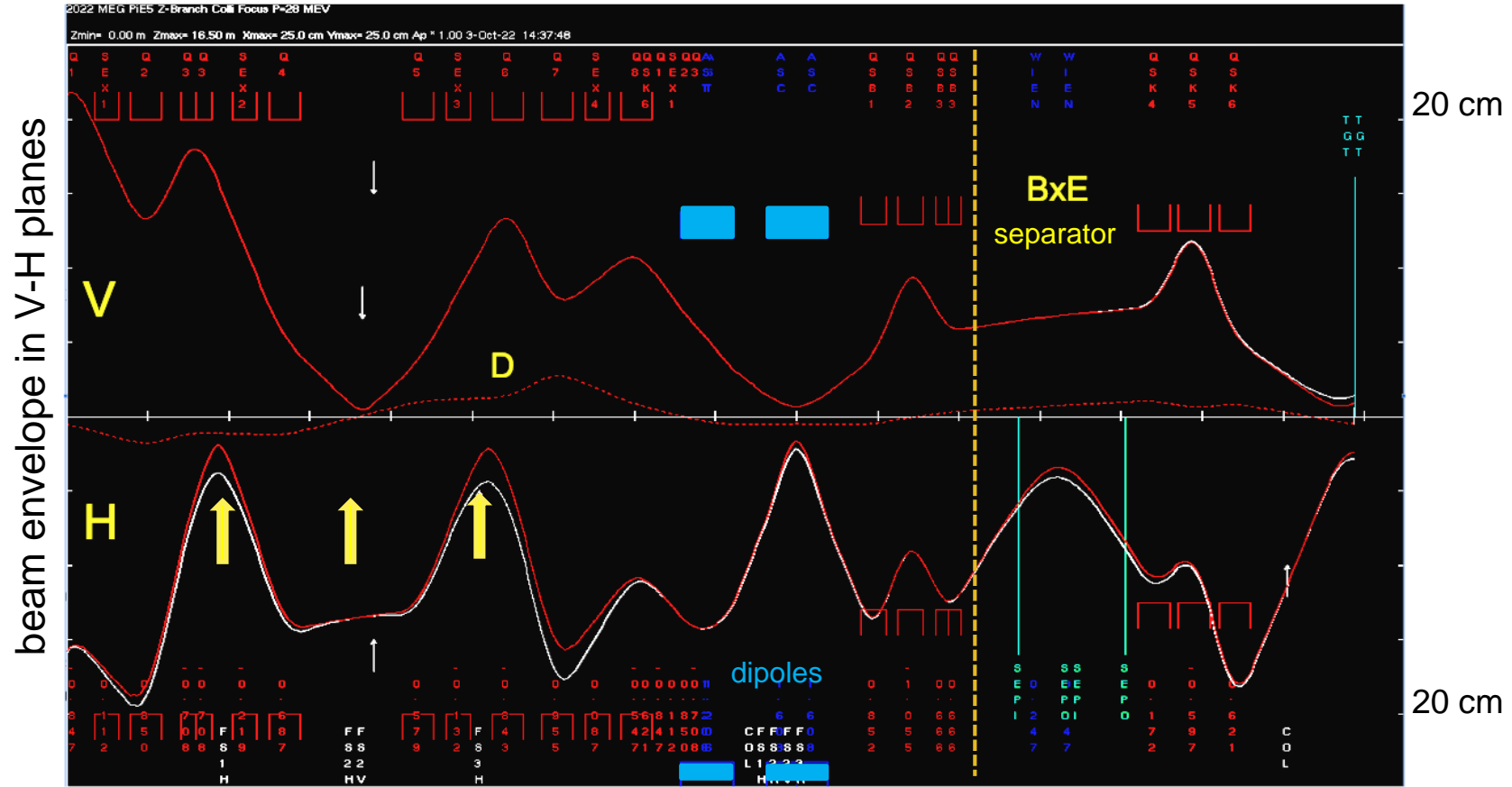
- 165° to proton beam
- bending +47.5°, -47.5°, +77.5°

Simple Transport Model

- Compare $\Delta p/p = 3/0\%$
- 1st order only
 - 2nd order diverges
 - other discrepancies to PIONEER Run '22
- upstream part in shielding
 - indirect diagnostics with slits



MEG tune adjusted to PIONEER geometry, P-R Kettle



extraction, momentum selection and achromat

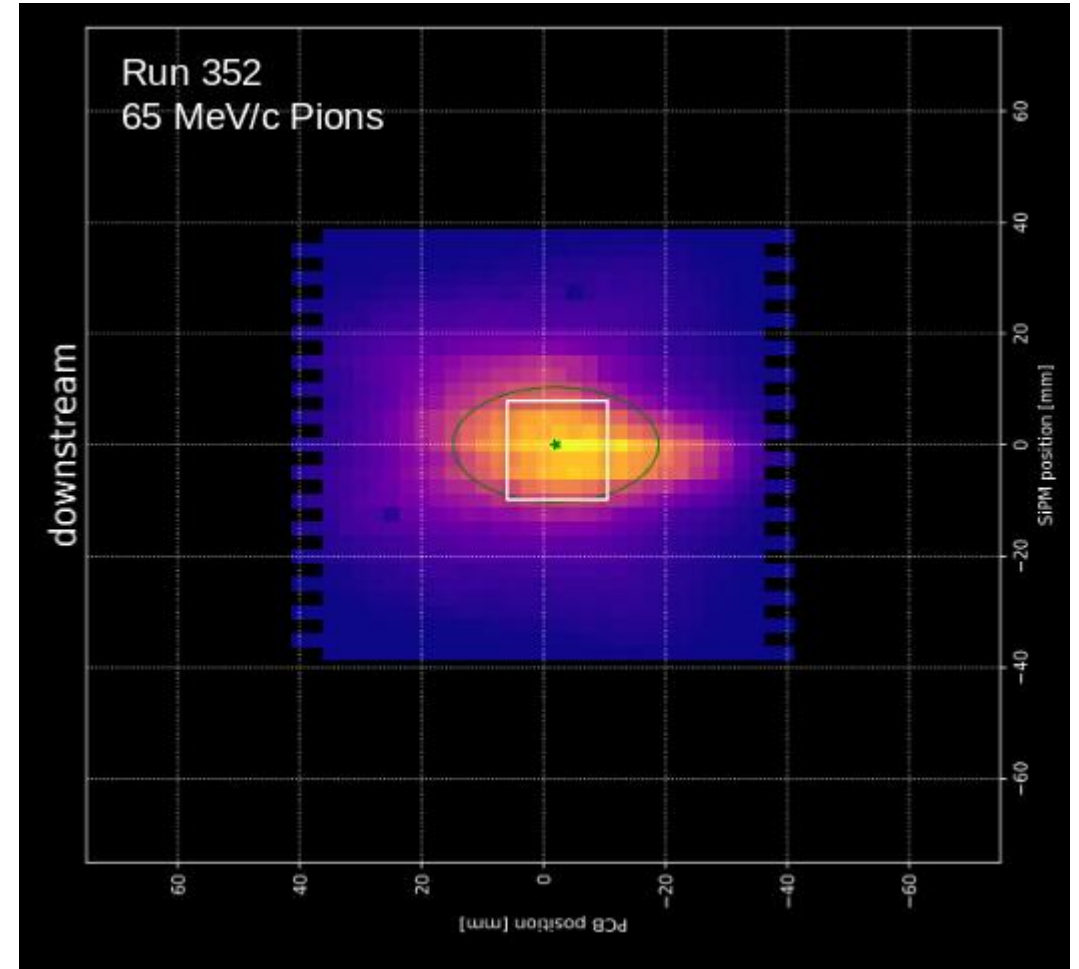
particle separation, focus on target

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Good Enough Focus ?

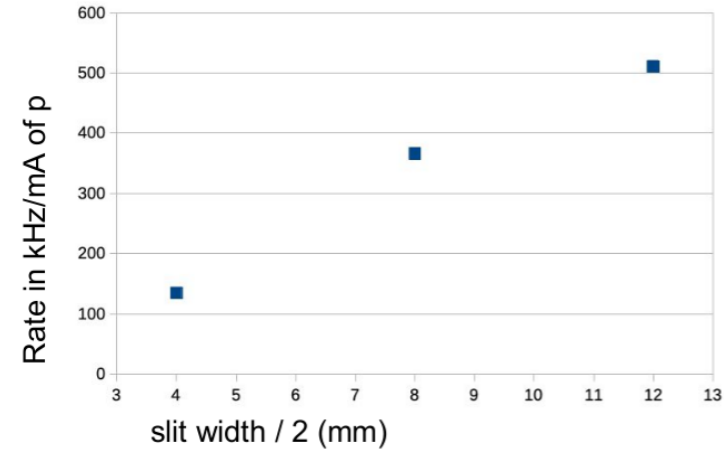
- Beam behaves as expected (basic p scaling)
 - we measured 28 MeV/c muons and
 - pions of 55, 65 and 75 MeV/c
- Pions better focus than surface muons
- But only 46% of beam in ATAR box
- AST/ASC combination not problematic
- **Not yet**



- Rate: 633 kHz / 46 % in ATAR Box
- Mean X = 0.3 mm
- Mean Y = 0.2 mm
- **Sig X = 23 mm**
- **Sig Y = 10.1 mm**

Sufficient Rate and Small $\Delta p/p$?

- Cannot answer without determination of $\Delta p/p$
- First impression
 - 55 MeV/c insufficient
 - 65 MeV/c enough rate
- Longitudinal phase space (i.e. $\Delta p/p$), two methods being analyzed



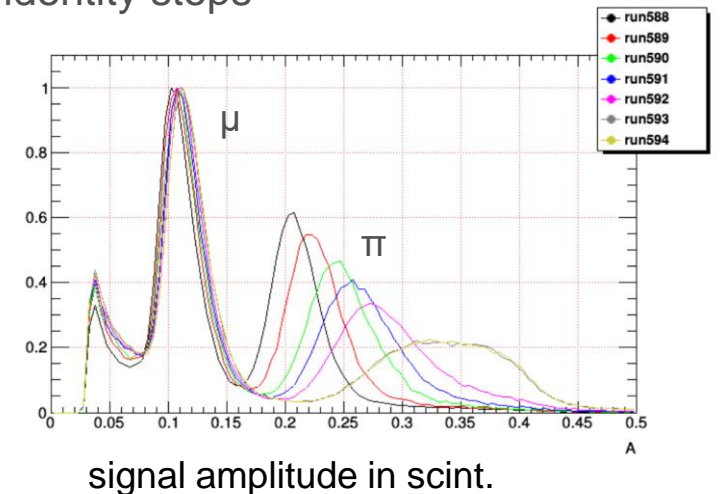
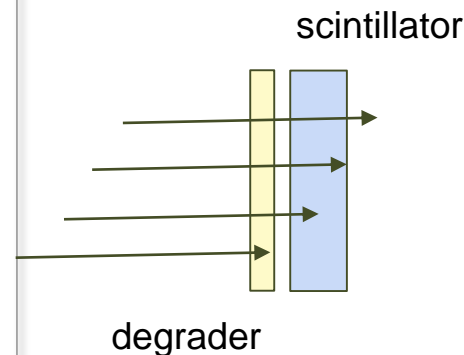
Time of flight

- 16m beamline
- 1% $\Delta p/p \sim 1$ ns (65 MeV/c)

p (MeV/c)	55	65	75
TOF (ns)	145.57	126.42	112.75

Direct stopping measurement with range curve

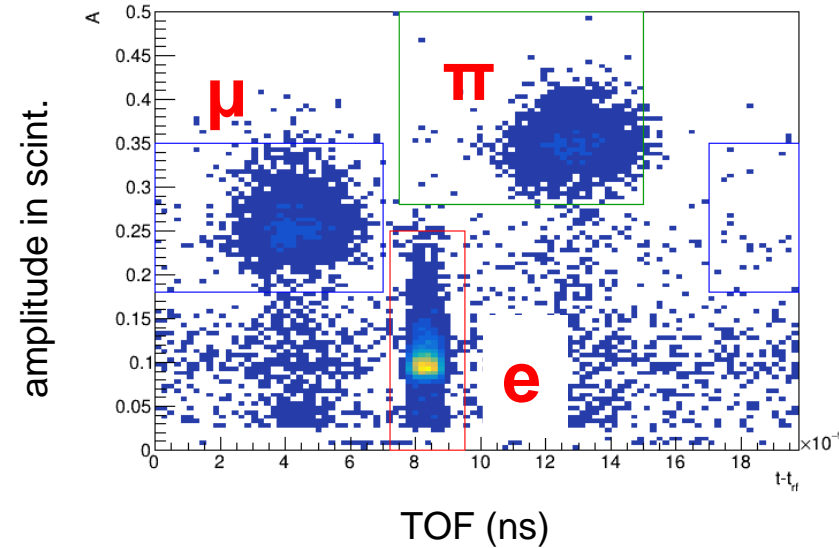
- pion signal amplitudes with different degraders
- use $\pi \rightarrow \mu$ sequence to identify stops



Particle Separation Good Enough?

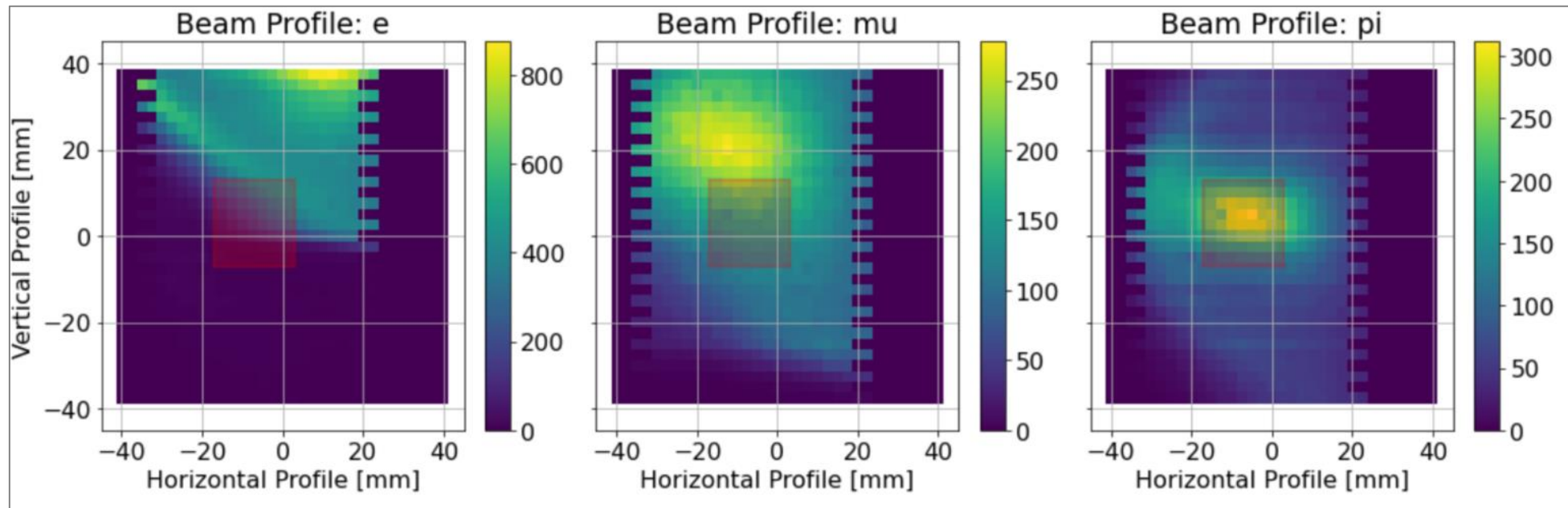
No
location of collimator !

Separator HV can be increased



In area restricted to ATAR
(optimistic accounting)

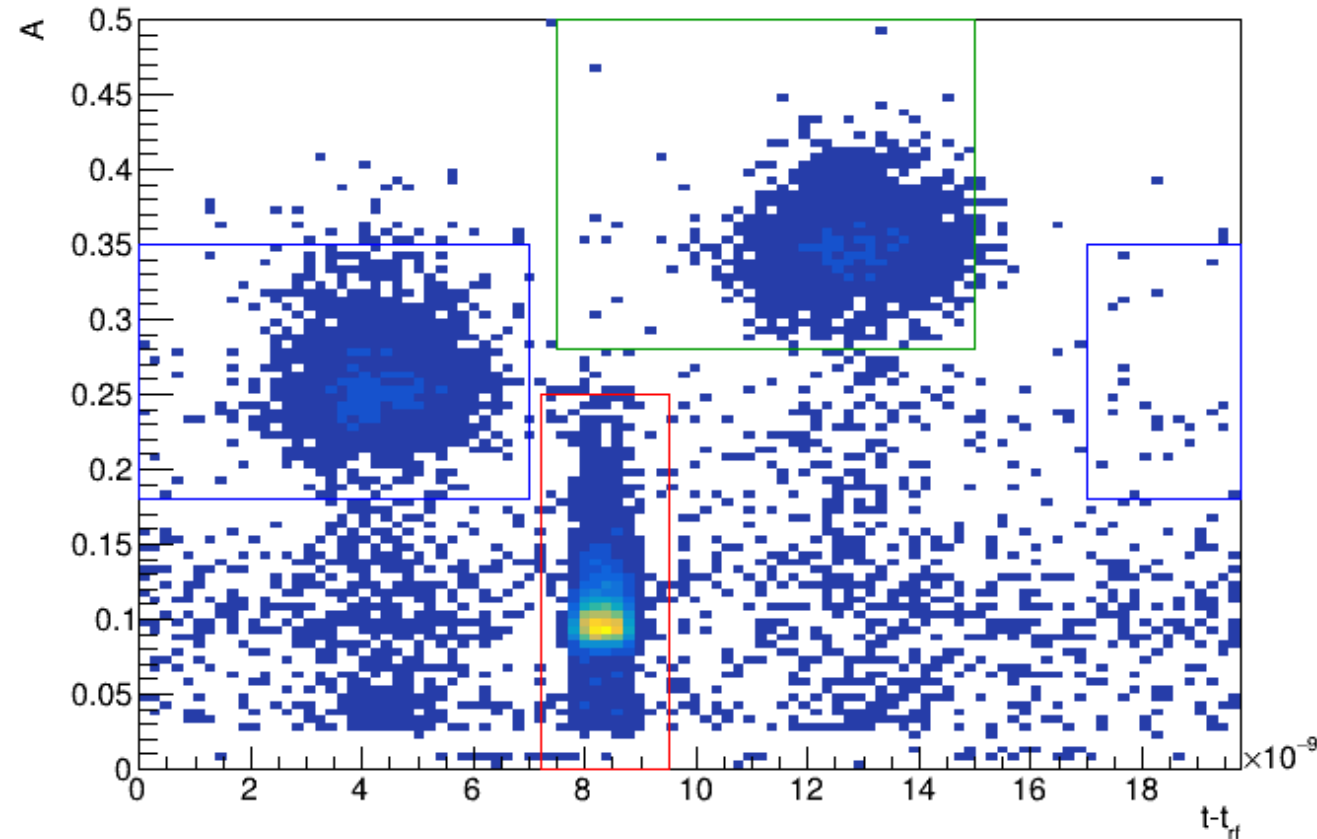
e: 25.0%
 μ : 32.1%
 π : 42.9%



Patrick
Josh

Dispersion at Target Location?

../processed/run307/data/subrun0/WD038_8.root 38_12

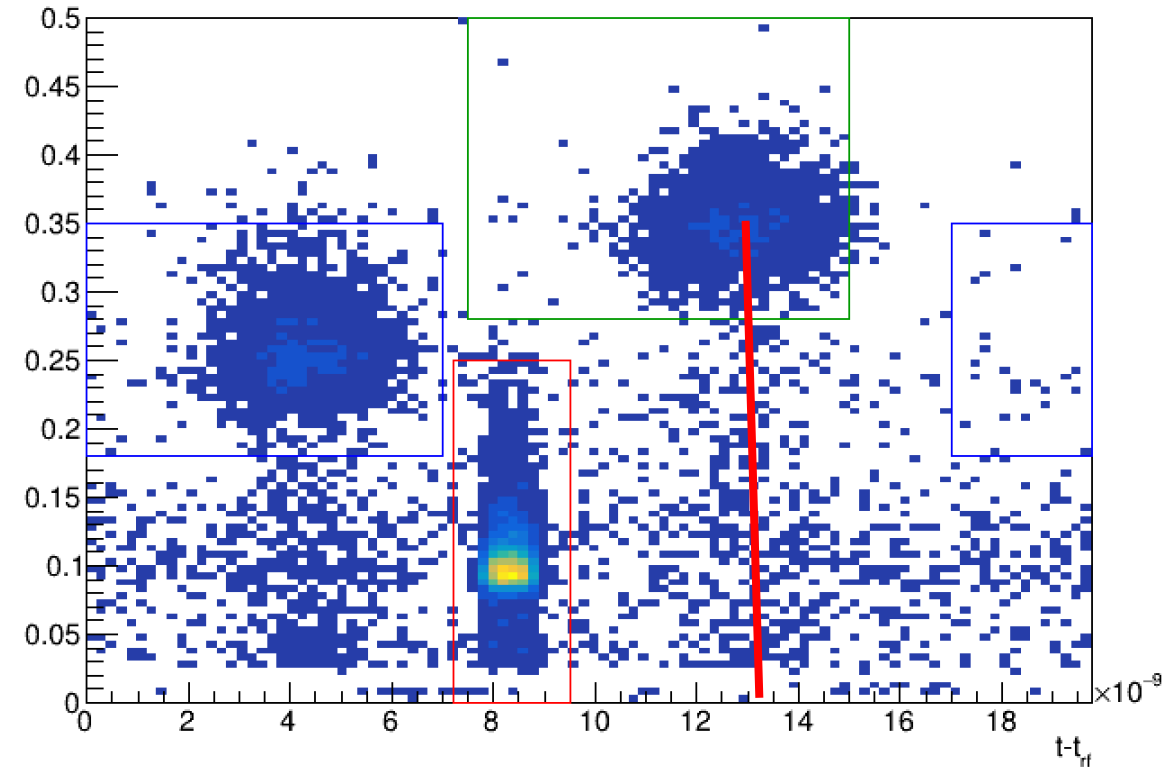
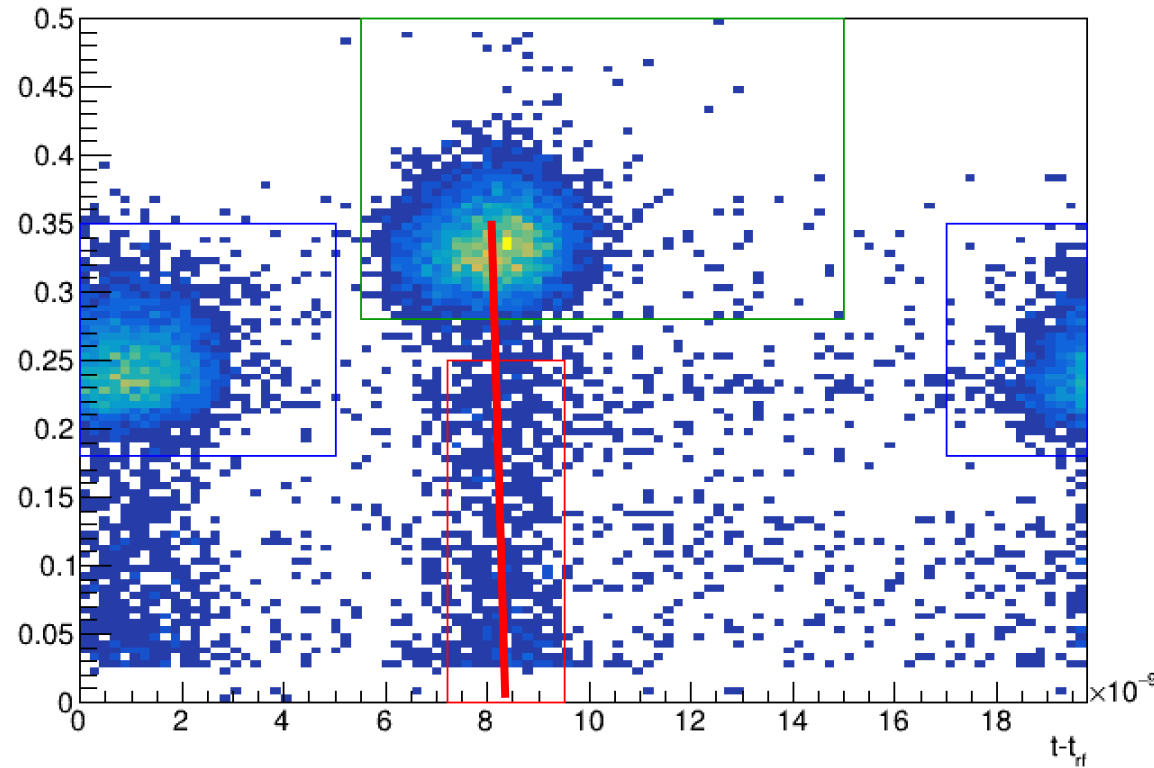


Patrick

TOF changes when when detector moves 5 cm to the left

$X=X(P)$, significant dispersion D at target location, deteriorates focus.

Dispersion at Target Location?



$$\frac{dTOF}{dx} \approx 0.9 \text{ ns/cm}$$

D~1 cm/%
similar to dispersive section??

Other Results

- Momentum slits inconsistent with simple TRANSPORT model
- Beam meandering in upstream channel
- Quad scan to measure phase space at target
 - indirect, not yet analyzed
 - next time direct measurement with wire chambers?
 - important for beam optimization and extension

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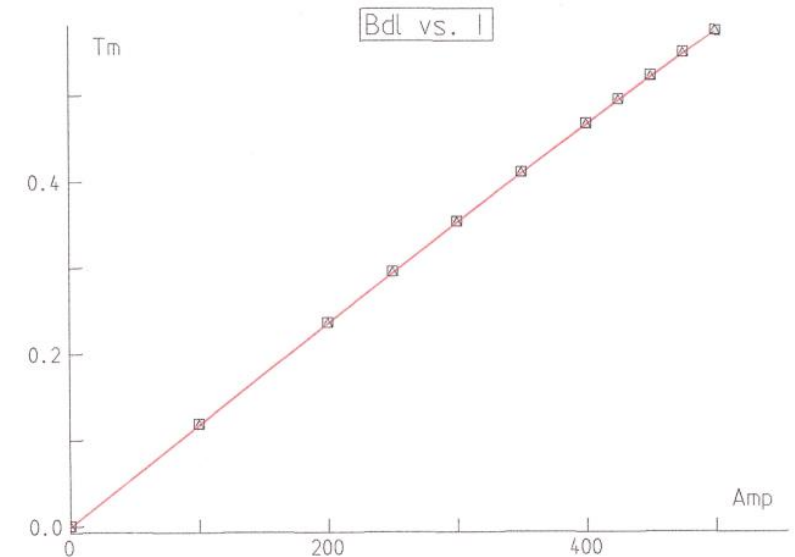
Magnet Calibration

- Magnet calibration from PSI sources (P-R Kettle and old manuals)

$$B = a_0 + a_1 I + a_2 I^2 + a_3 I^3$$

magnet	a0	a1	a2	B/P
QSF	0.00	9.052		G
piE3 manual	0.84	9.189	-0.00374	G
HSC	0.28	9.158		G
piE3 manual	1.15	9.227	0.00000	G
QSB	17.59	17.588		G
piE3 manual	0.00	17.066	0.00941	G
QSK	18.03	18.026		G
piE3 manual	7.14	18.246	-0.00902	G
AHSW	0.28	0.285	-0.00001	MeV/c
PiE5MagnetGroup	0.04	0.287		MeV/c
AST	2.50	12.727		G
ASC	9.80	15.356		G
SSL	0.20	3.569		G

example AST



- Opera field maps available (?), new maps of shielded magnets impossible
- Unfortunately, when translating Run'22 current files, beam optics does not seem correct ??

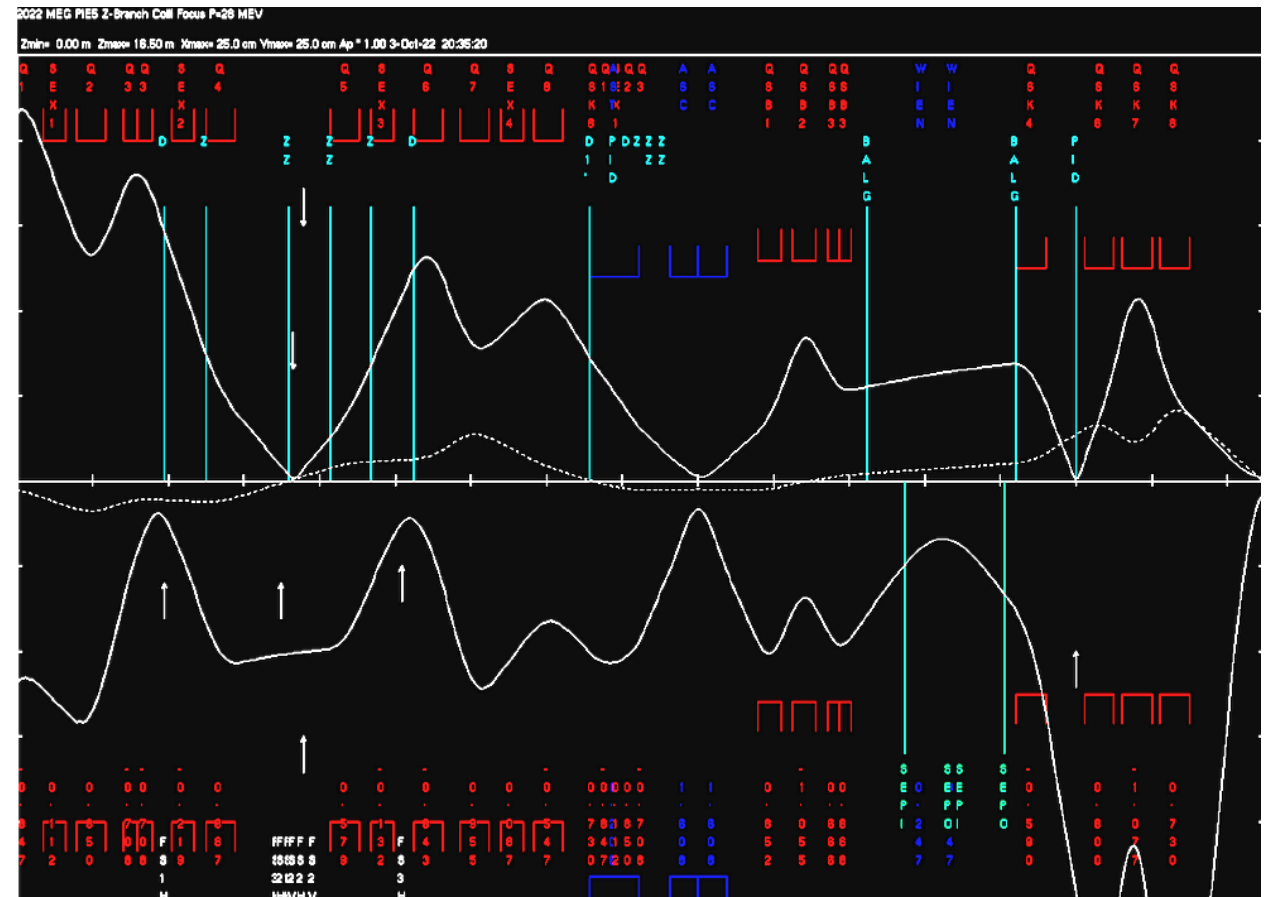
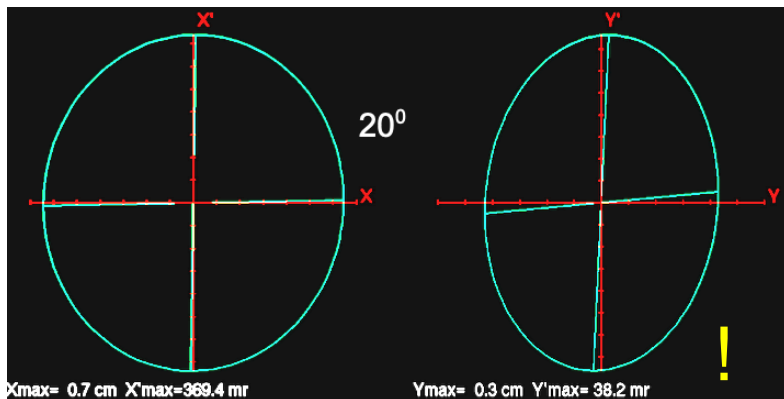
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Extend Beam with Two Vertical Foci

- For particle separation and target focus two separate foci required, so that background is rejected outside of detector
 - 1st focus separates particles after ExB velocity filter and reject μ and e on collimator
 - 2nd focus is a double x/y focus aimed at ATAR

- First attempt with s-t promising
 - large final magnet
 - phase space
 - initial x : 240π cm mr
 - y : 9π cm mr
 - promising final focus



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- **Beam development plan**

Beam Development Plan

- Higher order calculations and corrections (chromatic and large transverse phase space)
 - modern programs: BMAD, COSY, G4BL
- Characterize individual elements
 - including field maps
 - compare transfer matrices in different programs
 - resolve inconsistencies with actual current files used
- Beamline
 - upstream
 - modern pion production and first bend model (HIMB)
(currently historic 2nd order matrix is used in TRANSPORT)
 - systematic measurement program with slits
 - proper higher order sextupol corrections
 - downstream
 - optimize separation and final focus

Beam Development Plan

- Higher order calculations and corrections
 - modern programs: BMAD, COSY, G4BL
- Characterize individual elements
 - including field maps
 - resolve inconsistencies with actual current files used
- Beamline
 - upstream
 - systematic measurement program with slits
 - modern pion production and first bend model
 - proper higher order sextupol corrections
 - downstream
 - focusing and separation
- Explore/explain most striking puzzles

- Major upgrade studies
 - **Two vertical foci**
 - upstream retune for large dispersion
 - dE/dx $\pi/\mu/e$ separation in last bends?

Summary

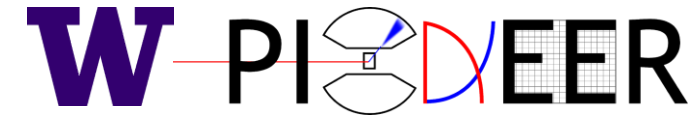
- Overall promising results, but
 - PIONEER requirements are challenging and unique
 - lot of work remains towards realizing the potential
 - often success of ambitious experiment intimately linked to beam quality

- Beam team needs to be strengthened with professional beam physicists from PSI, ...
 - synergy with
 - High Intensity Muon Beam project
 - Cornell center?
 - Muon g-2 as template

- Rate
 - 300k π /s stopped in ATAR ok
- Momentum bite
 - $\Delta p/p < 2\%$ can improve (?)
- Spot size
 - smaller than ATAR Size of 20mm x 20mm that's hard, impact on exp.
- Particle contamination
 - μ/e less than 10% of π can improve (?)

Backup

piE1 beamline



TITEL	LABEL	Z		X		Y		R16		R36	
BEAM	BEAM	0	m	0.5	cm	0.25	cm	0	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		0.638	m	1.67	cm	10.21	cm	0	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QTH1	1.238	m	4.73	cm	11.69	cm	0	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		1.393	m	6.11	cm	9.89	cm	0	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QTH2	1.993	m	8.85	cm	5.71	cm	0	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT	FSH1	2.218	m	8.78	cm	5.03	cm	0	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		2.443	m	8.72	cm	4.35	cm	0	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QTH3	3.043	m	8.54	cm	2.6	cm	0	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		3.693	m	8.35	cm	1.29	cm	0	cm/%	0	cm/%
Z RO		3.693	m	8.35	cm	1.29	cm	0	cm/%	0	cm/%
ROTAT	R11	3.693	m	8.35	cm	1.29	cm	0	cm/%	0	cm/%
BEND	ASZ1	4.389	m	8.22	cm	2.29	cm	-0.17	cm/%	0	cm/%
BEND	ASZ1	5.086	m	6.12	cm	4.32	cm	-0.64	cm/%	0	cm/%
ROTAT	R12	5.086	m	6.12	cm	4.32	cm	-0.64	cm/%	0	cm/%
Z RO		5.086	m	6.12	cm	4.32	cm	-0.64	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		6.132	m	3.27	cm	6.84	cm	-1.64	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QTB1	6.607	m	3.32	cm	6.11	cm	-2.61	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		6.712	m	3.58	cm	5.55	cm	-2.96	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QTB2	7.187	m	4.33	cm	3.74	cm	-4.03	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		7.68	m	4.66	cm	2.6	cm	-4.55	cm/%	0	cm/%
ROTAT		7.68	m	4.66	cm	2.6	cm	-4.55	cm/%	0	cm/%
BEND	ASY1	8.149	m	4.88	cm	1.76	cm	-4.82	cm/%	0	cm/%
BEND	ASY1	8.618	m	4.77	cm	1.57	cm	-4.64	cm/%	0	cm/%
ROTAT		8.618	m	4.77	cm	1.57	cm	-4.64	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		9.071	m	4.57	cm	2.18	cm	-4.25	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QSL1	9.671	m	3.69	cm	3.97	cm	-2.98	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		9.771	m	3.45	cm	4.39	cm	-2.66	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QSL2	10.371	m	3.47	cm	5.27	cm	-1.44	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT	FS53	10.671	m	4.25	cm	4.84	cm	-1.13	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		11.229	m	5.89	cm	4.08	cm	-0.54	cm/%	0	cm/%
Z RO		11.229	m	5.89	cm	4.08	cm	-0.54	cm/%	0	cm/%
ROTAT	R31	11.229	m	5.89	cm	4.08	cm	-0.54	cm/%	0	cm/%
BEND	ASL1	11.832	m	8.44	cm	2.49	cm	-0.14	cm/%	0	cm/%
BEND	ASL1	12.435	m	9.11	cm	1.4	cm	0.01	cm/%	0	cm/%

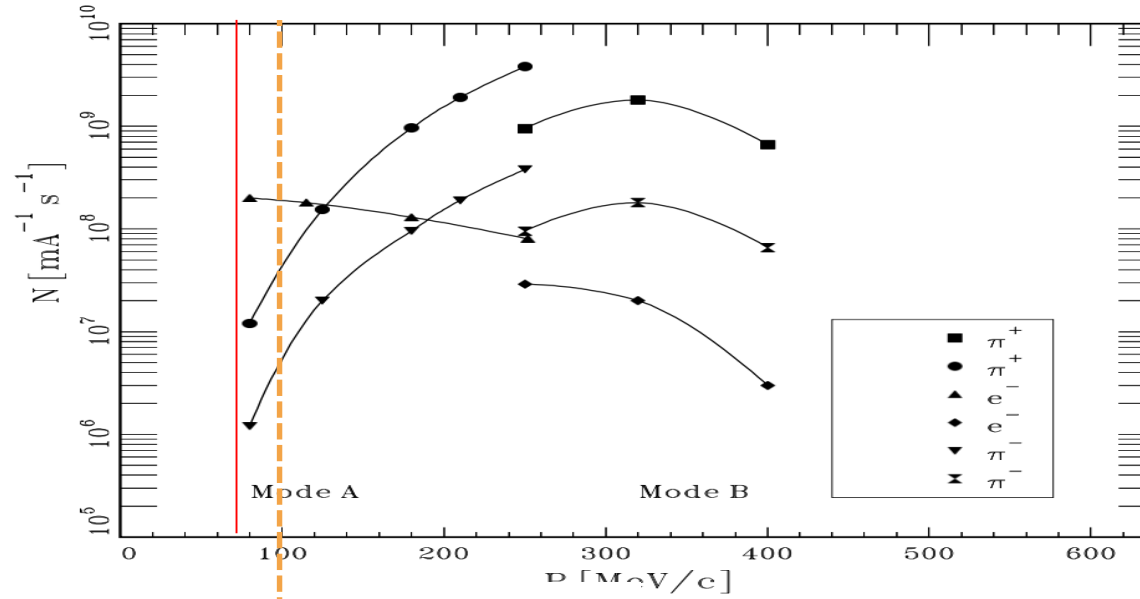
ROTAT	R32	12.435	m	9.11	cm	1.4	cm	0.01	cm/%	0	cm/%
Z RO		12.435	m	9.11	cm	1.4	cm	0.01	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT	VKA3	12.735	m	10.06	cm	1.36	cm	0.02	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		13.55	m	12.64	cm	3.18	cm	0.03	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QSL3	14.15	m	9.31	cm	6.62	cm	0.02	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		14.25	m	7.96	cm	7.55	cm	0.02	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QSL4	14.85	m	3.38	cm	8.11	cm	0.02	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		15.05	m	2.72	cm	6.57	cm	0.02	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT	PID	15.9	m	0.4	cm	0.52	cm	0.03	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT	L1	16.5	m	2.14	cm	4.69	cm	0.03	cm/%	0	cm/%
FRINGE		16.5	m	2.18	cm	4.61	cm	0.03	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QSL5	16.89	m	4.69	cm	5.3	cm	0.05	cm/%	0	cm/%
FRINGE		16.89	m	4.58	cm	5.39	cm	0.05	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		17	m	5.76	cm	4.9	cm	0.06	cm/%	0	cm/%
FRINGE		17	m	5.61	cm	5.07	cm	0.06	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QSL6	17.39	m	5.32	cm	7.09	cm	0.05	cm/%	0	cm/%
FRINGE		17.39	m	5.46	cm	6.82	cm	0.05	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		17.5	m	4.13	cm	8.64	cm	0.04	cm/%	0	cm/%
FRINGE		17.5	m	4.28	cm	8.44	cm	0.04	cm/%	0	cm/%
QUAD	QSL7	17.89	m	1.73	cm	8.78	cm	0.01	cm/%	0	cm/%
FRINGE		17.89	m	1.69	cm	8.99	cm	0.01	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT		18.49	m	0.44	cm	0.27	cm	-0.03	cm/%	0	cm/%
DRIFT	T	18.491	m	0.44	cm	0.27	cm	-0.03	cm/%	0	cm/%

piE1/5 comparison

piE1

dp/p $\pm 1\%$??

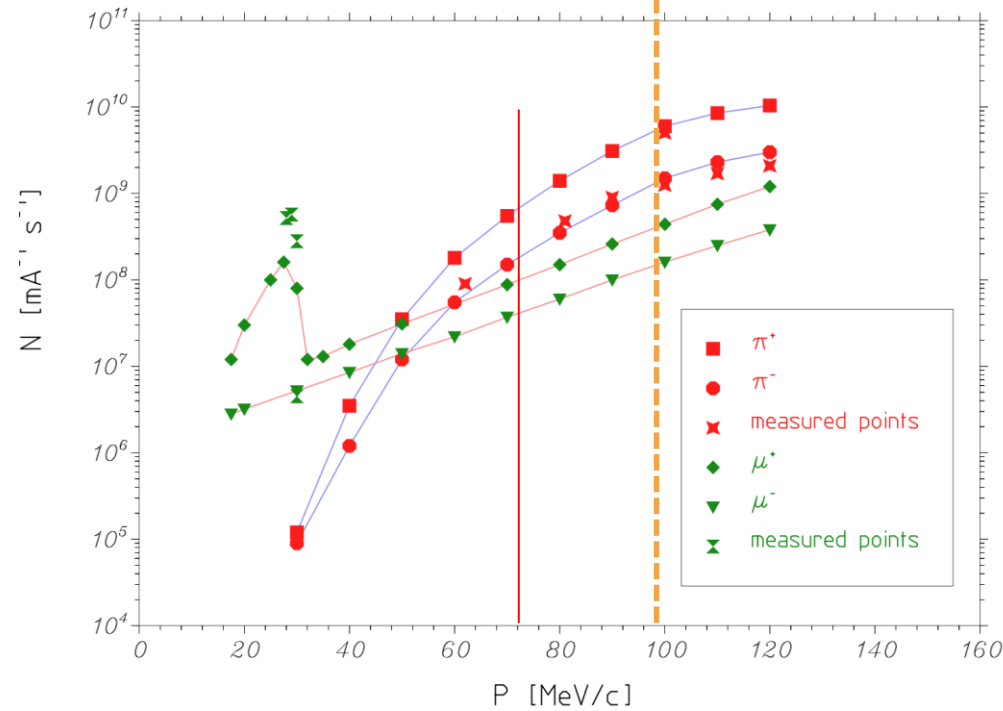
need Dinko's point rate and target



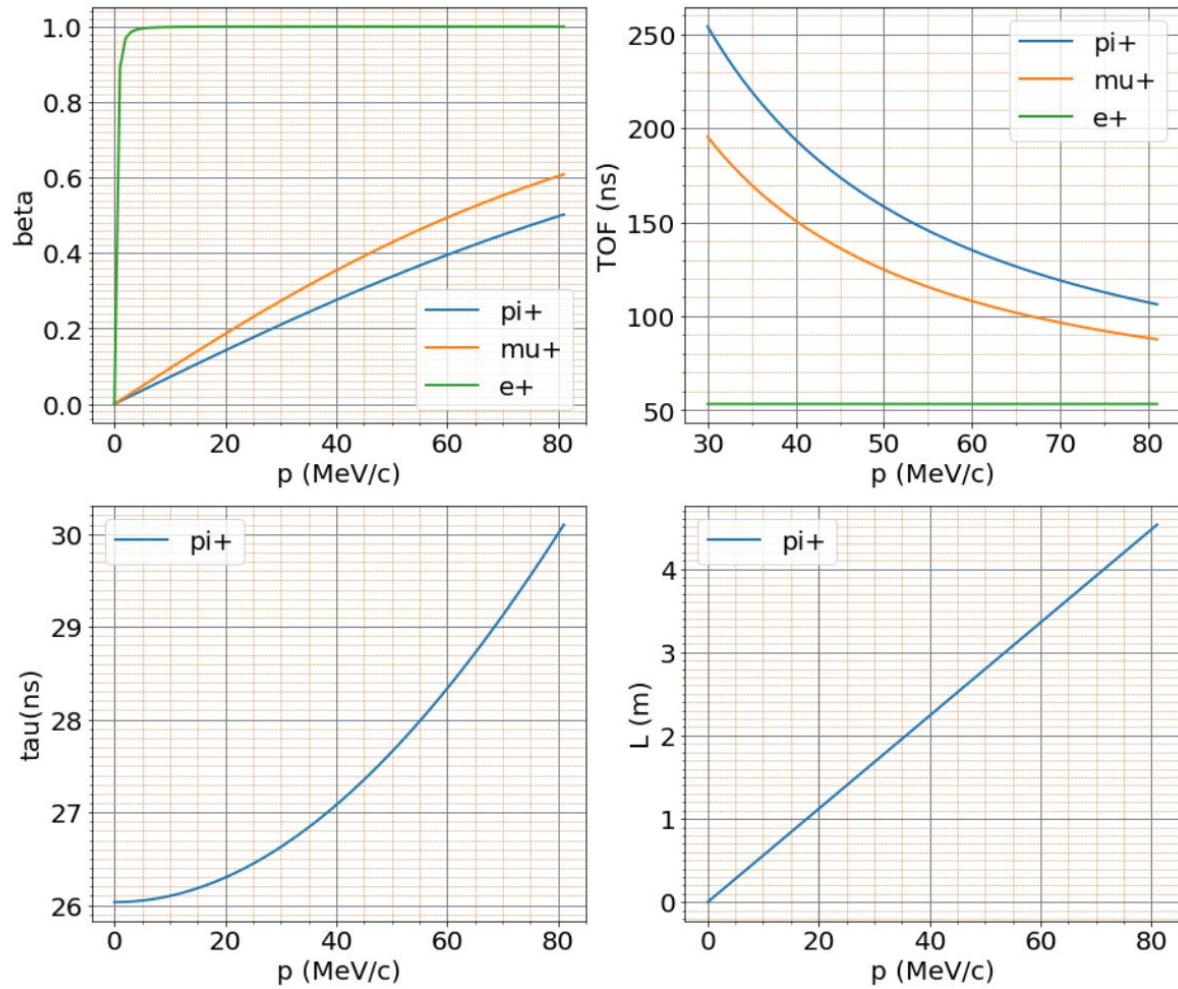
piE5

dp/p ??

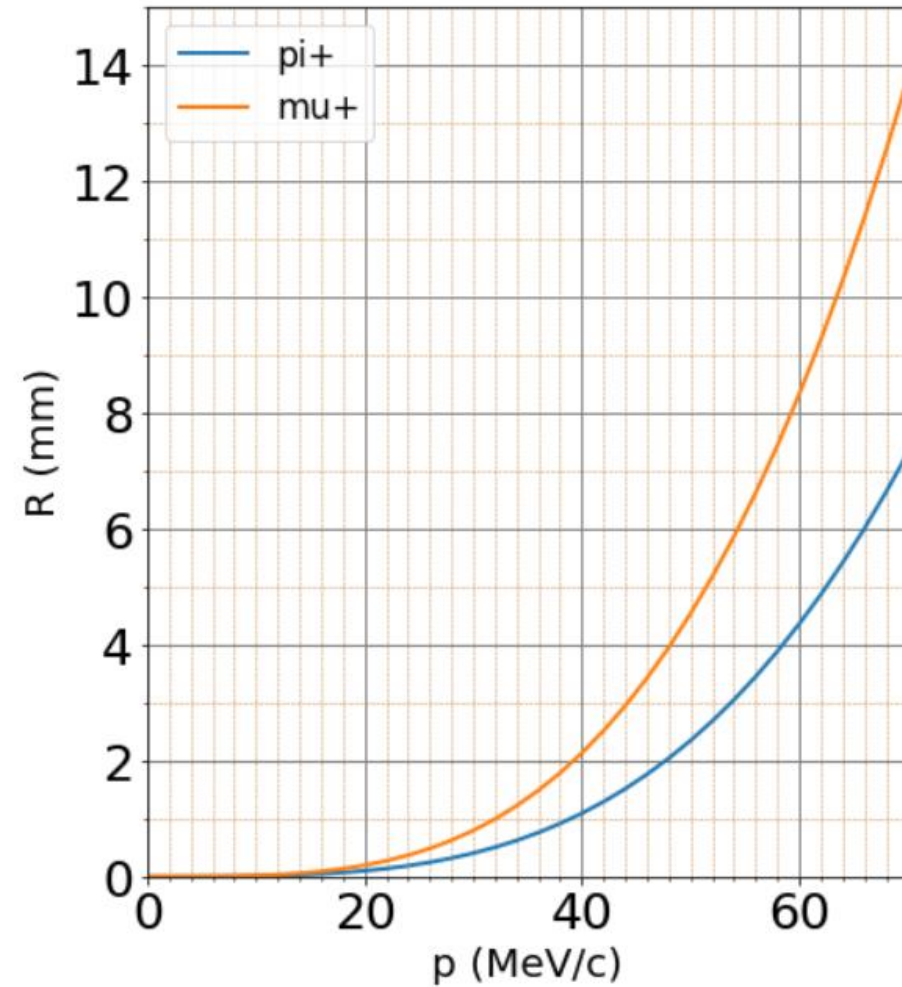
can check with beam test



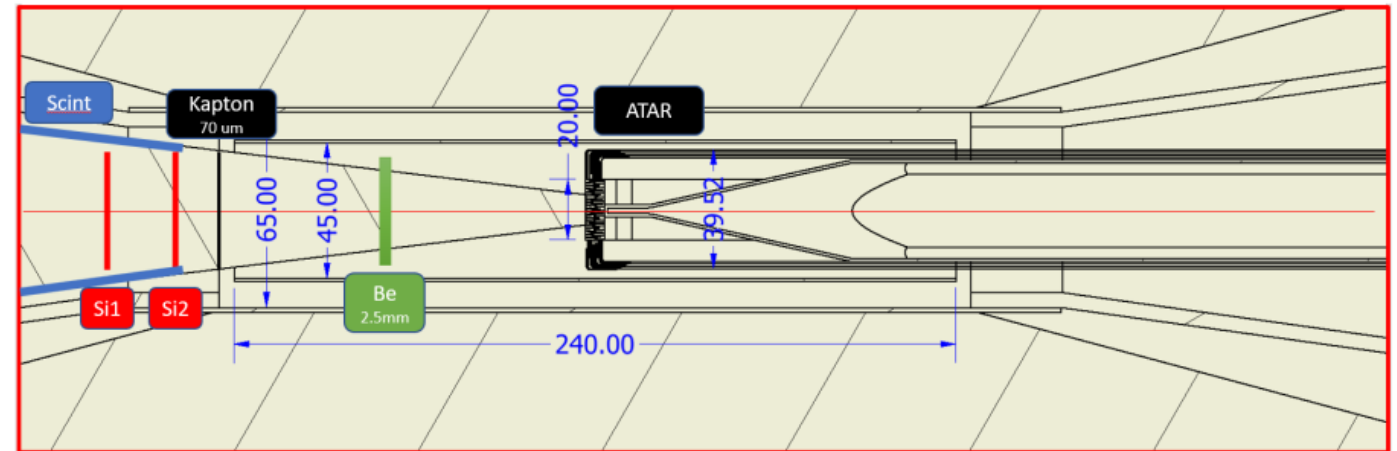
kinematics



range



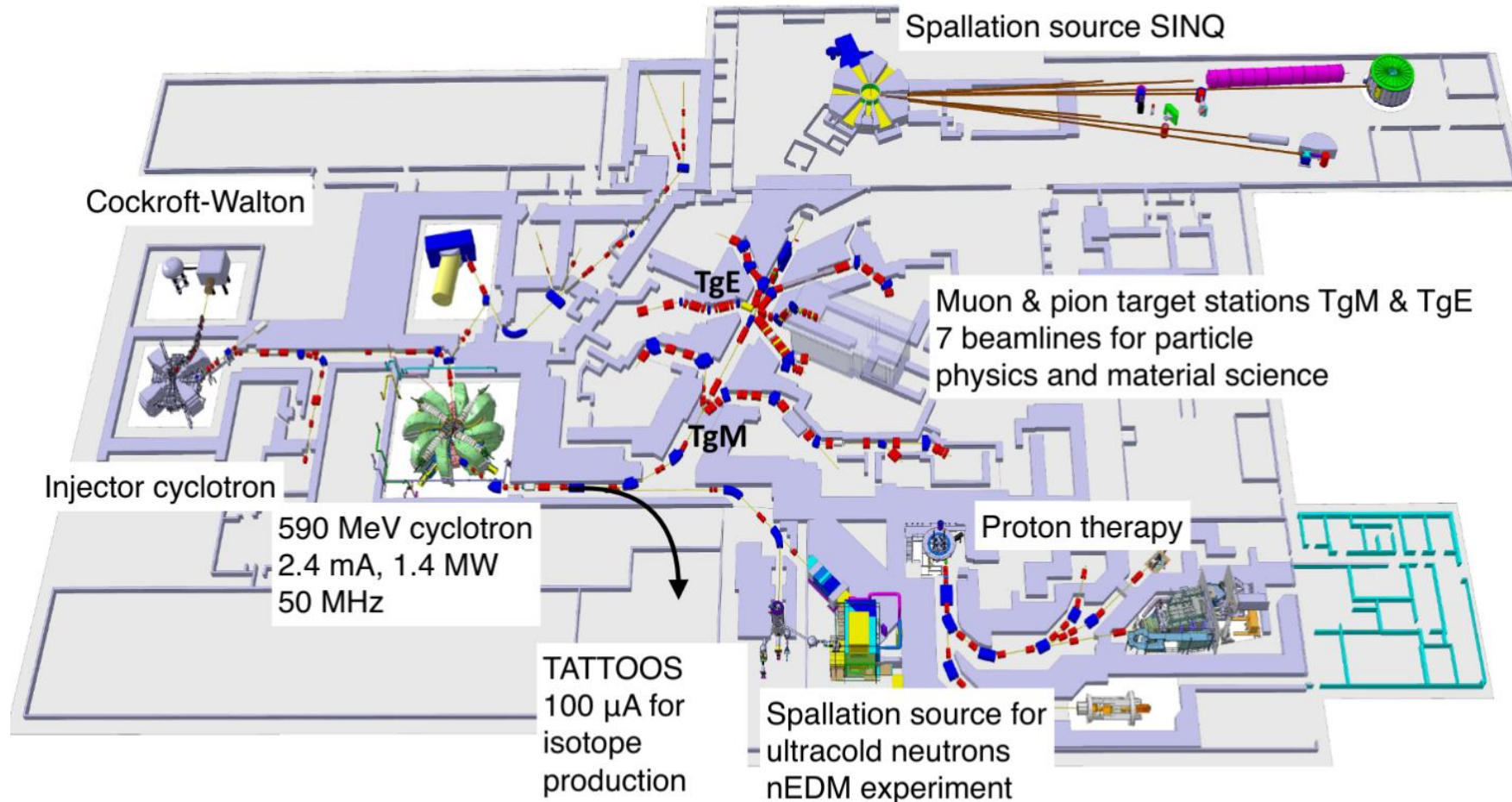
- cone angle $\pm 10^\circ$
- 2 x-y layer 50 μ m LGAD
- Halo veto scint



PSI Proton Accelerator HIPA



A multi-disciplinary research driver



Work provided by Anna, Damian and Co.

- 200mm horizontal motion, sub-mm granularity
- 75mm vertical extent, 31 scintillator pills, 2.5mm granularity (SiMon)
- 20mm x 20mm single-pill detector (Garfunkel)
- Record scalars (fast) and waveforms (slow, optional) at every horizontal step
- Take full 2D profiles at 2.5mm granularity
- Park detectors at static position for rate observations
- Automatic magnet scan: simple (single magnet range), arbitrary (config file)
- Semi-automatic threshold adjustment based on amplitude profile and/or homogeneous illumination (wide beam)

