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Measurement of the Y production in heavy-ion collisions at the top RHIC energy with the STAR detector

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- Physics motivation
- ➢ STAR detector
- \succ Y measurement in Au+Au and isobar $\binom{96}{40}Zr + \binom{96}{40}Zr \otimes \binom{96}{44}Ru + \binom{96}{44}Ru$ collisions
- Comparison with LHC results and theoretical calculations
- ➢ Summary

Physics motivation



- Heavy quarks produced via initial hard scatterings
 Imprint the entire evolution history of QGP
- Quarkonium suppression due to the color-screening effect was proposed as a direct evidence of the QGP formation T. Matsui, H. Satz, Phys. Lett. B178 (1986) 416
- Compared to charmonia, bottomonia are suggested as cleaner probes



- Sizable regeneration
- Negligible regeneration
- Sequential suppression -> "QGP thermometer"
- Cold nuclear matter (CNM)
- Medium-induced energy loss
- Feed-down



 $r_{q\bar{q}} \sim 1/E_{binding} > r_D \sim 1/T$



Alexei Bazavov et al. arXiv:1904.09951(2018)

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Other effects

STAR detector





> TPC

- |η|<1
- Tracking, momentum and energy loss

➤ BEMC

- $|\eta| < 1$
- Trigger on electron with $p_{\rm T} > 3.5 \text{ GeV}$
- Identify high- $p_{\rm T}$ electron

> MTD

- |η|<0.5
- Trigger on muon with $p_{\rm T} > 1.2 \, {\rm GeV}$
- Identify muon

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Signal extraction







- Unbinned maximum-likelihood simultaneous fit to unlike-sign and like-sign mass distributions
- Template of each Υ state simulation with detector effects
- Residual background (dotted line) decorrelated bbar + Drell-Yan background with its shape determined using Pythia 6
- Combinatorial Background (dashed line) exponential function

STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 130 (2023) 112301

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Centrality dependence of R_{AA} in Au+Au collisions





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- ATHIC 2023 -

Centrality dependence of R_{AA} in isobar collisions





- Simlar behavior observed in isobar collisions as in Au+Au collisions
 - Significant suppression in 0-80% isobar collisions
 - More suppression in central consion
 - Hint of sequential suppression pattern

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System size dependence of R_{AA} at 200GeV





STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 130 (2023) 112301

No significant collision species dependence of the suppression at similar $\langle N_{part} \rangle$

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$R_{\rm AA}$ as a function of $p_{\rm T}$





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Comparison with LHC results

 Y(1S) exhibits a similar magnitude of suppression at RHIC and the LHC

 Hint of less suppression for Υ(2S) in peripheral Au+Au collision at RHIC

STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 130 (2023) 112301 CMS, Phys. Lett. B790 (2019) 270–93.





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Comparison with models



> OQS+pNRQCD:

dissociation+regeneration+feed-down JHEP 05 (2021) 136. arXiv 2205.10289 (2022).

> Transport model:

dissociation+regeneration + feed-down + CNM

X. Du et al. Phys. Rev. C 96 (2017) 054901.

- Coupled Boltzmann equations: elastic and inelastic scatterings+correlated regeneration+CNM
- > X. Yao *et al.* JHEP 01 (2021) 046.
- Heidelberg model: gluon-induced dissociation+feed-down.

J. Hoelck et al. Phys.Rev. C 95 (2017) 024905





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Summary



- > Different Y states are measured separately in Au+Au and isobar collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$
 - Consistent with sequential suppression pattern
 - No significant $p_{\rm T}$ dependence is observed
 - No significant species dependence at the same $\langle N_{part} \rangle$: suppression driven by system size
- > $\Upsilon(1S)$ has a similar magnitude of suppression at RHIC as observed in Pb+Pb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV
- > Different model calculations are consistent with data within the uncertainties

Thank you!