

Sub-nucleon geometry and multiparticle cumulants including $c_2\{4\}$ in p+p collisions

Wednesday 26 April 2023 14:40 (25 minutes)

Using the string melting version of a multi-phase transport (AMPT) model without or with the sub-nucleon geometry for the proton to study multiparticle cumulants in p+p collisions at 13 TeV [1]. We have found that both versions of the model can produce $c_2\{4\} < 0$ for high-multiplicity events, which is thought to be the signal of the collective flow. The relation between $c_2\{4\}$ and the parton scattering cross section is non-monotonic, where only a finite range of parton cross sections can lead to negative $c_2\{4\}$ for high-multiplicity p+p events. In addition, the AMPT version with the proton sub-nucleon geometry describes the multiplicity dependence of $c_2\{4\}$ much better than the version without. This demonstrates the importance of incorporating the sub-nucleon geometry and the potential of using multiparticle cumulants to probe the detailed sub-nucleon geometry in studies of small collision systems.

[1] X.L.Zhao, Z.W.Lin, L.Zheng and G.L.Ma, arXiv:2112.01232.

Theory / experiment

Theory

Group or collaboration name

Primary author: ZHAO, Xinli (Fudan University)

Co-authors: LIN, Zi-Wei (East Carolina University); ZHENG, Liang; MA, Guo-Liang (Fudan University)

Presenter: ZHAO, Xinli (Fudan University)

Session Classification: Parallel Session B

Track Classification: QGP in small systems