

Review of strong coupling at FCC-ee

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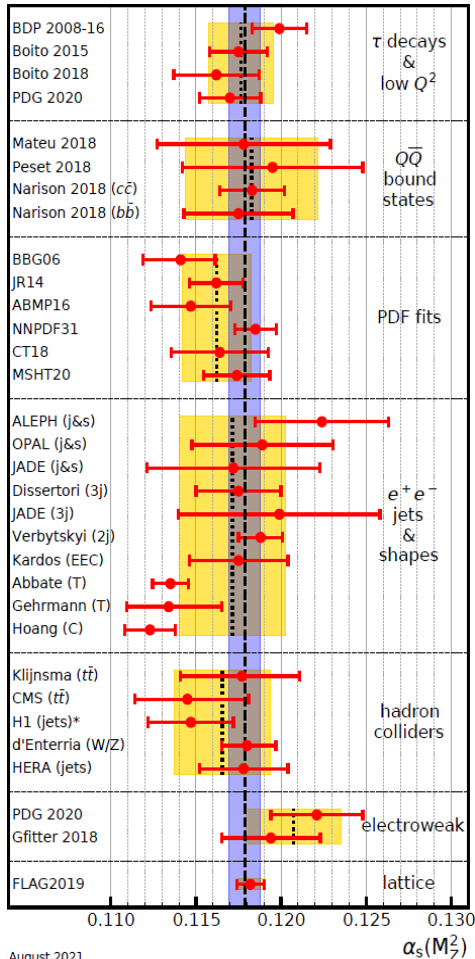
MPI für Physik, München

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1 Overview



August 2021

FCC-ee

Summary from “ α_s (2022) – Precision measurements of the QCD coupling” at ECT* (Trento) 31.01.-04.02.2022

FCC-ee

FCC-eh

FCC-ee impact on most categories

FCC-ee

Expect $3 \cdot 10^{12}$ hadronic Z decays \Rightarrow $6 \cdot 10^{11}$ $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, 10^{11} τ pairs, ...

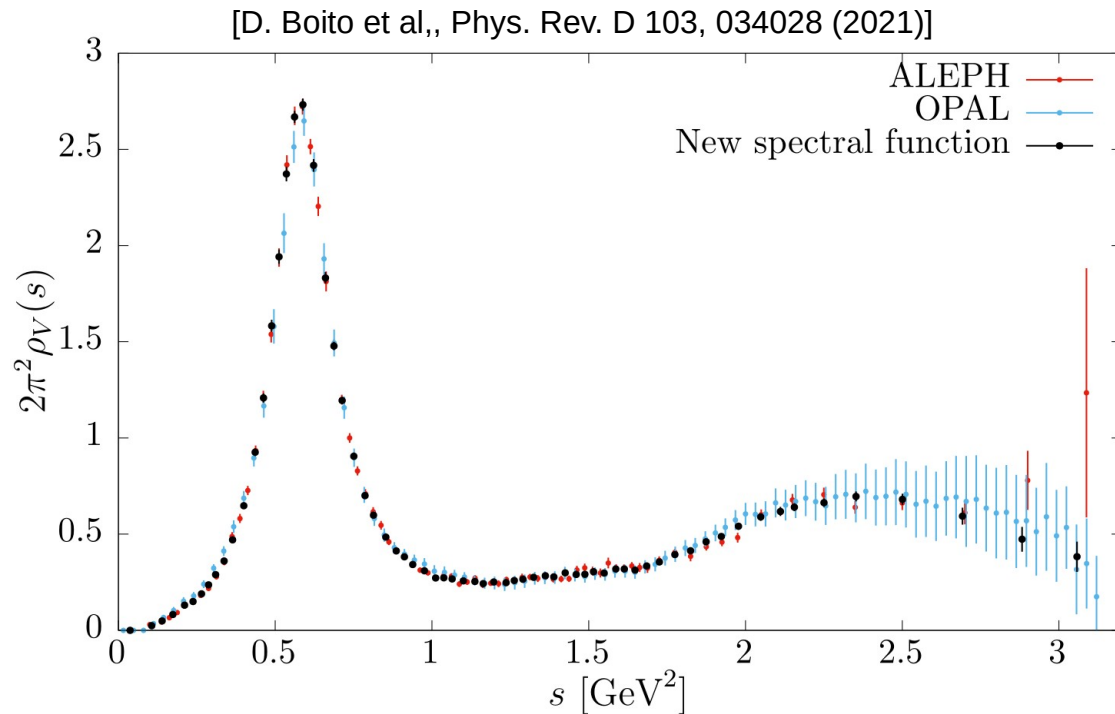
FCC-hh

FCC-ee

$5 \cdot 10^8$ W decays

2 Inclusive: τ decays

Moments of vector (even π s) and axial-vector (odd π s) “spectral functions” with N3LO QCD + np terms $\Rightarrow \alpha_s(m_\tau) \Rightarrow \alpha_s(m_Z)$

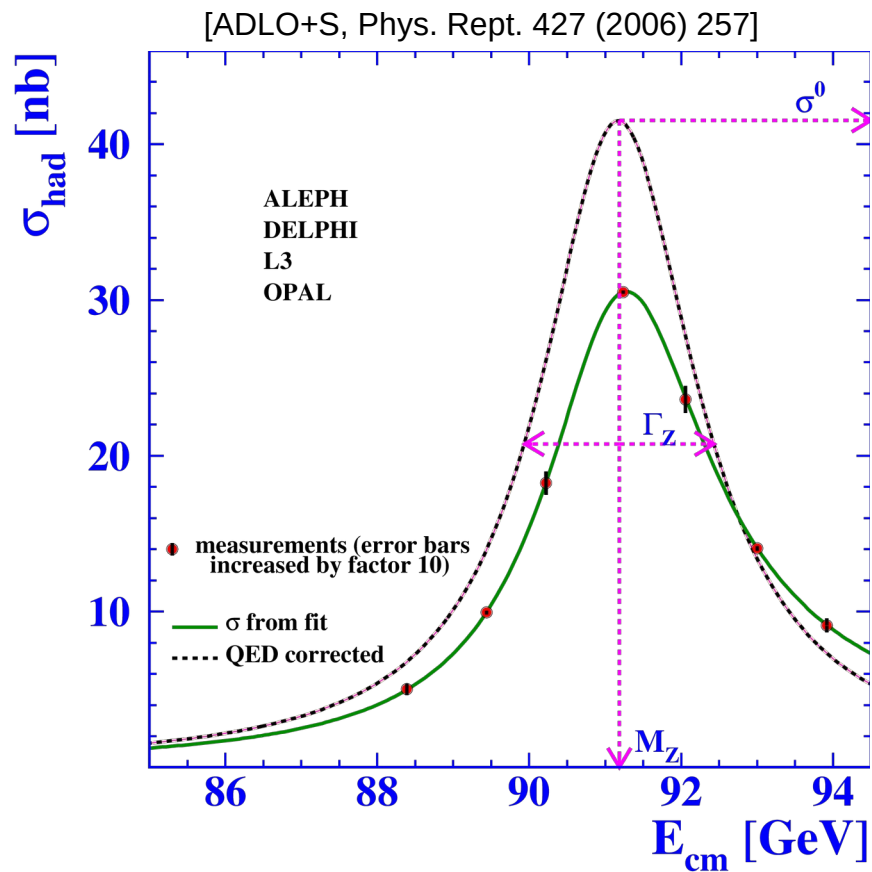


Improved spectral functions:
errors at large s , rare and
strange τ decays \Rightarrow better
analysis of np effects

[M. A. Benitez-Rathgeb et al., arxiv: 2203.08271]

Theory improvements:
FOPT vs CIPT understanding,
N4LO calculation \Rightarrow
 $\Delta\alpha_s(m_Z) < 1\%$ feasible

2 Inclusive: Z and W decays



SM prediction: $R_I^{Z,W} = \Gamma_{had}/\Gamma_{lep} = R_{EW}(1 + \sum a_i(\alpha_s(Q)/\pi)^i + \delta_{EW} + \delta_{mix} + \delta_{np})$

N3LO QCD, 2-loop EW corrections

$\Gamma_{had}, \Gamma_{lep}, \dots$ (EWPO) from mod.ind. fits

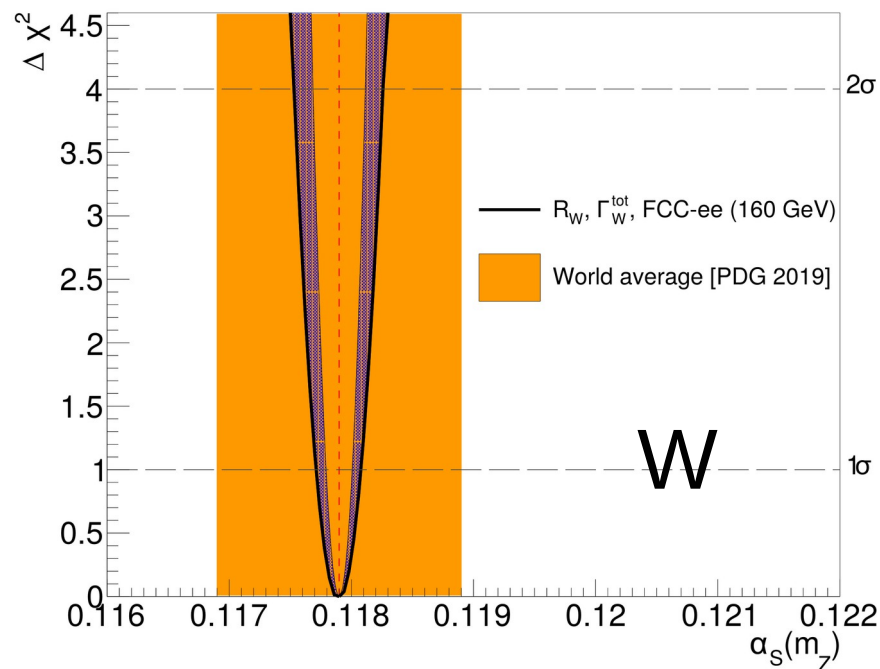
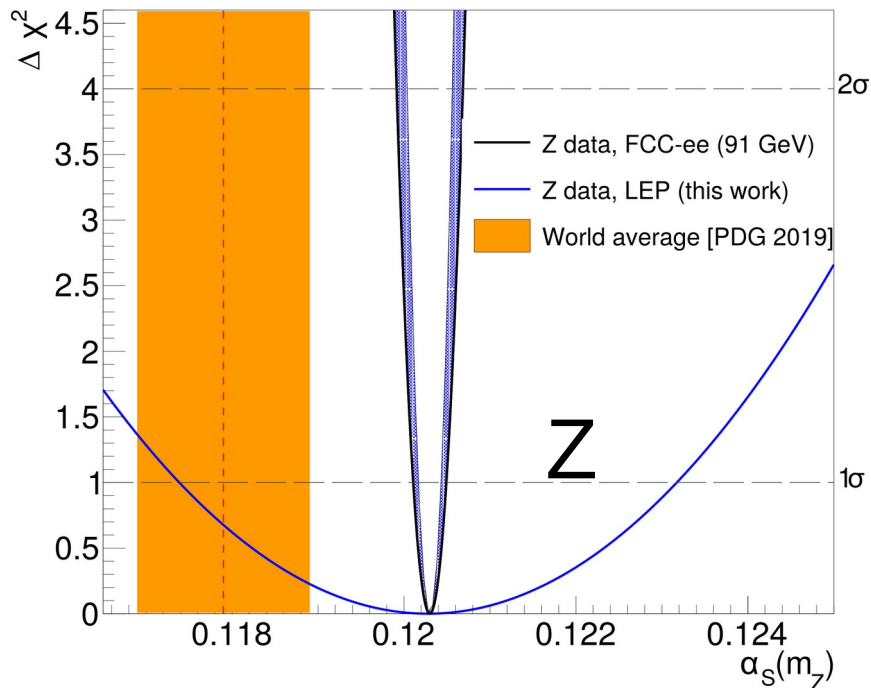
LEP:

Z: $\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.120 \pm 0.003_{exp} \pm 0.001_{theo}$

W: $\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.107 \pm 0.035_{exp} \pm 0.002_{theo}$

[D. d'Enterria, arxiv: 2203.08271]

2 Inclusive: Z and W decays



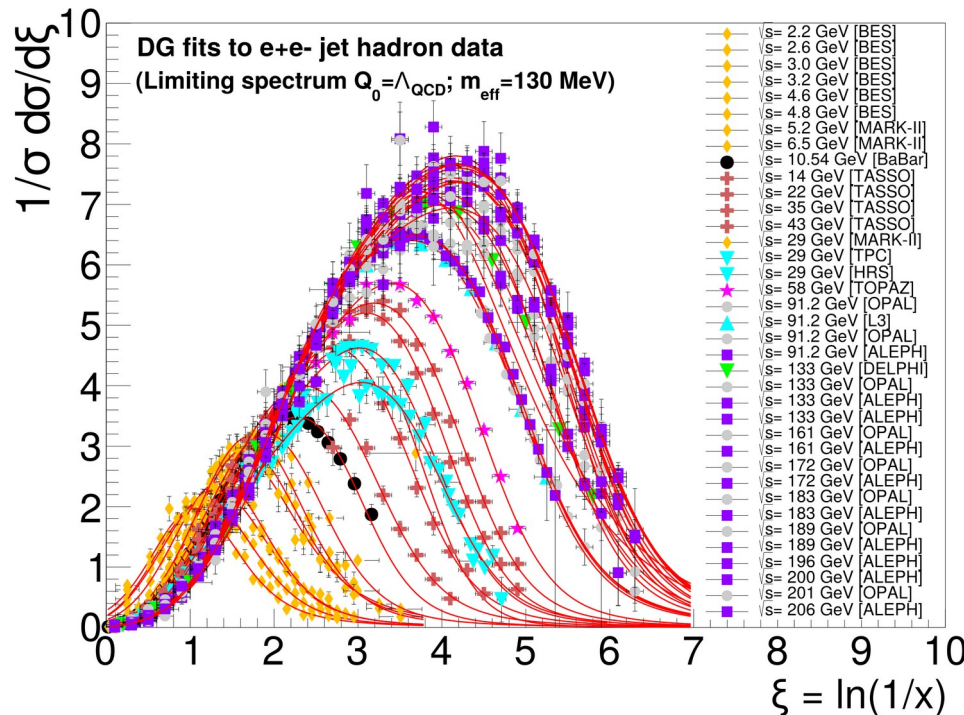
FCC-ee: improved α_{QED} , $|V_{cs}|$, $|V_{cd}|$, m_W ; assume N4LO QCD

Z: $\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.12020 \pm 0.00013_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.00005_{\text{par}} \pm 0.00022_{\text{theo}}$

W: $\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.11790 \pm 0.00012_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.00004_{\text{par}} \pm 0.00019_{\text{theo}}$

[D. d'Enterria, arxiv: 2203.08271]

3 Semi-inclusive: Soft FFs



Charged hadrons momentum spectra $x = 2E_h/\sqrt{s}$

FF: $D_{a,h}(z, Q)$, $z = p_h/p_a$, $Q = \sqrt{s}$

Distorted Gaussian model:

$D \approx C(\alpha_s(t)) \exp(\int^t \gamma(\alpha_s(t')) dt')$

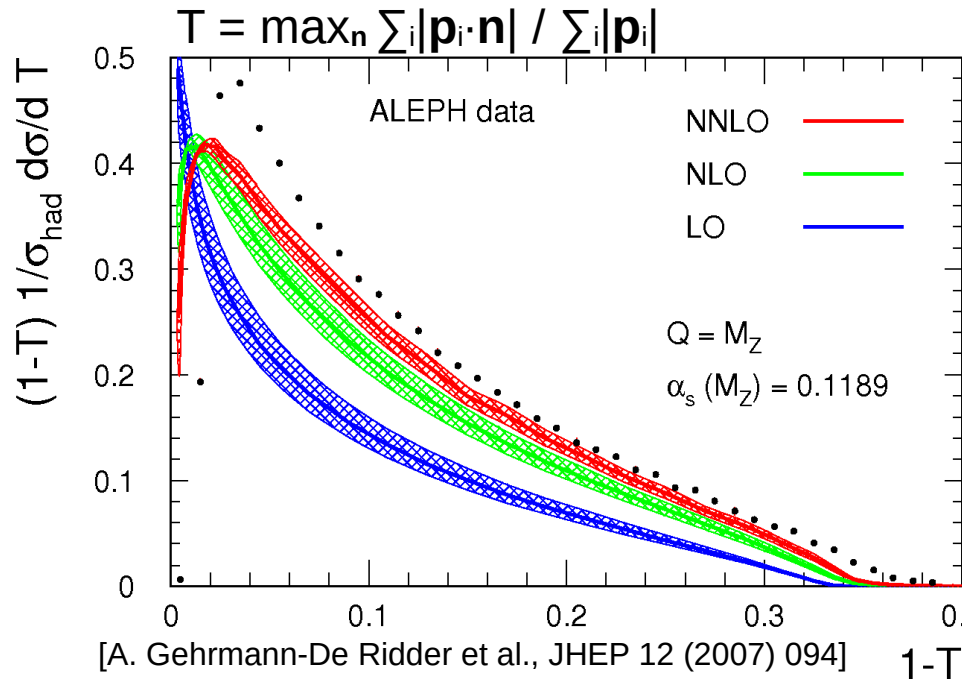
$t = \ln(Q)$, NNLO*+NNLL evolution of $\gamma(\alpha_s(t'))$

$\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.121 \pm 0.001_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.002_{\text{theo}}$

FCC-ee: $\Delta\alpha_{S,\text{exp}} < 0.1\%$, full NNLO+NNLL $\Rightarrow \Delta\alpha_{S,\text{theo}} \leq 0.001?$

[R. Perez-Ramos, D. d'Enterria, arxiv: 2203.08271]

4 Exclusive: jets and event shapes



$$\begin{aligned}
 1/\sigma d\sigma/dy &= dA/dy \alpha_s(Q) + \\
 & dC/dy \alpha_s(Q)^2 + dC/dy \alpha_s(Q)^3 + \text{h.o.} \\
 & + \text{scale} + \text{“}\sigma_{0 \rightarrow \text{tot}}\text{”}
 \end{aligned}$$

NNLO QCD (+resum.) needs
 np (hadronisation) corr. $\sim 1/Q$

MC-based vs analytic models

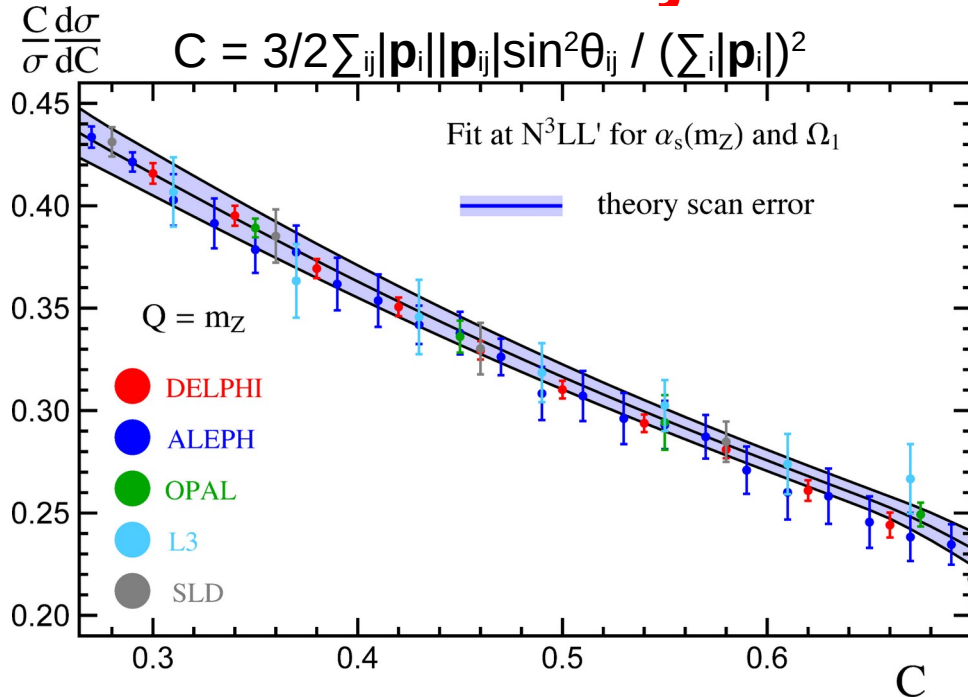
Same structure for other event
 shapes and for jet production
 rates

Typical differences MC vs analytic

$$\Delta\alpha_s(m_Z)_{\text{np-model}} = O(1\%)$$

[e.g. A. Hoang et al., Phys. Rev. D91 (2015) 9]

4 Exclusive: jets and event shapes



Hadronisation unc. within Fitted SCET based model

Significant deviations from world average

$$\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.1179 \pm 0.0009$$

[A. Hoang et al., Phys. Rev. D91 (2015) 9]

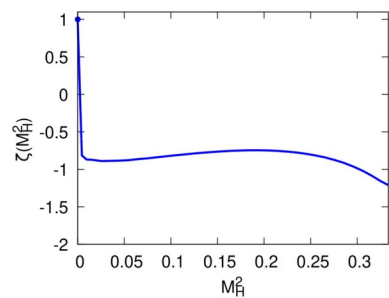
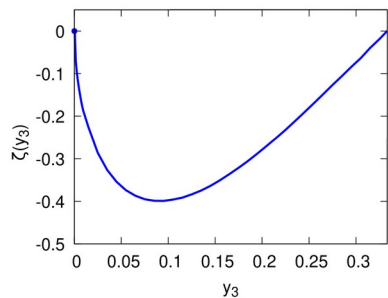
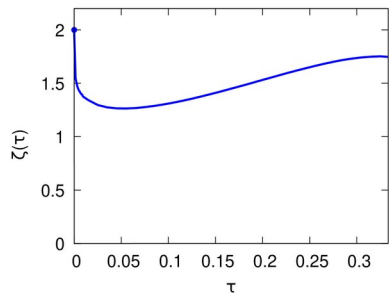
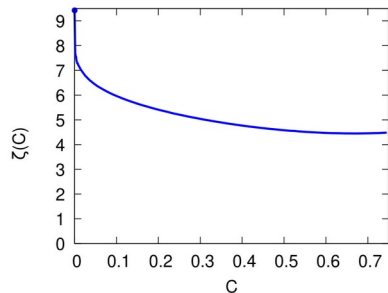
NNLO + N3LL' (SCET), LEP/SLD/PETRA/TRISTAN data:

$$T: \alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.1134 \pm 0.0002_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.0005_{\text{had}} \pm 0.0011_{\text{theo}}$$

$$C: \alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.1123 \pm 0.0002_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.0007_{\text{had}} \pm 0.0014_{\text{theo}}$$

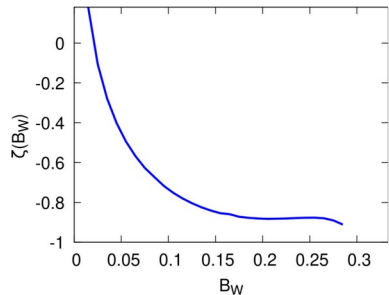
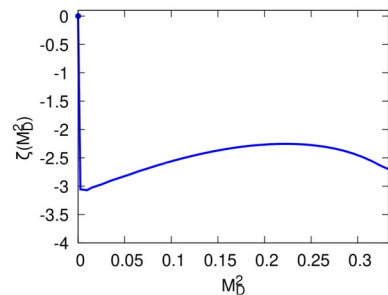
4 Exclusive: jets and event shapes

Linear power corrections in large n_f limit in 3-jet region \Rightarrow constant shift of pert. prediction replaced by observable dependent shift $\zeta(\cdot)$



significant $\Delta\alpha_s(m_Z)$ w.r.t. const. shift

See also: new (groomed) observables, NLO+NLL-PS MCs [S. Marzani, D. Reichelt, S. Schumann, G. Soyez, arxiv: 2203.08271]

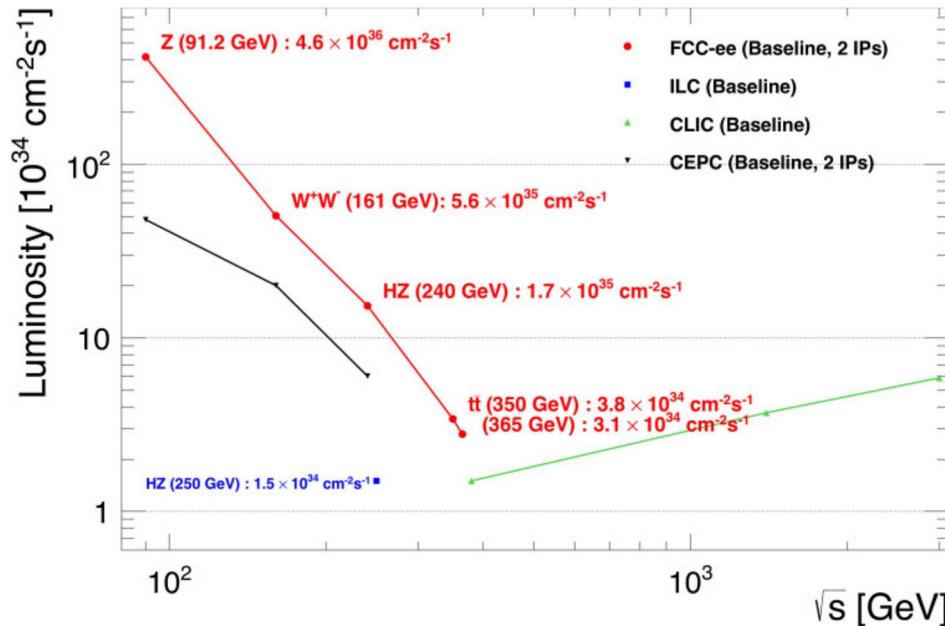


FCC-ee: $\Delta\alpha_{S,\text{exp}} < 0.1\%$, $\Delta\alpha_{S,\text{had}} < 1\%?$,
 $\Delta\alpha_{S,\text{theo}} < 1\%?$, $\Delta\alpha_{S,\text{hadron masses}} \approx 1\%?$

[P. Nason, G. Zanderighi, arxiv:2301.03607]

5 Bonus track: FCC-ee with $\sqrt{s} < m_Z$

Proposal for Snowmass 2021
Collect 10^9 events with FCC-ee
at $\sqrt{s} = 20, 30, 40, \dots$ GeV



[A. Banfi et al., www.snowmass21.org/docs/files/summaries/EF/SNOWMASS21-EF5_EF4_Andrii_Verbytskyi-208.pdf]

Benefactors:

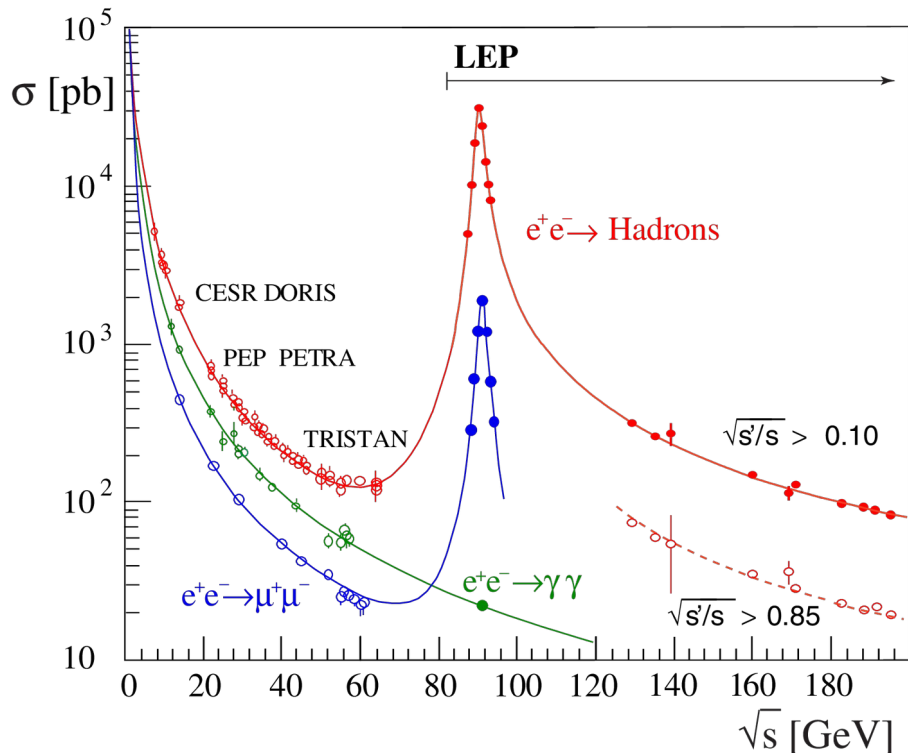
MC tuning and soft QCD \Rightarrow
hadronisation systematics

R_1^Y at high precision

FFs: scaling violation, long., transv.,
asym., soft FFs $\xi = \ln(1/x)$, ...

In-situ calibrations?, EW, etc pp

5 R_1^Y at $\sqrt{s} < m_Z$ with FCC-ee



$$R_{1 \text{ exp}}^Y = \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}) / \sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$$

$$R_{1 \text{ theo}}^Y = 3 \sum_i q_i (1 + \alpha_s/\pi + 1.441(\alpha_s/\pi)^2 + \dots)$$

[A.V. Nesterenko, arxiv: 2203.08271]

$$\Delta R_1^Y / R_1^Y \approx \Delta \alpha_s \Rightarrow \Delta \alpha_{s, \text{stat}} \approx 0.0001 \text{ with}$$

$$\Delta R_1^Y / R_1^Y \approx 10^{-4} \Rightarrow O(10^8) \text{ events}$$

$$\Delta R_1^Z / R_1^Z \approx 4 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ FCC-ee, dominated}$$

by lepton acceptance \Rightarrow similar for R_1^Y

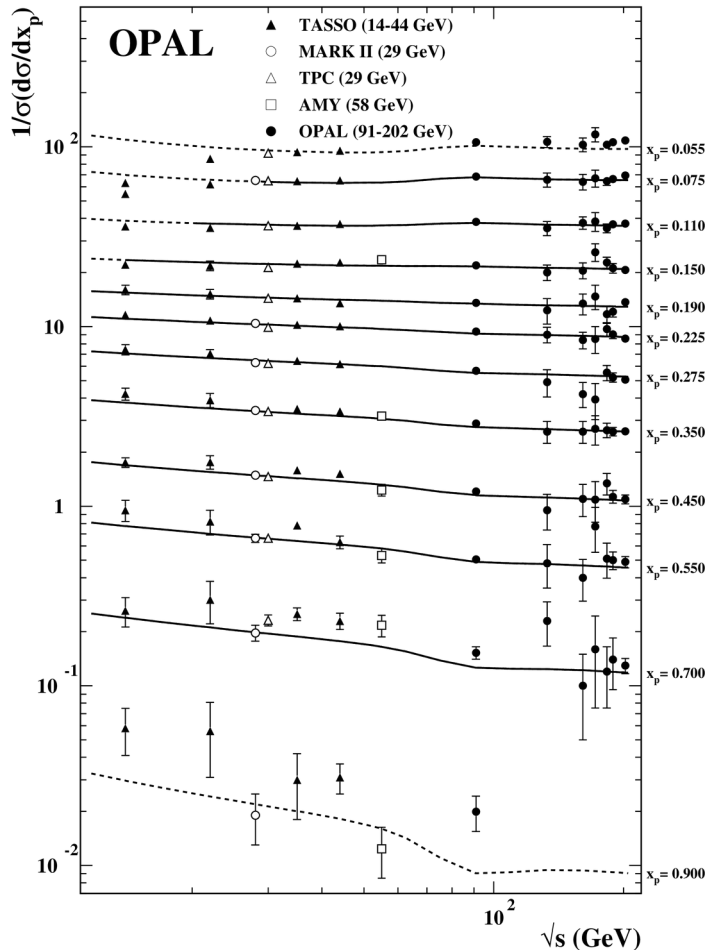
$$\Rightarrow \Delta \alpha_{s, \text{exp}} \approx 0.0001$$

Pure γ couplings, low scale

\Rightarrow less BSM “pollution”

$$\Delta \alpha_{s, \text{theo}} \approx 0.0002 \text{ as for } R_1^{Z,W}$$

5 Scaling violation in hard FFs



Charged hadrons h with scaled momentum $x = 2E_h/\sqrt{s}$ at various $\sqrt{s} = Q$

$$1/\sigma d\sigma/dx = \int_0^1 \sum_f C_f(z, \alpha_s(Q)) D_f(x/z) dz/z$$

LEP (ADO) NLO DGLAP analyses:

$$\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.1192 \pm 0.0056_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.0070_{\text{theo}}$$

FCC-ee statistics and systematics \Rightarrow exp. unc. $\Delta\alpha_{S,\text{exp}} < 1\%$ (or better?)

Today NNLO DGLAP for proton pdfs \Rightarrow theo. unc. $\Delta\alpha_{S,\text{theo}} \approx 0.001?$ (N3LO DGLAP?)

6 Summary

- FCC-ee has great potential for strong coupling
 - From low to high scales
 - Inclusive, semi-inclusive, exclusive processes
- FCC-ee only alternative to Lattice QCD and ep colliders (FCC-eh, LHeC) for $\Delta\alpha_s(m_Z) \approx 0.1\%$
- FCC-ee low energy ($\sqrt{s} < m_Z$) runs promising!

