## Introduction to the LHC DCCT System

**P.Odier** 

### Plan

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# LHC parameters relevant for the beam intensity measurement

Rin	ng circumference	26659			
Re	volution period [	88.9	]		
Revo	lution frequency	11.245			
R	F frequency [MH	400.8			
]	Harmonic numbe	35640			
N	Number of bunche	1 to 2808			
L t	ounch spacing [ns	24.95 to 88925			
Protons	Bunch charge	Probe [q]	2 E9		
		Nominal [q]	1.15 E11		
		Ultimate [q]	1.7 E11		
	Circulating	Probe [µA]	3.6		
	beam current	Nominal [mA]	582		
		Ultimate [mA]	860		
Ions	Bunch charge	Early [q]	5.6 E8		
		Nominal [q]	5.6 E9		
	Circulating	Early [mA]	6.4		
	beam current	Nominal [mA]	0.64		

#### **General layout**



#### Distribution of the acquisition ranges





## Picture (1)



#### General view of DCCTs A et B on beam 1



Installation in SX4 (surface building)

## **Electronics**

#### Simplified schematics



## Acquisition system

#### Acquisition

- 50Hz ADC sampling rate, 8 channels/DCCT
- (4 ranges, temperature probes, etc.)

#### **Real Time Program**

- 10Hz interrupt
- ADC reading, autoranging
- 3 sets of scaling factors (precise, quick, theoretical)
- Status acquisition
- 10Hz and 1 Hz publishing results
- Interlock (Safe Beam Flag) based on Beam intensity and energy
- Logging (TIMBER) very convenient to analyze data afterwards



## **Quick check & calibration**

- Quick check
  - A burst of 4 calibration pulses is systematically generated before each first injection (4E11, 4E12, 4E13 and 4E14 charges; 100ms per pulse; home made current generator)
  - Result evaluated by the CCC-sequencer agent
- Choice between 3 calibration modes, i.e. 3 different sets of scaling factors applied to the acquisitions:
  - Precise (used at the moment)
    - Scaling factors determined after averaging of the acquisition performed during a few minutes with a known current (commercial current generator, accuracy better than 0.1%) applied to the calibration winding
  - Theoretical (used in case...)
  - Quick (used as a check)
    - See above

#### **Uncertainty-Resolution-Accuracy**

#### Expected values based on measurements made in laboratory

calibrator accuracy	0.1%	Expected quality for the precise calibration
ADC #bit:	12	VME ADC used at the moment
noise (rms, 1s int.) [A]	2.0E-06	Conservative value (best case obtained is 1.3E-6)
lb = N *	1.8E-15	Relationship: beam current vs Nb of circulating charges
temp. coef [A/°C]	5.0E-06	Typical temperature dependance (sensor + FEE); equ. to: 2.8E+09 [charges/°C]
HR ADC #bit	24	Future improvement

Range	SF	FS	1 bit equivalent	Noise (rms, 1s	Dominent	Resolution	Accuracy at	Accuracy at variable
				int.)	absolute		stable	temperature
					uncetainty		temperature	
	[charges/V]	[charges]	[charges]	[charges]		(rms, 1s int.)	±(% of reading +	±(% of reading +
						[charges]	charges)	charges +charges/°C)
1	1.00E+14	5.00E+14	2.44E+11	1.1E+09	±1bit	2.44E+11	0.1 + 2.44E11	0.1 + 2.5E11 +2.8E9
2	1.00E+13	5.00E+13	2.44E+10	1.1E+09	±1bit	2.44E+10	0.1 + 2.44E10	0.1 + 2.5E10 +2.8E9
3	1.00E+12	5.00E+12	2.44E+09	1.1E+09	±1bit	2.44E+09	0.1 + 2.44E9	0.1 + 2.5E9 +2.8E9
4	1.00E+11	5.00E+11	2.44E+08	1.1E+09	noise	1.1E+09	0.1 + 1.1E9	0.1 + 1.1E9 +2.8E9
HR	1.00E+14	5.00E+14	5.96E+07	1.1E+09	noise	1.1E+09	0.1 + 1.1E9	0.1 + 1.1E9 +2.8E9

Note: the offset is considered suppressed

### **DCCT** main specifications

DCCT size including the magnetic shielding · Internal diameter · External diameter · Length	114mm 265mm 350mm
Vacuum pipe • External diameter • Distance between beam 1 and beam 2 axes	64mm 192mm
Magnetic core Material Size (box) μi	Nanocrystaline 168mm / 142mm / 23mm >100000
Dynamic range	1µA to 0.9A
Modulation frequency	212Hz
Acquisition sampling rate	50S/s
Noise measured during 1 hour with no beam (rms, 1s int. time)	
min.	1.3µA
typ.	2.1µA
max.	3.0µA

## Results (1)

#### First beam observed (December 2008)



## Results (2)

BCT signals during the first collision @ 3.5 TeV, March 30 2010 12h58 to 16h31

BEAM 1 2E10 charges

BEAM 2



## Results (3)

#### Multi injection (13), total: 5E12 (9mA)



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#### Results (4)

#### Long term noise (December 2010, C.Barschel)

