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# Search for New Physics in CP violation measurements @LHCb

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on behalf of the LHCb Collaboration

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# LHCb Physics



## Main Goal:

Search for New Physics (NP) through precision tests of the Standard Model (SM)

## Idea:

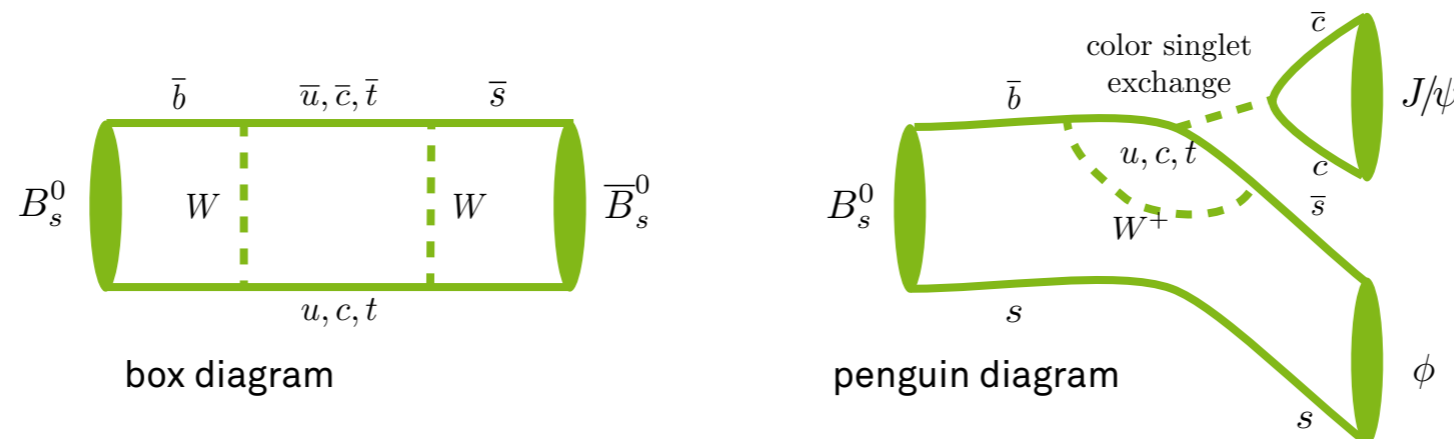
Reveal small deviations from SM predictions with precision measurements

### ► Indirect search for New Physics

- in rare decays (see talk by Francesco Dettori)
- in CP violating processes in the B and D sector (this talk)

### ► Why CP violating processes?

- CP violation from interference of tree and loop mediated processes



- NP particles can alter SM prediction of CP violation by introducing additional phases in loop processes

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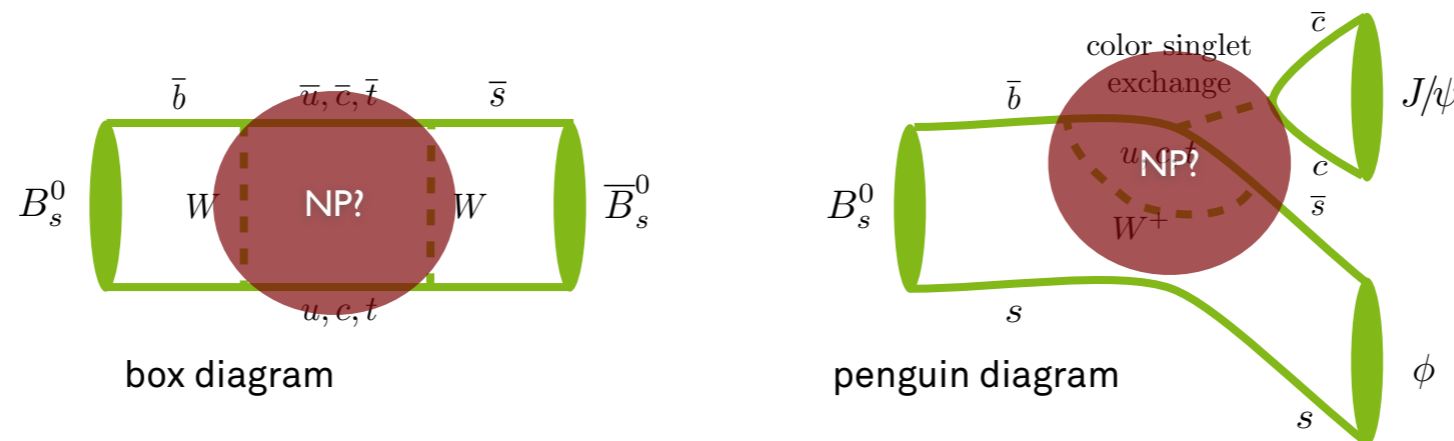
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# Detector Performance

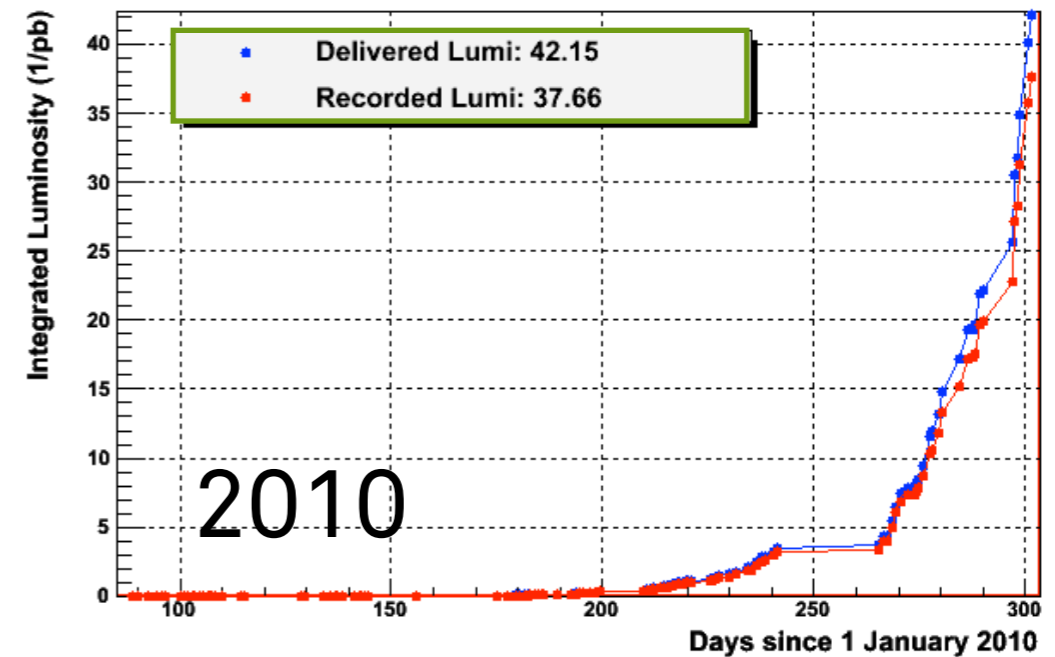
- ▶ Data taking at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV
- ▶ subsystems work fine
- ▶ data taking efficiency  $>85\%$
- ▶ higher pile-up
  - more b hadrons
  - more tracks, more background

- ▶ **2010: collected  $\sim 37 \text{ pb}^{-1}$**
- ▶ expect  $\sim 1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  in 2011

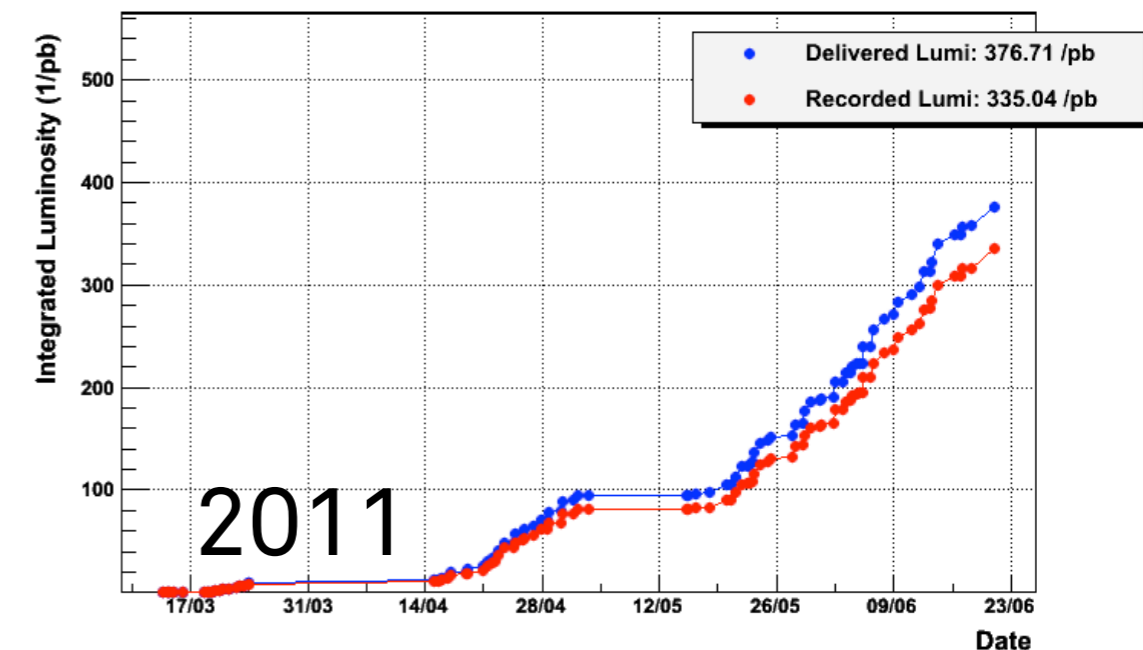
see Talk by  
S. Monteil



LHCb Integrated Lumi over Time at 3.5 TeV 2011-02-16 16:25:28



LHCb Integrated Lumi over Time at 3.5 TeV 2011-06-22 06:04:42



# CP Violation in the SM



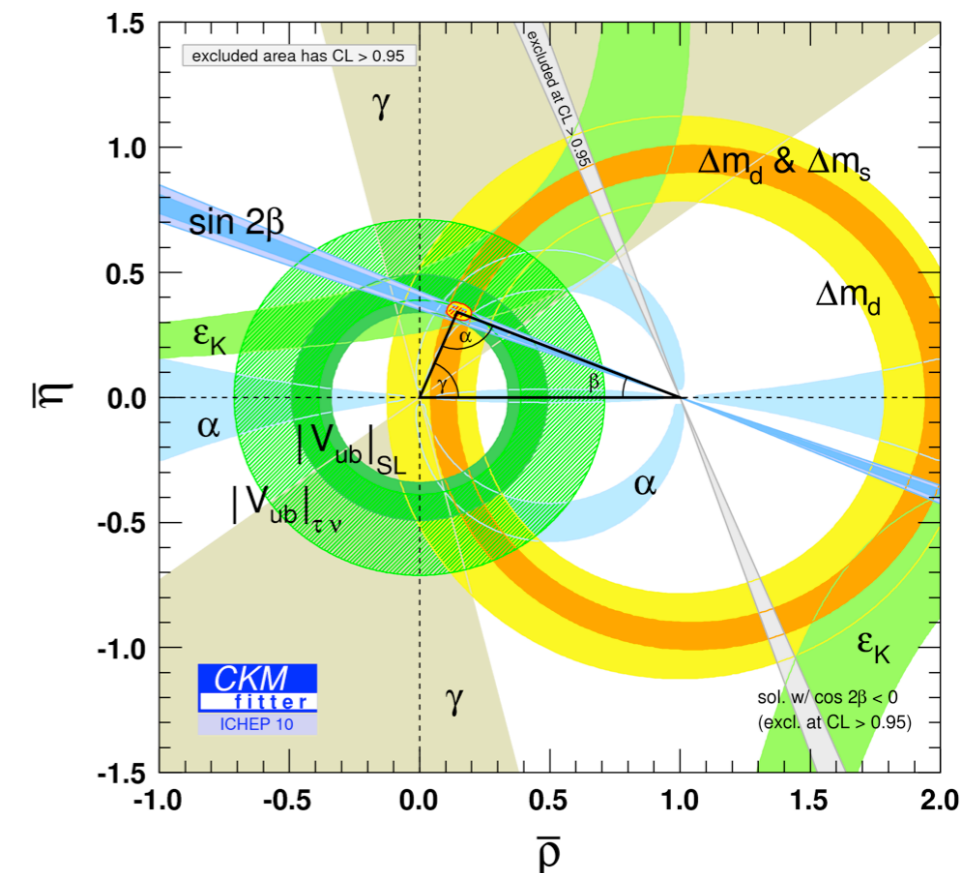
CP violation in the SM is described by the CKM mechanism

- ▶ parameterised by the complex unitary CKM matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} d' \\ s' \\ b' \end{pmatrix} = V_{\text{CKM}} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}.$$

- ▶ construct unitarity triangles

- e.g.  $V_{ud}V_{ub}^* + V_{cd}V_{cb}^* + V_{td}V_{tb}^* = 0$   
 $V_{us}V_{ub}^* + V_{cs}V_{cb}^* + V_{ts}V_{tb}^* = 0$
- connect observables of various processes/decays (over-constrained!)
- inconsistency of measurements  
 $\Rightarrow$  hint for New Physics



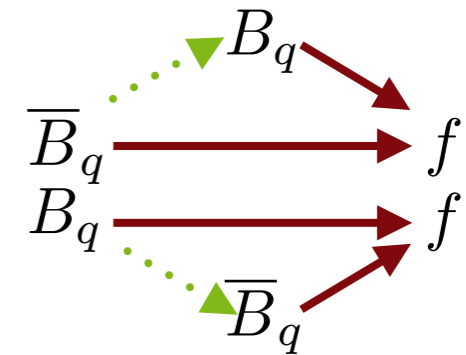
# CP Violation



## ► Types

- direct CPV
- CPV in mixing
- CPV in interference of mixing and decay

- neutral B mesons:  $B_d$  and  $B_s$
- fast oscillation in  $B_s$ , slow oscillation in  $B_d$
- different CKM angles accessible in  $B_s$  and  $B_d$
- time-dependent asymmetry



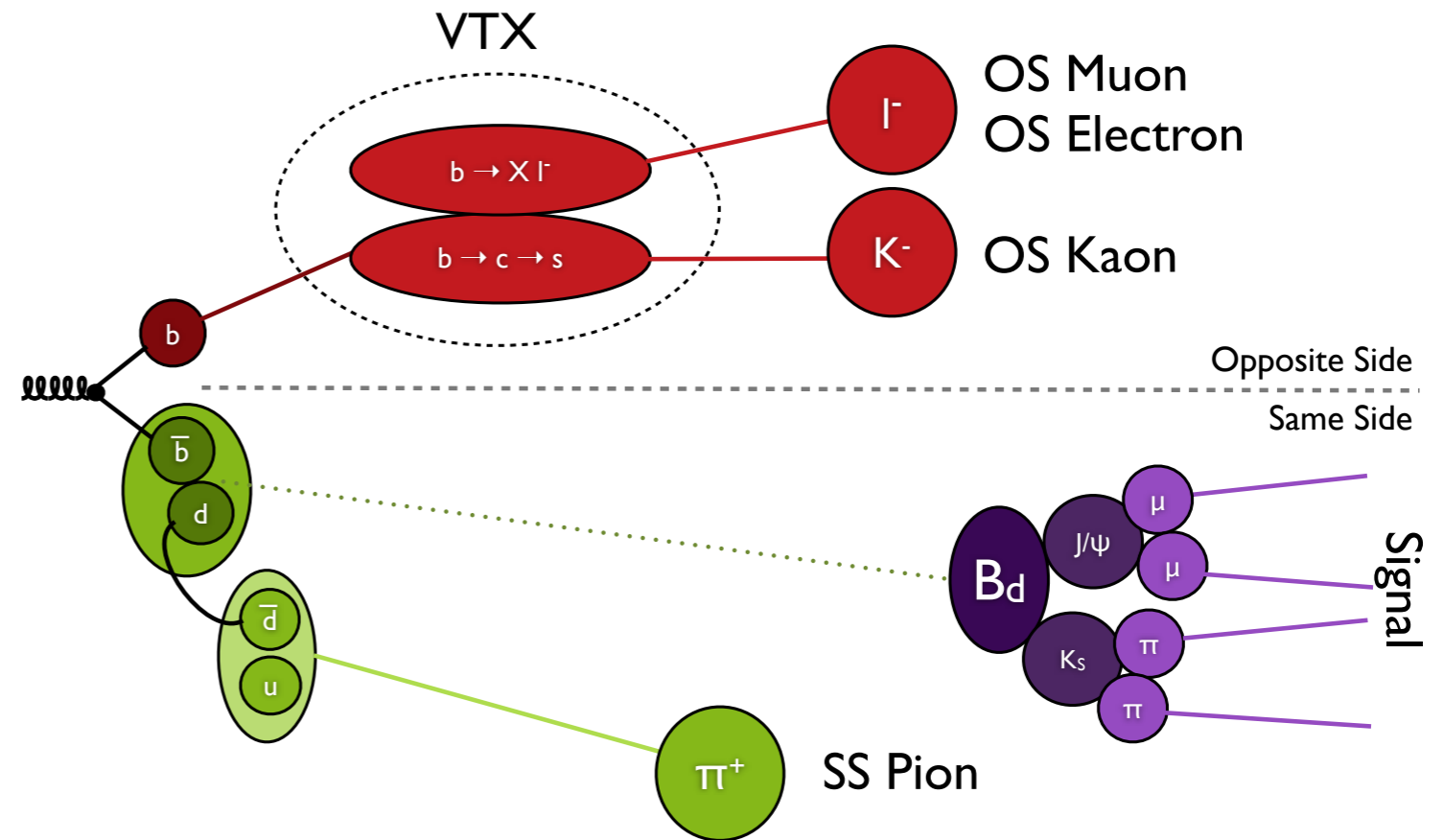
$$\mathcal{A}_{CP}(t) = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B}_q^0(t) \rightarrow f) - \Gamma(B_q^0(t) \rightarrow f)}{\Gamma(\bar{B}_q^0(t) \rightarrow f) + \Gamma(B_q^0(t) \rightarrow f)}$$

- Crucial information: Initial flavour?

# Flavour Tagging



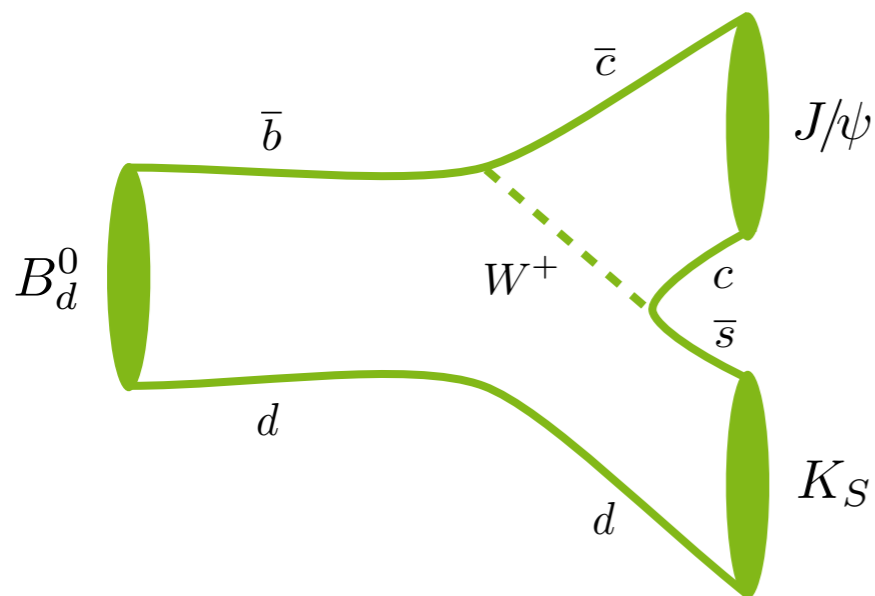
- ▶ infer information on production state (tag) from
  - inclusive reconstruction of “sister” b quark decay (opposite side)
  - search for fragmentation remnants of signal B (same side)
- ▶ per-event estimation of mistag probability
- ▶ need to calibrate flavour taggers on data
- ▶ measure and control mistag probability of tagging algorithms
- ▶ sensitivity of measured asymmetry is directly related to effective tagging efficiency  $\epsilon_{\text{eff}} = \epsilon_{\text{tag}} D^2$



$$\epsilon_{\text{tag}} = \frac{N_R + N_W}{N_R + N_W + N_U} \quad \omega = \frac{N_W}{N_R + N_W}$$

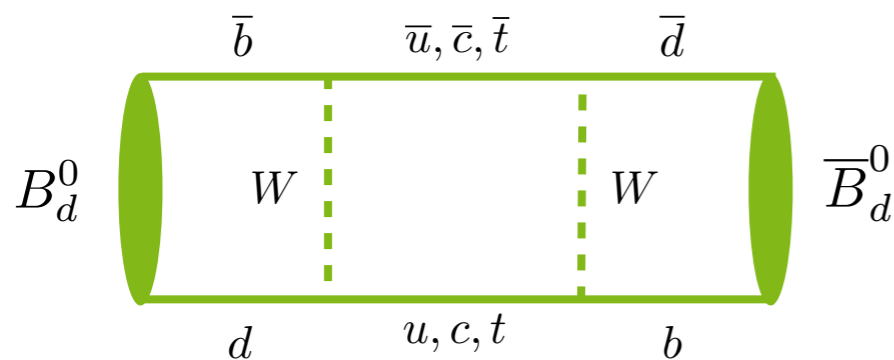
$$\mathcal{A}_{CP}^{\text{meas}}(t) = \underbrace{(1 - 2\omega)}_D \mathcal{A}_{CP}(t)$$

# Mixing and Decay in $B_d \rightarrow J/\psi K_S$



► Time dependent asymmetry

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{A}_{J/\psi K_S^0}(t) &= \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0) - \Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0)}{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0) + \Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0)} \\ &= S_{J/\psi K_S^0} \sin(\Delta m_d t) - C_{J/\psi K_S^0} \cos(\Delta m_d t) \end{aligned}$$



► Assuming  $C_{J/\psi K_S^0} = 0$

$$S_{J/\psi K_S^0} = \sin 2\beta$$



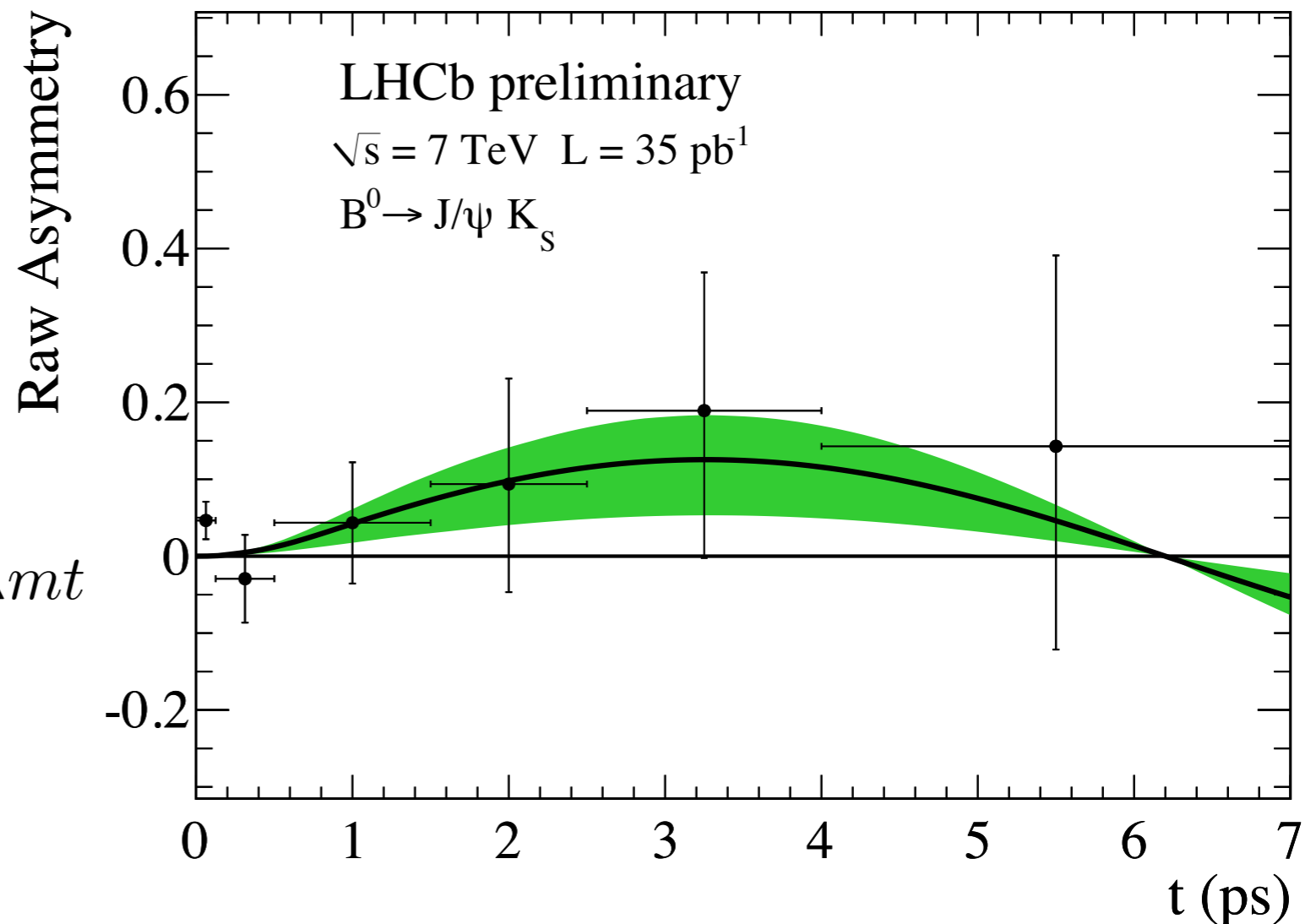
# $\sin 2\beta$ from $B_d \rightarrow J/\psi K_S$



- ▶  $\sin 2\beta$  well measured by B factories
- ▶ serves as reference measurement for LHCb
- ▶ first measurement of time dependent CP asymmetries @ LHCb

$$\mathcal{A}_{CP}^{\text{meas}}(t) \approx D \sin 2\beta \sin \Delta m t$$

- ▶ best measurement of  $\sin 2\beta$  at a hadron machine
- ▶ dominated by statistical error
- ▶ systematic uncertainty will decrease in future

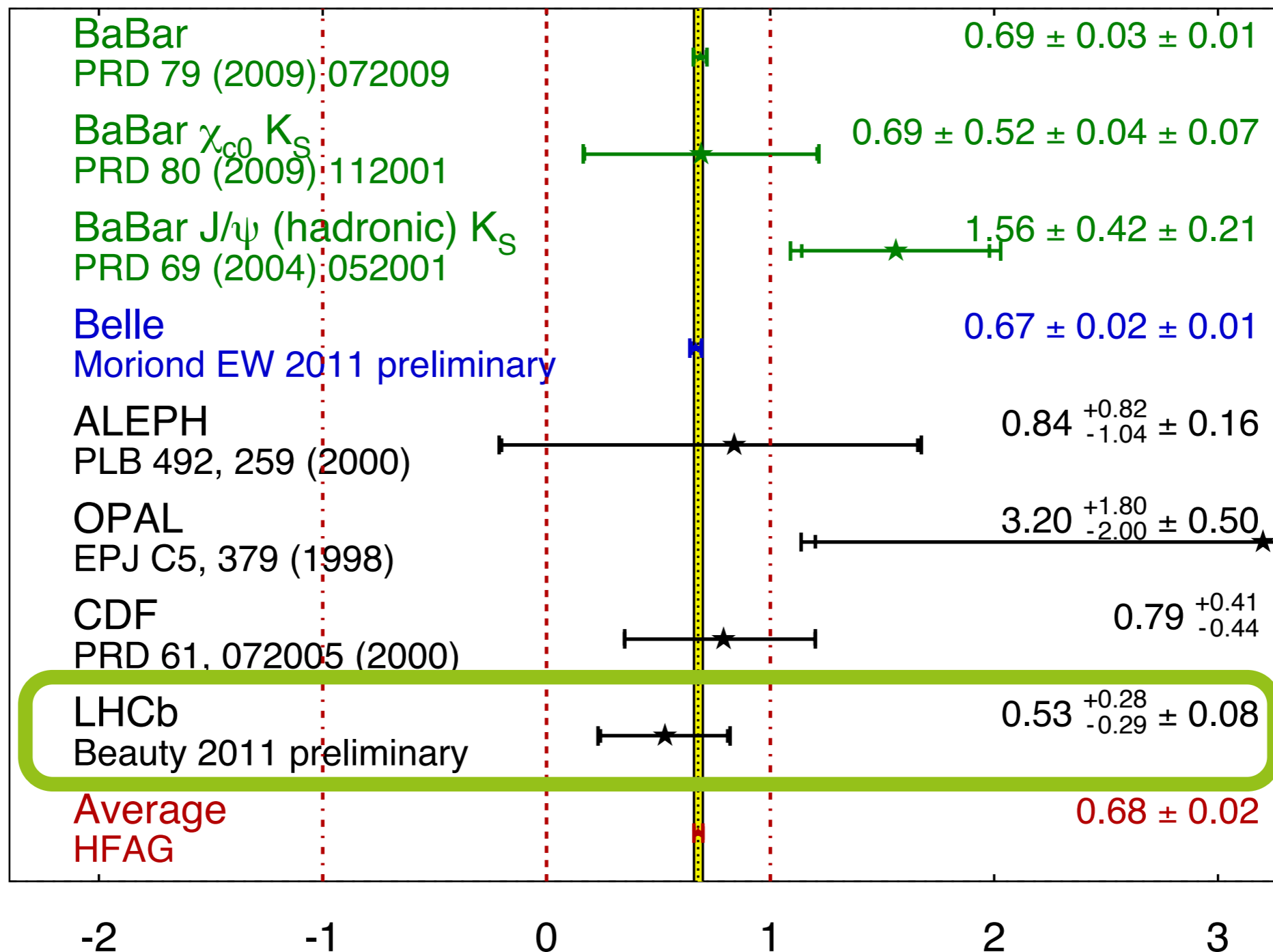


$$\sin 2\beta = 0.53_{-0.29}^{+0.28}(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.08(\text{syst.})$$

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$$\sin(2\beta) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1)$$

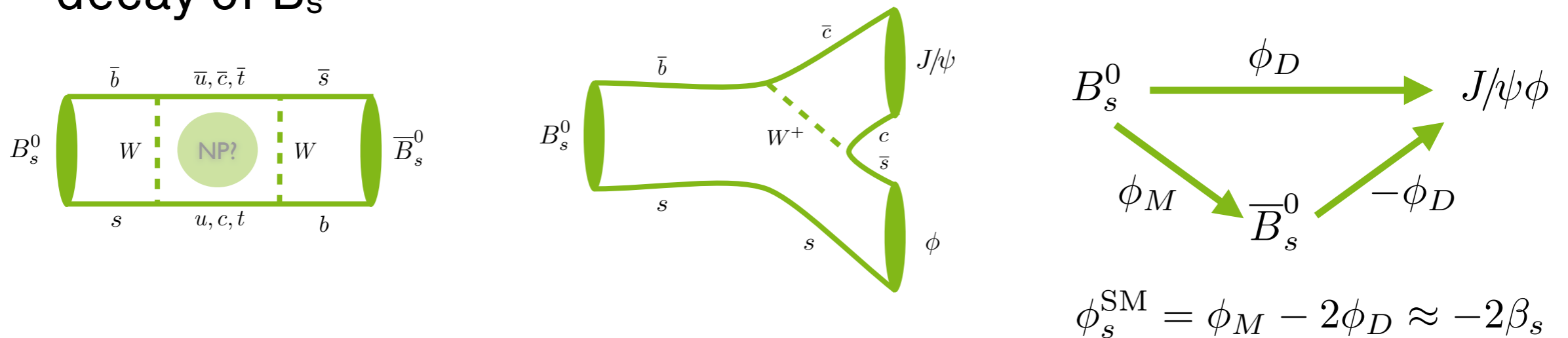
**HFAG**  
Beauty 2011  
PRELIMINARY



# CP measurement in $B_s$ system

►  $\phi_s$  in  $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ .

- **What is  $\phi_s$ ?** CP violating phase in interference of mixing and decay of  $B_s$

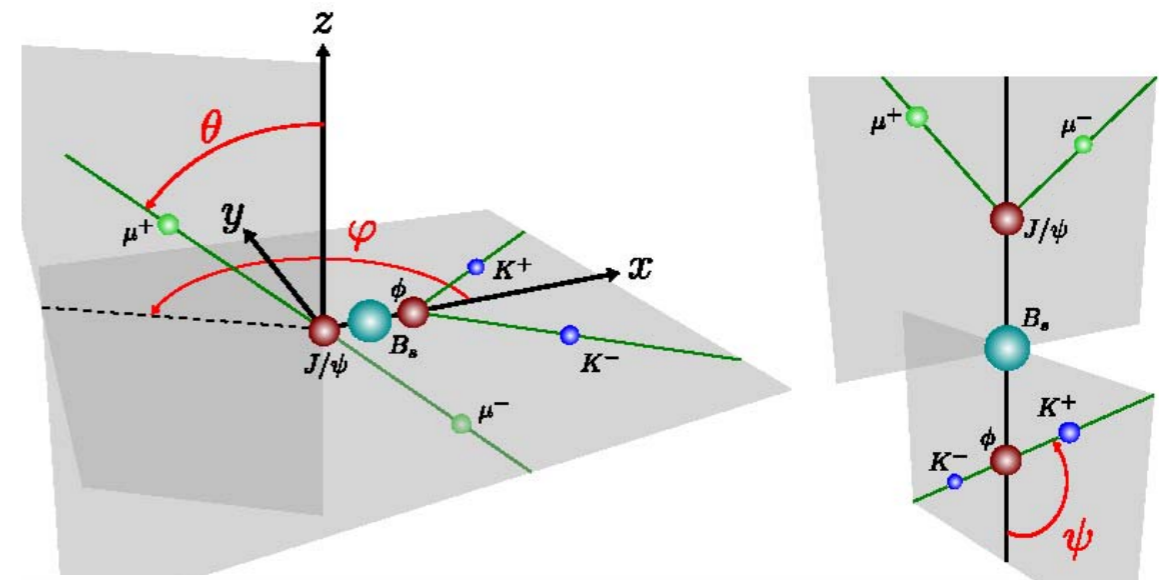
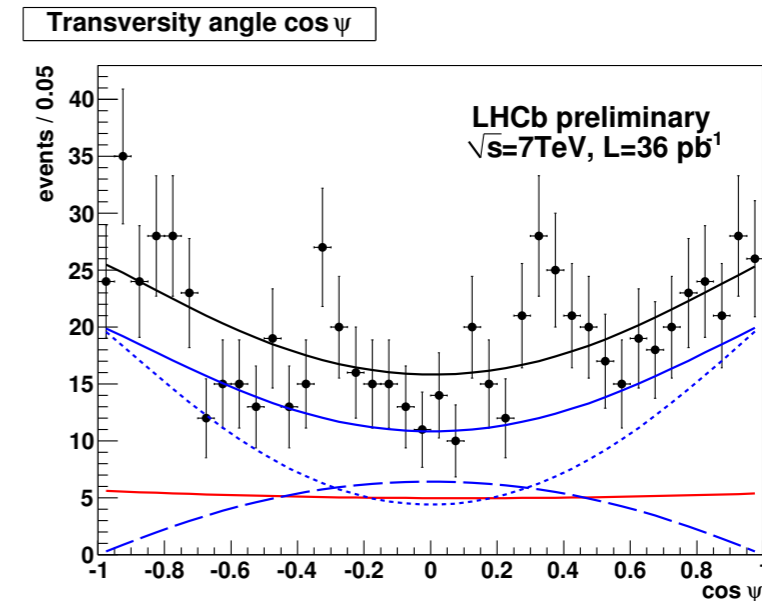


- **Test:** Is  $\phi_s \neq \phi_s^{\text{SM}} = -2\beta_s$ ?

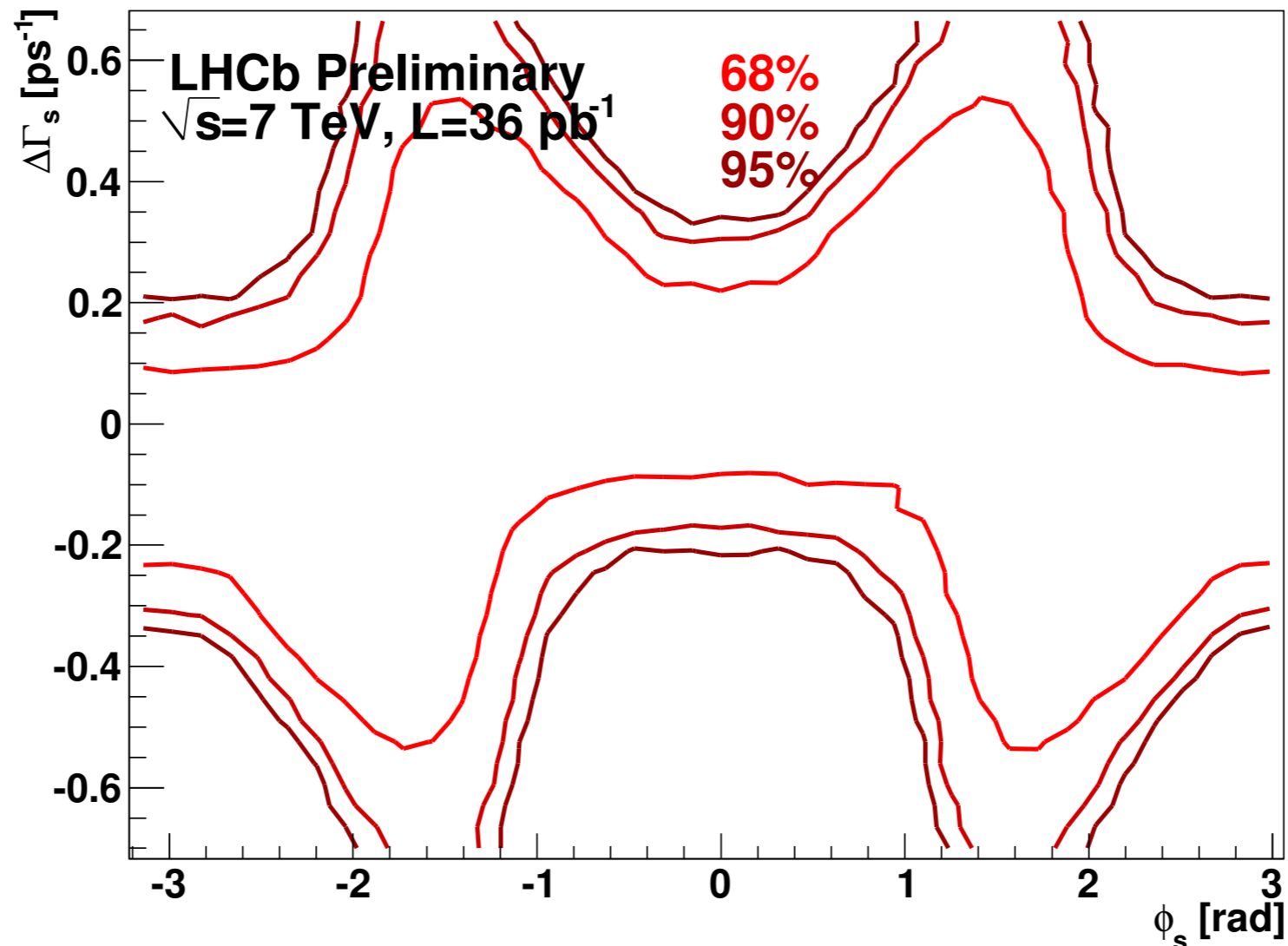
- precise SM prediction  $2\beta_s = (0.0363 \pm 0.0017)$  rad (**indirect**)
- if **direct** measurement of  $\phi_s$  shows deviation from SM prediction: New Physics!

# Measurement of $\phi_s$

- ▶  $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$  is a  $P \rightarrow VV$  decay
  - final state of is admixture of different CP even/odd eigenstates (different angular momenta)
  - three different polarization amplitudes
  - use transversity angles to disentangle CP eigenstates
  
- ▶ use a four dimensional pdf in time and three transversity angles to extract  $\phi_s$  and  $\Delta\Gamma_s$



# $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ - Untagged Analysis



- ▶ no constraint on  $\phi_s$
- ▶ tagging needed to reduce four-fold to two-fold ambiguity

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# $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ - Tagged Analysis



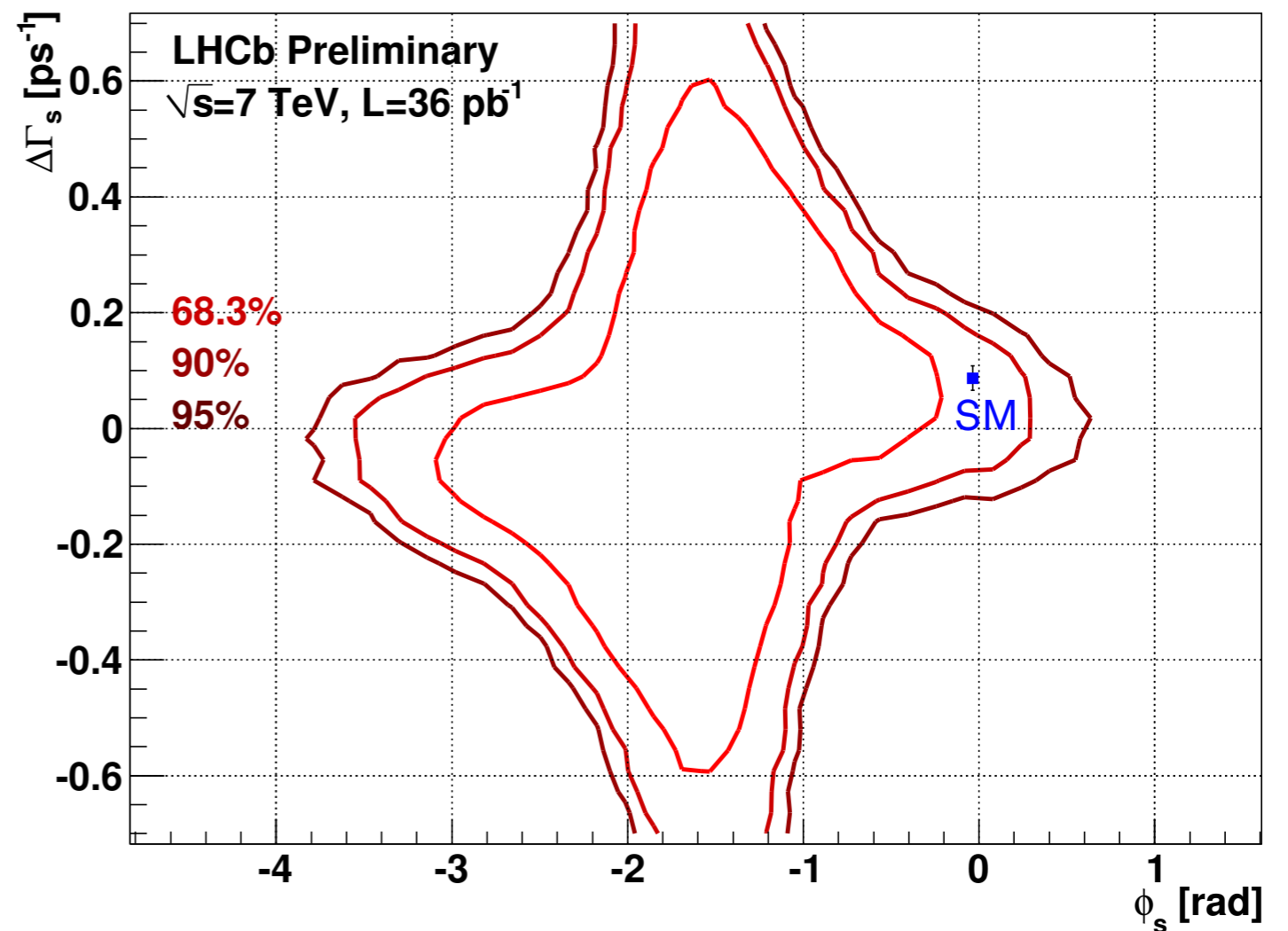
▶ first LHCb constraint on  $\phi_s$   $-2.7 < \phi_s < -0.5$  @ 68% CL

▶ ambiguity reduced to two fold by use of tagging information

▶ systematics small compared to statistical uncertainties

▶ prospect for 2011 data

- $\sigma(\phi_s) \approx 0.13$  rad



CDF  $[0.02, 0.52] \cup [1.08, 1.55]$   
D0  $-0.76^{+0.38}_{-0.36}$  (stat)  $\pm 0.02$  (syst)

[LHCb CONF 2011-006](#)

# $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi f_0(980)$ – first observation

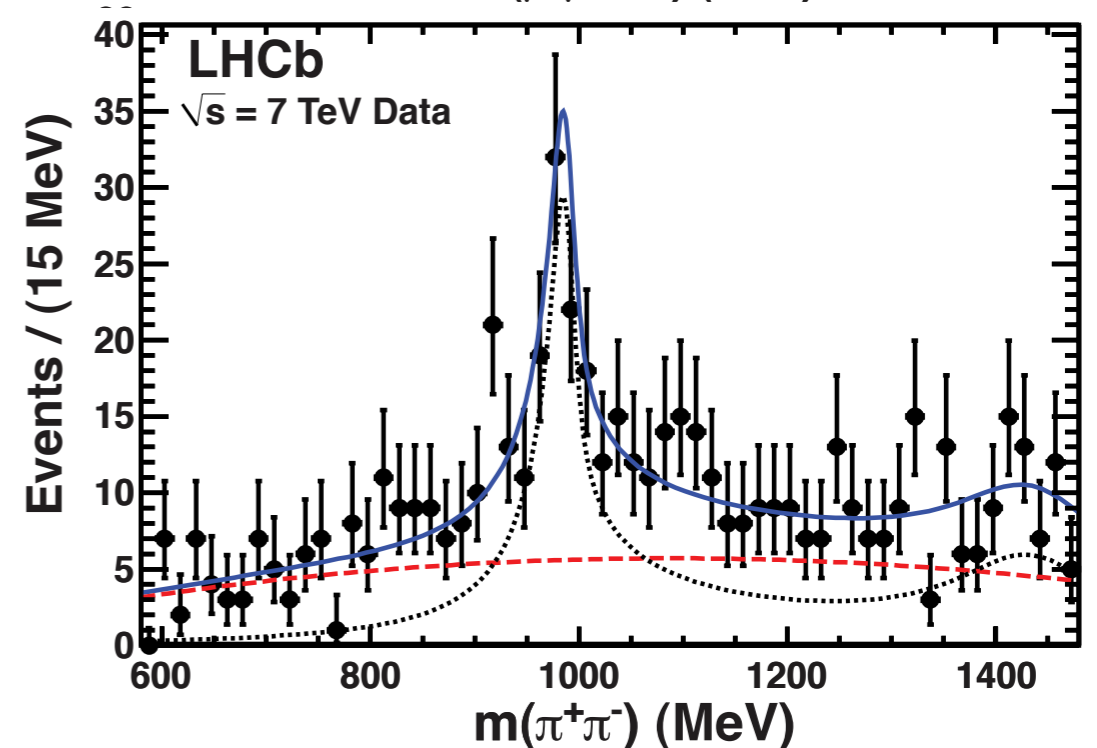
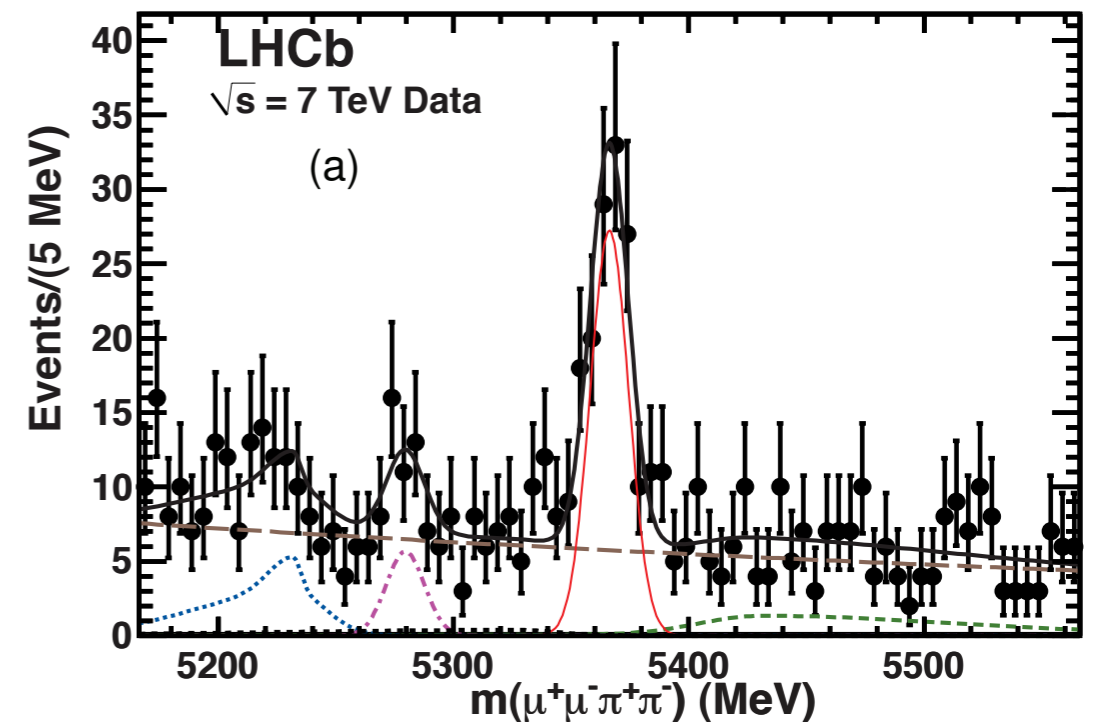


- ▶ 12.8 $\sigma$  significance
- ▶ ratio to  $J/\psi \phi(K^+K^-)$  production

$$R_{f_0/\phi} = \frac{\Gamma(B_s \rightarrow J/\psi f_0, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)}{\Gamma(B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-)} = 0.252^{+0.046+0.027}_{-0.032-0.033}$$

R. Aaij et al. (LHCb Collaboration), Physics Letters B 698 (2011) pp. 115-122, [arxiv:hep-ex/1102.2006](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ex/1102.2006)

- ▶ Future plans:
  - alternative measurement of  $\phi_s$
  - pure CP final state
  - no angular analysis needed

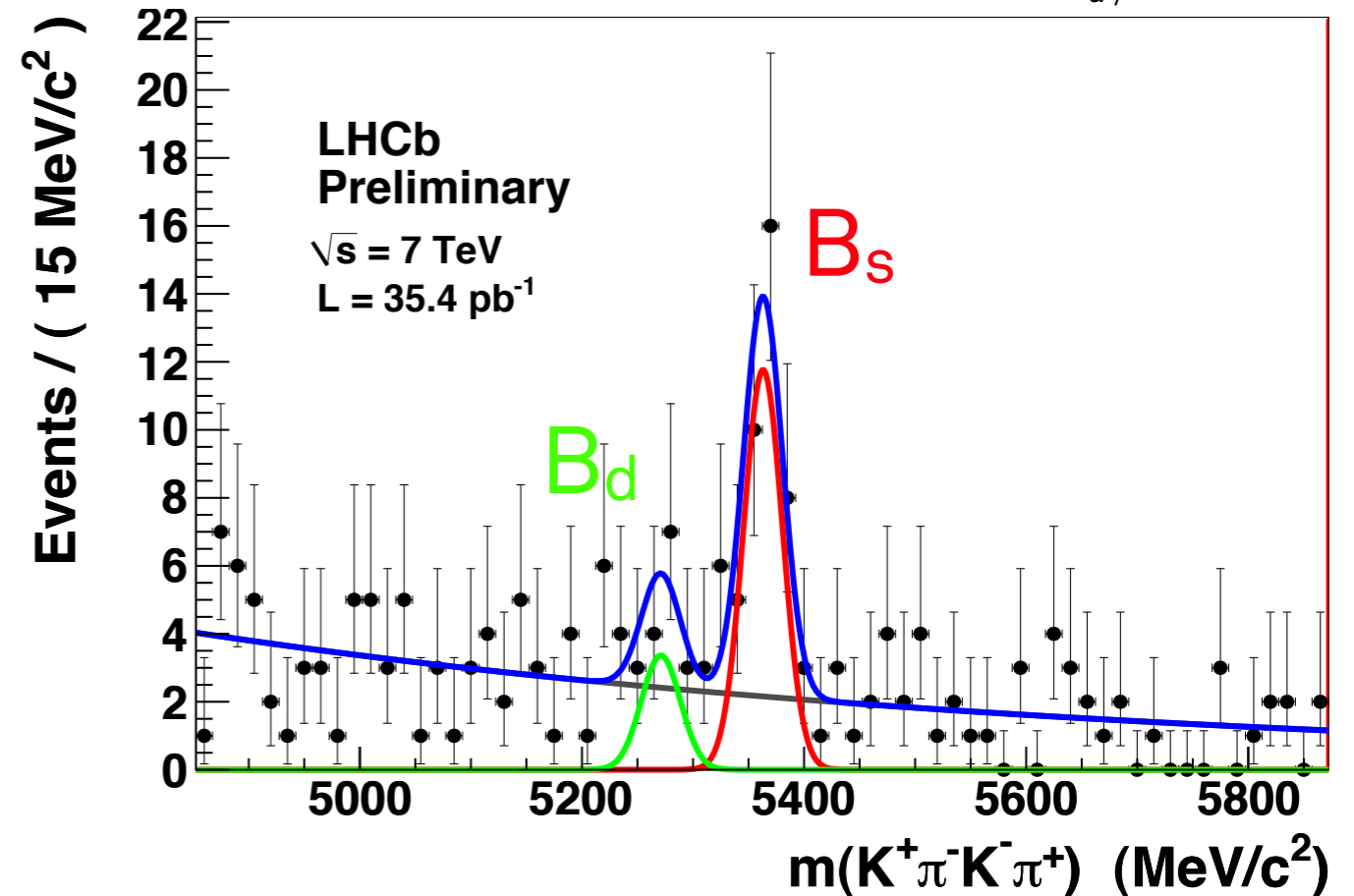


# First observation of $B_s \rightarrow K^* K^*$



- ▶  $7.4\sigma$  significance
- ▶ Penguin decay like  $B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi$
- ▶ sensitivity to NP in mixing box and penguin diagram
- ▶ currently no measurement of CPV

$$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow K^* \bar{K}^*) = (1.95 \pm 0.47_{\text{stat.}} \pm 0.66_{\text{syst.}} \pm 0.29_{f_d/f_s}) \cdot 10^{-5}$$



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# Conclusion and Outlook



- ▶ analyses on 2010 dataset show excellent performance of LHCb
  - first CP violation measurements
  - tagged, angular, time-dependent CP analyses
  - new decay modes discovered and studied
- ▶ LHCb measurements in 2011 will contribute significantly in constraining the SM
  - Expect world's best measurements of  $\phi_s$  with 2011 dataset!
  - Stay tuned for  $\gamma$ !
  - Interesting CP channels under investigation.

Thank you for listening!

# LHCb Detector



- ▶ one arm forward spectrometer
- ▶ covers  $1.9 < \eta < 4.9$
- ▶ b pair production correlated in forward/backward direction
- ▶ excellent lifetime resolution ( $\sim 50$  fs)
  - boosted particles
  - extraordinary vertex resolution
- ▶ tracking stations before and after dipole magnet
- ▶ particle identification
  - two RICH detectors
  - calorimetry
  - muon system

see talk by  
S. Monteil

