# **Building the future together**

Open questions in fundamental physics and our main future facilities to address them



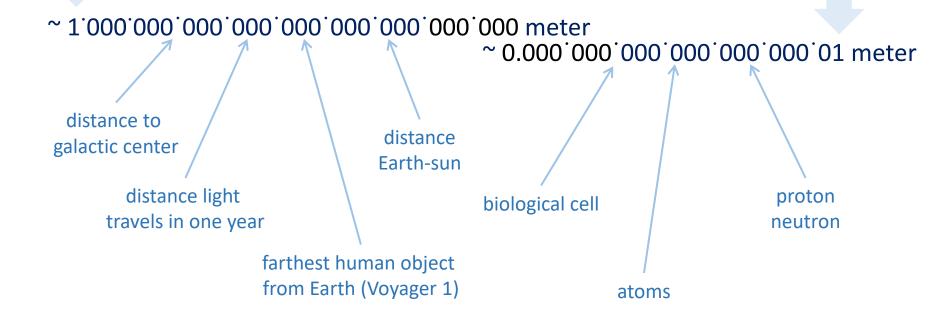




observable universe

8.8 10<sup>26</sup>m

**quarks** < 10<sup>-19</sup> m



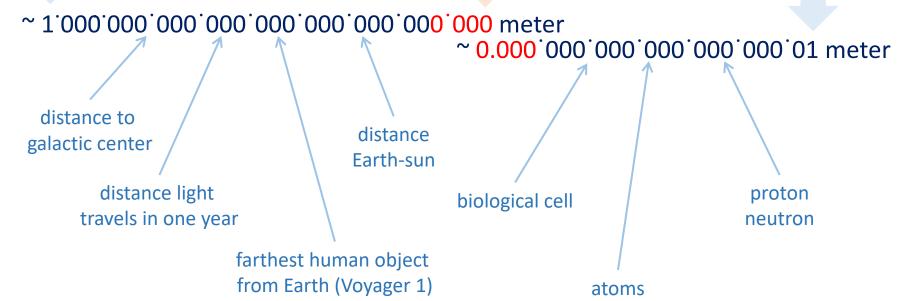
#### observable universe 8.8 10<sup>26</sup>m



visible with our own eyes



**quarks** < 10<sup>-19</sup> m



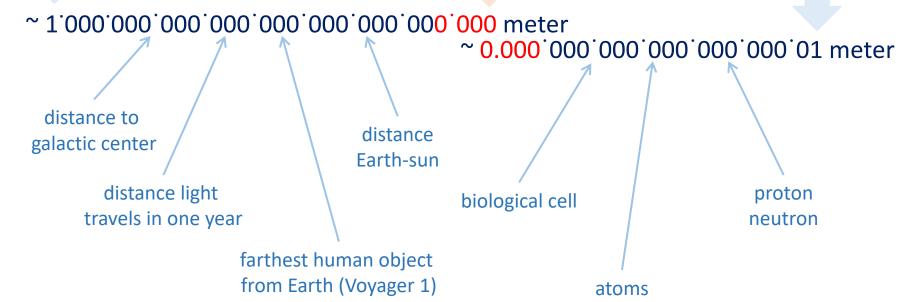
observable universe 8.8 10<sup>26</sup>m



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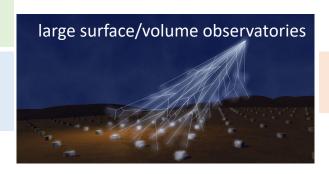


**quarks** < 10<sup>-19</sup> m



age universe 4.4 10<sup>18</sup> s

observable universe 8.8 10<sup>26</sup>m



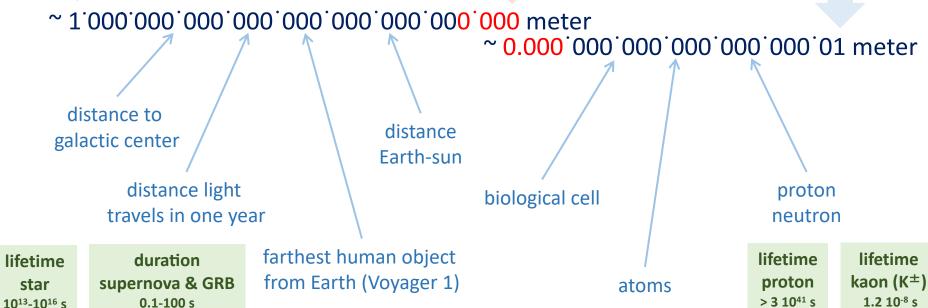
visible with our own eyes



lifetime top quark 5 10<sup>-25</sup> s

quarks

< 10 <sup>-19</sup>m



# Basic Principles

#### FROM INTUITION

<u>e.g</u>. the locality principle: all matter has the same set of constituents

e.g. the causality principle:

a future state depends only on the present state

e.g. the invariance principle: space-time is homogeneous

#### FROM LONG-STANDING OBSERVATIONS

the wave-particle duality principle the quantisation principle the cosmological principle the constant speed of light principle the uncertainty principle the equivalence principle

no obvious reason for these long-standing observations to be what they are...

## Basic Principles

#### MATHEMATICAL FRAMEWORKS HOW OBJECTS BEHAVE

- General Relativity (for gravity)
- Quantum Mechanics + Special Relativity = Quantum Field Theory (for electromagnetic, weak and strong forces)

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# Fundamental Theories

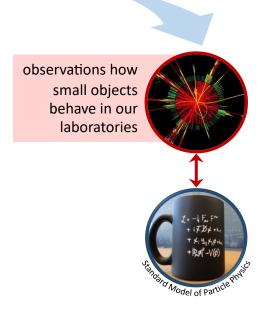
# Concrete Models

#### APPLY MATHEMATICAL FRAMEWORKS ON OBJECTS

- ${ @ }$  General Relativity o Standard Model of Cosmology
- ${\mathscr D}$  Quantum Field Theory o Standard Model of Particle Physics

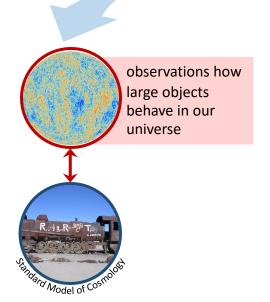
need to be valid into even the tiniest cracks of space and time and for all energies or masses of the objects... even at the extremes ~ 1'000'000'000'000'000'000'000 meter

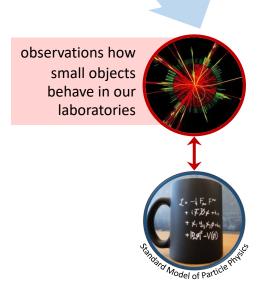
~ 0.000 000 000 000 000 000 01 meter



#### ~ 1'000'000'000'000'000'000'000'000 meter

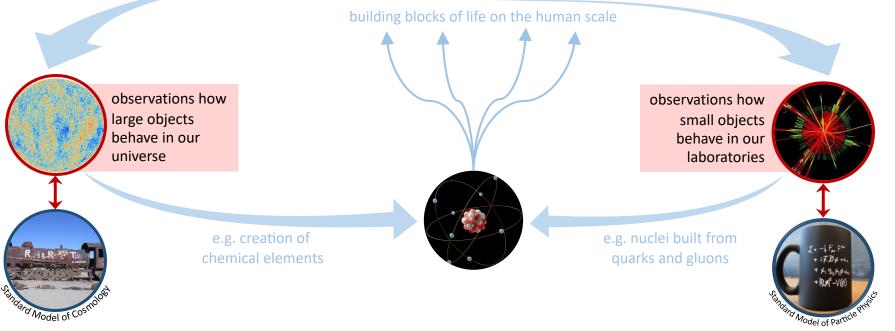
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#### ~ 1'000'000'000'000'000'000'000'000 meter

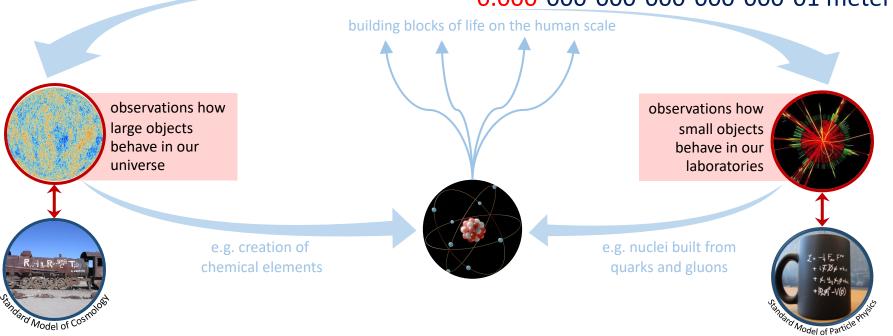
### ~ 0.000`000`000`000`000`01 meter



# A century of scientific revolutions

~ 1'000'000'000'000'000'000'000'000 meter

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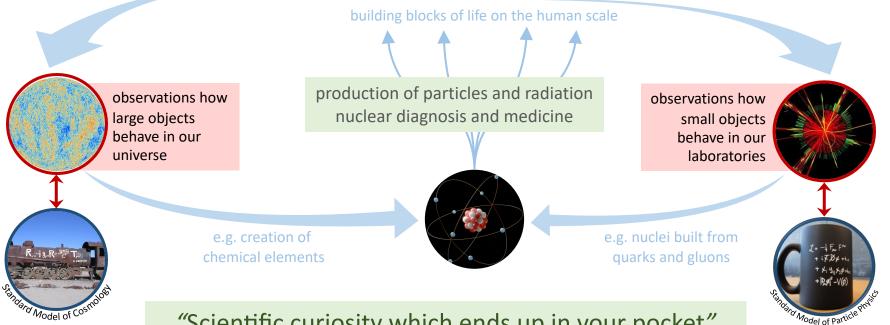


# A century of scientific revolutions

World Wide Web touchscreens

~ 1'000'000'000'000'000'000'000'000 meter

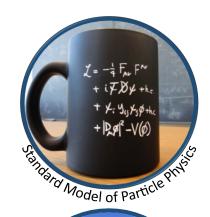
~ 0.000 000 000 000 000 000 01 meter



"Scientific curiosity which ends up in your pocket"

Rolf Heuer (previous Director General of CERN)

# The quest for understanding physics





## "Problems and Mysteries"

e.g. Abundance of dark matter?

Abundance of matter over antimatter?

What is the origin and engine for high-energy cosmic particles?

Dark energy for an accelerated expansion of the universe?

What caused (and stopped) inflation in the early universe?

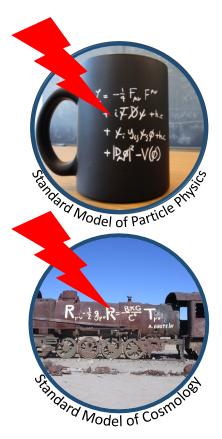
Scale of things (why do the numbers miraculously match)?

Pattern of particle masses and mixings?

Dynamics of Electro-Weak symmetry breaking?

How do quarks and gluons give rise to properties of nuclei?...

# The quest for understanding physics



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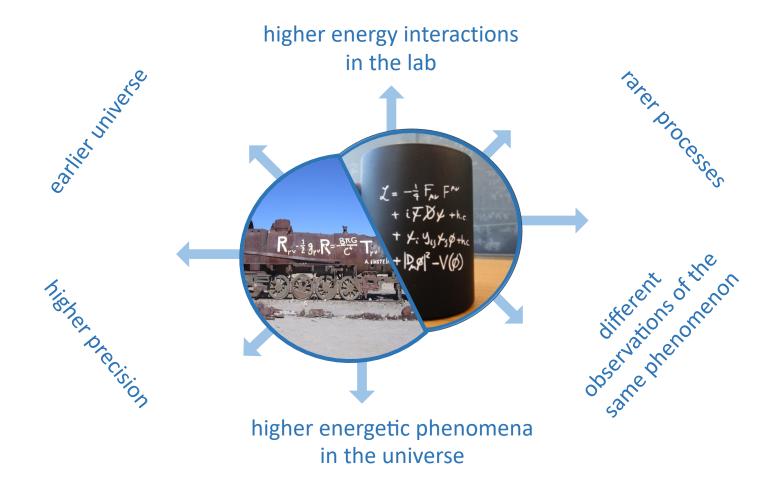
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How do quarks and gluons give rise to properties of nuclei?...

Observations of new physics phenomena and/or deviations from the Standard Models are expected to unlock concrete ways to address these puzzling unknowns



RF cavities, high-field magnets, plasma wakefield acceleration

Squesto distributes to 

of the state of th

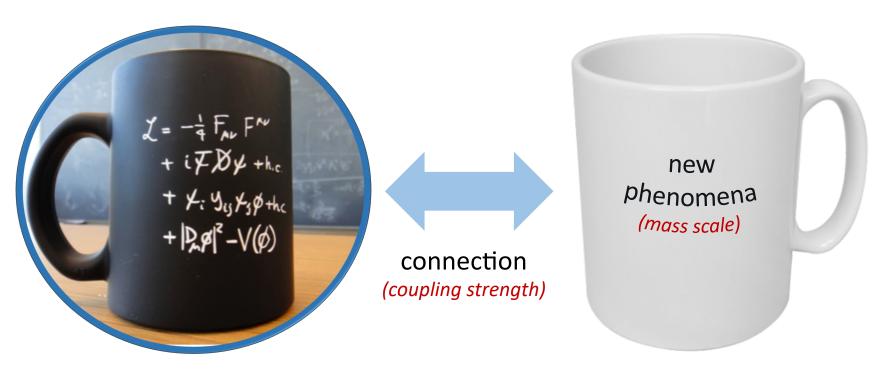
higher energy interactions in the lab e silver Innovate Technology to make the invisible visible different of the one of same phenomenon observations of the original of the or higher precision

higher energetic phenomena in the universe

computing and software challenge for Multi-Exabyte Data Infrastructures

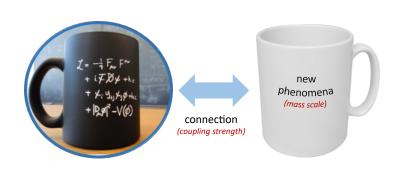
# Extending our models with new phenomena

(assuming our basic principles and theoretical frameworks hold)

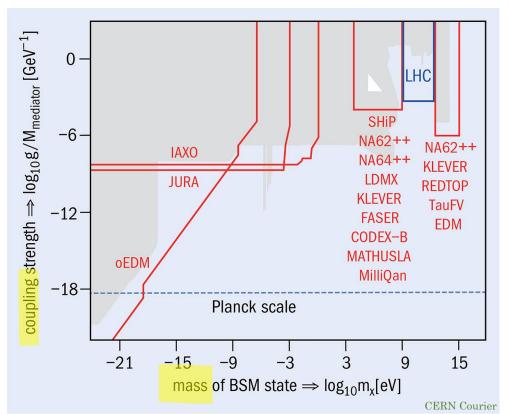


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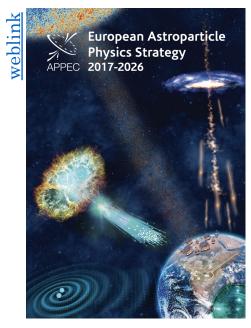


Requires a coherent portfolio of complementary experiments to cover the whole parameter space where new physics can be hiding



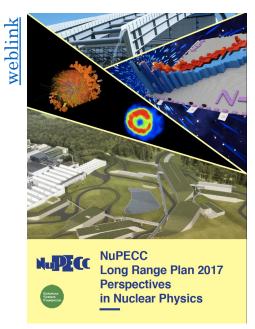
# Most recent European Strategies

## the large ...



2017-2026 European Astroparticle Physics Strategy

#### ... the connection ...



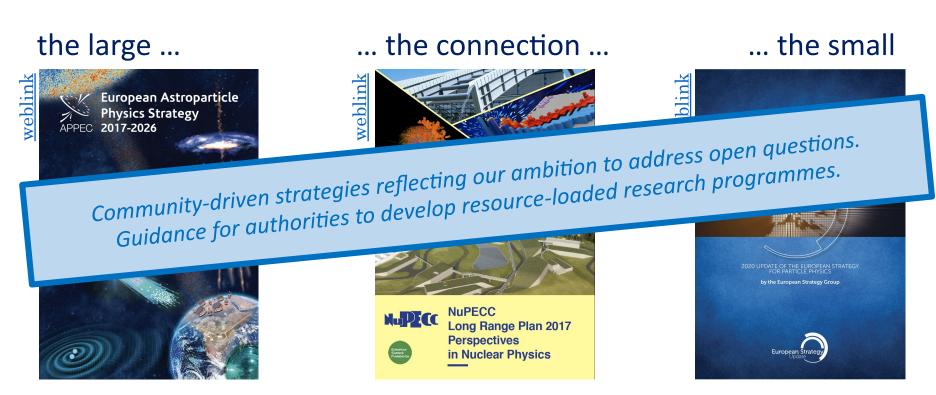
Long Range Plan 2017
Perspectives in Nuclear Physics

... the small



2020 Update of the European Particle Physics Strategy

# Most recent European Strategies



Long Range Plan 2017
Perspectives in Nuclear Physics

2017-2026 European

**Astroparticle Physics Strategy** 

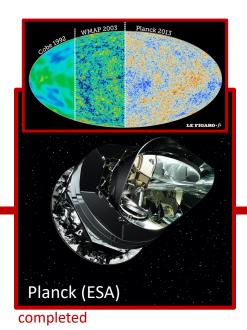
2020 Update of the European Particle Physics Strategy

# our eyes on the sky

## The cosmic frontier: Cosmic Microwave Background precision physics

Previous flagship impressive science

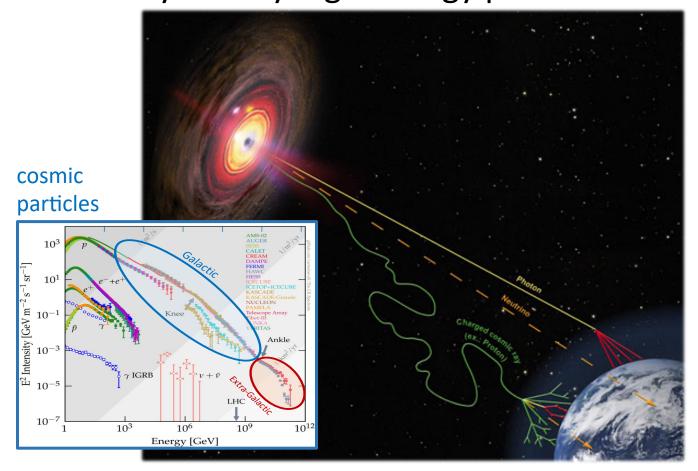
Next generation "Dark Universe" flagship >30 M spectroscopic redshifts with 0.001 accuracy up to z~2 to measure the acceleration of the universe



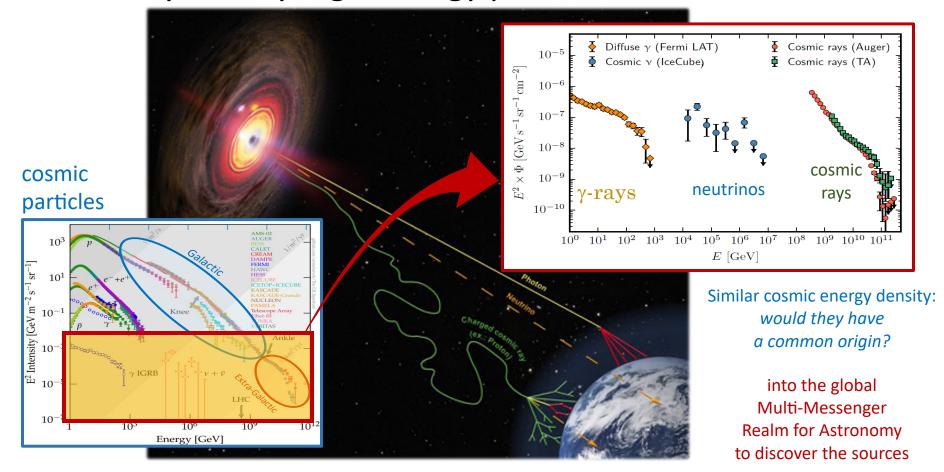


Properties of dark energy, dark matter and gravity

## A variety of very high-energy particles from our universe

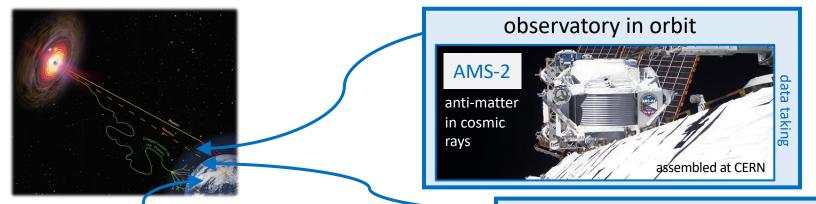


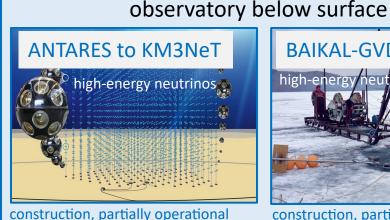
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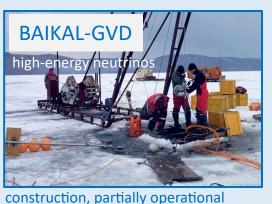


# Major Cosmic Particle Facilities in Europe

advance our major participation outside Europe: Pierre Auger Observatory, IceCube(-Gen2), ...









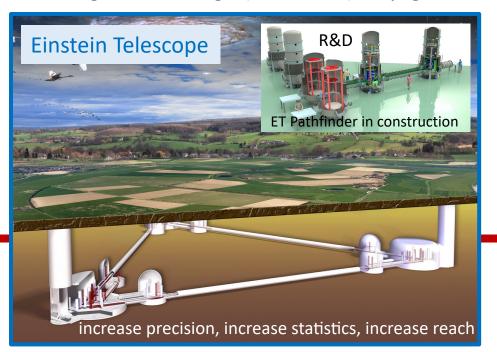
# Gravitational Wave Facilities in Europe

Current flagships

Advanced & Plus upgrades up to 2035

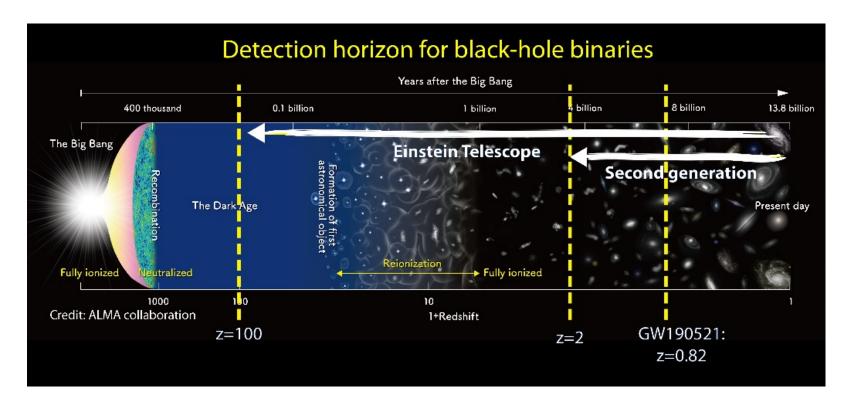


3<sup>rd</sup> generation interferometer, beyond 2035 *underground – triangle (10km arms) – cryogenic* 



on the ESFRI Roadmap (EU) (European Strategy Forum on Research Infrastructures) complementary: LISA (ESA) to be launched around 2037

# Gravitational Wave with the Einstein Telescope



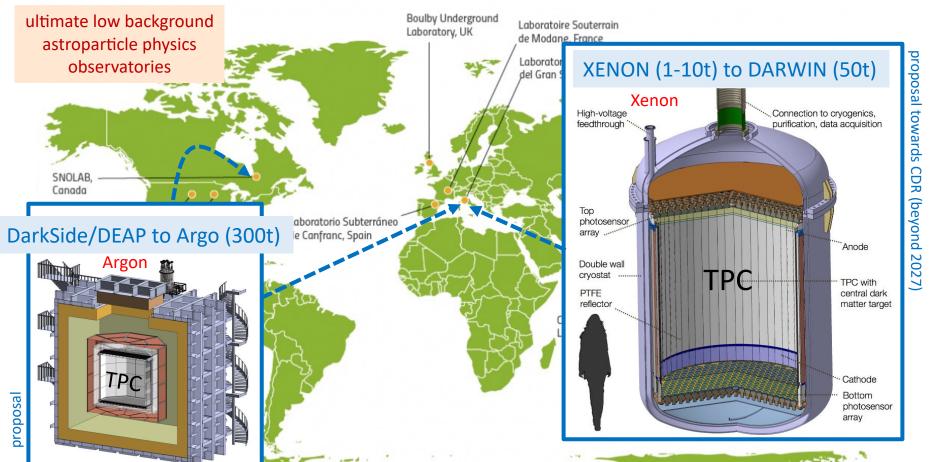
Will our basic principles and theoretical frameworks hold throughout the cosmic history?

# our eyes on the invisible

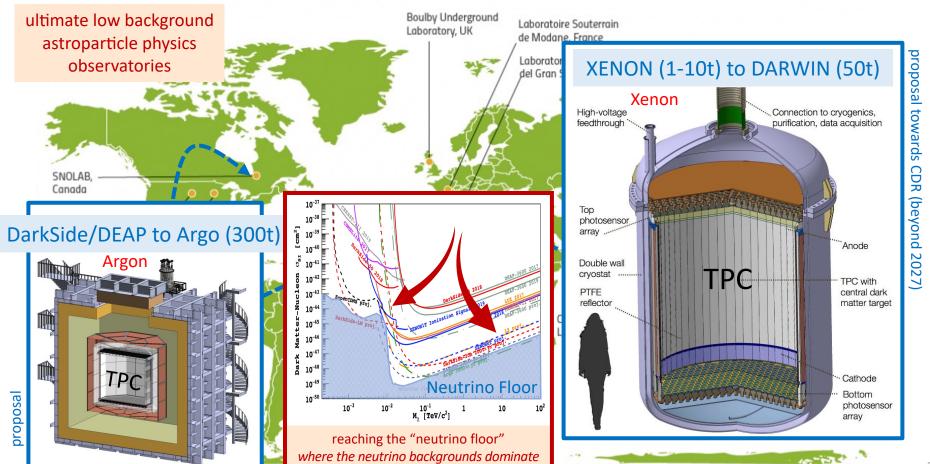
# Major underground Facilities – shielding the visible



# Major underground Facilities in Europe – Dark Matter



# Major underground Facilities in Europe – Dark Matter



## Neutrino sector extends the Standard Model

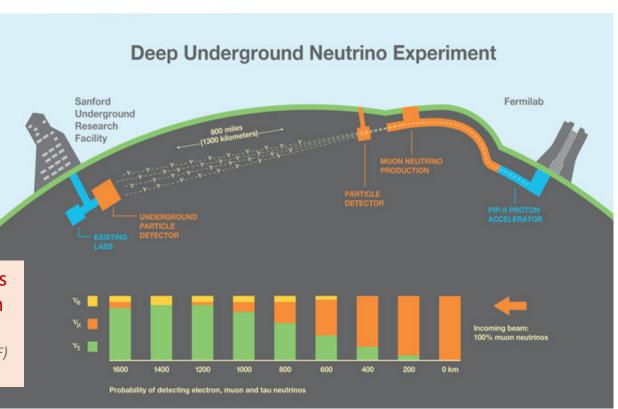
Because neutrinos oscillate, they have mass... but how to extend the Standard Model?



- Is a neutrino its own anti-particle?
- Is there CP violation in the leptonic sector?
- What is the absolute mass scale?
- How does the neutrino mass spectrum look like?

Measure the oscillation probabilities of neutrinos and antineutrinos with ultimate precision

e.g. at the Long-Baseline Neutrino Facility (LBNF) with the DUNE experiment



# Neutrino beams in Japan and in the US

CERN's Neutrino Platform in LBNF & DUNE (US), and in T2K (Japan)





Within the next decade, we will know much more how to develop the neutrino sector to extend the Standard Model

# our eyes on direct discoveries

### Today's Flagship: from LHC to HL-LHC

Current flagship (27km) impressive programme up to 2040

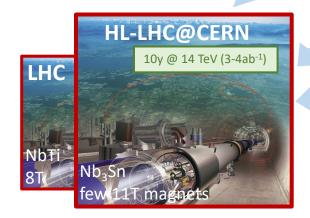


continued innovations in experimental techniques will keep the (HL-)LHC at the focal point to seek new physics at the energy and intensity frontiers

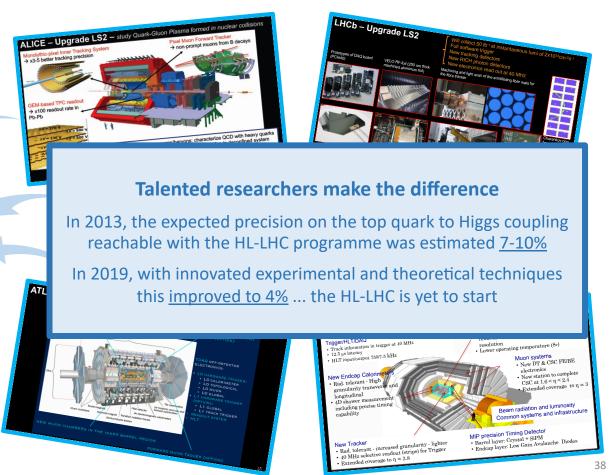


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### (HL-)LHC as a catalyser for dedicated experiments

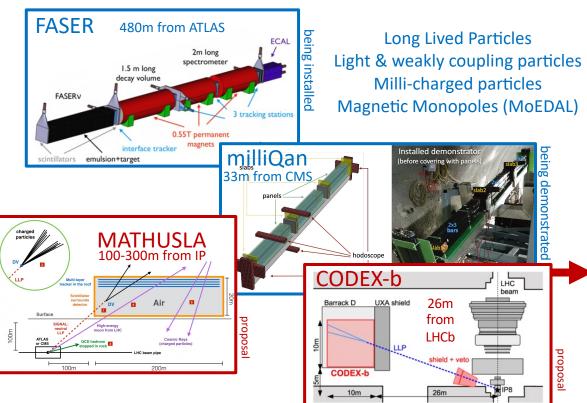
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HL-LHC@CERN

10y@14 TeV (3-4ab-1)

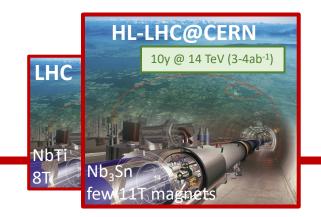
NbTi
Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn
few 11T magnets

Additional opportunities with high-energy proton collisions

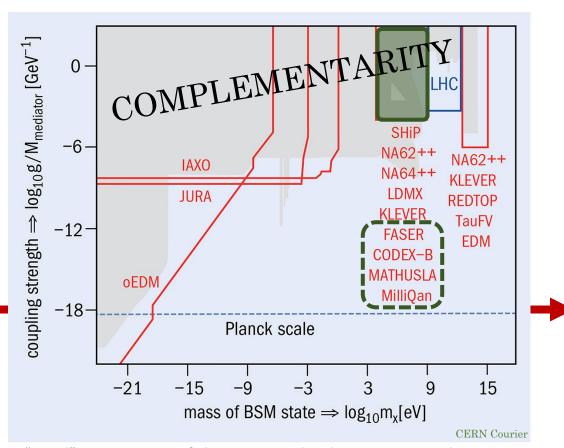


### (HL-)LHC as a catalyser for dedicated experiments

Current flagship (27km) impressive programme up to 2040



a high-energy proton collider is a catalyser for a unique portfolio of complementary research

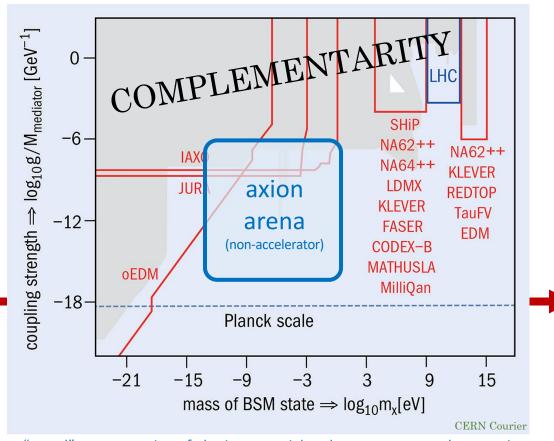


"portal" representation of physics potential to demonstrate complementarity

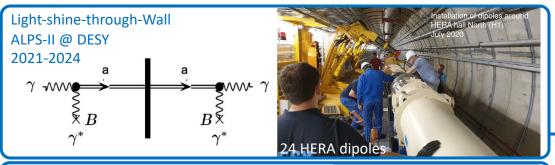
### More complementarity beyond particle accelerators

Current flagship (27km) impressive programme up to 2040

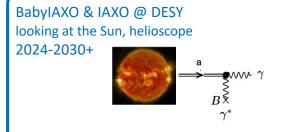


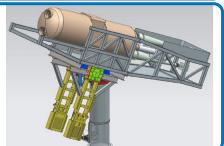


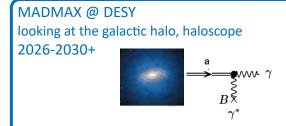
### Axion Physics with "old" and new magnets in Europe

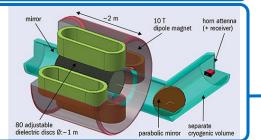


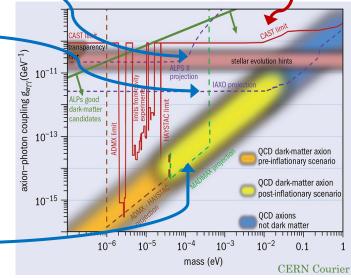






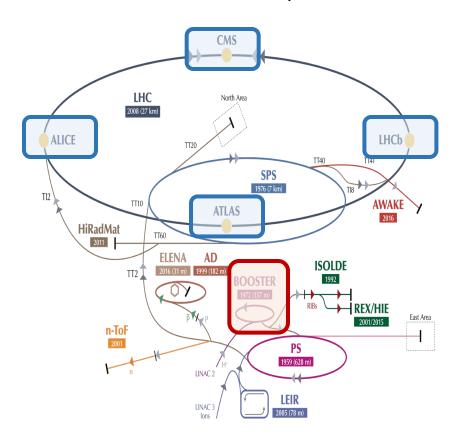


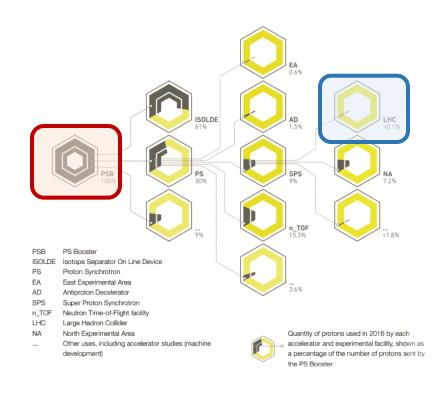




#### While running the (HL-)LHC: Accelerated Beams at CERN

The CERN accelerator complex and the LHC – protons from Booster only <0.1% to LHC



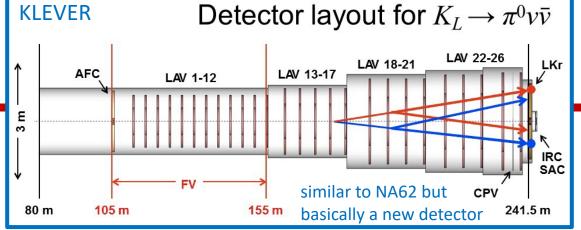


### Kaon physics from NA62 to KLEVER @ SPS-CERN

#### **During LHC era**

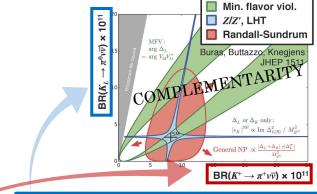


# During HL-LHC era EVER Detector layout for $K \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$



proposal

Kaon physics from NA62 to KLEVER @ SPS-CERN

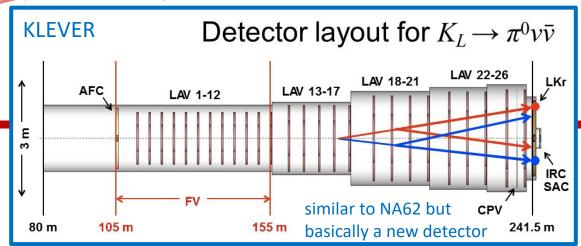


During HL-LHC era



running

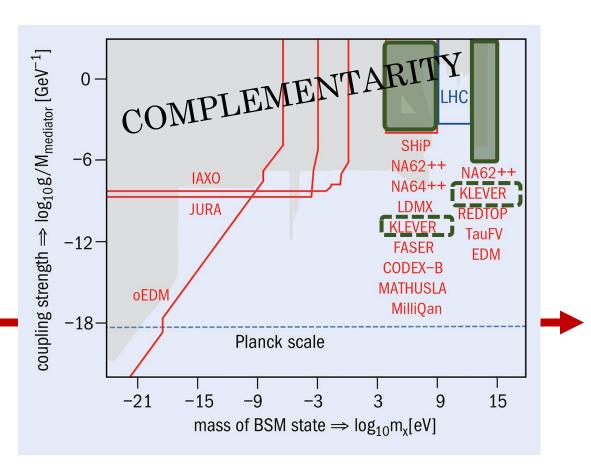
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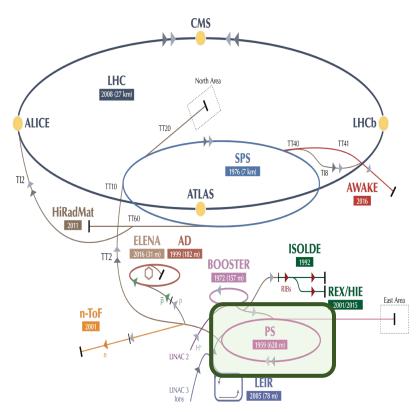
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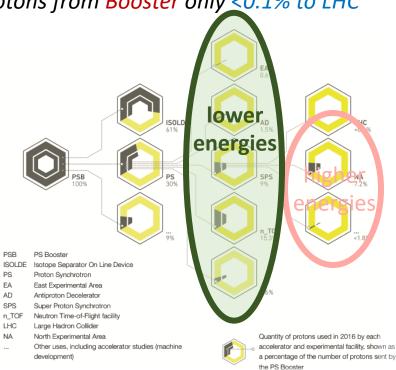




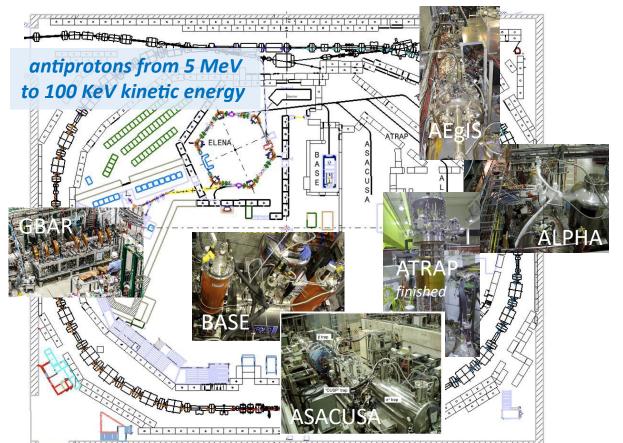
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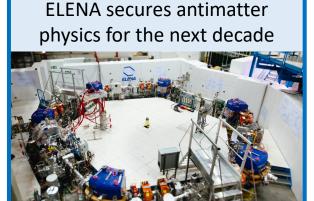




### Precision physics with antimatter @ CERN



Devoted to antiproton and antihydrogen properties



AEgIS – Antihydrogen Experiment: Gravity, Interferometry, Spectroscopy ALPHA – Antihydrogen Laser PHysics Apparatus

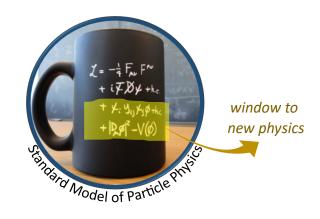
 ${\sf ASACUSA-Atomic\,Spectroscopy\,And\,Collisions\,Using\,Slow\,Antiprotons\,ATRAP-Antihydrogen\,TRAP}$ 

GBAR – Gravitational Behaviour of Antihydrogen at Rest BASE – Baryon Antibaryon Symmetry Experiment

### Future high-energy particle colliders

Essentially all problems of the Standard Model are related to the Higgs sector, hence the argument to built new colliders dedicated to produce copiously Higgs bosons in order to map precisely its interactions with other particles.

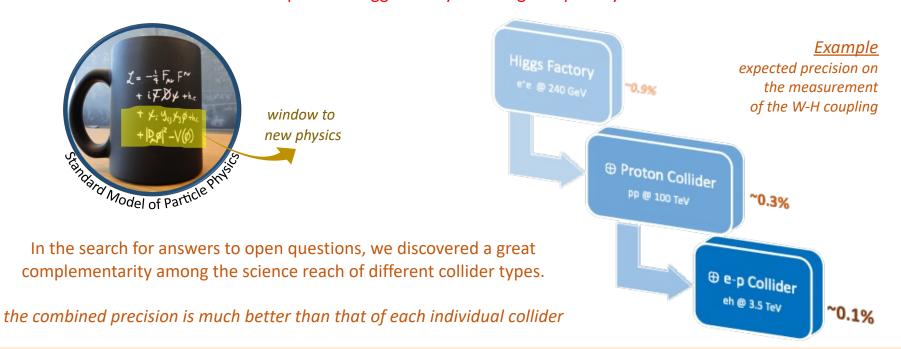
An electron-positron Higgs factory is the highest-priority next collider.



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An electron-positron Higgs factory is the highest-priority next collider.



We need a coherent program allowing for a variety of future colliders

### Future flagship at the energy & precision frontier

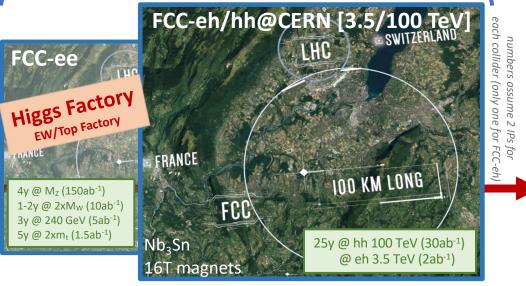
Current flagship (27km) impressive programme up to 2040



ep-option with HL-LHC: LHeC 10y @ 1.2 TeV (1ab<sup>-1</sup>) updated CDR 2007.14491

#### **Future Circular Collider (FCC)**

big sister future ambition (100km), beyond 2040 attractive combination of precision & energy frontier

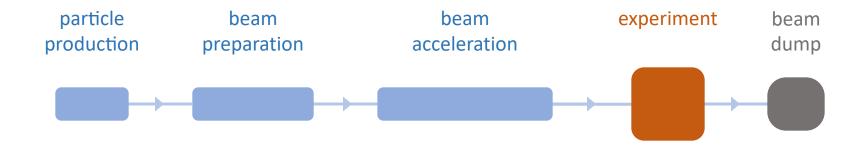


by around 2026, verify if it is feasible to plan for success (techn. & adm. & financially & global governance)

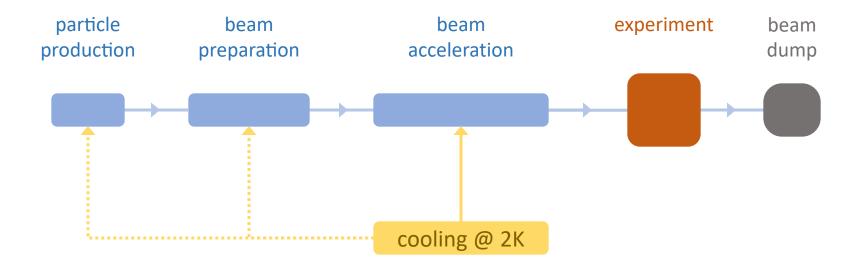
potential alternatives pursued @ CERN: CLIC & muon collider

### Sustainable Accelerating Structures

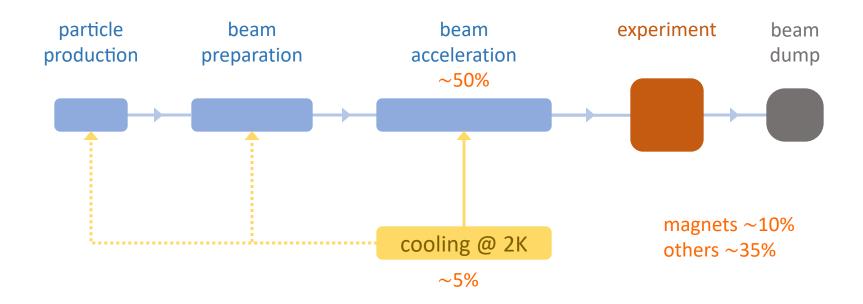
#### **Basic structures of a particle accelerator**



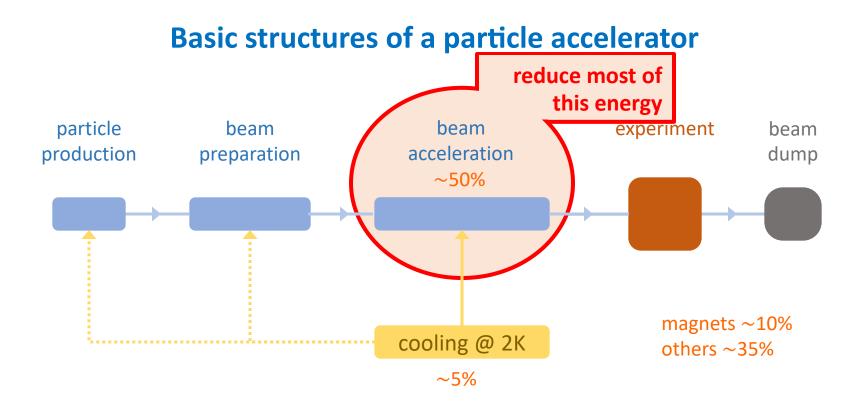
#### **Basic structures of a particle accelerator**



#### Basic structures of a particle accelerator



Typical power consumption for an electron-positron Higgs Factory the highest priority next collider for particle physics

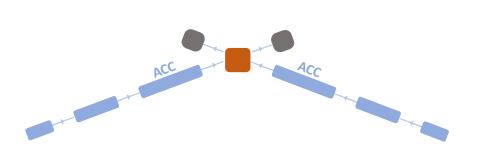


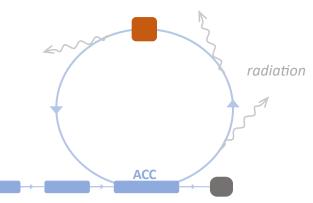
Typical power consumption for an electron-positron Higgs Factory the highest priority next collider for particle physics

#### Impact for the current designs of Higgs Factories

Linear colliders

Circular colliders





dump >99.9999% of the beam power

FCC-ee@250  $\simeq$  300 MW

~2% of annual electricity consumption in Belgium

radiate away very quickly the beam power

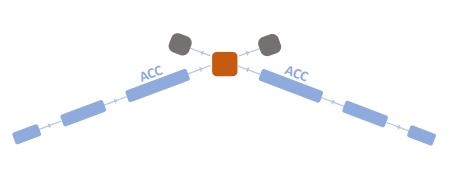
about half of this is dumped or lost due to radiation

**OBJECTIVE**: develop accelerator technologies that recover the beam energy with an impact of saving ~1% of Belgium's electricity

#### Impact for the current designs of Higgs Factories

Linear colliders

Circular colliders



radiation

dump >99.9999% of the beam power

FCC-ee@250  $\simeq$  300 MW

~4% of annual electricity consumption in Belgium

radiate away very quickly the beam power

Energy consumption is reducing in Europe, not excluded with ½ by 2050-2060

about half of this is dumped or lost due to radiation

OBJECTIVE: develop accelerator technologies that recover the beam energy with an impact of saving ~2% of Belgium's electricity

#### **Importance highlighted in the European Strategy for Particle Physics 2020**

An electron-positron Higgs factory is the highest-priority next collider.

The energy efficiency of present and future accelerators [...] is and should remain an area requiring constant attention.

A detailed plan for the [...] <u>saving and re-use of</u> <u>energy</u> should be part of the approval process for any major project.

European Strategy for Particle Physics 2020

## Importance highlighted in the European Strategy for Particle Physics 2020

An electron-positron Higgs factory is the highest-priority post

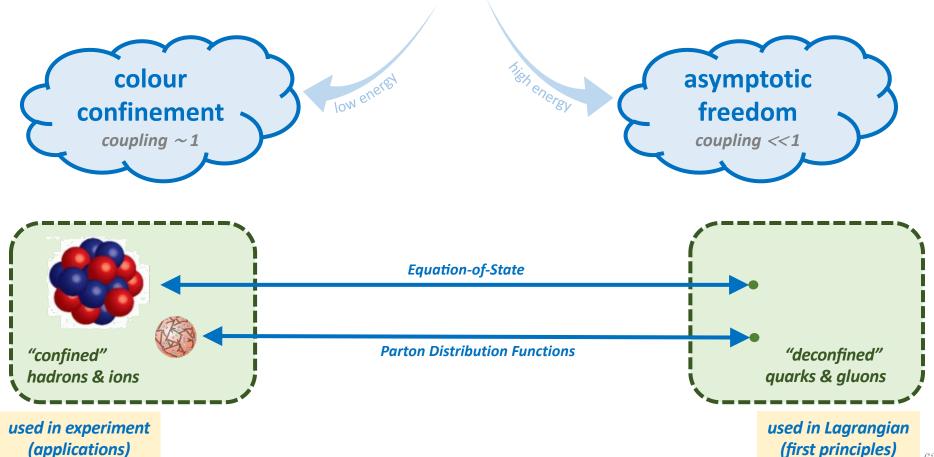
R&D for novel accelerator technologies that consume less energy is becoming crucial for our field

<u>Emily saving and re-use of saving should be part of the approval process for any major project.</u>

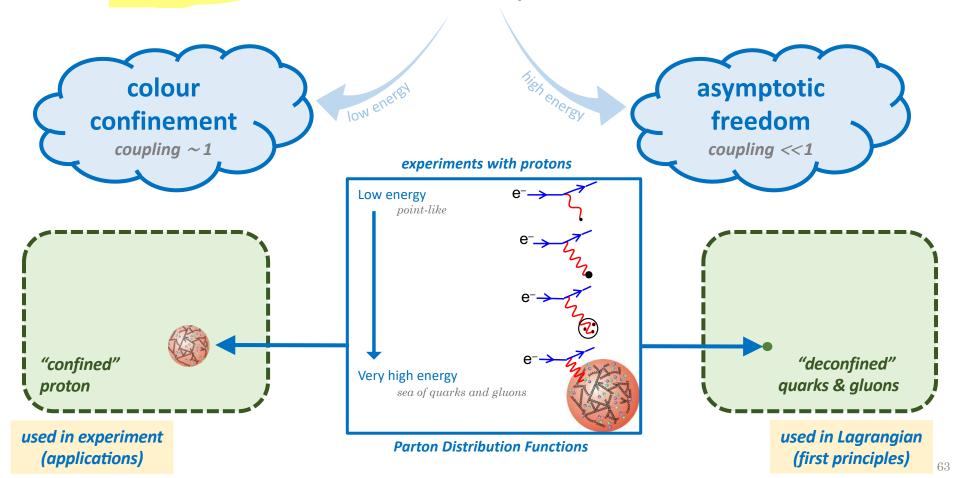
European Strategy for Particle Physics 2020

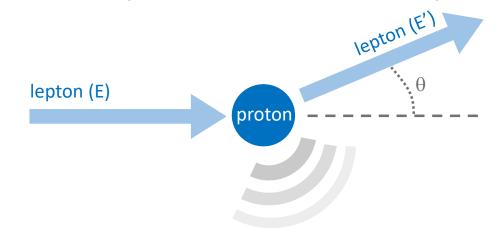
### our eyes on the structure of things

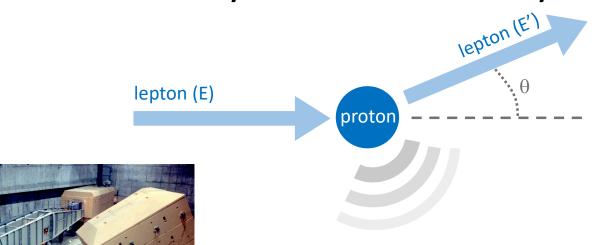
#### Hadrons & Ions are made up of Quarks & Gluons



#### **Hadrons** & Ions are made up of Quarks & Gluons

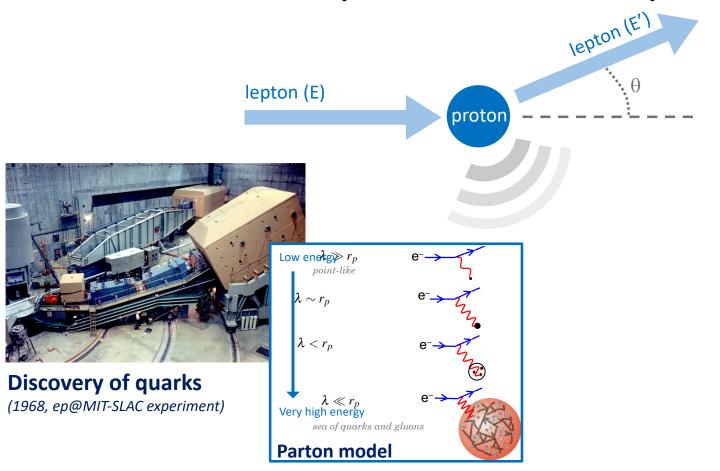


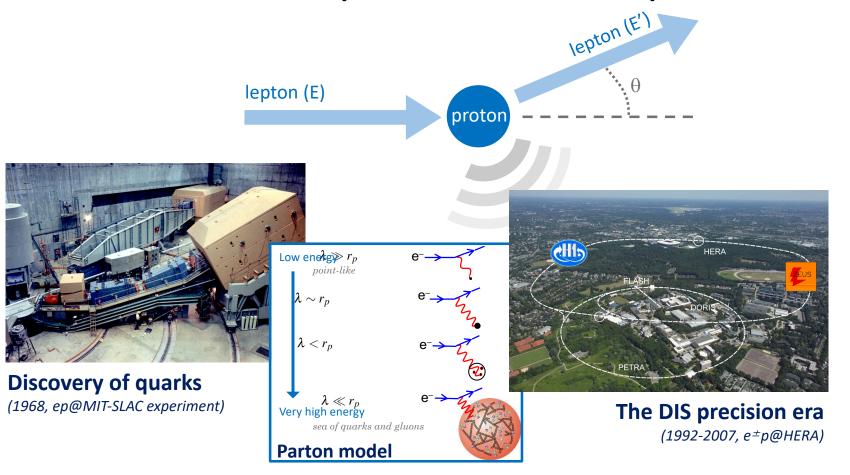


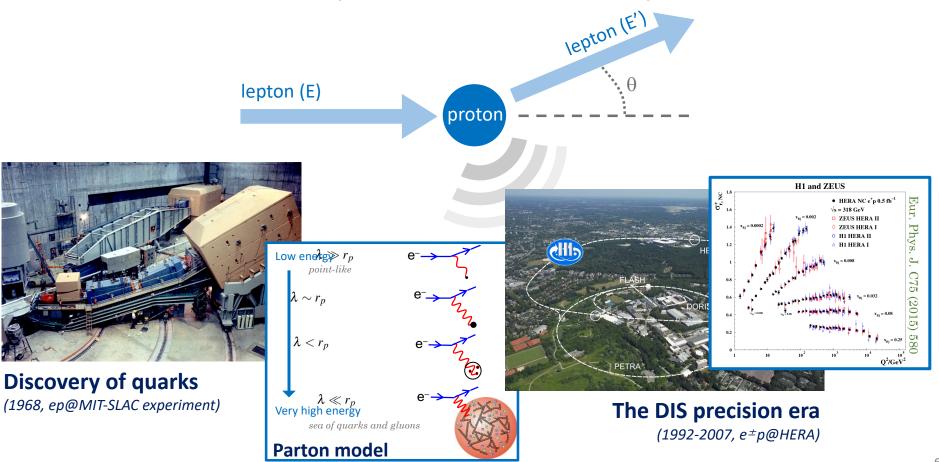


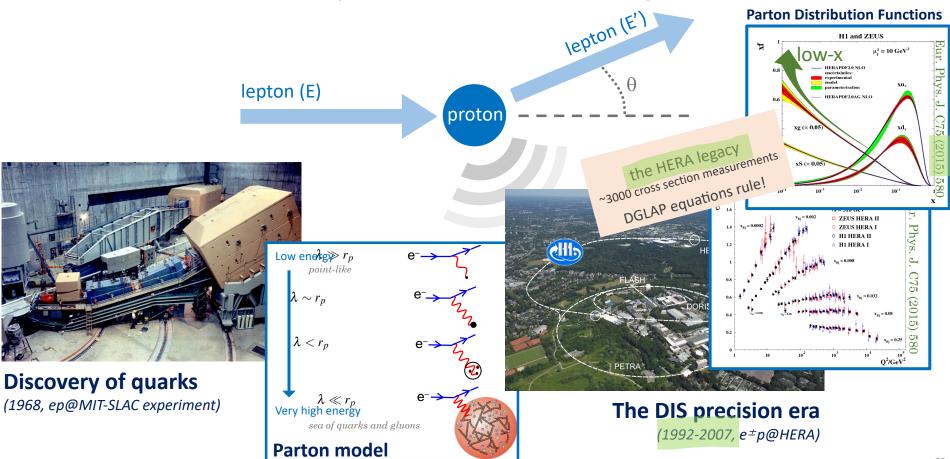


**Discovery of quarks** (1968, ep@MIT-SLAC experiment)

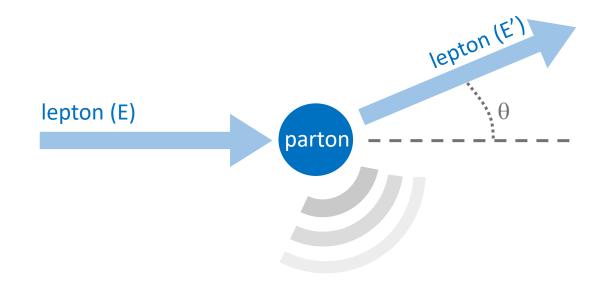








### Why study this for another 50 years?



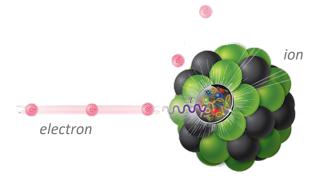
# DIS is alive!

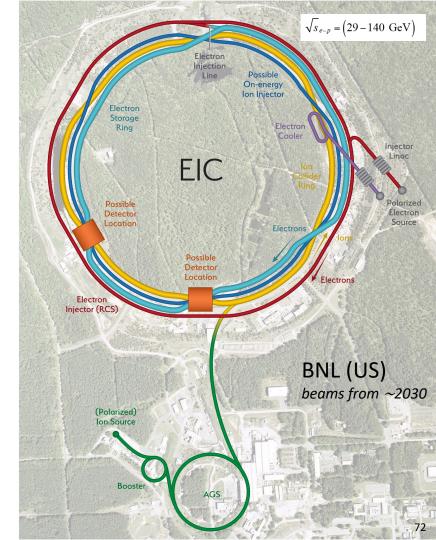
381 registrations for DIS2022



### **Electron-Ion Collider (EIC)**

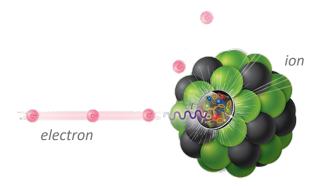
World's 1<sup>st</sup> polarized e-p/light-ion & 1<sup>st</sup> eA collider User Group >1000 members: <a href="http://eicug.org">http://eicug.org</a>



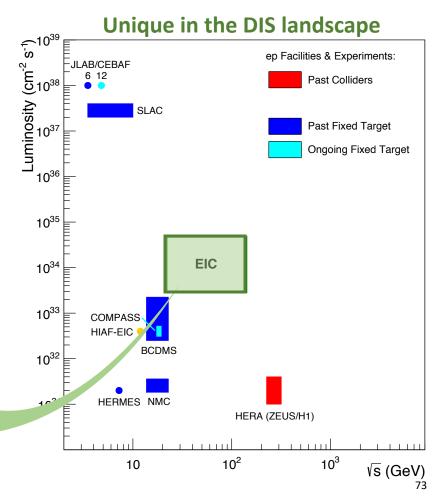


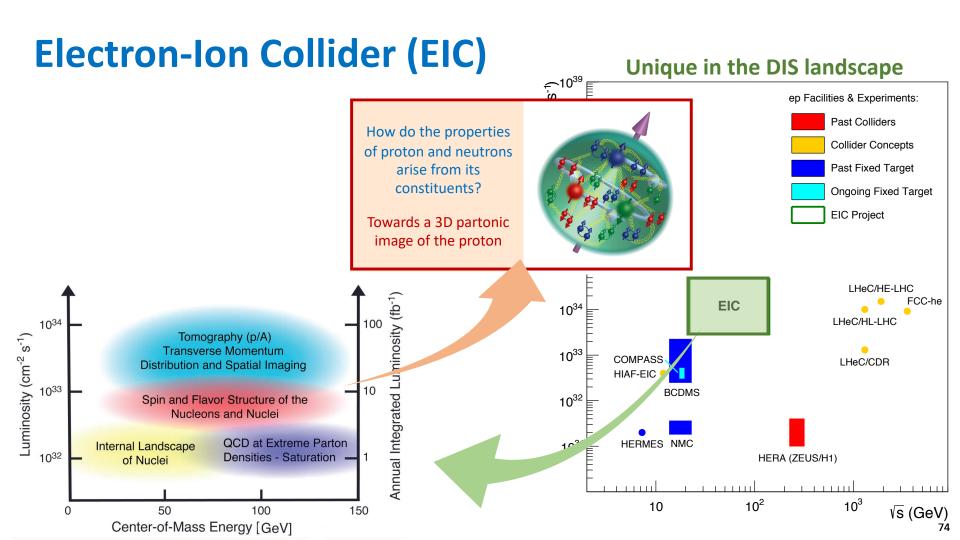
## **Electron-Ion Collider (EIC)**

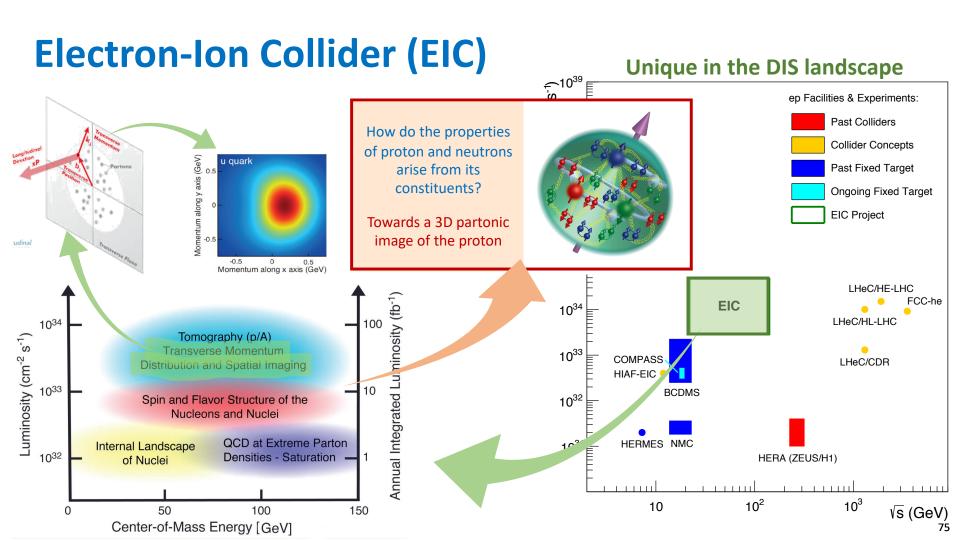
World's 1<sup>st</sup> polarized e-p/light-ion & 1<sup>st</sup> eA collider User Group >1000 members: http://eicug.org

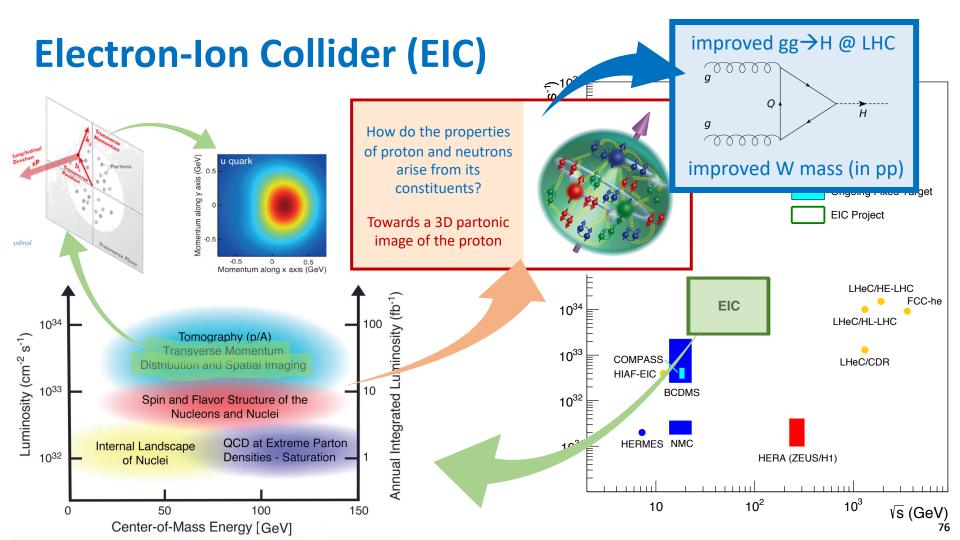


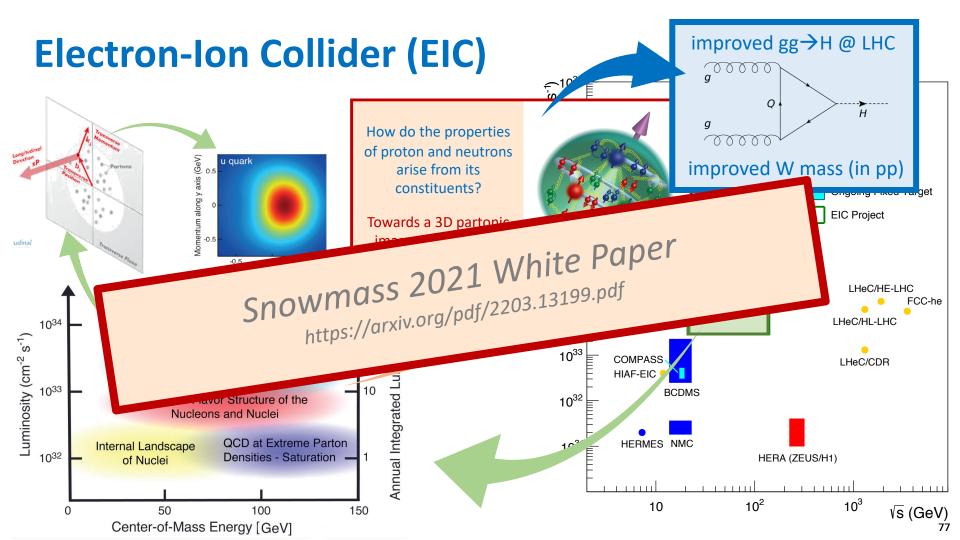
- High luminosity
- Wide range in beam energy
- Polarized lepton & hadron beam
- Nuclear beam







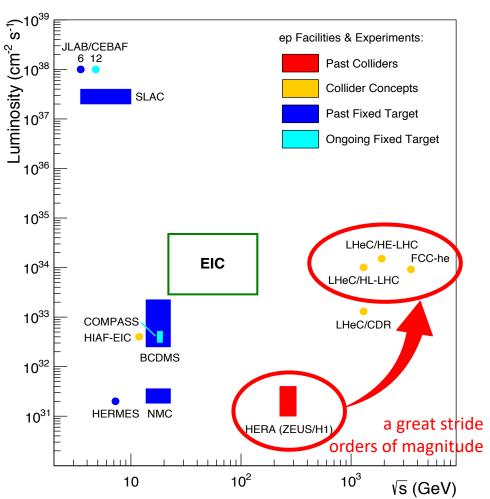




# A future scope

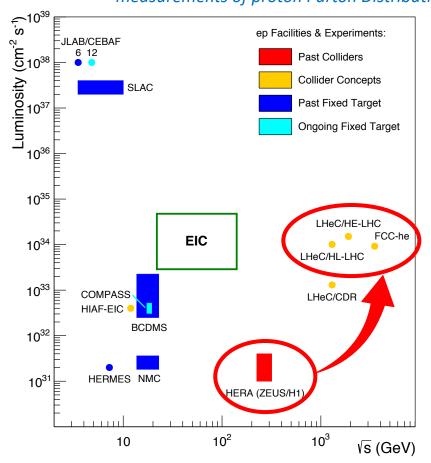
For ep/eA physics, the 2030'ies will be the decade of the EIC

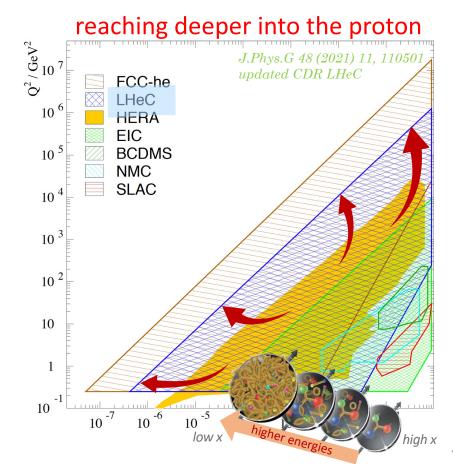
The next ambition for the community will be to enable ep/eA physics both at higher luminosities and at higher energies



### From HERA onwards to high-energy proton beams

measurements of proton Parton Distribution Functions are vital to improve the precision





# The challenge

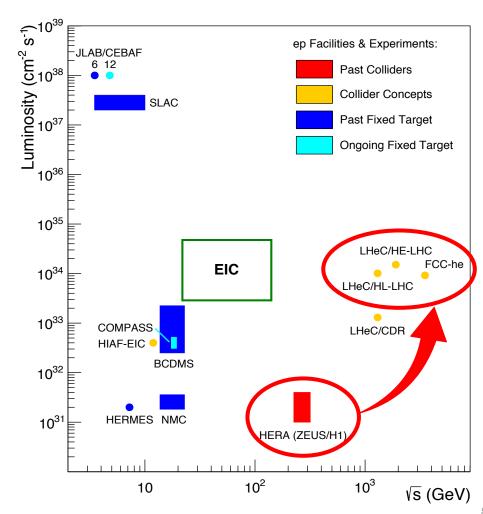
### **High-intensity electron beam**

From HERA@DESY to LHeC@CERN

3 orders in magnitude in luminosity 1 order in magnitude in energy

#### LHeC ~ 1 GW beam power

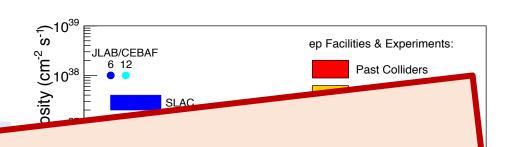
equivalent to the power delivered by a nuclear power plant



# The challenge

**High-intensity electron beam** 

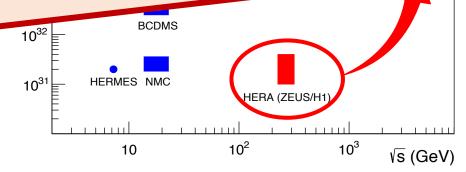
From HERA@DESY to L



With the planned R&D on Energy Recovery Linacs we will prepare the path to provide a 1 GW electron beam with only 50 MW power



equivalent to the power delivered by a nuclear power plant



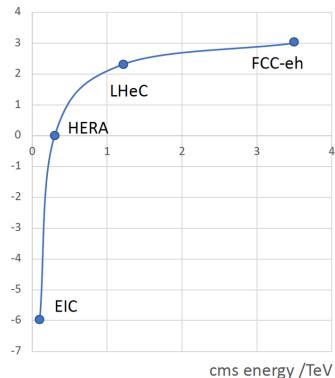
# at high energies electron-proton colliders provide a General-Purpose experiment

### Collision energy above the threshold for EW/Higgs/Top

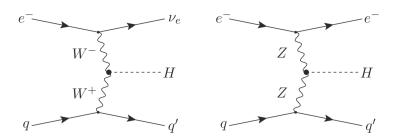
from mostly QCD-oriented physics to General-Purpose physics



Log(ep→HX)



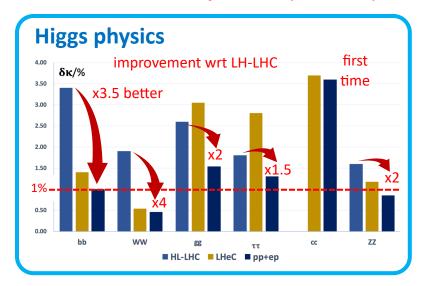
The real game change between HERA and LHC/FCC



Compared to the LHC, these are reasonably clean Higgs events with much less backgrounds

at these energies, interactions with all particles in the Standard Model can be measured precisely

on several fronts comparable improvements between LHC  $\rightarrow$  HL-LHC as for HL-LHC  $\rightarrow$  LHeC



#### **EW physics**

- $\circ$   $\Delta m_W$  down to 2 MeV (today at ~10 MeV)
- $\triangle \sin^2\theta_W^{eff}$  to 0.00015 (same as LEP)

#### **Top quark physics**

- |V<sub>tb</sub>| precision better than 1% (today ~5%)
- top quark FCNC and γ, W, Z couplings

#### **DIS scattering cross sections**

 PDFs extended in (Q²,x) by orders of magnitude

#### **Strong interaction physics**

- $\circ \ \alpha_{\rm s}$  precision of **0.1%**
- low-x: a new discovery frontier

on several fronts comparable improvements between LHC > HL-LHC as for HI

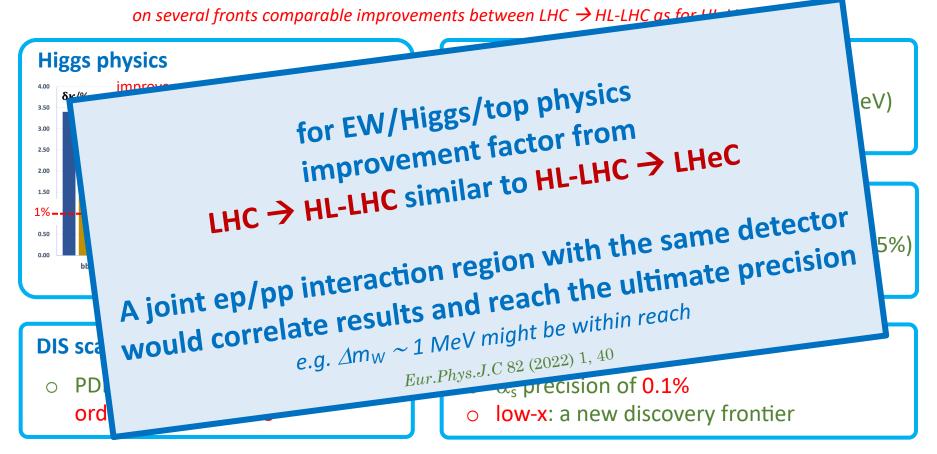


#### **DIS scattering cross sections**

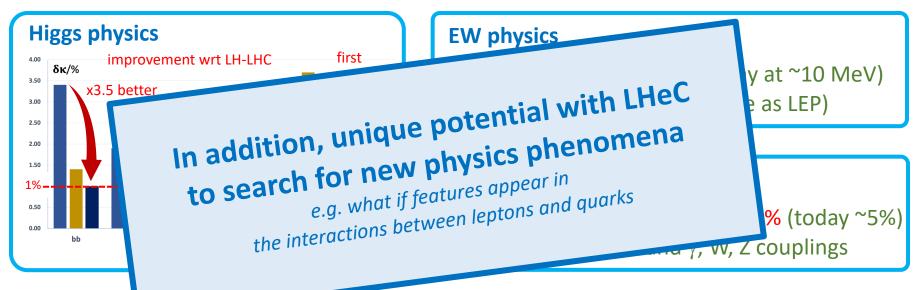
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#### **Strong interaction physics**

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on several fronts comparable improvements between LHC ightarrow HL-LHC as for HL-LHC ightarrow LHeC



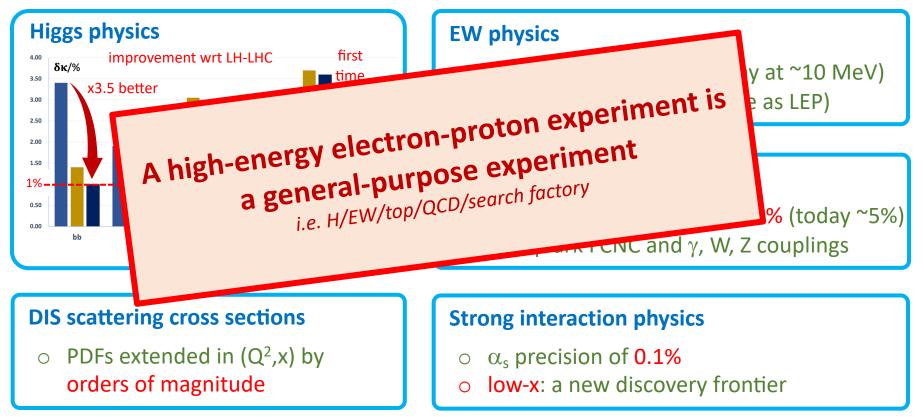
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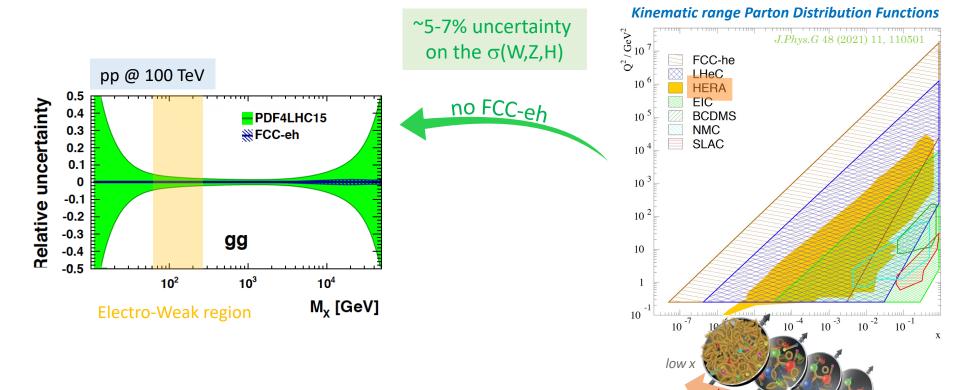
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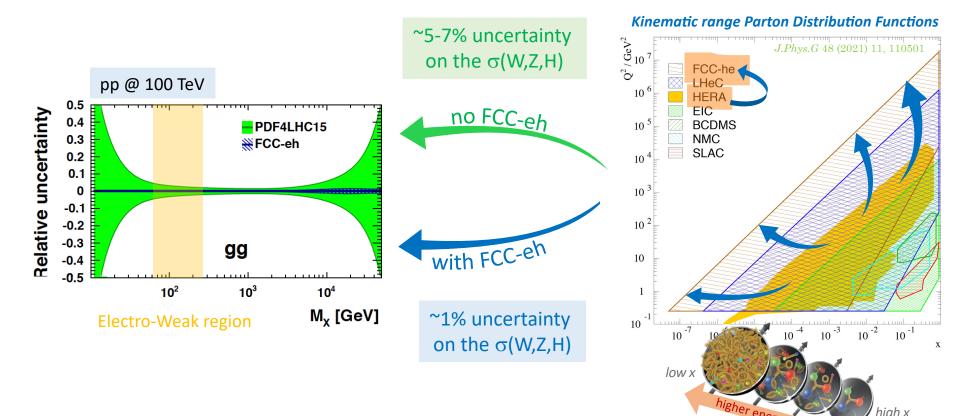
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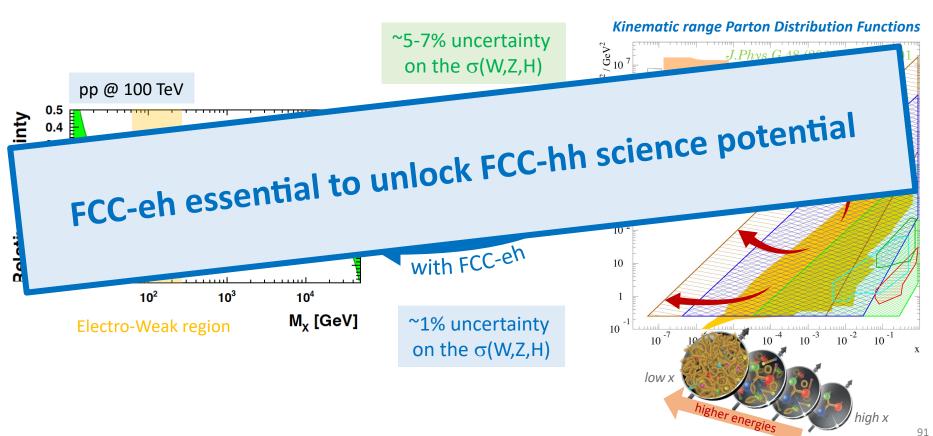
# Empowering the FCC-hh program with the FCC-eh



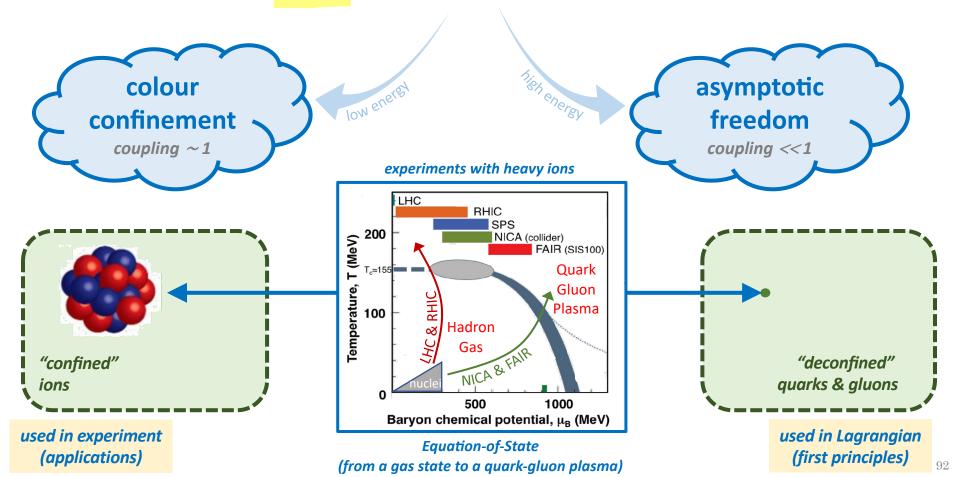
# Empowering the FCC-hh program with the FCC-eh



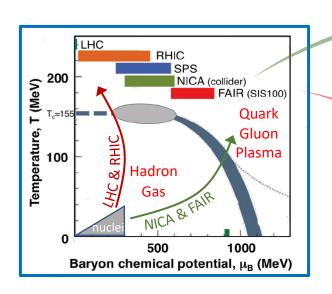
# Empowering the FCC-hh program with the FCC-eh



### Hadrons & Ions are made up of Quarks & Gluons



### Heavy Ion physics from RHIC & SPS to NICA & FAIR

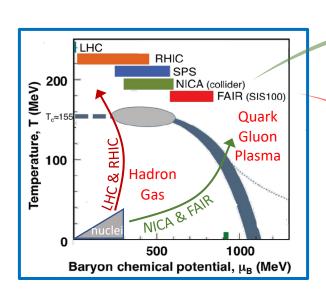








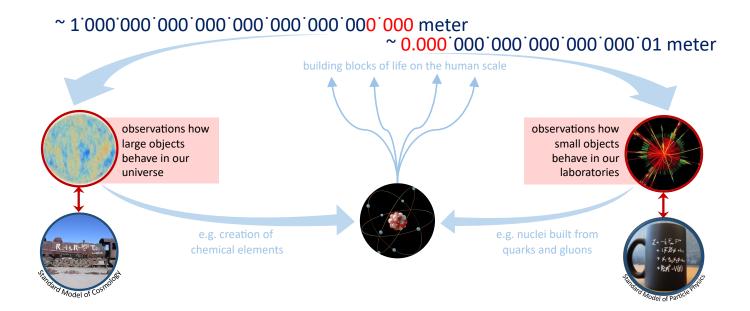
### Heavy Ion physics from RHIC & SPS to NICA & FAIR





- how matter and complexity emerge
- o evolution of our Universe
- origin of the chemical elements





# **Building the future together**

~ 1'000'000'000'000'000'000'000'000 meter ~ 0.000 000 000 000 000 000 01 meter building blocks of life on the human scale observations how observations how large objects small objects behave in our behave in our laboratories universe e.g. creation of e.g. nuclei built from quarks and gluons

With sustained capital investments in these future facilities, we know that we must discover new physics phenomena to add to our standard models. ... if not, we might have to revisit our theoretical frameworks and/or our basic principles.









Thank you for your attention!

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