

Galactic Centre - astrophysical foregrounds, DM distribution

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Big thanks to Jim Hinton, Julia Djuvsland





 Astrophysical foregrounds are a fascinating nuisance

 Our understanding of CRs, their sources and transport, is by no means complete

* Energetic particle transport can have a measurable impact on indirect DM detection efforts





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A brief multi-wavelength view of the Galactic Centre





Spectral index





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Spectral index

e of gamma ray bubble

Multi-wavelength view of GCR

Northern chimney

Ictic plane Sagittarius B2

Sagittarius B1

Sagittarius A'

e of gamma-ray bubble

Credit: Gabriele Ponti/MPE/INAF and Mark Morris/UCLA

lig

Excess relative to what?





Known sources

New sources, e.g., dark matter





Shunsaku Horiuchi (Virginia Tech

MAX-PLAN

Shunsaku's talk yesterday.

Dark matter implications

Perhaps we found a physically-motivated, better astrophysical model which provides a better explanation of the data than DM annhilation

Constrains thermal dark matter up to ~500 GeV



Impacts of background modeling

Shunsaku Horiuchi

- Impacts of background modeling







Spectral index











H.E.S.S. view of the inner 200 pc - A&A 2018

Removing point sources reveals a diffuse component closely correlated with gas distribution - hadronic origin preferred





Sources and Distribution of CRs in Galactic Centre





Galactic Sources of >TeV particles

- * Pulsars + their winds & nebulae (mostly e^{\pm})
- * Binary systems (massive stars, μ -quasars, etc.)
- * Nova & Supernova Remnants
- *Sgr A*
- * Massive Stellar Clusters / Superbubbles





Credit: NASA/CXC/UMass/D. Wang et al.





Gas correlation favours Hadronic origin of TeV emission

Profile suggests a central source of >> TeV CRs (possibly from Sgr A*?)

Can be used to place upper limit on the "effective" diffusion coefficient in the GCR

 $D_r(E) \ll Lc$







H.E.S.S. DM searches of course exclude this complicated region

But radial profiles still provide useful constraint on energetic (>TeV CR) transport in GCR.

Cuspy DM profiles help, but J-factors still unknown..







DM density inner slope of the MW is still unknown, although there are many efforts to estimate it...



The mean velocity and velocity dispersion maps from the best fit model.







Diffuse emission is consistent with a power law (harder than local CR spectrum)

No clear high-energy turnover.

Is Sgr A* feeding this emission?

Are there other unresolved candidate sources in GCR?





Tapping into the Gap potential



Steady gap profiles:

- Cross gap potential $\propto \dot{m}^{-1}$
- Gap Luminosity $\propto \dot{m}^{-0.6}$

PV cross gap potential possible at current accretion rate.



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Bottom line : steady models of Sgr A* predict narrow particle distributions in GCR! Observed spectrum however will depend on time history and subsequent transport





Magnetic fields and particle transport in the Galactic Centre

A digression into CR transport

We seek a better understanding of ~TeV particles' transport properties. What are the key length scales?

◆Galactic average (a la GALPROP) would suggest a mean free path

 $r_g \approx 10^{-4} \left(\frac{\langle B \rangle}{10 \ \mu G} \right) \left(\frac{E}{\text{TeV}} \right) \text{ pc}$

$$\lambda \approx 10 \left(\frac{E}{\text{TeV}}\right)^{1/3} \text{pc}$$

 $\lambda = 10^{3} r_{g}$

 \boldsymbol{B}_0

If this is indeed the case, particles will spiral around field lines to distances of 10s of pc. (But what do the field lines do?)

(Note, the outer scale of ISM turbulence is ≈ 100 pc. For GC radii, r < 100 pc, the field structure/statistics are very poorly constrained)



Magnetic Fields on galactic scales





Big uncertainties still exist in all aspects of galactic magnetic field

Magnetic fields in inner 200pc



Fields added component wise to match different observables



Guenduez et al (2020)



Fields added component wise to match different observables

Guenduez et al (2020)







How can this impact DM searches?

Indirect searches for DM in GCR Dark Matter annihilation

Prompt gamma rays



Appropriated from Martin Vollmann's talk yesterday

The role of "direct" and "delayed" leptonic products has been discussed, but a detailed treatment requires knowledge on electron transport in Central Galaxy (Lacroix et al. PRD '14)



Searching for WIMPs

* TeV mass WIMP still popular.





R. Leane, et al., arXiv:1805.10305

 Latest H.E.S.S. measurements constrain the velocityweighted annihilation cross section of Majorana WIMPs (for cuspy profiles)

A TeV WIMP puts e^{\pm} products in an interesting energy range for γ -ray instruments

e^{\pm} cooling times in inner Galaxy



Here we exploit the limits on diffusion from γ -ray observations $D \sim D_{ISM}/10$

- $t_{\rm cool} \approx t_{\rm diff} / 10 \propto D^{-1}$
- Key point: *Electrons cool in-situ*
- IC emission from pairs produced as products of DM annihilation

Photon targets from Popescu et al (2017) Fields from Jansson & Farrar (2012)



Julia's poster on Monday - Djuvsland et al. (To be submitted)

Direct vs delayed photon spectrum



Direct photons and pairs taken from DM Cook-book (Cirelli et al. JCAP 2011)

IC emission from GAMERA[†] library



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[†] github.com/libgamera/GAMERA/



Prospects for signals from 3 TeV WIMP





A more sophisticated multi-dimensional model needed for template But a clear impact for Fermi DM searches is evident

Take Home Messages

- * Astrophysical foreground is important
 - * CTA/SWGO will improve on current limits of TeV DM WIMP
- Our understanding of CRs, their sources and transport, is incomplete
 - Improved theoretical input much needed
- Energetic particle transport plays an important role
 - Delayed emission provides a novel approach to improve sensitivity







Thank you



