

# MasterCode: Status and Prospects

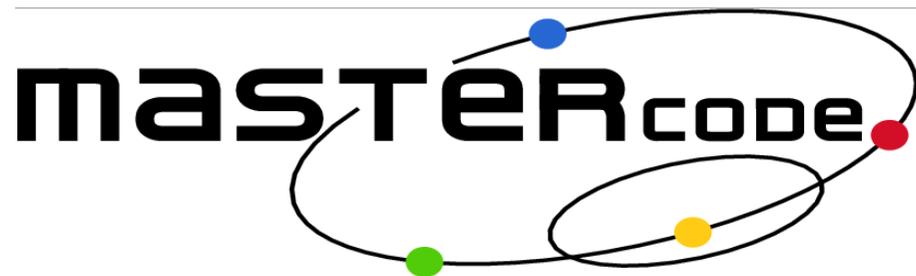
*Sven Heinemeyer, IFCA (CSIC, Santander)*

CERN, 02/2011

based on collaboration with

*O. Buchmüller, R. Cavanaugh, D. Colling, A. De Roeck, M. Dolan, J. Ellis,  
H. Flücher, G. Isidori, K. Olive, S. Rogerson, F. Ronga, G. Weiglein*

1. Introduction
2. Codes and predictions
3. Models & Methods
4. Predictions for the LHC
5. Prospects
6. Conclusions



# 1. Introduction

Global fit to all SM data:

[LEPEWWG '10]

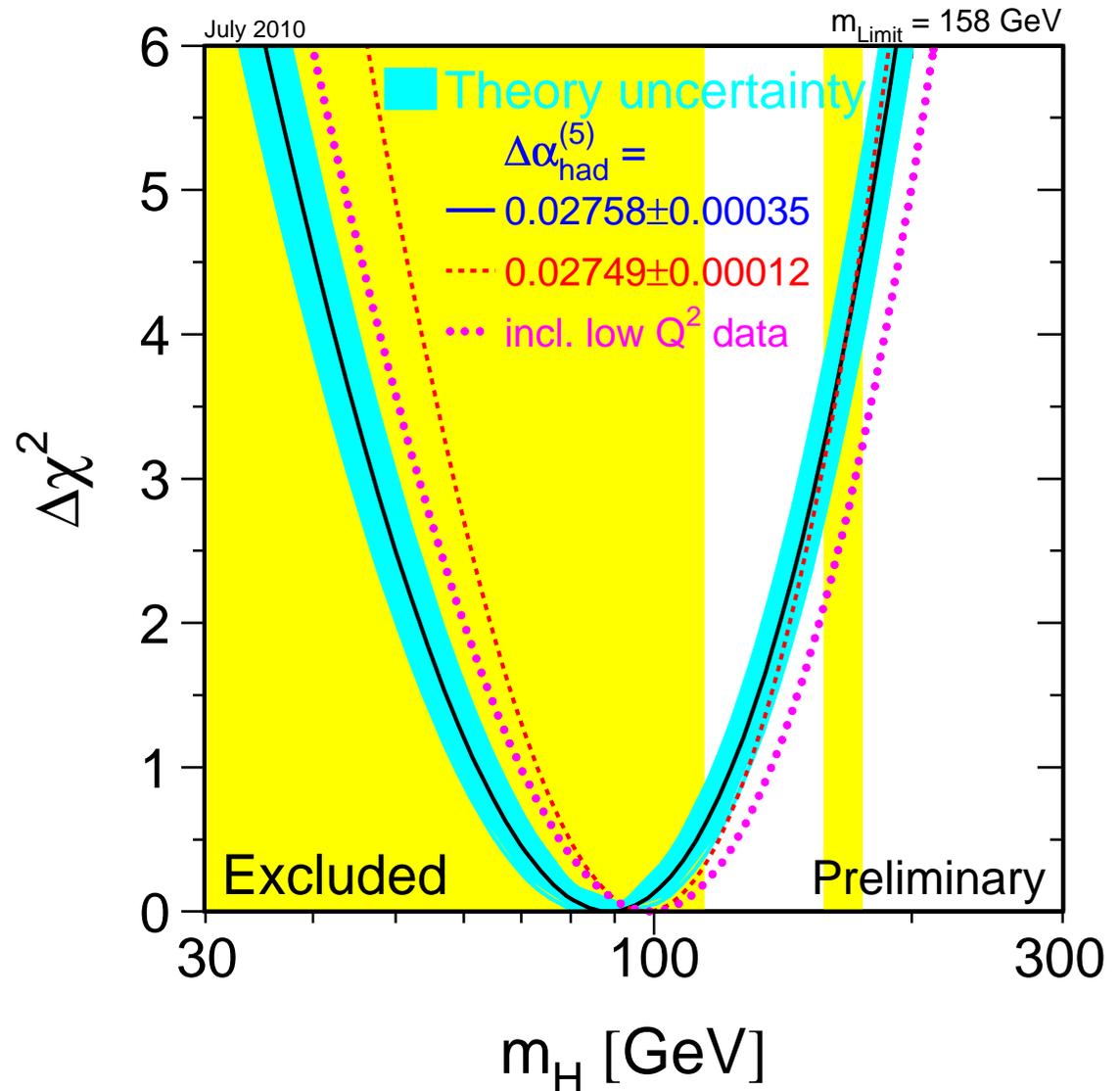
$$\Rightarrow M_H = 89^{+35}_{-26} \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_H < 158 \text{ GeV, 95\% C.L.}$$

Assumption for the fit:

SM incl. Higgs boson

$\Rightarrow$  no confirmation of Higgs mechanism



Global fit to all SM data incl. direct searches:

[GFitter '10]

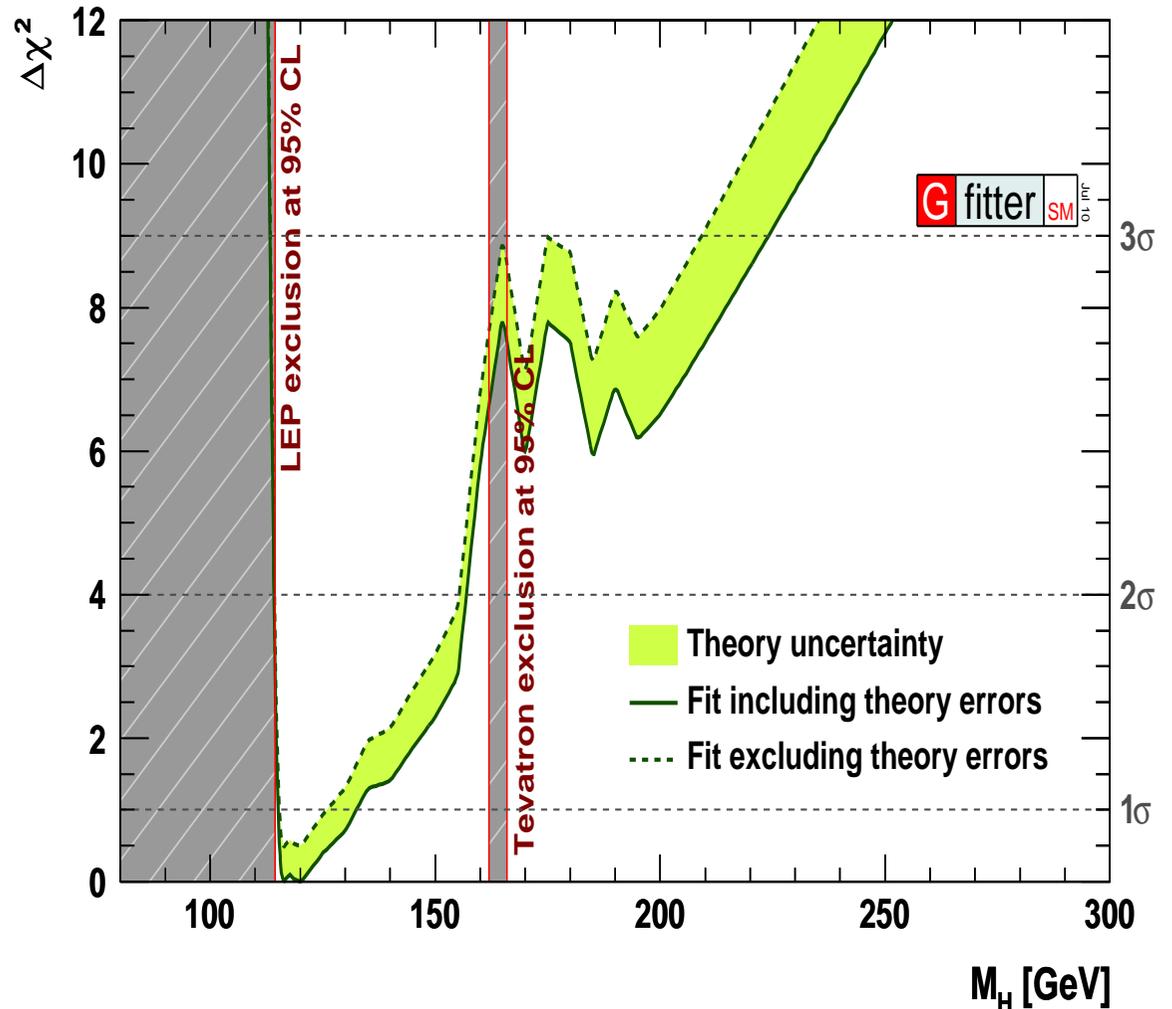
$$\Rightarrow M_H = 119.1_{4.0}^{+13.5} \text{ GeV}$$

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Assumption for the fit:

SM incl. Higgs boson

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## Main idea of the MasterCode: do “the same” in Supersymmetry!

Combine all existing precision data:

- Electroweak precision observables (EWPO)
- $B$  physics observables (BPO)
- Cold dark matter (CDM)
- ...

Predict:

- best-fit points
- ranges for Higgs masses
- ranges for SM parameters
- ranges for SUSY masses  $\Rightarrow$  LHC reach

## 2. Codes and predictions

Our tool:

### The “MasterCode”



⇒ collaborative effort of theorists and experimentalists

[*O. Buchmüller, R. Cavanaugh, D. Colling, A. De Roeck, M. Dolan, J. Ellis, H. Flücher, S.H., G. Isidori, K. Olive, S. Rogerson, F. Ronga, G. Weiglein*]

Über-code for the combination of different tools:

- Über-code original in Fortran, now re-written in C++
- tools are included as **subroutines**
- **compatibility** ensured by collaboration of authors of “MasterCode” and authors of “sub tools” **/SLHA(2)**
- sub-codes in Fortran or C++

⇒ evaluate observables of one parameter point consistently with various tools

[cern.ch/mastercode](http://cern.ch/mastercode)

## Status of the “MasterCode”:

- one model: (MFV) MSSM (see next section)
- tools included:
  - *B*-physics observables [*SuFla*]
  - more *B*-physics observables [*SuperIso*]
  - Higgs related observables,  $(g - 2)_\mu$  [*FeynHiggs*]
  - Electroweak precision observables [*FeynWZ*]
  - Dark Matter observables [*MicrOMEGAs*, *DarkSUSY*]
  - for GUT scale models: RGE running [*SoftSusy*]
- ⇒ all most-up-to-date codes on the market!
- added:  $\chi^2$  analysis code [*Minuit*]
- currently being implemented:
  - Higgs constraints (for  $\chi^2$  contributions . . .) [*HiggsBounds*]
- planned: inclusion of more tools / more models

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⇒ crucial for precision!

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## (Some) Electroweak precision observables in the MasterCode

(→ as for blue band analysis, except  $\Gamma_W$ )

1.  $M_W$  (LEP/Tevatron)

2.  $A_{LR}^e$  (SLD)

3.  $A_{FB}^b$  (LEP)

4.  $A_{FB}^c$  (LEP)

5.  $A_{FB}^l$

6.  $A_b, A_c$

7.  $R_b, R_c$

8.  $\sigma_{\text{had}}^0$

⇒ largest impact: (1), (2), (3)

## (Some) $B/K$ physics observables in the MasterCode

1.  $\text{BR}(b \rightarrow s\gamma)$  (MSSM/SM)
2.  $\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$
3.  $\Delta M_s$
4.  $R(\Delta M_s/\Delta M_d)$
5.  $\text{BR}(B_u \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau)$  (MSSM/SM)
6.  $\text{BR}(B \rightarrow X_x\ell^+\ell^-)$
7.  $\text{BR}(K \rightarrow \ell\nu)$  (MSSM/SM)
8.  $\text{BR}(\Delta M_K)$  (MSSM/SM)

$\Rightarrow$  largest impact: (1) and (2)

## Further low-energy observables

- anomalous magnetic moment of the muon:  $(g - 2)_\mu$

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- lightest Higgs mass:  $M_h$
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- CDM density:  $\Omega_\chi h^2$
- Direct detection cross section:  $\sigma_p^{\text{SI}}$  (prediction; not incl. in the fit yet)

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## SM parameters

- top mass:  $m_t$
- $Z$  boson mass:  $M_Z$
- hadronic contribution to fine structure constant:  $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}$

### 3. Models & methods

Indirect constraints on  $M_{\text{SUSY}}$  from existing data?

- Electroweak precision observables (EWPO) ?
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⇒ combination of EWPO, BPO, CDM ?

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EWPO  $M_W$  : information on  $m_{\tilde{t}}$ ,  $m_{\tilde{b}}$  or  $M_A$ ,  $\tan \beta$  or ...

EWPO  $(g-2)_\mu$  : information on  $\tan \beta$  and/or  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_0^0}$ ,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}^\pm}$  and/or  $m_{\tilde{\mu}}$ ,  $m_{\tilde{\nu}_\mu}$

BPO  $\text{BR}(b \rightarrow s\gamma)$  : information on  $\tan \beta$  and/or  $M_{H^\pm}$  and/or  $m_{\tilde{t}}$ ,  $m_{\tilde{\chi}^\pm}$

CDM (LSP gives CDM) : information on  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  and  $m_{\tilde{\tau}}$  or  $M_A$  or ...

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CDM (LSP gives CDM) : information on  $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$  and  $m_{\tilde{\tau}}$  or  $M_A$  or ...

⇒ combination (so far) makes only sense if all parameters are connected!

⇒ GUT based models, ...

## In general:

The **MasterCode** can perform fits in the (MFV) MSSM

(ready for NMFV MSSM: [*FeynHiggs*, *SuFla*] )

## However:

Concentrating on **existing experimental data** fits make sense only in **GUT** based models:

- CMSSM
- NUHM1, NUHM2
- mSUGRA
- VCMSSM
- ...

## The models: 1.) CMSSM (or mSUGRA):

⇒ Scenario characterized by

$$m_0, m_{1/2}, A_0, \tan \beta, \text{sign } \mu$$

$m_0$  : universal scalar mass parameter

$m_{1/2}$  : universal gaugino mass parameter

$A_0$  : universal trilinear coupling

$\tan \beta$  : ratio of Higgs vacuum expectation values

$\text{sign}(\mu)$  : sign of supersymmetric Higgs parameter

} at the GUT scale

⇒ particle spectra from renormalization group running to weak scale

The models: 2.) NUHM1: (Non-universal Higgs mass model)

**Assumption:** no unification of scalar fermion and scalar Higgs parameter at the GUT scale

⇒ effectively  $M_A$  or  $\mu$  as free parameters at the EW scale

⇒ besides the CMSSM parameters

$M_A$  or  $\mu$

Further extension: NUHM2:

**Assumption:** no unification of the Higgs parameters at the GUT scale

⇒ effectively  $M_A$  and  $\mu$  as free parameters at the EW scale

⇒ besides the CMSSM parameters

$M_A$  and  $\mu$

### The models: 3.) VCMSSM: (Very Constrained MSSM)

⇒ In addition to CMSSM: assume relation between  $A_0$  and  $m_0$ :

$$A_0 = m_0 + B_0$$

$\tan \beta$  fixed (e.g. via CDM constraint)

Free parameters:  $m_{1/2}$ ,  $A_0$ ,  $m_0$

Lightest SUSY particle (LSP) is the lightest neutralino

### The models: 4.) mSUGRA: (Gravitino DM in mSUGRA)

⇒ In addition to CMSSM: assume relation between  $A_0$  and  $m_0$ :

$$A_0 = m_0 + B_0$$

mSUGRA:  $m_{\text{gravitino}} = m_0 \Rightarrow$  gravitino can be the LSP

Free parameters:  $m_{1/2}$ ,  $A_0$ ,  $m_0$

Lightest SUSY particle (LSP) is the gravitino

## Different methods:

### 1.) Scanning:

- 3-dim scans (possibly with CDM fixing one dimension)
  - multi-dim scans
  - multi-dim scans (with Markov Chain Monte Carlo technique)
- ⇒ MasterCode: multi-dim scans with MCMC technique

### 2.) Fitting:

- Frequentist
- Bayesian

⇒ MasterCode: Frequentist

⇒  $\chi^2$  function to include all experimental results

### 3.) Priors ... (none)

## $\chi^2$ calculation:

→ global  $\chi^2$  likelihood function

combines all theoretical predictions with experimental constraints:

$$\chi^2 = \sum_i^N \frac{(C_i - P_i)^2}{\sigma(C_i)^2 + \sigma(P_i)^2} + \sum_i^M \frac{(f_{SM_i}^{\text{obs}} - f_{SM_i}^{\text{fit}})^2}{\sigma(f_{SM_i})^2}$$

$N$ : number of observables studied

$M$ : SM parameters:  $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}, m_t, M_Z$

$C_i$ : experimentally measured value (constraint)

$P_i$ : MSSM parameter-dependent prediction for the corresponding constraint

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What to do if only a lower/upper bound exists?

→ especially important:  $M_h$

→ see the back-up

## 4. Predictions for the LHC

- combine all electroweak precision data as in the SM
- combine with  $B$  physics observables
- combine with CDM and  $(g - 2)_\mu$
- include SM parameters with their errors:  $m_t$ ,  $M_Z$ ,  $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}$

⇒  $\chi^2$  function

→ scan over the full CMSSM/NUHM1/VCMSSM/mSUGRA parameter space

~  $2.5 \cdot 10^7$  points samples with MCMC

statistical measure:  $\chi^2$  function (Frequentist, no priors)

→ final minimum: Minuit

$\Delta\chi^2$ : 68, 95% C.L. contours

⇒ preferred CMSSM/NUHM1 parameters

⇒ LHC reach

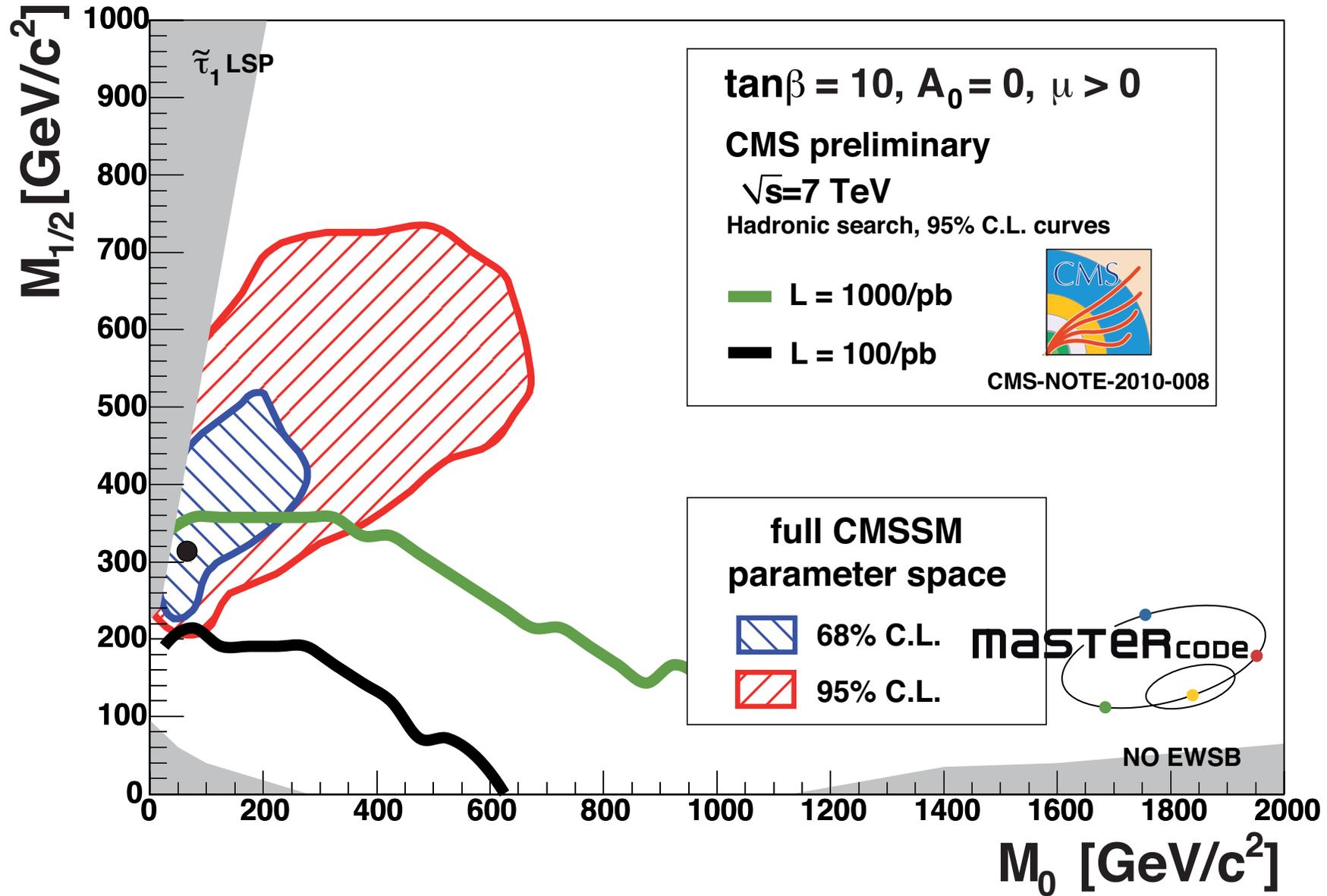
## Best-fit points:

[2010]

Model	Min. $\chi^2$	Probability	$m_{1/2}$	$m_0$	$A_0$	$\tan \beta$	$M_h$
mSUGRA	29.3	6.0%	550	230	430	28	
	33.2	2.2%	130	2110	980	7	
VMSSM	22.5	31%	300	60	30	9	109
CMSSM	22.4	26%	330	70	-260	11	106
NUHM1	19.7	29%	260	100	9300	7	120

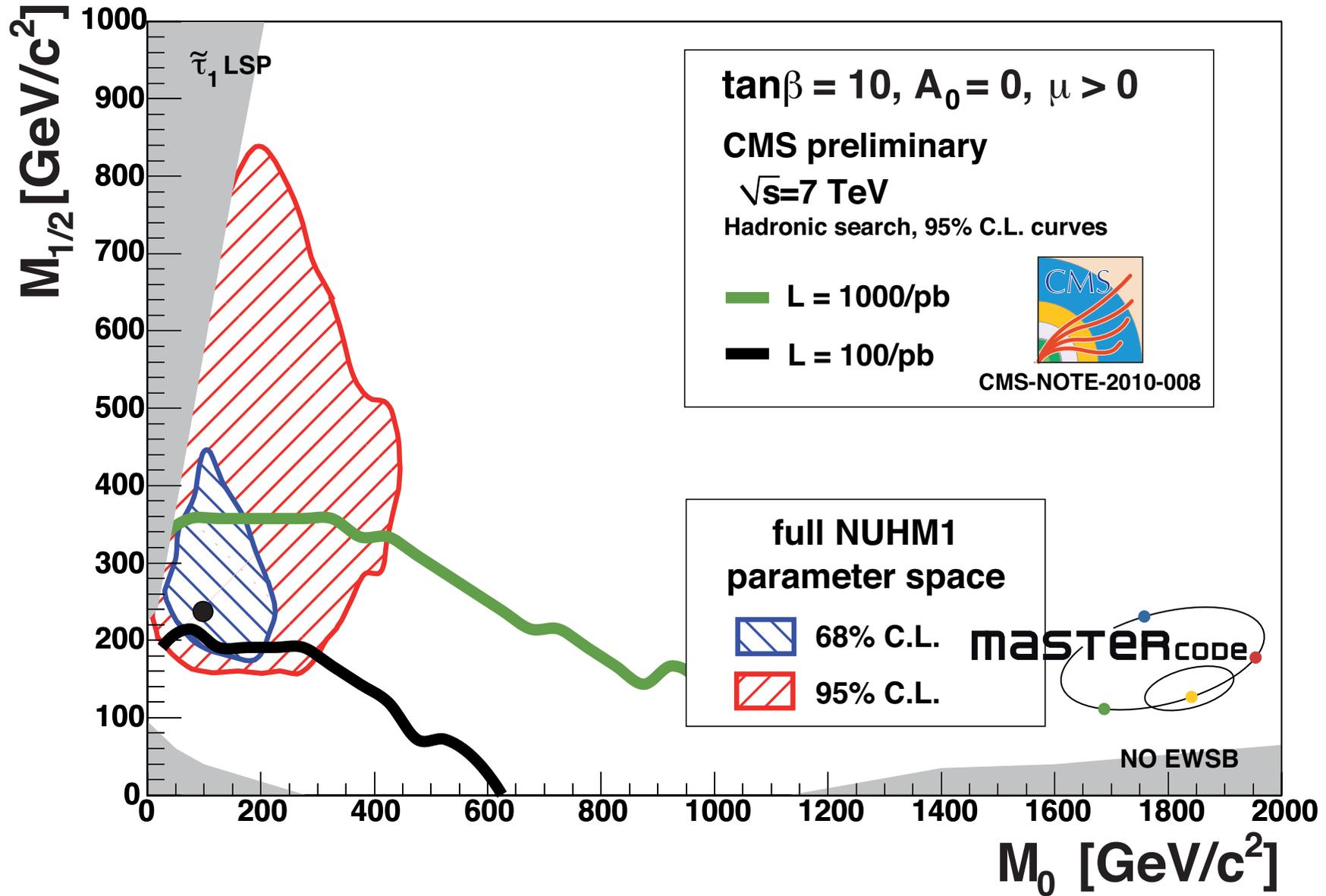
- VMSSM, CMSSM, NUHM1 have similar high probabilities
- $M_h$  does not include direct LEP constraints  
 $\Rightarrow$  no severe tension between the models and LEP bound

# LHC (CMS) $\oplus$ CMSSM analysis:



⇒ best-fit point and part of 68% C.L. are can be tested in 2011

# LHC (CMS) $\oplus$ NUHM1 analysis:

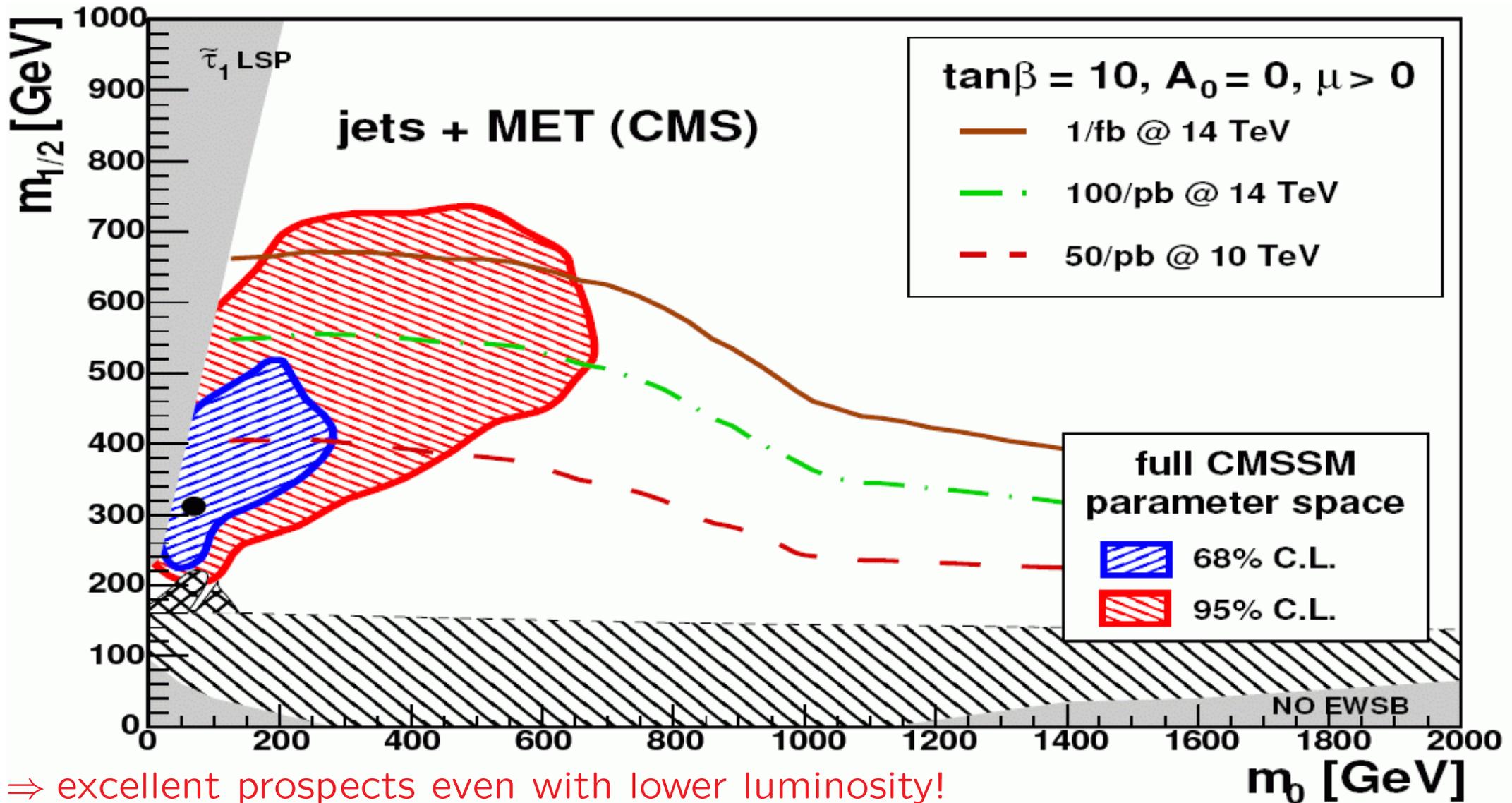


$\Rightarrow$  best-fit point and part of 68% C.L. are can be tested in 2011

# LHC (CMS) $\oplus$ CMSSM analysis:

[CMS '07]

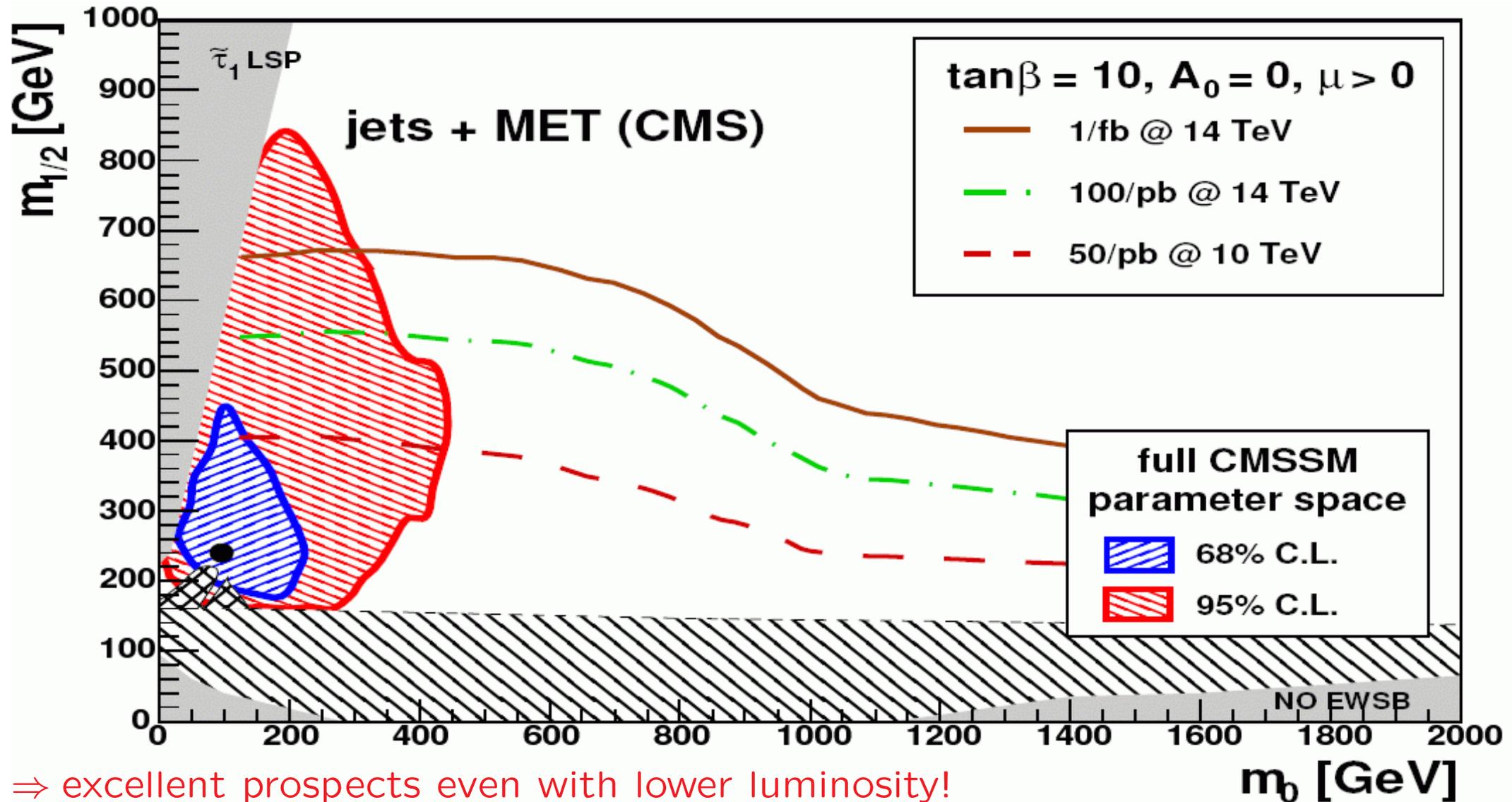
[2008]



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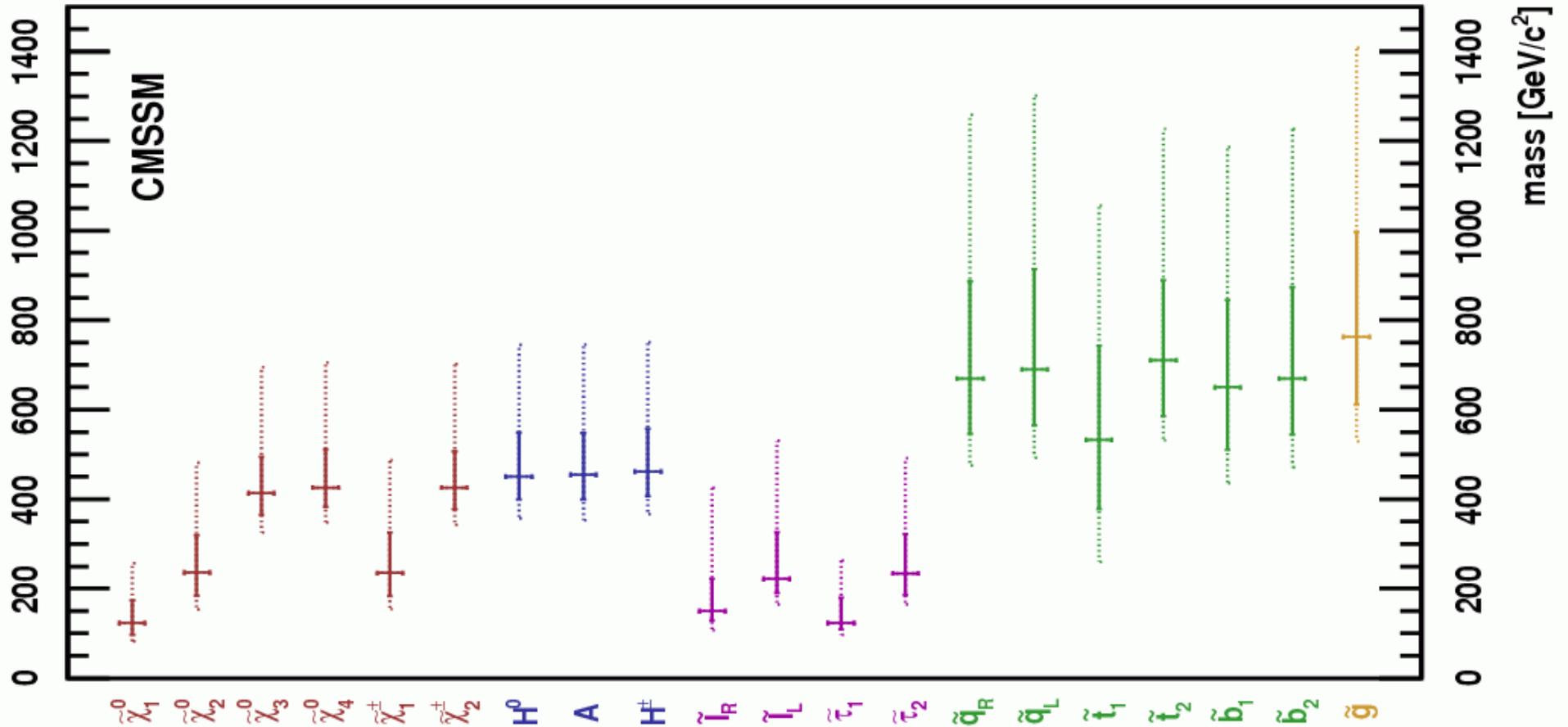
[2008]



$\Rightarrow$  excellent prospects even with lower luminosity!

# Masses for best-fit points: CMSSM

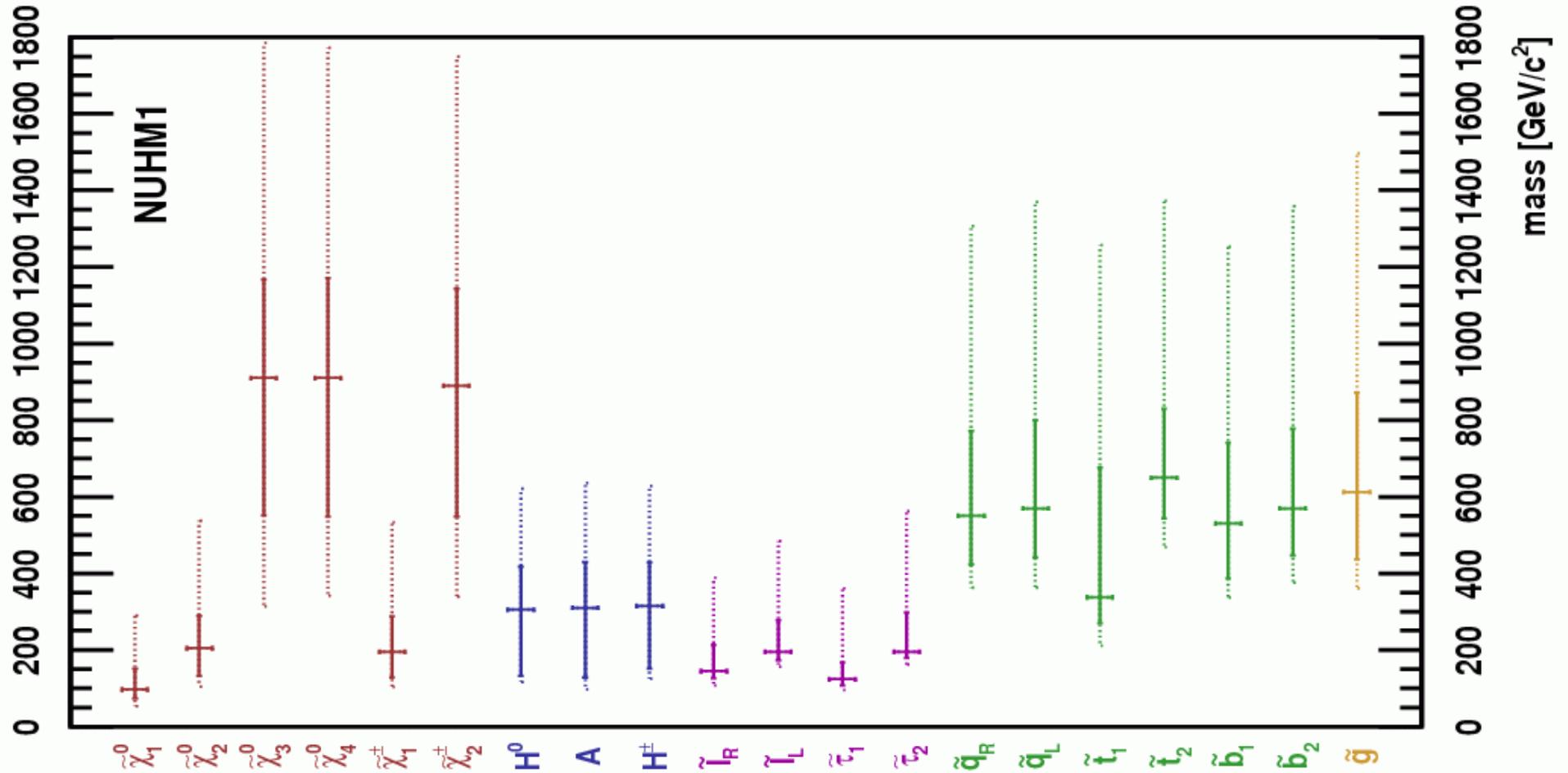
[2009]



⇒ largely accessible spectrum for LHC and ILC

# Masses for best-fit points: NUHM1

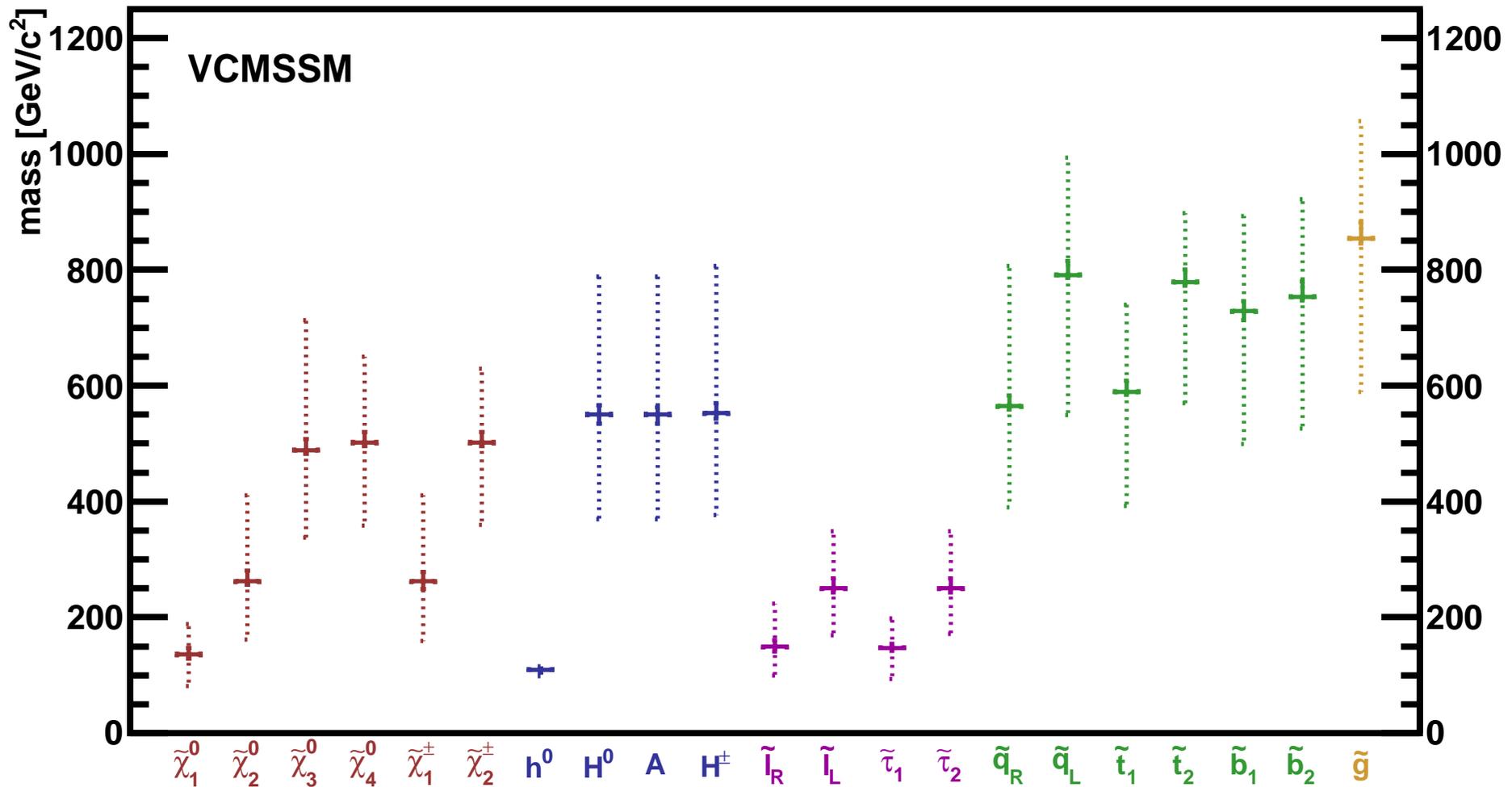
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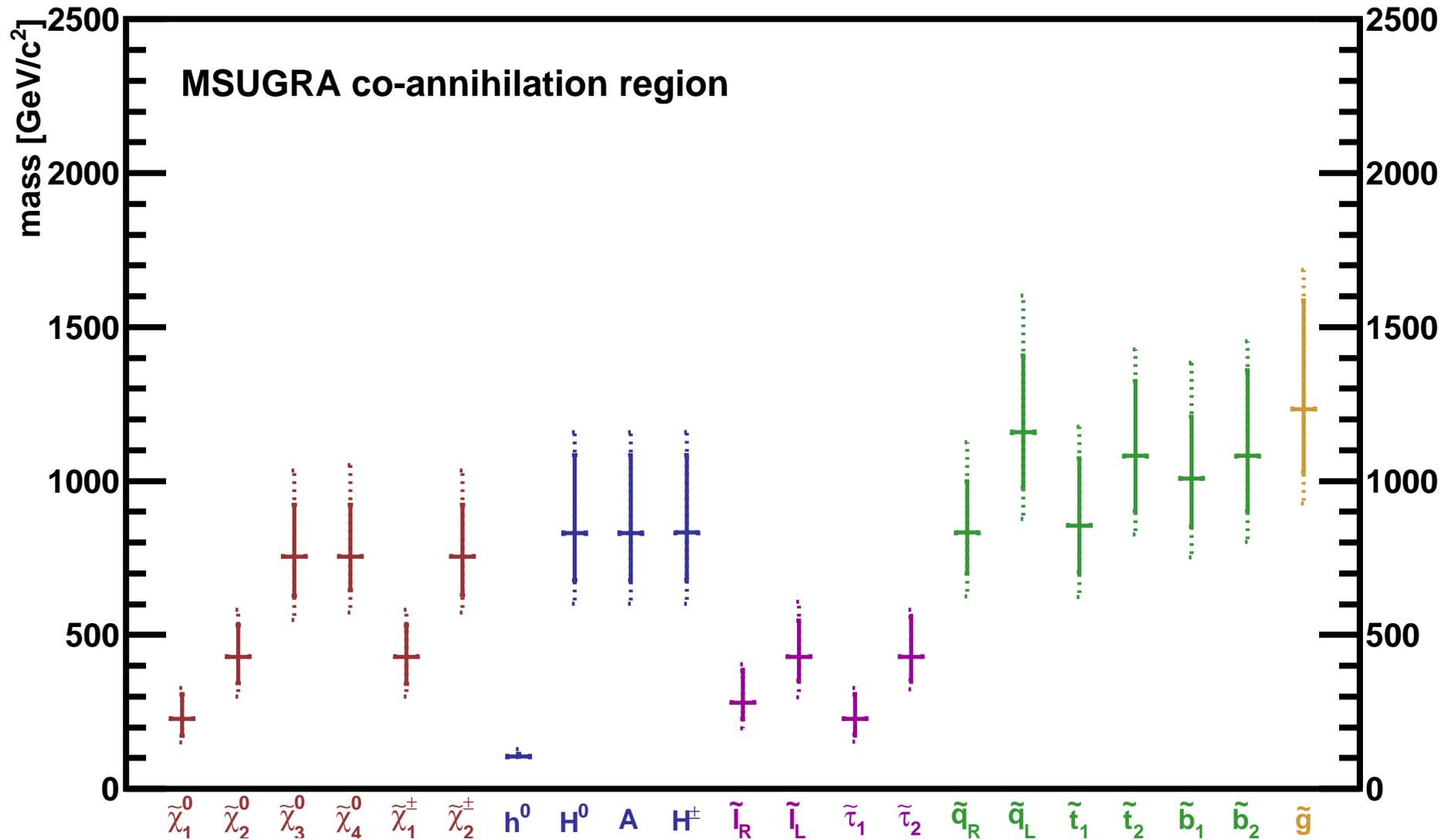
⇒ largely accessible spectrum for LHC and ILC

# Masses for best-fit points: VCMSSM

[2010]



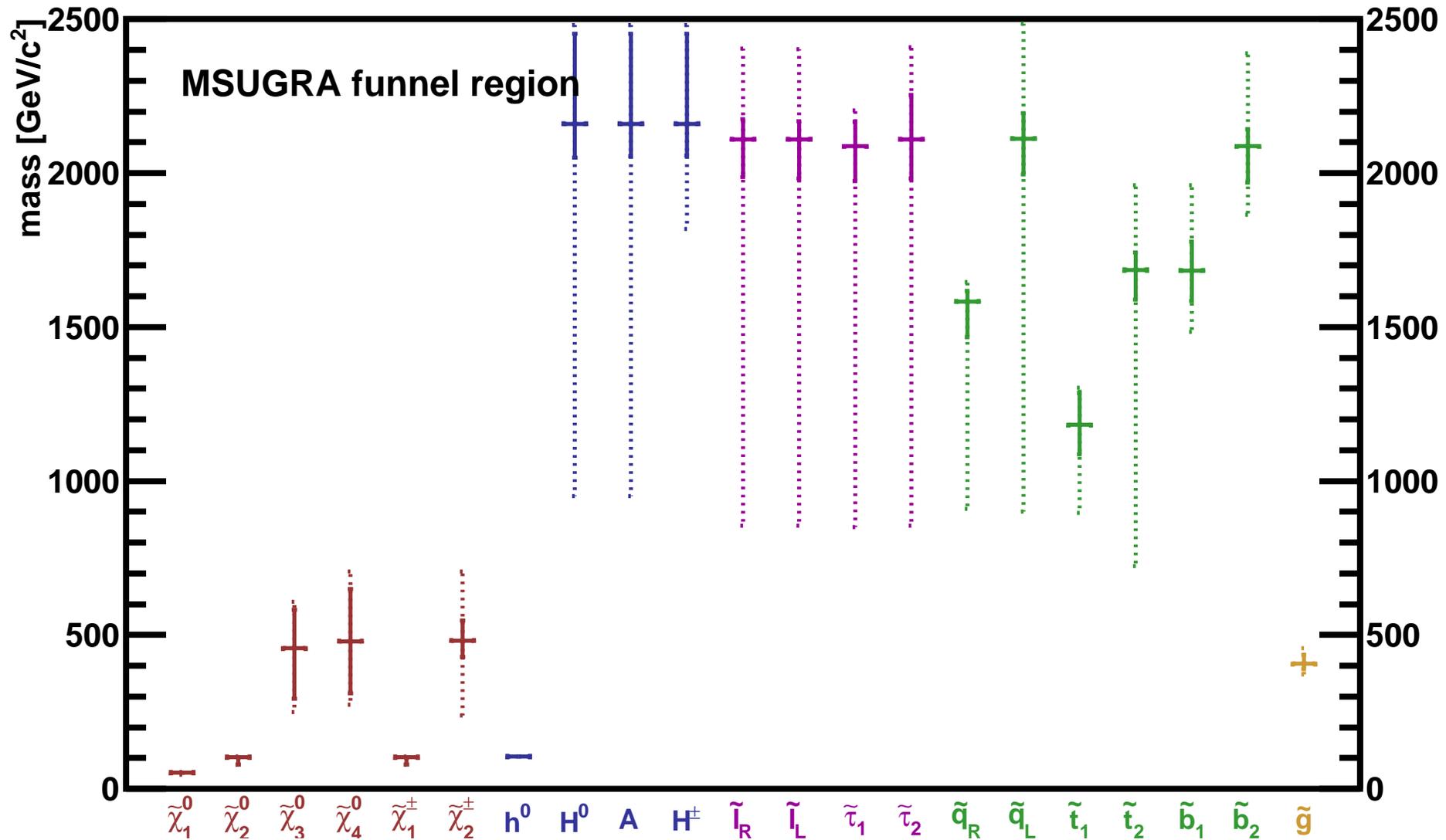
⇒ largely accessible spectrum for LHC and ILC



⇒ largely accessible spectrum for LHC and ILC

# Masses for best-fit points: mSUGRA (funnel region)

[2010]

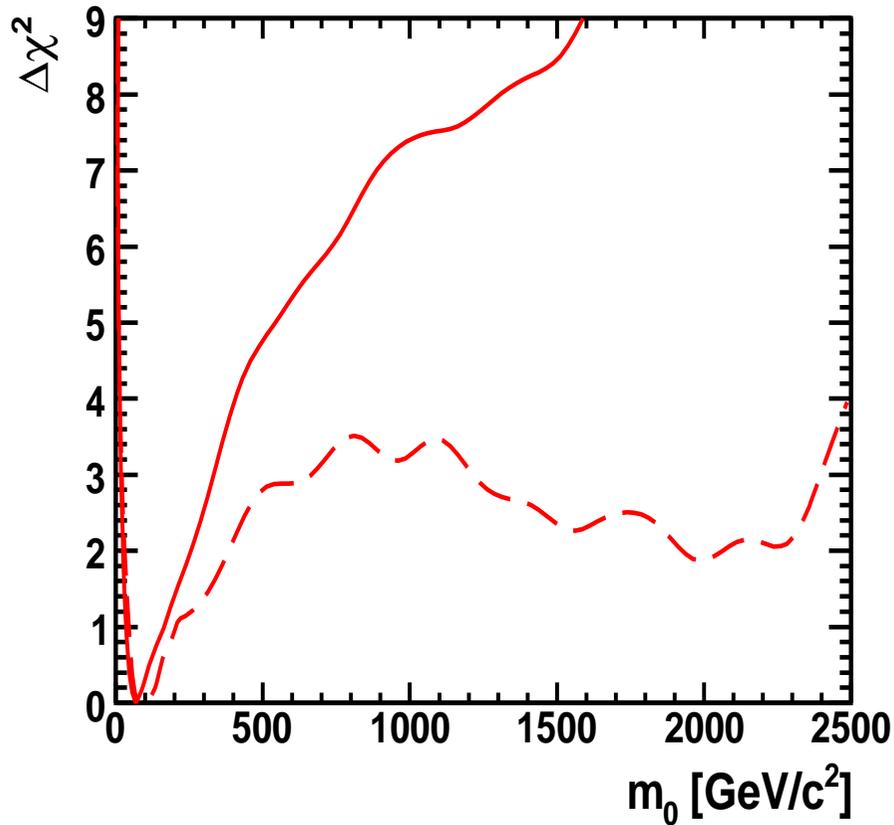


⇒ possibly much more difficult for the LHC (but high  $\chi^2$ !)

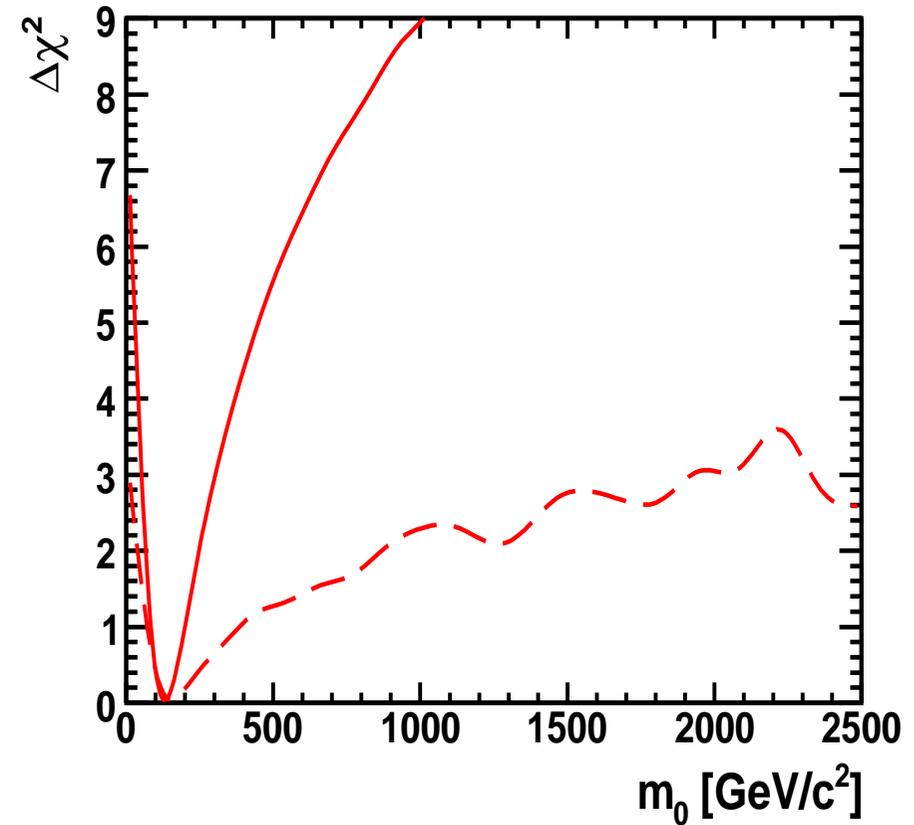
Relevance of  $(g - 2)_\mu$ :  $m_0$  with and without:

[2009]

CMSSM

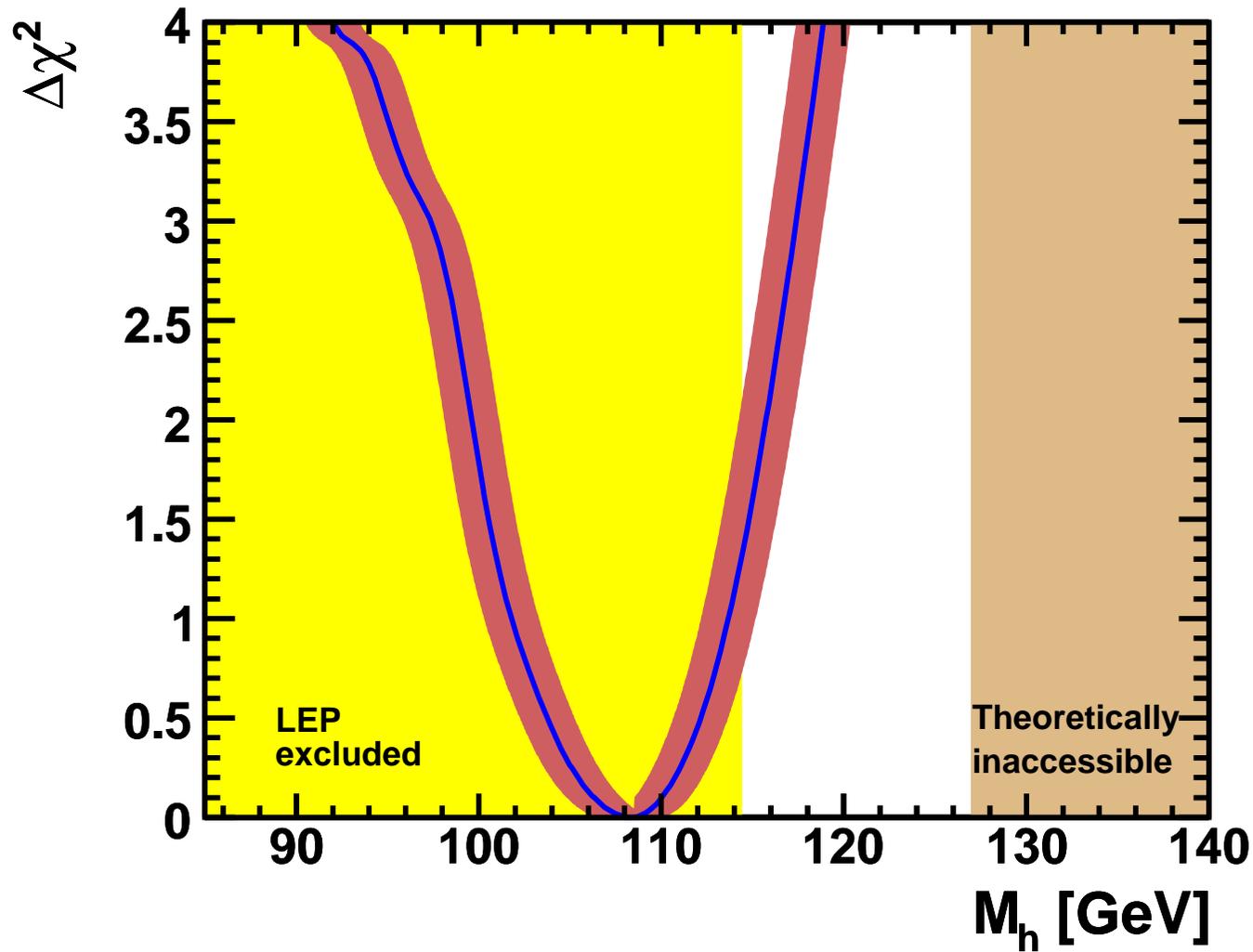


NUHM1



⇒ same minimum, but much more shallow

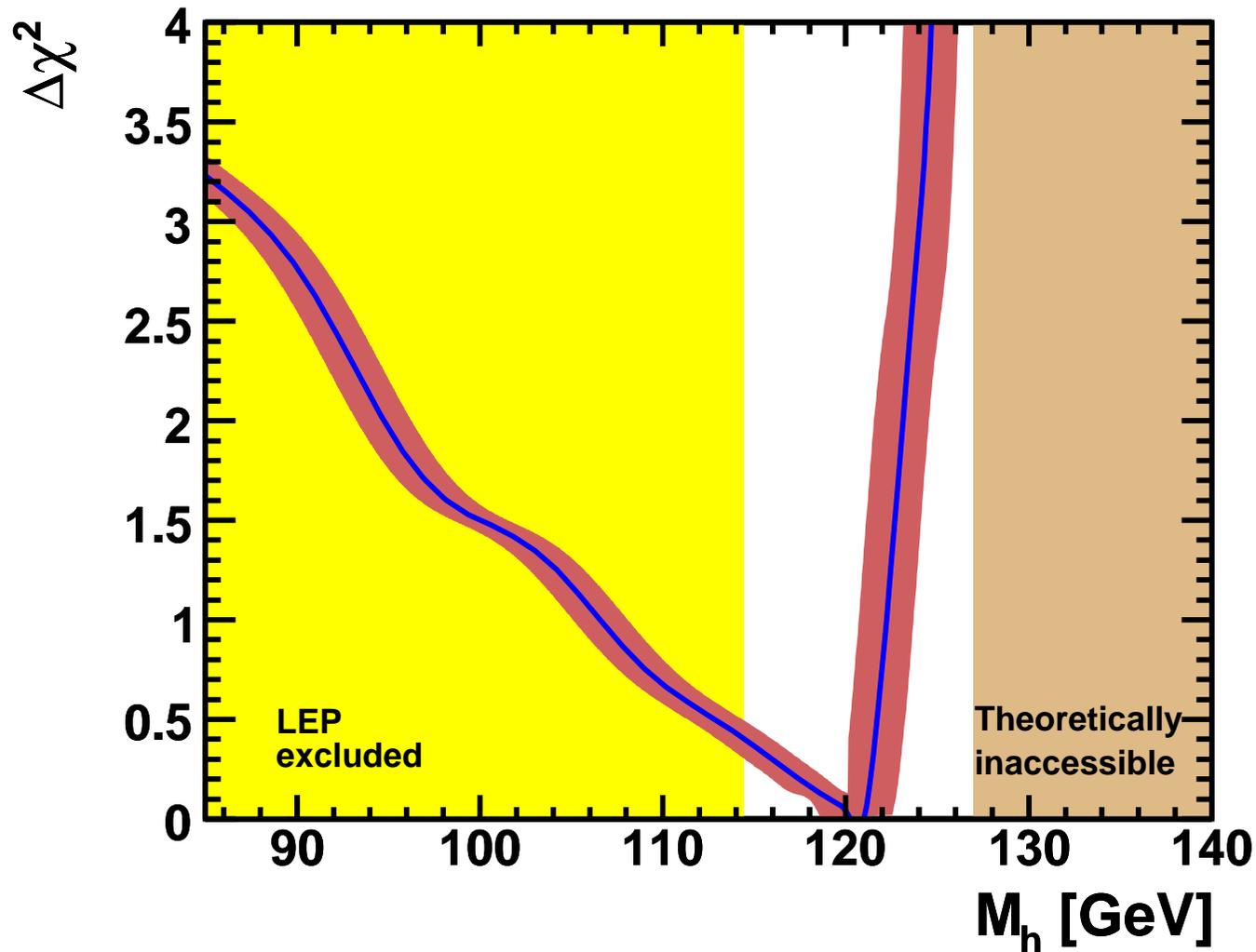
CMSSM: red band plot: (LEP bounds not included!)



$$M_h = 109 \pm 6 \text{ (exp)} \pm 1.5 \text{ (theo)} \text{ GeV}$$

NUHM1: red band plot: (LEP bounds not included!)

[2009]

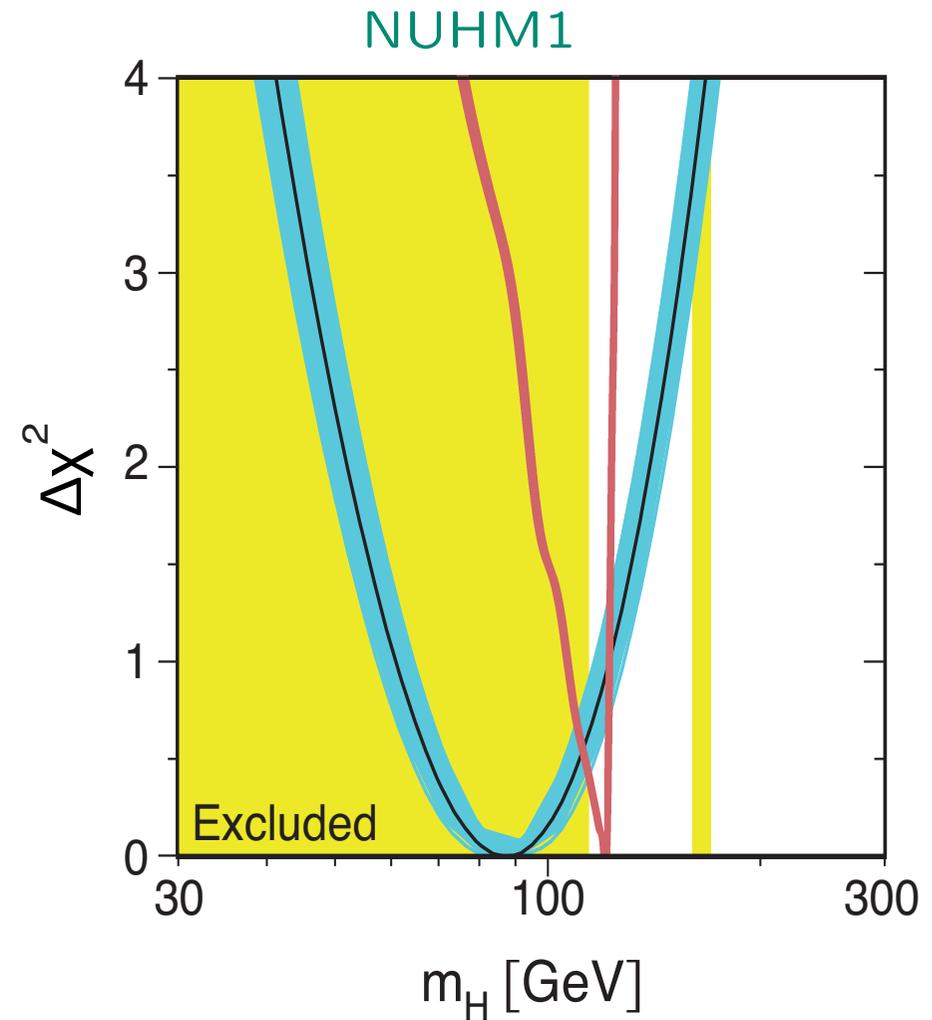
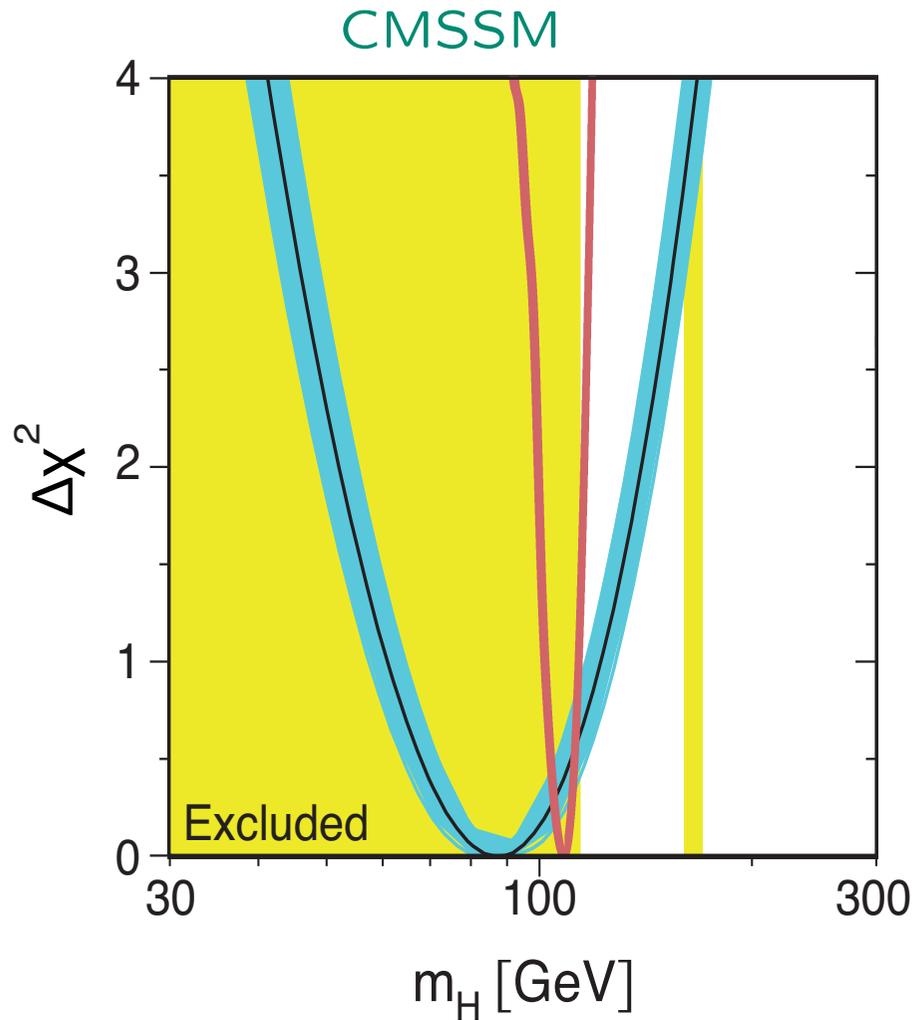


$$M_h = 121_{-14}^{+1} (\text{exp}) \pm 1.5 (\text{theo}) \text{ GeV}$$

⇒ naturally above LEP limit

Prediction of  $M_H^{\text{SM}}$  (blue band) and  $M_h$  in the MSSM (red band):

[2009]



$$M_h^{\text{CMSSM}} = 109.5 \pm 6 \pm 1.5 \text{ GeV}$$

⇒ as good as the SM

$$M_h^{\text{NUHM1}} = 121_{-14}^{+1} \pm 1.5 \text{ GeV}$$

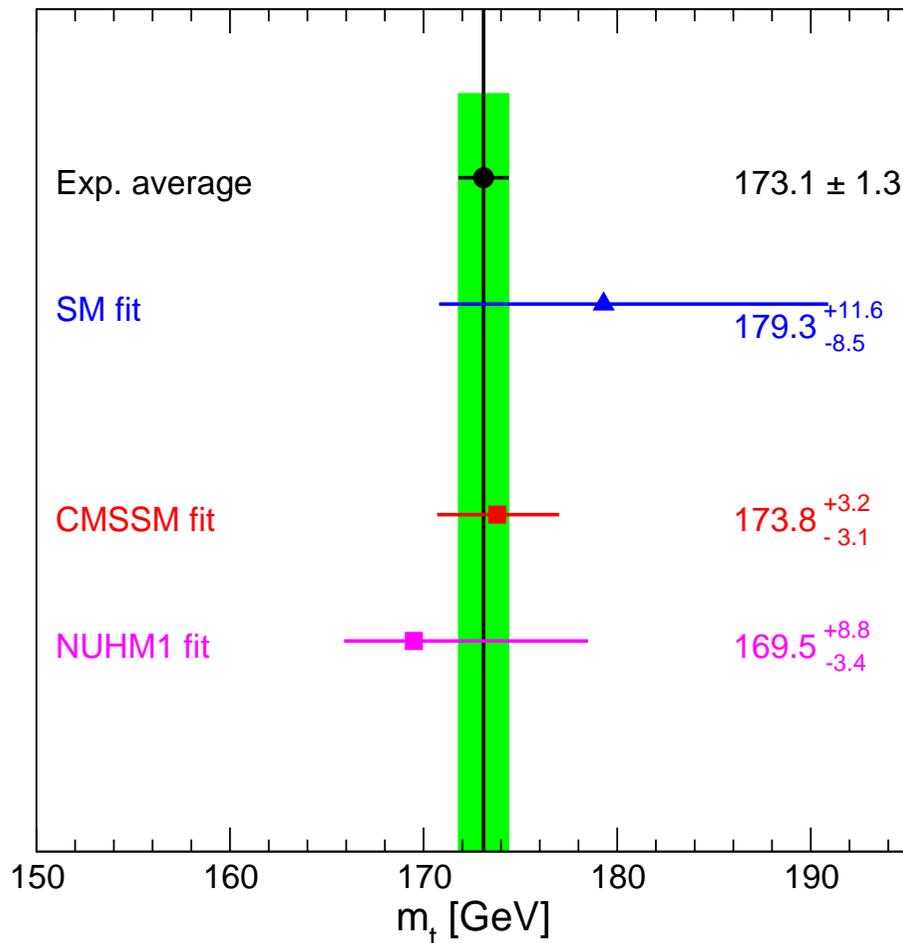
⇒ above the LEP limit

$M_W$  fit:  $M_W$  not included,  $m_t$  fit:  $m_t$  not included

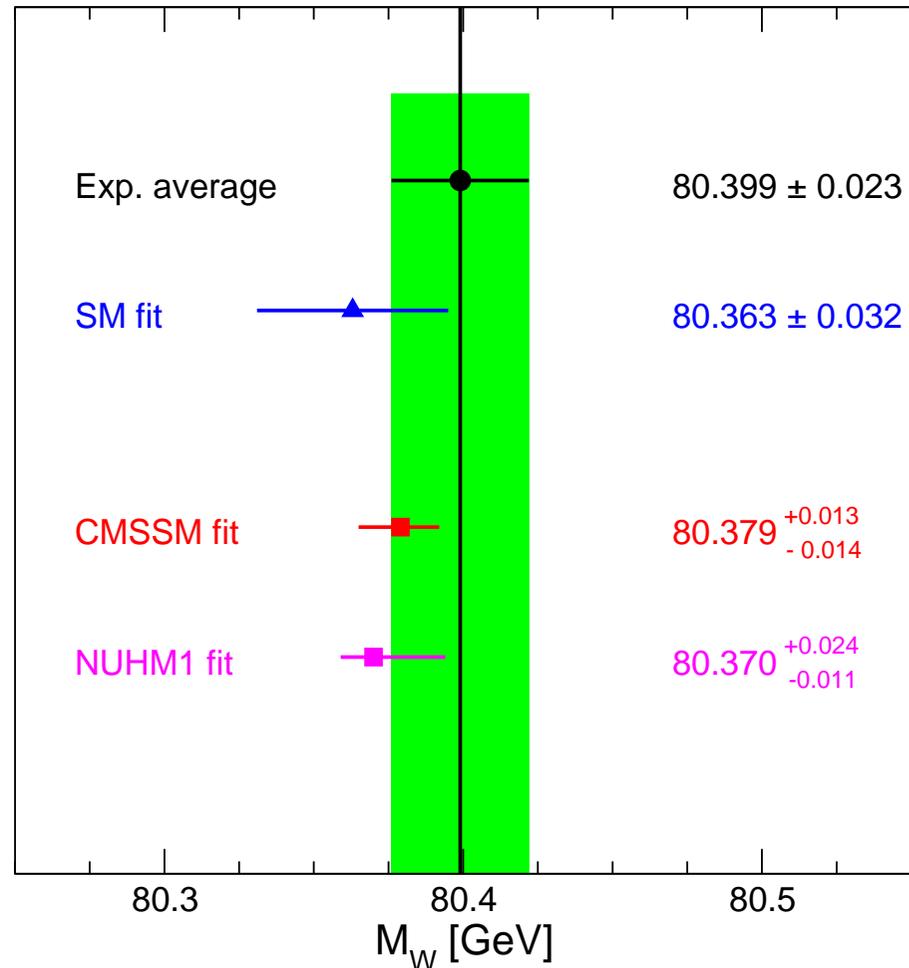
(SM fit:  $M_H$  not included – CMSSM/NUHM1 fit:  $M_h$  included)

[2009]

Top-Quark Mass [GeV]



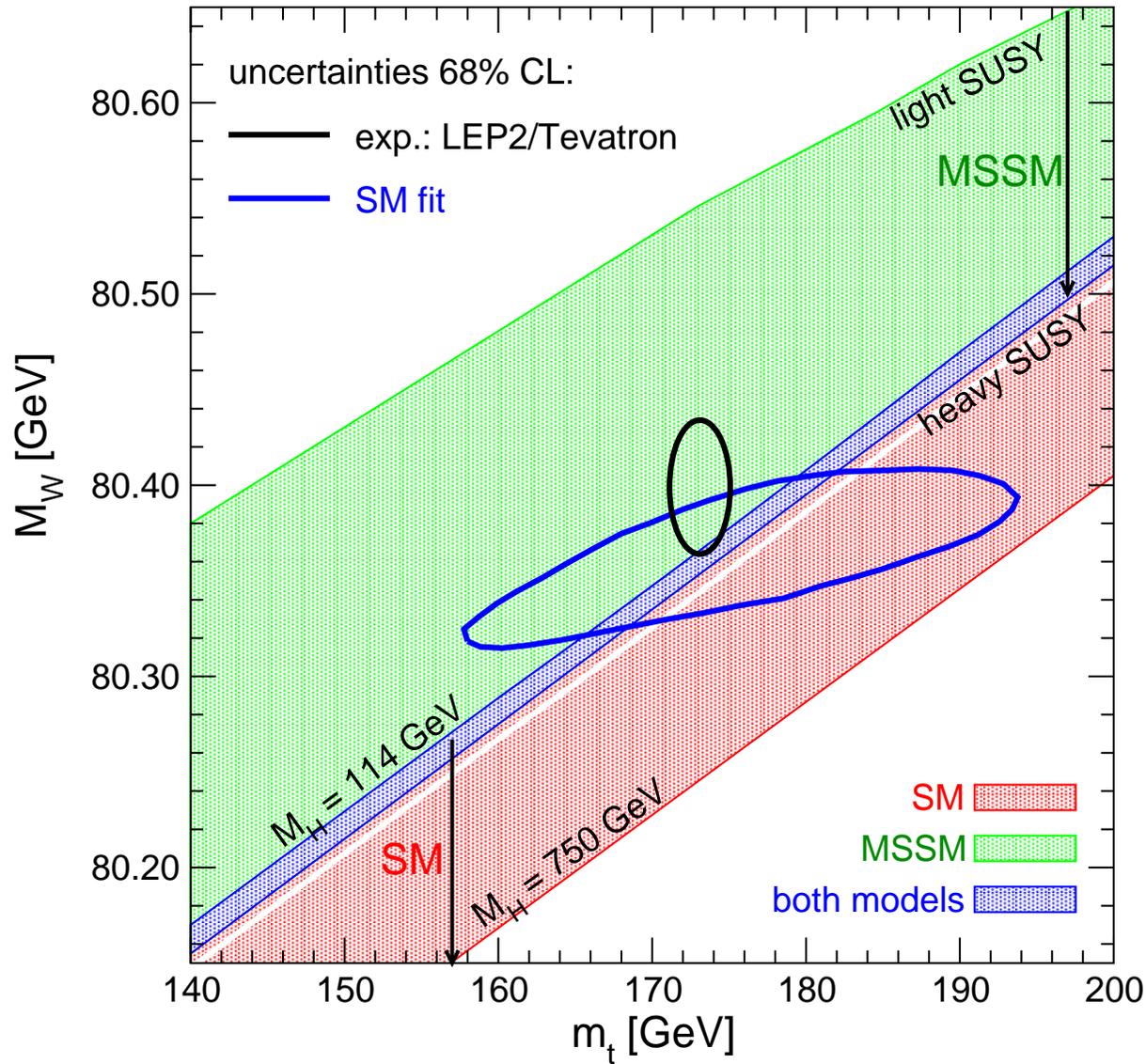
W boson Mass [GeV]



⇒ CMSSM and NUHM1 fit amazingly well  $m_t$  and  $M_W$

⇒ better than the SM: smaller errors, better best-fit points

Comparison of **direct** and **indirect** determination of  $m_t$  and  $M_W$  in the **SM** and the **MSSM** :

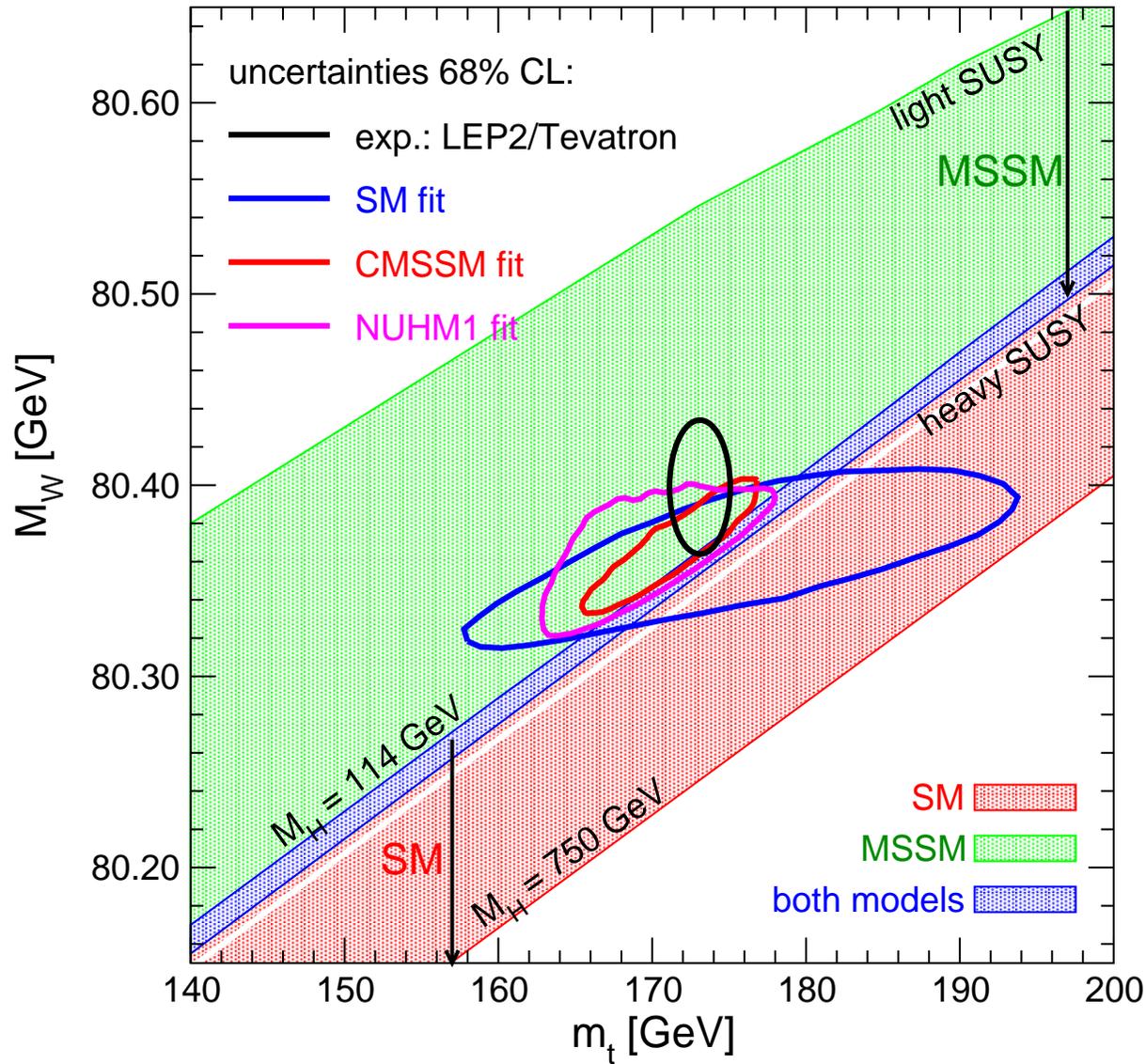


MSSM band:  
scan over  
SUSY masses

overlap:  
SM is MSSM-like  
MSSM is SM-like

SM band:  
variation of  $M_H^{\text{SM}}$

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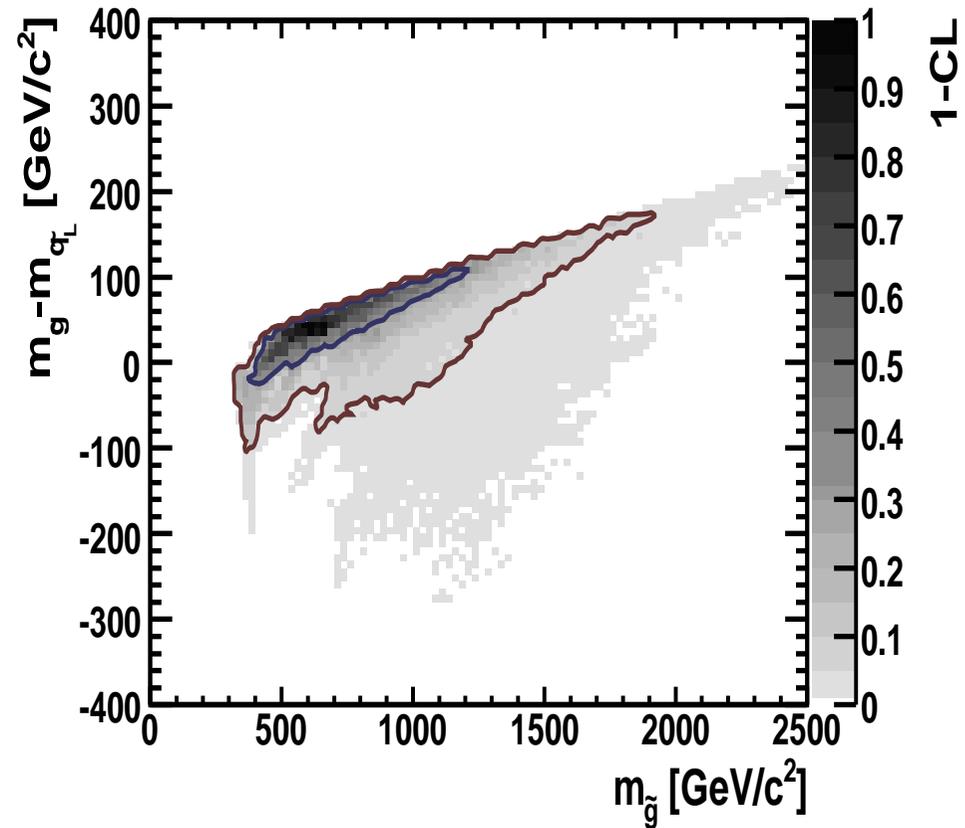
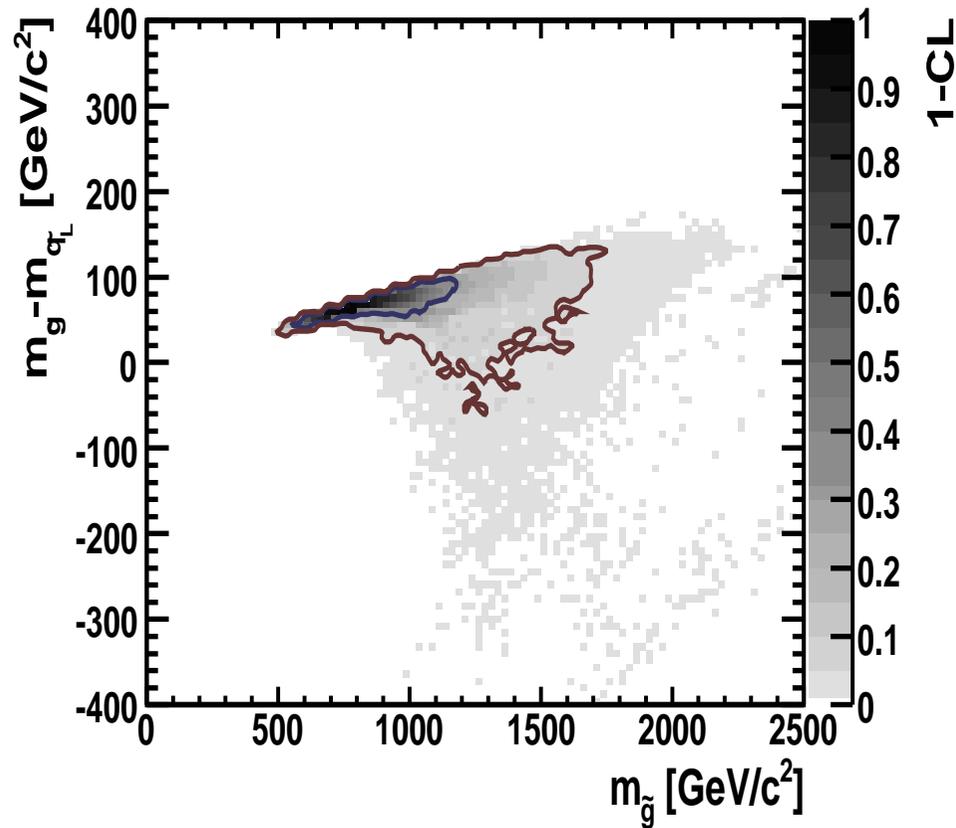
variation of  $M_H^{\text{SM}}$

Some more predictions:  $m_{\tilde{g}} - m_{\tilde{q}_L}$

[2009]

CMSSM

NUHM1

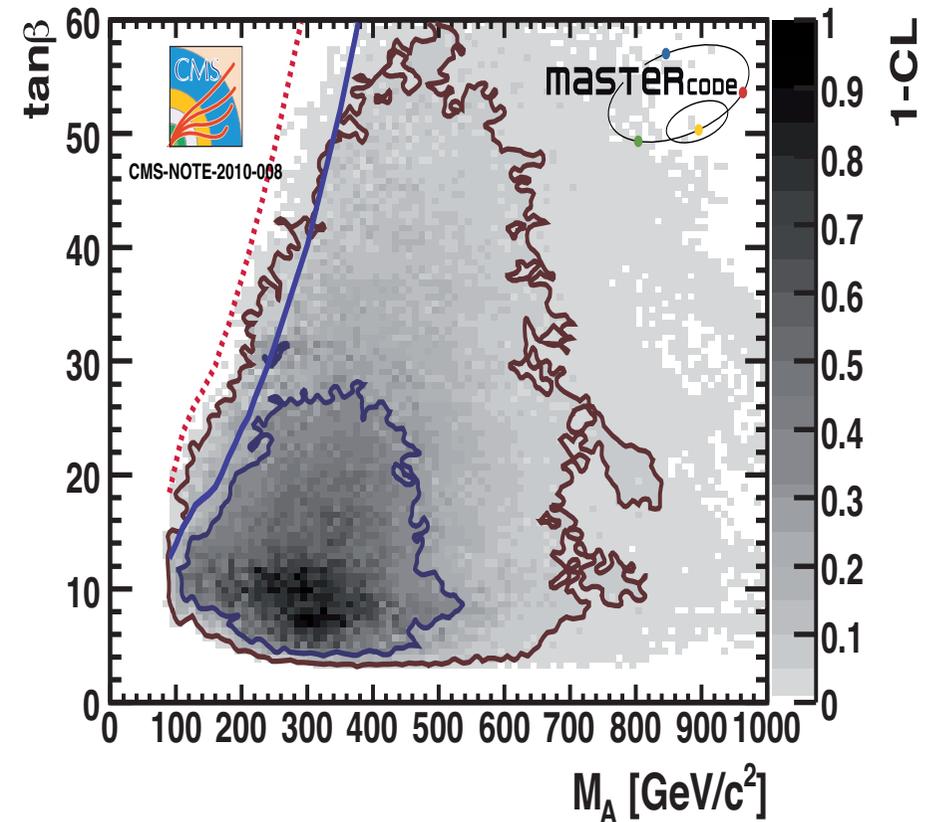
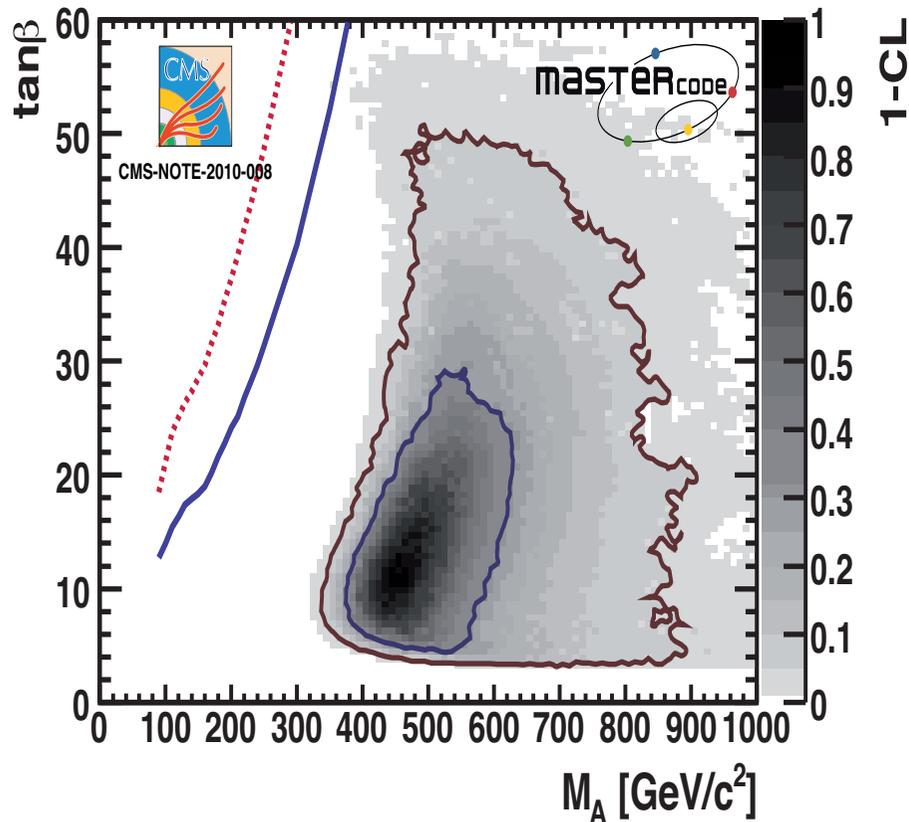


$\Rightarrow m_{\tilde{g}}$  often largest mass, but exceptions are possible

Some more predictions: preferred  $M_A$ - $\tan\beta$  parameter space

CMSSM

NUHM1



red dotted: discovery with 1 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 7 TeV

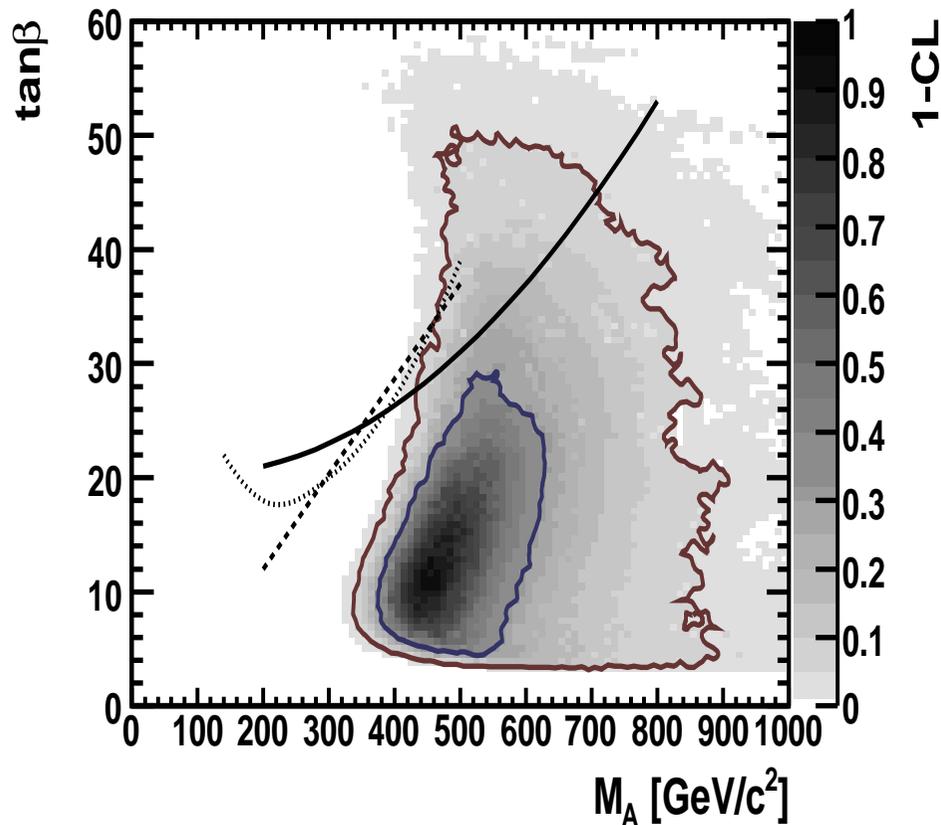
blue solid: 95% C.L. exclusion with 1 fb<sup>-1</sup> @ 7 TeV

⇒ preferred regions missed in 2010-2011 run

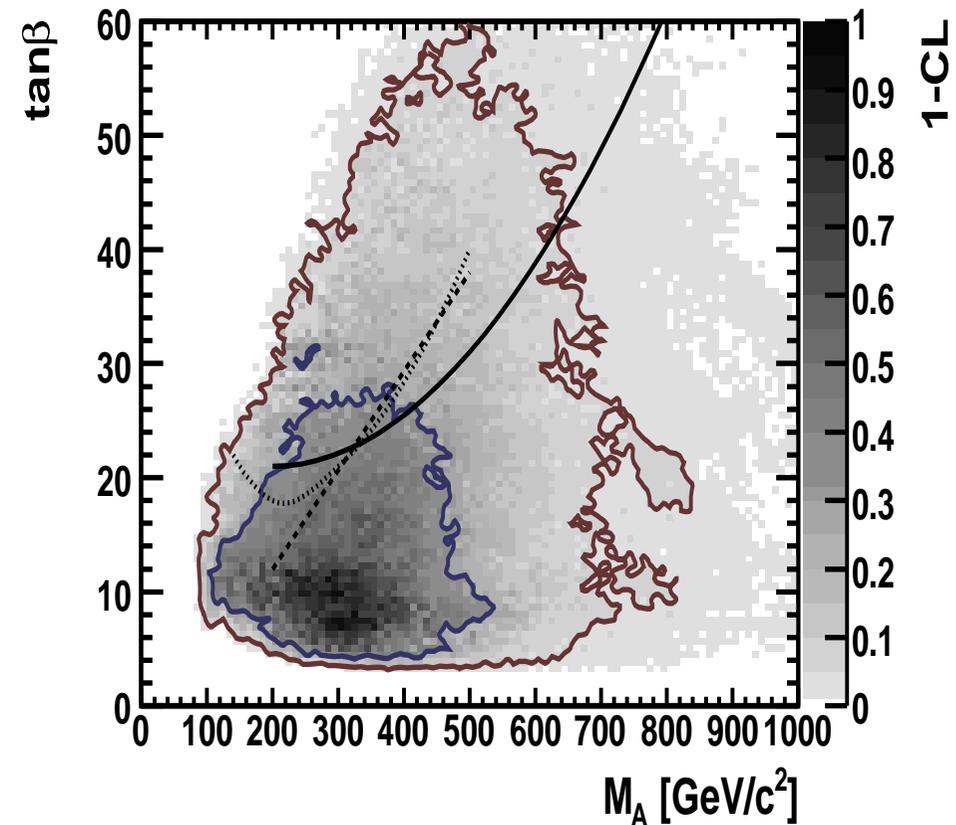
Some more predictions: preferred  $M_A$ - $\tan\beta$  parameter space

[2009]

CMSSM



NUHM1



CMS analysis for  $30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  @ 14 TeV

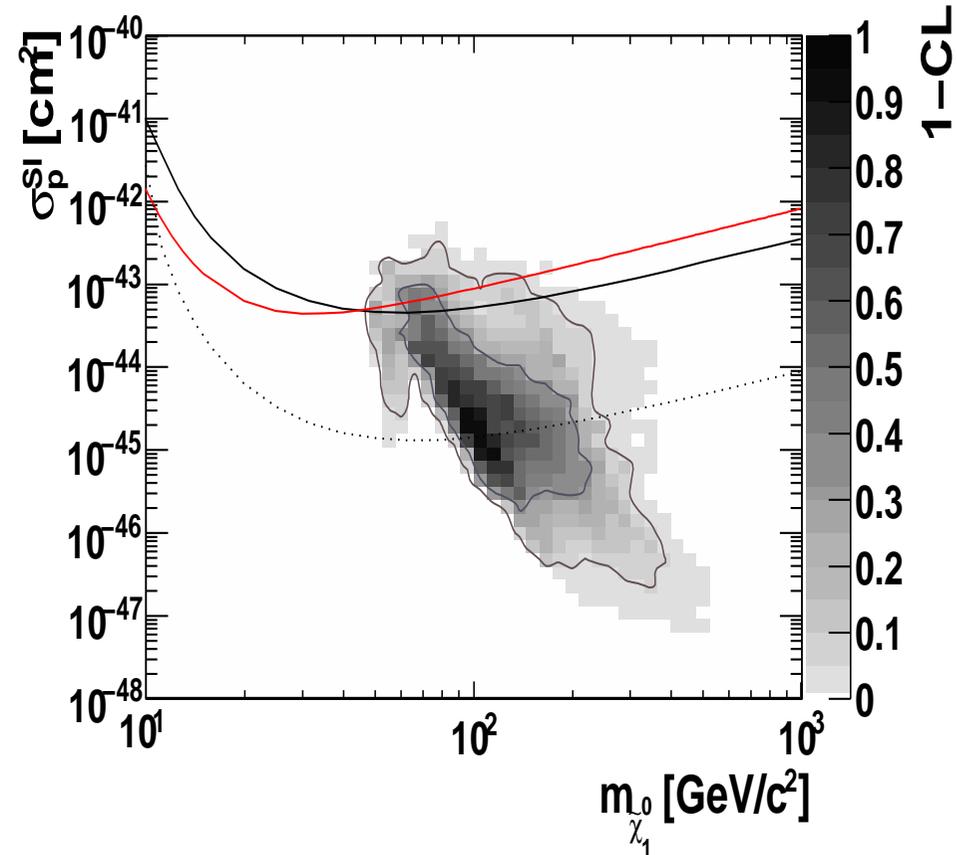
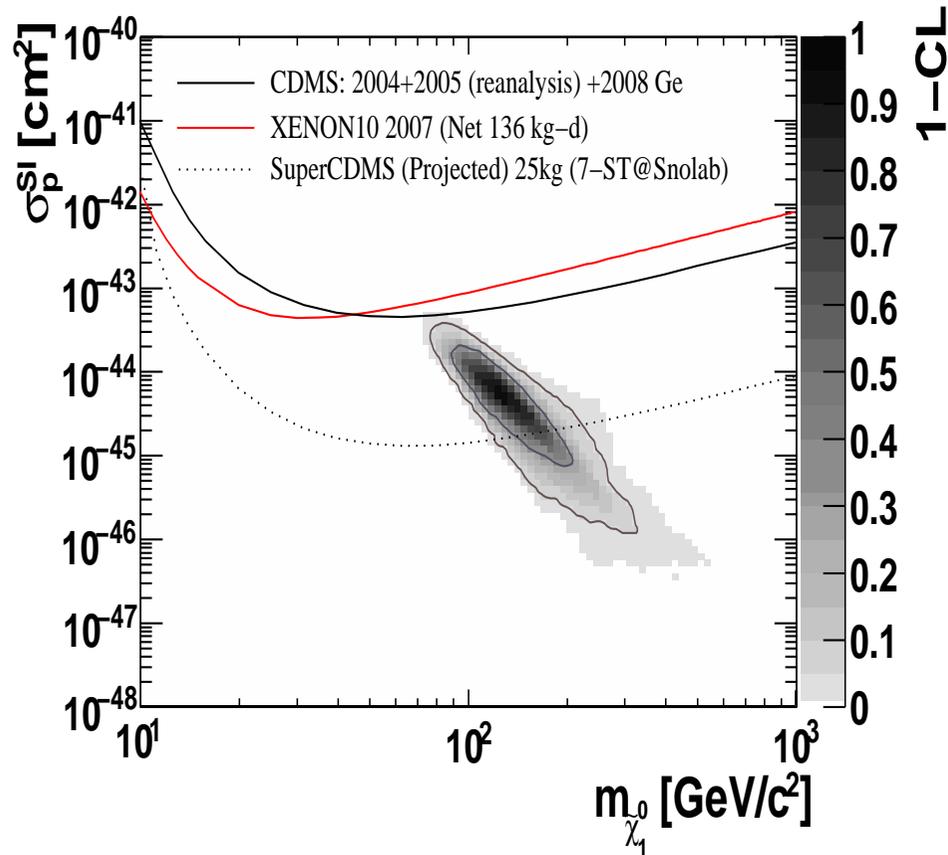
⇒ still best-fit regions missed by LHC, better for ILC(1000)

Some more predictions: **direct search for dark matter**

[2009]

CMSSM

NUHM1



⇒ only partially covered by future experiments

## 5. Prospects

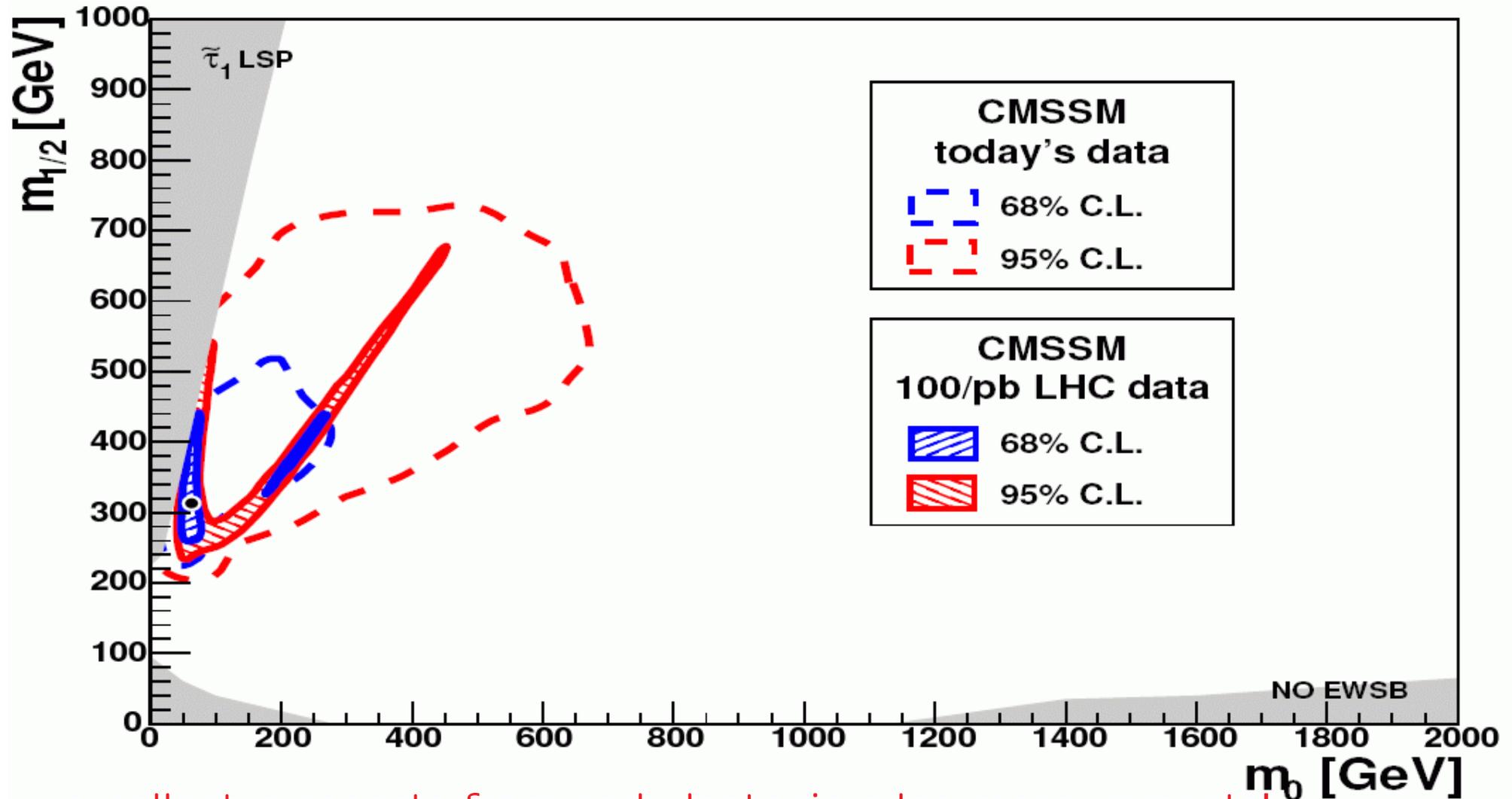
### Plans for the near future:

- Include **ATLAS/CMS** data on **SUSY searches**  
Needed: – exclusion bounds as model independent as possible  
– at least exclusion bounds in “our” models  
– more detailed information than “just” 95% CL exclusion bounds
- Include **LHCb** data
- Include **DM search** data (Xenon100, ...)
- In case of a “SUSY-like” signal:  
go beyond the simple GUT based models

LHC (CMS) reach with  $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ :

[2008]

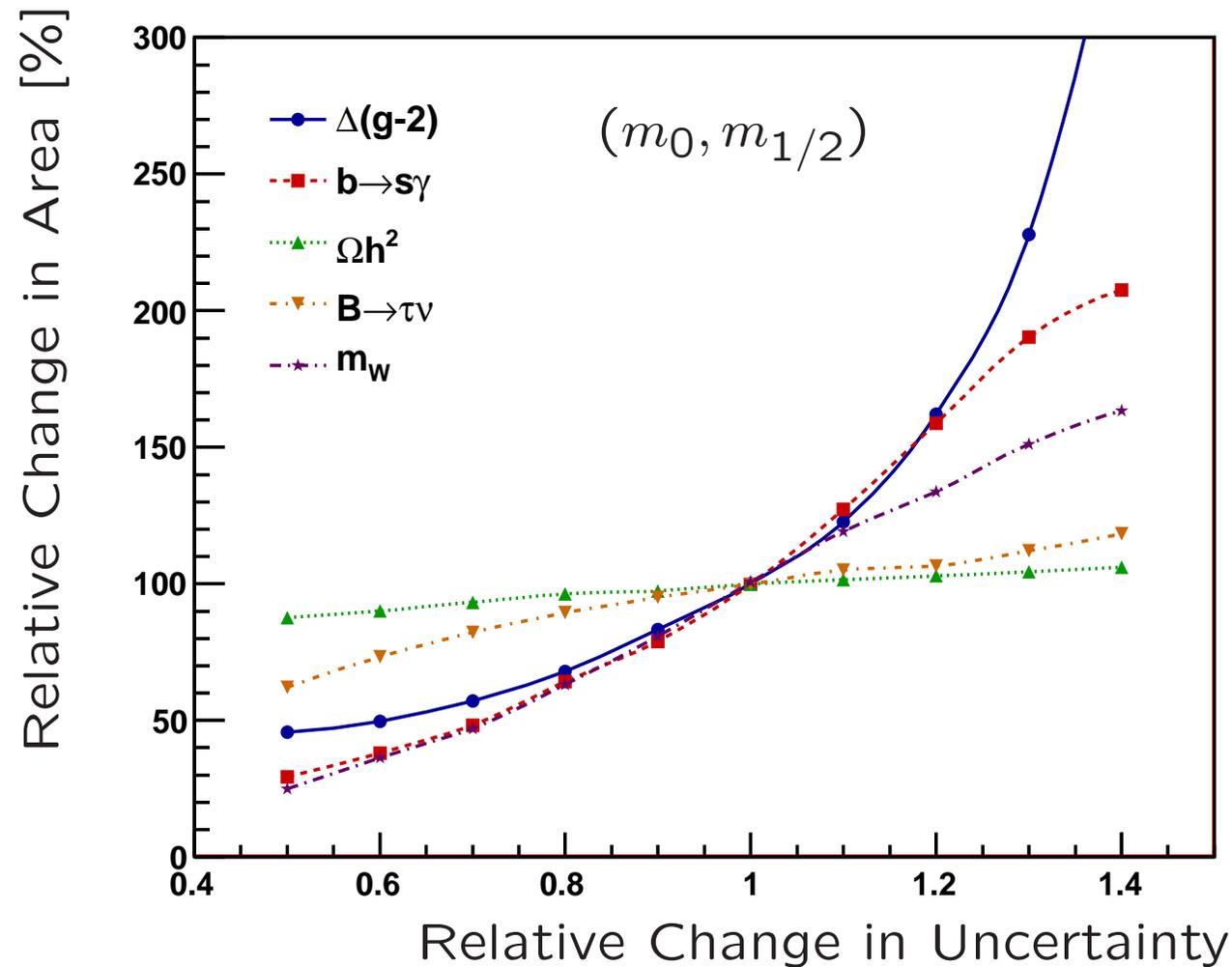
CMSSM analysis incl. leptonic edge measurements



⇒ excellent prospects from early leptonic edge measurements!

# Impact of various constraints (CMSSM):

[2008]



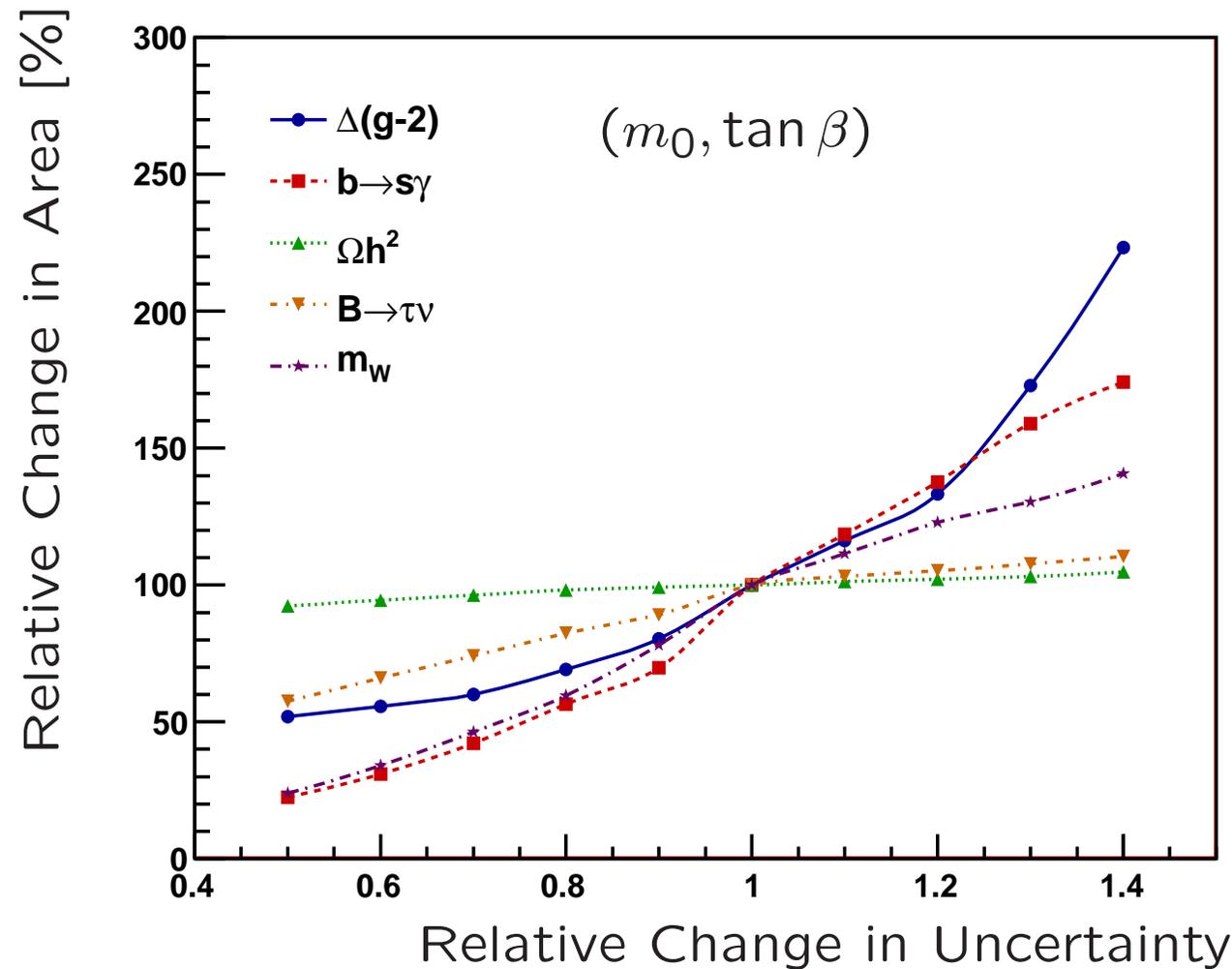
⇒ strong impact of  $(g - 2)_\mu$

⇒ strong improvement possible from

$M_W, BR(b \rightarrow s\gamma), (g - 2)_\mu, BR(B_u \rightarrow \tau\nu)$

# Impact of various constraints (CMSSM):

[2008]



⇒ strong impact of  $(g - 2)_\mu$

⇒ strong improvement possible from

$M_W, BR(b \rightarrow s\gamma), (g - 2)_\mu, BR(B_u \rightarrow \tau\nu)$

## 6. Conclusinos

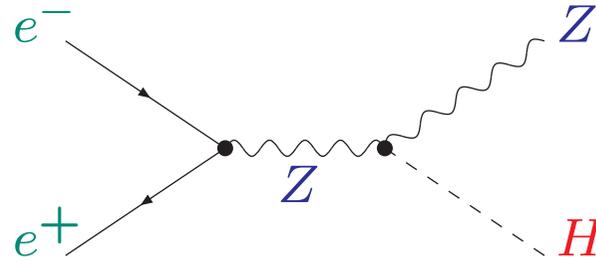
- Models: (MFV) MSSM  
Analyses: CMSSM, NUHM1, mSUGRA, VCMSSM
- Codes included: SuFla, SuperIso, FeynHiggs, FeynWZ, MicrOMEGAs, DarkSUSY, SoftSUSY, Minuit (HiggsBounds)  
⇒ all most-up-to-date codes on the market! ⇒ crucial for precision!  
⇒ predictions for: EWPO, BPO, CDM, ...  
(EWPO: (nearly) as for the blue band plot)
- Statistical measure:  $\chi^2$  function (Frequentist, no priors)  
~  $2.5 \cdot 10^7$  points samples with MCMC /  $\Delta\chi^2$ : 68, 95% C.L. contours
- Results exist for:
  - best-fit points, 68, 95% C.L. areas
  - predictions for SUSY masses ⇒ LHC reach
  - predictions for  $M_h$  (red band plot)
  - predictions for SM parameters:  $M_W$ ,  $m_t$
  - predictions for flavor observables
  - predictions for astro-physical observables
- Prospects: inclusion of ATLAS/CMS, LHCb, Xenon100 data ...

Back-up

## SM Higgs search at LEP:

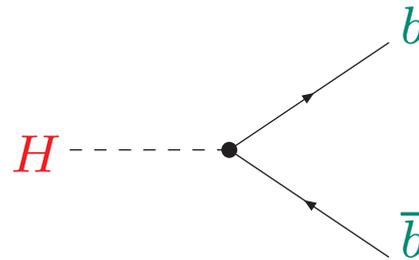
Dominant SM production process:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH:$$



Dominant decay process:

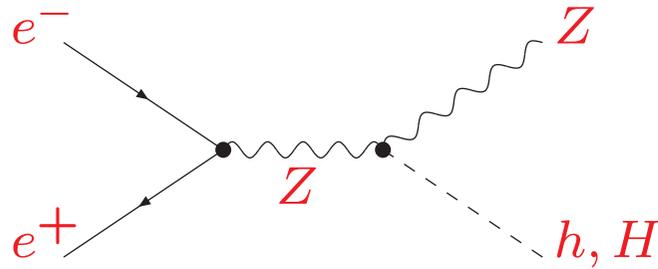
$$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}:$$



Bounds valid in the CMSSM? NUHM1? MSSM?

## Search for neutral SUSY Higgs bosons:

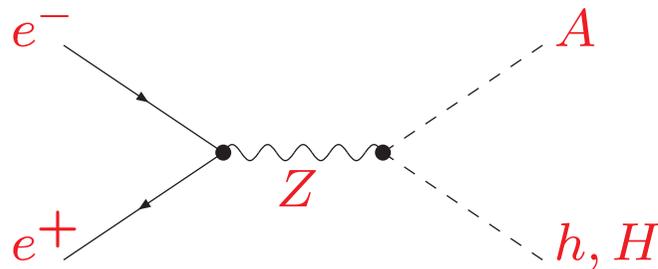
$$\underline{e^+e^- \rightarrow Zh, ZH}$$



$$\sigma_{hZ} \approx \sin^2(\beta - \alpha_{\text{eff}}) \sigma_{hZ}^{\text{SM}}$$

$$\sigma_{HZ} \approx \cos^2(\beta - \alpha_{\text{eff}}) \sigma_{hZ}^{\text{SM}}$$

$$\underline{e^+e^- \rightarrow Ah, AH}$$

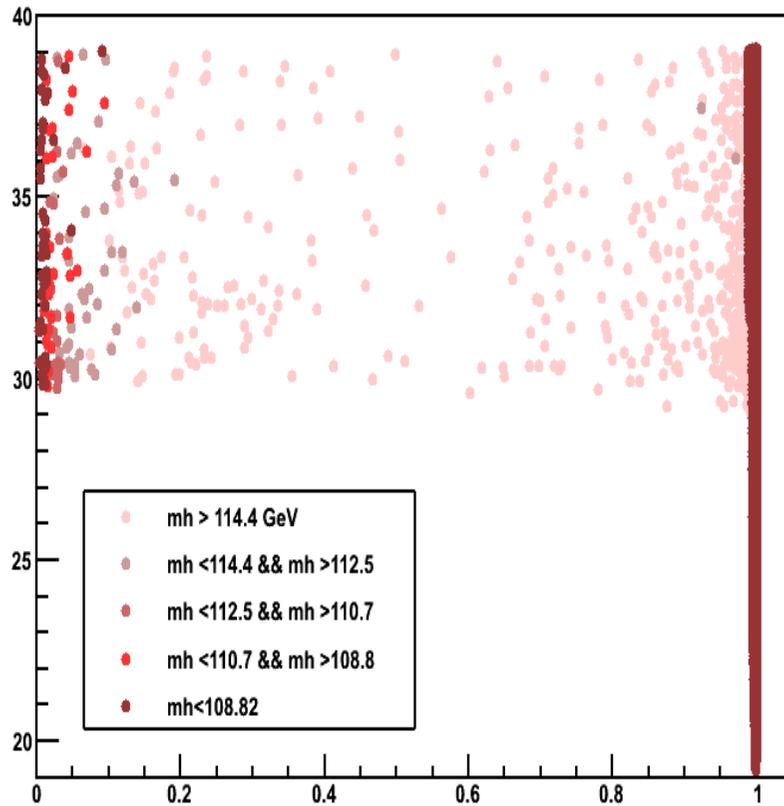


$$\sigma_{hA} \propto \cos^2(\beta - \alpha_{\text{eff}}) \sigma_{hZ}^{\text{SM}}$$

$$\sigma_{HA} \propto \sin^2(\beta - \alpha_{\text{eff}}) \sigma_{hZ}^{\text{SM}}$$

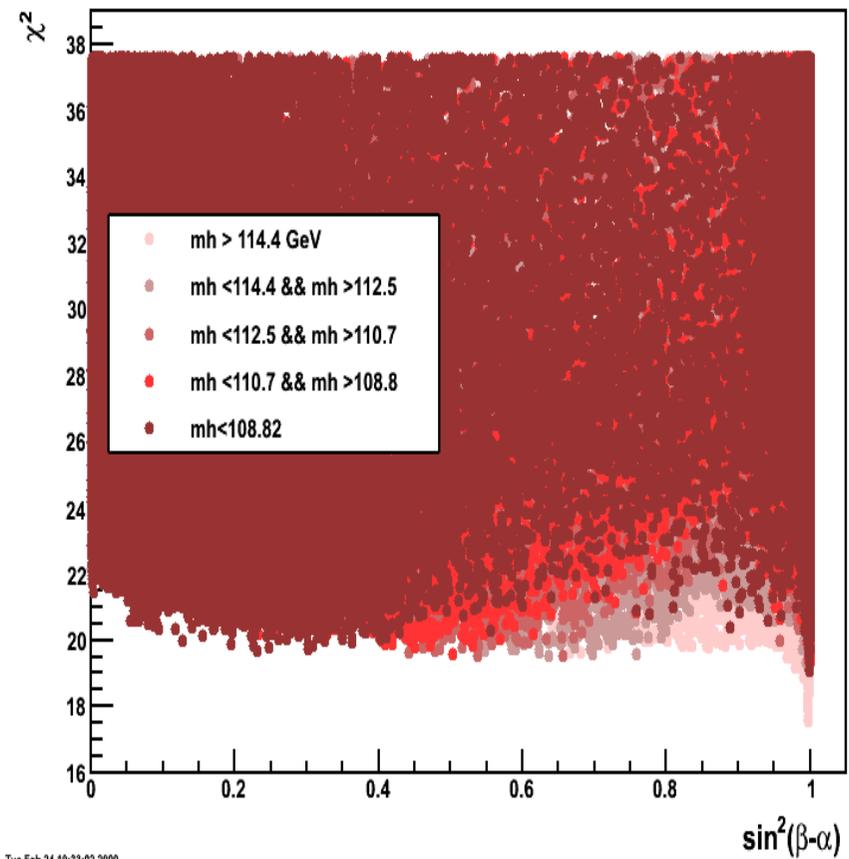
# $\sin^2(\beta - \alpha_{\text{eff}})$ in the CMSSM, NUHM1:

CMSSM



Tue Feb 24 14:53:20 2009

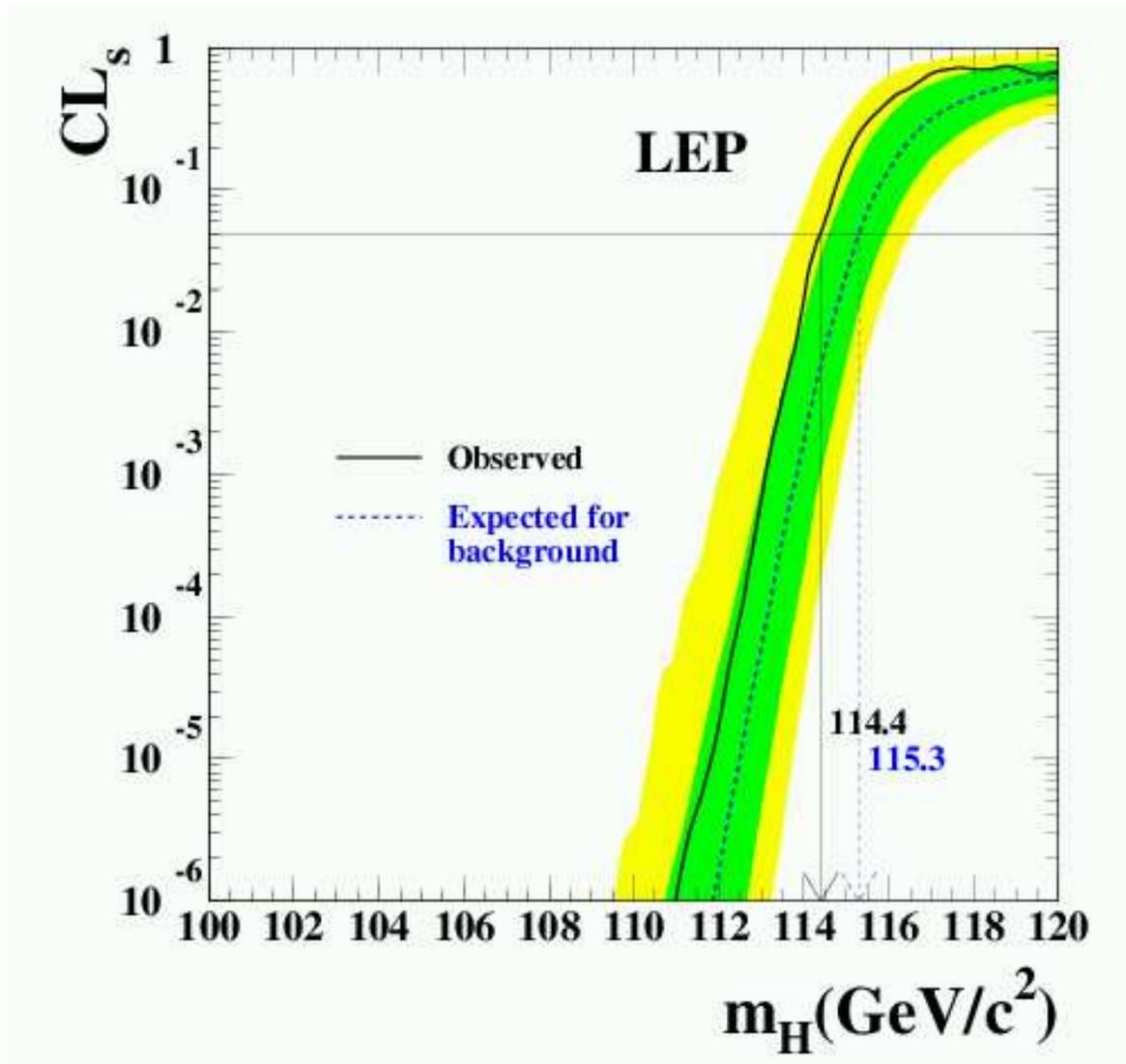
NUHM1



Tue Feb 24 10:33:02 2009

In CMSSM:

SM bound of  $M_H$  search can be used [LEP Higgs Working Group '03]



$CL_s$  can be used/transformed into  $\chi^2$  values

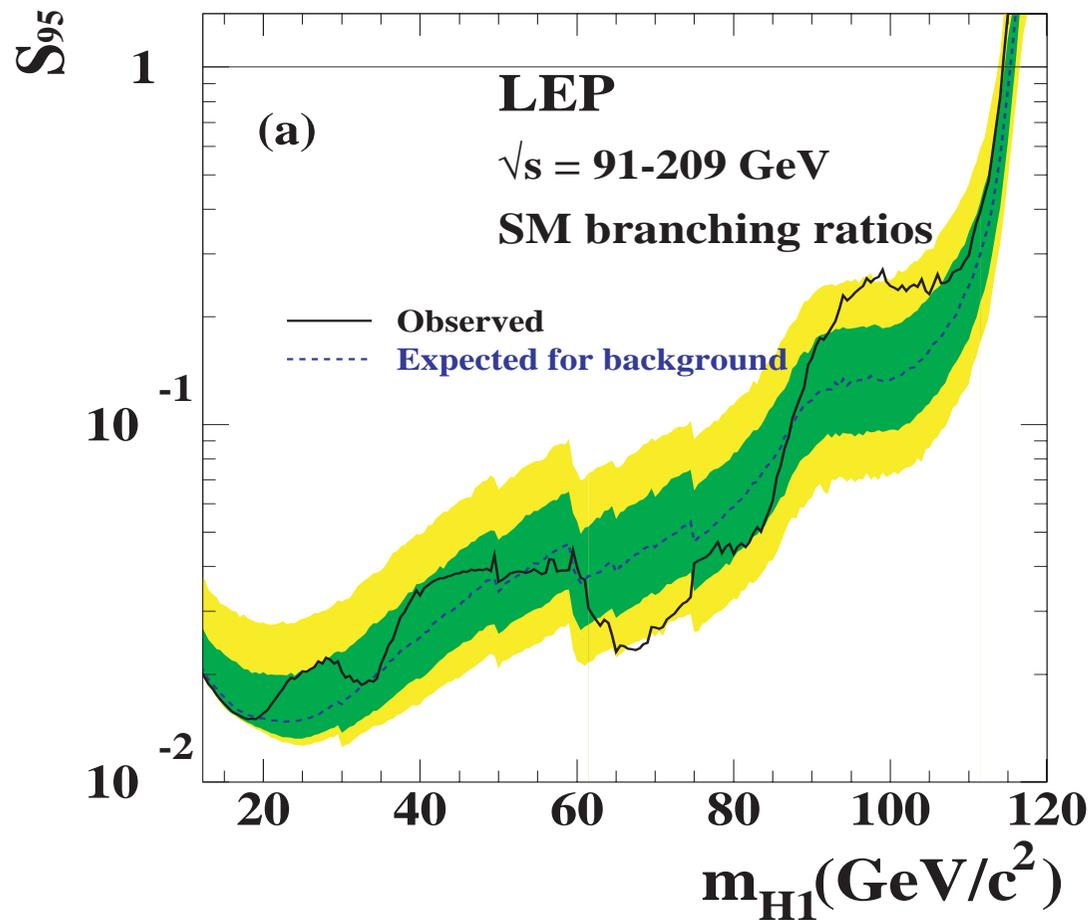
$\Rightarrow$  can be included into  $\chi^2$  evaluation

$$\delta M_h^{\text{intr.}} \approx 3 \text{ GeV}$$

We use *FeynHiggs*

In the NUHM1:

SM bound on  $M_H$  is reduced:  $S_{95} \sim \sin^2(\beta - \alpha_{\text{eff}})$



⇒ take into account the LEP SM Higgs bound ...

... but shifted according to the reduced coupling