



CMS searches in perspective

F. Ronga (ETH Zurich)

Global BSM fits and LHC data – February 10, 2011



Outline

- SUSY searches at CMS: what we are after
- A selection of results
- Presenting the results
- Discussion

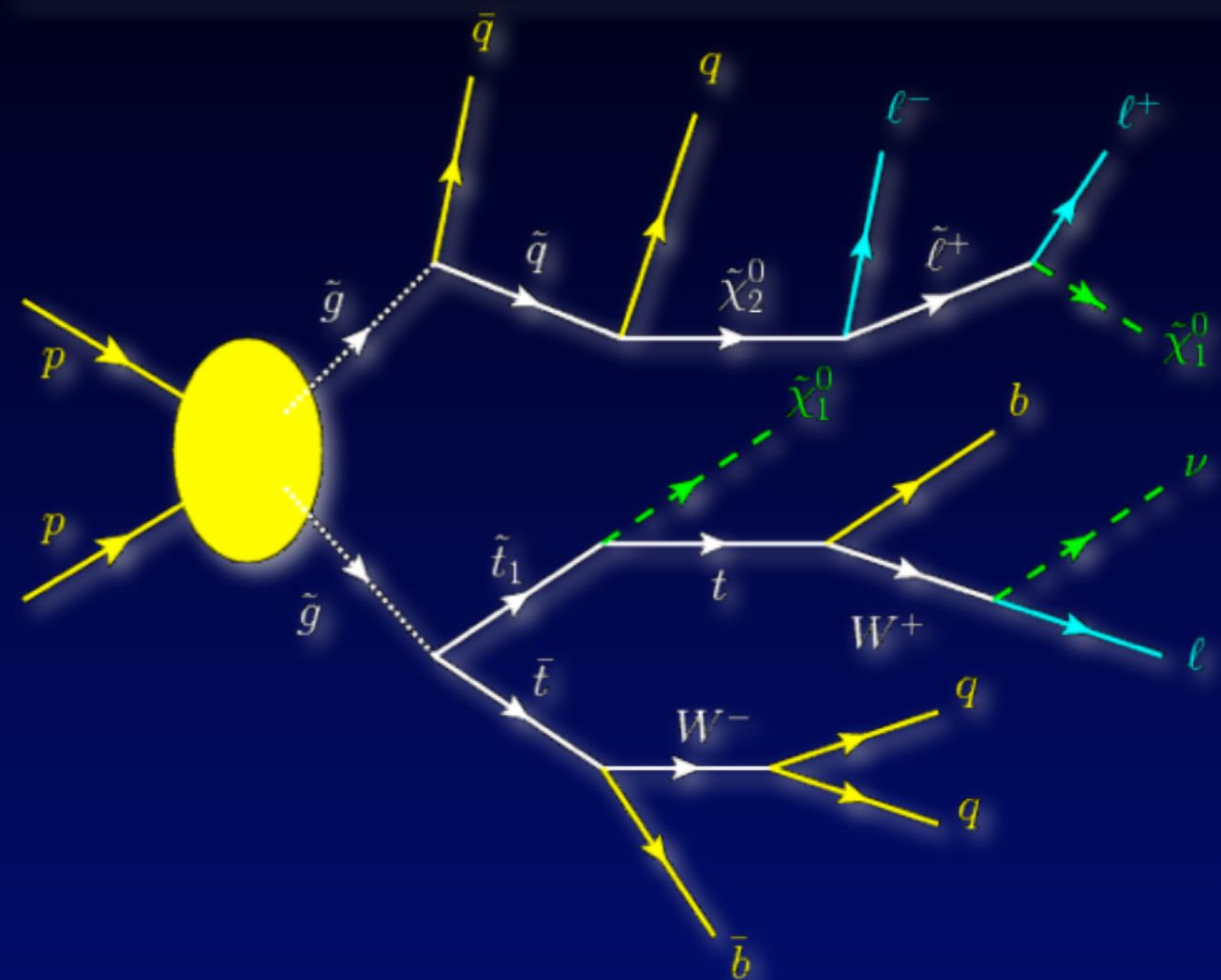
Searching for SUSY at the LHC

- **Topology of a SUSY event**

- ▶ **large energy release**
- ▶ **large number of jets**
- ▶ **low- p_T leptons**
- ▶ **missing energy (MET)**

- **Searches are topology-based**

- ▶ **as model-independent as possible**
 - not even necessarily SUSY...
- ▶ **trying to cover all topologies**



A “typical” SUSY event
many jets, leptons and missing energy

Searching for SUSY at CMS

• Topology of a SUSY event

- ▶ large energy release
- ▶ large number of jets
- ▶ low- p_T leptons
- ▶ missing energy (MET)

Hadronic searches

Leptonic searches

	<i>Hadronic searches</i>		<i>Leptonic searches</i>		
# leptons	0	1	2 SS	2 OS	3
Dominant back-grounds	QCD ttbar W+jets	ttbar W+jets QCD	<i>fakes</i> (ttbar)	ttbar Z+jets	<i>fake</i> (ttbar)

• Strategy

- ▶ suppress Standard Model processes (“background”)
- ▶ estimate remainder
 - *data-driven techniques* developed

➡ different strategies depending on final state (different bkgds)

- ▶ **New Physics will manifest itself as an “excess”**

Searching for SUSY at CMS

• Topology of a SUSY event

- ▶ large energy release
- ▶ large number of jets
- ▶ low- p_T leptons
- ▶ missing energy (MET)

	Hadronic searches		Leptonic searches		
	0	1	2 SS	2 OS	3
# leptons					
Dominant back-grounds	QCD ttbar W+jets	ttbar W+jets QCD	fakes (ttbar)	ttbar Z+jets	fake (ttbar)

• Strategy

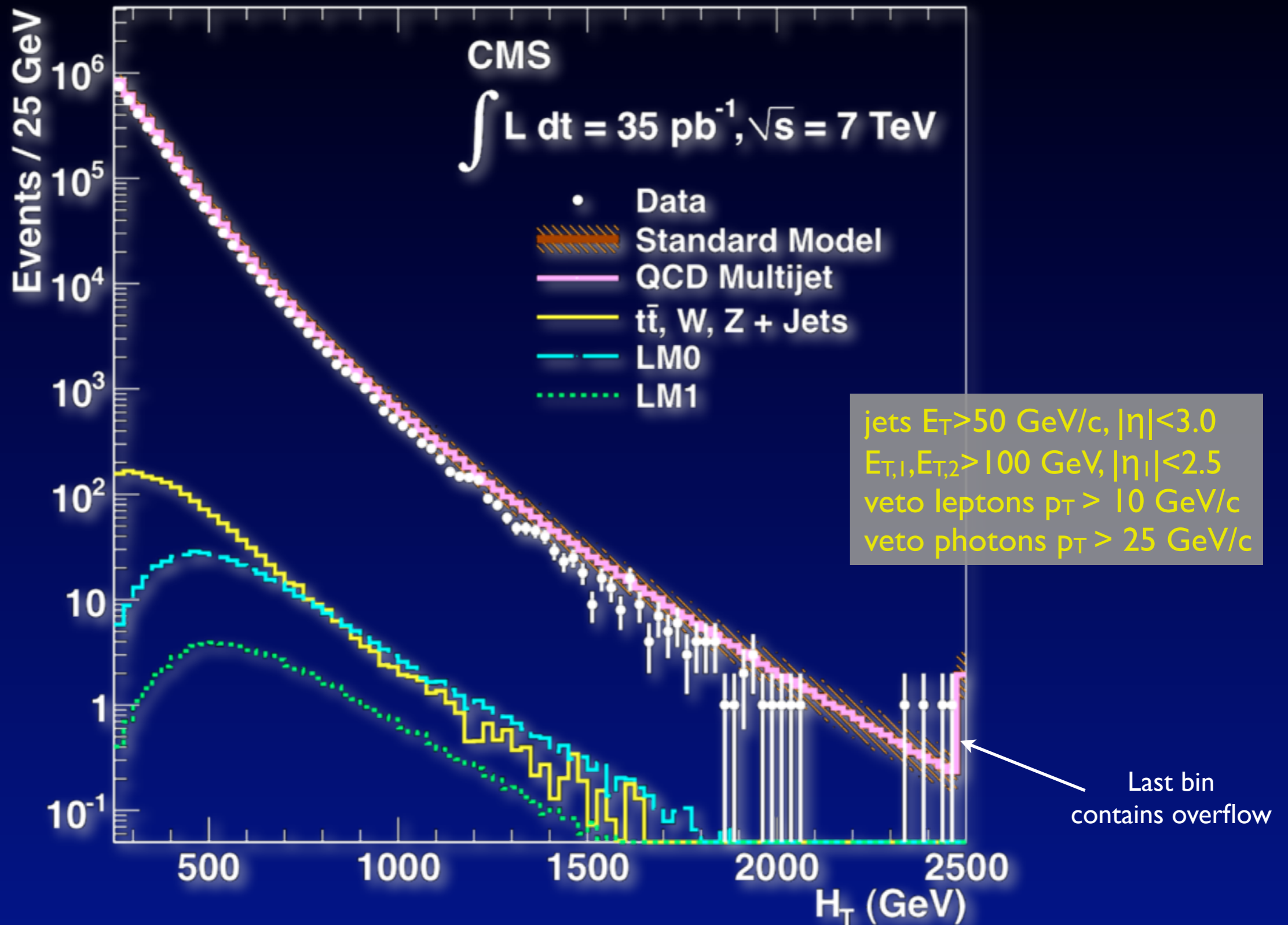
- ▶ suppress Standard Model processes (“background”)
- ▶ estimate remainder
 - *data-driven techniques* developed

➡ different strategies depending on final state (different bkgds)

- ▶ **New Physics will manifest itself as an “excess”**

Jets + MET

Hadronic search: the problem



Distribution of total hadronic energy in data and MC simulation

Hadronic search: a solution, α_T

- Construct distribution of

$$\alpha_T \equiv \frac{p_{T,2}}{M_T} = \frac{\sqrt{p_{T,2}/p_{T,1}}}{\sqrt{2(1 - \cos \Delta\phi)}}$$

- $\alpha_T=0.5$ for perfectly balanced di-jet event
- $\alpha_T<0.5$ if one jet **mis-measured**

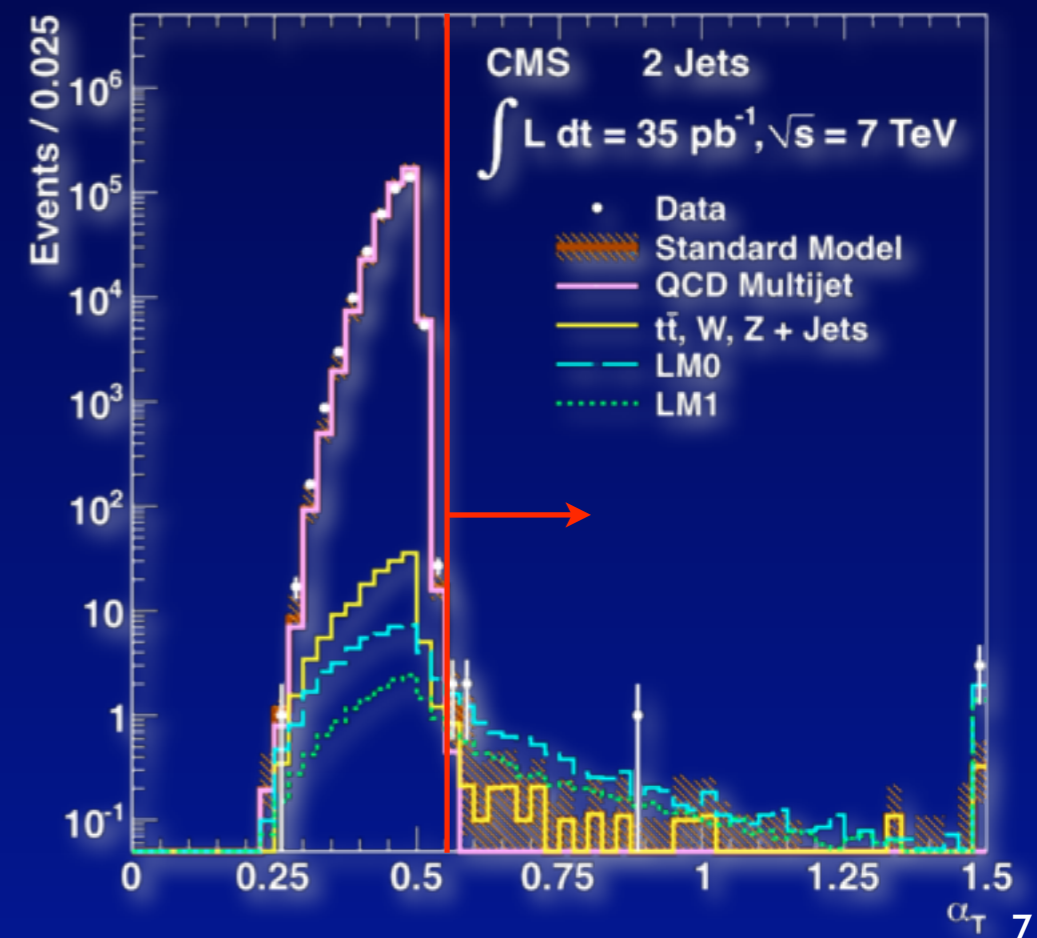
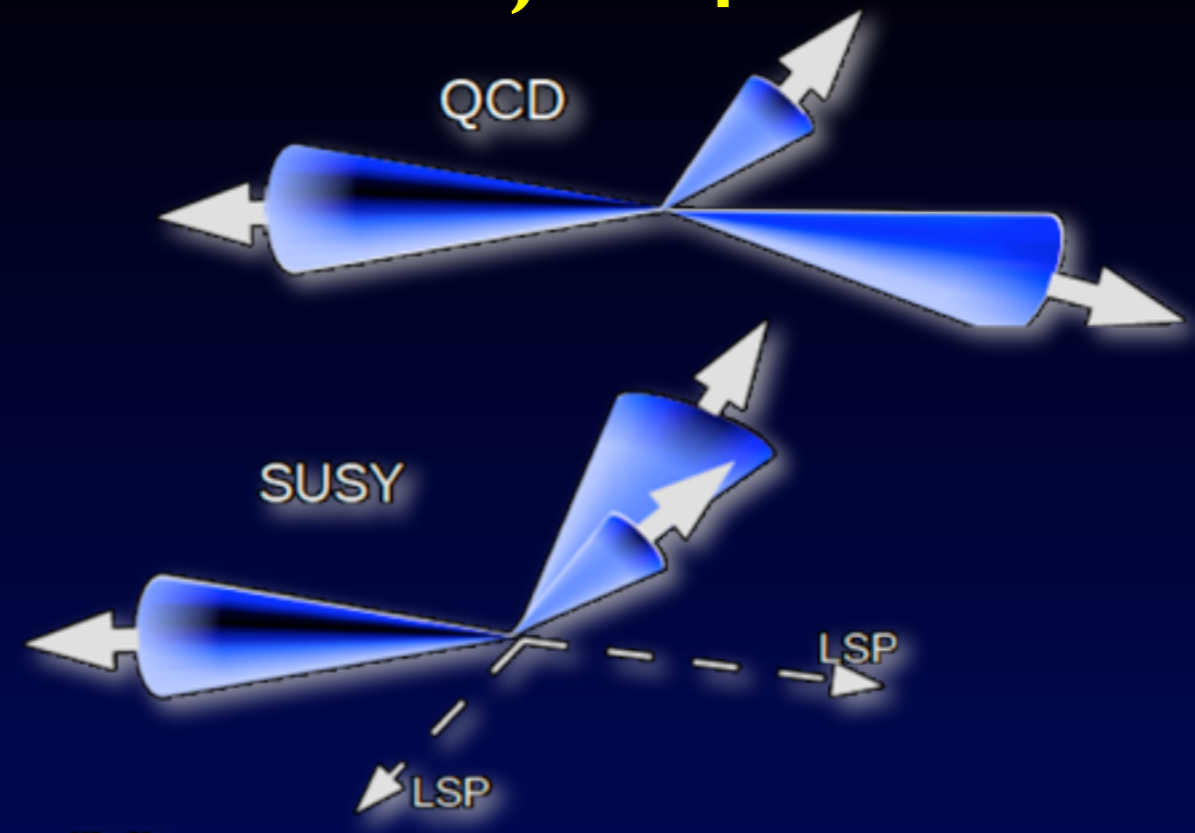
► Multi-jet extension

- bring back to (pseudo) di-jet system by grouping jets together

► $\alpha_T > 0.5$ if

- real MET (top, W, SUSY)
- lost jet
 - below threshold or dead zone

- QCD suppression: $\alpha_T > 0.55$



Remaining background estimate

- Study fraction of events failing $\alpha_T > 0.55$, R_{α_T}

- ▶ independent of H_T for SM
- ▶ increases with H_T in SUSY
- ▶ estimate R_{α_T} in first bins of H_T (250 and 300 GeV)

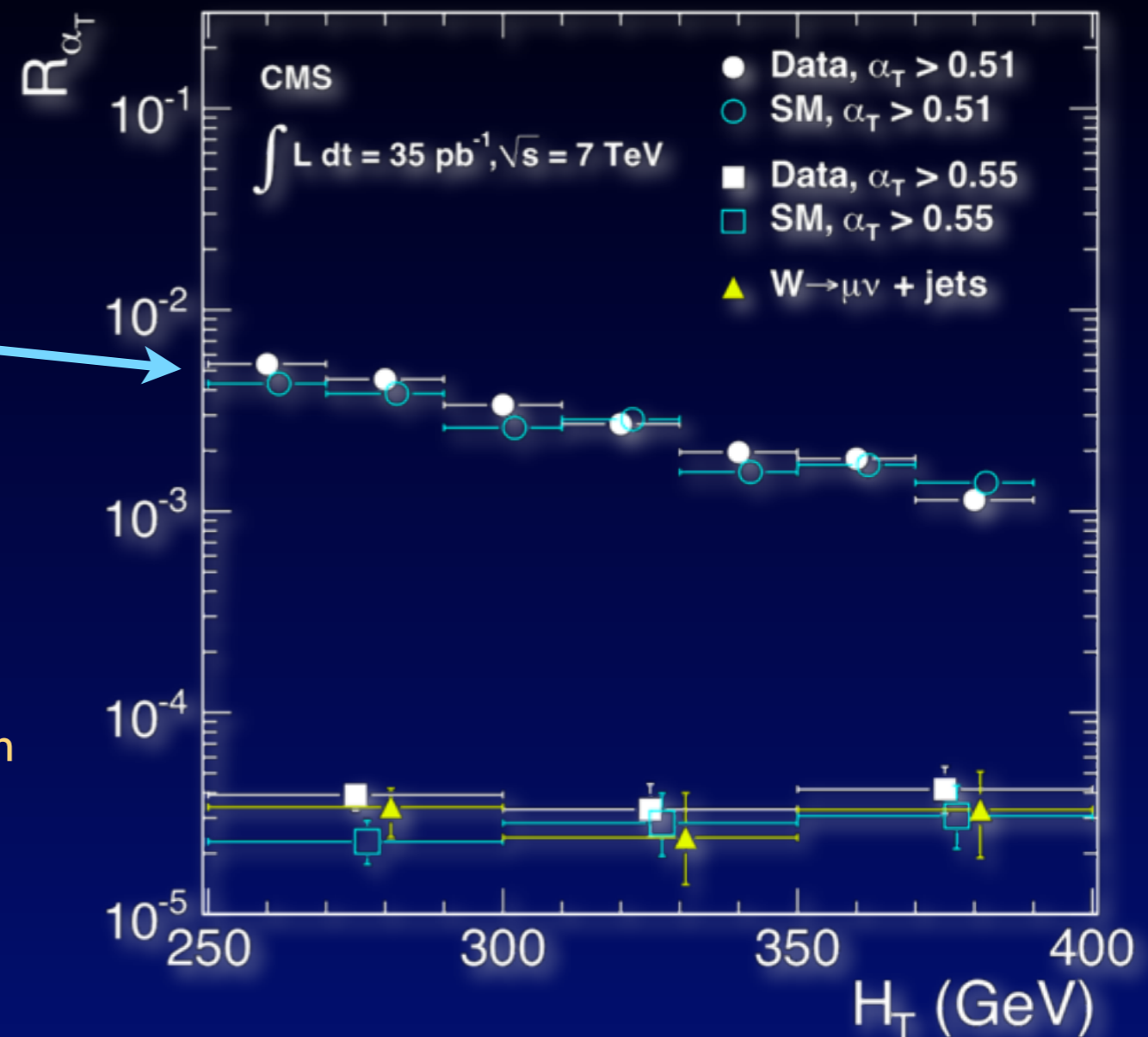
■ assuming constant R_{α_T} , gives value in region $H_T > 350$ GeV

- W +jets and top estimate

- ▶ also estimated from $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$

- $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ estimate

- ▶ also estimated from γ +jets



Remaining background estimate

- Study fraction of events failing $\alpha_T > 0.55$, $R_{\alpha T}$

- ▶ independent of H_T for SM
- ▶ increases with H_T in SUSY
- ▶ estimate $R_{\alpha T}$ in first bins of H_T (250 and 300 GeV)

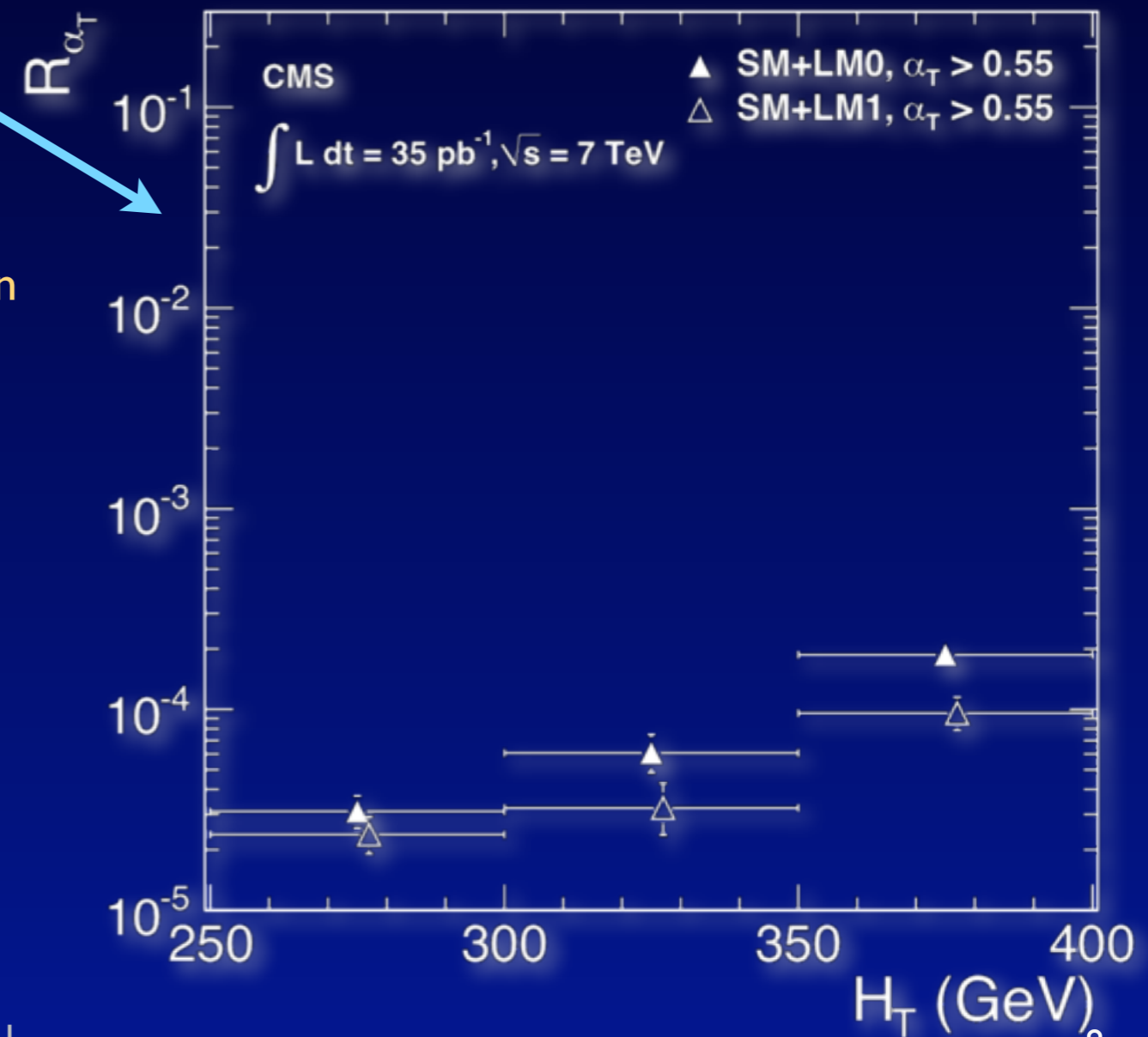
- assuming constant $R_{\alpha T}$, gives value in region $H_T > 350$ GeV

- W +jets and top estimate

- ▶ also estimated from $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$

- $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ estimate

- ▶ also estimated from γ +jets



Remaining background estimate

- Study fraction of events failing $\alpha_T > 0.55$, R_{α_T}

- ▶ independent of H_T for SM
- ▶ increases with H_T in SUSY
- ▶ estimate R_{α_T} in first bins of H_T (250 and 300 GeV)

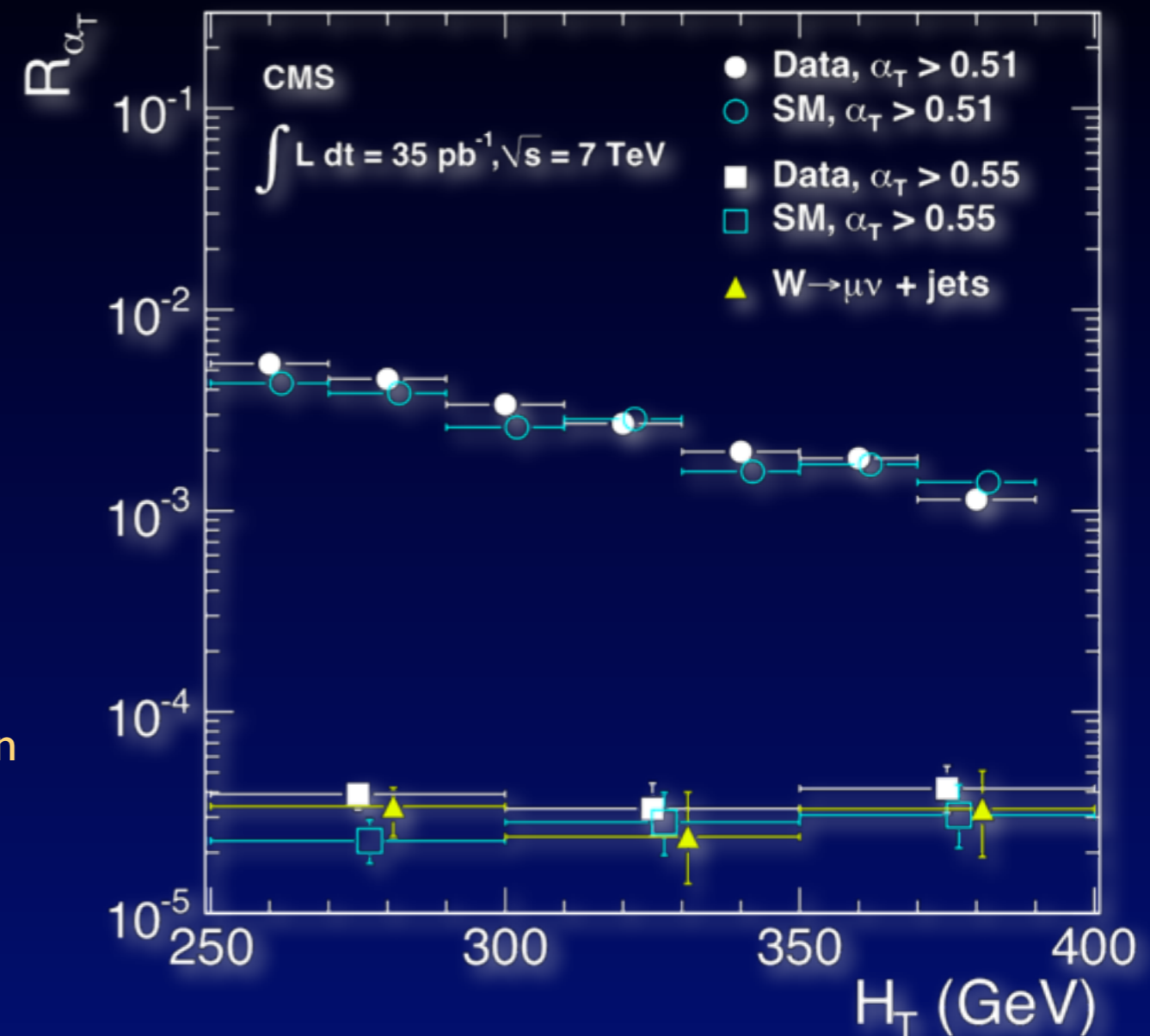
■ assuming constant R_{α_T} , gives value in region $H_T > 350$ GeV

- W +jets and top estimate

- ▶ also estimated from $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$

- $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ estimate

- ▶ also estimated from γ +jets



Results

- 13 events observed

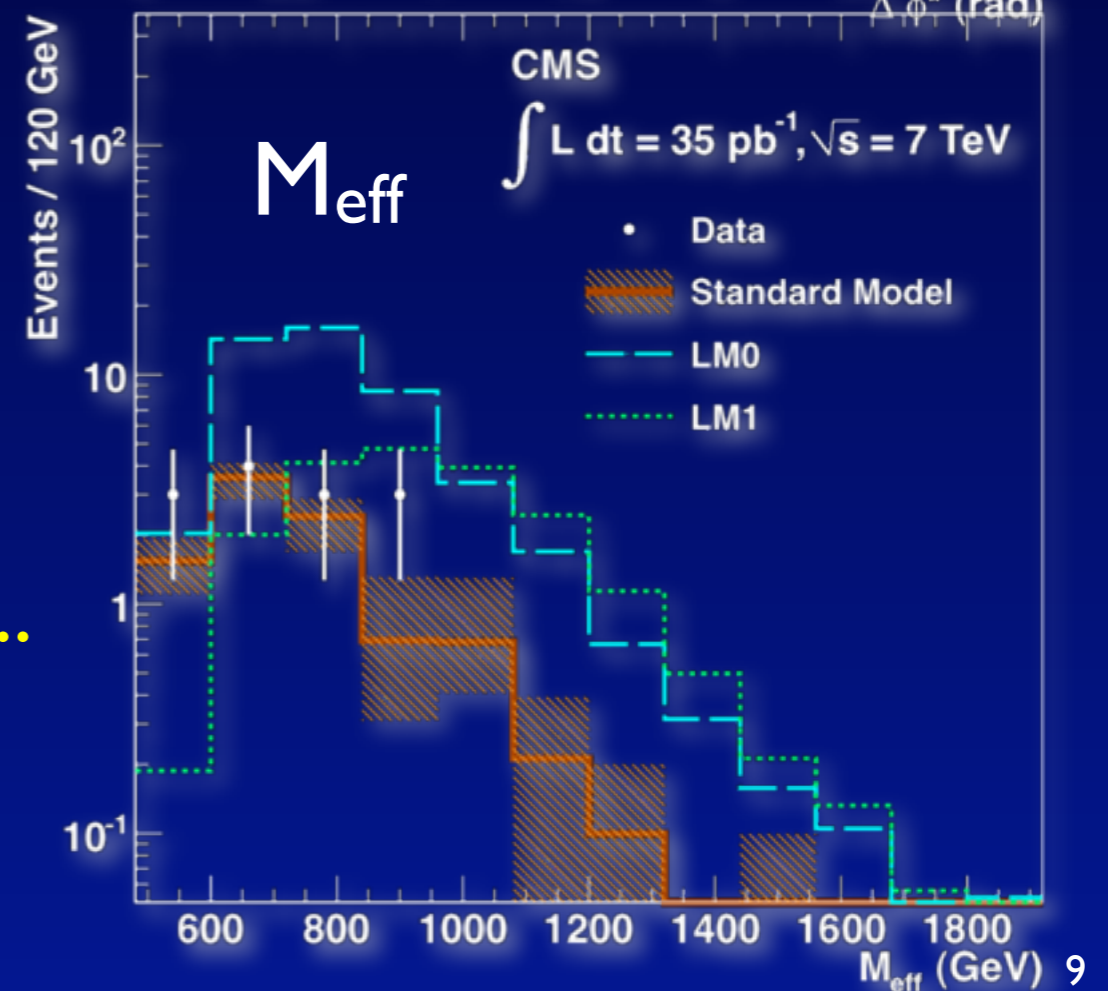
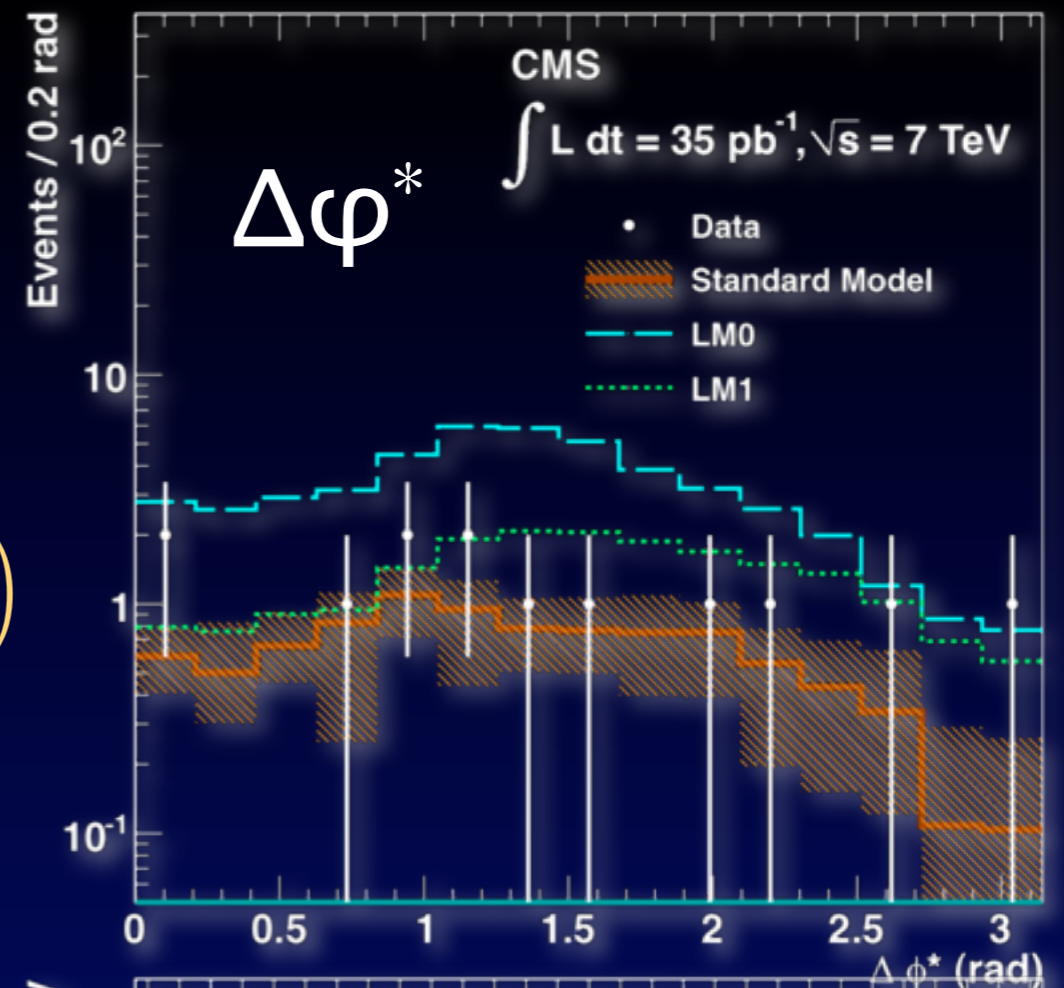
- ▶ compatible with SM

- $\Delta\phi^* = \min_{i,j \in \text{jets}} \angle \left(\vec{p}_T^i, -\sum_{j \neq i} \vec{p}_T^j \right)$
- $M_{\text{eff}} = M_{\text{HT}} + H_T$

- Prediction

- ▶ inclusive : $9.4_{-4.0}^{+4.8}(\text{stat}) \pm 1.0(\text{syst})$
- ▶ **W+jets (tt)** : $6.4_{-1.9}^{+2.8}(\text{stat}) \pm 1.8(\text{syst})$
- ▶ **Z \rightarrow vv** : $4.4_{-1.6}^{+2.3}(\text{stat}) \pm 1.8(\text{syst})$

- The model independence stops here...



Jets + MET + $\gamma\gamma$

Di-photon search

- Search in framework of **General Gauge Mediation**

- ▶ **LSP is the gravitino:**

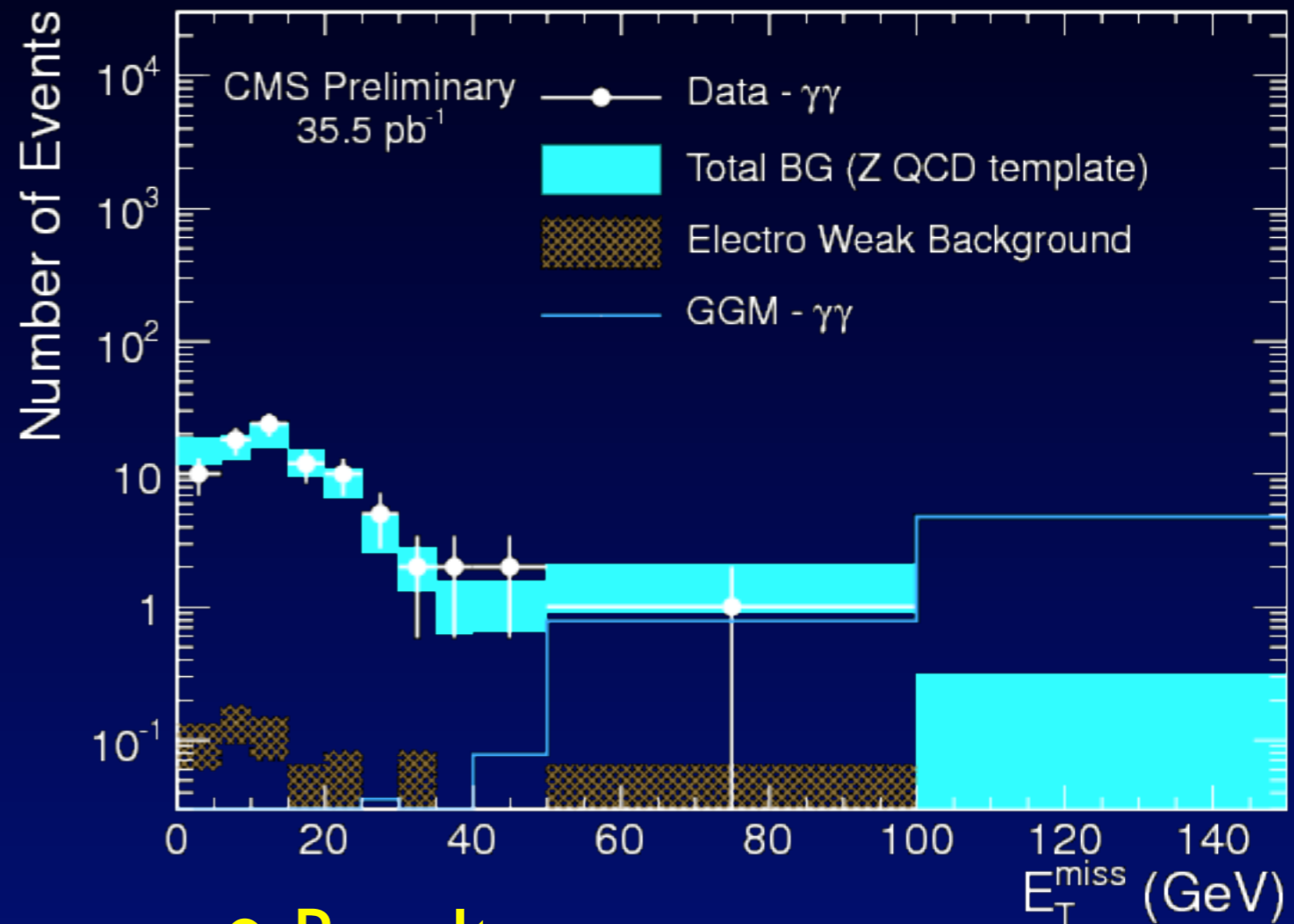
$$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{q}q \rightarrow qq\chi_1^0 \rightarrow qq\gamma \tilde{G}$$

- **Selection**

- ▶ **2 photons ($p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}/c$)**
- ▶ **at least 1 jet ($p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}/c$)**
- ▶ **MET > 50 GeV**

- **Backgrounds**

- ▶ **Electro-weak (electron mis-id'ed as γ)**
- ▶ **QCD (instrumental MET)**



- **Results**

- ▶ **1 event observed**
- ▶ **1.2 ± 0.8 predicted**

Jets + MET + l^+l^-

Di-lepton search

- **Generic signature**

- ▶ **2 OS leptons (ee, $\mu\mu$, e μ)**
- ▶ **≥ 2 jets, $H_T > 300$ GeV**
- ▶ **$y = MET/\sqrt{H_T} > 8.5 \sqrt{\text{GeV}}$**

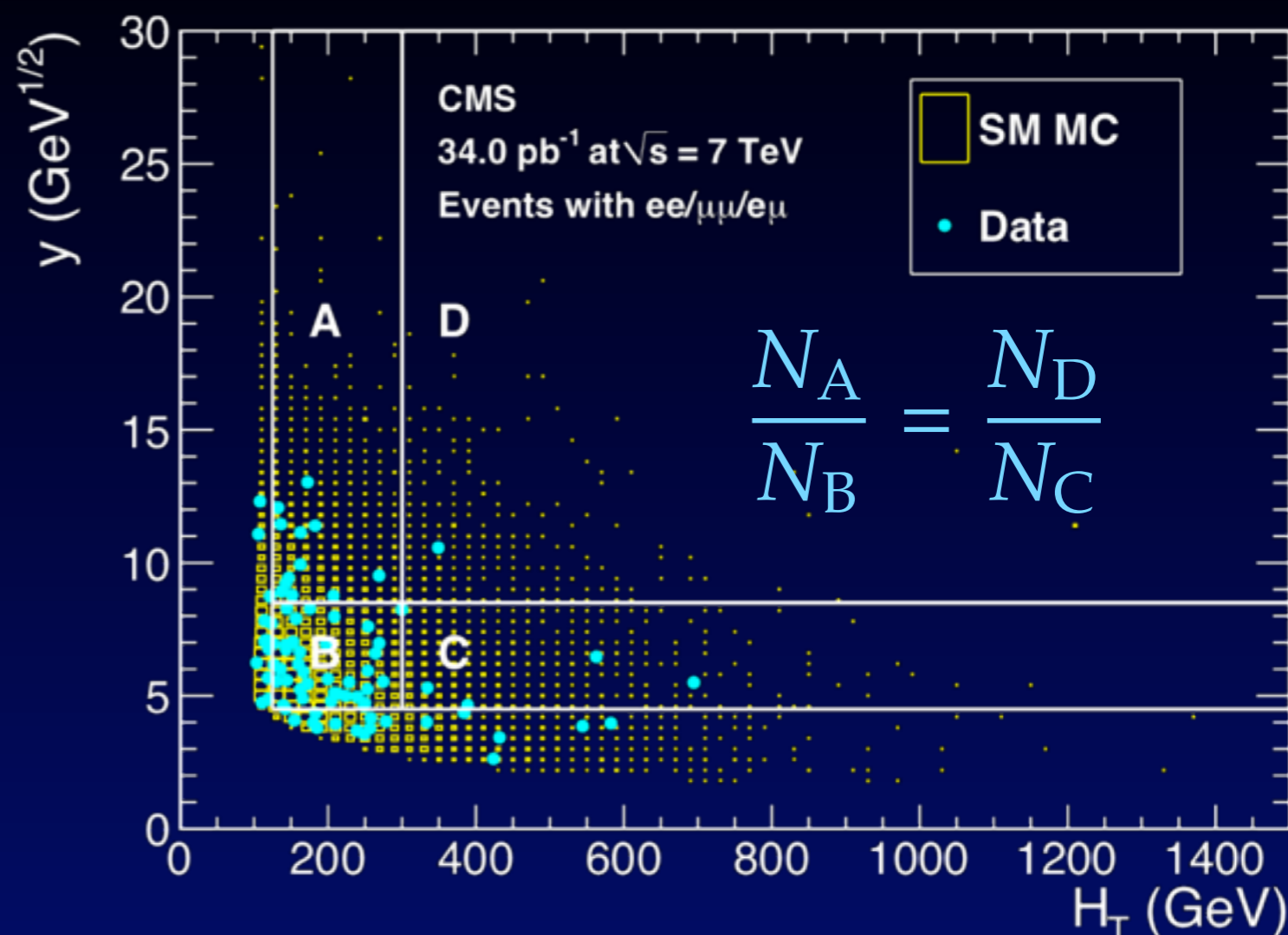
- **Main backgrounds:**

- ▶ **Z+jets: use Z mass veto**
- ▶ **top-antitop**

- “ABCD” method to estimate contribution in signal region

- $N_D = N_C \times N_A / N_B$ if variables uncorrelated

- use dilepton p_T distribution to model MET from di-neutrino



- **Results**

- ▶ **1 event observed**

- ▶ **$1.3 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.3$ predicted**

Presenting the result

Approaches in CMS

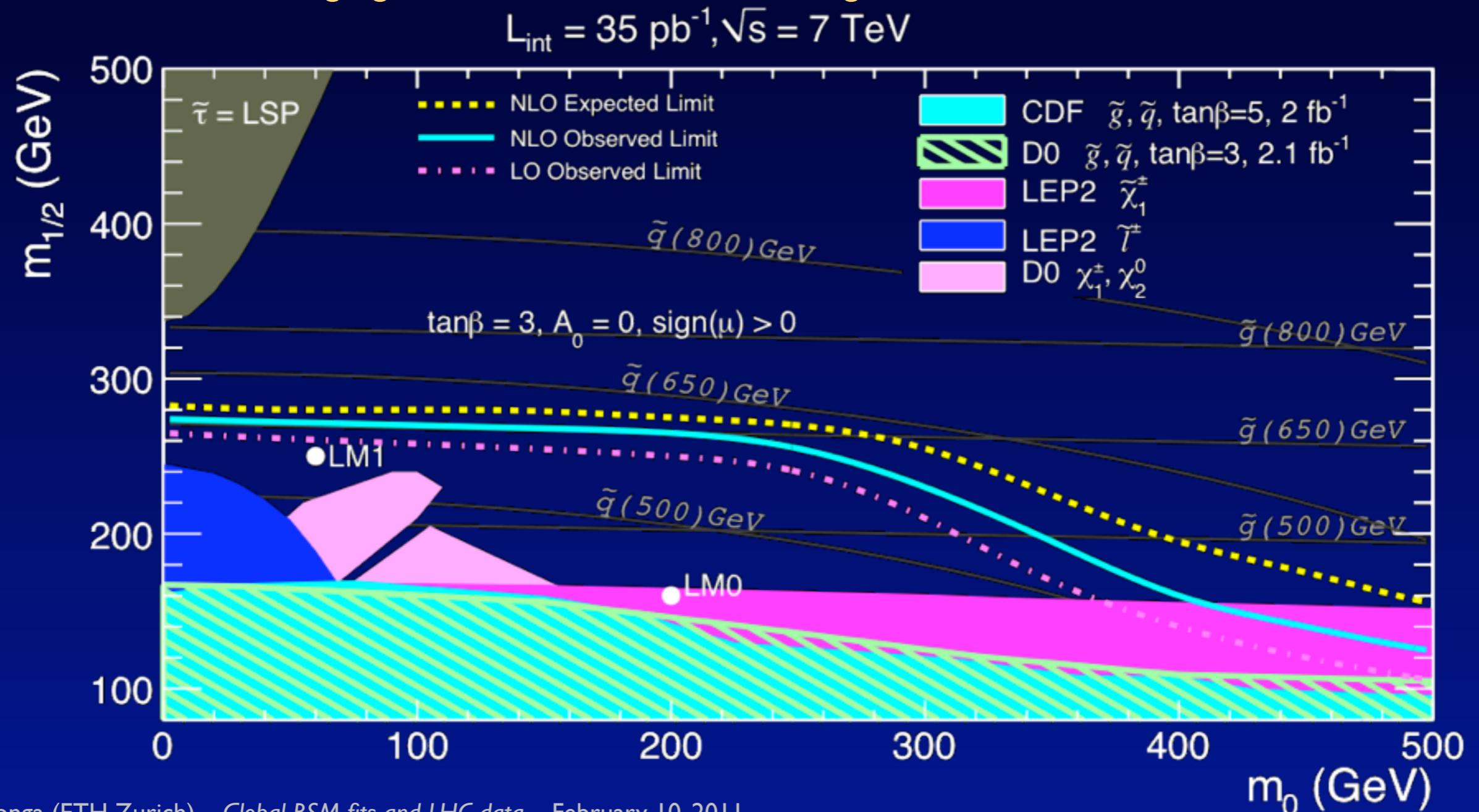
- *Project* the result on a particular model
 - ▶ **95% exclusion in the $(m_0, m_{1/2})$ plane in the CMSSM**
 - comparison with previous searches
- *Map* the result on a particular model
 - ▶ **cross-section upper limits in the (gluino, squark) plane of GGM**
 - ▶ **efficiency x acceptance upper limits**
- Provide information required for model testing
 - ▶ **acceptance, efficiency, detector response**
- ⇒ **Discuss and illustrate these approaches in turn**
- *Simplified models: see W. Waltenberger's talk tomorrow!*

CMSSM scans

- In the CMSSM plane, check compatibility with result in each point

► folds in efficiency + PDF uncertainty, NLO corrections (“k-factors”)

- also considering signal contamination in control regions



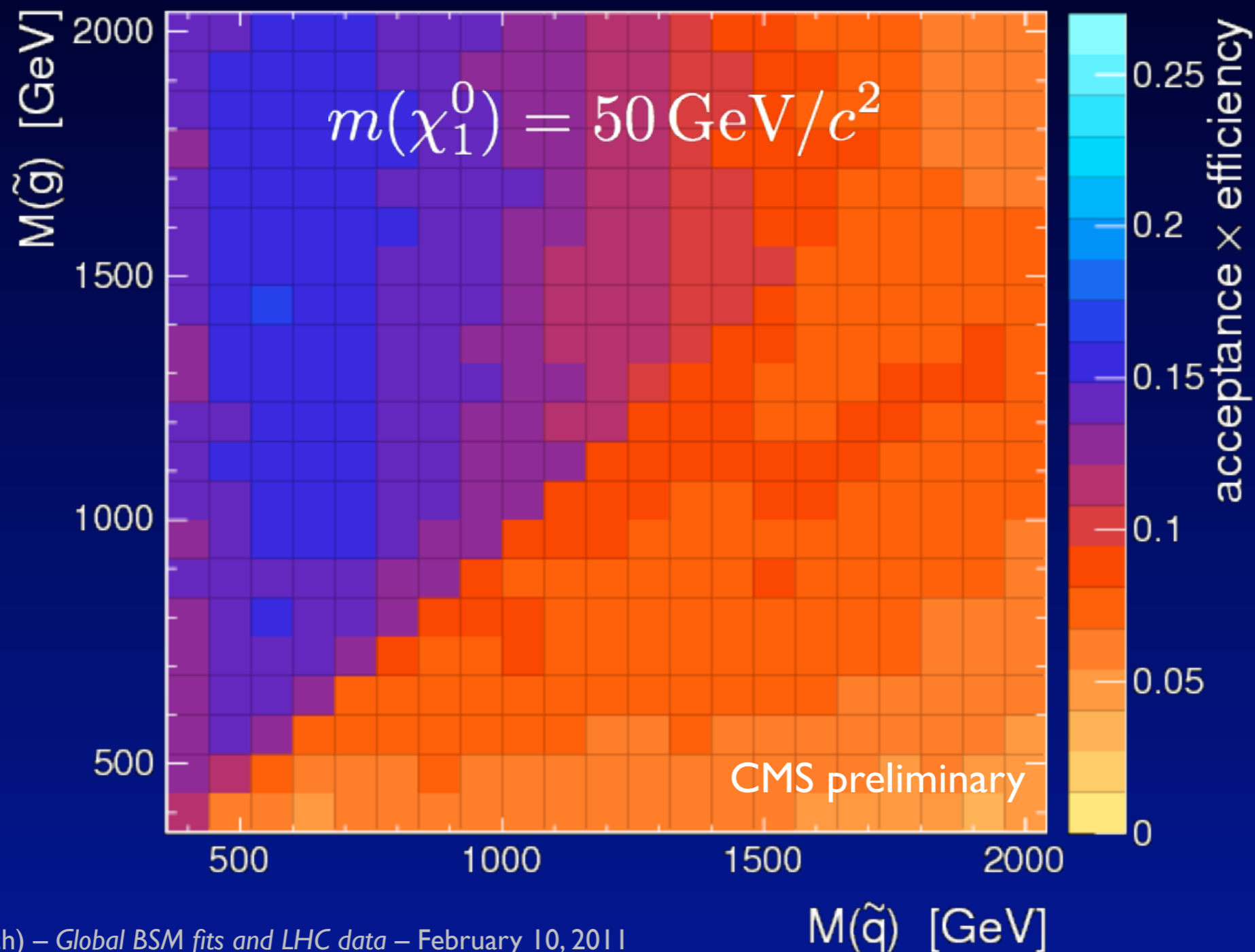
CMSSM scans: discussion

- Good benchmark to show sensitivity, compare with other experiment(s)
- Difficult to interpret, very model-dependent (!)
 - ▶ **How (much) does the limit depend on $\tan\beta$? (and $\text{sign}(\mu)$, A_0 ?)**
 - same question for other limits on the plot...
 - ▶ **Provide several plots for different values of $\tan\beta$?**
- How dependent is it on the systematic uncertainties used for PDF and NLO?
 - here: CTEQ6.6 error function envelope and factor 2 on scale, resp.
 - ▶ **Showing also LO limit helps?**
 - ▶ **Does it cover differences between spectrum generators**
 - e.g., SOFTSUSY vs. ISAJET/ISASUSY?

Upper limits in the GGM plane

- One step further:

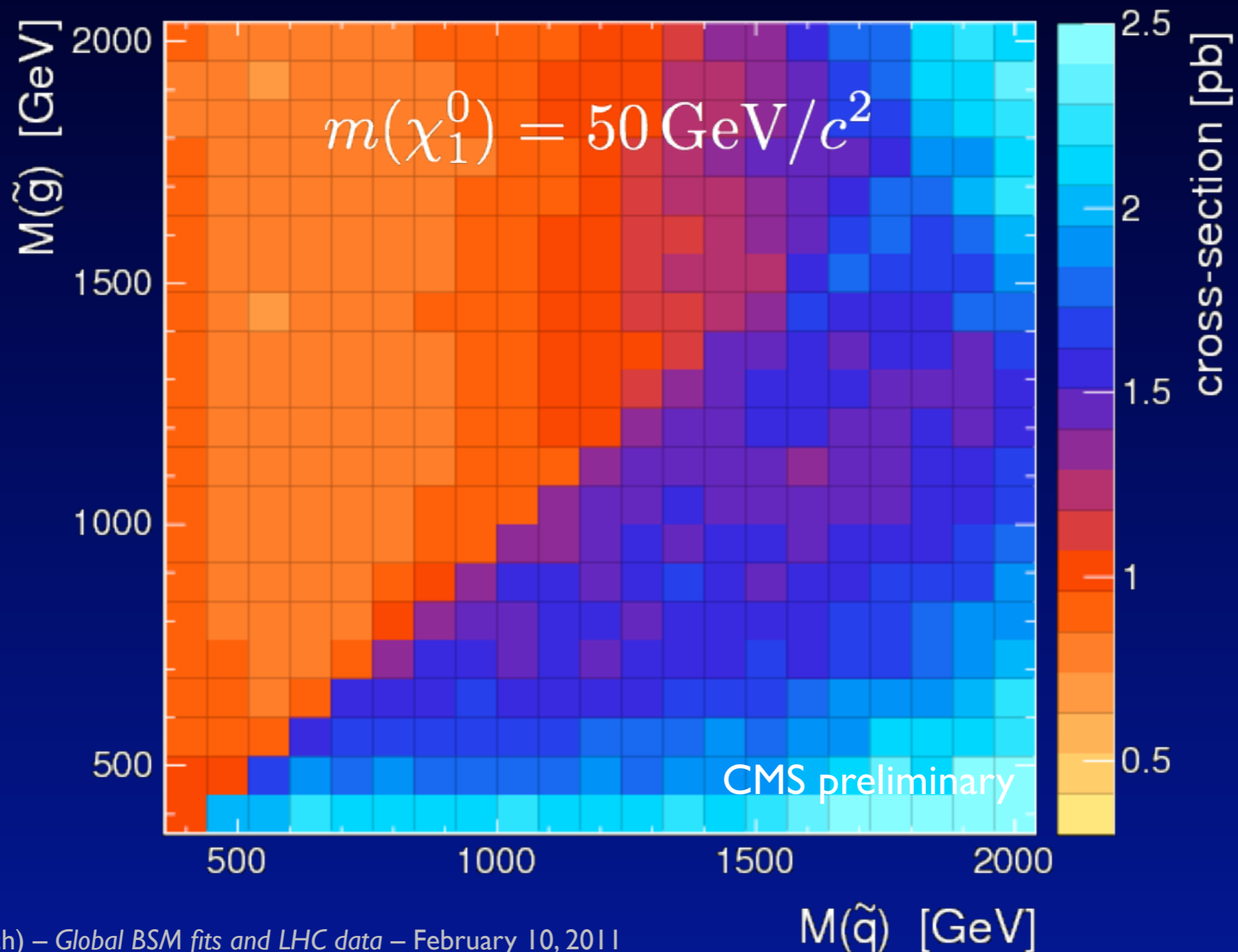
▶ provide acceptance x efficiency information in the plane



Upper limits in the GGM plane

- One step further:

▶ provide cross-section upper-limit in the plane



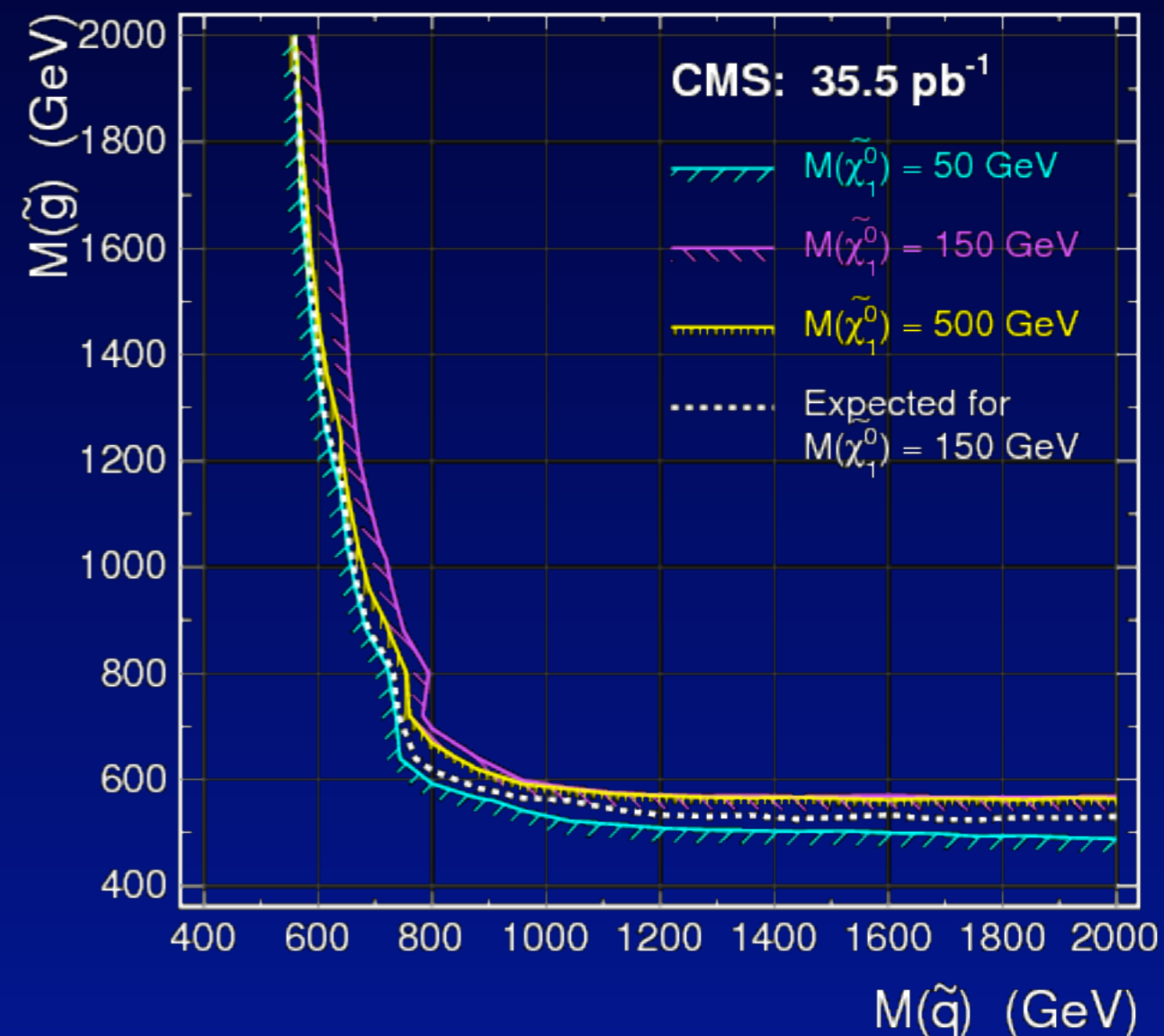
Upper limits: discussion

- Provides full information *within a certain model*
 - ▶ in terms of sparticle masses: more universal?
 - ▶ can(will) this information be used to confront similar models?

- Some parameters still fixed

- e.g., neutralino mass

- ▶ provide set of plots?
- ▶ provide exclusion limits?



“Outreach” information

- Last alternative: provide full information
 - ▶ ~universal, or for several models
 - ▶ aim: allow confrontation of other models using generator/fast simulation

“Outreach” information

- Last alternative: provide full information
 - ▶ ~universal, or for several models
 - ▶ aim: allow confrontation of other models using generator/fast simulation
- Example: OS dilepton search
 - ▶ definition of analysis acceptance (2 OS leptons $p_T > 20, 10 \text{ GeV}/c$, etc.)
 - ▶ information on detector response (corrections to acceptance)
 - ▶ reconstruction and isolation efficiencies (model-dependent!)
 - for different benchmark points, with different hadronic activity
 - quote both full-sim./generator and data/full-sim. corrections

“Outreach” information

- Last alternative: provide full information
 - ▶ ~universal, or for several models
 - ▶ aim: allow confrontation of other models using generator/fast simulation
- Example: OS dilepton search
 - ▶ definition of analysis acceptance (2 OS leptons $p_T > 20, 10 \text{ GeV}/c$, etc.)
 - ▶ information on detector response (corrections to acceptance)
 - ▶ reconstruction and isolation efficiencies (model-dependent!)
 - for different benchmark points, with different hadronic activity
 - quote both full-sim./generator and data/full-sim. corrections
- Discussion
 - ▶ is that useful? will/can it be used to confront other models?

Summary: points for discussion

- Three (preliminary) approaches presented
- Exclusion limits (in CMSSM plane)
 - ▶ **model dependence, interpretation: set of plots?**
 - ▶ **systematic uncertainties on PDF and NLO corrections?**
- Upper limits map (in GGM plane)
 - ▶ **efficiency, upper limits in sparticle mass plane: more universal?**
 - ▶ **still parameter-dependent**
- “Outreach” information
 - ▶ **will/can it be used?**
- Also considering to provide “likelihoods”

Additional material

Statistical methods

- **Feldman-Cousins method for upper limits**
 - ▶ **using profile likelihood ratio (Poisson)**
 - ▶ **includes nuisance parameters**
- **Bayesian upper limit (Poisson)** FERMILAB-TM-2104
 - ▶ **various models of nuisance parameters compared**
 - Gaussian, log-normal, gamma