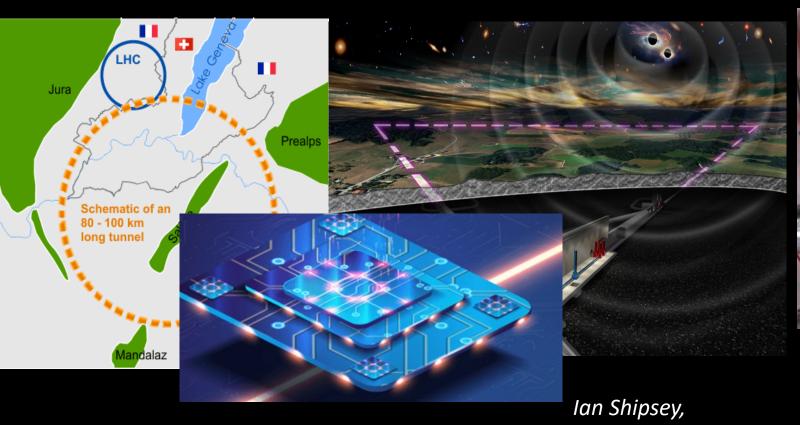
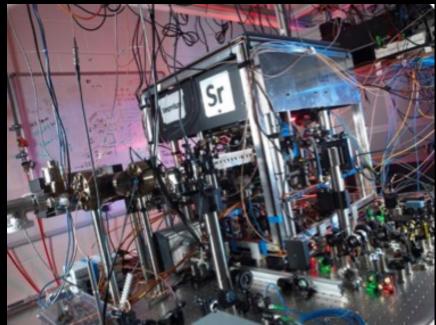
Great Questions in Fundamental Physics and Detector Technologies to Address them via the ECFA Detector Roadmap and ECFA Detector R&D Collaborations





lan Shipsey, Oxford University (ECFA Roadmap co-coordinator)

Opportunities for Discovery

Many mysteries to date go unanswered including:

The mystery of the Higgs boson

The mystery of Neutrinos

The mystery of Dark Matter

They mystery of Dark Energy

The mystery of quarks and charged leptons

The mystery of Matter – anti-Matter asymmetry

The mystery of the Hierarchy Problem

The mystery of the Families of Particles

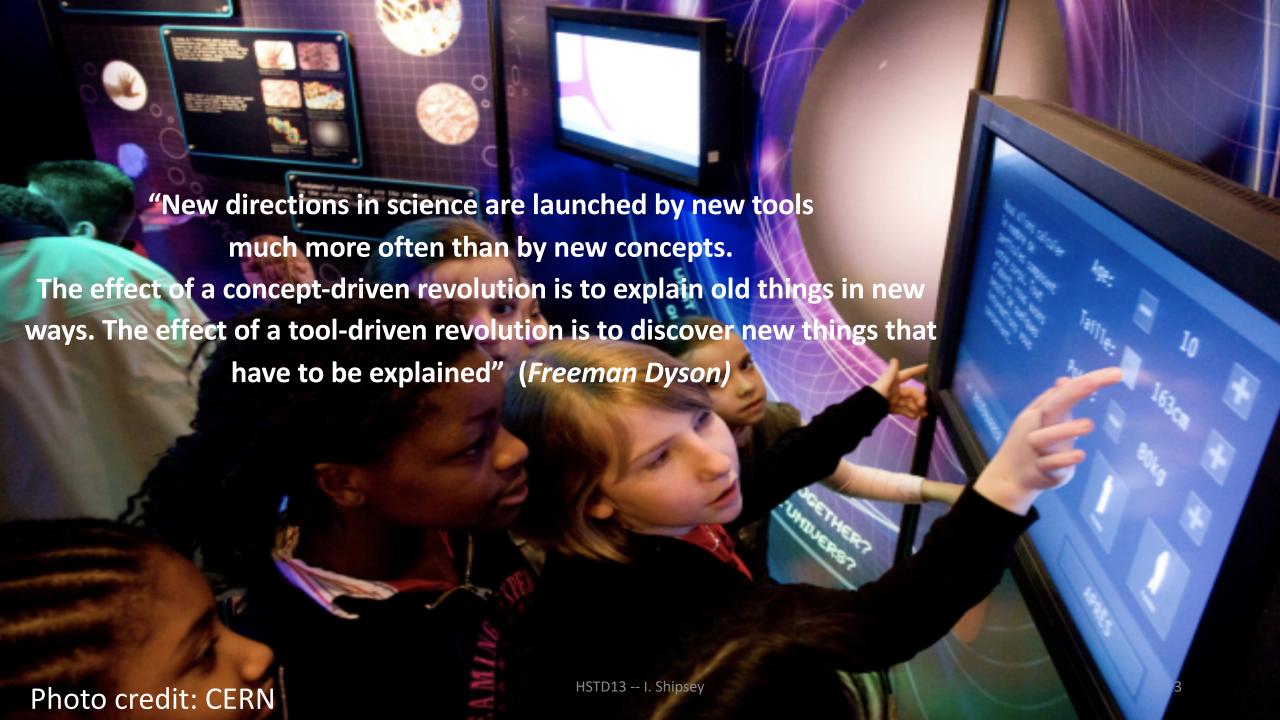
The mystery of Inflation

The mystery of Gravity

How do quarks and gluons give rise to the properties of nuclei The mystery of the origin and engine of high energy cosmic particles

Multiple theoretical solutions – experiment must guide the way

We are very much in a data driven era for which we need new tools!





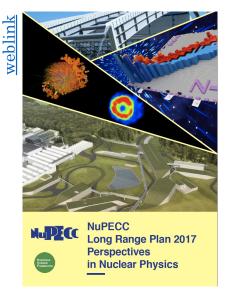
Most recent European Strategies

the large ...



2017-2026 European Astroparticle Physics Strategy

... the connection ...



Long Range Plan 2017
Perspectives in Nuclear Physics

... the small



2020 Update of the European Particle Physics Strategy

Are community driven strategies outlining our ambition to address compelling open questions

Guidance for funding authorities to develop resource-loaded research programmes

the update of the European Strategy for Particle Physics, recognizing the primacy of instrumentation, called on the community via ECFA to define a global detector R&D roadmap

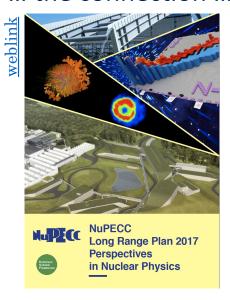
Most recent European Strategies

the large ...



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... the connection ...



Long Range Plan 2017
Perspectives in Nuclear Physics

... the small

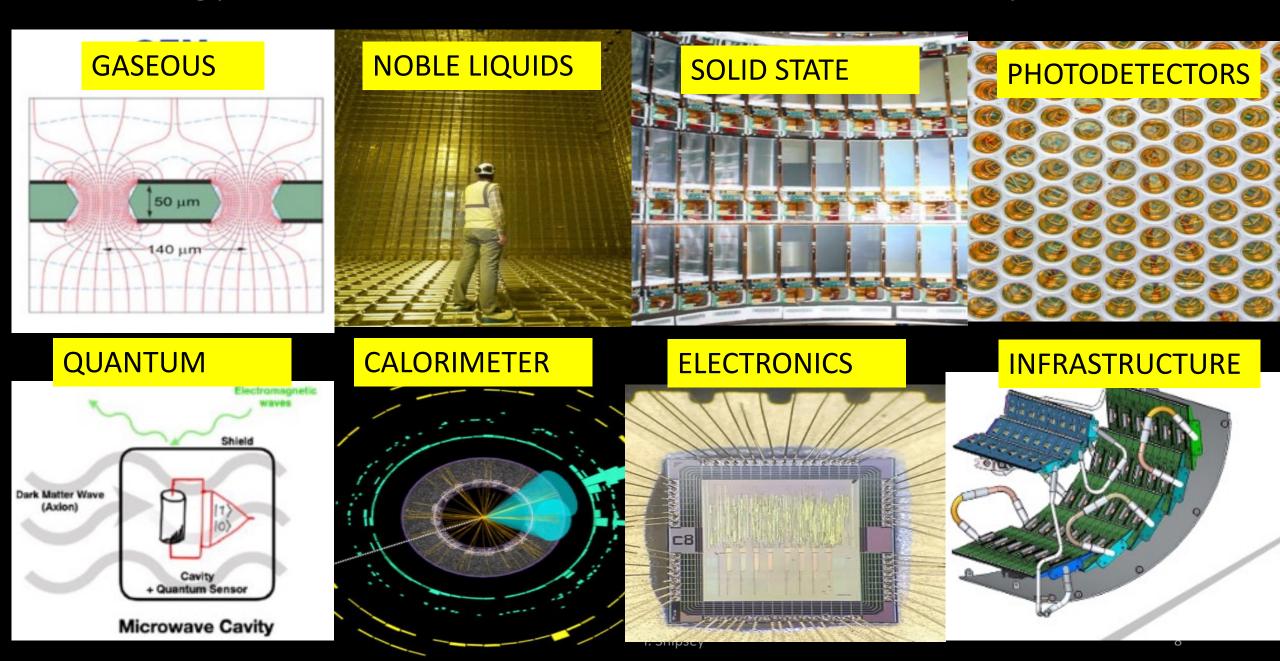


2020 Update of the European Particle Physics Strategy



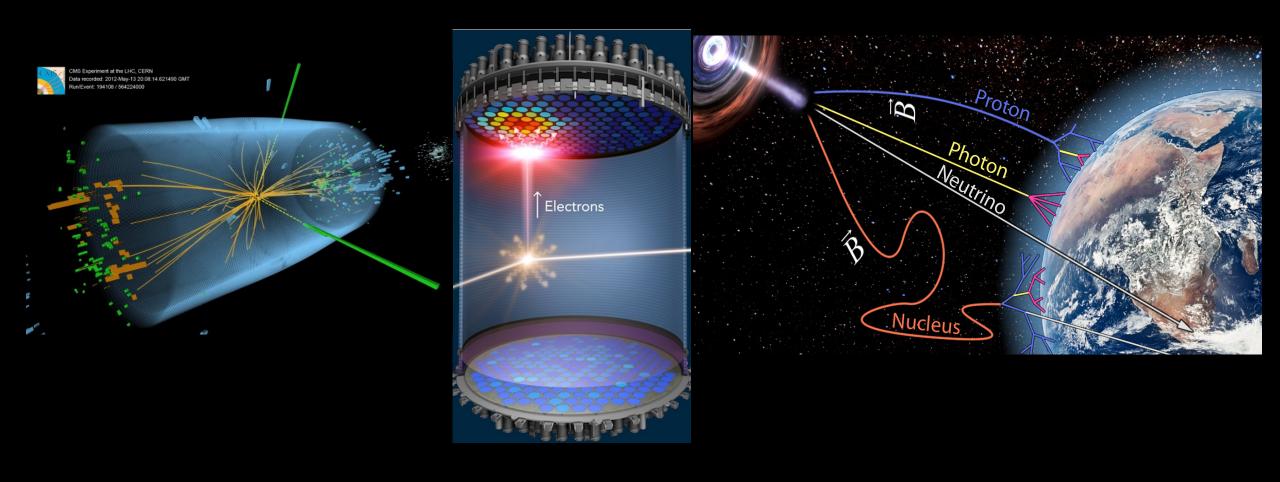
ECFA Detector R&D Roadmap

Technology Classification for the ECFA R&D Roadmap



Our Technologies: synergy & broad applicability

• The technologies we develop are broadly applicable across PP Nuclear Physics (NP)and Astro Particle Physics (APP) & synergistically developed



OF SUSSEX

ECFA Detector R&D Roadmap

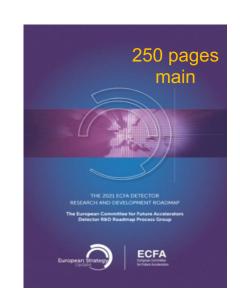
CERN

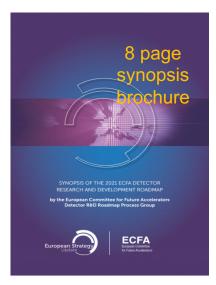
- Given the future physics programme, identify the main technology R&D to be met so that detectors ar not the limiting factor for the timeline.
- Detector context considered:
 - Full exploitation of LHC
 - Long baseline neutrinos
 - Detectors for future Higgs-EW-Top factories (in all manifestations)
 - Long term vision for 100 TeV hadron collider

- Future muon colliders
- Accelerator setup for rare decays/dark matter
- Experiments for precision QCD
- Non accelerator experiments (reactor neutrinos, double beta decay, dark matter)

Process organised by Panel and nine Task Forces with input sessions and open symposia with wide community consultation (1359 registrants)

Main Document published (approval by RECFA at 19/11/21) and 8 page synopsis brochure prepared for less specialised audience





ECFA Detector R&D Roadmap Panel web pages at:

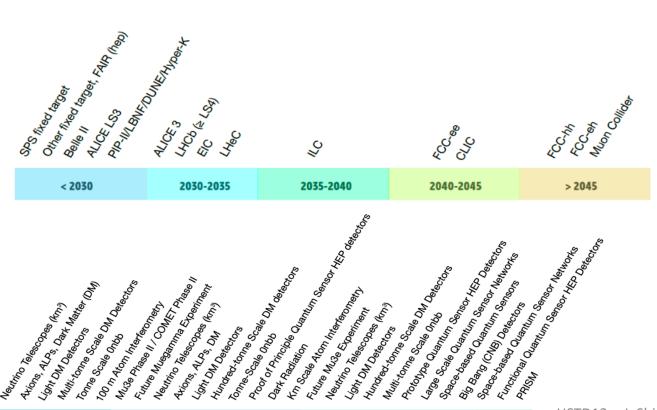
https://indico.cern.ch/ e/ECFADetectorRDR oadmap

Documents CERN-ESU-017:

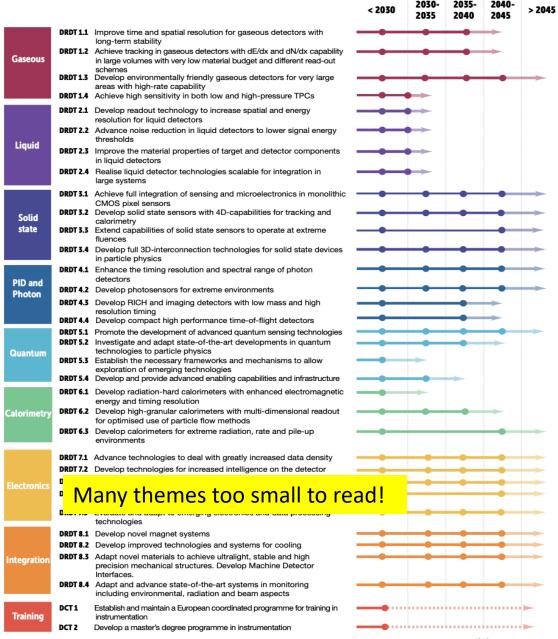
10.17181/CERN.XDP L.W2EX

Roadmap Document Structure

Within each Task Force (one for each technology area + training) the aim is to propose a time ordered detector R&D programme by Detector Research and Development Themes (DRDT) in terms of capabilities not currently achievable.



DETECTOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT THEMES (DRDTs) & DETECTOR COMMUNITY THEMES (DCTs)

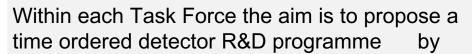


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> 2035

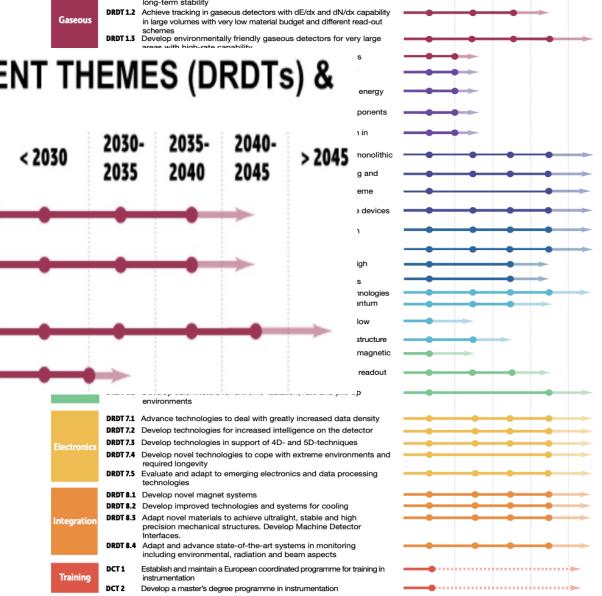
Roadmap Document Structure

DETECTOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT THEMES (DRDTs) & DETECTOR COMMUNITY THEMES (DCTs)



DRDT 1.1 Improve time and spatial resolution for gaseous detectors with in large volumes with very low material budget and different read-out

DETECTOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT THEMES (DRDTs) & **DETECTOR COMMUNITY THEMES (DCTs)**



Gaseous

DRDT 1.1 Improve time and spatial resolution for gaseous detectors with long-term stability

DRDT 1.2 Achieve tracking in gaseous detectors with dE/dx and dN/dx capability in large volumes with very low material budget and different read-out schemes

Develop environmentally friendly gaseous detectors for very large areas with high-rate capability

Achieve high sensitivity in both low and high-pressure TPCs

Poor of Philoso Quanting Salas HED Black

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> 2045

> 2035

Gaseous detectors Are ubiquitous

& long in gestation

Detector Readiness Matrices of each Task Force chapter focus on the extent to which the R&D topic is *mission* critical to the programme rather than the intensity of R&D required

- Must happen or main physics goals cannot be met
- Important to meet physics goals
- Desirable to enhance physics reach
- R&D need being met



Optical readout

Radiopurity

Must hannen or main physics goals cannot be met

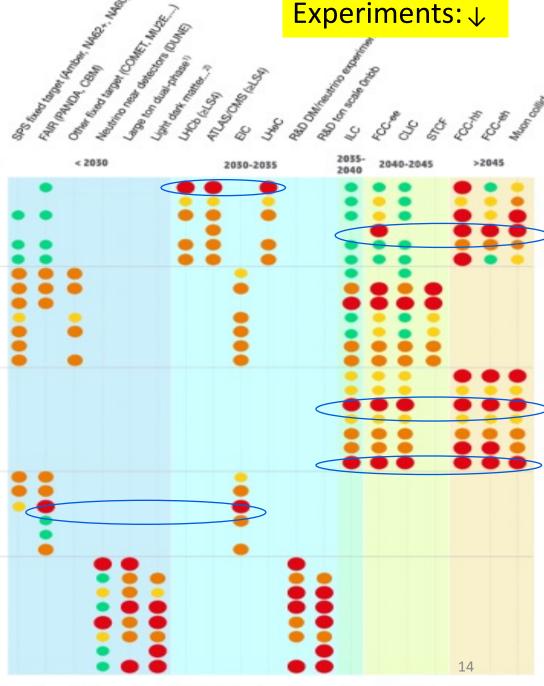
Gas pressure stability

1.4

1.4

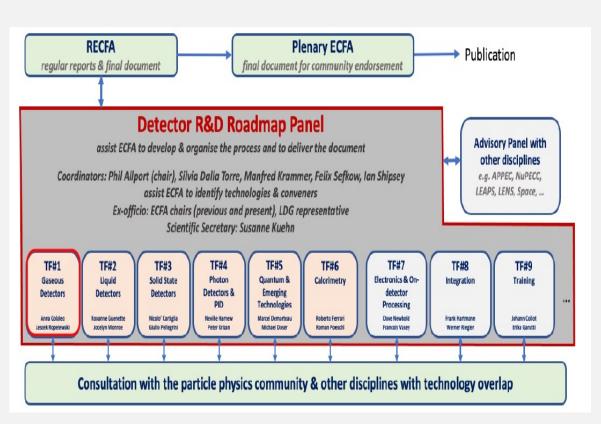
1.4

Important to meet several physics goals



R&D needs being met

ECFA Detector R&D Roadmap Approval & Implementation



P. Allport chair - ex-officio ICFA-IIDP chair I. Shipsey

Roadmap was approved by Plenary ECFA in Nov. 2021

10 General Strategic Recommendations GSR4: international coordination & organization of R&D activities GSR6: establish long term strategic funding program

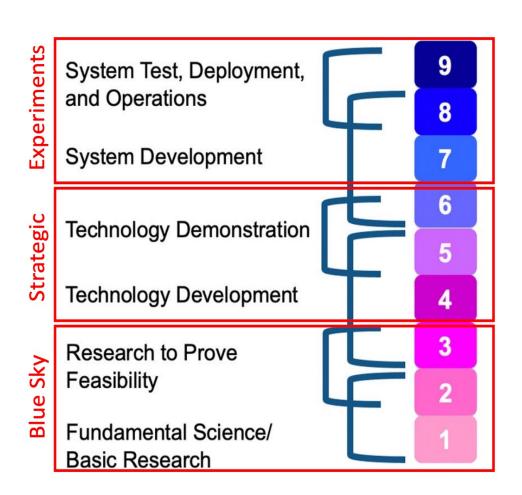
ECFA implementation proposal to form DRD collaborations hosted at CERN was endorsed by Council Sep. 2022

1 DRD for each technology led by the same large team that wrote the corresponding technology R&D plan in the Roadmap

ECFA Detector Research & Development (DRD) Collaborations

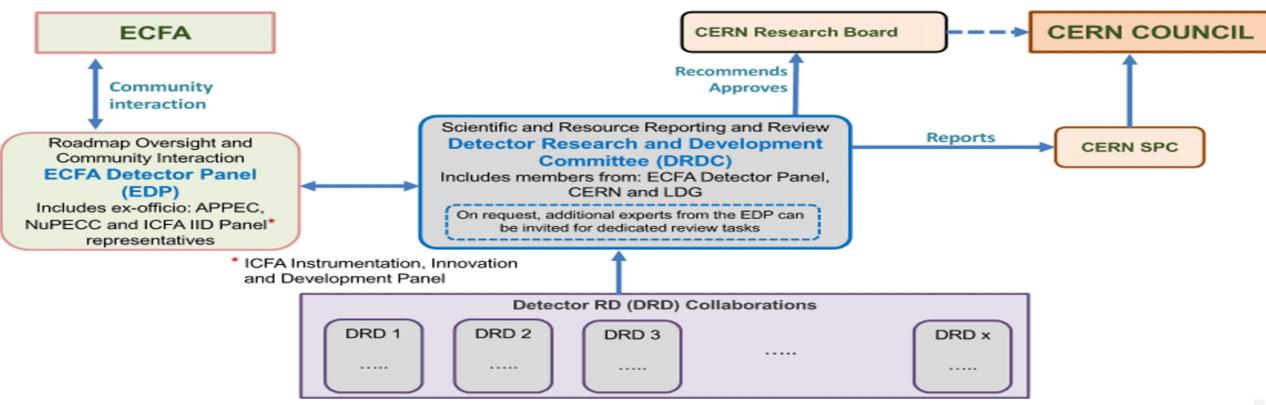
Strategic R&D towards necessary technologies to build future facilities and experiments

- Addresses the DRDTs in ECFA roadmap by defining suitable deliverables and milestones
 - Technology Readiness Levels (TRL) 3-6
 - Backed up by **strategic funding**, agreed with funding agencies (MoUs)
- DRD collaborations should also contain a small "blue-sky" section (TRL 1-3)
 - Allow new developments to emerge
 - Possibly financed by common fund + institute contributions (RD50/51 scheme)



Framework for DRD collaborations

similar to <u>general conditions</u> for execution of experiments at CERN with a dedicated Detector R&D review Committee and MoU with Funding Agencies



EDP provides input on DRD proposals to the DRDC* in terms of roadmap priorities it follows up achievements and evolution from experiment concept groups for update of the rodmap

20

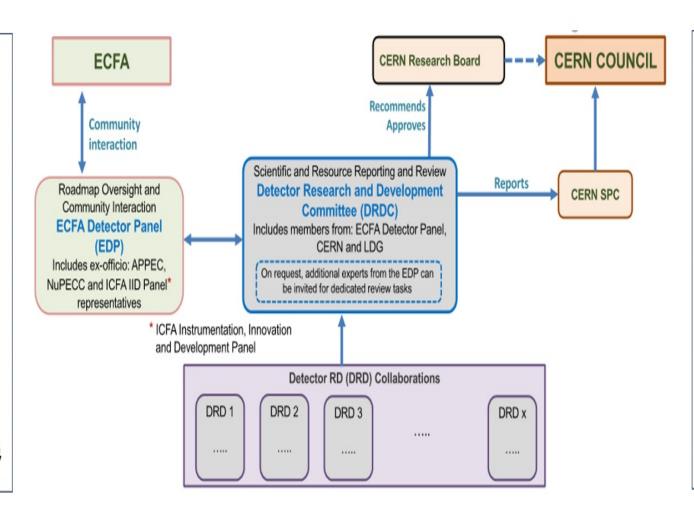
^{*} through its co-chairs, appointed members in the DRDC or via topic-specific experts in the conduct of the DRDC reviews

Framework for DRD collaborations

similar to <u>general conditions</u> for execution of experiments at CERN with a dedicated Detector R&D review Committee and MoU with Funding Agencies

ECFA Detector Panel (EDP):

- Co-chairs: Phil Allport (Birmingham), Didier Contardo (Lyon)
- Scientific secretary: Doris Eckstein (DESY)
- Gaseous Detectors: Silvia Dalla Torre (Torino)
- Liquid Detectors: *Inés Gil Botella* (CIEMAT)
- Solid State Detectors: Doris Eckstein, Phil Allport
- PID & Photon Detectors: Roger Forty (CERN)
- Quantum and emerging Technologies.: Steven Hoekstra (Groningen)
- Calorimetry: Laurent Serin (IJCLab)
- Electronics: Valerio Re (Bergamo)
- Ex Officio: ECFA Chair (Karl Jakobs), ICFA Detector Panel (Ian Shipsey), DRDC chair (**Thomas Bergauer**), APPEC & NuPECC observers



Detector R&D Committee (DRDC):

- Thomas Bergauer (HEPHY Vienna)
- Scientific secretary: Jan Troska (CERN)
- Stan Bentvelsen (NIKHEF, LDG)
- Shikma Bressler (Weizmann)
- Dimitry Budker (Mainz)
- Roger Forty (CERN)
- Claudia Gemme (INFN and U. Genoa)
- Inés Gil Botella (CIEMAT)
- Petra Merkel (Fermilab, US)
- Mark Pesaresi (Imperial College)
- Laurent Serin (IJCLab)
- Ex-officio: P. Allport, D. Contardo (EDP)
- Ex-officio: CERN DRC, EP dep. head, KT head

From ECFA Task forces and RD collaborations to DRD collaborations

Timeline:

- Review of DRD proposals by DRDC this fall:
 - Nine DRDC internal meetings so far discussing DRD proposals
 - Several meetings between DRDC and proponents of collabs.
 - Three iterations of each proposal received after suggestions from DRDC
- Approval by the end of 2023
 - 4th December: 1st official (but fully closed) DRDC meeting with presentations and discussions with each DRD proposal teams
 - 6th December: Official approval by CERN Research Board
- Once approved, DRD collaborations can start in 2024
 - Enables entry to CERN grey book, so that team leaders of each participating institute can be nominated and users registered
 - Collaborations will have kick-off meetings, elect spokespersons
 - MoU setup and collecting signatures from Funding Agencies
 - Later: Annual status reports to DRDC; monitoring of milestones and deliverables

 Community input by open meetings Q1/2023 Submission of proposals to DRDC End 07/23 Review by CERN DRDC, assisted by ECFA EDP Fall 2023 • Approval, then: Collaboration starts End 2023 • MoU negotiations and signature collection 2024 annual status reports and monitoring to DRDC 2024ff

CERN Scientific Committees

All in a nutshell

The CERN Scientific Committees are of two types: the Experiment Committees, which review the physics, and the Resources and Finance Review Boards.

Calendar all

Experiment Committees

https://committees.web.cern.ch

Research Board

Chairperson: Director-General Scientific Secretary: Roger Forty (EP) DRDC - Detector R&D Committee

Chairperson: Thomas Bergauer Scientific Secretary: Jan Troska (EP) REC - Recognized ExperimentsCommittee

Chairperson: Director for Research Scientific Secretary: Helge Meinhard (RCS)

) INTC - ISOLDE and n_TOF Experiments Committee

Chairperson: Marek Pfutzner Scientific Secretary: Hanne Heylen (EP)) LHCC - LHC ExperimentsCommittee

Chairperson: Frank Simon Scientific Secretary: Lorenzo Moneta (EP) SPSC - SPS and PS Experiments Committee

Chairperson: Jordan Nash Scientific Secretary: Carlos Lourenço (EP)

DRDC home

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Agenda (Indico) Minutes (CDS) Members' List Dates next meetings

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS

Submit a proposal

Public Collection (CDS)

History - Archives[™]

DRDC REFEREES

Internal site

(protected)

Detector R&D Committee (DRDC)

The Detector Research and Development Committee (DRDC) receives proposals for new detector R&D experiments, evaluates them and decides whether to recommend approval. The DRDC reports to the CERN Director for Research and submits its recommendations to the Research Board. Once DRD collaborations are established, the Committee will request status reports and conduct reviews of their progress

A first DRDC was set up in July 1990 and held its last meeting in January 1995. The role of reviewing the approved R&D experiments was taken over by the LHCC and the SPSC until end 2023. See the information in the CERN Archives website.

Chairperson: Thomas Bergauer, HEPHY Vienna **Scientific Secretary**: Jan Troska, EP Department

MONDAY

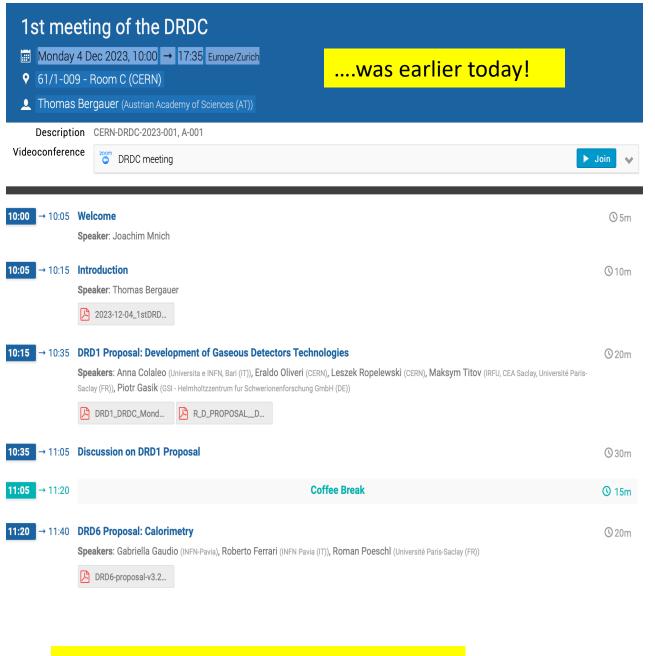
4 DEC/23

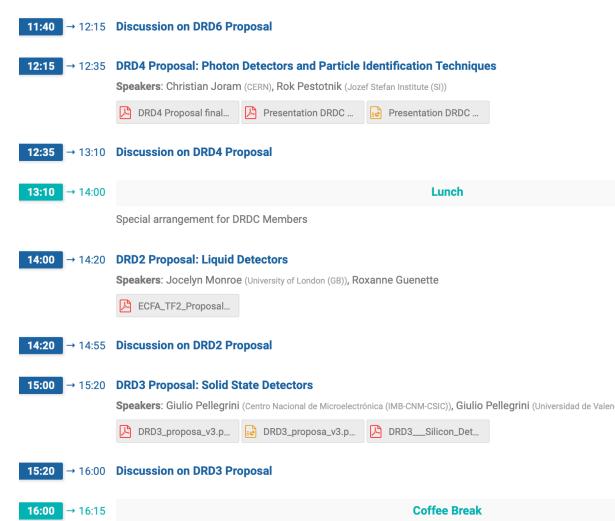
10:00 - 17:35
(Europe/Zurich)

1st meeting of the DRDC

Event

https://committees.web.cern.ch/drdc





https://indico.cern.ch/event/1328078/

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∠U

Memorandum of Understanding

- All institutes of one DRD collaboration sign a "light-weight" MoU
 - Does not contain commitments on strategic funds
 - Defines Common Fund, if agreed by the respective DRD Collaboration
 - Covers IP topics, how to handle involvement of industr
 (In that case very similar as the current existing MoUs of RD50/51)
 - MoU Template will be provided by CERN (currently being negotiated with legal office, KT, DRC,...)
- Strategic funding will be agreed upon in annexes to this lightweight MoU
 - One Annex per Work Package, signed by the FAs of the institutes involved in the respective WP

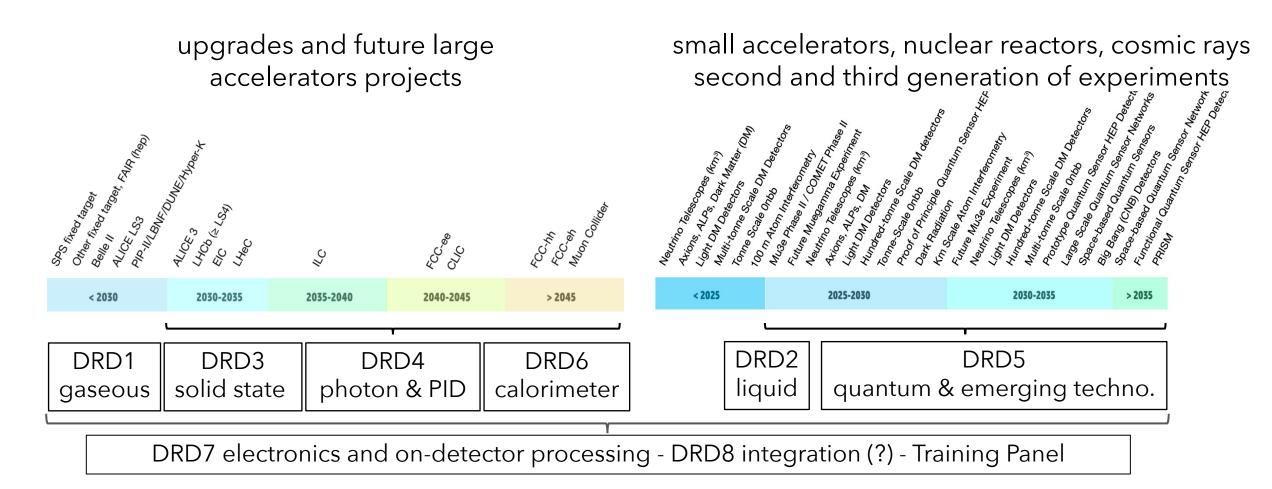
Proposed Detector R&D collaborations

Highlights of scientific programs, organization and community contributions

Status of Proposed DRD Collaborations

Collab.	Topic	Initial Proposal Submission	Seeking approval	comment
DRD 1	Development of Gaseous Detectors	July 2023	Dec. 2023	Former RD51
DRD 2	Liquid Detectors	July 2023	Dec. 2023	
DRD 3	Solid State Detectors	3 Oct. 2023	Dec. 2023	Former RD50
DRD 4	Photon Detectors and Particle Identification Techniques	July 2023	Dec. 2023	
DRD 6	Calorimetry	July 2023	Dec. 2023	CALICE, CrystalClear
DRD 5	Quantum and Emerging Technologies		later	
DRD 7	R&D Collaboration for Electronic Systems	Lol submitted	later	
TF 8	Integration	-	later	Workshop on 6 th Dec.

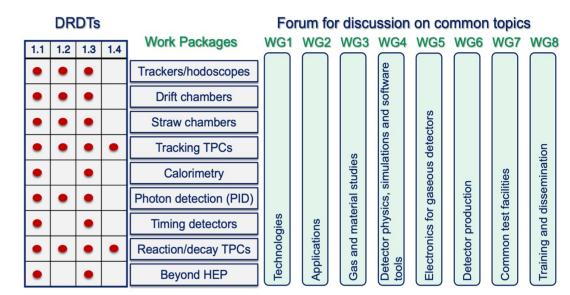
Context of HEP projects for Detector Research & Development



Planning of projects is for physics start at the time of the roadmap, end of strategic R&D must consider project engin., constr. and instal. time

DRD1: Gaseous Detectors

	DRDT 1.1	Improve time and spatial resolution for gaseous detectors with	
		long-term stability	
	DRDT 1.2	Achieve tracking in gaseous detectors with dE/dx and dN/dx capability	
Gaseous		in large volumes with very low material budget and different read-out	
		schemes	
	DRDT 1.3	Develop environmentally friendly gaseous detectors for very large	
		areas with high-rate capability	
	DRDT 1.4	Achieve high sensitivity in both low and high-pressure TPCs	



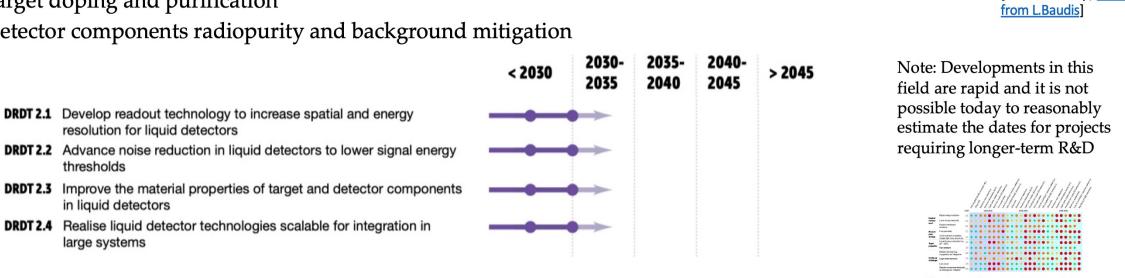
- Organized in
 - Working Groups: serving as the backbone of the proposed R&D environment and framework
 - **Work Packages:** will consolidate the activities of institutes with shared research interests in specific areas,
 - and Common Projects (blue sky) financed by fixed yearly fee (Common Fund)
- Large community of 160 institutes
- Budget: 3 MCHF/y existing, additional 3 MCHF/y requested, 270/100 FTE
- Community meeting: most recent June 23; next tentatively scheduled for Dec. 2023; DRD1 Kick-off meeting Jan-Feb 2024
- Web page: https://drd1.web.cern.ch/ (with proposal v1.4)

DRD2: Liquid detectors

- Covers Dark Matter and Neutrino experiments, accelerator and non-accelerator-based
- Several large-scale and many small-scale experiments running or foreseen with liquid detectors
- Technology: Noble Liquids (e.g. DUNE), Water Cherenkov (e.g. Super/Hyper-K) and Liquid Scintillator with light and ionization readout
- Underground Dark Matter Experiments small and rare signals R&D for multi-ton scale noble liquids:
 - Target doping and purification

Liquid

Detector components radiopurity and background mitigation



Te: CUORE

CUPID

AMORE

Multi: SuperNEMO

Ge: LEGEND

LAr veto

C₃F₈: PICO

Ge: CDEX

Si: DAMIC-M, SENSEI

Ar. Ne: TREX-DM

He:SF6: CYGNUS

Aq, Br, C: NEWSdm

Ge, Si:

SuperCDMS

EDELWEISS

Ionisation

H₂O: Super-K,

Hyper-K, KM3Net

Phonons

Xe:

NEXT, nEXO

Xe: LZ, PandaX-4T, XENONnT, DARWIN

Ar: DarkSide-50, DarkSide-20k, ARGO

DUNE, ArgonCube, MicroBooNE, SBN

He: HeRALD

QUEST-DMC

Ar/Xe: SBC

XMASS

Csl: KIMS

COSINUS

[ECFA roadmap, Modified

Liquid Scintillator:

JUNO, LiquidO, SNO+, Theia, TAO

Nal: ANAIS

DAMA/LIBRA

COSINE, SABRE

Ar: DEAP-3600

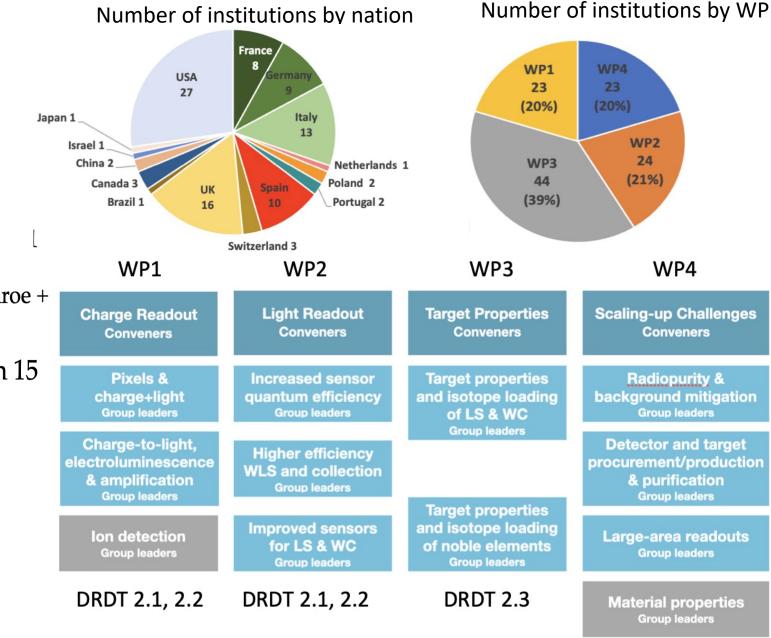
Xe: KamLAND-zen

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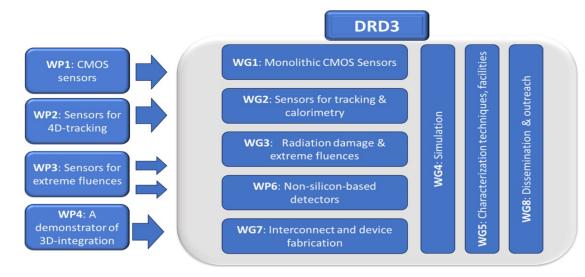
DRD2: Liquid detectors

- DRD2 is divided in four WPs
 - Aligned but not identical to DRDTs
 - Based on 51 bottom-up projects
 - 150 participants in <u>community meeting</u>
 - Conveners: Roxanne Guenette, Jocelyn Monroe + contributors
- DRD2 Collaboration from 114 institutes in 15 countries
 - Significant US contribution (>25%)
 - Nominated liaisons to DRD1,4 and 7
- Budget:
 - 2.6 / 7.8 M€/y (available / required)
 - 148.4/305.6 (available/required) FTE

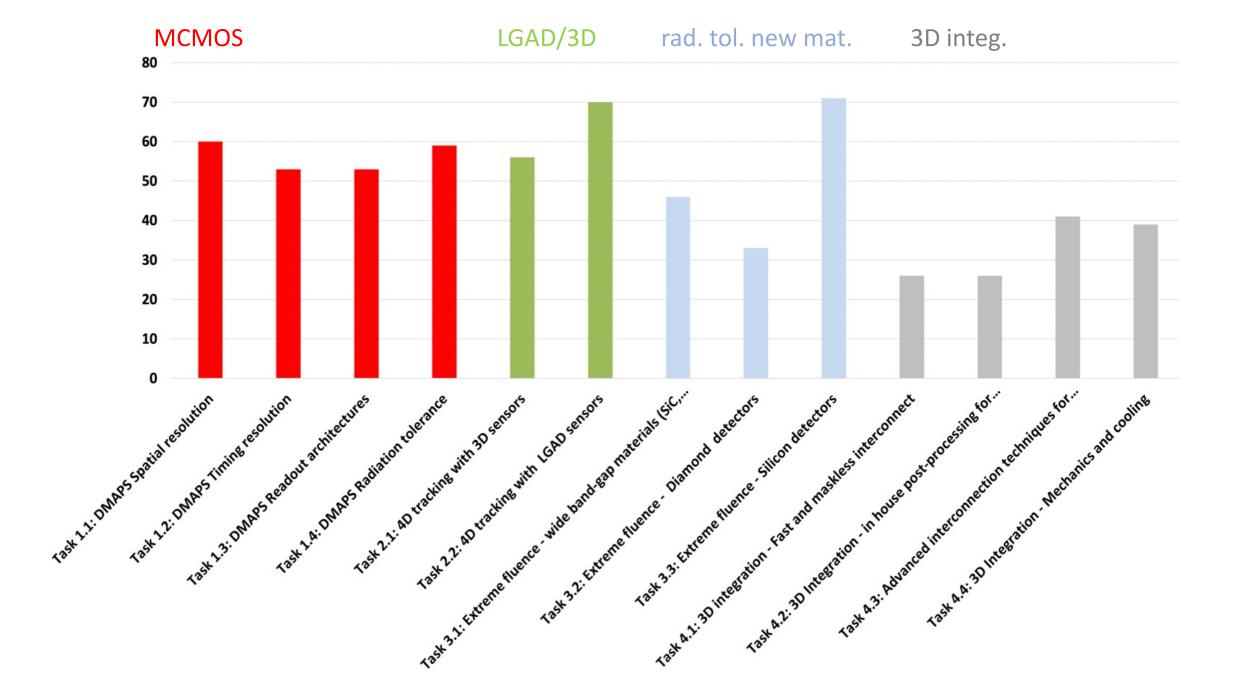


DRD3: Semiconductor Detectors

- DRD3 benefits from existing RD50 collaboration
 - Extended by diamonds (RD42) and 3D integration
- Organized in
 - Work Packages identical to DRDTs
 - Working Groups very similar to current RD50
 - Common projects (for blue-sky) (many still running from RD50)
- Large Collaboration: 129 institutes,
 28 countries, ~900 interested people
 - ~ 70% are from Europe, 15% from North America,
 - Compare: RD50: 65 institutes and 434 members
- Budget:
 - ~5 MCHF/y (existing), ~8 MCHF/y (requested)
 - 327 FTE (existing), 170 FTE (requested)

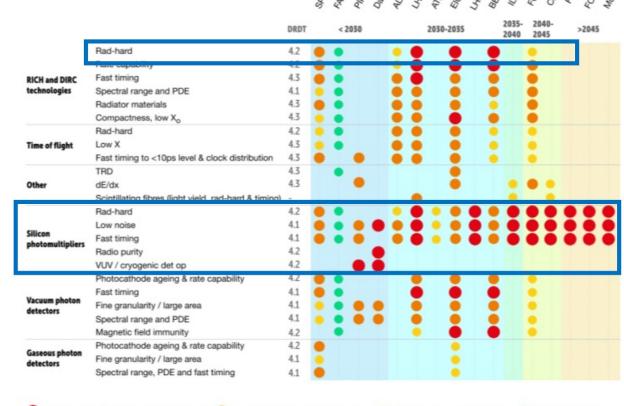


WP	Task	Title		
1	1.1	DMAPS: spatial resolution		
1	1.2	DMAPS: timing resolution		
1	1.3	DMAPS: read-out architectures		
1	1.4	DMAPS: radiation tolerance		
2	2.1	4D tracking: 3D sensors		
2	2.2	4D tracking: LGAD		
3	3.1	Extreme fluence: wide band-gap materials (SiC, GaN)		
3	3.2	Extreme fluence: diamond-based detectors		
3	3.3	Extreme fluence: silicon detectors		
4	4.1	3D Integration: fast and maskless interconnect		
4	4.2	3D Integration: in house post-processing for hybridization		
4	4.3	3D Integration: advanced interconnection techniques for detectors		
4	4.4	3D Integration: mechanics and cooling		

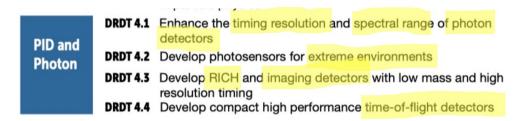


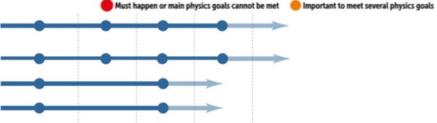
DRD4: Photodetectors & Particle ID

- Particle Identification (PID) essential to identify decays when heavy flavor are present
- **Developments** on PMTs, MCP-PMTs, SiPMs, APD, HPD, quantum devices, SciFi,
 - Challenges for example for SiPMs: rad hard, dark rate, timing
- Applications in Ring Imaging Cherenkov Detectors (RICH), Time-of-Flight (ToF), TRD
- Connection to almost every other DRD collab. (gas, Silicon, Calo, electronics, SiPM at cryogenic temp.)



Desirable to enhance physics reach

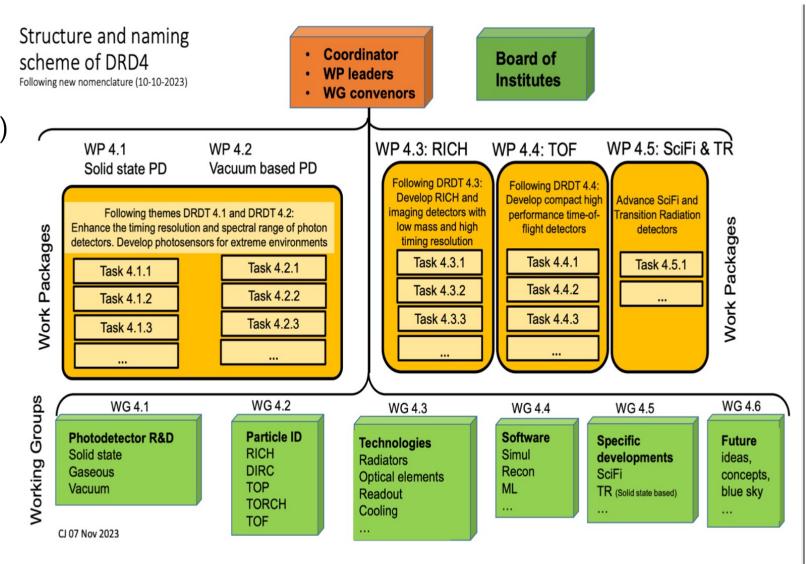




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DRD4: Photodetectors & Particle ID

- Collaboration currently led by Christian Joram (CERN) + Peter Krizan (Ljubljana)
 - + team of 12 others
 - election of management when collaboration officially constituted in 2024
- 67 institutes + 7 industrial partners
 - EU + 6 US, 2 China, 2 Japan, 2 Australia, 1 S.Korea, 1 Armenia
- Budget
 - 100 FTE/y (avail), ~60 FTE/y (additional)
 - 1.5MCHF/y (avail.), 1.8MCHF/y (additional)



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DRD6 Calorimetry

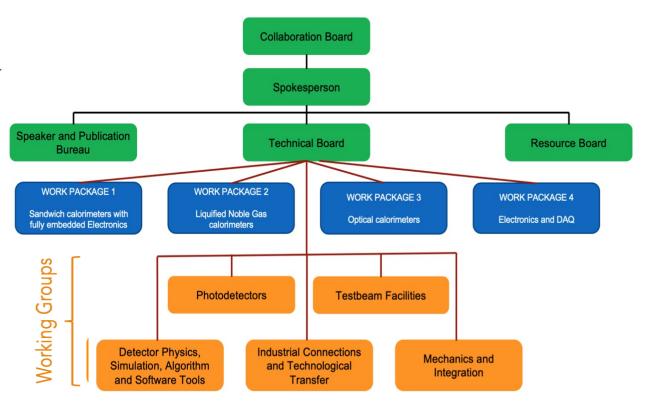
- Collaboration emerged from <u>CALICE</u> and <u>CrystalClear</u> (RD18)
 - 23 input proposals were collected from existing collaborations, boiled down to four WPs and five Working Groups
 - 110 institutes; 183 FTE/y (existing), 100 FTE/y requested
 - Budget ~3.2M€/y existing, ~1.4 to 2.4M€/y requested (2024-2026)
- R&D in calorimetry has a particularly long leadtime due
 - Many technology developments (gas, scintillator or Silicon-based readout) done in other DRDs
 - Large and challenging prototype setups even in early stages
 - Dedicated calorimeter test beam line requested



DRDT 6.1 Develop radiation-hard calorimeters with enhanced electromagnetic energy and timing resolution

DRDT 6.2 Develop high-granular calorimeters with multi-dimensional readout for optimised use of particle flow methods

DRDT 6.3 Develop calorimeters for extreme radiation, rate and pile-up environments

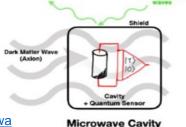


DRD5: Quantum sensors and emerging technologies

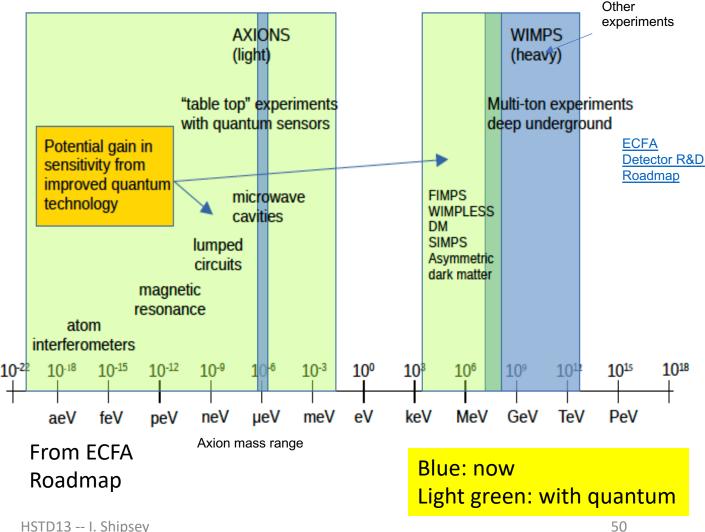
- **Quantum Technologies are a rapidly** emerging area of technology development to study fundamental physics: Dark Matter, neutrino mass, gravity, new forces, EDMs
- The ability to engineer quantum systems to improve on the measurement sensitivity holds great promise
- Many different sensor and technologies being investigated: clocks and clock networks, spin-based, superconducting, optomechanical sensors, atoms/molecules/ions, atom interferometry,
- Several initiatives started at CERN, DESY, FNAL, US, UK, Japan, India...



- Development of HEP detectors long term
- Nano/meta/heterogenous materials

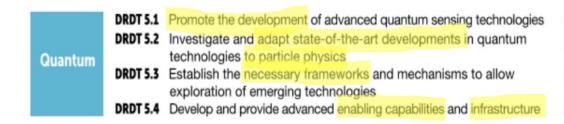


Example: potential mass ranges that quantum sensing approaches open up for Axion searches & other light particles



S. Golawa

DRD5 Collaboration





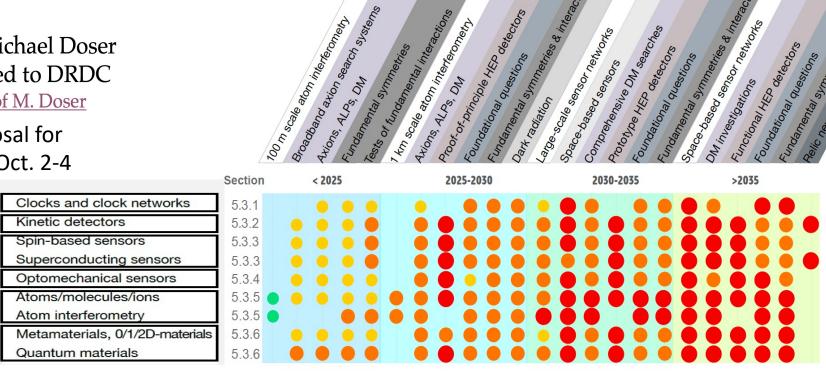
Desirable to enhance physics reach

R&D needs being met

- 40 institutes in 15 countries
- 25 proposed contributions
- conveners: Marcel Demarteau, Michael Doser
- White Paper / LoI being submitted to DRDC
 - Information on personal web page of M. Doser

A workshop to prepare the proposal for submission by year end to place Oct. 2-4

Technology areas sensor families



Important to meet several physics goals

Must happen or main physics goals cannot be met

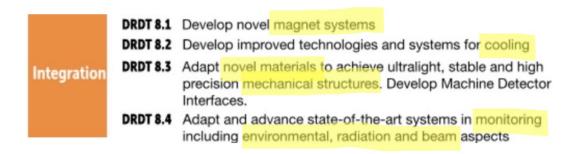
DRD7: Electronic systems

- Letter of Intent exists full proposal by end of year
- Advance the state-of-the-art in performance of electronics and data processing
- Improve and develop further common standards, methodologies, and IP
- Build expertise, increase efficiency and decrease duplication of effort
- Provide facilities and tools for R&D in the community, with long-term continuity
- Common point of contact to foundries

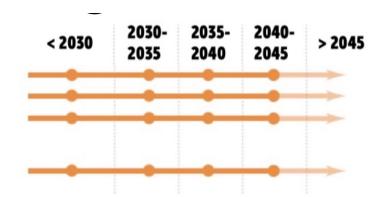
WG 7.1 WG 7.5 WG 7.6 WG 7.2 WG 7.3 WG 7.4 4D & 5D Complex **Data Density &** Intelligence Extreme **Backend systems** Power efficiency **On-Detector Techniques Environments** & COTS imaging ASICs & technologies ultra-low M. French, A. Rivetti, • cots, tools power ADC • rad. tol. of access to eFPGA Photonics F. Simon, F. Vasey & IP & TDC techno. & IPs adv. nodes • RISC-V powering + 20 WP coordinators • no BE from Calibration • cyro. PDK access to 3D • virt. elec. wireless 1st workshop happened FE to DAQ timing cooling integration March, 2nd workshop disribution 25-27 September 2023 Transverse WG 7.7 Tools and Technologies Conveners 7 **Projects** < 2030 > 2045 2035 2040 2045 DRDT 7.1 Advance technologies to deal with greatly increased data density **DRDT 7.2** Develop technologies for increased intelligence on the detector 16 projects received **DRDT 7.3** Develop technologies in support of 4D- and 5D-techniques Electronics from 50 institutes in 18 DRDT 7.4 Develop novel technologies to cope with extreme environments and required longevity countries **DRDT 7.5** Evaluate and adapt to emerging electronics and data processing technologies

Six (Seven) Development areas (WPs) 50 Institutes, 18 nations Steering committee: J. Baudot,

Task Force 8: Integration



- Target: Mechanical support and structures, cooling, magnets and management of radiation environment
 - DRDTs are quite diverse
 - Some topics are very closely connected to the genuine DRDs, where the technology is developed (e.g. DRDT 8.3)
- No DRD collaboration has been proposed yet, but 16 institutions replied favourably to a community survey
 - Community Meeting on December 6, 2023

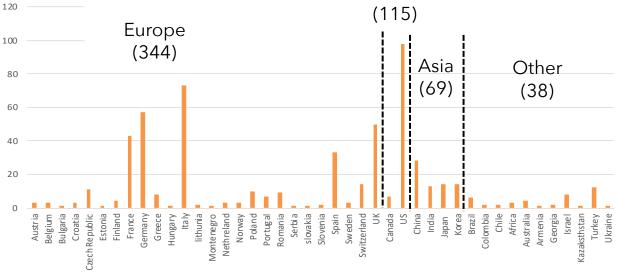


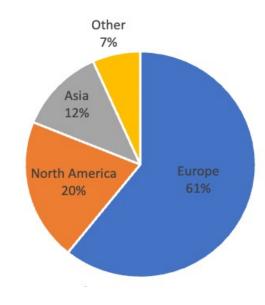
Topics:

- Gas cooling development
- Single- and two-phase liquid cooling R&D
- Humidity control
- Temperature control
- Thermal management
- Thermal performance verification
- Thermal interface materials and expansion differences
- Pipe materials, pipe connection techniques and fittings
- Choices and characterisation of construction materials
- 3D printing
- Radiation and mechanics: Materials and issues like access constraints
- FEA and its comparison to real objects
- Structure design and optimisation
- Application of machine learning for design issues

Summary of contributions and resourcesNorth Am.

566 institutes sum of participating insitutes in DRD1-2-3-4-6 (intstitutes can contribute to different DRDs)





preliminary

Expected FTE/y & funding/y

average over 3 first years

available a current funding

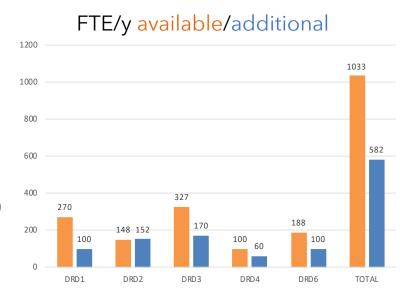
additional requested to fulfil progr.

based on a survey

(non-uniform answers from institutes)

not a commitment

need consolidation for MoUs





Summary Part 1

- New Detector R&D (DRD) collaborations are being set up following the ECFA Detector roadmap to pave the way for the next decades.
 - Main Goal: Instrumentation is not the limiting factor to meet the needs of the long-term particle physics program
 - Collaboration-building for communities that have not worked together before
- Submitted, currently being reviewed by DRDC: Gas detectors (DRD1), liquid detectors (DRD2), semiconductor detectors (DRD3), photodetectors & particle ID (DRD4), calorimetry (DRD6)
 - DRDC and CERN research board approval meetings 4th and 6th of December
 - The proposals will then be publicly accessible in the CERN CDS
- Proposal Submission later:
 - Quantum sensors (DRD5), Electronics (DRD7)
 - **Integration** (DRD8) to be decided

Summary Part 2

Through preparation of new DRD proposals important progress has been made to:

- build new communities
 - large world- wide contributions
- prepare a global scientific programme to execute the ECFA roadmap
- assess resource needs and availability

The DRD collaborations will soon become active to:

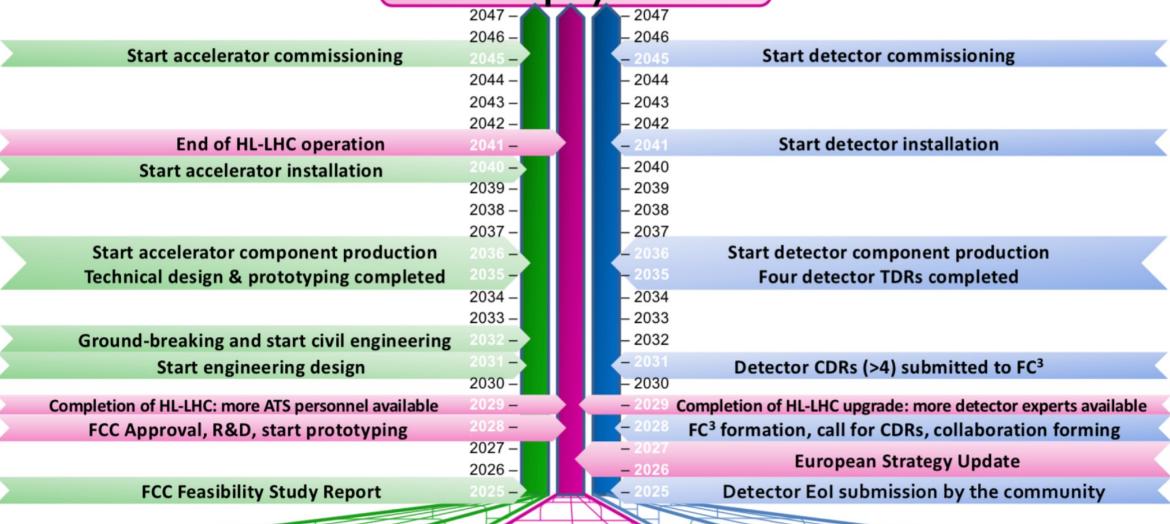
- Implement their organizational structure
- consolidate the scientific programme and the resource needs in preparation for MoUs with National Funding Agencies
 - substantial ramp-up of resources is needed
- common work on availability of infrastructure and beam test facilities is on-going with the Lab Directors Group
- fields outside HEP can join the collaborations as full members or partners
- rules for industrial/semi-public partnerships are being prepared for MoUs with CERN guidance

A new ECFA training panel has been established to create a Europe-wide MSc Instr. and other enhanced training opportunities

thanks especially to Thomas Bergauer DRDC Chair, P. Allport ECFA Roadmap Panel Chair and K. Jakobs ECFA chair and ECFA Roadmap Co-ordinators S. Della Torre, M.Krammer, S.Kuehn, F. Sefkow, I.Shipsey A. Colaleo, L. Ropeleweski (DRD1); R. Guenette, J. Monroe (DRD2); N. Cartiglia, G. Pellegrini (DRD3); C. Joram, P. Krizan (DRD4); M. Demarteau, M. Doser (DRD5); R. Ferrari, R. Poeschl (DRD6); D. Newbold, F. Simon, F. Vasey (DRD7)

Additional Material

FCC-ee physics run



FCC-ee Accelerator

Key dates

FCC-ee Detectors