Leptoquark searches

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Leptoquarks



- Simultaneously couple to a lepton and a quarkHave:
 - baryon and lepton quantum numbers
 - electric charge
 - colour charge
 - spin 0 or 1
- Could explain R_{D^*} or $(g-2)_{\mu}$ deviations

Search strategies

Pair production $\sigma \sim \lambda^0$



Single production $\sigma \sim \lambda^2$



DY production $\sigma \sim \lambda^4$



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*<u>arXiv:1706.05033</u>, <u>arXiv:1810.10017</u>

Search strategies

Pair production $\sigma \sim \lambda^0$



Single production $\sigma \sim \lambda^2$.



DY production $\sigma \sim \lambda^4$

 σ of all production modes depends on the LQ spin

 ATLAS/CMS acceptance x efficiency depends on the spin just mildly

 σ depends on:

- quark flavour due to PDF
- chirality of the fermions



Leptoquark search landscape



- Classification by the final state objects
- This is a very minimal set of possible searches
 - Each time, focusing just on one LQ-I-q coupling and ignoring the rest
- ATLAS and CMS do more
 - exploit "mixed" final states to maximize sensitivity
 - e.g. combination of ejej and vjej final states

$LQLQ \rightarrow \mu b \mu b \ CMS$

CMS-PAS-EXO-21-019

- Event selection:
 - 2µ, ≥2 jets, at least 1 b-tagged
 - $S_{T} = p_{T,\mu0} + p_{T,\mu1} + p_{T,j0} + p_{T,j1}$ > 300 GeV
 - *m*_{µµ} > 250 GeV
- BDT trained for each LQ mass
- Excluded: m_{LQ} < 1810 GeV
 - ATLAS limit: 1.7 TeV
 - <u>ATLAS arXiv:2006.05872</u>



CMS 2t2µ, *m*₁₀ < 1420 GeV

CMS (<u>arXiv:2202.08676</u>) 2t2e: *m*₁₀ < 1340 GeV



- Events with 3 or 4 leptons
- $S_T = \Sigma p_T^{\text{lep, jet}} + \text{MET}$
- $LQLQ \rightarrow tete \text{ or } t\mu t\mu \quad ATLAS$
 - Scalar LQ limits shown here



arXiv:2306.17642

$LQLQ \rightarrow \tau q \tau q ATLAS$

arXiv:2303.09444

 $2 \tau_{had} + 2$ jets final state; no jet flavour tagging!



- CMS limit on LQ coupling to b+t but exploiting the same events: 1.0 TeV
 - <u>CMS arXiv:1811:00806</u>

$LQ \rightarrow b\tau CMS search$

<u>arXiv:2308.07826</u>

0 jets

- Signal: Pair + Single + DY production - $p_T^{e,\mu,\tau,j} > 50 \text{ GeV}, m_{\tau\tau}^{vis} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ $T_{had}T_{had}$ decay channel

≥ 1 jet, 0 b-jets





LQ→bτ CMS search

Events / GeV

arXiv:2308.07826

- $p_{T}^{e,\mu,\tau,j} > 50 \text{ GeV}, m_{T}^{vis} > 100 \text{ GeV}$ Signal: Pair + Single + DY production $T_{lep}T_{had}$ decay channel \geq 1 b-jet \geq 1 jet, 0 b-jets 0 jets 138 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV) 138 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV) 138 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV) $e\tau_h + \mu\tau_h$, $\geq 1b$ $e\tau_h + \mu \tau_h$, 0b $e\tau_h + \mu \tau_h$, $m_{vis} > 600 \text{ GeV}$ Events / unit Events / GeV 10⁵ 10⁵ **CMS** LQ, 2000 GeV, λ=2.5, β=1, κ=1 CMS LQ, 2000 GeV, λ=2.5, β=1, κ=1 Observed Observed **CMS** LQ, 2000 GeV, λ=2.5, β=1, κ=1 Observed - Vector, $\sigma_{fit} = 48^{+25}_{-22}$ fb - Vector, $\sigma_{fit} = 48^{+25}_{-22}$ fb - Vector nonres., $\sigma_{fit} = 48^{+25}_{-22}$ fb 🔲 tīt + sinale t 10 $\Box i \rightarrow \tau_h$ $i \rightarrow \tau_h$ 10⁴ 10³ $\Box j \rightarrow \tau_h$ 🔲 tī + sinale t DY + iets 10³ 10³ DY + jets DY + jets Diboson Diboson Diboson tt + single t 10² 102 10 Other Other Other W Bkg. unc. Bkg. unc. 10 W Bkg. unc. 10 10-10- 10^{-2} 10-2 10^{-3} 10-3 10^{-1} 10-10 Obs. / Bkg. Obs. / Bkg. Obs. / Bkg 1.5 1.5 0.5 0.5F 2000 2500 2000 2500 18 20 500 1000 1500 500 1000 500 2 12 14 16 10 S_{T}^{MET} [GeV] STMET [GeV] χ 11 This largest excess is not really expected by the model with just the LQ-b-t coupling!

$LQ {\rightarrow} b\tau \ CMS \ search$



arXiv:2308.07826

$LQ {\rightarrow} b\tau \, ATLAS \, search$



- Pair + Single + DY production
- 2T + b-jet events
- Limit: m_{LQ} < 1.8 TeV (2.8 TeV) for λ = 2.5 scalar (vector) LQ model



$LQ \rightarrow \tau b$, produced in τ -b scattering! CMS <u>arXiv:2308.06143</u>

- Possible thanks to the lepton PDF LUXLEP!
- Complementary to the single LQ searches using 2τ + b-jet events!



LQ $\rightarrow \tau b$, produced in τ -b scattering! CMS <u>arXiv:2308.06143</u>



- Possible thanks to the lepton PDF LUXLEP!
- Complementary to the single LQ searches using 2τ + b-jet events!
- τ + b-jet in the final state
 - Both τ_{had} and τ_{lep} decays exploited
 - Veto events with a second e, μ or τ
- $\rho_{T}(\tau) > 200 \text{ GeV}, \rho_{T}(e, \mu) > 100 \text{ GeV}$
- Using BDT and m_{coll}

LQ $\rightarrow \tau b$, produced in τ -b scattering! CMS <u>arXiv:2308.06143</u>



LQ $\rightarrow \tau q$, produced in τ -q scattering! CMS <u>arXiv:2308.06143</u>



Conclusion



;;;) = excluded by LHC searches within a certain (m, λ) range Limits are mostly at masses of 1 - 1.5 TeV for scalar and 1.5 - 2 TeV for vector LQs

Backup

Interesting motivation for leptoquarks





Important LQ couplings:

- LQ-b-τ
- LQ-c-ν_τ

Scalar vs. vector LQ searches

- Efficiency differences small, cross-section for vector LQs larger



2µ2j CMS: CMS-PAS-EXO-16-007



Single production

2e1j CMS: <u>arXiv:1509.03750</u>

$LQLQ \rightarrow 2\tau~2b$ ATLAS search



- High $p_{T} e, \mu, \tau$, jets, high MET
- Perfect agreement of the data with the background
- Limit: m_{LQ} < 1490 GeV ...still lower than the 2 TeV preferred by CMS...



Novel: CMS non-resonant LQ search!





Overview of CMS leptoquark searches





