



International High School Teacher Programme – 2024/07/10

computing, n.

Pronunciation:

Brit. /kəmˈpjuːtɪŋ/, U.S. /kəmˈpjudɪŋ/

- **1.** The action or an instance of calculating or counting; = $\frac{\text{computation } n. \ 1a.}{\text{computation } n. \ 1a.}$
- **2.** The action or practice of using computers, esp. as a professional or expert; the activity or operation of an electronic computer; (also) = $\underline{\text{computer science } n}$.





Early "Computers"



<u>Katherine Johnson</u> NASA Hidden Figures!

CERN had <u>2 British Ladies</u> from National Physical Lab Teddington (London)



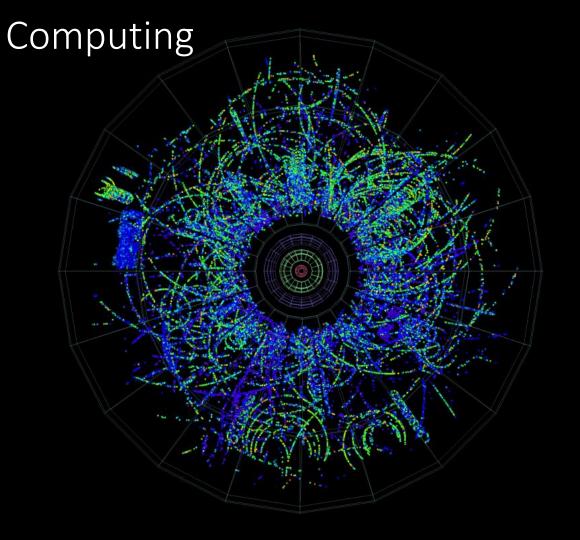


1958: The Ferranti-Mercury arrived!

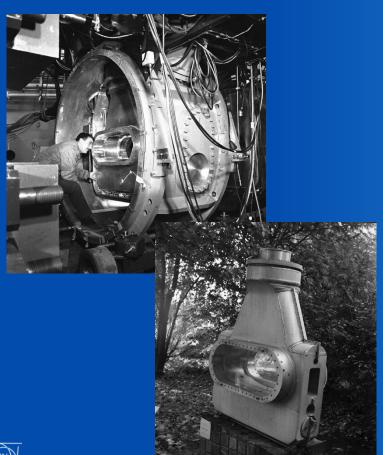


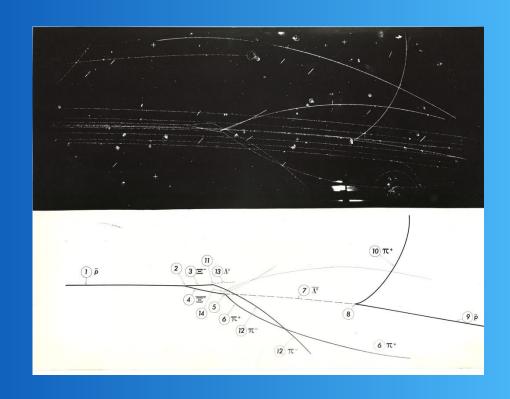


- Scientific
 - Compute, Storage, Network
- Technical
 - Design, Operation
- Administrative
 - HR, Finance, Projects
- Desktop
- Collaborative



Bubble Chamber









Bubble Chamber



Madeline Znoy

750 photos in a day!



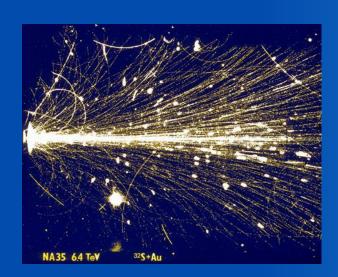
6.3 million photos

3000 km of film

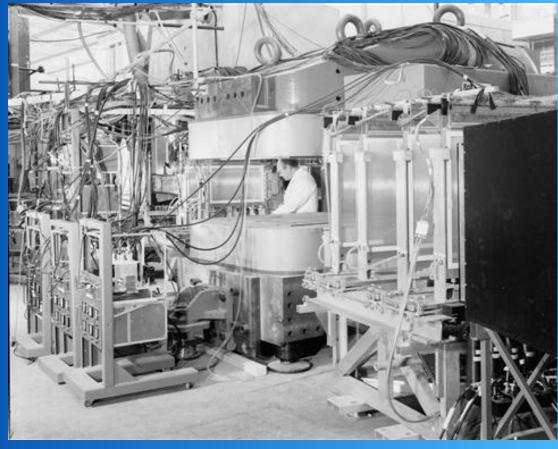




Spark Chambers



1965 Magnetostrictive readout





Momentous Events



1960: IBM 709 Vacuum tubes













1972: New Computer Centre for a New Computer!





@TimSmithC

Mainframe Era







Super Computers



1988: Cray XMP



RISC Workstations













Comodity Computing











Farming in a Data Centre





Computing

Networking

Networking

- Packet-switched network
- 1969 ARPANET
 - US DoD sponsored research at US Universities
 - Aim: communications network to survive a nuclear attack
 - Find next best route if one node obliterated
- 70s and 80s proliferation
 - US: NASA Science Net, CSnet, Energy Sciences Net, NSFnet
 - FR: CYCLADES
 - UK: Mark I, SERCnet
 - Commercial: Tymnet, CompuServ, BITnet, DECnet
 - Protocols: NCP, X.25 (1976), TCP/IP (1982)
 - CERnet

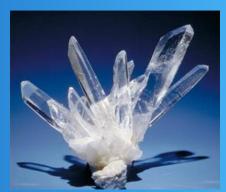




Networking

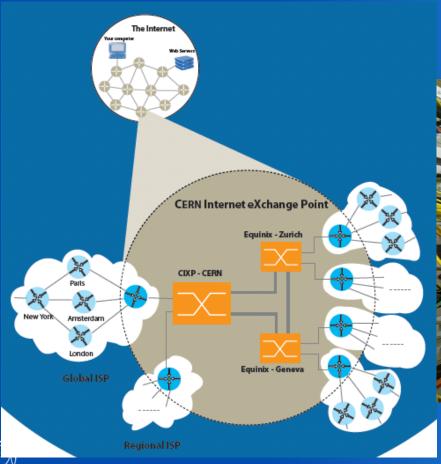
- Science without borders
 - 1968 Data exchange across the iron curtain to IHEP in Soviet Union
 - 1988 first data connection between China and scientific world IHEP to CERN

- Truly international Internet
 - 1989 first external TCP/IP connection
 - 1990 principle link US-EU from CERN
 - (1.5Mb/s)
 - 1991 80% of the internet capacity installed in Europe for international traffic was terminated at CERN





CERN Internet Exchange Point





Internet ... Web ... Who?





Computing

Information Management

Information Management - circa 1989

- Keep track of LHC project and CERN?
 - Researchers turnover ~2 years
- Information about CERN and its experiments
 - Not hierarchical, or centrally controlled
 - A multiply connected web
 - Experts store locally, update independently
 - Community is distributed: remote access
- System to link it all together

CERN is a model in miniature of the rest of world in a few years time





Distributed, Collaborative

CERN DD/OC

Tim Berners-Lee, CERN/DD

Information Management: A Proposal

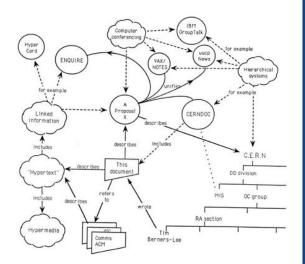
March 1989

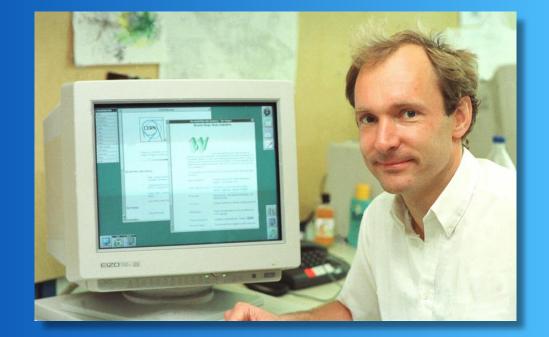
Information Management: A Proposal

Abstract

This proposal concerns the management of general information about accelerators and experiments at CERN. It discusses the problems of loss of information about complex evolving systems and derives a solution based on a distributed hypertest system.

Keywords: Hypertext, Computer conferencing, Document retrieval, Information management, Project control



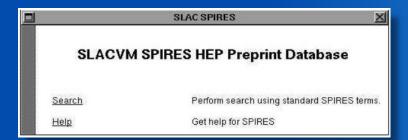




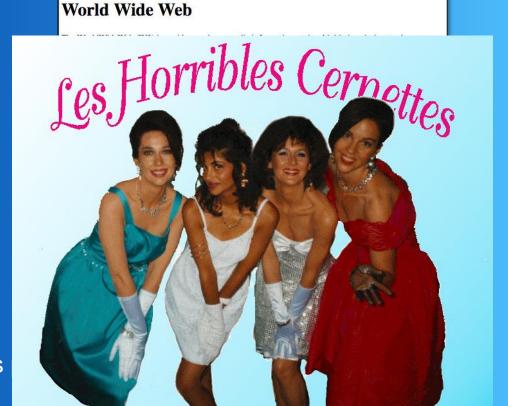


Growth of the Web

- Aug 1991 went public
 - Tim posted project to alt.hypertext and other internet groups



Dec 1991 First web server in US
1992 rapid expansion in HEP
Universities and research institutes







Growth of the Web



- 1993 rapid expansion across the world
 - National Center for Supercomputing Applications (NCSA) at the University of Illinois released its Mosaic browser



Born in Science



Collaborative development of new tools

Universal access to information: a human right





Theme of Concern:
monopolies as gatekeepers
steer for profit, not for humanity



The Concentration of Power



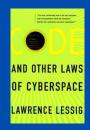
Handful of platforms control which ideas and opinions are seen and shared



Ads

Engagement platforms

Competitive advantage from User giving data



SW creators decide fundamental issues like freedom and privacy Which content to remove, which users to kick-off Private Law: EULA

WEAPONIZED AT SCALE

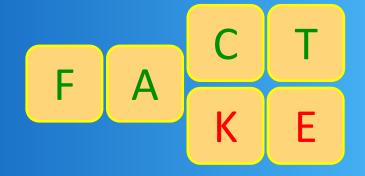
Conspiracy theories trend on social media platforms
Fake Twitter and Facebook accounts stoke social tensions
External actors interfere in elections





The {Mis | Dis}Information Age

- Word-of-the-Year 2018: Misinformation
 - Election tampering
 - Weaponization of falsity
 - Surveillance capitalism
 - Fake news
- Word-of-the-Year 2020: Pandemic
 - Vaccine distrust
 - Climate Change denial
 - Alternative facts





- Public mistrust
- Skepticism amoung government leaders







Evidence Chains



The research behind this announcement...



The data this research was based on...

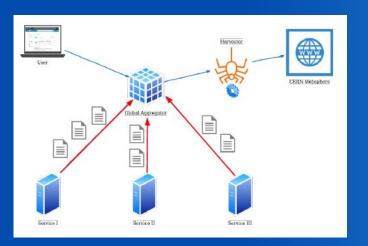


The dominant theory in academia The alternatives being discussed

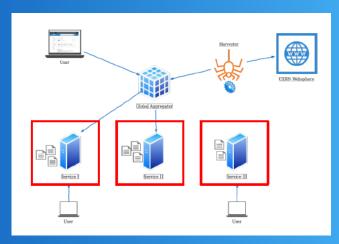


Search @ CERN

Moving from a centralized commercial Enterprise Search solution ...







... to a distributed Open Source Enterprise Search solution







Computing

• The LHC Era

The LHC Data Challenge







Big Data!



150 million sensors

Generating data 40 million times per second Hardware trigger in a few microseconds

eta Bytes / sec!

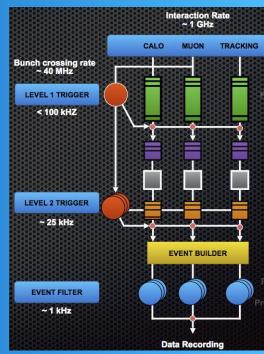
Bytes / sec!



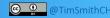
C.f: Google's computing farm handles 100,000 search queries per second

Select 100 per second

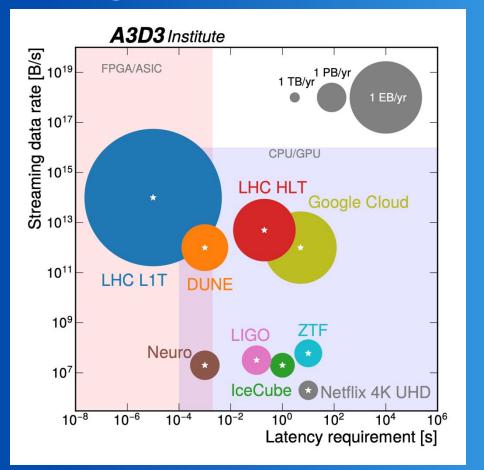
→ Giga Bytes / sec!







Big Data in Context







Primary Storage



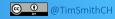


100,000 Disks 450,000 CPU Cores

20,000 1GB NICs 4,400 10GB NICs







The LHC Data Challenge

- Few places can store it
- Processing needs 3x CERN
- HEP community distributed
 - Local funding for computing
- Distributed solution...







x 2 locations @ CERN

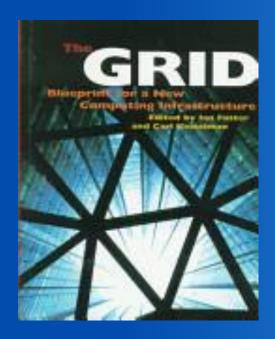






Solution: the Grid

 Use a Grid to unite computing resources of particle physics institutes around the world

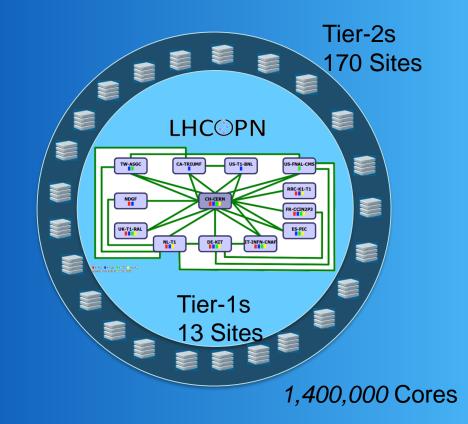






Worldwide LHC Computing Grid

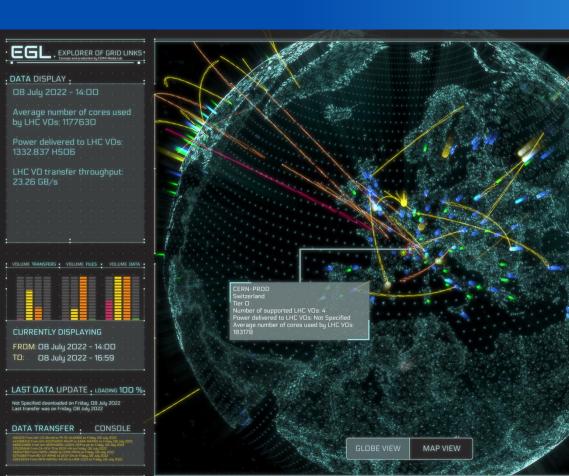
- Tier-0 (CERN)
 - Data recording
 - Initial data reconstruction
 - Data distribution
- Tier-1
 - Permanent storage
 - Re-processing
 - Analysis
- Tier-2
 - Simulation
 - End-user analysis







WLCG: The Grid that Never Sleeps



500PB @ CERN

Stores, distributes, processes and analyses LHC experiments' data

1.4 million processing cores in 170 data centres and 42 countries

1500 Petabytes of CERN data stored world-wide

Cloud?

Cloud

- On Demand
- Dynamically provisioned & metered by e.g. Amazon, Microsoft Azure



Grid

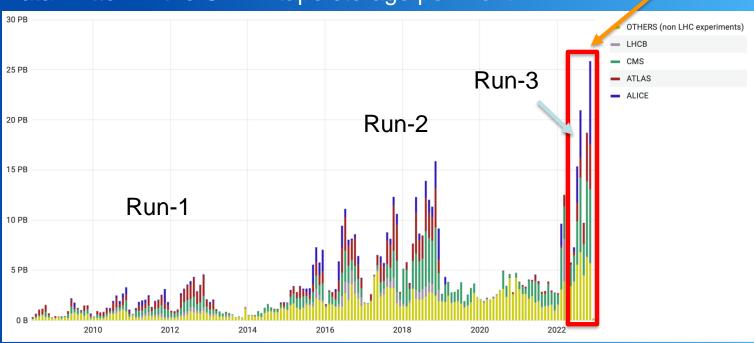
- Fixed size
- Collaborative, run by community





Run-3 data taking

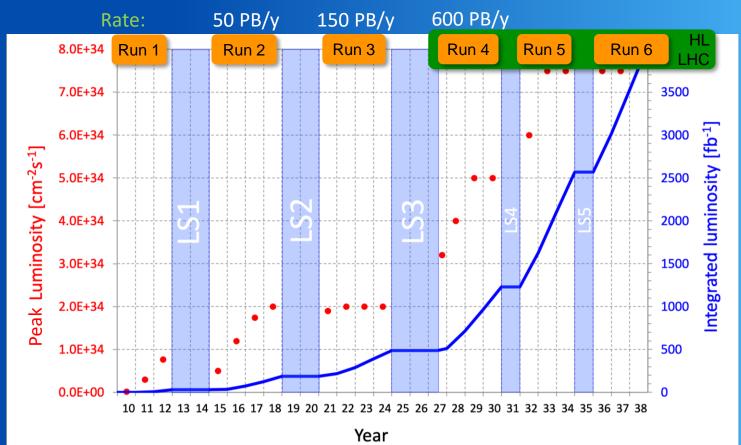
Data written in the CERN tape storage per month



15PB 27PB



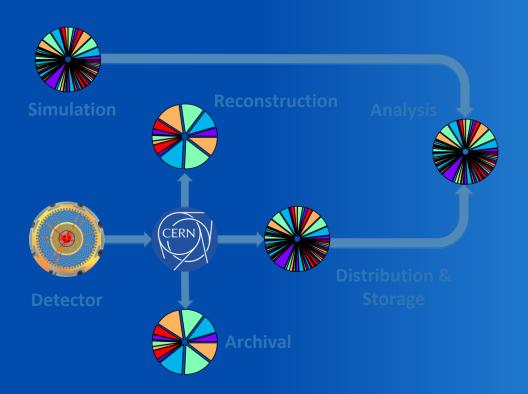
The LHC Data Challenge







Computing throughout the Workflow



More than half the CPU goes on simulation.

Most of the rest is reconstruction.

The remainder is analysis.





Where I learned to weave







Data Reduction / Analysis

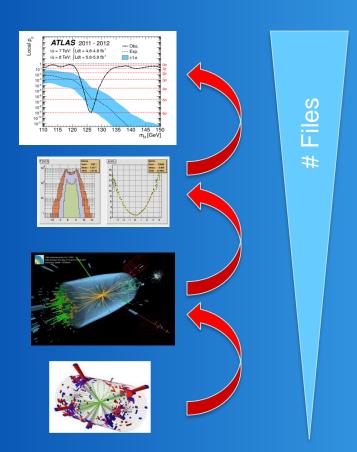
Publication

Reduced

Reconstructed

File Size

Raw



Researchers T2s, T1s

Analysis Coordinators
T1s

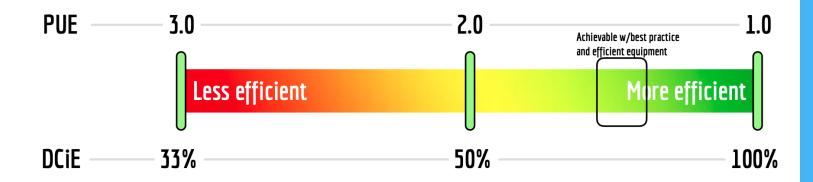
Production Managers T0, T1s





Green IT

PUE = Power Usage Effectiveness =
$$\frac{\text{Total Facility Energy}}{\text{IT Equipment Energy}}$$



DCiE = Data Center Infr. =
$$\frac{1}{PUE}$$





Reducing IT's Energy Footprint: 3 lines of action

The Hardware

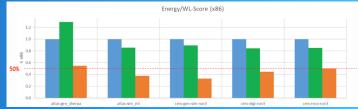
- Procuring power efficient hardware
- Extending hardware lifetime
- CPU virtualisation, Disk Server densification, Tape evolution

The Software

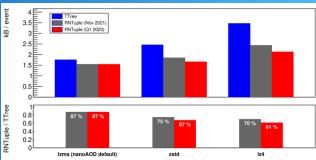
- Improving software efficiency; focused C++ training courses
- Innovating computing models
- Using accelerators to improve efficiency of Generation & Simulation

The Data Centre

- New data centre with efficient cooling and heat recovery
- An optimized hardware life-cycle







ROOT foundation layer: less CPU, less disk hungry



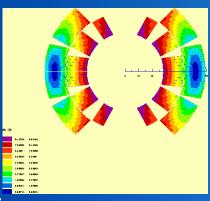


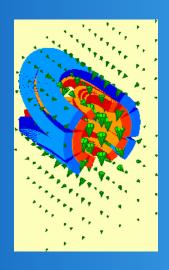
Computing

Technical

Design

Magnet Design





- Volunteer Computing
 - LHC@home
 - SixTrack



• Simulates particles accelerating around the 27 km LHC to find their orbit stability



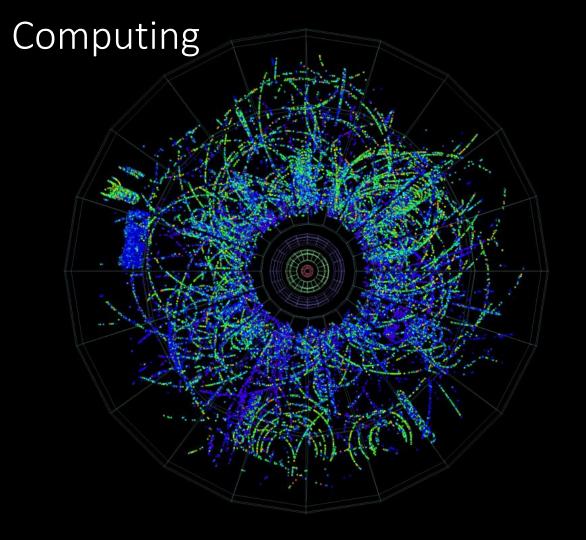
Operations



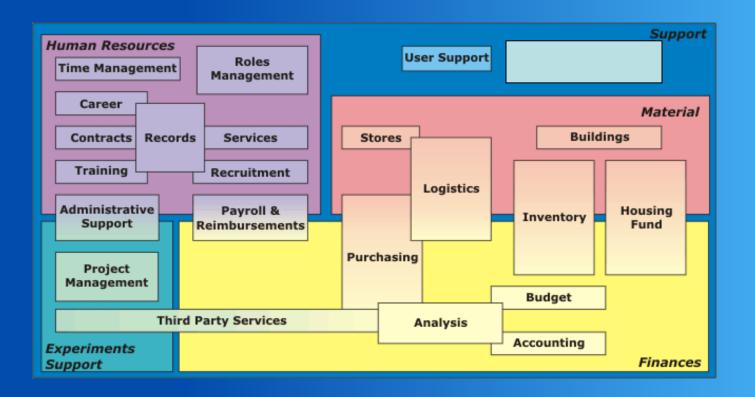


• Administrative

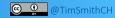
Software



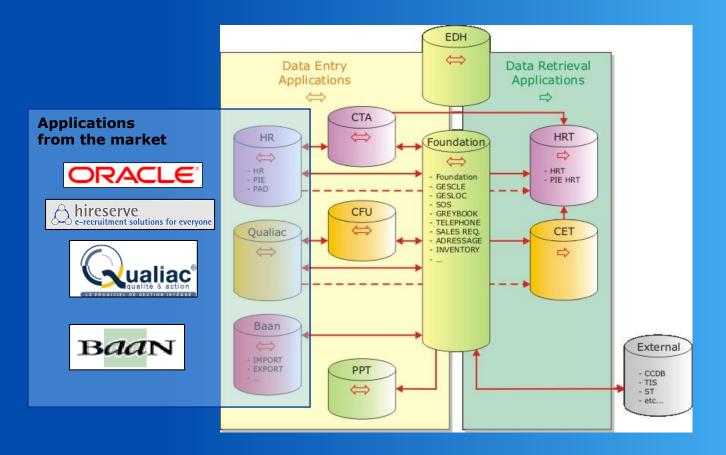
Administrative Information Services



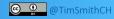




Administrative Information Services





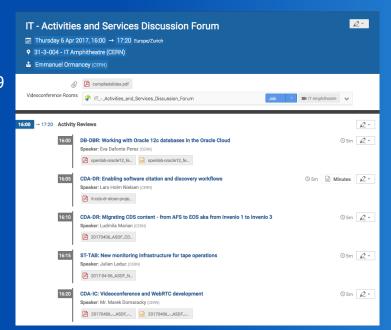


Conference, Meetings, Events...

700k events total

80k events in 2019

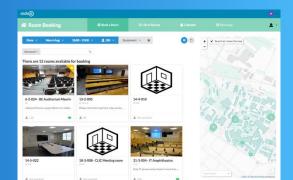
10k users /day















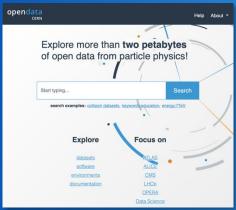


CERN Open Data

+ INVENIO

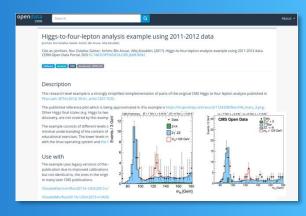


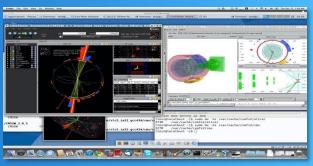
400 PB



http://opendata.cern.ch

Education



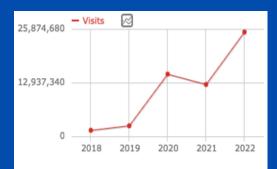


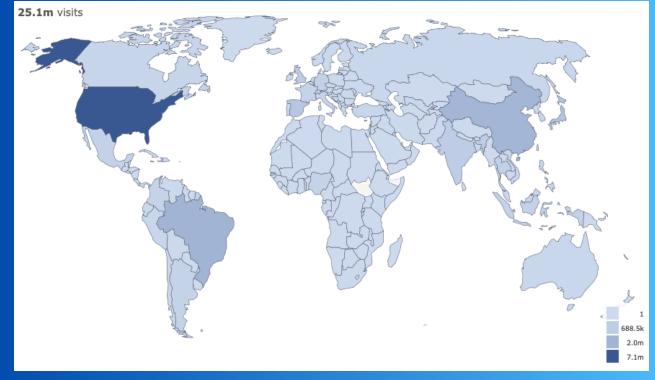
Research





Zenodo: Open Science for All







CERN as a host



UNOSAT established at CERN in 2001, based on IT infrastructure





Flood detection

Al for Satellite Imagery Analysis



Mapping shelters in refugee camps



Retrain & encode point data cleverly

Detectron Framework (FacebookAI)

Unosat Adapted model

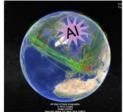


Computing

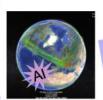
Future

AI in HEP

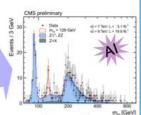
Role of AI: accelerator control, data acquisition, event triggering, anomaly detection, new physics scouting, event reconstruction, event generation, detector simulation, LHC grid control, analytics, signal extraction, likelihood free inference, background rejection, new physics searches, ...



LHC Computing Grid 200k cores pledge to CMS over ~100 sites



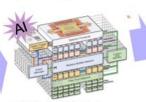
LHC Grid Remote Access to 100PB of data



Rare Signal
Measurement
~1 out of 106



CERN Tier-0/Tier-1 Tape Storage 200PB total



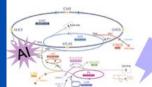
CMS L1 & High-Level Triggers 50k cores, 1kHz



Network traf



Thanks to J-R. Vlimant



Large Hadron Collider 40 MHz of collision





Quantum Technology Initiative



- Assess the areas of potential quantum advantage in HEP applications (QML, classification, anomaly detection, tracking)
- Develop common libraries of algorithms, methods, tools; benchmark as technology evolves
- Collaborate to the development of shared, hybrid classicquantum infrastructures

Computing & Algorithms



- Identify and develop techniques for quantum simulation in collider physics, QCD, cosmology within and beyond the SM
- Co-develop quantum computing and sensing approaches by providing theoretical foundations to the identifications of the areas of interest

Simulation & Theory



- Develop and promote expertise in quantum sensing in low- and high-energy physics applications
- Develop quantum sensing approaches with emphasis on lowenergy particle physics measurements
- Assess novel technologies and materials for HEP applications

Sensing, Metrology & Materials



- Co-develop CERN technologies relevant to quantum infrastructures (time synch, frequency distribution, lasers)
- Contribute to the deployment and validation of quantum infrastructures
- Assess requirements and impact of quantum communication on computing applications (security, privacy)

Communications & Networks





Open Quantum Institute Pilot Phase

Global and inclusive access to quantum computing and the development of applications for the benefit of humanity



Take-aways



Fundamental science continues to be main inspiration for revolutionary ideas, due to revolutionary needs



Industry has well defined offer and demand. We do not. This is the key for **innovation**



...and **innovation** fosters technological advancements that percolates to society







Want to Know More?

- Contact:
 - Tim.Smith@cern.ch
- More information:
 - IT Department: http://information-technology.web.cern.ch
 - The LHC Grid: http://wlcg.web.cern.ch
 - Google Street view in CC:
 - https://www.google.ch/maps/@46.232624,6.045747,3a,75y,162.48h,90t/data=!3m5!1e1!3m3!1sBU7JKhoaY H9JVPFHcH8JA!2e0!3e5?hl=en
 - http://lego-scavenger-hunt.web.cern.ch
 - IT Archives: https://it-archives.web.cemuse





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Social Media at CERN

http://twitter.com/CERN

http://twitter.com/CERN_FR

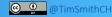
http://facebook.com/cern

http://google.com/+CERN

http://youtube.com/CERN

http://linkedin.com/company/cern





Thanks to ...

Hannah Short, Lorena Lobato Pardavila, Xavier Espinal for their suggestions & contributions



