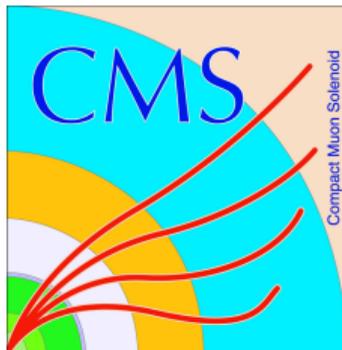


# Experimental Potential for $CP$ sensitivity from STXS splitting

**Benedict Winter** on behalf of the ATLAS and CMS Collaborations

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VPF workshop, Geneva, 20 October 2022



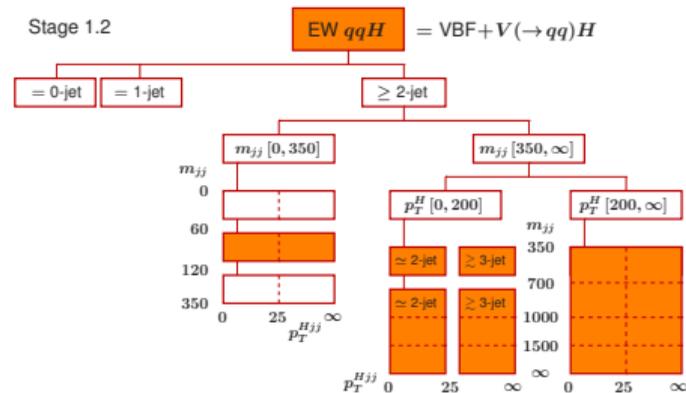
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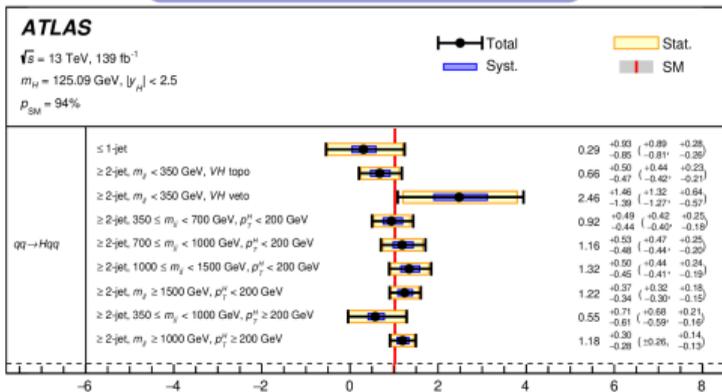
# Introduction

- The STXS framework is a powerful tool to combine Higgs measurements in various decay channels to constrain coupling parameters
- So far STXS does not provide sensitivity to  $CP$  violation
- This talk:
  - illustrate role of VBF STXS categories for EFT interpretation
  - discuss how to make STXS sensitive to  $CP$  violation with EFT as example
  - STXS is designed to study Higgs production. Will focus on VBF for this workshop
  - ignore  $CP$  violation in Higgs decays. STXS analyses are not affected since special effort must be made to observe it
  - ATLAS and CMS are expected to have similar sensitivity for measurements discussed and this is the case where both have results already. Selected figures such that the talk is most clear

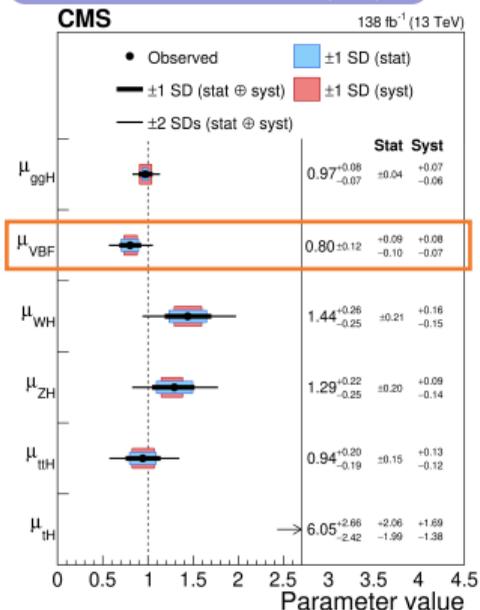
# STXS Measurements for VBF



► ATLAS combination, Nature 607 (2022) 52



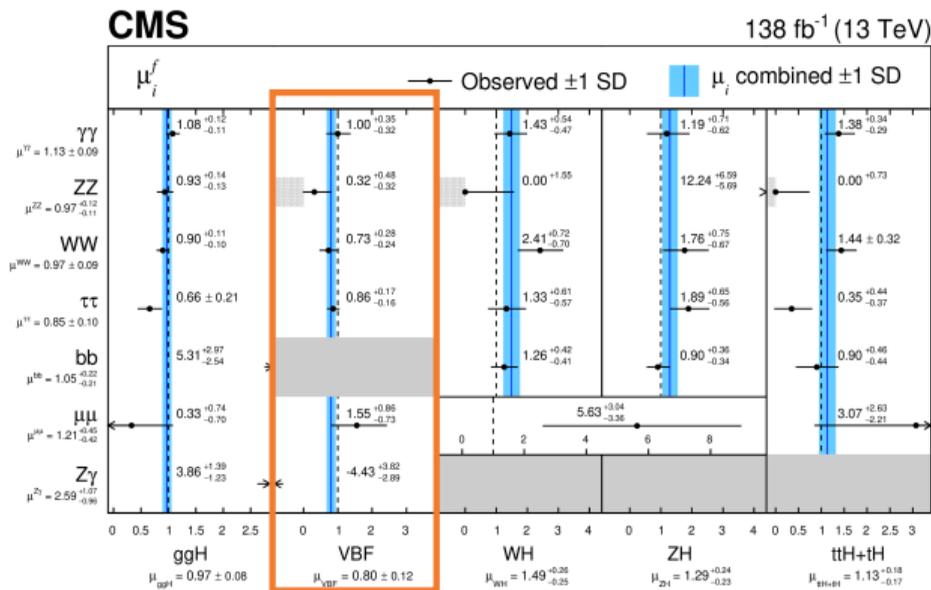
► CMS combination, Nature 607 (2022) 60



- Have measured VBF to  $\Delta\mu = 12\%$  inclusively and to 30 – 50% for several STXS bins
- STXS is stat. dominated. Run 3 will facilitate better precision and granularity

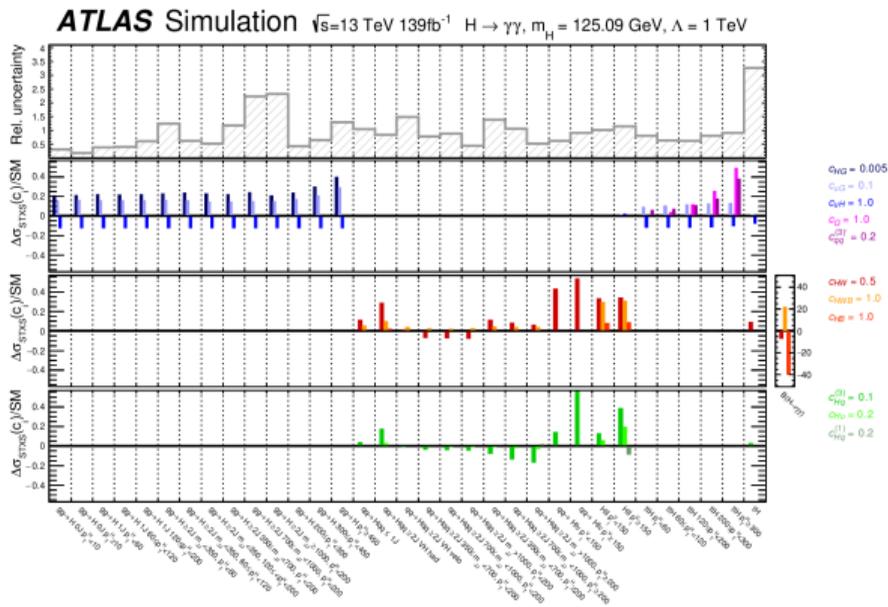
# Contributions per Decay Channel

► CMS combination, Nature 607 (2022) 60



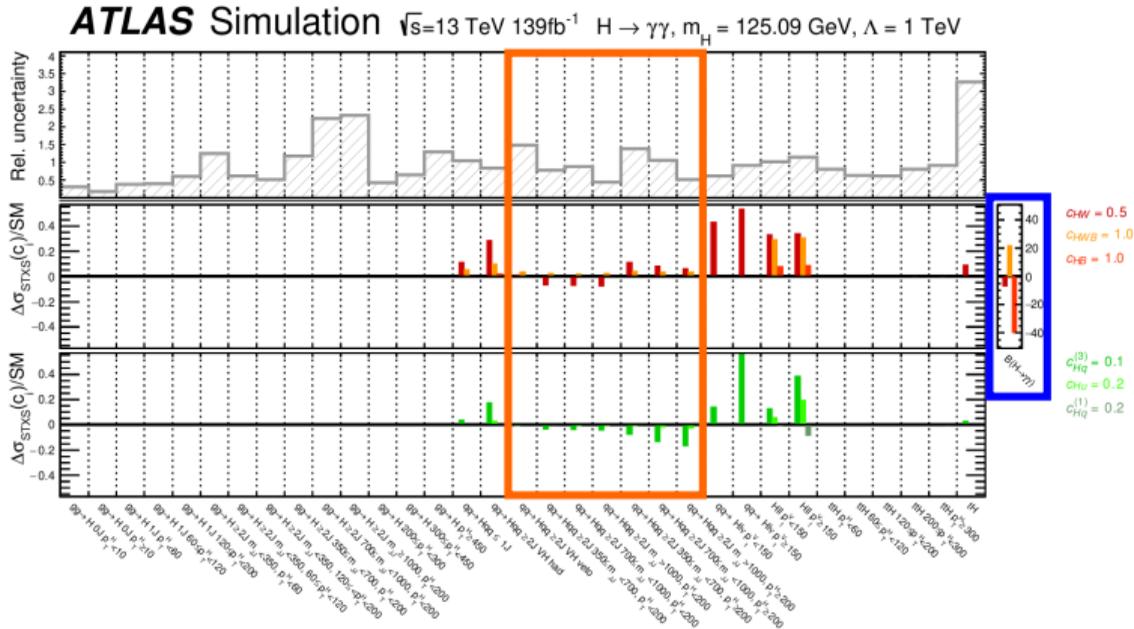
- Currently driven by  $\tau\tau$  and  $WW$ , which will remain dominant for high  $m_{jj}$  and  $p_T^H > 200$  GeV. ( $H \rightarrow bb$  may contribute/dominate for extreme phase space)
- $\gamma\gamma$  and  $ZZ$  catching up for inclusive and for low  $m_{jj}$  with  $p_T^H < 200$  GeV

# EFT Interpretation of STXS Measurement



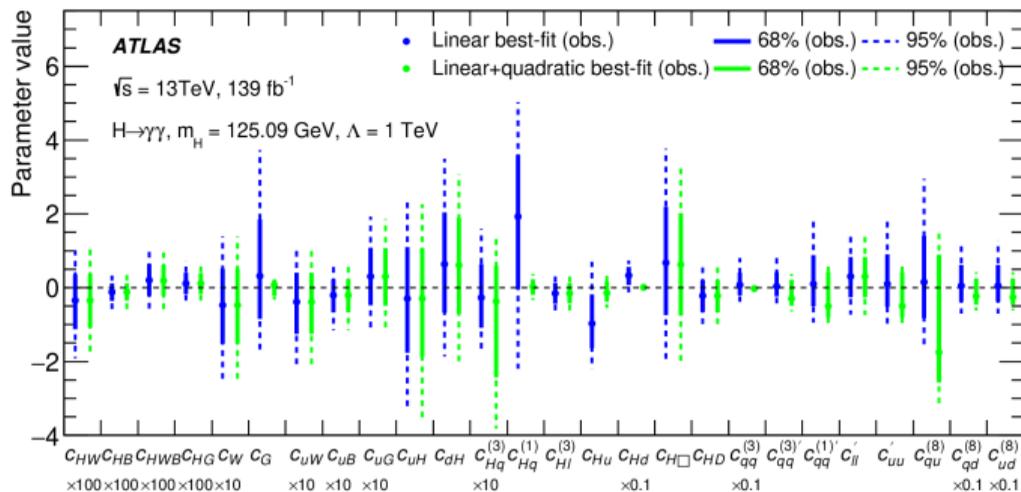
- STXS provides sensitivity to Wilson coefficients (Wilson's) that change overall normalization or relative yields of categories. Use SMEFT parametrisation
- EFT interpretations of ATLAS and CMS combinations are yet to be performed
- Take [▶ ATLAS  \$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\$  STXS measurement with EFT interpretation](#) for illustration

# EFT Interpretation of STXS Measurement



- The  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  **VBF categories** are sensitive to  $C_{HW}$ ,  $C_{HWB}$ ,  $C_{HB}$ ,  $C_{Hq}^{(3)}$ , and  $C_{Hu}$
- The  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  **branching ratio** is extremely sensitive to  $C_{HW}$ ,  $C_{HWB}$  and  $C_{HB}$
- Current STXS: Effect of  $CP$ -odd Wilsons similar to  $CP$ -even counterparts. Can only measure  $CP$ -odd Wilsons if  $CP$ -even ones fixed.

# EFT Interpretation of STXS Measurement



- Top: limits for single Wilsons if all others vanish
- Right: limits for 12 eigenvectors after PCA. Eigenvector composition in appendix

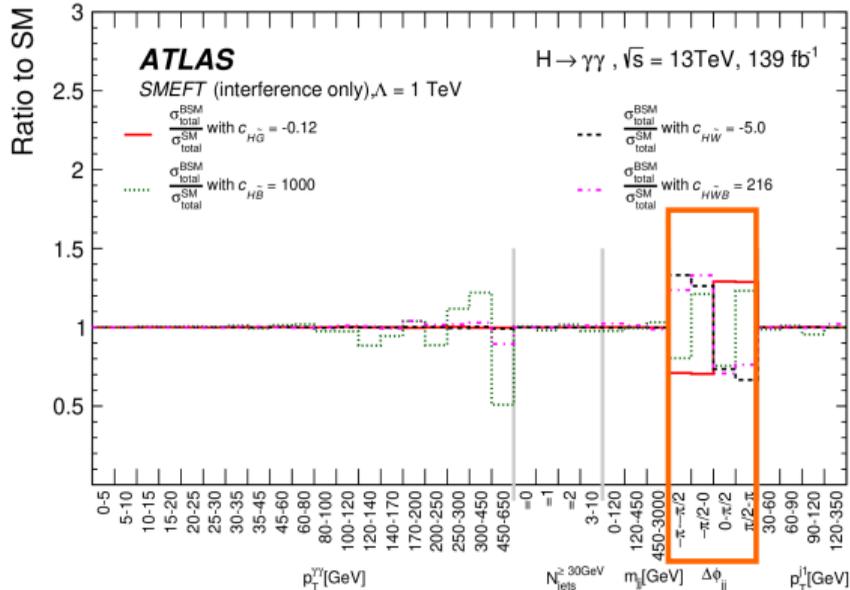
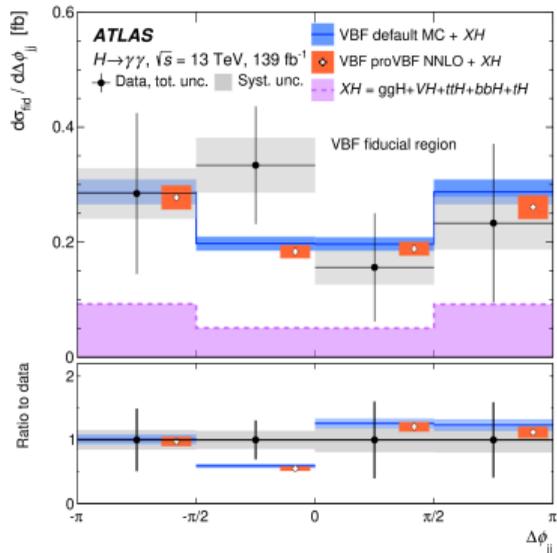
Can already measure multiple Wilsons at once with  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ . Will do better when combining with other channels, ATLAS+CMS and Run 2+3

## Linear SMEFT parameterization, linear+quadratic in paper

Model parameter	Observed Value	Expected Uncertainty			
		Uncertainty		Uncertainty	
		68% CL	95% CL	68% CL	95% CL
EV1	-0.0008	+0.0017 -0.0018	+0.0032 -0.0037	+0.0016 -0.0018	+0.0031 -0.0036
EV2	0.000	$\pm 0.006$	+0.012 -0.010	+0.006 -0.005	+0.011 -0.010
EV3	0.04	$\pm 0.10$	+0.18 -0.21	+0.09 -0.10	+0.18 -0.20
EV4	-0.04	+0.25 -0.22	+0.5 -0.4	+0.24 -0.21	+0.5 -0.4
EV5	-0.2	$\pm 0.6$	+1.2 -1.3	$\pm 0.6$	+1.1 -1.3
EV6	0.2	$\pm 0.8$	+1.7 -1.6	+0.8 -0.7	$\pm 1.5$
EV7	-1.7	$\pm 1.0$	+2.0 -1.3	+1.1 -1.0	+2.2 -2.1
EV8	-0.7	+3.5 -3.2	+7 -6	+3.9 -3.4	+8 -7
EV9	7.5	+2.5 -5.2	+2.5 -11	+5 -5	+10 -11
EV10	0	+7 -9	+8 -19	+5 -7	+9 -16
EV11	-6	+9 -10	+18 -19	$\pm 10$	$\pm 19$
EV12	3	+12 -13	+12 -25	$\pm 12$	$\pm 24$

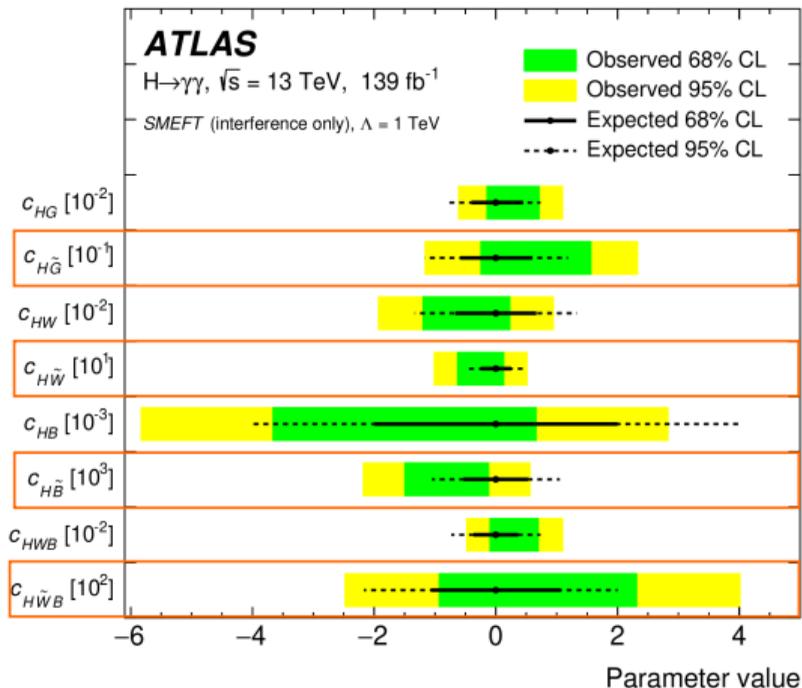
# How to Make STXS Sensitive to $CP$

$\Delta\phi_{jj}$  for VBF fiducial region ▶ ATLAS  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  differential



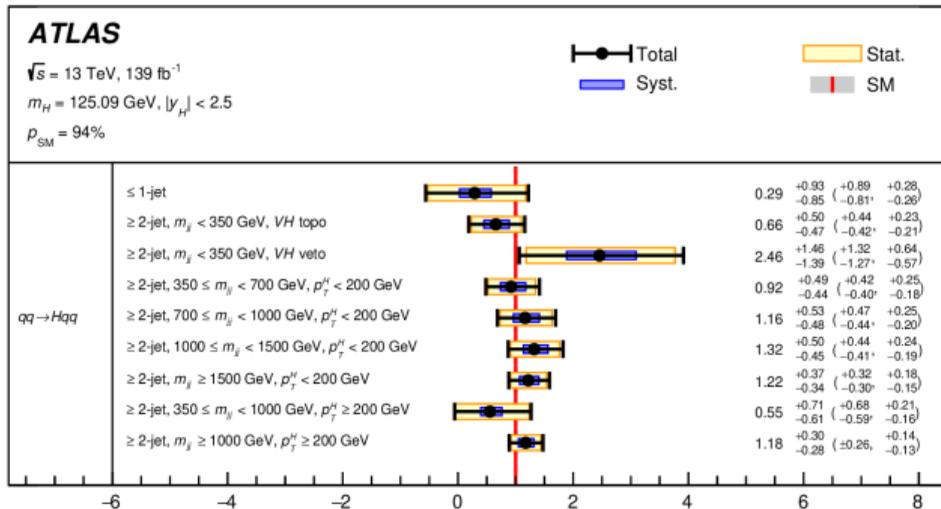
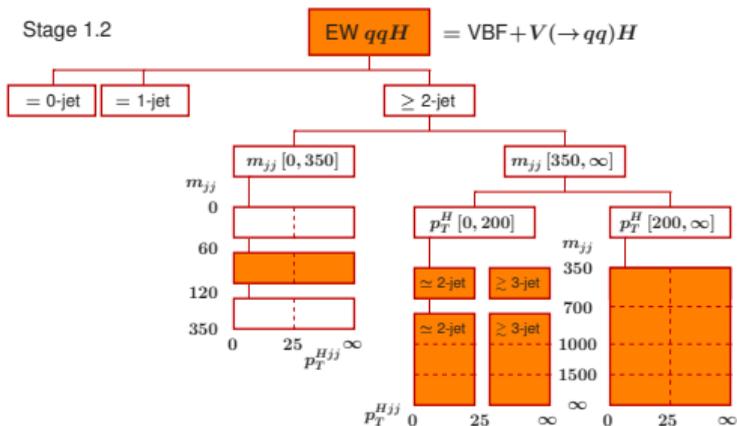
- Dedicated  $CP$  measurements utilize complex observables constructed from the matrix elements, see examples ▶ CMS  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  ▶ CMS  $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$  ▶ ATLAS  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  ▶ ATLAS  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
- The  $\Delta\phi_{jj}$  observable is more suitable for STXS and provides good sensitivity to  $CP$
- Bin correlations  $\leq 7\%$  for  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ . Can reconstruct  $\Delta\phi_{jj}$  well for all decay modes

## How to Make STXS Sensitive to $CP$



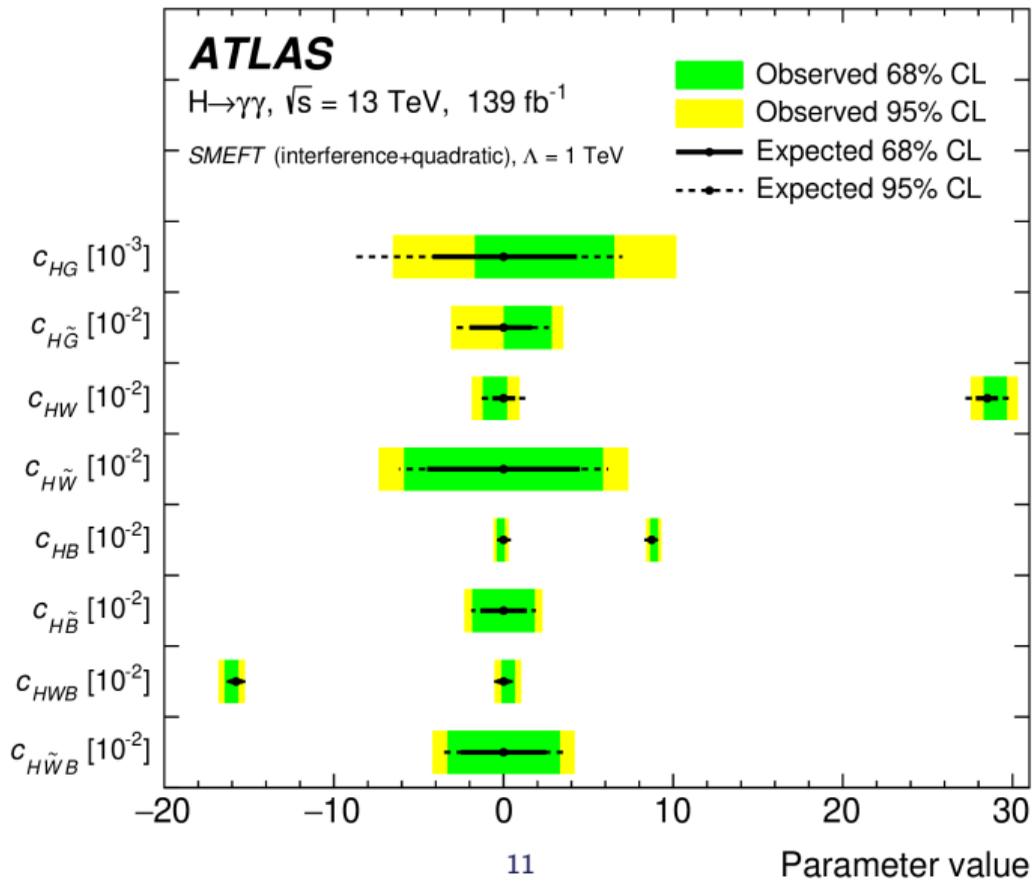
- $CP$  odd operators measured from  $\Delta\phi_{jj}$  observable
- The binning from the previous slide (4 bins) would likely be a good choice
- The  $\Delta\phi_{jj}$  observable is most sensitive for large  $m_{jj}$

# For Discussion: Options for Run 2+3



- Try to measure more stage 1.2 bins
  - Already measure all for  $p_T^H < 200$  except  $p_T^{Hjj}$
  - For key  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  and  $H \rightarrow WW^*$  channels the  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  resolution makes it hard to bin in  $p_T^{Hjj}$
- Be more accurate for same/similar binning as now. Could be done, we are stat. limited
- Suggestion: split each current bin to e.g. four  $\Delta\phi_{jj}$  bins for  $CP$  sensitivity

# Backup: Results from ATLAS $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ differential with linear+quadratic terms





# Backup: Summary Signal Strengths

▶ ATLAS combination, Nature 607 (2022) 52

