Quantum Transitions, Detailed Balance, Black Holes and Nothingness

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S. Céspedes, S. de Alwis, F. Muia, FQ (to appear)

Also: S. de Alwis, F. Muia, V. Pasquarella, FQ <u>1909.01975</u> S. Céspedes, S. de Alwis, F. Muia, FQ <u>2011.13936</u>, <u>2112.11650</u> V. Pasquarella, FQ <u>2211.07664</u>

Old Question: Vacuum Transitions

Transitions among de Sitter, Minkowski and anti de Sitter spacetimes?



Motivation

- String landscape
- Vacuum transitions: beginning and end of our universe?
- Theoretical 'laboratory' to study quantum

aspects of gravity

Early History

- Coleman de Luccia (1980)
- Witten (1981)
- Vilenkin + Hartle-Hawking (1982-3)
- Brown-Teitelboim (1987)
- Farhi-Guth-Guven (1990)
- Fischler-Morgan-Polchinski (1990)

Euclidean Approach

Wave functions of the universe

Mini-superspace

$$ds^{2} = -N^{2}(t)dt^{2} + a^{2}(t)(dr^{2} + \sin^{2}rd\Omega_{2}^{2})$$

Hartle-Hawking vs Vilenkin (tunneling to dS from nothing)

$$\mathcal{P}_{\rm HH}(\text{Nothing} \to dS) = \|\Psi_{\rm HH}(H_{\rm dS})\|^2 \propto e^{\frac{\pi}{GH_{\rm dS}^2}} = e^{+S_{\rm dS}}$$
$$\mathcal{P}_{\rm T}(\text{Nothing} \to dS) = \|\Psi_{\rm T}(H_{\rm dS})\|^2 \propto e^{-\frac{\pi}{GH_{\rm dS}^2}} = e^{-S_{\rm dS}}$$

Two types of vacuum transitions

- 1. Transition between two minima of scalar potential Coleman-De Luccia 1980
- **2.** No scalar field: M_1 to M_1 +Wall+ M_2

Brown-Teitelboim 87







Approximate picture

E true false φ

WKB in Field Theory



Infinite volume: Transition local

Decay rate

$$\Gamma \sim T^2 \sim \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \propto \exp\left(-2\int_b^c \kappa d\tau\right)$$





Euclidean Approach

Coleman et al. (Field theory and Gravity)



O(4) Instanton (bounce)

$$\xi^{2} = |x|^{2} + \tau^{2} \qquad ds^{2} = d\xi^{2} + \rho^{2}(\xi)(d\psi^{2} + \sin^{2}\psi d\Omega_{2}^{2})$$

Analytic continuation O(3,1)

$$ds^{2} = d\tilde{t}^{2} - \tilde{t}^{2} \left[\frac{d\tilde{r}^{2}}{1 + \tilde{r}^{2}} + \tilde{r}^{2} (d\theta^{2} + \sin^{2}\theta \, d\varphi^{2}) \right]$$
$$\equiv d\tilde{t}^{2} - \tilde{t}^{2} \, d\Omega_{T}^{2} \, .$$

Open FLRW geometry!



Euclidean approach (Coleman-de Luccia, Lee-Weinberg, Brown-Teitelboim) :

$$\Gamma \sim e^{-B}, \qquad B = S[instanton] - S[background]$$

$$B = \frac{\pi}{2G} \left[\frac{\left[(H_{\rm O}^2 - H_{\rm I}^2)^2 + \kappa^2 (H_{\rm O}^2 + H_{\rm I}^2) \right] R_{\rm o}}{4\kappa H_{\rm O}^2 H_{\rm I}^2} - \frac{1}{2} \left(H_{\rm I}^{-2} - H_{\rm O}^{-2} \right) \right]$$
$$R_{\rm o}^2 = \frac{4\kappa^2}{(H_{\rm O}^2 - H_{\rm I}^2)^2 + 2\kappa^2 (H_{\rm O}^2 + H_{\rm I}^2) + \kappa^4}$$

Vacuum transitions Gravity: Down and Up Tunneling

Lee+ Weinberg







Euclidean CDL

- It reproduces the right decay rate Γ=e^{-B} as WKB and direct extension to field theory and gravity
- After bubble materialisation: Analytic continuation from Euclidean to Lorentzian. Implies open universe but just a "guess" (O(4) symmetry)
- Minkowski to de Sitter: (creating a universe in the lab), singular instanton?

Hamiltonian Approach

Hamiltonian Approach

Fischler, Morgan, Polchinski 1990

Metric
$$ds^2 = -N_t^2(t,r)dt^2 + L^2(t,r)(dr + N_r dt)^2 + R^2(t,r)d\Omega_2^2$$
, Spherically symmetric

Action

$$S_{\text{tot}} = \frac{1}{16\pi G} \int_{\mathcal{M}} d^4 x \sqrt{g} \,\mathcal{R} + \frac{1}{8\pi G} \int_{\partial \mathcal{M}} d^3 y \sqrt{h} \,K + S_{\text{mat}} + S_{\text{W}}$$

$$S_{\rm W} = -4\pi\sigma \int dt dr \,\delta(r-\hat{r}) [N_t^2 - L^2(N_r + \dot{\hat{r}})^2]^{1/2} \qquad S_{\rm mat} = -4\pi \int dt dr \,LN_t R^2 \,\rho(r) \,, \qquad \rho = \Lambda_{\rm O} \,\theta(r-\hat{r}) + \Lambda_{\rm I} \,\theta(\hat{r}-r)$$

Conjugate variables

$$\pi_{L} = \frac{N_{r}R' - \dot{R}}{GN_{t}}R, \qquad \pi_{R} = \frac{(N_{r}LR)' - \partial_{t}(LR)}{GN_{t}},$$
$$\mathcal{H}_{g} = \frac{GL\pi_{L}^{2}}{2R^{2}} - \frac{G}{R}\pi_{L}\pi_{R} + \frac{1}{2G}\left[\left(\frac{2RR'}{L}\right)' - \frac{R'^{2}}{L} - L\right]$$
$$P_{g} = R'\pi_{R} - L\pi'_{L}.$$

Constraints

$$\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}_g + 4\pi L R^2 \rho(r) + \delta(r - \hat{r}) E = 0,$$

$$P = P_a - \delta(r - \hat{r}) \hat{p} = 0,$$

$$E = \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}^2}{\hat{L}^2} + m^2}, \qquad m = 4\pi\sigma\hat{R}^2, \qquad \hat{p} = \partial\mathcal{L}/\partial\dot{\hat{r}}$$

Classical Trajectories

Solutions of constraints

$$\begin{aligned} \pi_L &= \eta \frac{R}{G} \left[\frac{R'^2}{L^2} - A_\alpha \right]^{1/2}, \quad \alpha = 0, \, \mathrm{I}, \quad \eta = \pm 1, \\ A_\alpha &= 1 - \frac{2GM_\alpha}{R} - H_\alpha^2 R^2, \qquad H_\alpha^2 = \frac{8\pi G}{3} \Lambda_\alpha, \\ ds_\alpha^2 &= -A_\alpha(R) \, d\tau^2 + A_\alpha^{-1}(R) \, dR^2 + R^2 \, d\Omega_2^2. \end{aligned}$$

Dynamics

$$\dot{\hat{R}}^2 + V = -1$$
$$V = -\frac{1}{(2\kappa\hat{R})^2} \left((\hat{A}_{\rm I} - \hat{A}_{\rm O}) - \kappa^2 \hat{R}^2 \right)^2 + (\hat{A}_{\rm O} - 1)$$

Matching conditions

$$\frac{\hat{R}}{\hat{L}}(R'(\hat{r}+\epsilon)-R'(\hat{r}-\epsilon)) = -GE,$$

$$\pi_L(\hat{r}+\epsilon)-\pi_L(\hat{r}-\epsilon) = \frac{\hat{p}}{\hat{L}} = 0,$$



Tunneling Probability and WDW

Wheeler DeWitt Equation

WKB

Transition Probability



$$\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{B} \to \mathcal{N}) = \left| \frac{\Psi_{\mathcal{N}}}{\Psi_{\mathcal{B}}} \right|^2 \qquad \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{B} \to \mathcal{N}) \equiv \Gamma_{\mathcal{B} \to \mathcal{N}}$$
$$\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{B} \to \mathcal{N}) \simeq \exp\left[2 \operatorname{Re}\left(I_{\text{tot}}(\mathcal{N}) - I(\mathcal{B}) \right) \right]$$

$$\mathcal{P}(A \to A/B \oplus W) = \frac{|\Psi(A/B \oplus W)|^2}{|\Psi(A)|^2}$$





De Sitter Slicings



From Hamiltonian approach: O(3) symmetry, closed slicing. Universe inside the bubble is closed for global slicing.

Up-Tunneling and Minkowski limit

Detailed balance

$$\Gamma_{\rm up} = \Gamma_{\rm down} \exp\left[\frac{\pi}{G} \left(\frac{1}{H_{\rm I}^2} - \frac{1}{H_{\rm O}^2}\right)\right] = \Gamma_{\rm CDL} \exp\left(S_{\rm I} - S_{\rm O}\right)$$

For HH sign only!

x = surface in the set

De Sitter to Minkowski ?

$$H_I \to 0, \qquad \Gamma_{\rm down} \to \exp\left[-\frac{\pi}{2G} \frac{\kappa^4}{H_O^2 \left(H_O^2 + \kappa^2\right)^2}\right]$$

 $H_O \to 0, \qquad \qquad \Gamma_{\rm up} \to 0$

Schwarzschild to de Sitter (H_o=0)

Farhi, Guth, Guven (Euclidean) + Fischler, Morgan, Polchinski (Hamiltonian)



Zero Schwarzschild mass limit

(Minkowski \approx Schwarzschild in the M=0 limit)



$$\mathcal{P}(\mathcal{M} \to \mathcal{M}/\mathrm{dS} \oplus \mathrm{W}) = \exp\left[\frac{\eta \pi}{GH^2} \left(1 - \frac{\kappa^4}{(H^2 + \kappa^2)^2}\right)\right]$$

$$\mathcal{P}(dS \to dS/\mathcal{M} \oplus W) = \exp\left[\frac{\eta \pi}{GH^2} \left(-\frac{\kappa^4}{(H^2 + \kappa^2)^2}\right)\right]$$
 Dov

Up-tunneling

Down-tunneling

Detailed Balance



M=0 Schwarzschild ≠ H=0 de Sitter (Difference on background wave function)

Bubble Trajectory



Asymptotic speed= speed of light – $(M/M_P)^2 < c!$

Even though calculation done in global slicing, trajectories follow geodesics of open slicing

AdS to AdS



$$B = -\frac{\eta\pi}{2G} \left[\frac{\left(|H_I^2| - |H_O^2| \right)^2 - \kappa^2 \left(|H_I^2| + |H_O^2| \right)}{2\kappa |H_I^2| |H_O^2|} R_0 - \left(\frac{1}{|H_O^2|} - \frac{1}{|H_I^2|} \right) \right]$$

$$\mathcal{P}_{up}^{AdS \to AdS} = \mathcal{P}_{down}^{AdS \to AdS},$$

Detailed balance if Entropy of AdS = 0 !

Minkowski to AdS

$$H_0 \to 0 \qquad B = 2\left(I_{\text{tot}}|_{\text{tp}} - \bar{I}\right) = -\frac{\eta\pi}{2G|H_I|^2} \left[\frac{2\kappa^4}{\left(|H_I|^2 - \kappa^2\right)^2}\right],$$

As in CDL

AdS to dS

$$B^{\text{AdS}->\text{dS}} = \frac{\eta\pi}{G} \left\{ \frac{\left\{ (|H_B^2| + H_A^2)^2 + \kappa^2 (-|H_B^2| + H_A^2) \right\} R_{\text{o}}}{4\kappa |H_B^2| H_A^2} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{H_A^2} - \frac{1}{|H_B^2|} \right) \right\},$$
$$\frac{P^{\text{AdS}->\text{dS}}}{P^{\text{dS}->\text{AdS}}} = \frac{e^{B^{\text{AdS}->\text{dS}}}}{e^{B^{\text{dS}->\text{AdS}}}} = \frac{\exp\left(\frac{\eta\pi}{2G}\frac{1}{H_A^2}\right)}{\exp\left(-\frac{\eta\pi}{2G}\frac{1}{H_A^2}\right)} = e^{\eta(S_{\text{dS}}-(S_{\text{AdS}}=0))},$$

Detailed balance if AdS entropy=0!

Minkowski limit from dS blows-up but from AdS is finite!?

To Nothingness and Back?

For SAdS to dS $H_{\rm O} \gg H_{\rm I}, M, \kappa$

$$B^{\text{AdS}}_{\text{extra dimensions}} \xrightarrow{\eta \pi}{G} \left\{ \frac{\left\{ (|H_B^2|)^2 \right\} 2\kappa / |H_B^2|}{4\kappa |H_B^2| H_A^2} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{H_A^2} + 0 \right) \right\} = \frac{\eta \pi}{2G} \frac{1}{H_A^2} \frac{$$

The same as Vilenkin, Hartle-Hawking wave functions!

extra dimensions

r \approx Brown-Dahlen: **Nothing as AdS** $H_{\rm O} \rightarrow \infty$ r extra dimensions r



General: S(A)dS to S(A)dS

Total Action

$$I_{\rm tot} = I_{\rm B} + I_{\rm W}$$

$$I_{\rm B} = \frac{\eta}{G} \int_0^{\hat{r}-\epsilon} dr R \left[\sqrt{A_{\rm I} L^2 - R'^2} - R' \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{R'}{L\sqrt{A_{\rm I}}} \right) \right] + \int_{\hat{r}+\epsilon}^{\pi} dr \ [{\rm I} \to {\rm O}] \ ,$$
$$I_{\rm W} = \frac{\eta}{G} \int \delta \hat{R} \, \hat{R} \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{R'}{L\sqrt{\hat{A}}} \right) \Big|_{\hat{r}-\epsilon}^{\hat{r}+\epsilon},$$

$$\begin{split} I_{\rm W} &= -\frac{\eta}{G} \int dRR \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\frac{2G}{R} (M_{\rm O} - M_{\rm I}) + R^2 (\pm H_{\rm O}^2 \mp H_{\rm I}^2 - \kappa^2)}{2\kappa R \sqrt{1 - \frac{2GM_{\rm O}}{R} \mp H_{\rm O}^2 R^2}} \right) \\ &+ \frac{\eta}{G} \int dRR \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\frac{2G}{R} (M_{\rm O} - M_{\rm I}) + R^2 (\pm H_{\rm O}^2 \mp H_{\rm I}^2 + \kappa^2)}{2\kappa R \sqrt{1 - \frac{2GM_{\rm I}}{R} \mp H_{\rm I}^2 R^2}} \right) \,. \end{split}$$

Wall integrals cannot be done analytically but symmetric under

Bulk Contributions

SdS to SdS

B

Turning point geometry
$$\pi_{\rm L} = 0$$
 $\frac{R'^2}{L^2} = A(R) = 1 - \frac{2MG}{R} - H^2 R^2$ $I_{\rm B} \propto \int R dR \Theta(-R')$

$$I_{\rm B} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{R} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{\eta \pi}{2G} \left[\theta(-\hat{R}'_{-}) \left(R_{I,c}^{2} - \hat{R}^{2} \right) + \theta(-\hat{R}'_{+}) \left(\hat{R}^{2} - R_{O,s}^{2} \right) \right] + \frac{\eta \pi}{2G} \left[\theta(\hat{R}'_{+}) \left(R_{O,c}^{2} - \hat{R}^{2} \right) + \theta(\hat{R}'_{-}) \left(\hat{R}^{2} - R_{I,s}^{2} \right) \right].$$
$$I_{\rm B} \begin{bmatrix} R_{2} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{\eta \pi}{2G} \left[\left(R_{I,c}^{2} - R_{O,s}^{2} \right) \right], I_{\rm B} \begin{bmatrix} R_{1} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{\eta \pi}{2G} \left[\left(R_{O,c}^{2} - R_{I,s}^{2} \right) \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{A} \mathbf{vs} \mathbf{A} \Rightarrow \mathbf{B}$$

$$P_{\uparrow} \left(\hat{R} \right) = \frac{|a|^2 e^{2I_{\mathrm{Bu}}^{AB} \left(\hat{R} \right) + 2I_{\mathrm{W}}^{AB} \left(\hat{R} \right)} + \dots}{|a|^2 e^{2I_{\mathrm{Bu}}^{AB} \left(R_1 \right) + 2I_{\mathrm{W}}^{AB} \left(R_1 \right)} + \dots}, \ P_{\downarrow} \left(\hat{R} \right) = \frac{|a|^2 e^{2I_{\mathrm{Bu}}^{BA} \left(\hat{R} \right) + 2I_{\mathrm{W}}^{BA} \left(\hat{R} \right)} + \dots}{|a|^2 e^{2I_{\mathrm{Bu}}^{BA} \left(R_1 \right) + 2I_{\mathrm{W}}^{AB} \left(R_1 \right)} + \dots}$$

$$\frac{P_{\uparrow}}{P_{\downarrow}} = e^{\frac{\pi}{G} \left[\left(R_{B,c}^2 - R_{A,s}^2 \right) - \left(R_{A,c}^2 - R_{B,s}^2 \right) \right]} = e^{S_B - S_A}$$

SAdS to dS

$$I_{\rm B}\Big|_{\rm tp} \equiv I_{\rm B}\Big|_{R_{\rm I}}^{R_{\rm O}} = \begin{cases} \frac{\eta\pi}{2G} (R_{\rm O}^2 - R_{\rm I}^2) \,, & M > M_{\rm S} \,, \\ \frac{\eta\pi}{2G} (R_{\rm O}^2 - R_{\mathcal{S}}^2) \,, & M_{\rm S} > M > M_{\rm D} \\ \frac{\eta\pi}{2G} (R_{\rm dS}^2 - R_{\mathcal{S}}^2) \,, & M_{\rm D} > M \,. \end{cases}$$

$$M_{\rm S} = \frac{H_{\rm O}^2 + H_{\rm I}^2 + \kappa^2}{2G \left(H_{\rm I}^2 + \kappa^2\right)^{3/2}}, \qquad \qquad M_{\rm D} = \frac{H_{\rm O}^2 + H_{\rm I}^2 - \kappa^2}{2G H_{\rm I}^3},$$

Need numerical estimates for wall contribution but the transition is allowed however detailed balance is OK only for $M_D>M$ (?)

$$\frac{P^{\text{AdS}->\text{dS}}}{P^{\text{dS}->\text{AdS}}} = \frac{e^{B^{\text{AdS}->\text{dS}}}}{e^{B^{\text{dS}->\text{AdS}}}} = \frac{\exp\left(\frac{\eta\pi}{2G}\frac{1}{H_A^2}\right)}{\exp\left(-\frac{\eta\pi}{2G}\frac{1}{H_A^2}\right)} = e^{\eta(S_{\text{dS}}-(S_{\text{AdS}}=0))},$$

Wall Trajectory

$$ds^2 = -dt^2 + \hat{R}^2(t)d\Omega^2$$

Acceleration:



Vacuum Transitions

Standard

Non-Standard

- Euclidean
 Hamiltonian
- No Minkowski to dS
- BH, Minkowski/AdS to dS
- Open Universe
 Closed Universe
- Unrelated to V,HH Related to V, HH
- * Hamiltonian approach only available in minisuperspace or transitions without scalar potential

Conclusions

- Hamiltonian approach to quantum transitions
- Minkowski BH and AdS BH to de Sitter not forbidden (no O(4) symmetry)
- Minkowski entropy from $M \rightarrow 0$ BH or $|H| \rightarrow 0$ AdS and no $H \rightarrow 0$ dS!
- Consistent with a closed universe after bubble nucleation (predictions?).
- Wall trajectory not an open universe geodesic
- Up-tunneling from AdS, Minkowski if their entropies vanish!
- Up-tunneling from AdS limit $H \rightarrow \infty$ = Hartle-Hawking/Vilenkin from nothing!
- Hartle-Hawking vs Vilenkin (detailed balance)
- Many open questions (very few closed)

e.g Transition with scalar potentials beyond mini-superspace

