







‡Fermilab

Caltech



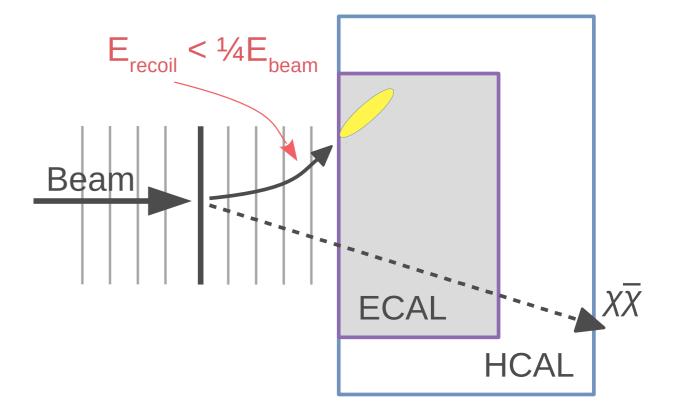






The Light Dark Matter Experiment

Christian Herwig (Fermilab) for the LDMX Collaboration here/) October 12, 2023



Dark Matter: the question of our time

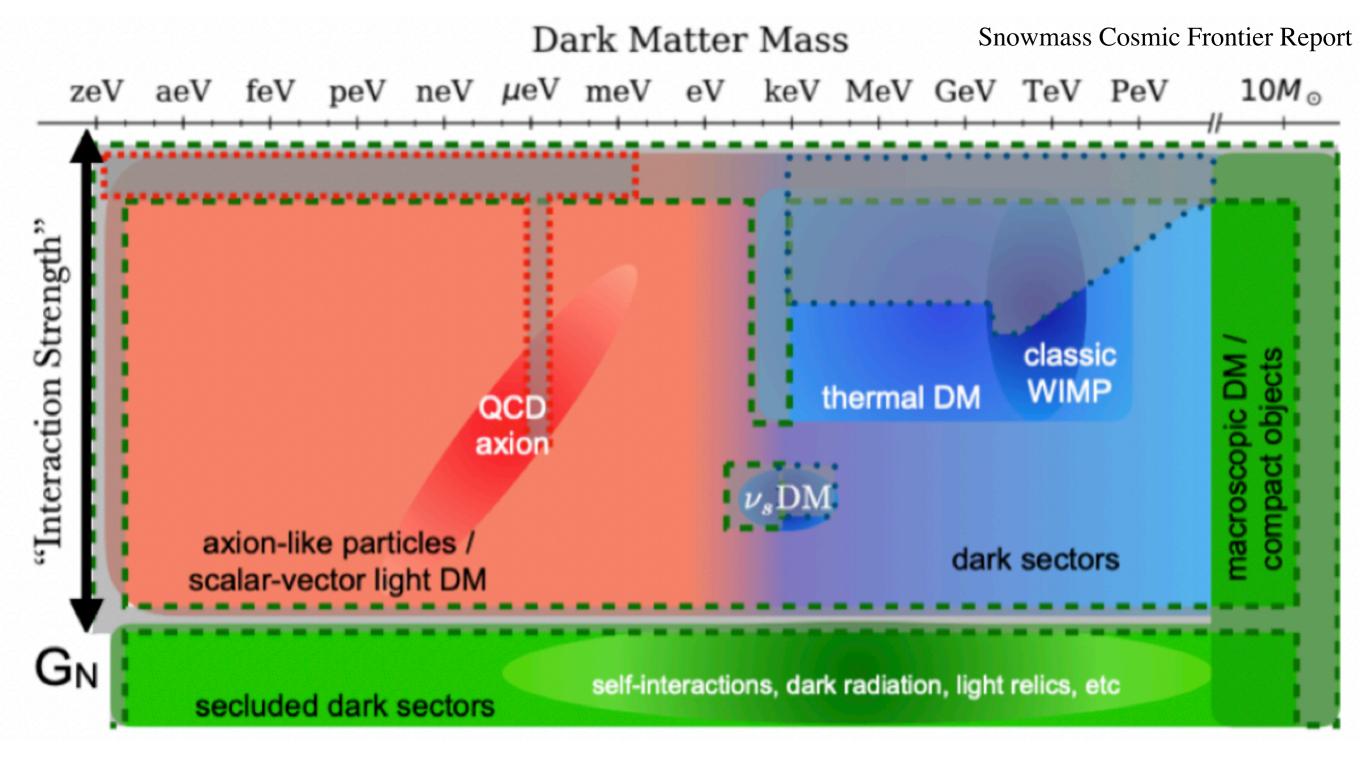




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Dark Matter: the question of our time



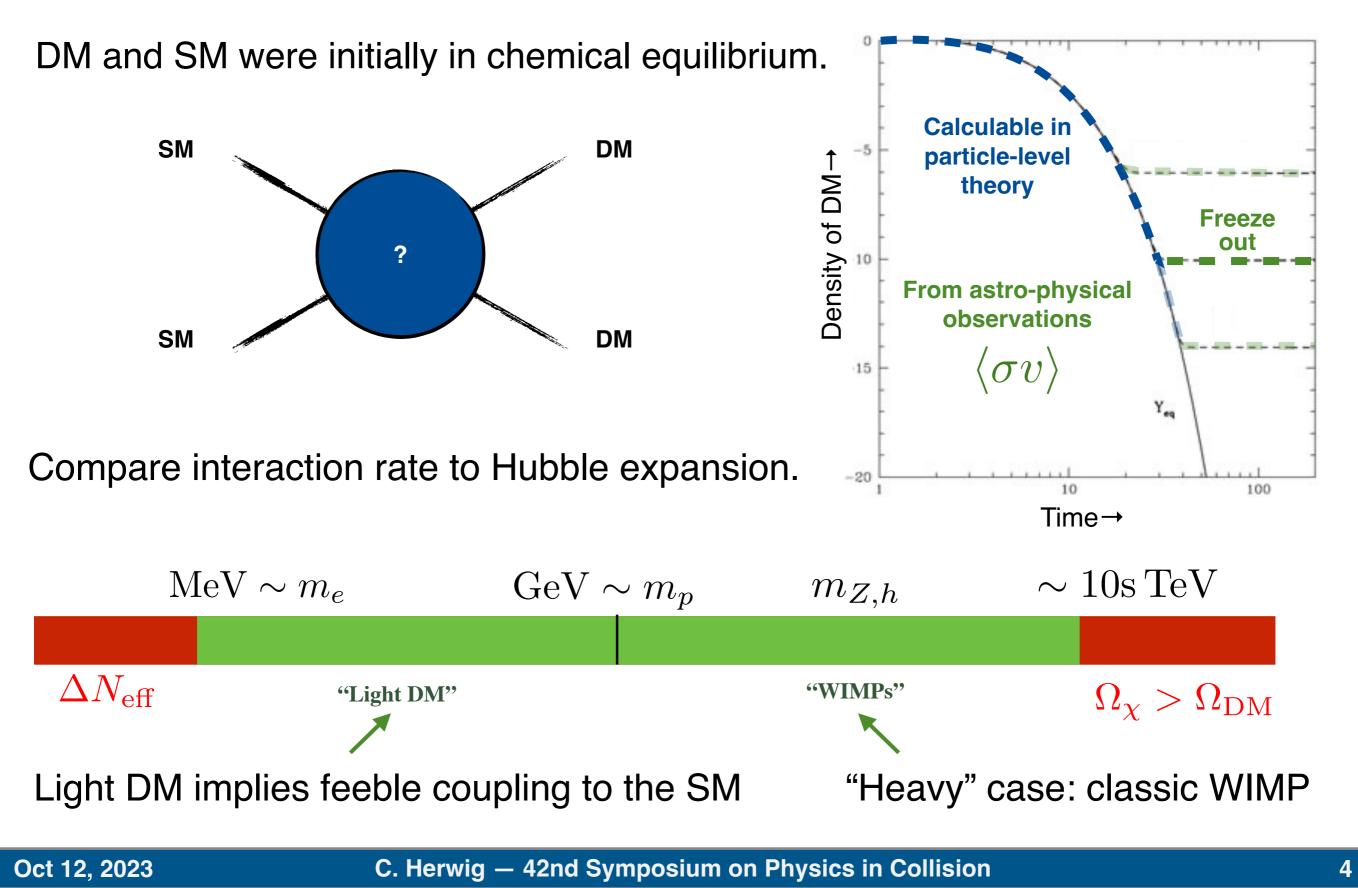


"Delve Deep, Search Wide!"

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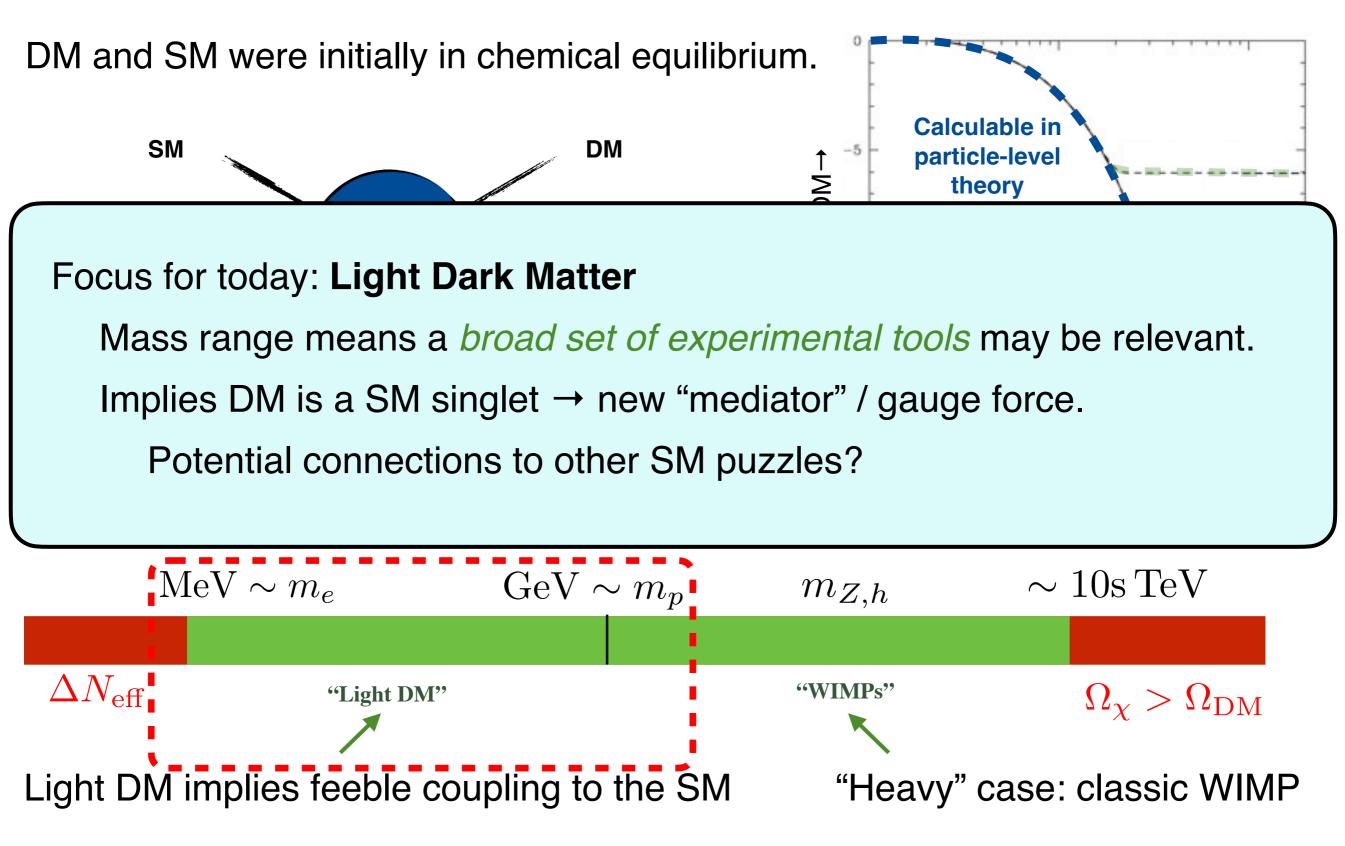
Thermal dark matter





Thermal dark matter

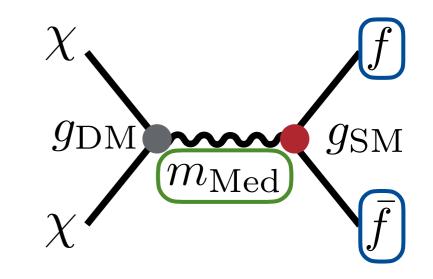




DM with accelerators

Precisely-controlled experimental setup: Beam particle species (p, e, μ, v,...) DM/mediator masses (beam energy, q²) Interaction strengths (search strategy, lumi)



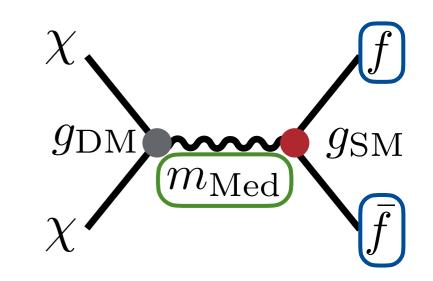


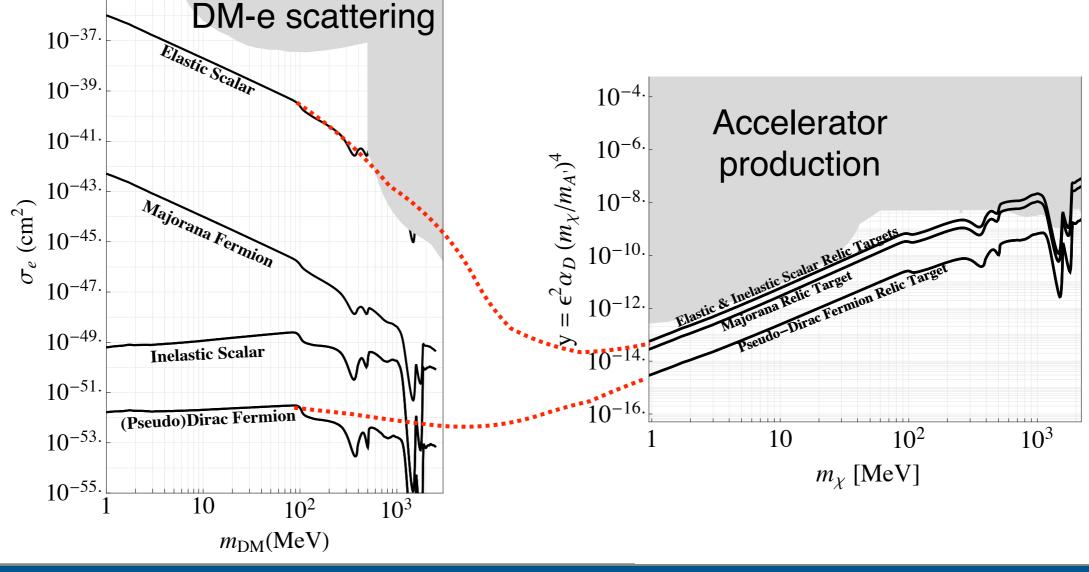
DM with accelerators

 10^{-35}

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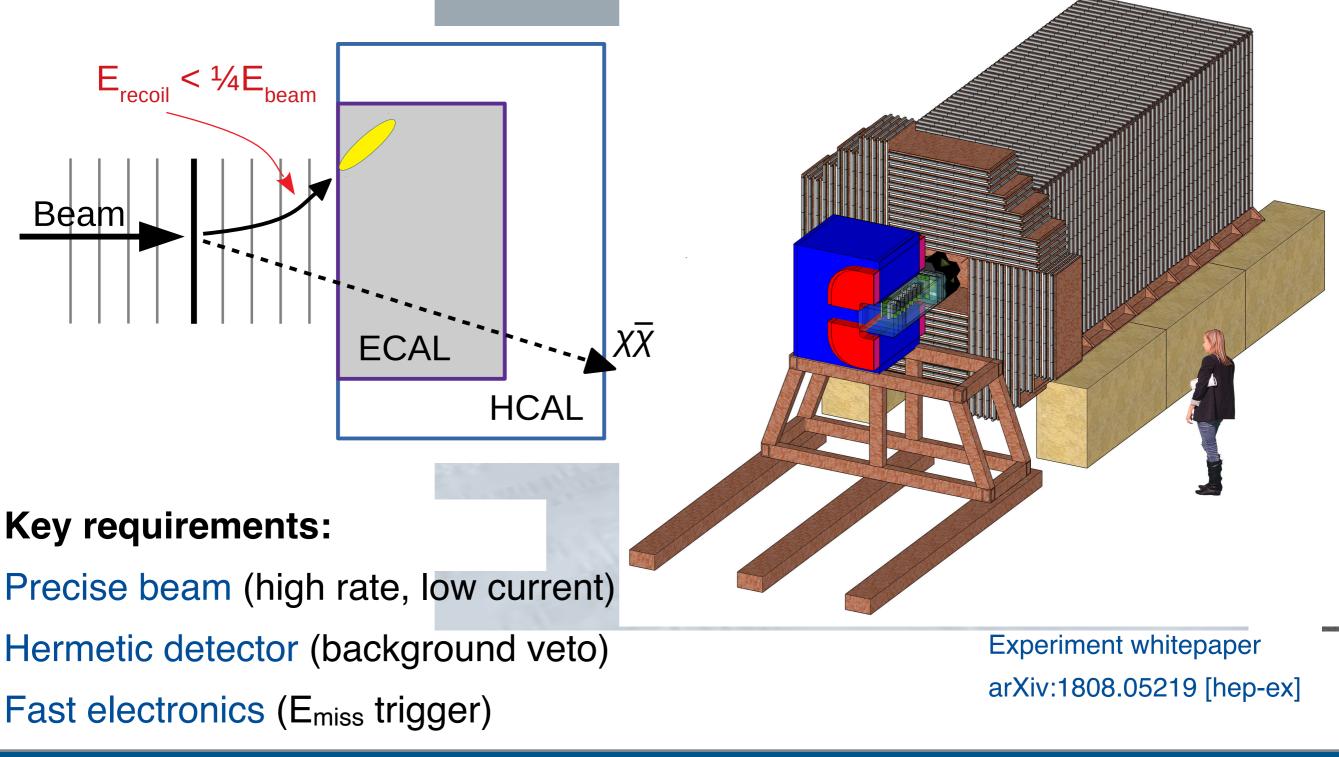






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The Light Dark Matter Experimenting physics Proposed search for Light DM with a fixed-target electron beam setup.



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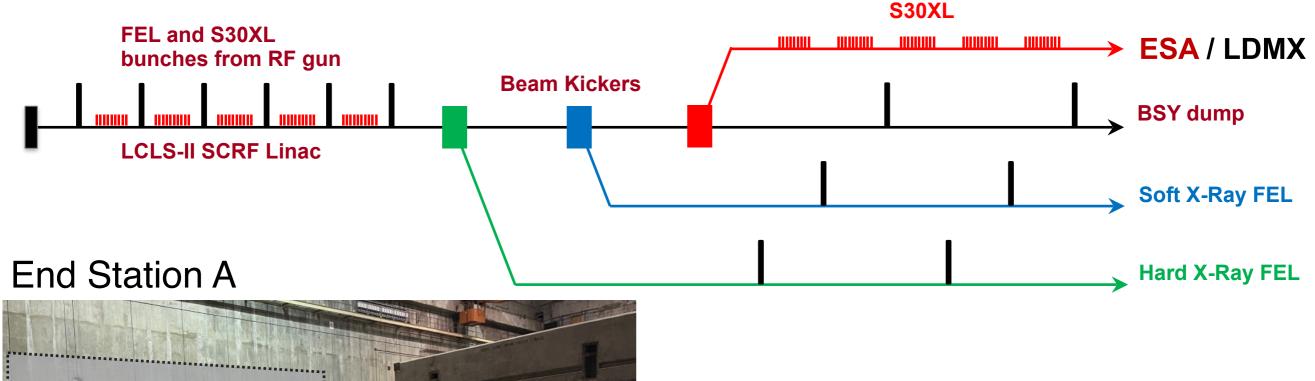
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High-precision electron source



LCLS-II SRF (SLAC) will provide electrons to End Station A delivering ~27 ns bunches w/ $\langle n_e \rangle \sim 1$, via parasitic dark current between FEL pulses.

 \rightarrow Upgrade planned from 4 \rightarrow 8 GeV





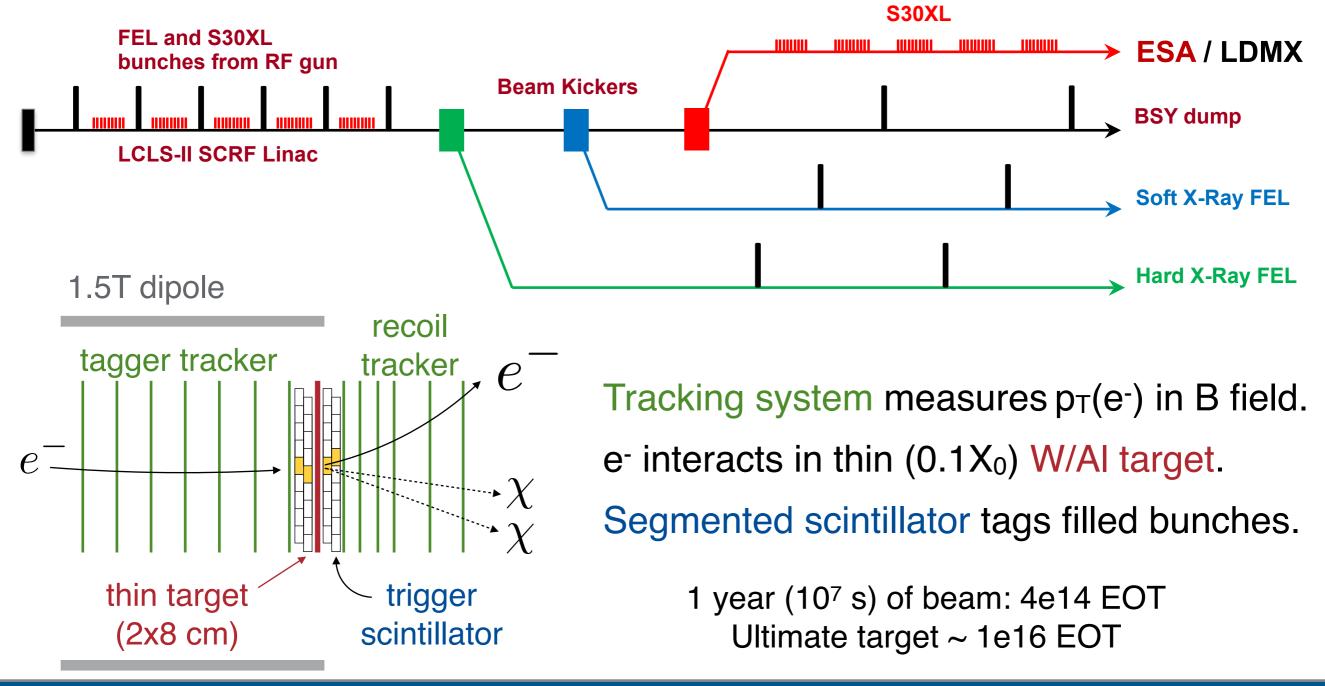
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High-precision electron source



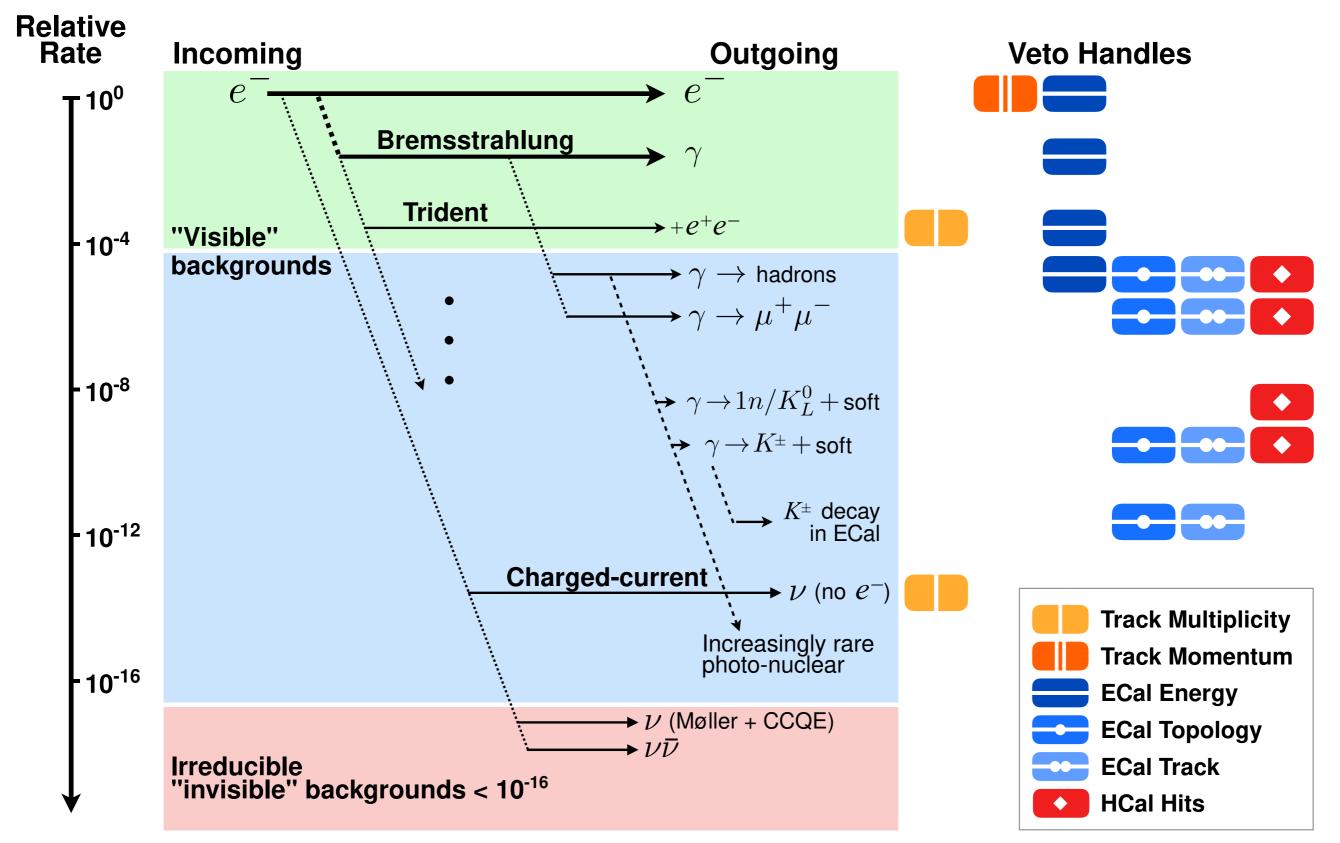
LCLS-II SRF (SLAC) will provide electrons to End Station A delivering ~27 ns bunches w/ $\langle n_e \rangle$ ~ 1, via parasitic dark current between FEL pulses.

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SM Background rejection





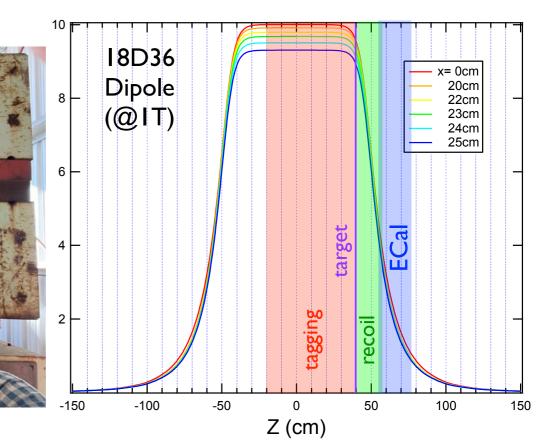
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Magnet and tracker:

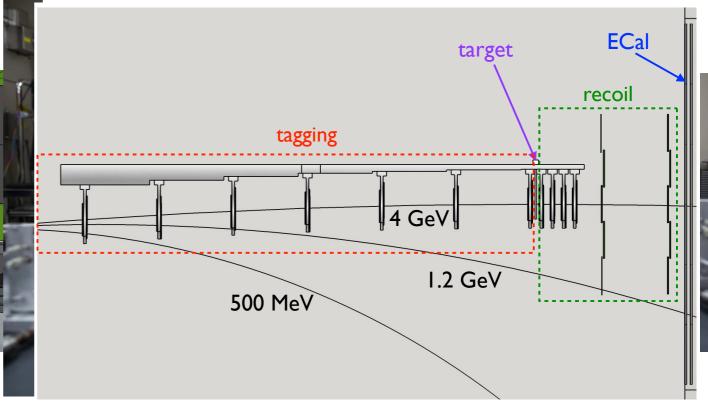
18D36 Magnet

Refurbished dipole. Tracker modules based on HPS/CMS.

Tagger: robust p Recoil: aims for ma acceptance.





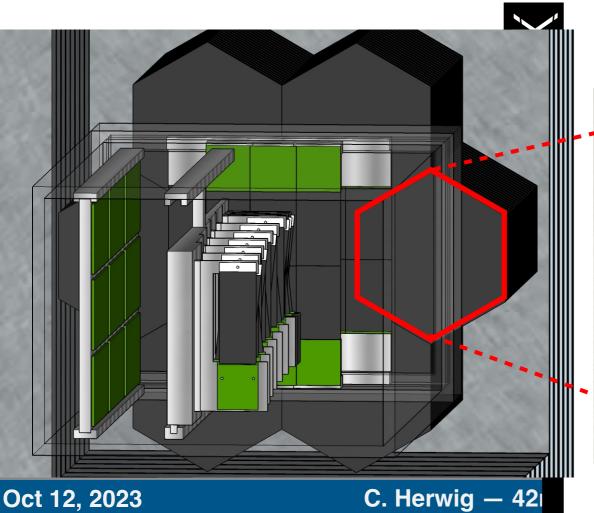


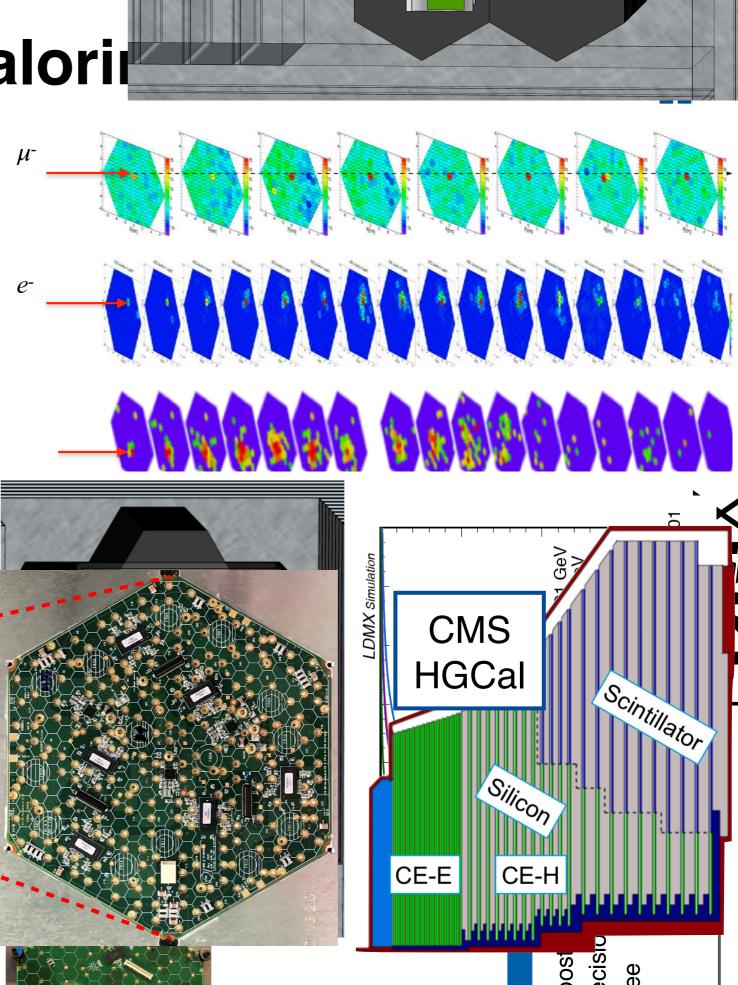
Electromagnetic calori

Based on the CMS highgranularity endcap calorimeter.

Effectively a beam dump: must be highly radiation-tolerant!

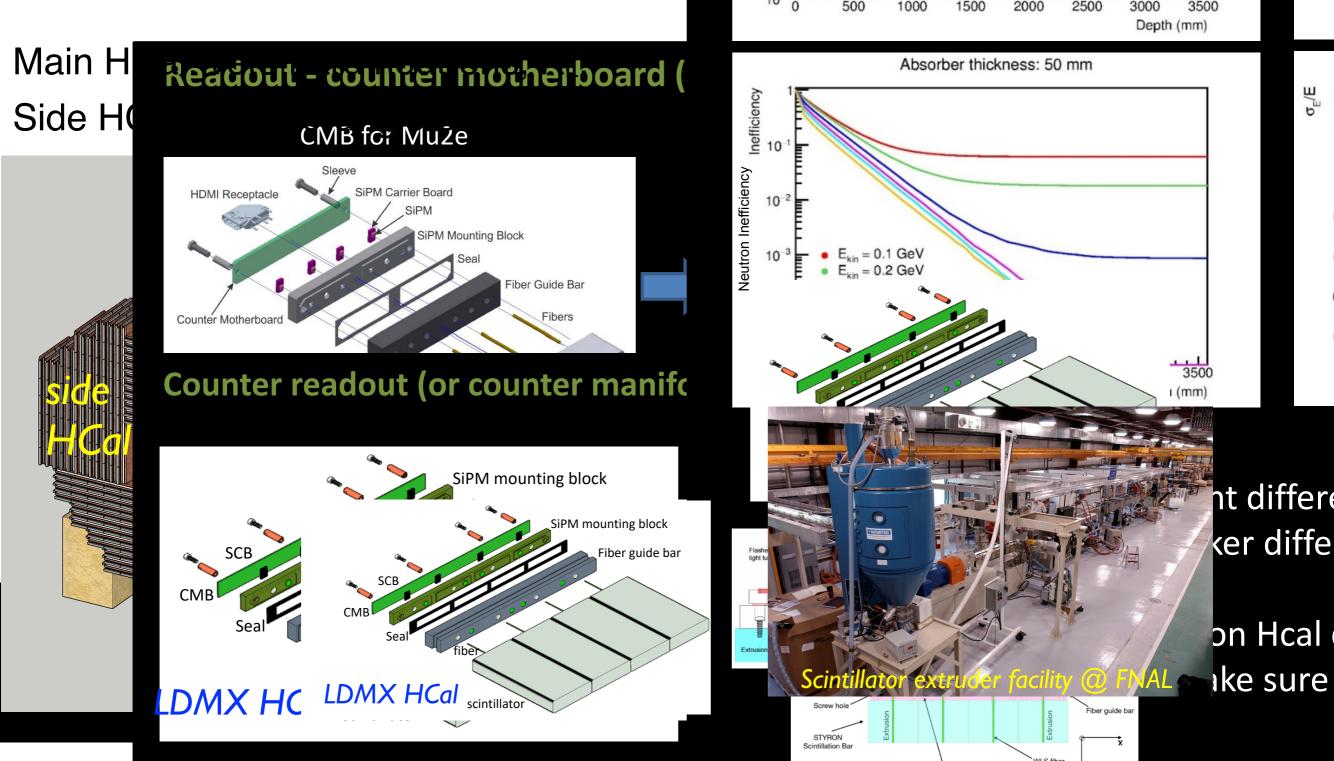
34 Si/W layers (40 X₀)432 sensor pads / hex ı





Hadronic calorimeter

Based on Mu2e cosmic veto technology. 2x2m steel / scintillating bars (17 λ)



Inefficie 10

10

10

in = 0.1 GeV

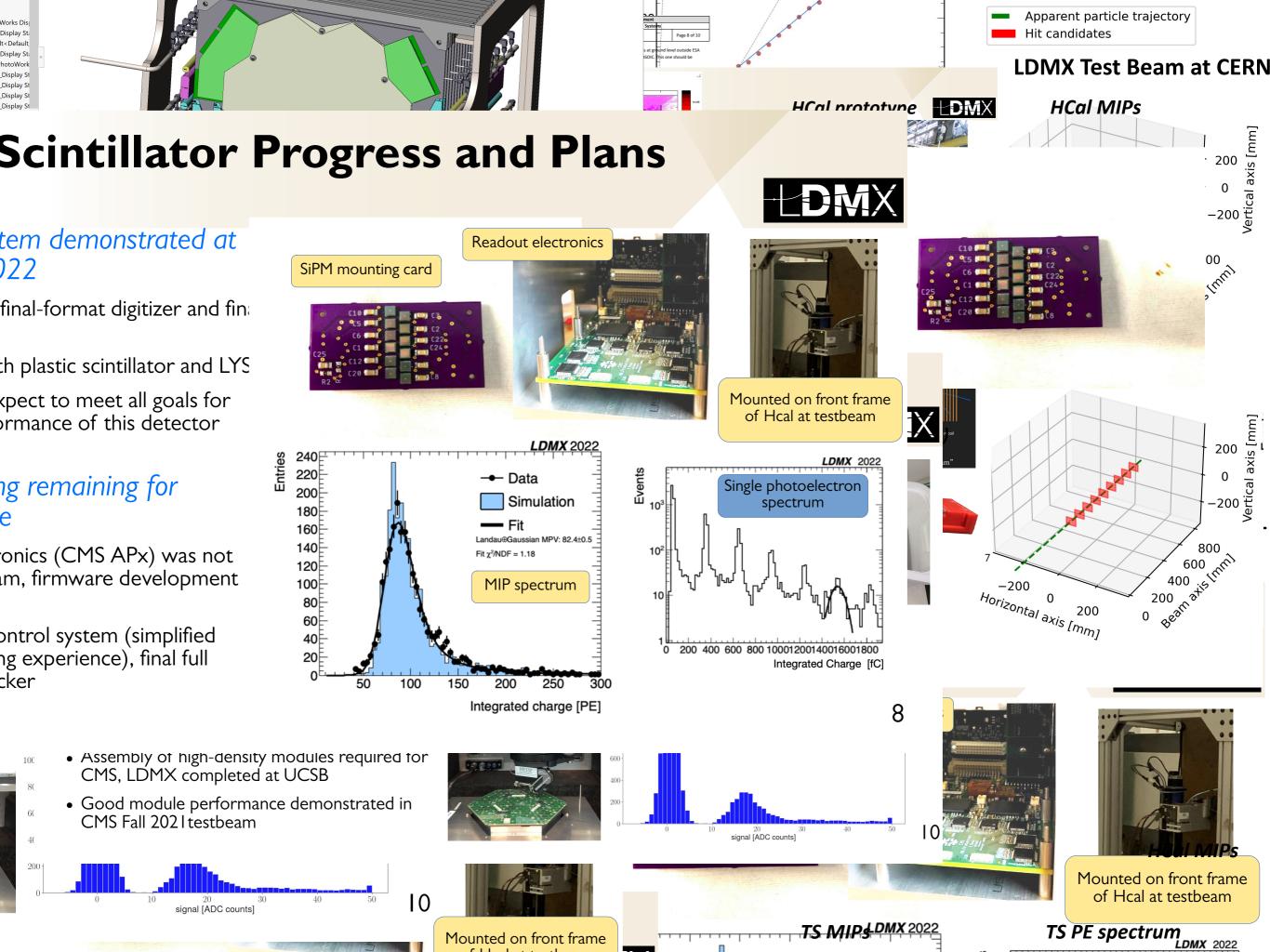
Ekin = 0.2 GeV

Ekin = 0.5 GeV in = 1.0 GeV = 2.0 GeV

 $E_{kin} = 5.0 \text{ GeV}$

veto definition of 3 PE

 σ_{E}/E



Background elimination strategy (4 GeV)

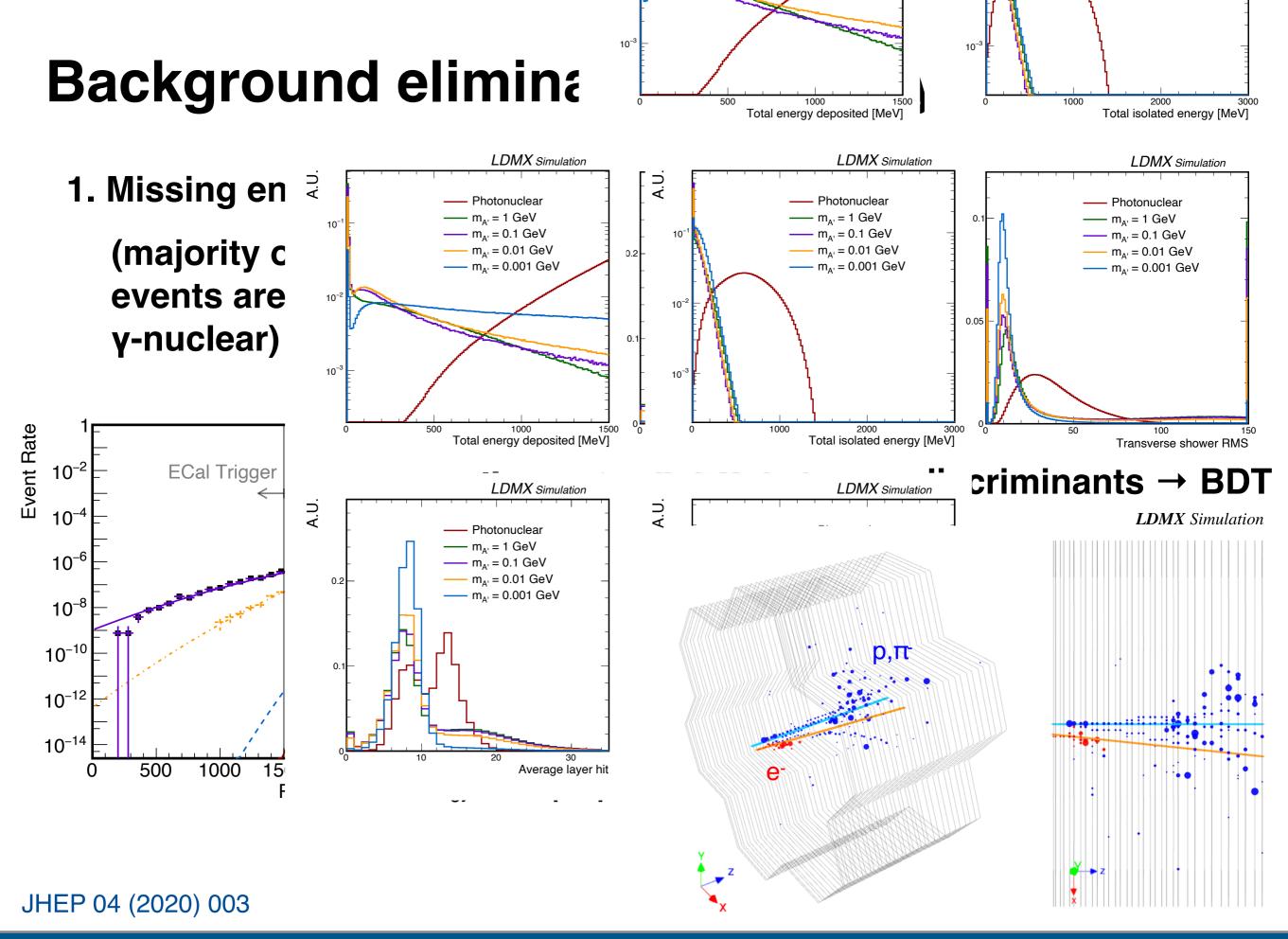
1. Missing energy trigger e^{-} (majority of e^{-} $\gamma^{(*)}$ events are

γ-nuclear)

LDMX Preliminary 1.3B Events Event Rate ECal Trigger 10⁻² 10^{-4} 10^{-6} 10⁻⁸ = Total Energy Going PN All Events **10**⁻¹⁰ $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{PN}} < 50 \text{MeV} \\ 50 \text{MeV} < \mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{PN}} < 1.2 \text{GeV} \\ 1.2 \text{GeV} < \mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{PN}} < 2.8 \text{GeV} \\ \mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{PN}} \geq 2.8 \text{GeV} \end{array}$ 10⁻¹² **10**⁻¹⁴ 500 1000 2000 2500 3000 3500 4000 0 1500 Reconstructed Energy in ECAL [MeV]

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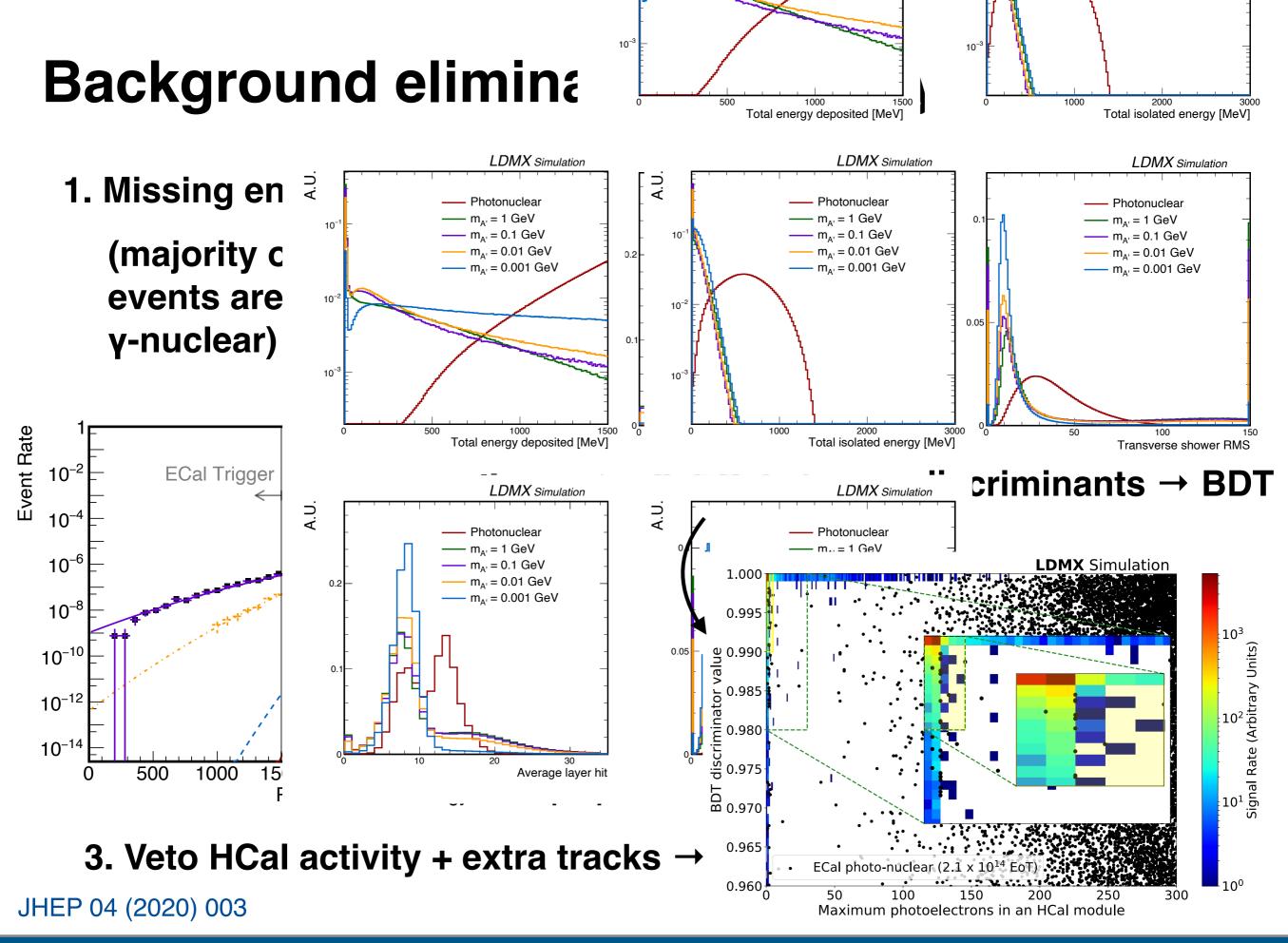
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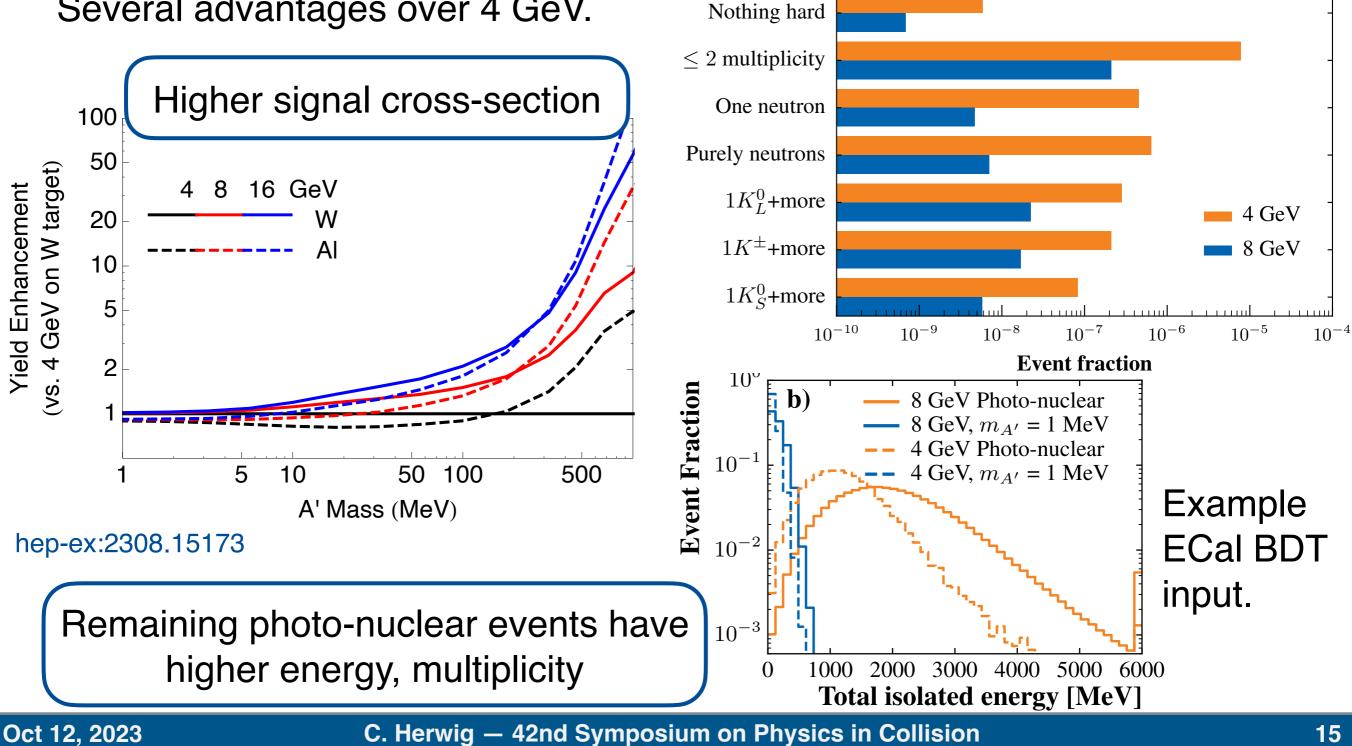
Background-rejection with 8 GeV beam

Lower photo-nuclear event rate

Simulation

Majority of LDMX data will likely be taken with an 8 GeV beam.

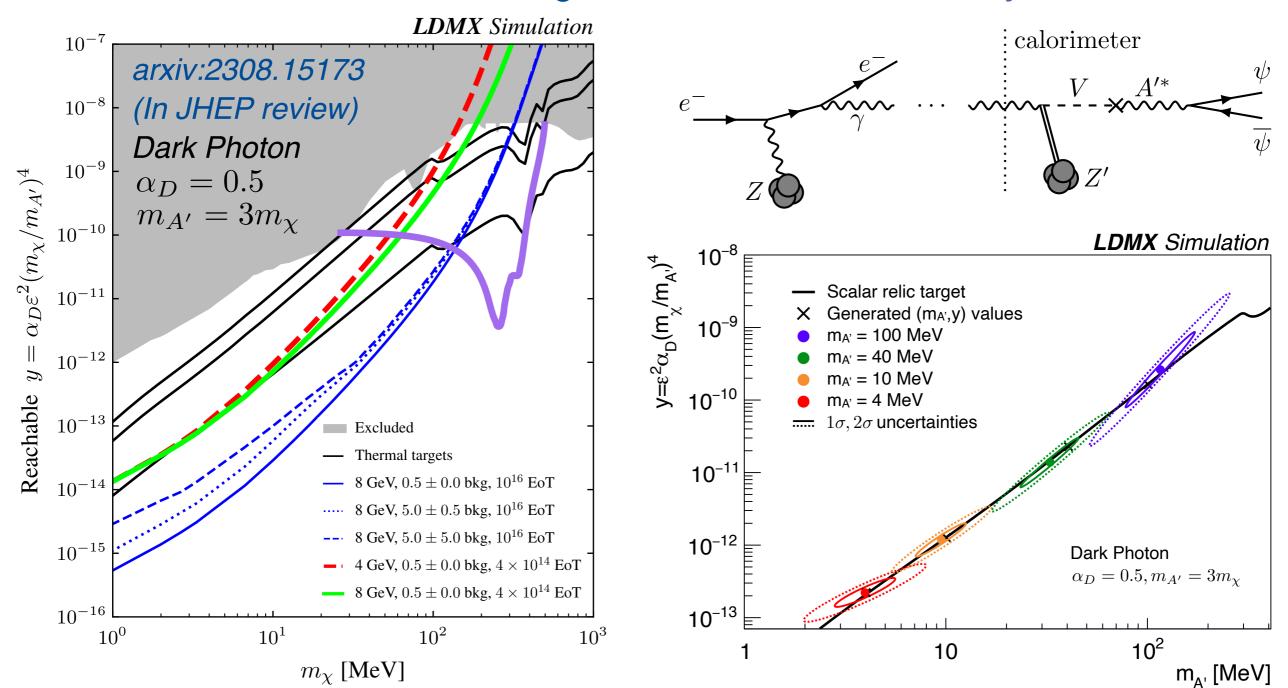
Several advantages over 4 GeV.



Inclusive PN

Projected search sensitivity





Sensitive to Dark Bremsstrahlung and invisible meson decay channels.

Background-free (4e14 EoT, Geant4)

Can characterize a potential signal!

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Beyond the dark photon



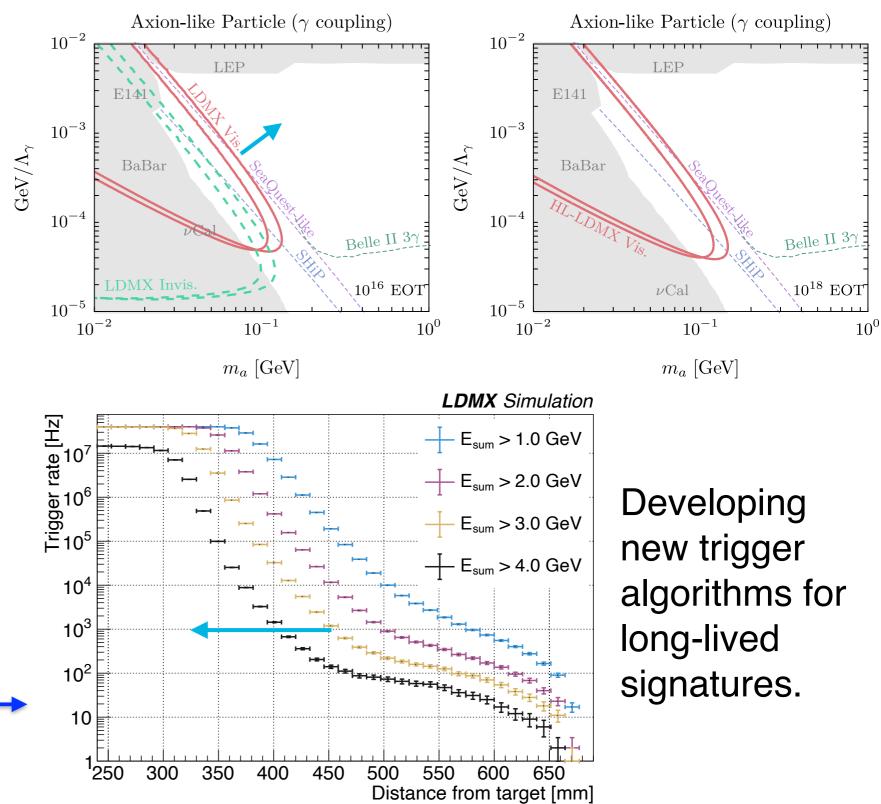
LDMX is sensitive to a broad set of DM models

- Millicharge particles
- Inelastic DM
- SIMPs (semi-vis.)
- Freeze-in DM
- Spin-1 DM

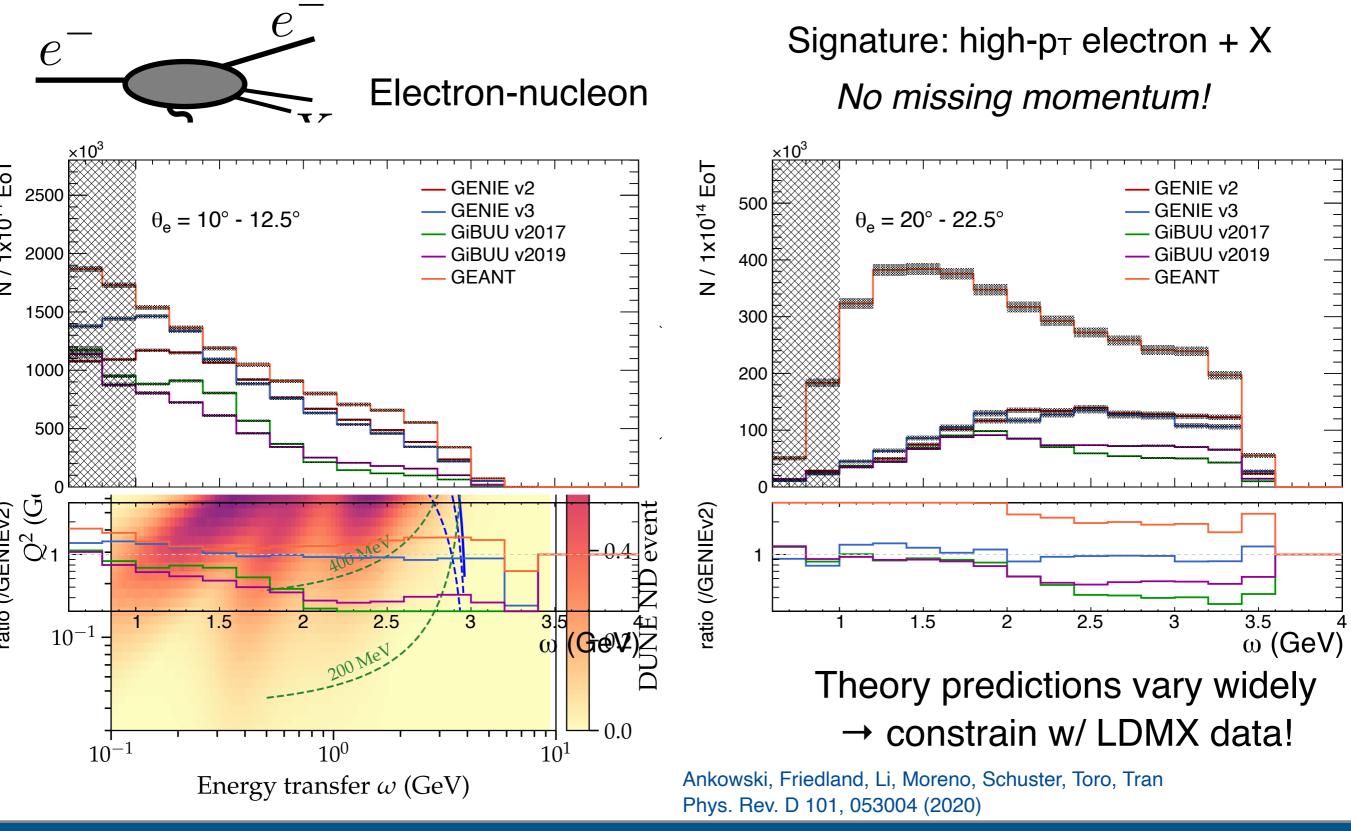
Visible signatures too

- 'Minimal Dark Photon'
- Axion-like particle



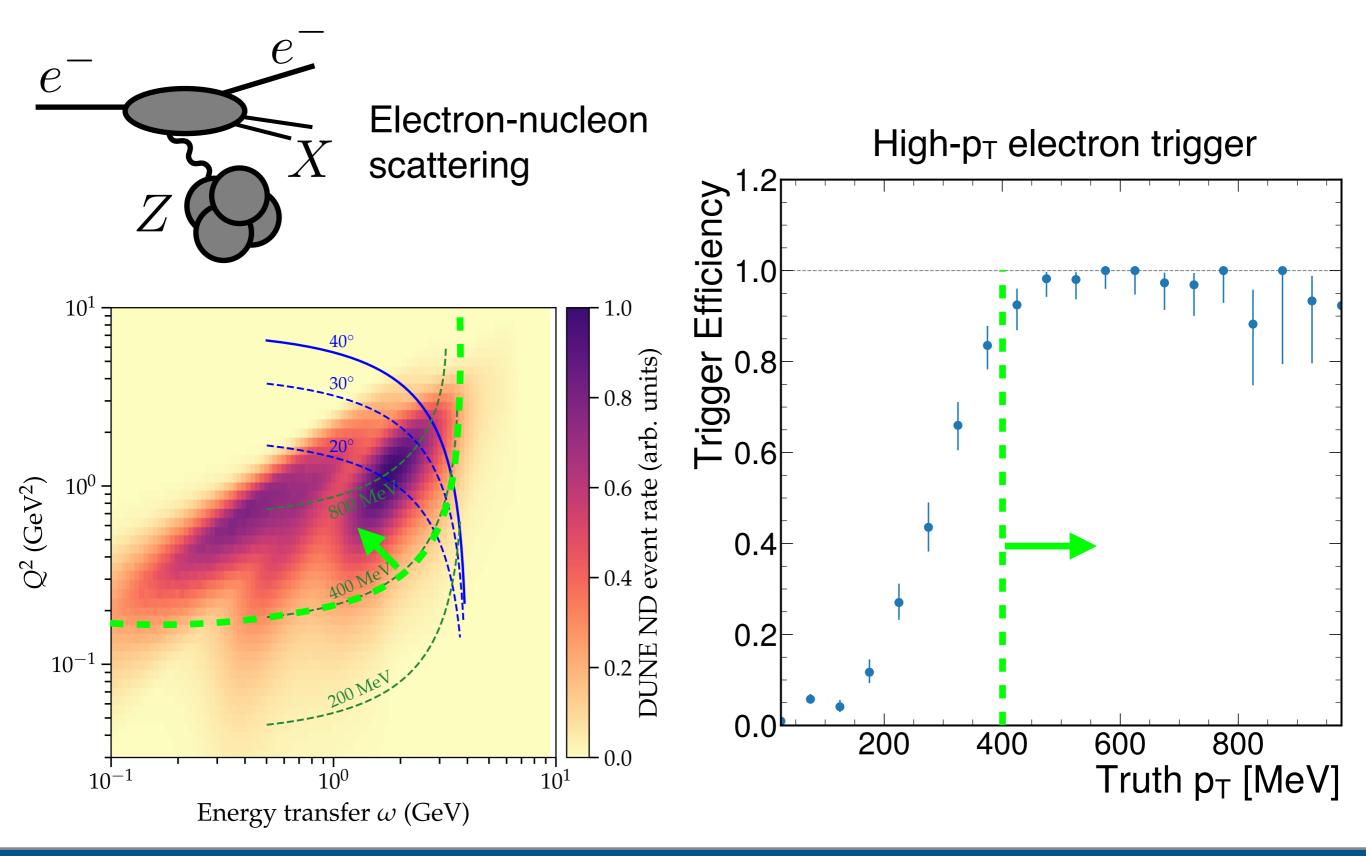


Broader physics impact: eN scattering



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Conclusions

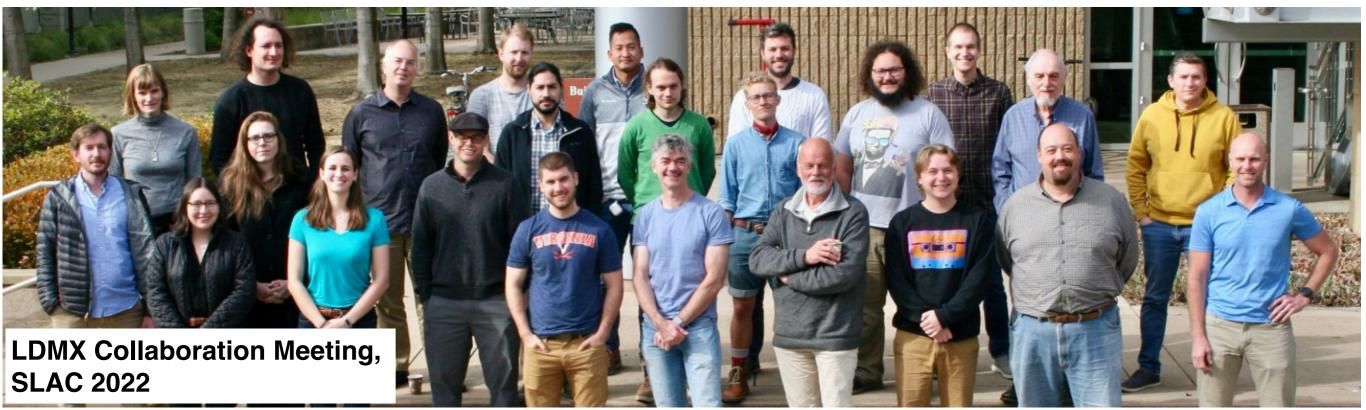


Thermal dark matter motivates a broad search program for $m_e < m_{DM} < m_p$. The missing momentum technique is a powerful accelerator probe.

LDMX will explore vast new territory, *reaching thermal relic targets across most of the MeV-GeV mass range* and testing models beyond dark photon.

Will also provide new tests of *lepton-nucleon interaction* models for DUNE.

Aim for a broad physics program, on short time scale! Eager to start soon!



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