



Resistive Wall Wakes and Clearing Electrodes

Rainer Wanzenberg

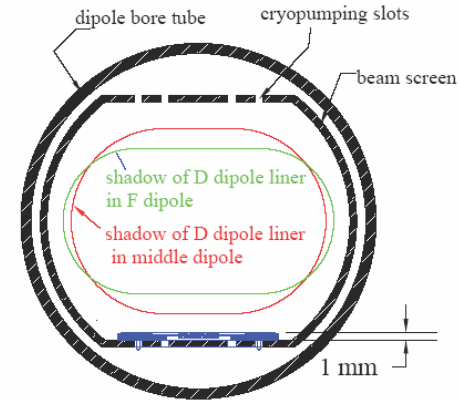
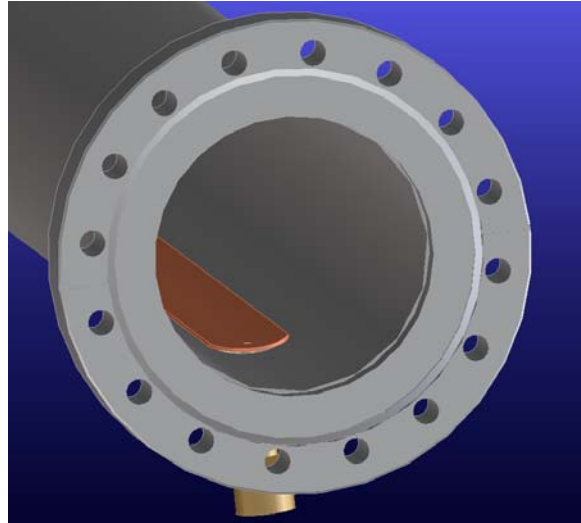
ECL2

Mini-workshop on
Electron Cloud Clearing,
CERN,
March 1-2, 2007

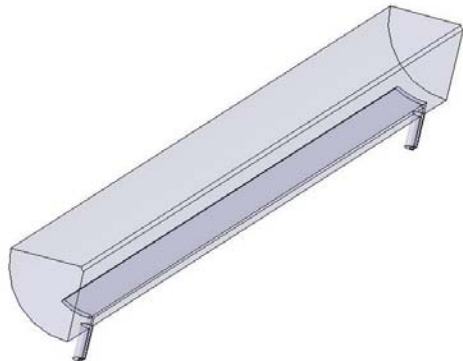
Outline

- **Clearing Electrodes**
- **Resistive Wall Wakes**
- **Coupled Bunch Instabilities**
- **Power Loss in the Clearing Electrodes**
- **Heating of the Clearing Electrodes**
- **Conclusions**

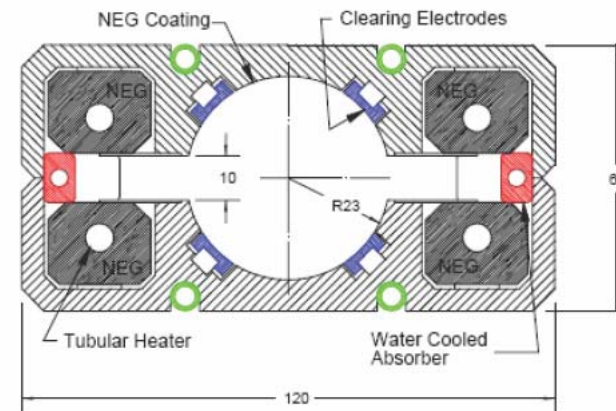
Clearing Electrodes



(P. McIntyre, A. Sattarov, PAC2005 Knoxville)



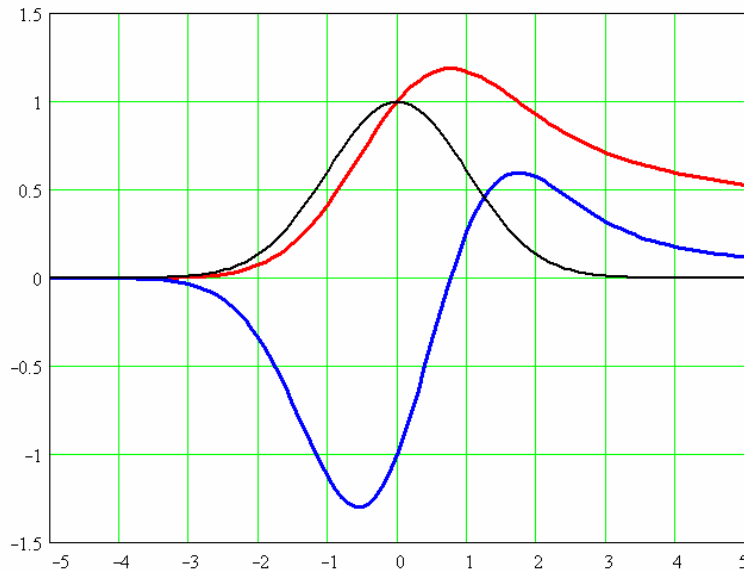
Possible design for a test at PEP-II
(Mauro Pivi, SLAC)



ILC DR wiggler chamber
(RDR)

Resistive Wall Wakes

Normalized longitudinal and transverse Wake Potential



Total energy loss: $k_{loss} = \int ds \lambda(s) W_{\parallel}(s)$

Kick parameter: $k_{\perp} = \int ds \lambda(s) W_{\perp}(s)$

Conductivity:

Copper

$$\sigma_{Cu} = 58.0 \cdot 10^6 (\Omega m)^{-1}$$

Steel

$$\sigma_{Steel} = 1.5 \cdot 10^6 (\Omega m)^{-1}$$

NEG

TiVrZr film

$$\sigma_{NEG} \approx 0.31 \cdot 10^6 (\Omega m)^{-1}$$

(CERN, Sergio Calatroni)

Enamel

$$\sigma_{Enamel} = 9.8 (\Omega m)^{-1}$$

$$\approx 0.0 \cdot 10^6 (\Omega m)^{-1}$$

$$k_{loss} = \frac{1}{4\pi^2 \sqrt{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \frac{c}{r (\sigma_z)^{3/2}} \sqrt{\frac{Z_0}{\sigma_{cond}}}$$

$$k_{\perp} = \frac{1}{2\pi^2 \sqrt{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \frac{c}{r^3 \sqrt{\sigma_z}} \sqrt{\frac{Z_0}{\sigma_{cond}}}$$

Reference: A. Piwinski, Wake Fields and Ohmic Losses in round Vacuum Chambers, DESY HERA 92-11, 1992

Coupled Bunch Instabilities

Parameter	ILC DR
Energy / GeV	5
Circumference / m	6695
RF Frequency / MHz	650
RF harmonic number	14516
RF Voltage / MV	24
Momentum compaction	$1.22 \cdot 10^{-3}$
Synchrotron tune	0.067
Total current / mA	376
Number of bunches	2625
Bunch population / 10^{10}	2.0
Bunch separation / ns	7.69
Emittance (horz.) / nm	0.51
Bunch length / mm	9
Damping time H/V/L / ms	25.7 / 25.7 / 12.9

Tune shifts

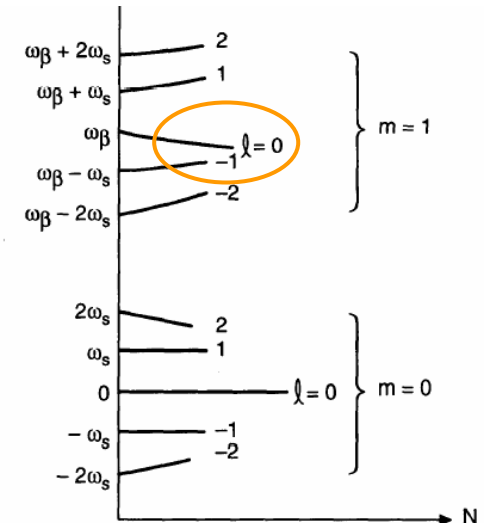
$$\frac{\Delta Q_\beta}{Q_s} = \frac{1}{Q_s} \frac{I_B \langle \beta \rangle T_0}{4\pi E / e} k_\perp$$

$$k_\perp = \frac{1}{2\pi^2 \sqrt{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \frac{c}{r^3 \sqrt{\sigma_z}} \sqrt{\frac{Z_0}{\sigma_{cond}}}$$

$$\langle \beta \rangle \approx 25 \text{ m}$$

$$r = 20 \text{ mm}$$

$$I_B = 0.143 \text{ mA}$$



longitudinal mode number l
 transverse mode number m
 mode coupling: $m=0, l=1, l=2$
 $m=1, l=0, l=-1$

Material	$\Delta Q/Q_s$	k_\perp (V/ pC/ m/ m)
NEG	0.23	1.79
Copper	0.017	0.13

Power Loss in the Clearing Electrodes

Power loss:

$$P_{loss} = N_{bunches} f_0 q_b^2 k_{loss}$$

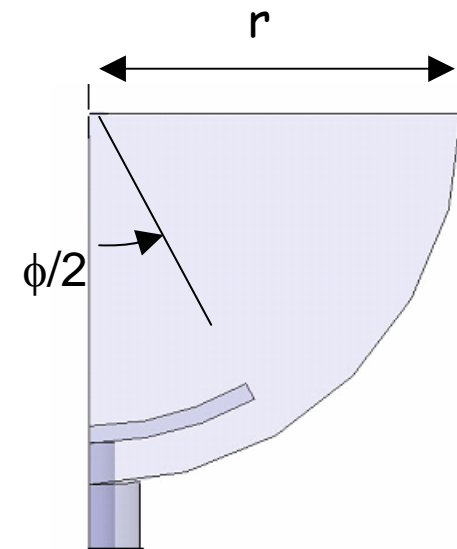
$$k_{loss} = \frac{1}{4\pi^2 \sqrt{2}} \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) \frac{c}{r (\sigma_z)^{3/2}} \sqrt{\frac{Z_0}{\sigma_{cond.}}}$$

Material	P_{loss} (W / m)	k_{loss} (V / nC / m)	δ / μm
NEG	16.2	13.4	12.4
Copper	1.18	0.98	0.9

($r = 20$ mm, $\phi = 2\pi$, $\sigma_z = 9$ mm, $c/\sigma_z = 2\pi$ 5.3 GHz)

$$Z_{||}(\omega) = \frac{1 \mp i}{2\pi \phi} L \sqrt{\frac{|\omega| \mu_0}{2\sigma_{cond.}}} = \frac{1 \mp i}{2\pi \phi} \frac{L}{\delta(\sigma_{cond.}, \omega)} \frac{1}{\sigma_{cond.}}$$

$$\delta(\sigma_{cond.}, \omega) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\mu_0 \sigma_{cond.} |\omega|}}$$



Heating of Clearing Electrodes

Power loss:

$$P_{loss} = 1.225 \frac{\sigma_z}{c} \frac{N_{bunches}}{T_0} \hat{I}^2 \operatorname{Re}(Z_{||}(\omega = \frac{c}{\sigma_z}))$$

$$\hat{I} = \frac{cq_b}{\sigma_z \sqrt{2\pi}} = 42.5 \text{ A}, \quad \Gamma(\frac{3}{4}) = 1.225, \quad \frac{c}{\sigma_z} = 2\pi \cdot 5.3 \cdot \text{GHz}$$

Material	P_{loss} (W / m)
NEG	16.2
Copper	1.18

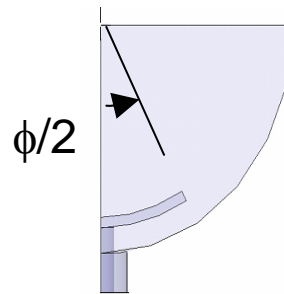
($r = 20 \text{ mm}$, $\phi = 2\pi$)

Heating:

Black Body Radiation (isolated Electrode), $T_E =$ temperature of the pipe (Environment)

$$T = \sqrt[4]{\frac{P_{loss}}{\phi r L c_{StB}} + T_E^4}, \quad \Delta T = T - T_E$$

$$c_{StB} = 5.67 \cdot 10^{-8} \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2 \text{K}^4}$$



Material	ΔT / K
NEG	17.5
Copper	1.4

($r = 20 \text{ mm}$, $T_E = 310 \text{ K}$)

T does not depend on ϕ ,
since $I \sim \phi^2$, $Z \sim 1/\phi$, $P \sim \phi$

Conclusions

- Loss and Kick parameter for a resistive wall have been calculated for the ILC DR for different materials.
- The betatron tune shift seems to be tolerable even if the whole chamber is coated with NEG material.
- The dissipated power in the chamber wall is 1 W/m ...16 W/m depending on the material.
- The Heating of isolated clearing electrodes is small if the electrodes are made from copper.
- There are different measurements for the resistivity of NEG material:
 $\sigma_{\text{NEG,CERN}} \approx 0.31 \cdot 10^6 (\Omega \text{ m})^{-1}$ CERN,
 $\sigma_{\text{NEG,ESRF}} \approx 0.06 \cdot 10^6 (\Omega \text{ m})^{-1}$ ESRF (E. Plouviez), SOLEIL,

R. Nagaoka: Study of Resistive-Wall Effects on SOLEIL, EPAC 2004