



HSE  
Radiation Protection

# Radiation Protection studies for the Forward Physics Facility project: prompt ambient dose equivalent

Presentation given at the 5<sup>th</sup> Forward Physics Facility Meeting <https://indico.cern.ch/event/1196506/>

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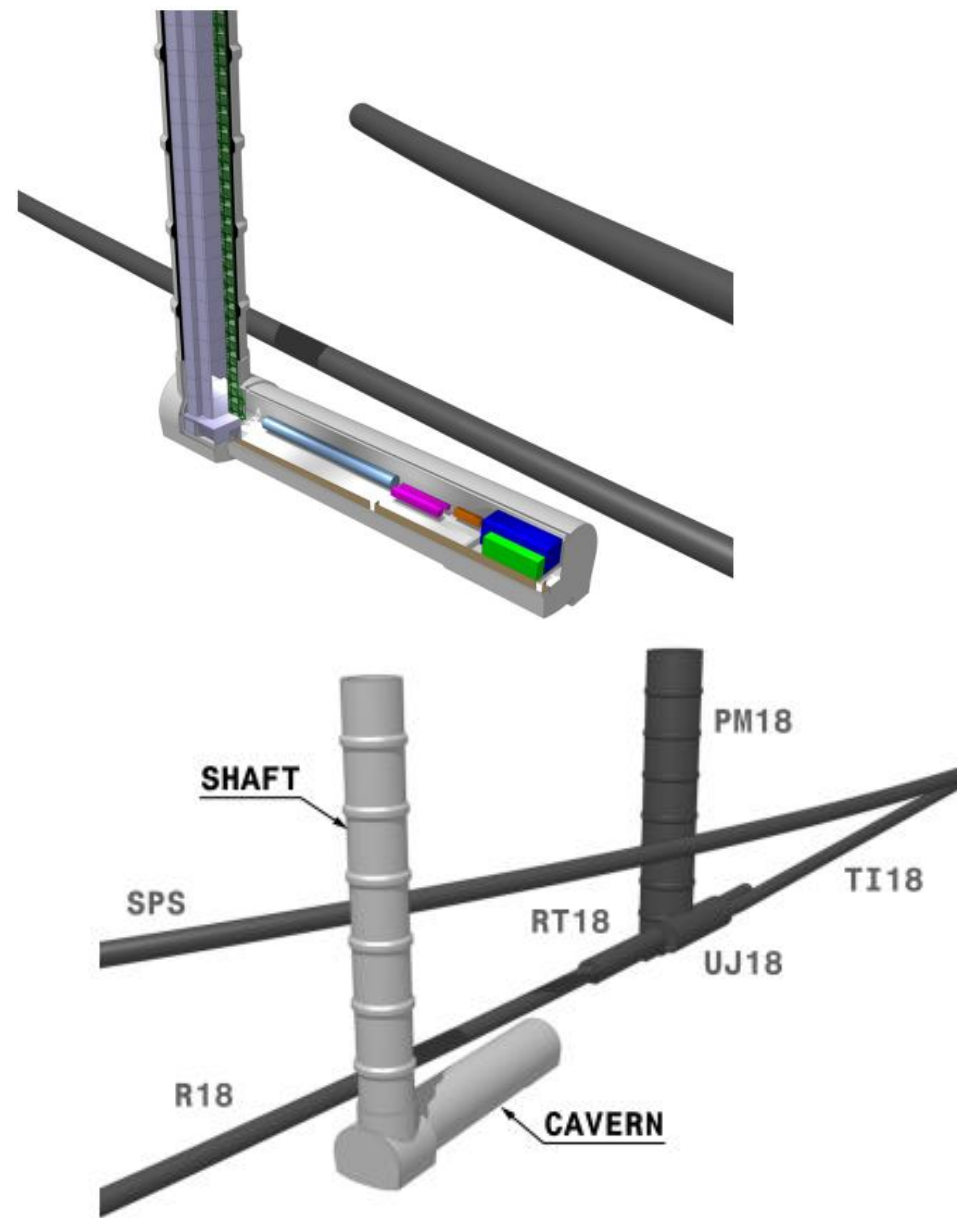
With input from: Marta Sabate Gilarte, Francesco Cerutti SY/STI

15.11.2022

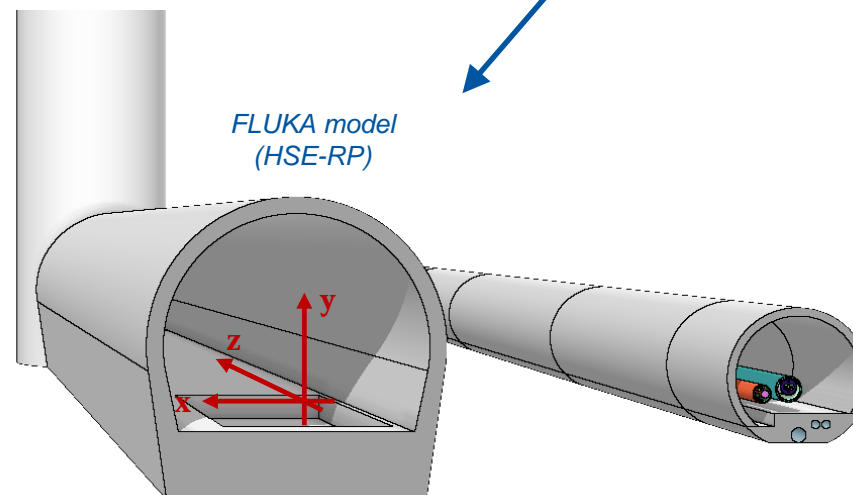
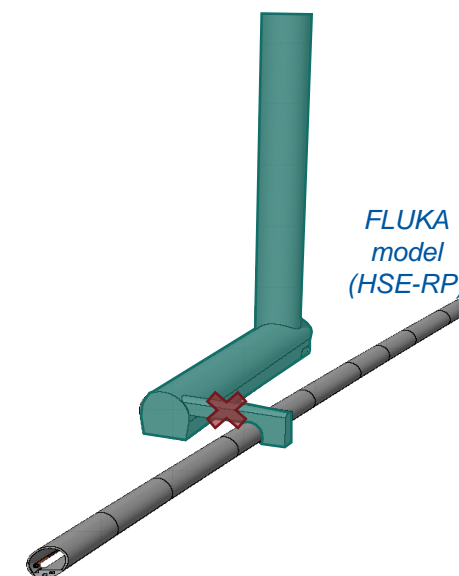
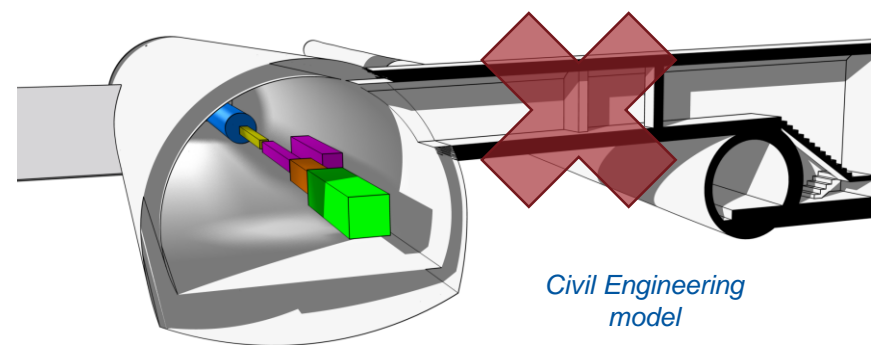
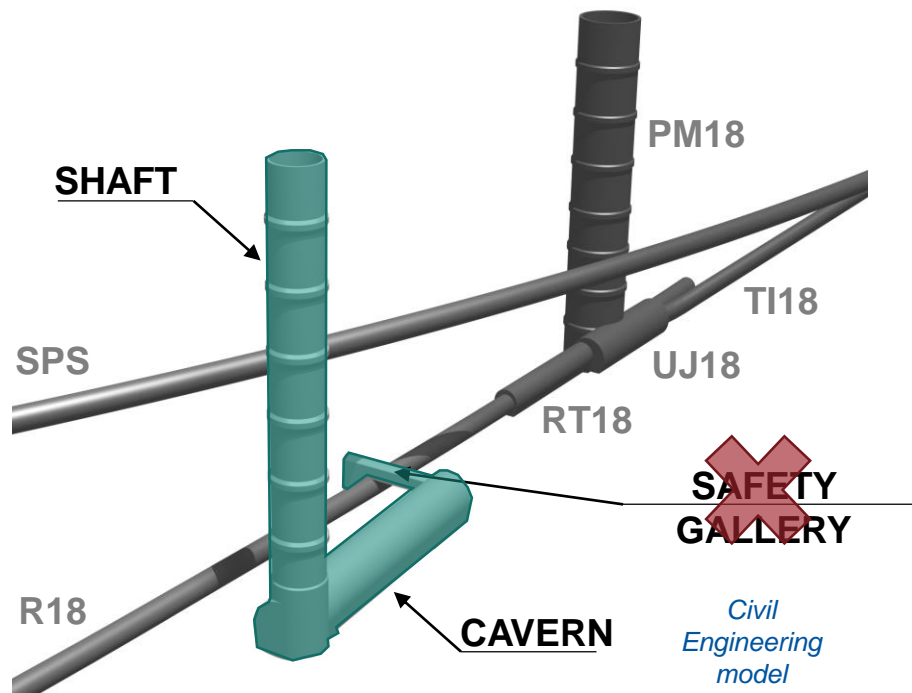
EDMS 2797521

# Context

- Access of the experimental cavern during LHC operation.
- RP constraints verified via FLUKA (CERN v4-2) simulations.
- HSE-RP created a model of FPF infrastructure → complex modelling
- Safety tunnel + chicane (3x80cm thick concrete walls) now suppressed.
- Several source of radiations to be considered:
  - **beam-gas interactions** during operation
  - **accidental scenarios** (e.g. loss of LHC/SPS beam)
  - **direct muon contribution** from IP1/LSS1



# Context



# Aim



- The RP-FLUKA simulations aim to:
  - Determine the prompt radiation levels in the new experimental cavern and in the shaft for different scenarios (source terms)
    - Verify the accessibility of the experimental cavern/shaft during LHC (and SPS) operation
- Several presentations already published in EDMS and a dedicated HSE-RP Technical Note under finalization (EDMS 2771345)
- FLUKA model:
  - FLUKA CERN v4-2.2
  - LHC beam line (ARC) + FPF infrastructure, as provided by CE (Sep. 2021)
  - Different transport setting used for fine tuning the simulations → most accurate particle transport reported here (EMF-ON, lower transport thresholds, and more)
  - Scoring of particle fluence spatial distribution (muons) and prompt ambient dose equivalent
  - Muon source term (scored at ~350 m from IP1) from the FLUKA team (SY-STI) to simulate the RP-2<sup>nd</sup> step for assessing the muon contribution (See references [1](#) & [2](#))



# Source terms



Not anymore relevant without safety tunnel

## OPERATION

## ACCIDENT

COMPLETED

### Beam-gas interactions

$1E15 \text{ H}_2/\text{m}^3$  for 100h beam lifetime (LHC design report). Recent R2E study indirectly determined lower residual-gas densities over Run 2 operation.



(first studies) COMPLETED

### Direct muon component

Prompt dose from muons coming from IP1/LSS1. Muon phase space calculated from SY-ST1 and integrated into HSE-RP simulations.



HL-LHC ultimate conditions used as scaling/normalization factor

COMPLETED

### Loss of LHC beam

Loss of the full 7 TeV proton beam on the MB.B15R1 (dipole in front the connecting tunnel entrance)



COMPLETED

### Loss of SPS beam

Loss of the full 450 GeV proton beam in the SPS tunnel (relevant for the shaft). Negligible since the distance between the shaft and the SPS tunnel is >35m.



# Radiation Areas classification

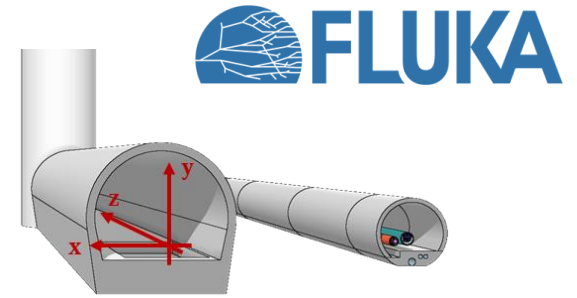
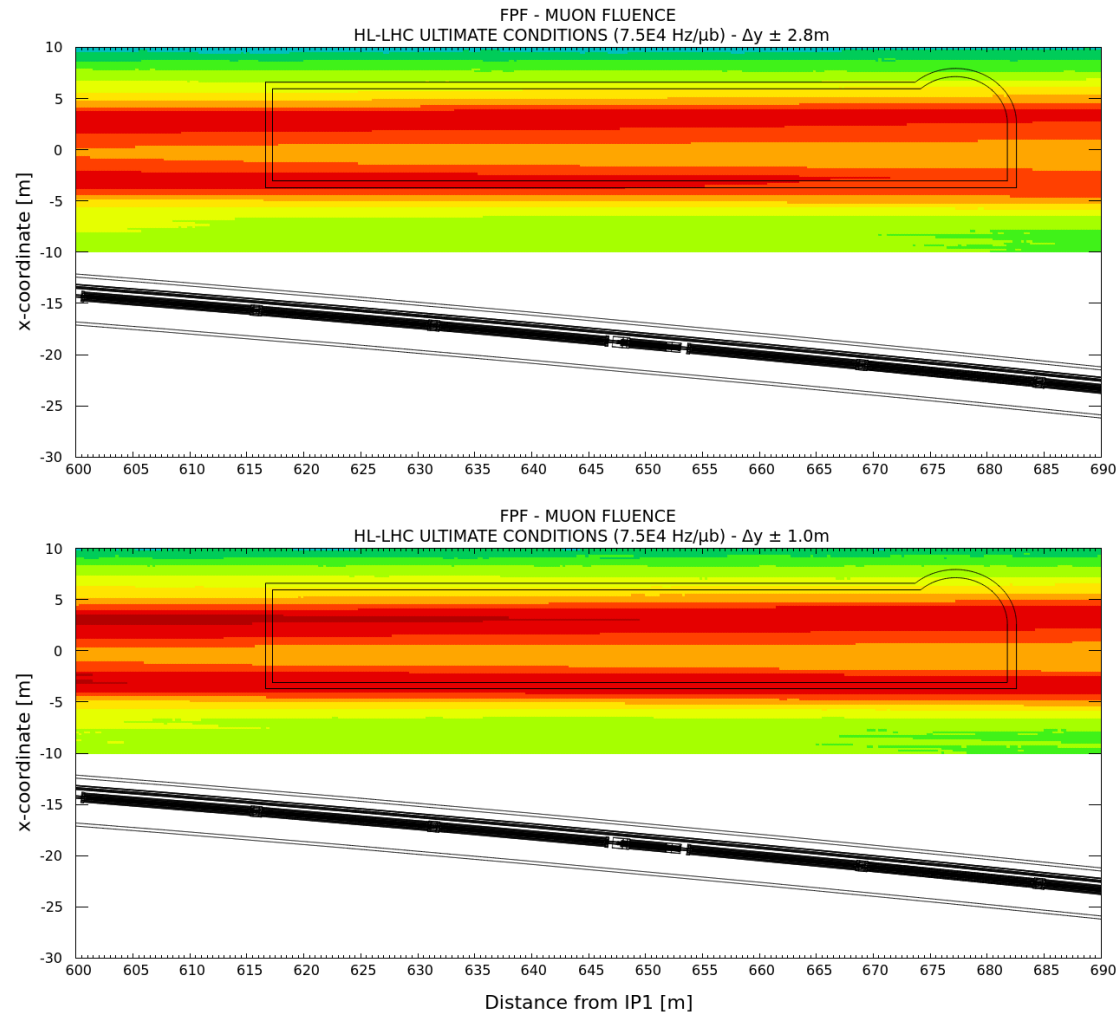
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810149

Area	Annual dose limit (year)	Ambient dose equivalent rate		Sign	
		permanent occupancy	low occupancy		
Non-designated	1 mSv	0.5 µSv/h	2.5 µSv/h		
Radiation Area	Supervised	6 mSv	3 µSv/h	15 µSv/h	
	Simple Controlled	20 mSv	10 µSv/h	50 µSv/h	
	Limited Stay	20 mSv	-	2 mSv/h	
	High Radiation	20 mSv	-	100 mSv/h	
	Prohibited	20 mSv	-	> 100 mSv/h	
Controlled Area					

Low-occupancy:  
< 20% working time

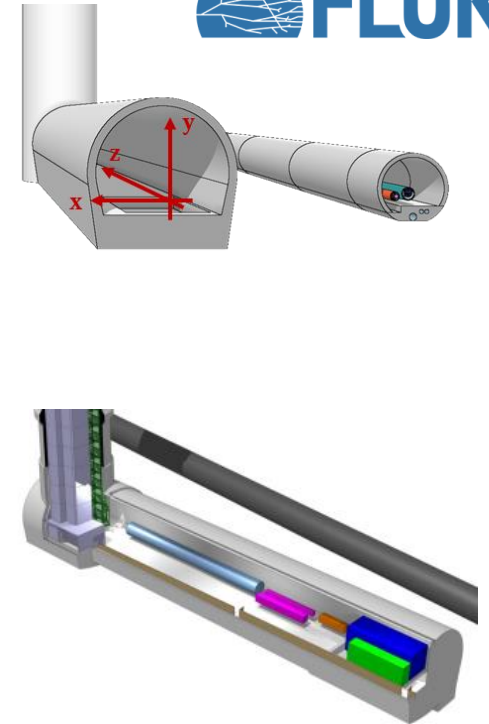
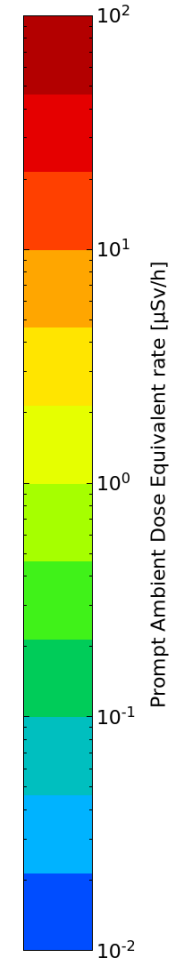
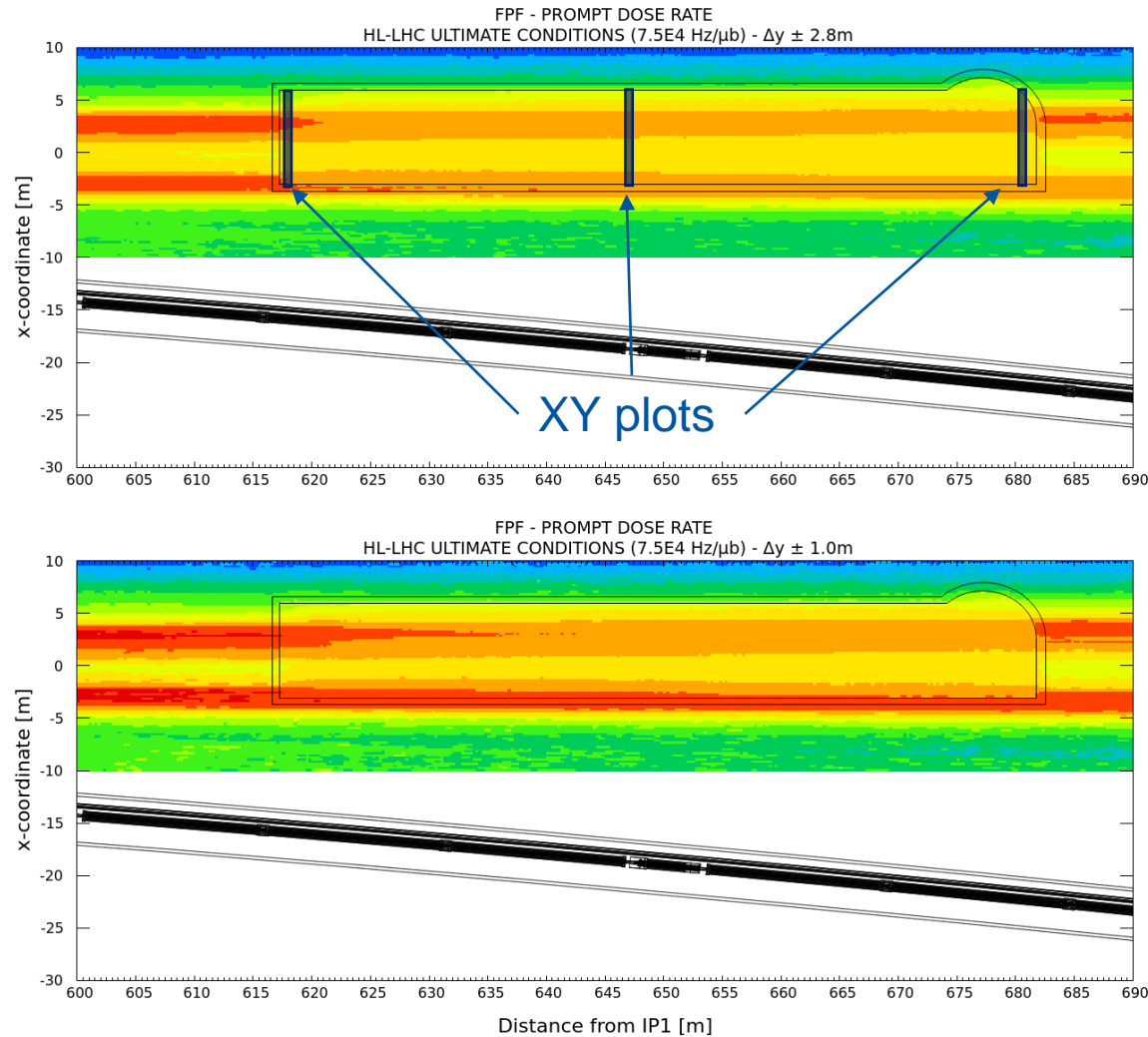
✓ CERN objective: < 3 mSv / 12 consecutive months; highest dose during LS2 2 mSv / 12 consecutive months

# Muon fluence 2D maps



Muon source term from the FLUKA team (SY-STI)

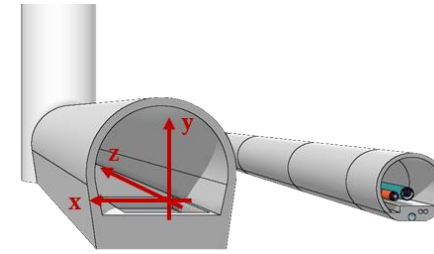
# $H^*(10)$ 2D maps



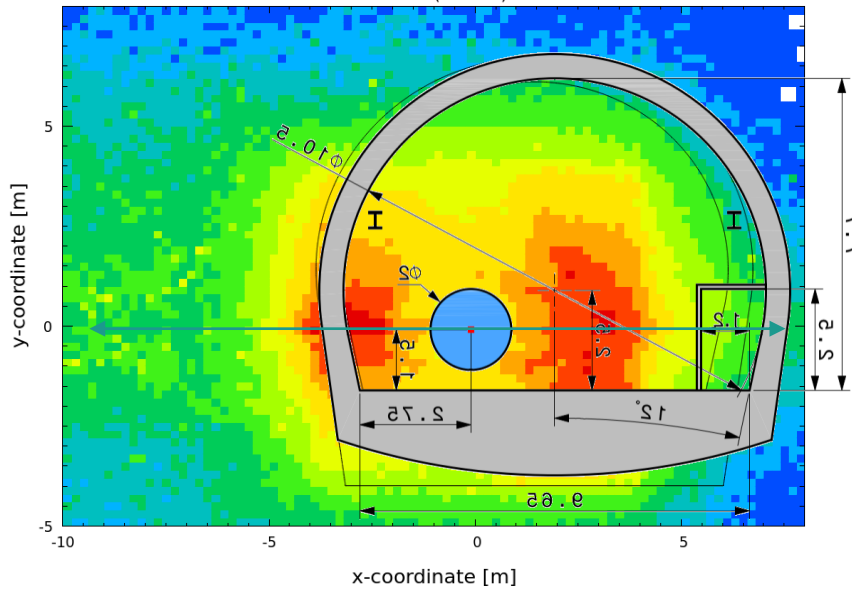
**COMMENT:**  
“Empty cavern”: Detectors not included in simulation; ‘secondary’ particles will increase  $H^*(10)$  ... to be studied later



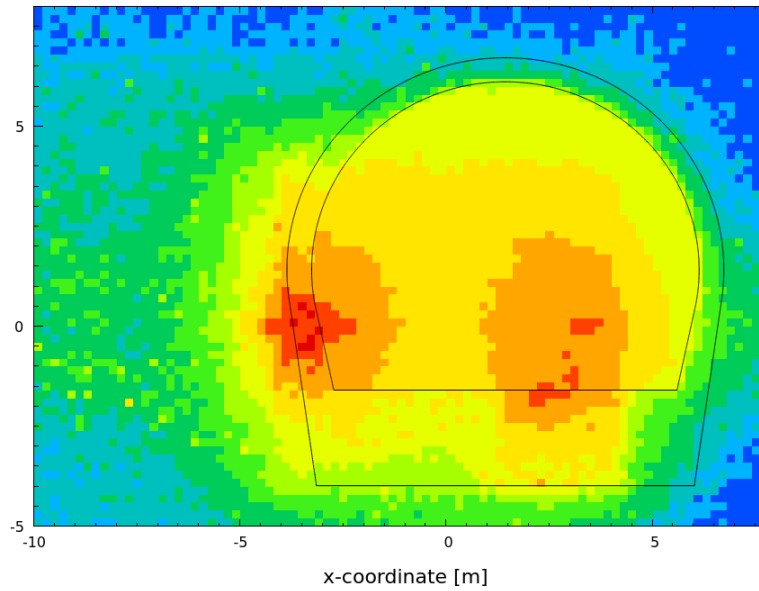
# $H^*(10)$ 2D maps



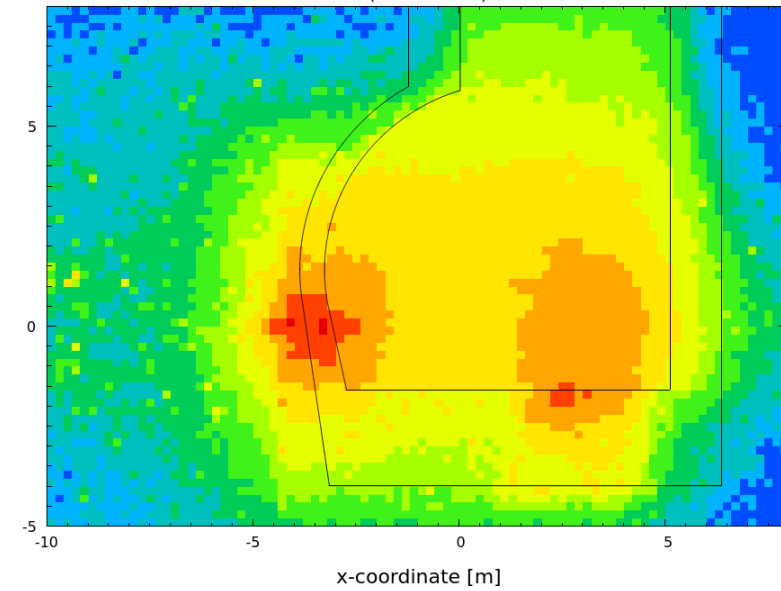
FPF - PROMPT DOSE RATE  
HL-LHC ULTIMATE CONDITIONS (7.5E4 Hz/ $\mu$ b)  
FRONT OF THE CAVERN (IP SIDE) - z = 617-618m



FPF - PROMPT DOSE RATE  
HL-LHC ULTIMATE CONDITIONS (7.5E4 Hz/ $\mu$ b)  
MIDDLE OF THE CAVERN - z = 649-650m

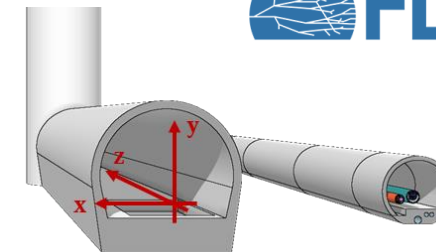


FPF - PROMPT DOSE RATE  
HL-LHC ULTIMATE CONDITIONS (7.5E4 Hz/ $\mu$ b)  
END OF THE CAVERN (NON-IP SIDE) - z = 680.5-681.5m



Note that the shape of the cavern has changed due to the suppression of the safety tunnel. Nevertheless, the general outcome is still valid.

# $\dot{H}^*(10)$ profile

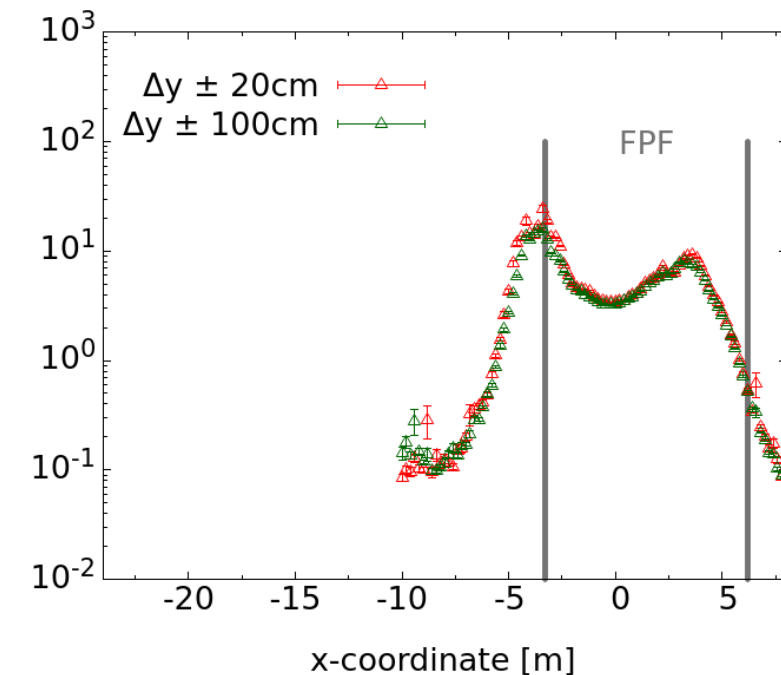
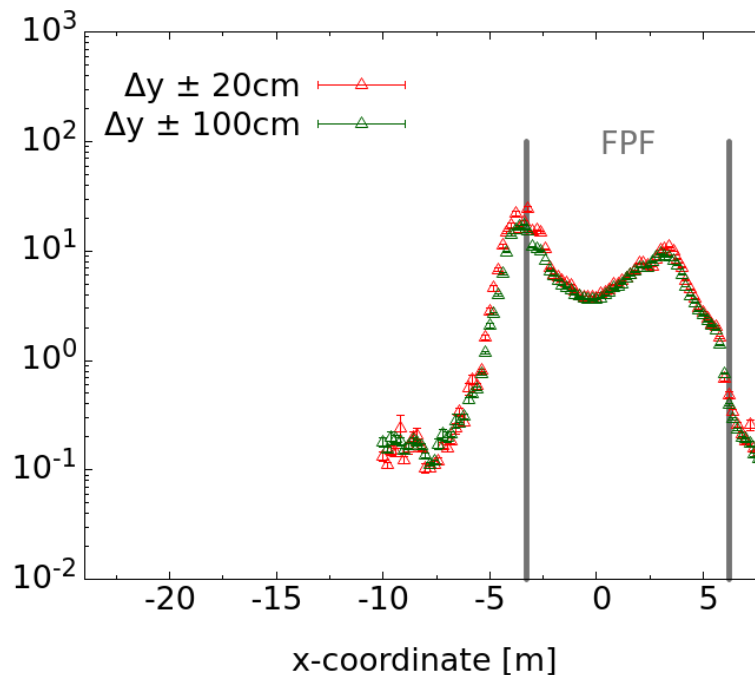
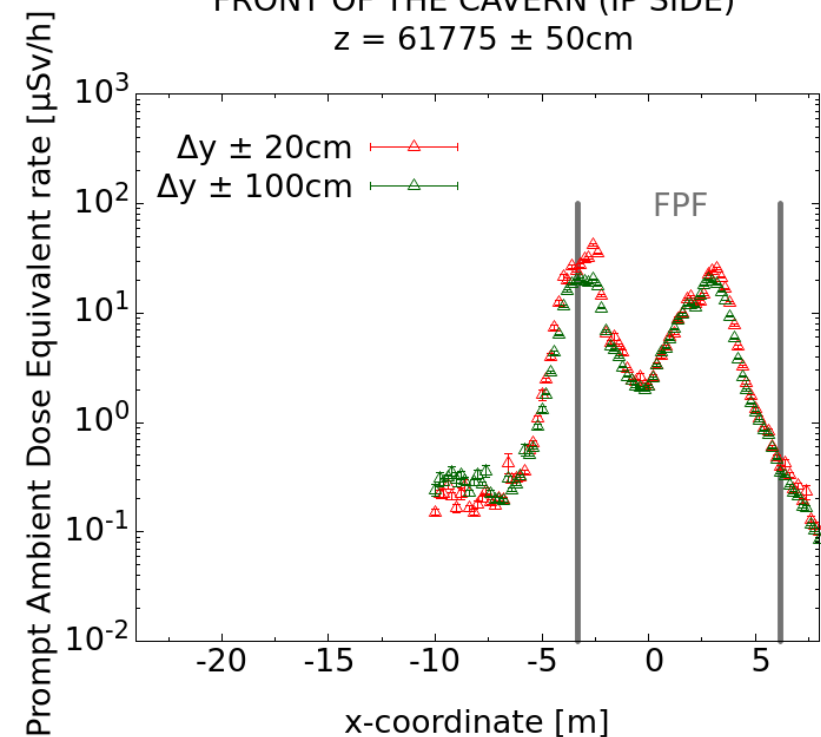


FPF - HL-LHC ULTIMATE CONDITIONS (7.5E4 Hz/ $\mu$ b)

FRONT OF THE CAVERN (IP SIDE)  
 $z = 61775 \pm 50$ cm

MIDDLE OF THE CAVERN  
 $z = 64950 \pm 50$ cm

END OF THE CAVERN (NON-IP SIDE)  
 $z = 68100 \pm 50$ cm

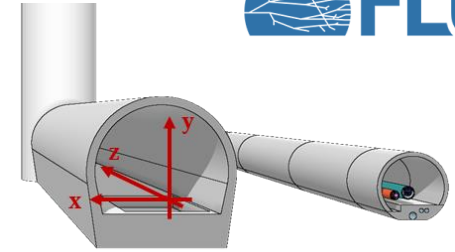


Simple Controlled Radiation Area  
< 50  $\mu$ Sv/h

Supervised Radiation Area  
< 15  $\mu$ Sv/h

Supervised Radiation Area  
< 15  $\mu$ Sv/h

# $H^*(10)$ profile



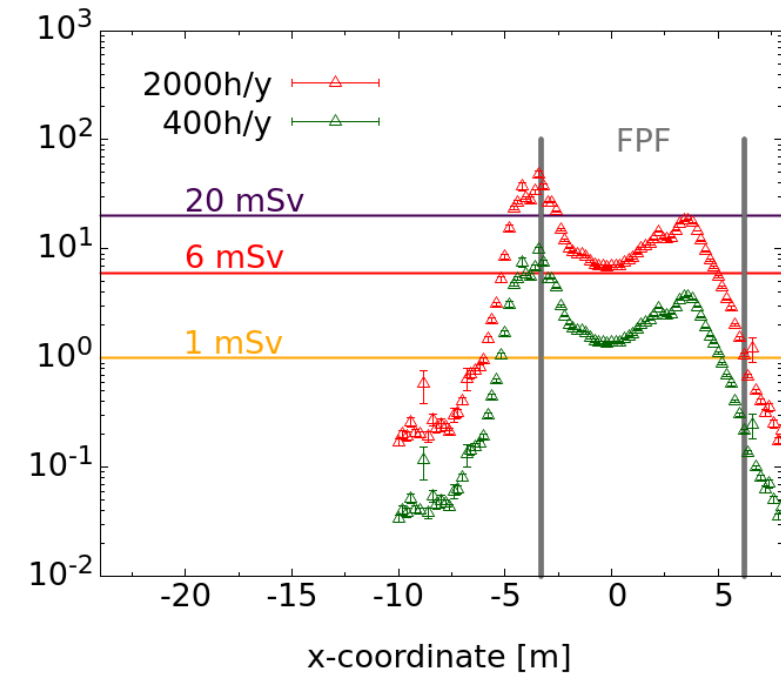
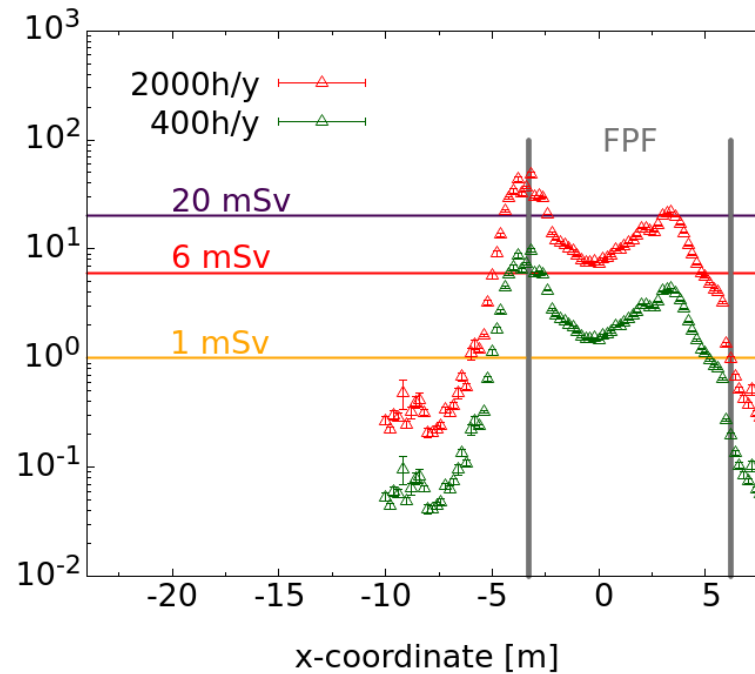
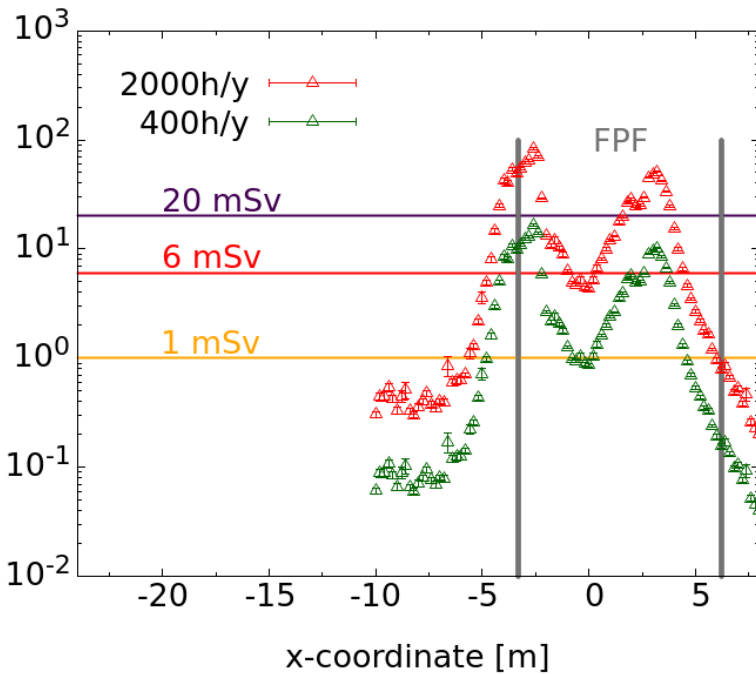
FPF - HL-LHC ULTIMATE CONDITIONS ( $7.5E4 \text{ Hz}/\mu\text{b}$ ) -  $\Delta y \pm 20\text{cm}$

FRONT OF THE CAVERN (IP SIDE)  
 $z = 61775 \pm 50\text{cm}$

MIDDLE OF THE CAVERN  
 $z = 64950 \pm 50\text{cm}$

END OF THE CAVERN (NON-IP SIDE)  
 $z = 68100 \pm 50\text{cm}$

Integrated Ambient Dose Equivalent [mSv]



# Summary

- ✓ Accessibility of the experimental cavern during LHC operation requires the evaluation of different source terms: beam-gas interactions, direct muon contribution to prompt dose, loss of the LHC and SPS beam
- ✓ Operational scenario:
  - ✓ **From previous studies:** prompt dose rate from beam-gas interaction below 2.5  $\mu\text{Sv/h}$  (limit for non-designated areas), dose from accidental LHC and SPS beam loss negligible.
  - ✓ **From this study:** Direct contribution from muons coming from IP1/LSS1 can limit the accessibility to the cavern during LHC operation, i.e.  $> 6 \text{ mSv/year}$  may be achieved locally.
  - ✓ Classification of the cavern as Simple Controlled/Supervised Radiation Area (low-occupancy, i.e.  $< 20\%$  working time) seems possible.
  - ✓ Access to the cavern (during LHC beam operation) will be limited to Radiation Workers.
  - ✓ No permanent control rooms are foreseen underground. Nevertheless, “*During installation and commissioning, there maybe people in the cavern for an extended period, but this will be only for a short period and not routine operation*” → time to be quantified.
  - ✓ Final study to be done with ‘detectors/equipment installed/integrated in the FLUKA model’
  - ✓ Excavation to be performed outside LHC operation → external personnel involved in the excavation (of the cavern and the lower part of the shaft) have to be classified as “Radiation Workers”





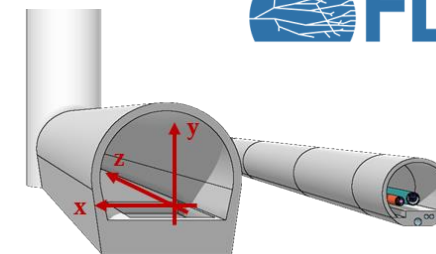
HSE

Occupational Health & Safety  
and Environmental Protection unit

# BACKUP SLIDES



# $H^*(10)$ profile

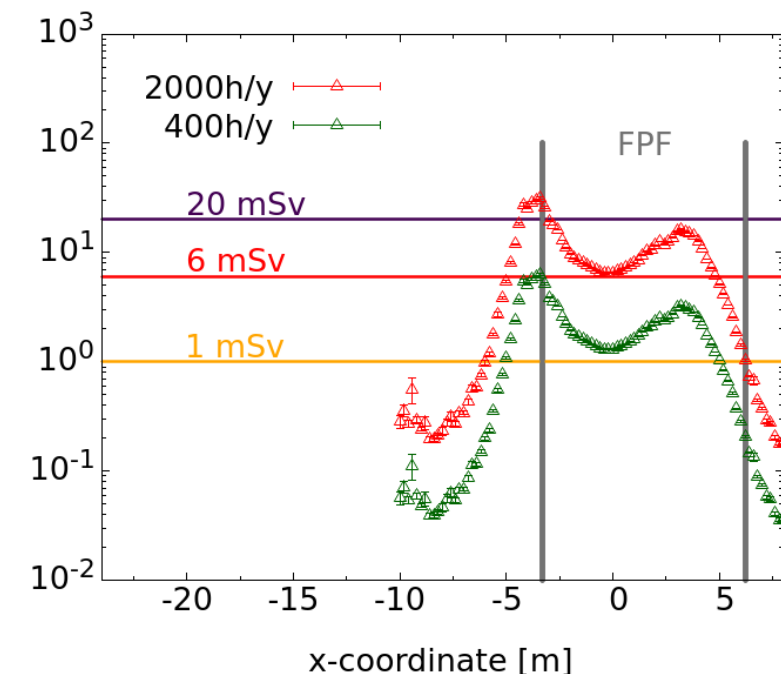
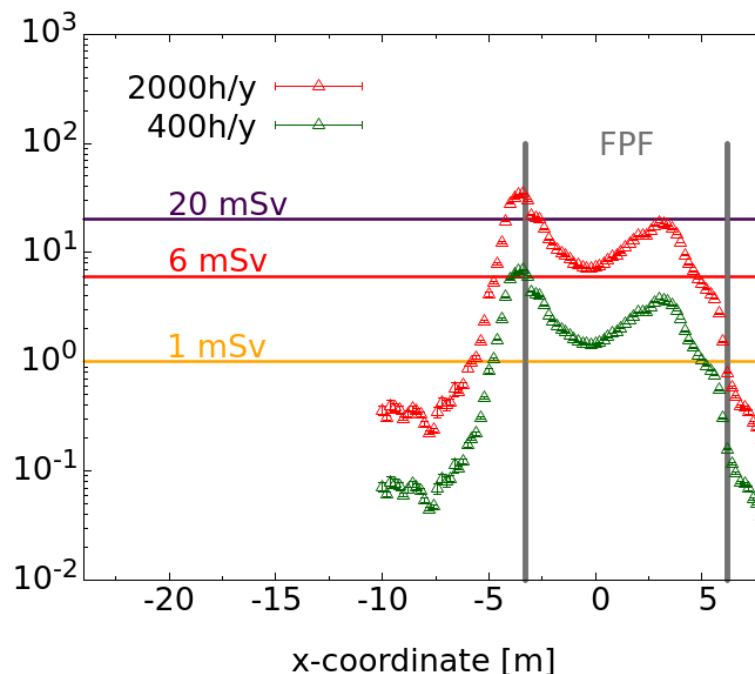
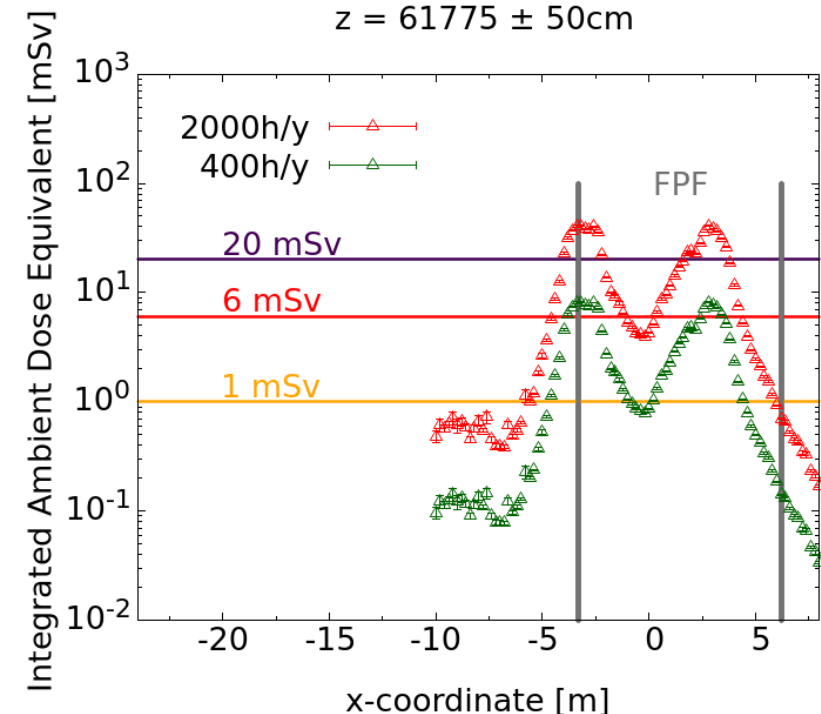


FPF - HL-LHC ULTIMATE CONDITIONS (7.5E4 Hz/ $\mu$ b) -  $\Delta y \pm 100$ cm

FRONT OF THE CAVERN (IP SIDE)  
 $z = 61775 \pm 50$ cm

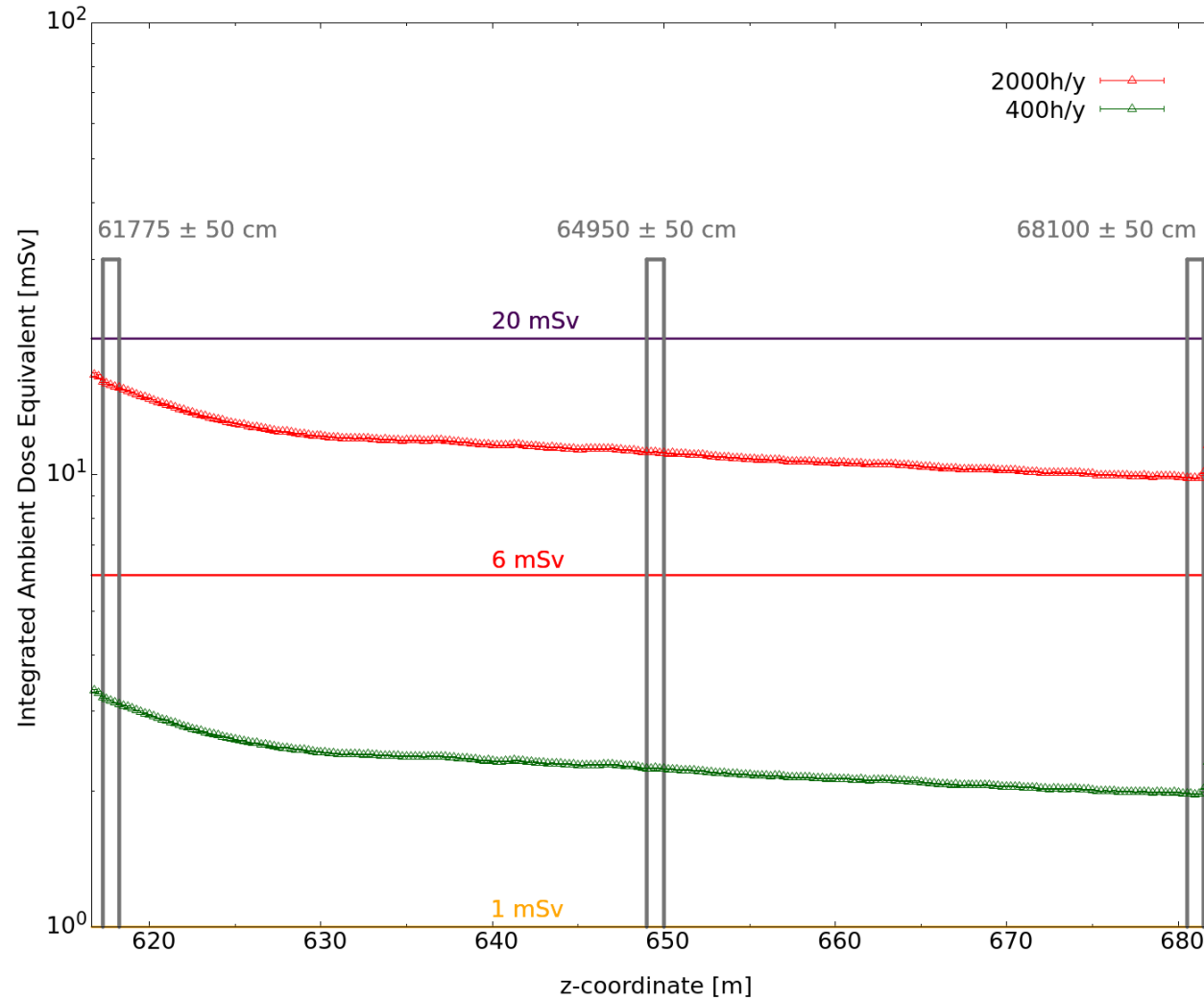
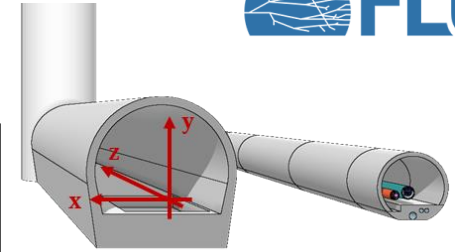
MIDDLE OF THE CAVERN  
 $z = 64950 \pm 50$ cm

END OF THE CAVERN (NON-IP SIDE)  
 $z = 68100 \pm 50$ cm

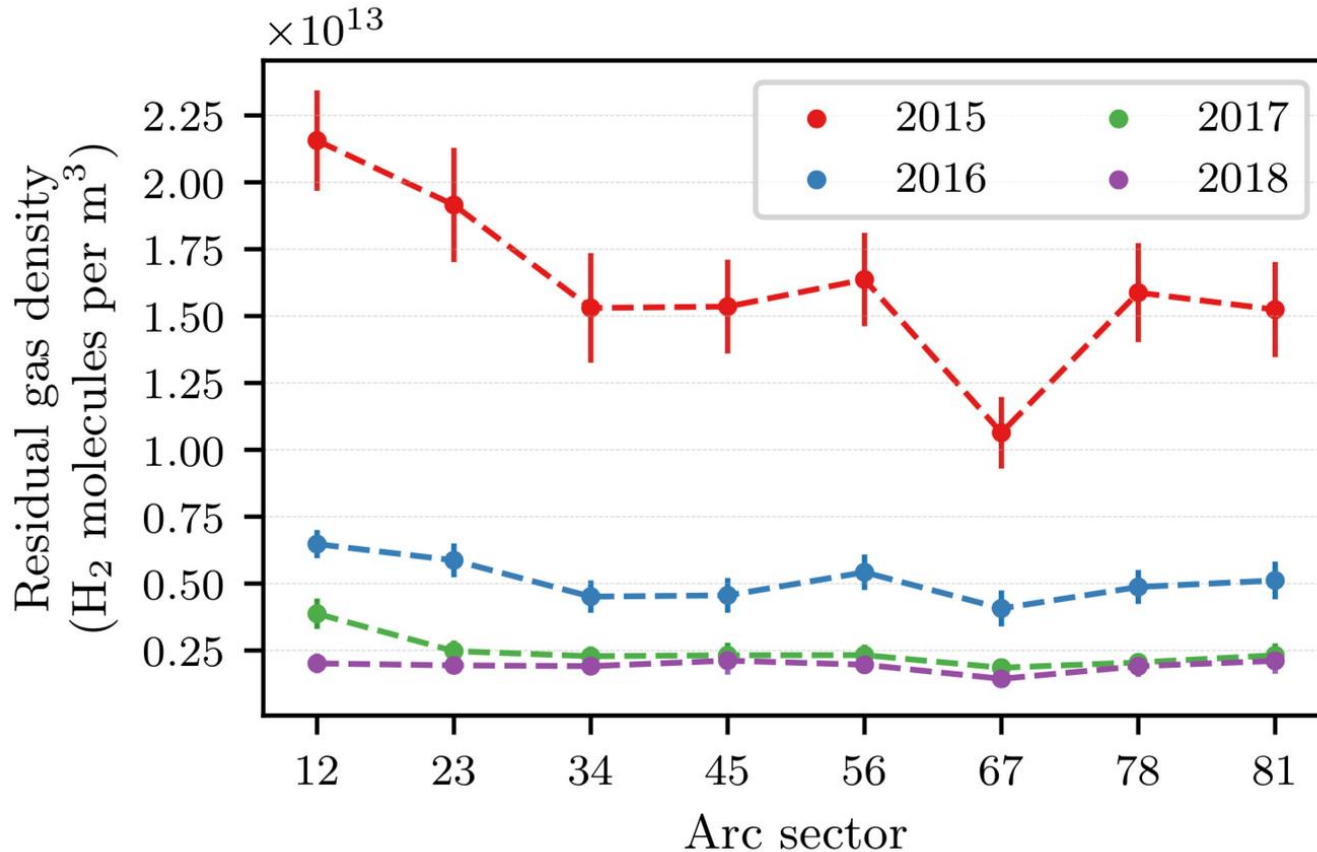


# $H^*(10)$ profile

FPF - HL-LHC ULTIMATE CONDITIONS (7.5E4 Hz/ $\mu$ b)  
 $\Delta y \pm 100\text{cm} \mid -280\text{cm} < x < 560\text{cm}$



# Source term: Beam-gas interactions



Residual gas density:

- ❑ LHC design max 1E15 H<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>3</sup> for 100h beam lifetime (LHC design report)
- ❑ R2E studies on Run 2 shows that the residual gas-density can be better than 2.25E13 H<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>3</sup>
- ❑ However:
  - Difficult to predict Run 3 (and beyond) performance
  - Machine can undergo through a conditioning, i.e. higher gas-density at the beginning of a Run
- ❑ This work: conservative assumption of 1E15 H<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>3</sup>

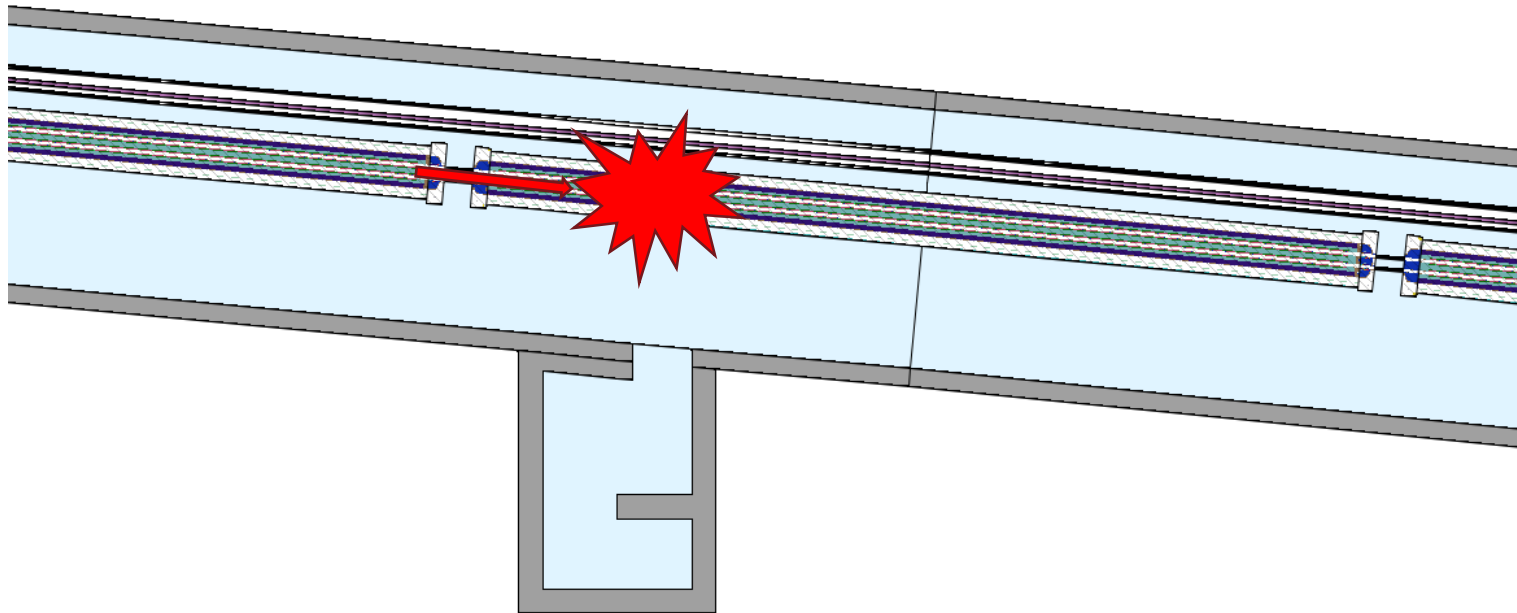
K. Bilko et al. Radiation Environment in the LHC Arc Sections during Run 2 and FutureHL-LHC Operations. IEEE, Transactions on Nuclear Science, DOI 10.1109/TNS.2020.2970168.





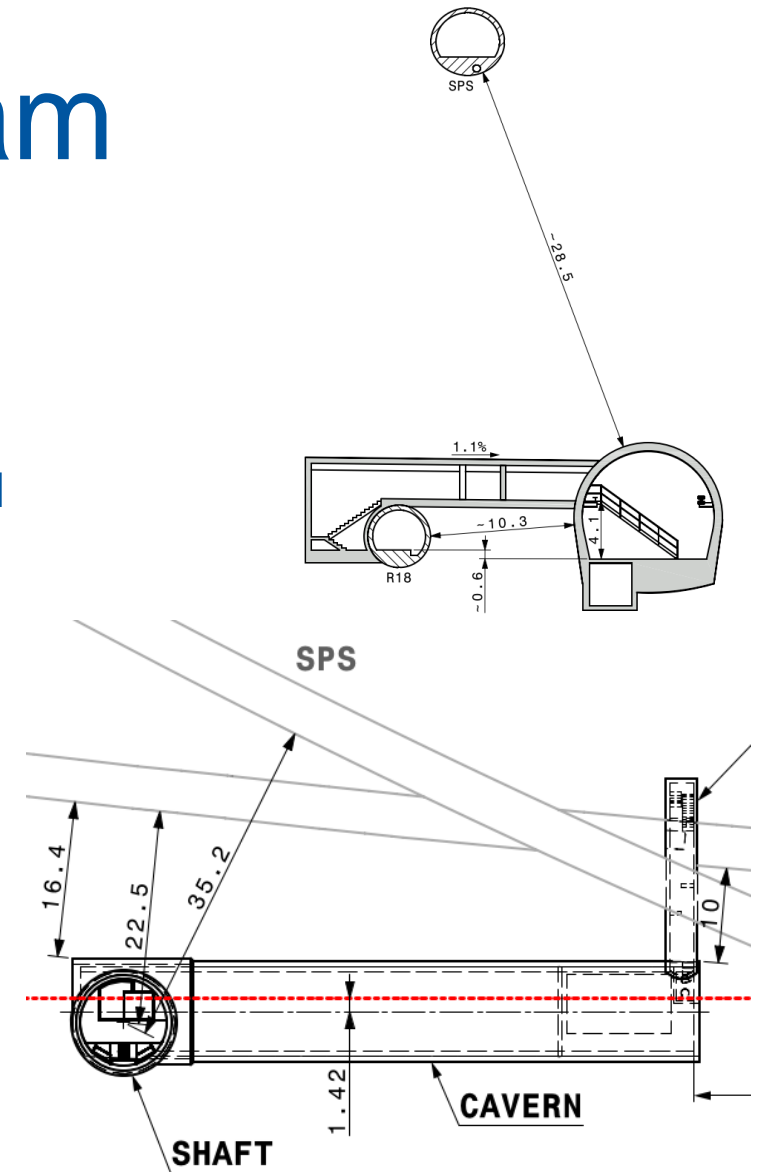
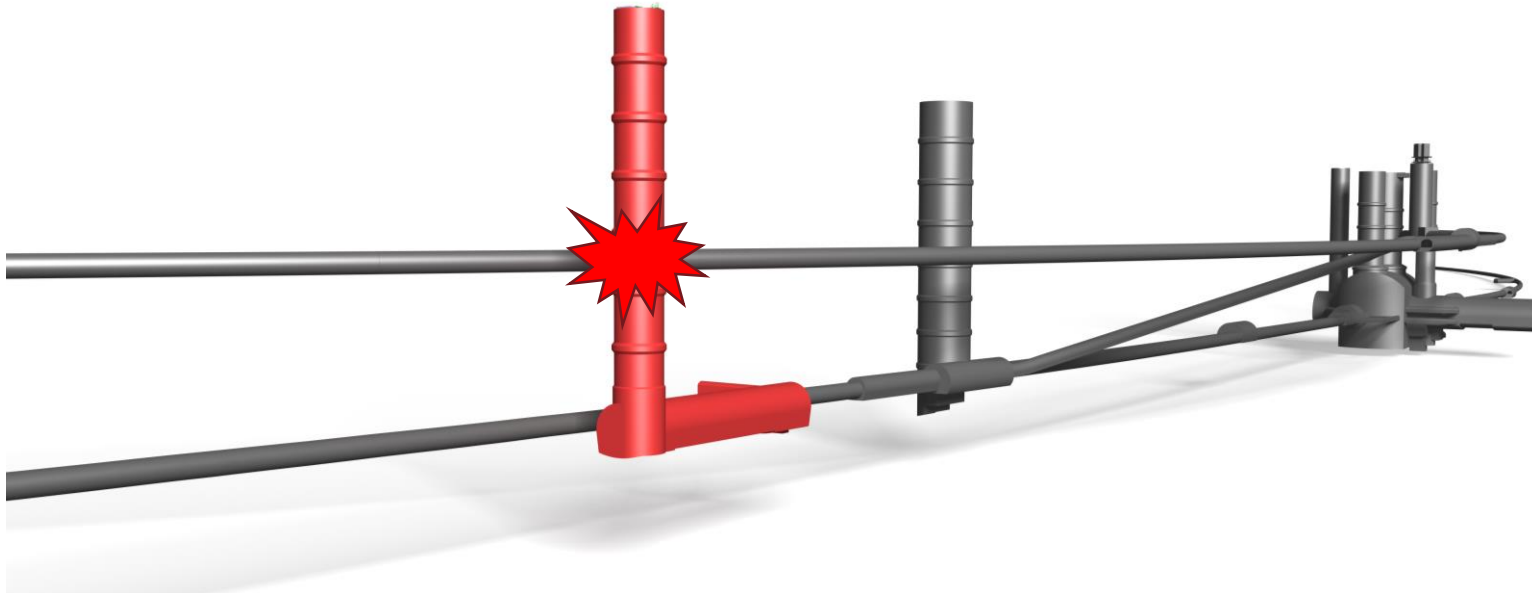
# Source term: Loss of LHC beam

- ❑ Loss of the 7 TeV LHC beam on the MB.B15R1
- ❑ Check the streaming through the safety gallery/chicane
- ❑ Sensitivity analysis to check the effect of the loss point → worst case scenario loss in front the safety gallery entrance
- ❑ Normalization: HL-LHC conditions, i.e. 2748 bunches and  $2.3E11$  ppb



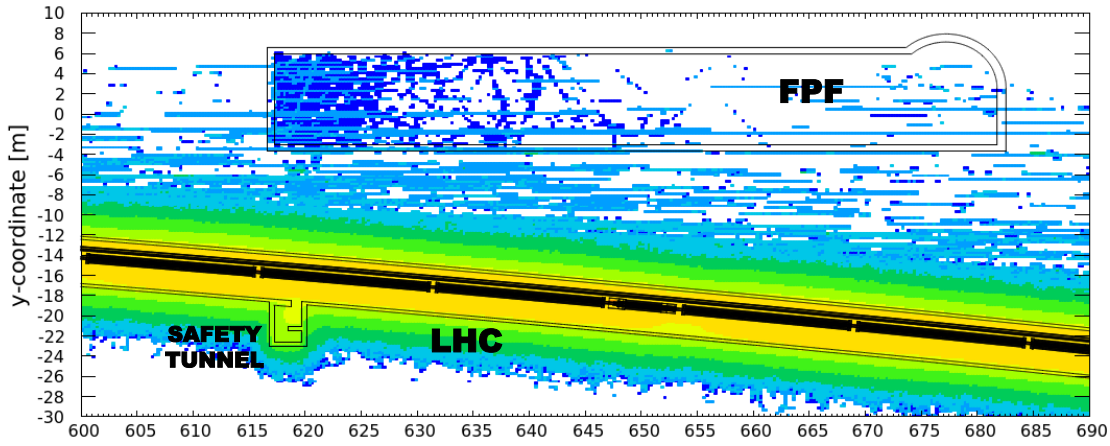
# Source term: Loss of SPS beam

- ❑ Loss of the 450 GeV SPS beam in the SPS tunnel
- ❑ Mainly critical for the shaft
- ❑ Distance of the SPS tunnel from the shaft > 35m
- ❑ Radiological impact in the shaft due to beam loss in SPS can be neglected

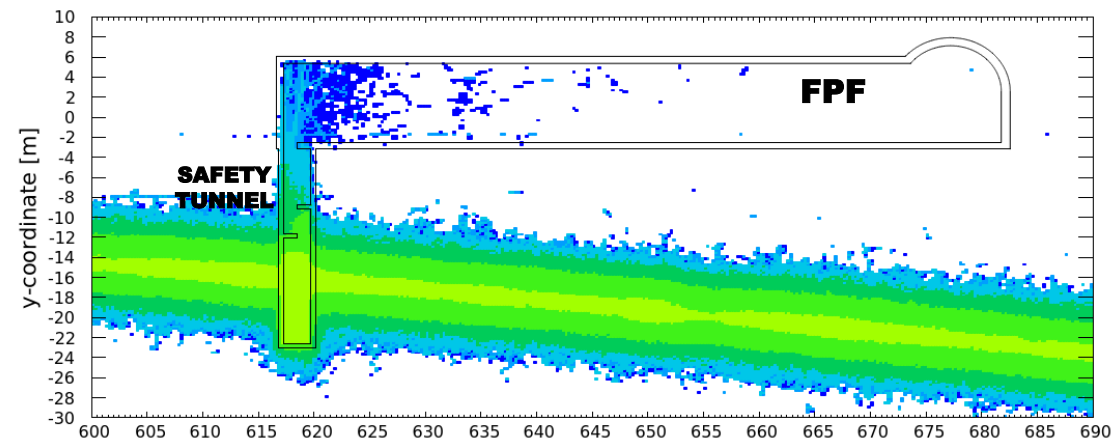


# Prompt $H^*(10)$ : beam-gas

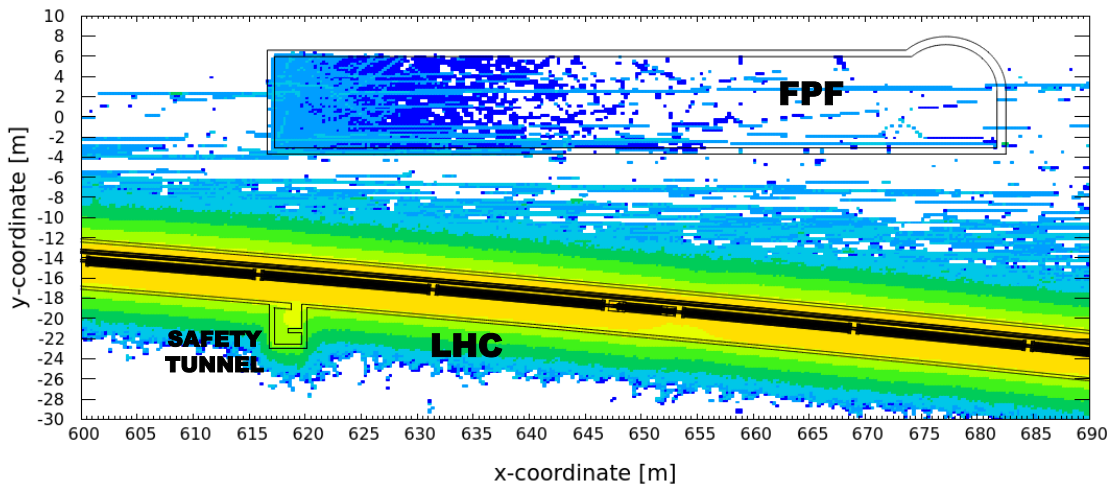
BEAM-GAS ( $10^{15} \text{ H}_2 \text{ m}^{-3}$ ) - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITH CHICANE



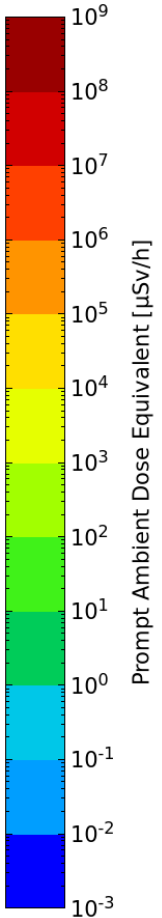
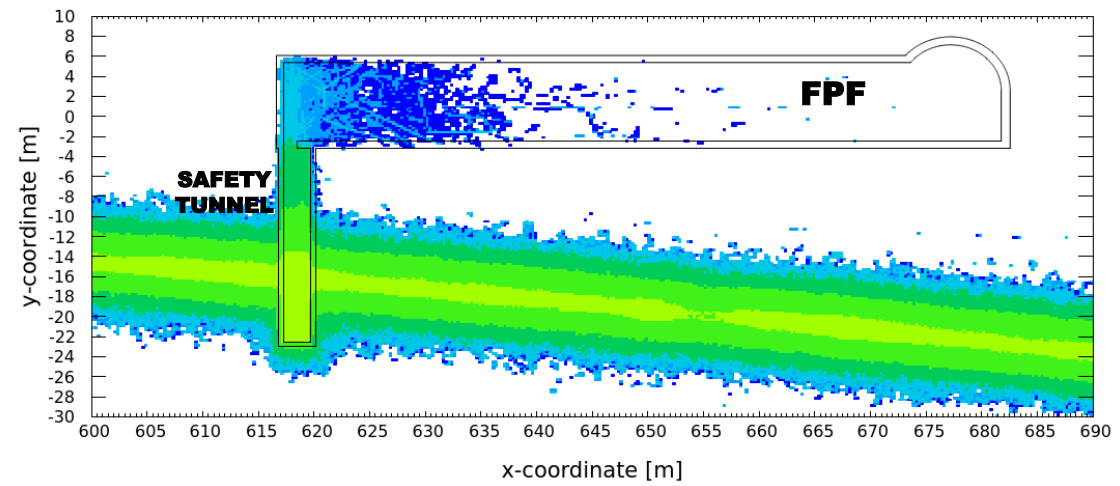
BEAM-GAS ( $10^{15} \text{ H}_2 \text{ m}^{-3}$ ) - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITH CHICANE



BEAM-GAS ( $10^{15} \text{ H}_2 \text{ m}^{-3}$ ) - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITHOUT CHICANE

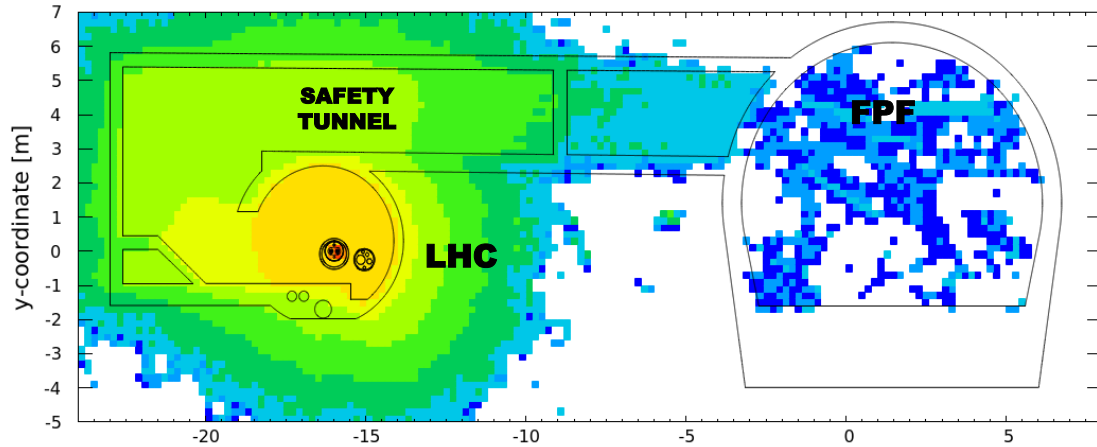


BEAM-GAS ( $10^{15} \text{ H}_2 \text{ m}^{-3}$ ) - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITHOUT CHICANE

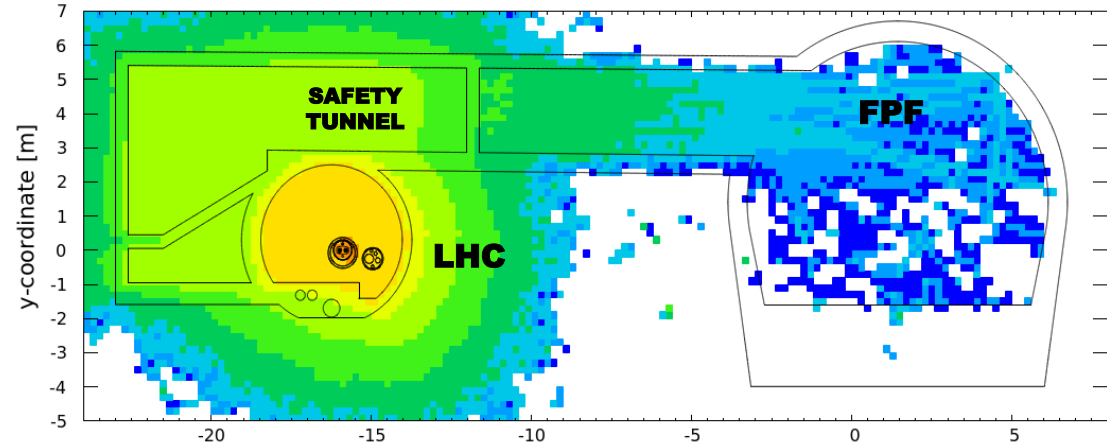


# Prompt $H^*(10)$ : beam-gas

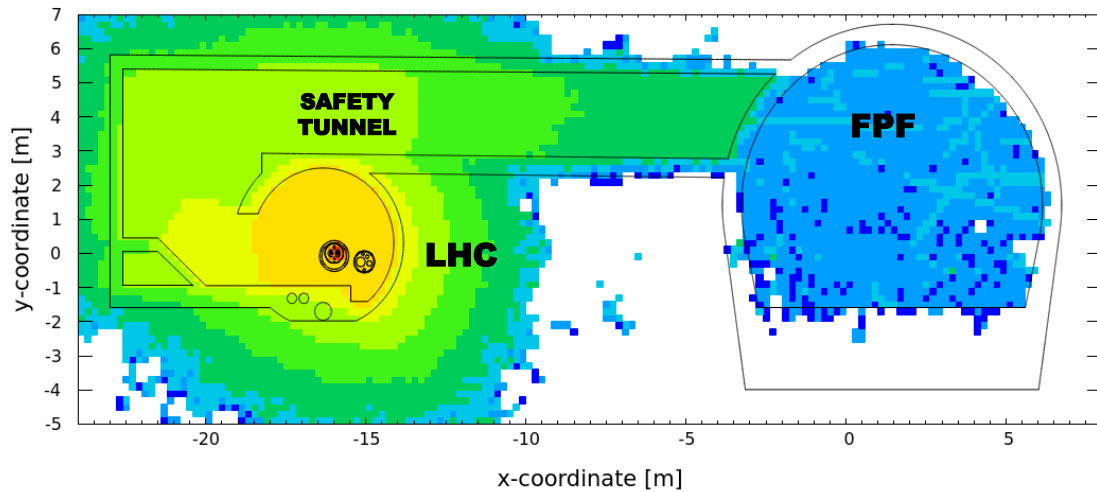
BEAM-GAS ( $10^{15} \text{ H}_2 \text{ m}^{-3}$ ) - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITH CHICANE



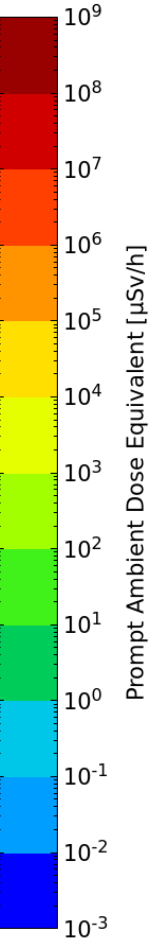
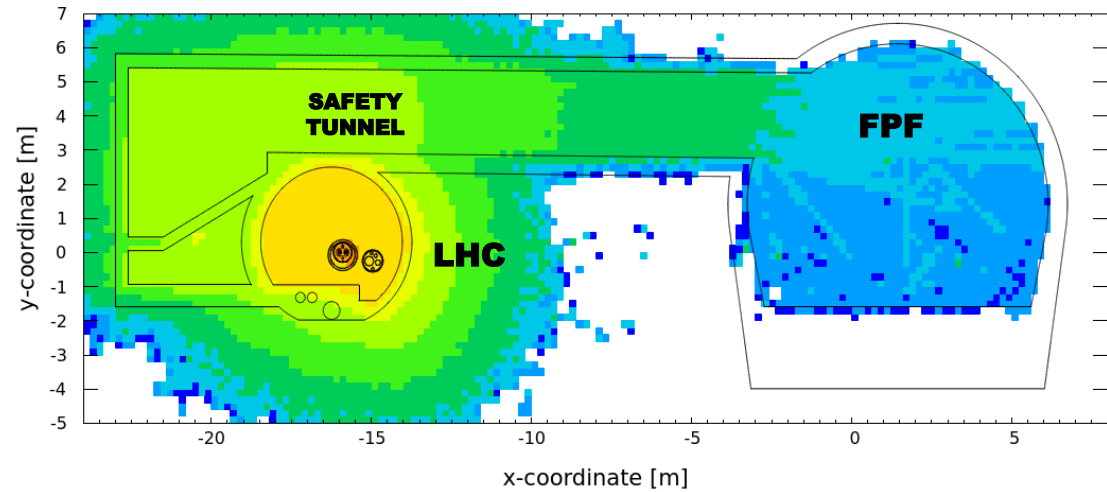
BEAM-GAS ( $10^{15} \text{ H}_2 \text{ m}^{-3}$ ) - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITH CHICANE



BEAM-GAS ( $10^{15} \text{ H}_2 \text{ m}^{-3}$ ) - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITHOUT CHICANE

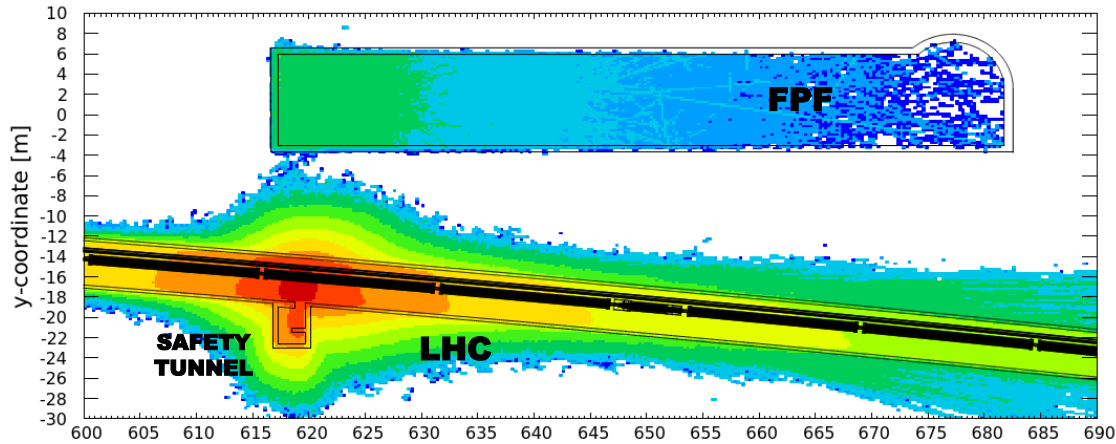


BEAM-GAS ( $10^{15} \text{ H}_2 \text{ m}^{-3}$ ) - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITHOUT CHICANE

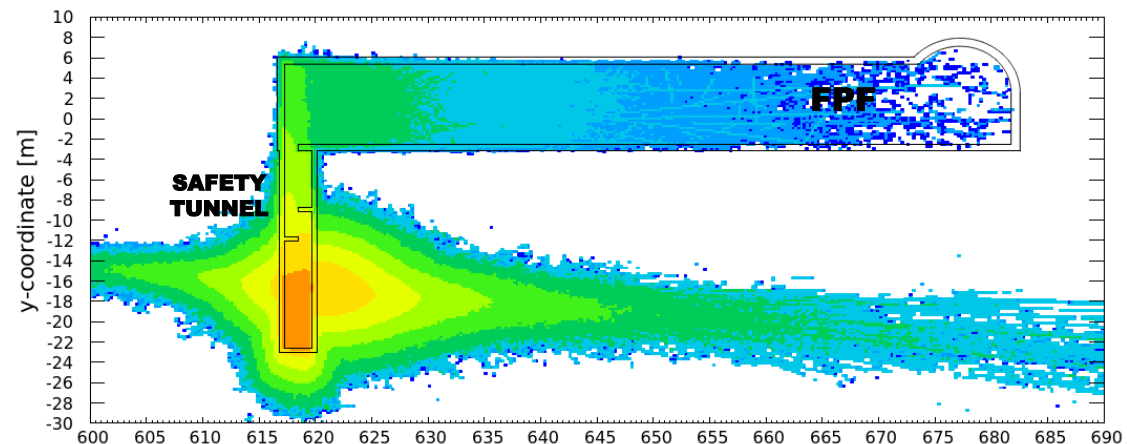


# Prompt $H^*(10)$ : loss of the LHC beam

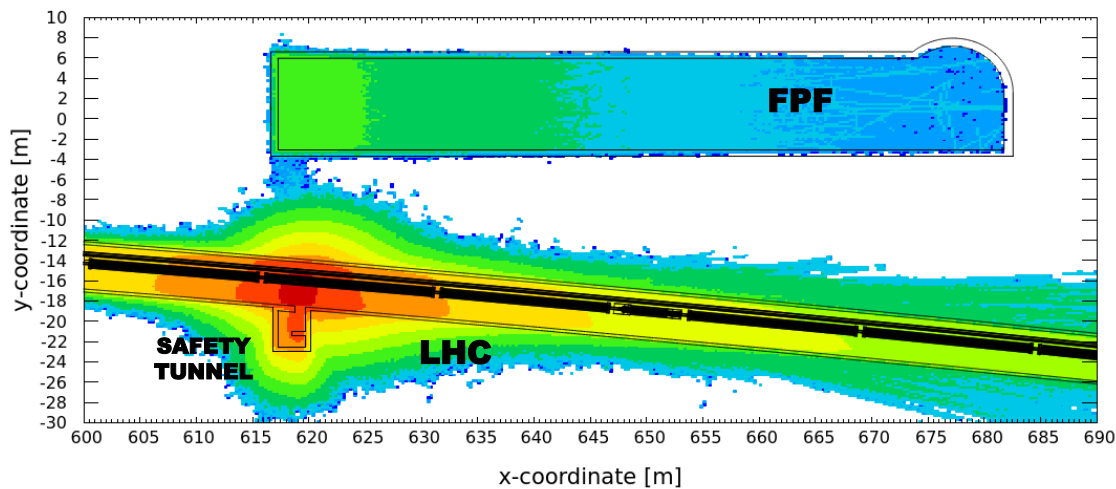
BEAM 1 LOST IN MB.B15R1 - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITH CHICANE



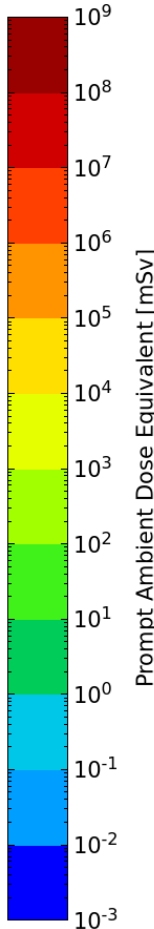
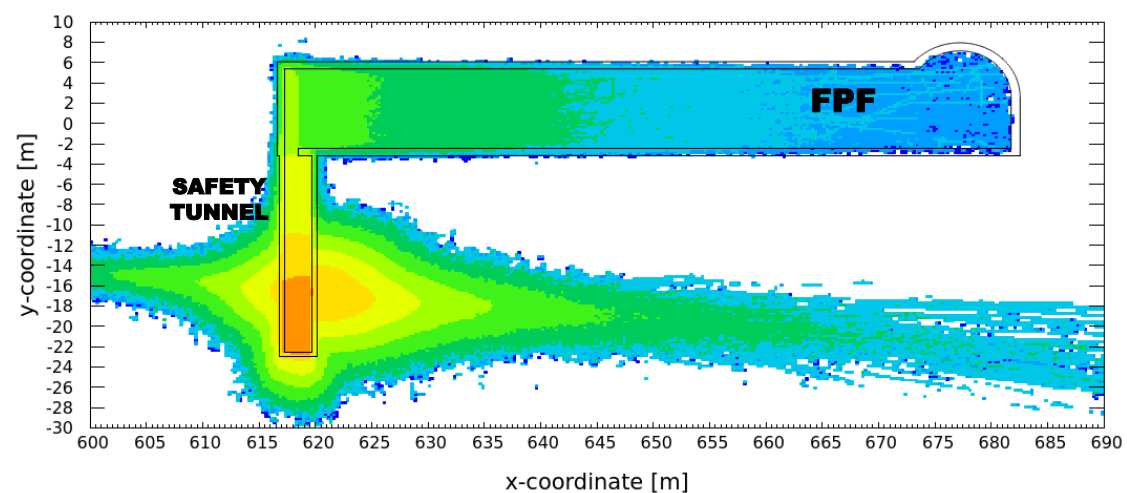
BEAM 1 LOST IN MB.B15R1 - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITH CHICANE



BEAM 1 LOST IN MB.B15R1 - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITHOUT CHICANE

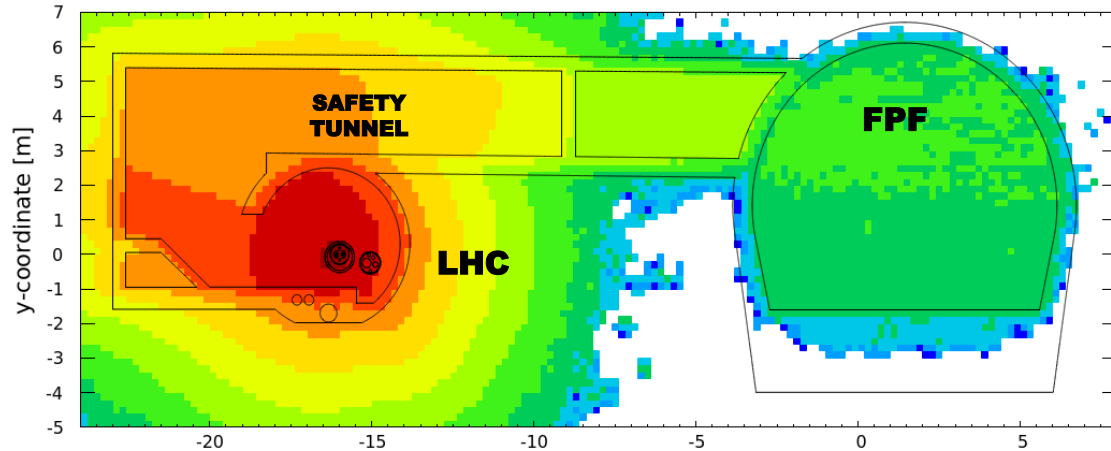


BEAM 1 LOST IN MB.B15R1 - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITHOUT CHICANE

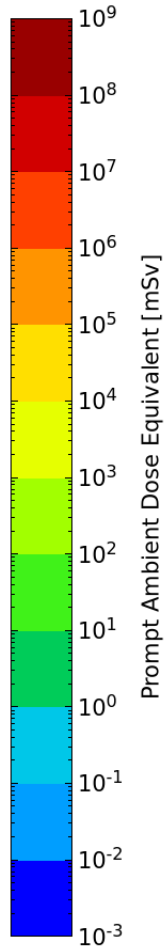
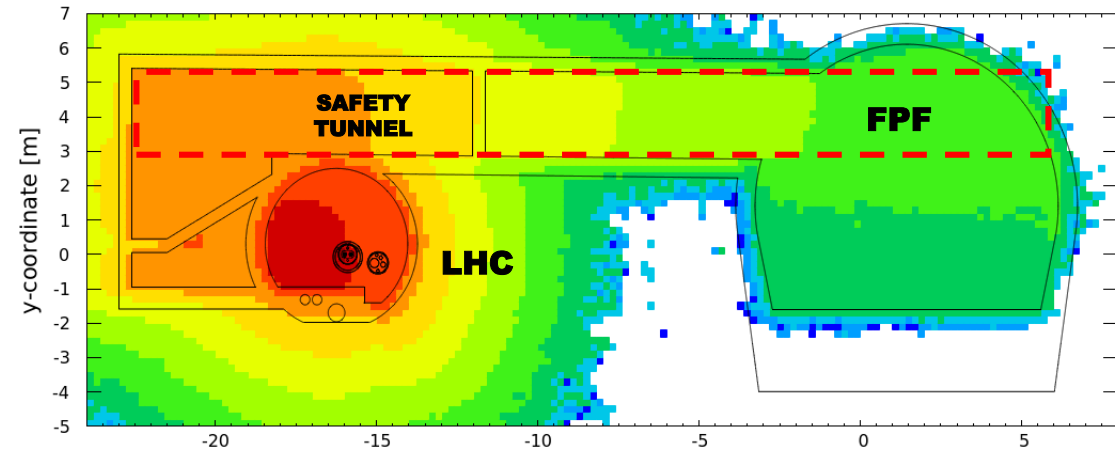


# Prompt $H^*(10)$ : loss of the LHC beam

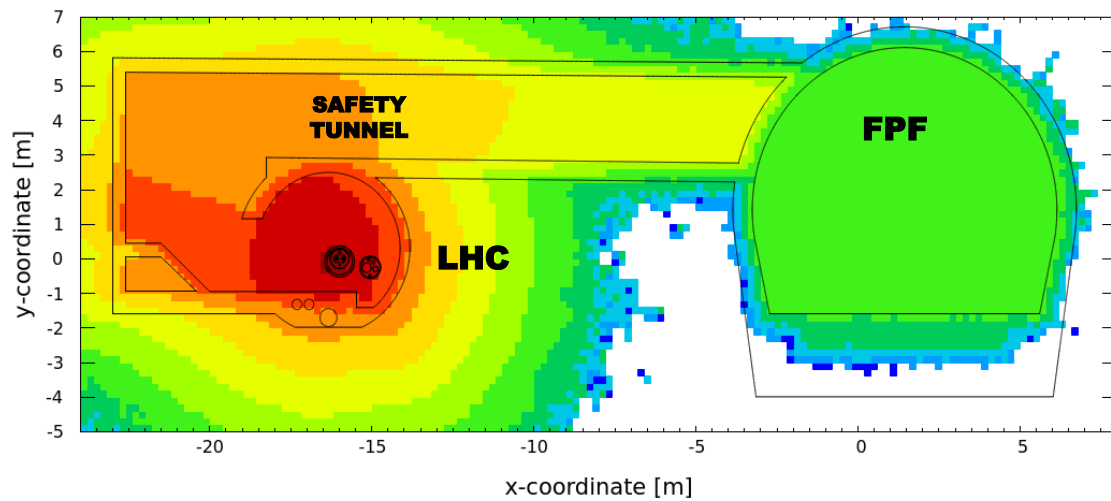
BEAM 1 LOST IN MB.B15R1 - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITH CHICANE



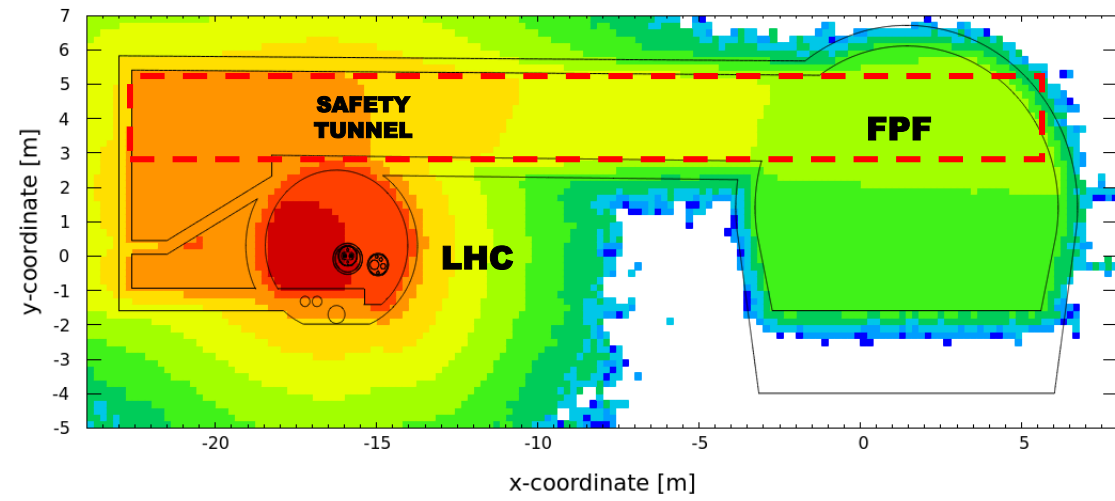
BEAM 1 LOST IN MB.B15R1 - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITH CHICANE



BEAM 1 LOST IN MB.B15R1 - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITHOUT CHICANE

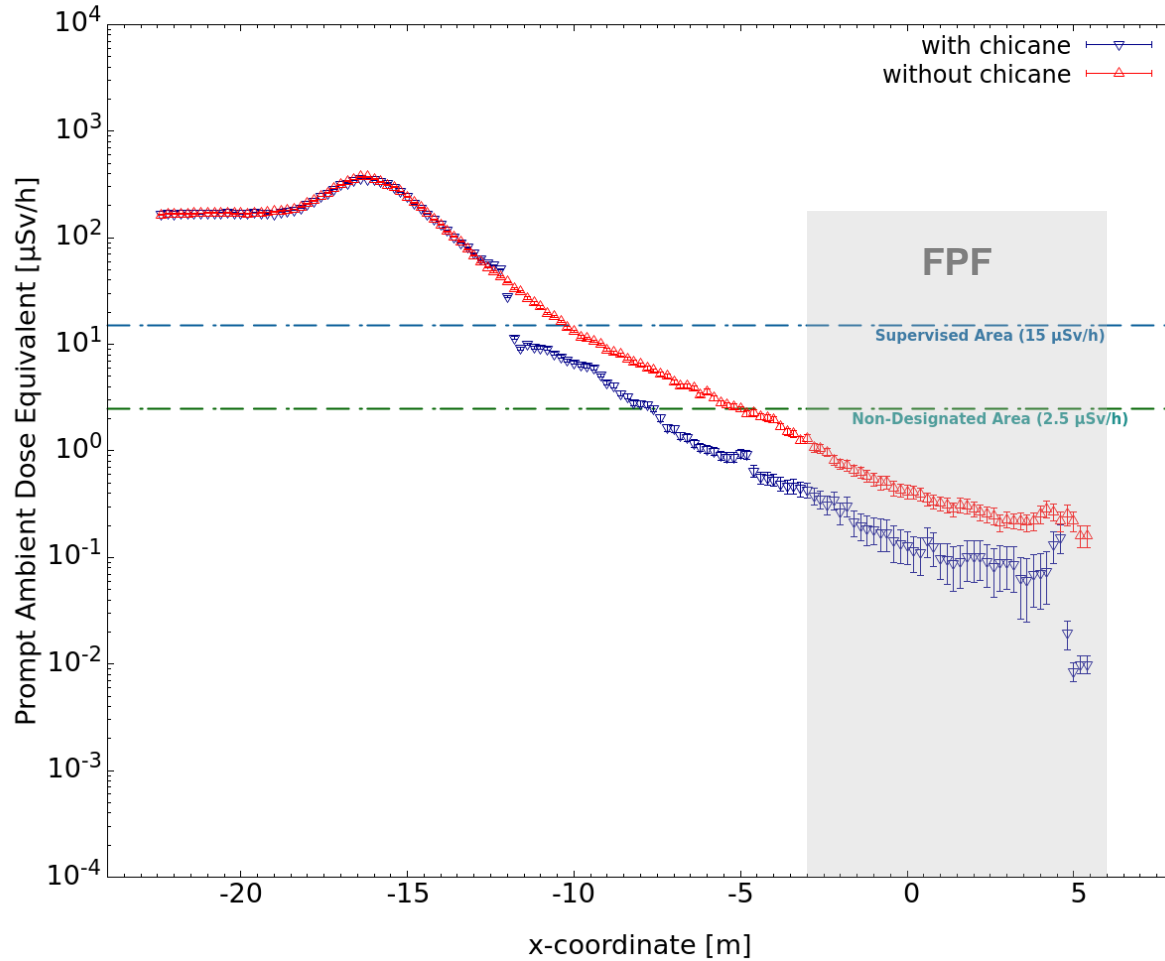


BEAM 1 LOST IN MB.B15R1 - HL-LHC CONDITIONS - WITHOUT CHICANE

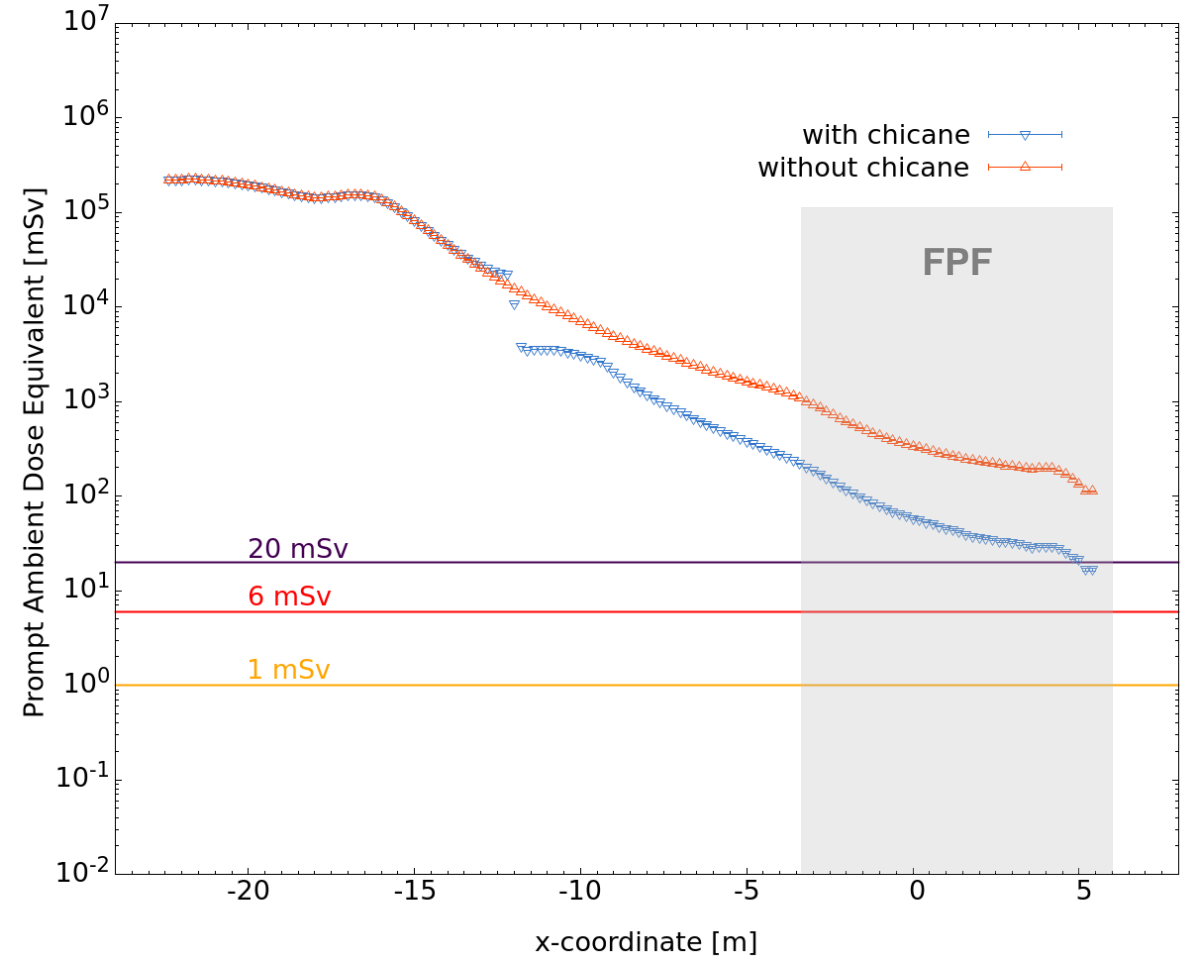


# H\*(10) profile: safety tunnel

FPF - BEAM-GAS ( $10^{15} \text{ H}_2 \text{ m}^{-3}$ )  
1D PROMPT DOSE PROFILE SAFETY TUNNEL - HL-LHC CONDITIONS

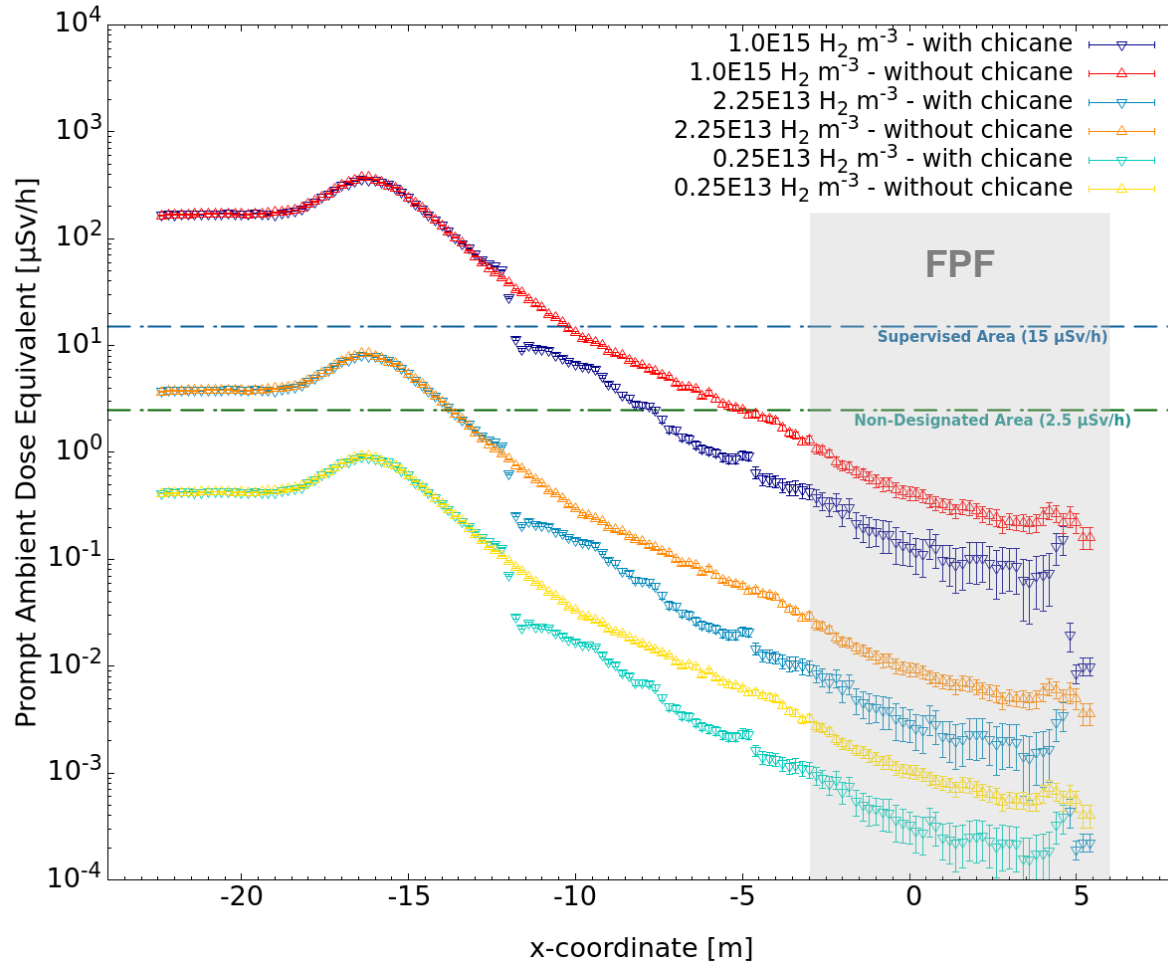


FPF - BEAM LOSS ON MB.B15R1  
1D PROMPT DOSE PROFILE SAFETY TUNNEL - HL-LHC CONDITIONS



# H\*(10) profile: safety tunnel

FPF - BEAM-GAS - DIFFERENT RESIDUAL GAS-DENSITY  
1D PROMPT DOSE PROFILE SAFETY TUNNEL - HL-LHC CONDITIONS



FPF - BEAM LOSS ON MB.B15R1  
1D PROMPT DOSE PROFILE SAFETY TUNNEL - HL-LHC CONDITIONS

