DEMONSTRATION OF TL-208 BACKGROUND REDUCTION USING TOPOLOGICAL INFORMATION OF CHERENKOV LIGHT AND OBSERVATION OF ZR-96 TWO NEUTRINO DOUBLE BETA DECAY

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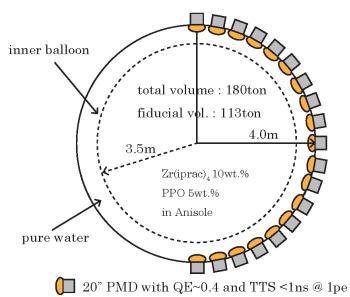
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Conceptual design of ZICOS detector

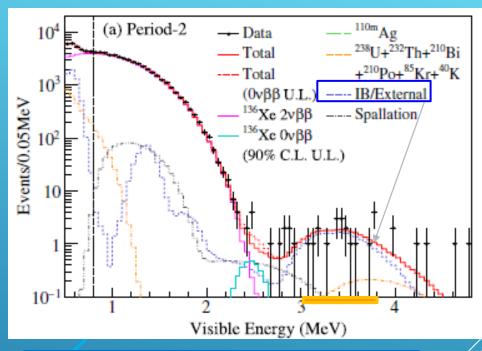




Total PMT: 650 Photo coverage: 64%

Scintillation (energy) + Cherenkov (BG reduction)

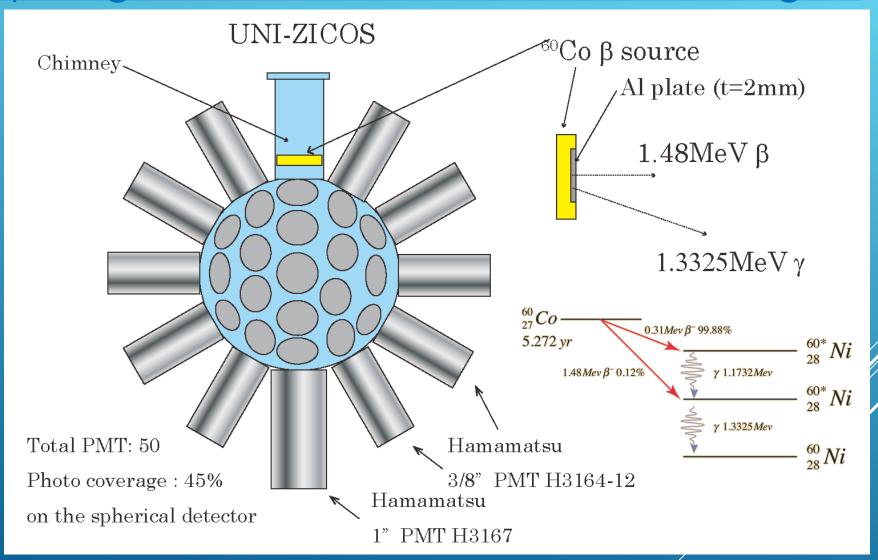
Phys.Rev.Lett. 117 (2016) 082503



NEMO3 : $T_{1/2}^{0\nu} > 9.1 \times 10^{21} \text{ yrs}$

96
Zr : 45 kg (nat.) → 865 kg(50 % enrich)→1/20 BG $T_{1/2}^{0\nu} > 4 \times 10^{25} \text{ yrs} \rightarrow 2 \times 10^{26} \text{yrs} \rightarrow ~1 \times 10^{27} \text{yrs}$

<u>Demonstration of 208TI BG reduction using</u> <u>topological information of Cherenkov lights</u>

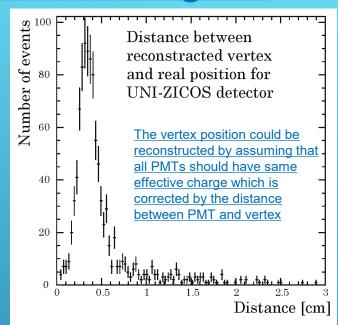


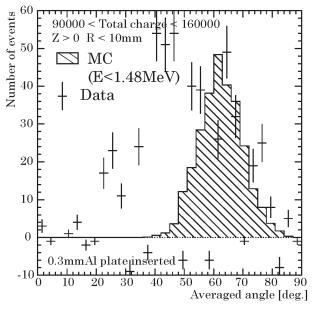
Topological information of Cherenkov lights



Averaged angle of β + γ events was obtained by subtraction of γ only data from no low energy beta data.

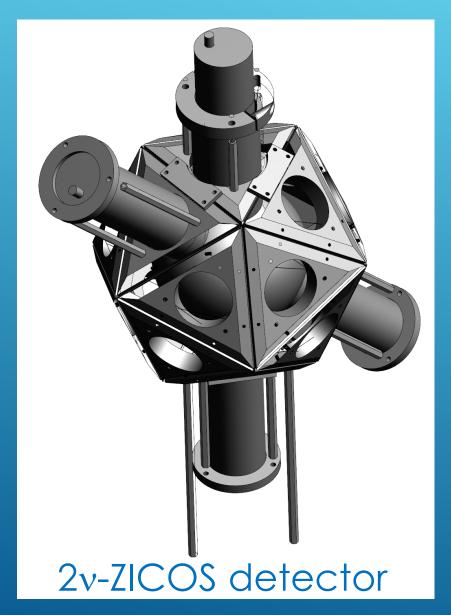
Larger value of average angle was reproduced. Bumps around 40 deg still remains, but these could be removed by averaged angle cut.





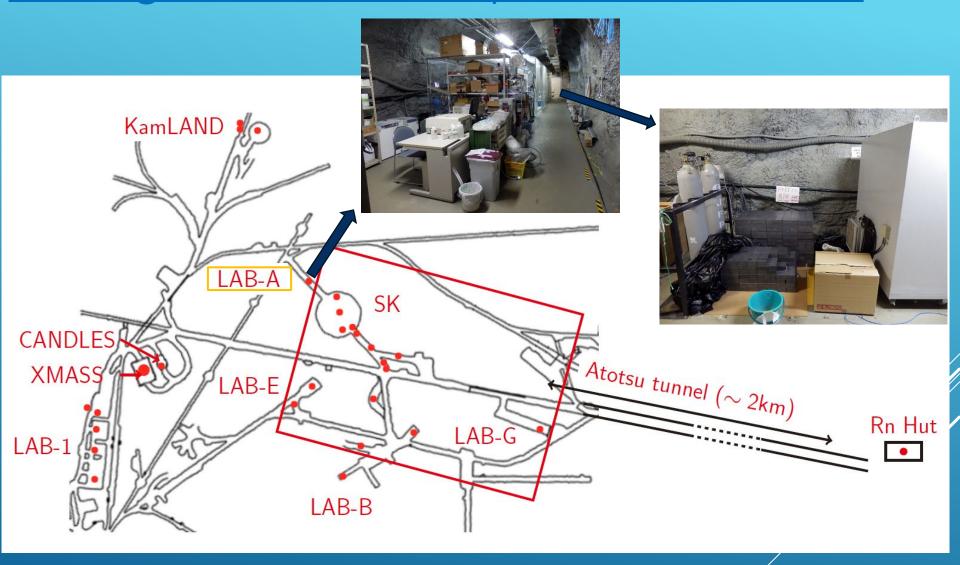
JUGUSI Z7,ZUZO

Observation of 2vββ events using 96Zr



- 16 cm diameter round bottom flask using Ultrapure quartz.
- 20 low BG 2" PMT
 Hamamatsu H3378-50
 mounted by designed jig.
- Filled 1.0L of ZICOS liquid scintillator loaded 100g of Zr(iPrac)₄ which contains 0.4 g of ⁹⁶Zr.
- Expected number of events is ~100 per year.
- LAB-A in Kamioka mine

<u>Underground laboratory in Kamioka mine</u>



LAB-A: Behind of LINAC control room

Background estimation

U/Th in GE214 using ICP Mass spectrometer:

 232 Th: 15ng/g corresponds to 6.09×10^{-5} Bq/g

²³⁸U: 29ng/g corresponds to 3.58 × 10⁻⁴Bq/g

 40 K: 0.021ng/g corresponds to 5.59 × 10- 6 Bq/g

Assuming radiation (perpetual) equilibrium : $\lambda_A N_A = \lambda_B N_B$ (Decay rate should be same)

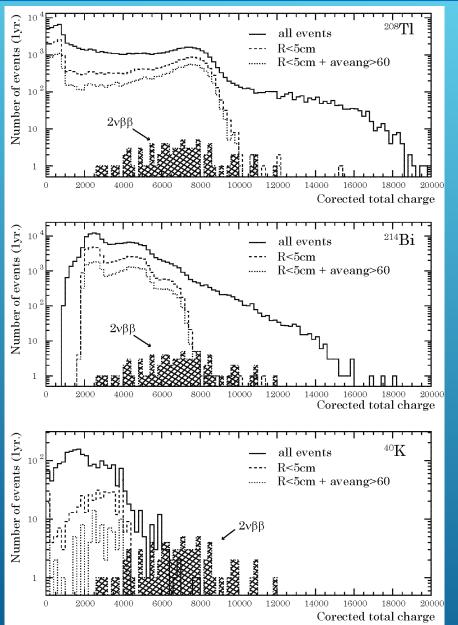
The detector flask uses 530g of GE214.

²⁰⁸TI : 1017908 events per year

²¹⁴Bi: 5988404 events per year will occur.

⁴⁰K: 93556 events per year

Monte Carlo simulation assuming ETFE bag



- ⁴⁰K affects only part of 2νββ observation.
- ²¹⁴Bi is significant BG, but small fraction of 2νββ events should be observed.
- 208 TI is most serious BG for $2\nu\beta\beta$. A few events might be observed.

Need tuning for inner bag for storing liquid scintillator.

Present status

- Clean booth (class 1000) was constructed for preparation of Liquid Scintillator and detector.
- 200g of Zr(iPrac)₄ is ready. Stored in the dry box.
- 20 Hamamatsu H3378-50 PMTs will be ready at next month.
- Round bottom flask using GE214 is ready. Stored in the clean room
- Inner bag stored for liquid scintillator will be prepared by ETFE sheet. No damage was found.
- We measured the transparency of ETFE sheet using scintillation and obtained 2.5% loss at maximum.
- Centrifuge for ⁹⁶Zr isotope separation was proposed to JNFL and 25% enrichment maybe possible.

Clean booth and 200g Zr(Iprac)4





- Glove box with N₂ gas circulation has been installed.
- 200g Zr(iPrac)₄ was stored in dry box.
- 12 Hamamatsu H3378-50 are ready. 8 PM7 will be delivered at next month.

Present status

- Clean booth (class 1000) was constructed for preparation of Liquid Scintillator and detector.
- 200g of Zr(iPrac)₄ is ready. Stored in the dry box.
- 20 Hamamatsu H3378-50 PMTs will be ready at next month.
- Round bottom flask using GE214 is ready. Stored in the clean booth. PMT mounting jig is also designed.
- Inner bag stored for liquid scintillator will be prepared by ETFE sheet. No damage was found.
- We measured the transparency of ETFE sheet using scintillation and obtained 2.5% loss at maximum.
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Ultra-pure quartz flask and inner bag





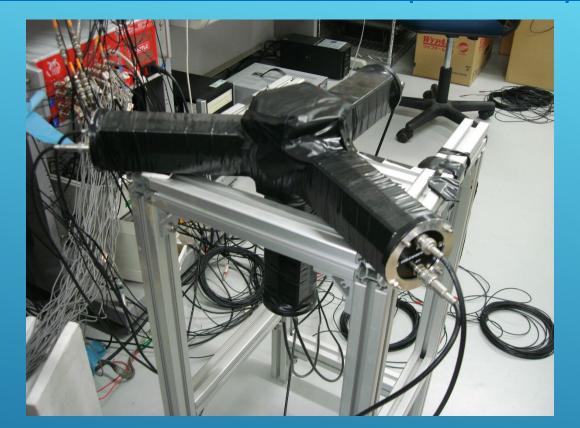


- Ultra-pure quartz round flask is ready.
- ETFE (fluoro resin) sheet for inner bag.
- Welding test is now going by PTEF bag company.
- No damage due to Anisole erosion was found within one month.

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Measurement of transparency for ETFE sheet

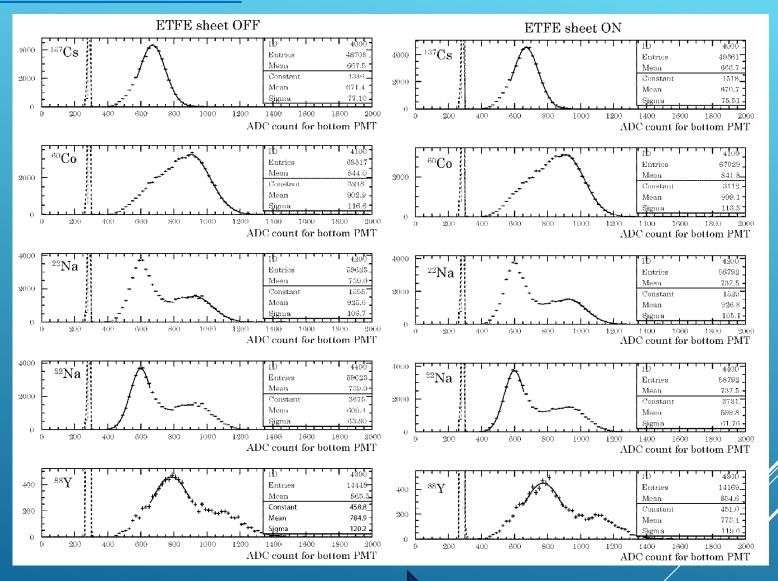






- Transparency of ETFE sheet using Liquid Scintillator.
- Compered peak value of some RIs for side PM/s/ w/wo ETFE sheet covered side wall of vial.
- Bottom PMT always measured without ET∕FE sheet.

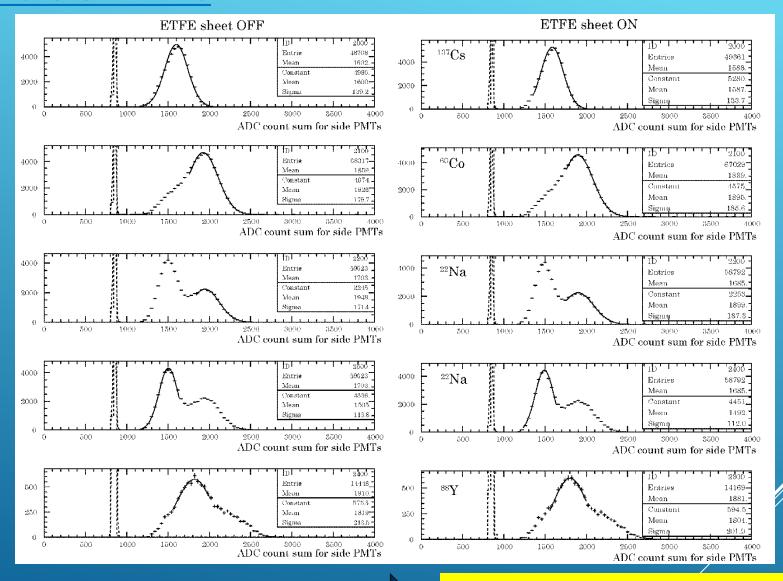
For bottom PMT



 1.0015 ± 0.0018

Same LY as expected

For side PMTs



 0.9768 ± 0.0014

2.5% loss at maximum

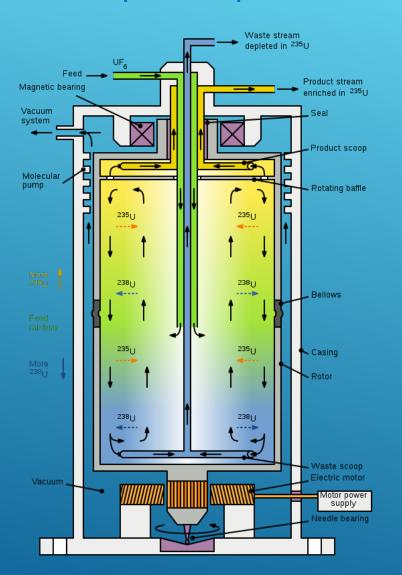
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Centrifuge plant of JNFL at Rokkasho-village



96Zr isotope separation by Gas Centrifuge

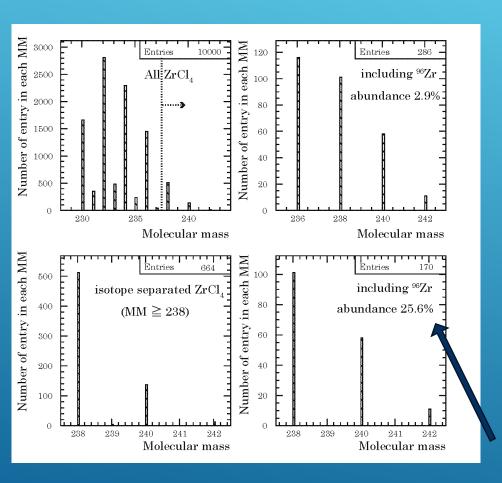


JNFL staffs of Technical Development Center for Uranium Enrichment are looking for new idea for isotope separation using their Centrifuge plant.

Proposed ⁹⁶Zr separation using ZrCl₄ (bp 331 °C):
Need new sublimation pressure data

This rotar is primitive structure.

96Zr isotope separation by Gas Centrifuge



JNFL staffs of Technical Development Center for Uranium Enrichment are looking for new idea for isotope separation using their Centrifuge plant.

Proposed ⁹⁶Zr separation using ZrCl₄ (bp 331 °C):
Need new sublimation pressure data

25% enrichment maybe possible by gas centrifuge.

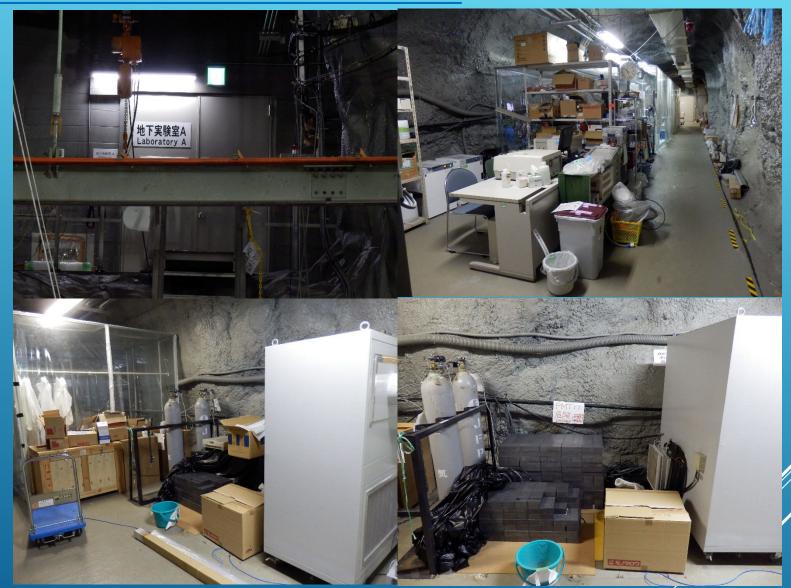
<u>Future plan</u>

- Preparation of ZICOS liquid scintillator will start soon.
- Radiation shielding using Pb blocks with falling prevention wall is designed. Inner size could be 80cm cubic.
- Tuned inner bag using ETFE sheet will be ready after welding test by company.
- Mockup for PMT mounting jig with flask will be done at the end of this year or early next year.
- Installation of inner bag and bringing of LS will be tested by using ultra-pure water after the mockup.
- Construction of Pb shield and 2v-ZICOS detector will start at next fiscal year in LAB-A.
- Observation will start in next summer. Stay tuned!

backup

(TAUP2023)

Experimental site in LAB-A



Need to apply inner-University Research Program

U/Th/K contamination in material

Goal: U/Th ~1ng/g

【速報】テトラキス(アセト酢酸イソプロピル)ジルコニウムと四塩化ジルコニウム中のU/Th量測定

[試料]

東芝ナノアナリシス株

材料分析技

・テトラキス (アセト酢酸イソプロピル) ジルコニウム

・四塩化ジルコニウム

計2試料

JOB No.G800G

【速報】石英ガラス中のU Th量測定

[試料]

石英ガラス ・RQ200

·GE214

計2試料

[方法]

酸分解 – ICP質量分析法(パーキンエルマー社製 NexION350S)

[結果]

下表に分析結果を示します。

表 分析結果

	単位:ng/g_		
試料名	K	Th	U
RQ200	330	42	64
GE214	180	15	29
定量下限	5	1	1

[方法]

試料調製 – ICP質量分析法 (パーキンエルマー社製 NexION350S)

[結果]

下表1,2に分析結果を示します。

表1 分析結果

		<u> </u>	<u>単位:ng/g</u>		
試料名	K	Th	U		
テトラキス(アセト酢酸イソプロピル)					
ジルコニウム	-	-	-		
定量下限	400	50	50		

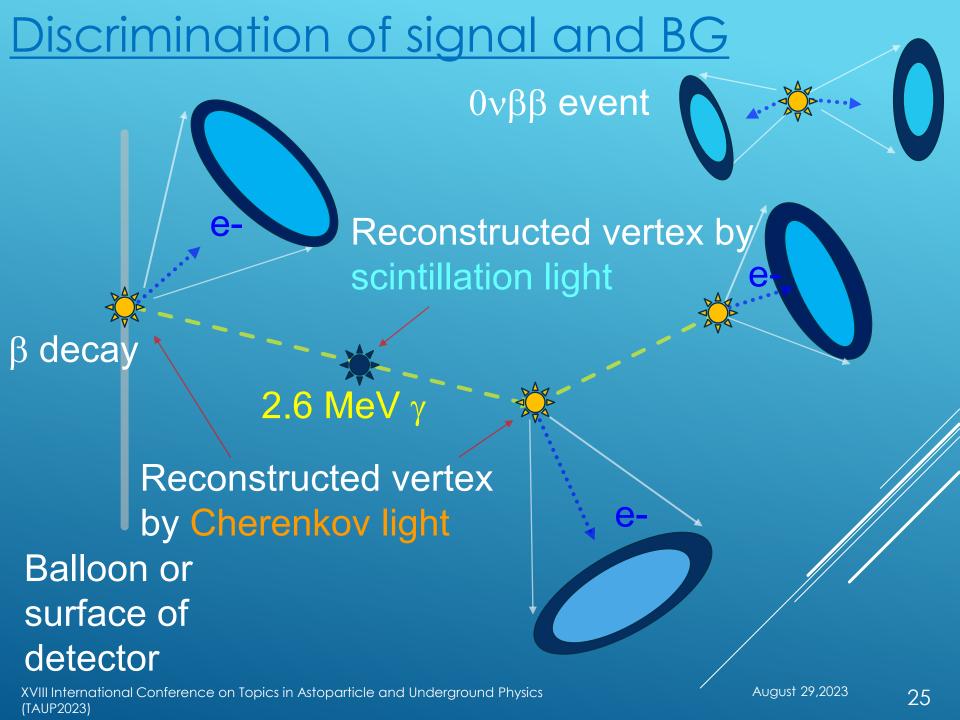
※表中の「-」表記は、定量下限以下であることを示します。

表2 分析結果

		<u> </u>	単位:ng/g_		
試料名	K	Th	U		
四塩化ジルコニウム	ı	-	-		
定量下限	200	50	50		
++					

※表中の「-」表記は、定量下限以下であることを示します。

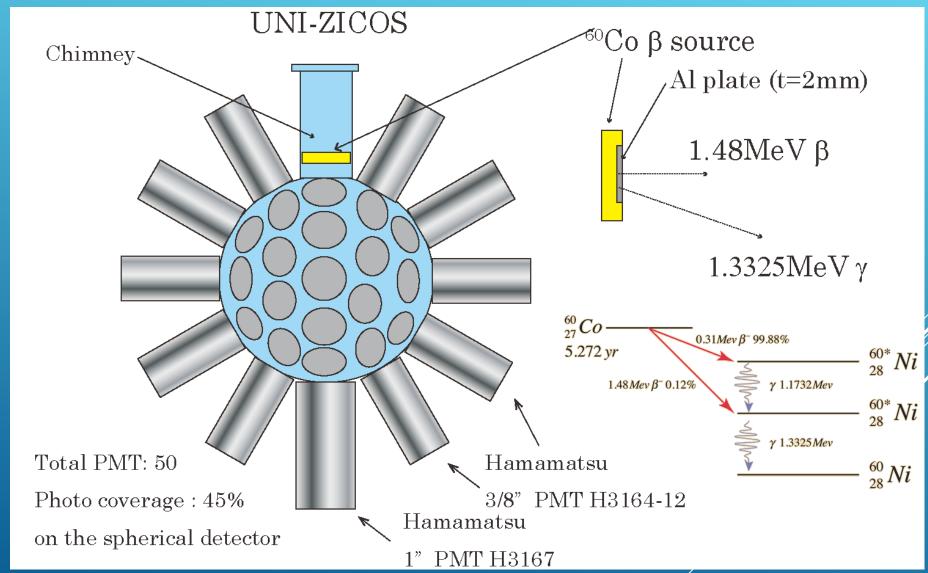
Most serious BGs come from Ultra pure quartz.



<u>Demonstration of 208Tl background</u> <u>reduction using Cherenkov lights</u>

- 1. Selection of PMTs which receive Cherenkov lights among huge Scintillation lights.
 - Pulse shape discrimination
- 2. Confirm topology of Cherenkov lights
 - Directionality of Cherenkov lights
 - Direct measurement of topological information as an averaged angle
- 3. Demonstrate BG reduction using beta-gamma sources with topological information (averaged angle) of Cherenkov light.

<u>Demonstration of 208TI BG reduction using UNI-ZICOS detector</u>

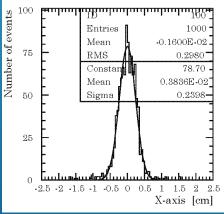


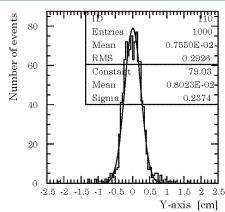
Setup for measurement with UNI-ZICOS

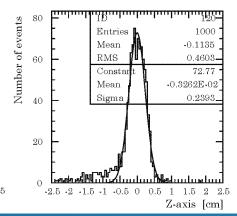








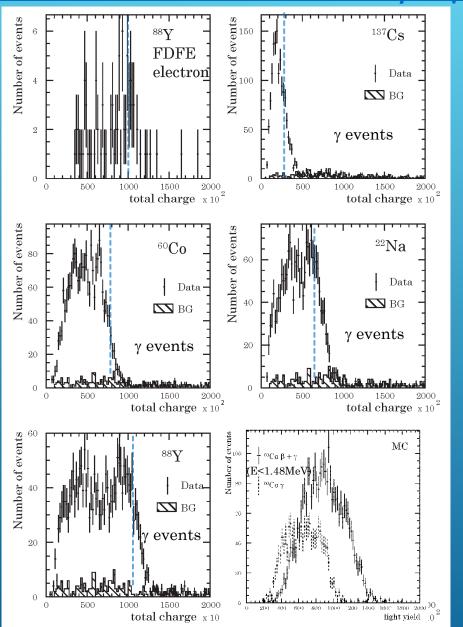


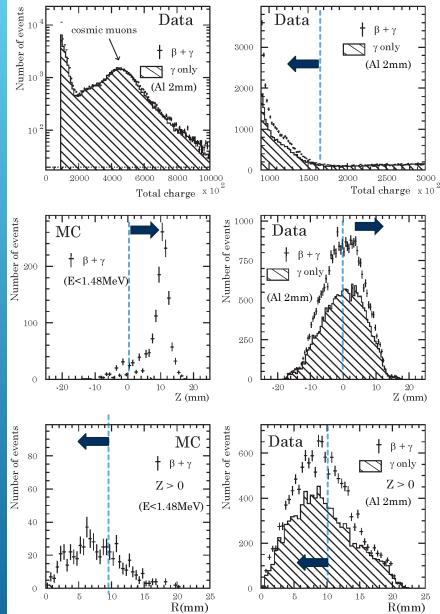


Source holder has a hole, and it can be covered by Alphate (0.3mm and 2mm) to terminate betas.

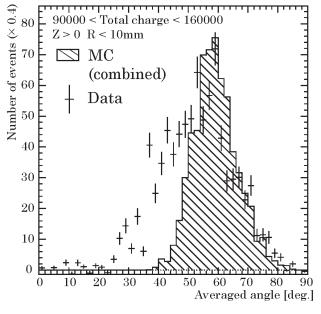
The vertex position could be reconstructed by assuming that all PMTs should have same effective charge which is corrected by the distance between PMT and vertex.

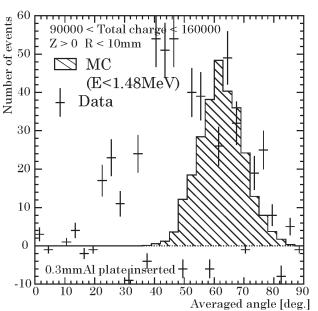
Events selection for $\beta+\gamma$ rich samples





Observed averaged angle using $\beta-\gamma$ events

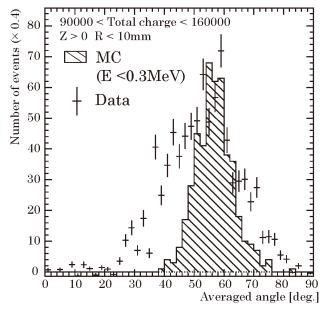


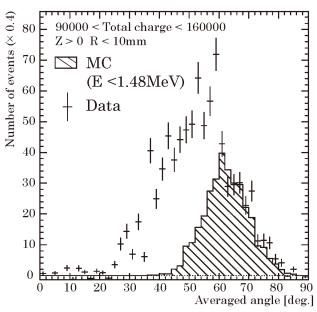


- 0.3mm Al plate terminates β (E<0.3MeV) events.
- Small difference between 2mm Al on and off
- Obtained averaged angle has small peak around 60 deg.
- There is no clear source to explain around 40 deg events.
- MC(β (E<1.48MeV) + γ) looks reproduce higher peak.

Averaged angle could be used for reduction of $\beta + \gamma$ events such as ²⁰⁸Tl decay background.

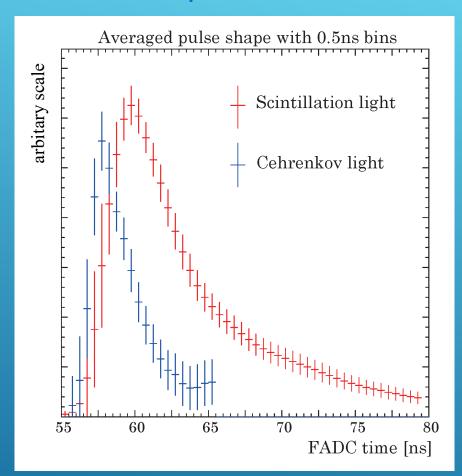
Observed averaged angle using $\beta-\gamma$ events





- Clear averaged angle of β + γ events is obtained by subtraction of those data.
- Obtained averaged angle has a peak around 58 deg.
- Averaged angles of MC(β(E<0.3MeV) + γ) reproduce peak, but not reproduce shape.
- Averaged angle of MC(β(E<1.48MeV) + //) may help to reproduce larger angle shape.

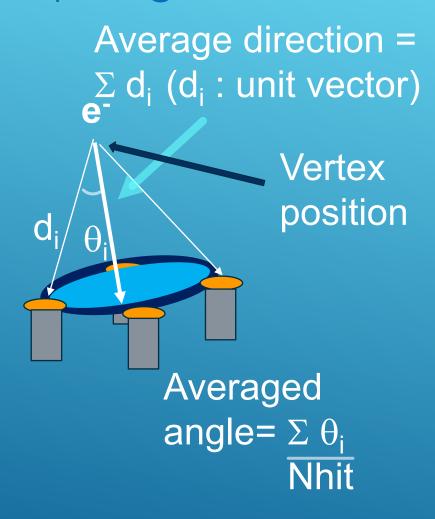
Pulse shape of Cherenkov and scintillation

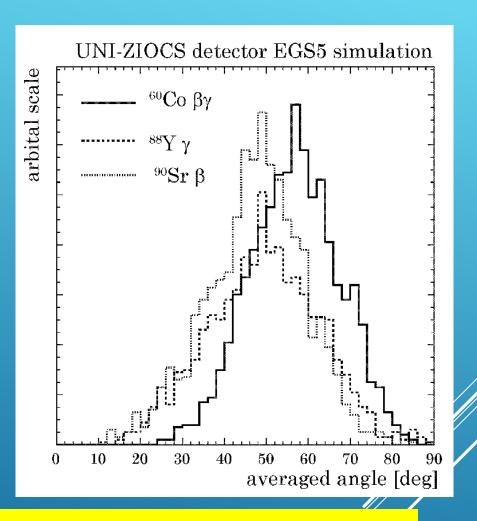


- Pulse shape of ⁹⁰Sr using H2431-50 measured by V1751 with DES mode (2GS/s)
- Decay time of scintillation :
 4.57 ns and 8.38 ns
- Rise time of scintillation :
 1.45 ns
- Rise time of Cherenkov
 0.75 ns

Use the charge ratio Q_{time}/Q_{total} . Here, Q_{time} is FADC count in each time, and Q_{total} is sum count of FADC between 55 ns and 80 ns.

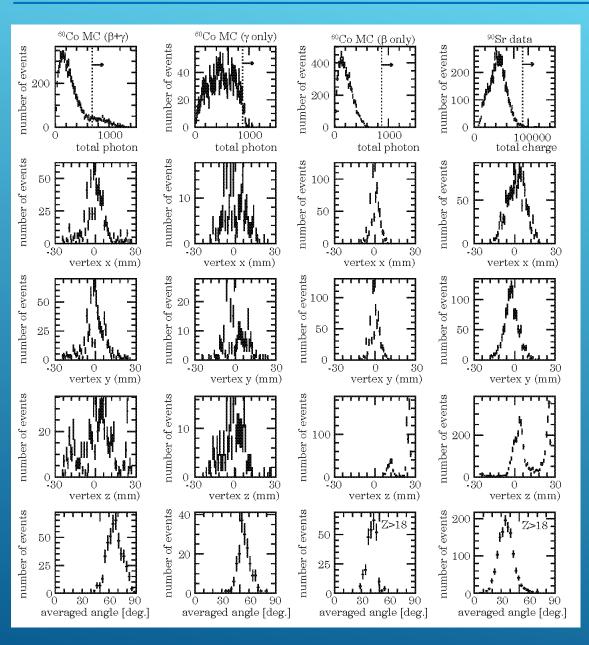
Topological information of Cherenkov lights





Topological information (averaged angle) of Cherenkov lights should be different between β and β + γ event.

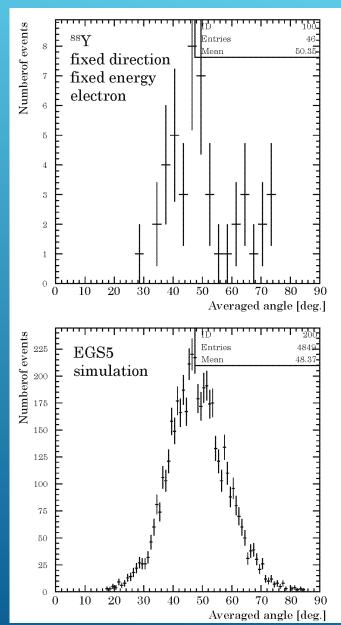
Simulations and data for beta



- Beta MC indicated poor light yield to detect beta only events.
- 90Sr real data confirmed poor light yield even though higher energy than 60%

Still there is no clear source to explain around 40deg event.

Observed averaged angle using FDFE events



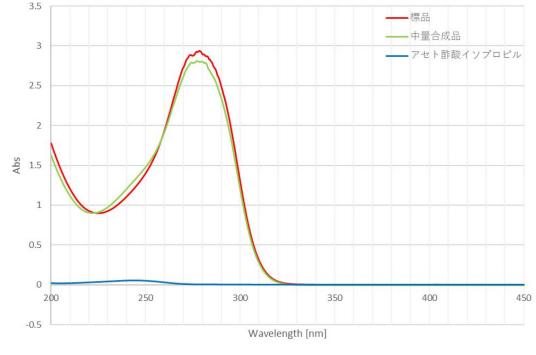
- The vertex position was reconstructed by charge information as explained.
- Extracted PMTs which include
 Cherenkov light by PSD technique.
- Using those PMTs and the vertex, the averaged angle of fixed direction fixed energy (1.484MeV) electron from ⁸⁸Y source was measured, and a peak was found around 50 degree.
- The averaged angle obtained by MC simulation has a peak around 48 degree. Within the statistical error, the peak position was almost reproduced.
- Measurement time was limited by March earthquake in Japan.



ZrCl₄分散後



アセト酢酸イソプロピノ



トリエチルアミン滴下後

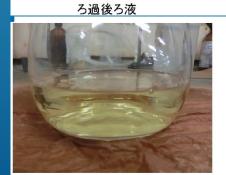




ろ液濃縮後



再結晶の様子



再結晶ろ液



再結晶ろ物

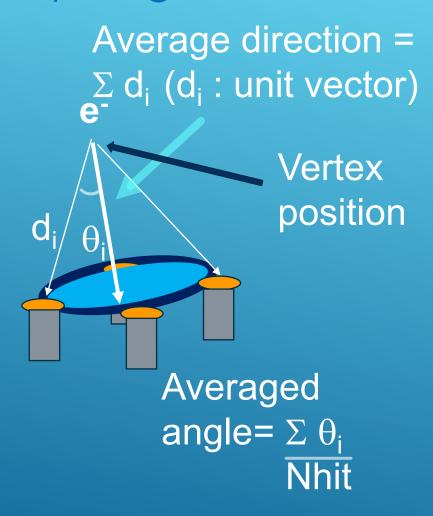


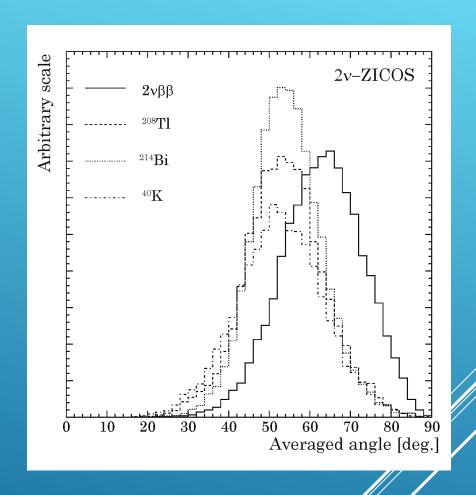
ろ物乾燥後

Synthesis of Zr(iPrac) was succeeded.

August 29,2023

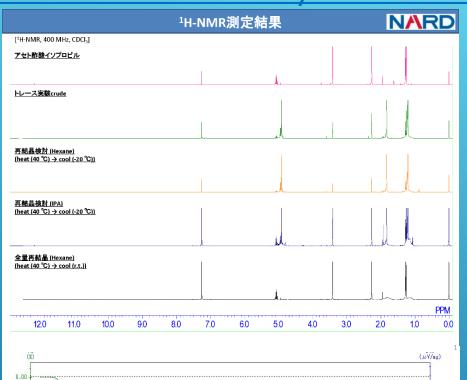
Topological information of Cherenkov lights

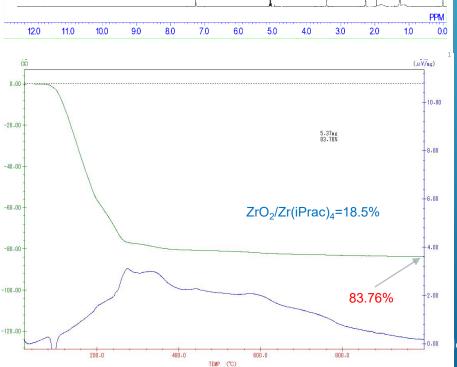


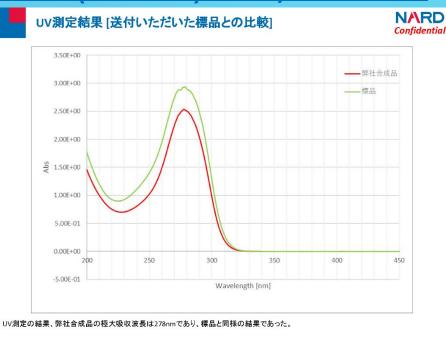


Topological information (averaged angle) of Cherenkov lights should be different between $2\nu\beta\beta$ and β + γ event.

Results of test synthesis of Zr(iPrac)4 by NARD







Synthesis of Zr(iPrac) was succeeded.

erground Physics

August 29,2023