





# Open Science in KM3NeT

The Why and the How

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## Why Open Science?



#### Some fundamental values

#### From a moral point of view

- Access to science is a fundamental human right
- (Publicly funded) scientists should return value to society

#### From a practical perspective

- Scientific scoring should not be counting papers, but usable science
- Providing data is becoming more of a funding argument
- Transparency leads to efficiency increase

#### → Engage in **Open Science**

Current best guess at what that is: <u>UNESCO recommendations</u> on Open Science (2021)



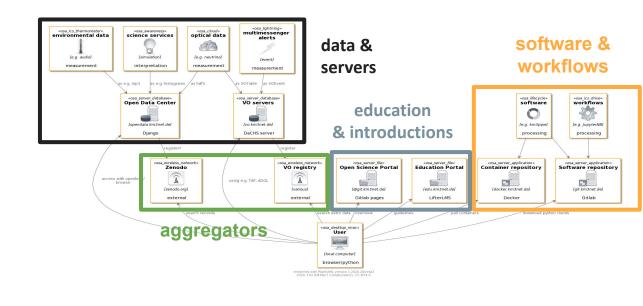
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## **FAIRness - Thinking science reproducibly**

- FAIR: Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reproducible
- Not only FAIR data FAIR research
- Consider data and software as scientific products
- See scientific workflow as integral part of a publication







#### Organizational change

- Think of software and data as integral part of the public part of analysis from the start
- Analysis is an (at least internally) open process, shared
- Foster community orientation in sharing of data, aiming for common formats
- Value and provide incentives to software and code curation, generating data, and providing workflows
- Adoption will increase with the shift of incentives and benefits

#### **Translating to experiment**

- How to share the data?
- Who to cooperate with?
- Build up interfaces





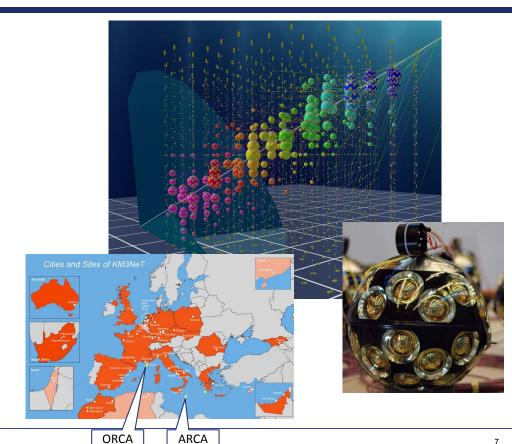


## **How to get to Open Science**

## KM3NeT – astro & particle physics



- Water Cherenkov detectors
- Under construction in 3 Building Blocks (BB) with 115 Strings in the deep Mediterranean Sea
  - neutrino physics (1 BB, ORCA, France)
  - astrophysics (2 BB, ARCA, Italy)
- est. completion building phase in 2028
- Worldwide collaboration with strong emphasis on Europe
- Neutrino energy range: few GeV PeV
- Low-countrate particle detection with extensive Monte Carlo simulation for analysis



## **Starting point: the policy**



KM3NeT supports the aims of open data and open science and commits to implement the necessary steps wherever possible. This includes open access data supporting publications, open source software and open data in general including the information needed to appropriately use the data.

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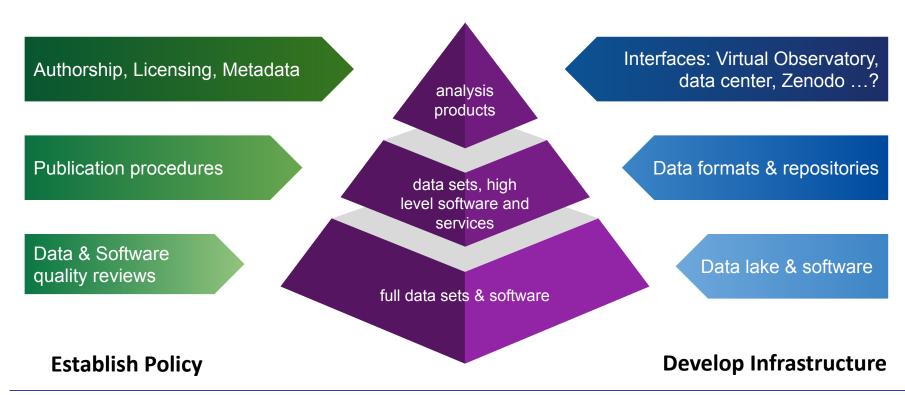
 KM3NeT installs an Open Science Committee that works in parallel to the Publication Committee and Conference Committee and sets, maintains and further develops the procedures for KM3NeT open science. Open Science Policy adopted in 2020

- General commitment to Open Science
- Easy access to high-level analysis results
- Full release of data after an embargo period

Implementation and procedure establishment handed to Open Science Committee



## To practice: Task of the Open Science Committee





## Infrastructure development: Data Management Plan

Using the Data Management Plan as tool to develop strategy and include basic setup of data dissemination

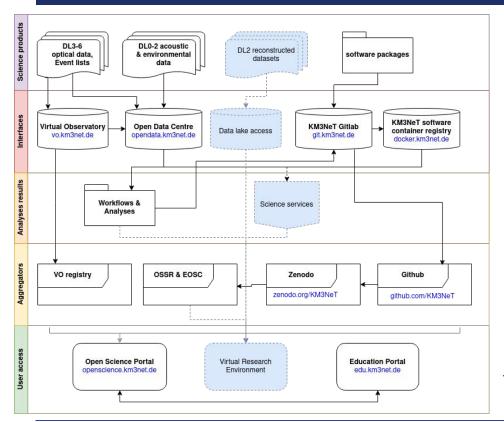
- First DMP defined in 2017 in INFRADEV project, following <u>Horizon 2020 DMP</u> <u>Template</u> (partially useful)
- New INFRADEV 2 project: Review process in 2023 to rewrite, with external review panel

#### It is more than an exercise!

- Use as reference document for
  - Resource requests at HPCs
  - Future requests for HR
  - Internal development strategy
- Illustrating
  - Data types and volumes
  - Integration of computing sites
  - High-level interfaces
  - Management strategy
  - Resource requirements (Computing & HR)



## Infrastructure: The KM3NeT Open Science System



- Defining data formats and standards for science products
- Provide KM3NeT-side interfaces
  - For astrophysics: Virtual Observatory
  - For "everything": Open Data Center
  - For software & Repositories: Gitlab and (docker) containers
- Connection to aggregators: VO registry, Zenodo,
   Github, EOSC ...
- Provide or integrate to User platforms
  - Open Science Portal, Education Portal
- → Constant development & Improvement

## KM3NoT POZ

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### Policy development: Example projects and data

#### Common source search with CTA and KM3NeT

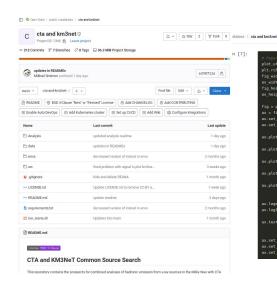
- Parallel publication of paper and code repository
- Jupyter notebooks to reproduce plots
- Available on <u>Github</u> and <u>Zenodo</u>



Requirements for code and interfaces



Processes for parallel publication





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KM3NeT

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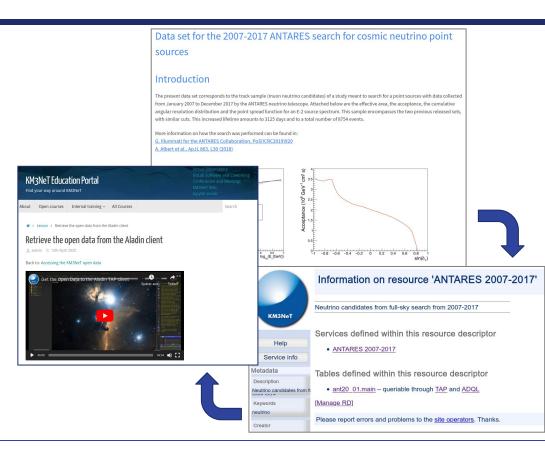
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M. Smirnov, <u>Open-Science Integration of a Combined</u>
<u>Analysis of KM3NeT and CTA into the EOSC</u>
Infrastructure (TAUP23, 30/08, Neutrino and Cosmology 3)



## Data interface development: ANTARES legacy data

- ANTARES produced valuable data from mid 2005 until last year
- Few data sets so far provided on webpage
- Suitable example cases for KM3NeT
- Providing some ANTARES data through KM3NeT interfaces
- Offering courses in education portal using ANTARES as example data



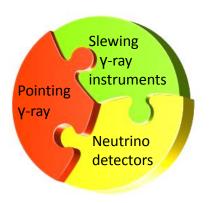




#### Very high energy Open Data Format initiative

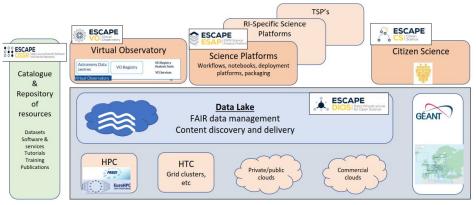
- Building on GADF (gamma ray)
- Established steering committee and editors
- Just started!

Documentation: <a href="https://vodf.readthedocs.io">https://vodf.readthedocs.io</a>
Source & Community: <a href="https://github.com/VODF/">https://github.com/VODF/</a>



#### **ESCAPE and European Open Science Cloud (EOSC)**

- Developed common data lake, software repository & science platform
- Application used for further development of the Open Science System

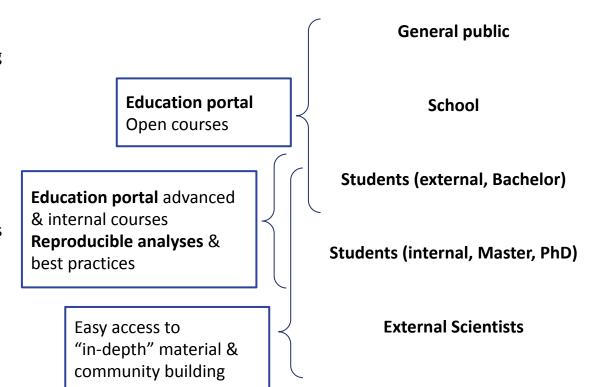


© G. Lamanna, ESCAPE to the future





- Open Science can serve for both outreach & education depending on the target audience
- Same platforms can (to some extent) be used for multiple purposes
- Reproducible science reduces threshold by serving as examples
- Open Science products serve as best practice examples









## Let's do Open Science

& Thank you for your attention!