

LEFT-RIGHT GAUGE SYMMETRY AND AN ISO-CONJUGATE MODEL OF CP VIOLATION

Rabindra Mohapatra & JCP (Phys. Rev. 1974)

$$G = SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)_{B-L} \times SU(3)^C$$

or

$$= SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times SU(4)^C$$

2 families $\left[\begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_{L,R} + \begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ e \end{pmatrix}_{L,R} \right]$ $W_L \leftrightarrow W_R, g_L = g_R$; + one Higgs $\sim (2, 2, 1, 1)$

Mohapatra, JCP (Phys. Rev., 1973) showed, Any Model

satisfying $[I_3, P^{(-)}] = i \xi (\sin \delta) P^{(+)}$ "ISO-CONJUGATE"

$$\eta_{+-} = \eta_{00}$$

$$\text{Phase } \phi_{+-} \approx \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2 \Delta m}{\Gamma_S} \right)$$

Holds exptly

$$K_L = (|K_2\rangle + \epsilon |K_1\rangle) / \sqrt{1 + |\epsilon|^2}; \quad K_S = (|K_1\rangle + \epsilon |K_2\rangle) / \sqrt{1 + |\epsilon|^2}$$

$$\eta_{ij} \equiv \frac{\langle \pi^i \pi^j | T | K_L \rangle}{\langle \pi^i \pi^j | T | K_S \rangle}; \quad (i, j) = (+, -) \text{ or } (0, 0)$$

$$\eta_{+-} = \epsilon + \epsilon'$$

$$\eta_{00} = \epsilon - 2\epsilon'$$

(2)

What we found is that the L-R Model Satisfies the Iso-conj. Reln. with the CP-Violating parameter ϵ given by

$$|\epsilon| \approx (m_{WL}/m_{WR})^2 |\sin\delta| \quad \text{For } g_L = g_R$$

A Beautiful Reln, ϵ (CP-viol) $\rightarrow 0$ as $m_{WR} \rightarrow \infty$ (i.e. Parity Viol becomes maximal)

$$\text{CP Violation} \leftrightarrow \text{Parity Violation}$$

Observed $K_1 - K_2$ mass-diff \Rightarrow

Beall, Bender & Soni (1982)
$$(m_{WL}/m_{WR})^2 < \frac{1}{430} \quad (\text{i.e. } m_{WR} > 1.6 \text{ TeV})$$

But m_{WR} can't be much heavier than 1.6 TeV for the L-R model to explain observed CPV because $|\epsilon| \approx 2.27 \times 10^{-3}$ (even with $\sin\delta \sim 1$)



Turns out the model of CPV based on L-R Symm differs from Superweak (Wolfenstein) & KM model by $d_m^e \approx 10^{26} \text{ e cm}$

③

I was quite hopeful that this model
of CPV may well turn out to be right

⇒ W_R should be discovered in the
near future & also $(edm)_n$.

Alas, Nature turned it down.

The KM model based on $SU(2) \times U(1)$,
one Higgs doublet & 3 families is
now established by expt over the years.

How come?



Have an answer for myself. Perhaps
nature has an even prettier picture
in mind which conflicts with the L-R model
of CPV by Rabi & me, not as regards the idea
of L-R symmetry, but with ^(that of) relatively light W_R .

→ The picture of a GUT-scale W_R with
an underlying ^{SUSY} $SO(10)$ or a string-derived
 $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times SU(4)^c$ → Gauge Coupling Unif
+ Predictive Weak angle + Higgs-Mass Naturalness
+ JUST THE RIGHT SCALE for ν -osc. is VERY PRETTY

Perhaps Continuing Searches for ^④ SUSY at the upgraded LHC & that for p -decay at DUNE & HyperK will shed some light on this question.

That said, I keep an open mind & encourage searches for W_R , Z' etc at LHC.

I should add, while Nature has turned down the L-R model of CPV by Rabi & me, I still think highly of that paper & Rabi played the essential role in the development of that paper.

Since -the 1970's Rabi has gone on to make some major contributions to our field over-the last 5 decades, which have strong impact on-the growth of theory & experiments. I will indicate by listing only some of his contribs:

- ① Feynman rules For The Yang-Mills Field - Canonical Quantization → 3 Papers
2. A major player in-the growth of-the idea of L-R Symmetry (with me, Senjanovic & many others)
3. Parity as the Soln. To strong CP Problem, with (Senjanovic // Raisin // Babu // Jatta & others) → To me, an attractive and viable soln. to the strong CP Problem.
4. 2) Physics - See Saw (with Senjanovic // Among many others)
5. $n-\bar{n}$ Oscillation → With Marshak // Babu // & many others → The major player in building viable models to confront with expts (Kamyshev).

Rabi's Contris (Contd.)

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A Very Simple observation: In L-R or G(2,2,4)

$$\text{models: } Q_{em} = I_{3L} + I_{3R} + \frac{B-L}{2}$$

$$\Delta Q_{em} = 0; I_{3L} \text{ Conserved upto EW scale} \rightarrow \Delta I_{3L} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta I_{3R} = -\Delta\left(\frac{B-L}{2}\right) \quad \boxed{\text{For High Energy Physis} \\ \gg m_W}$$

For $\langle \text{Higgs} \rangle \sim \langle (1, 3_R, \bar{10}_c) \rangle$ under G(2,2,4)

$$\Rightarrow \Delta I_{3R} = \pm 1 \Rightarrow \Delta(B-L) = \mp 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{(a) } \Delta L = 0 \Rightarrow |\Delta B| = 2 \rightarrow n-\bar{n} \text{ OSC} \\ \text{(b) } \Delta B = 0 \Rightarrow |\Delta L| = 2 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{2-less } 2\beta \text{ decays} \\ \text{Majorana mass} \end{cases} \\ \text{(c) } \Delta B = -1 \Rightarrow \Delta L = +1, n \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ \end{cases}$$

6. Mirror World \rightarrow Neutron Stars - Gravity Waves \rightarrow Signals/Bounds (With Nussinov// Babu// Goldman// Zhang).

7. Many more \rightarrow Too many to list, but interesting!

In Short MOST PROLIFIC & VERSATILE

8. Goes to Rabi's credit that a large⁷ fraction of the audience of this meeting (including the virtual zoom attendees) ~~is~~

Consists of either Rabi's collaborators, like myself, or Rabi's students, spread all over the world.