



How do Large Collaborations Work? Why?

LHC-ATLAS as an Example

AGC Visit

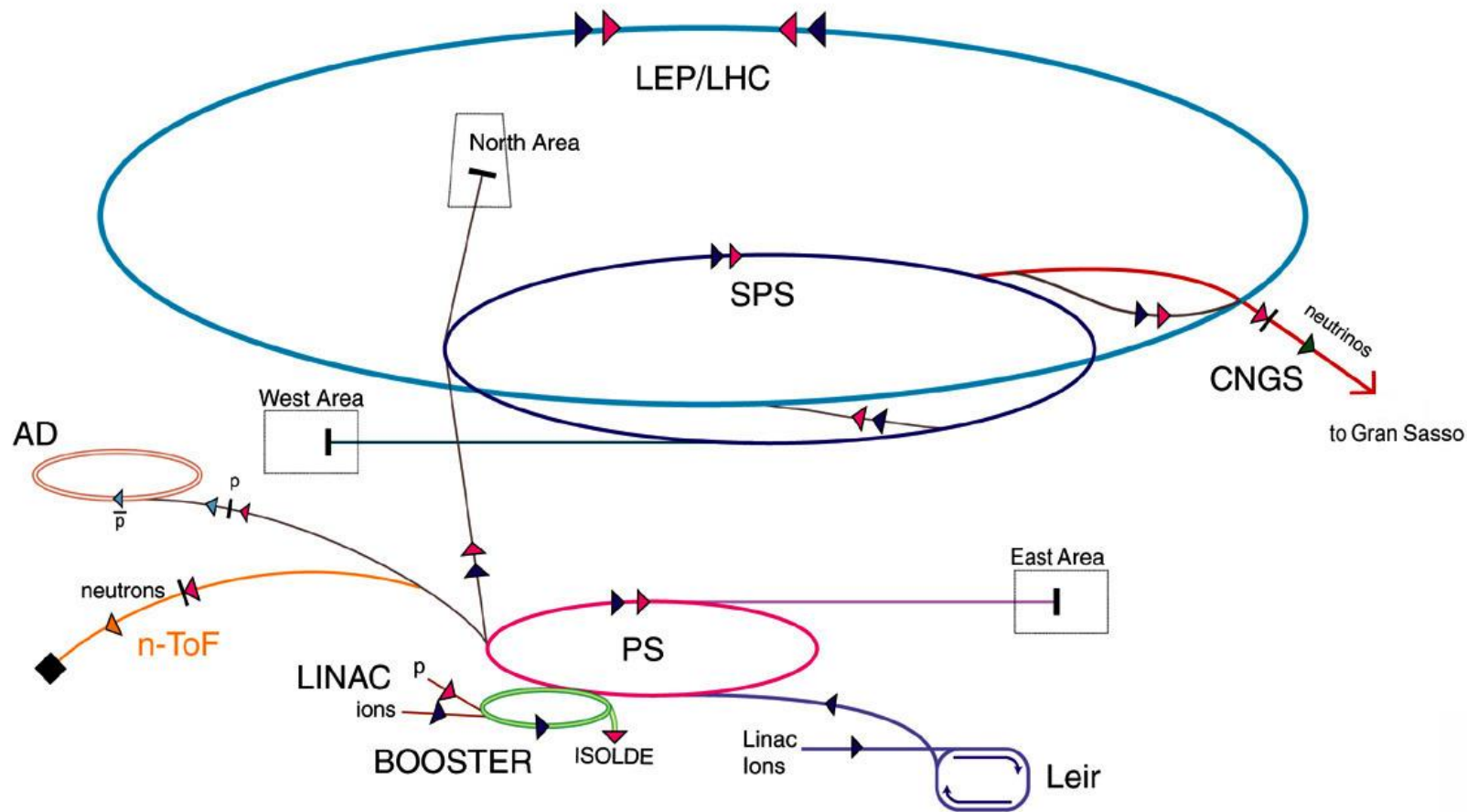
October 13, 2022

**Markus Nordberg, Head of Resources Development
Development and Innovation Unit (IPT-DI)**





Accelerator chain at CERN, a complex business

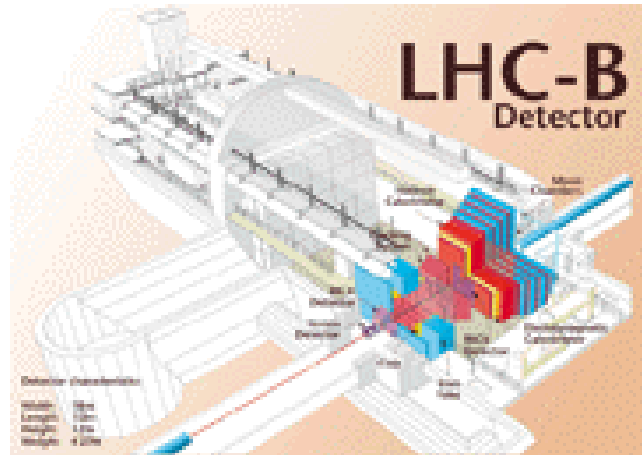
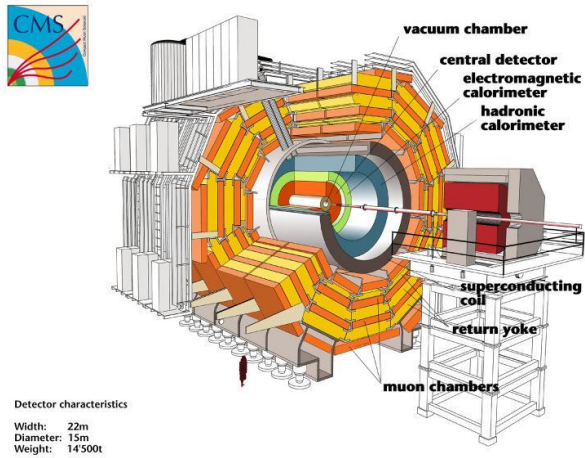
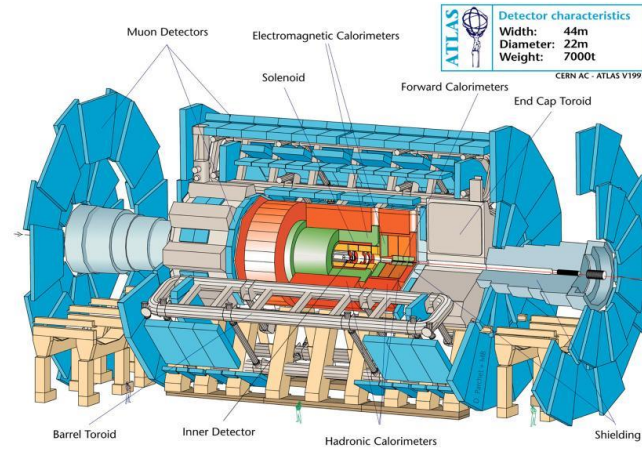
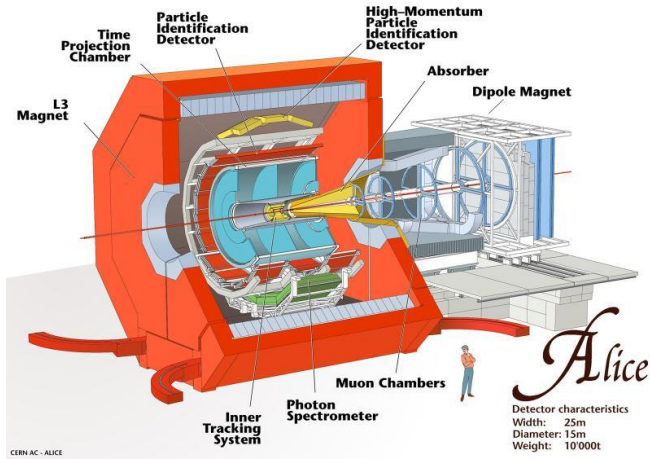


- ▶ p (proton)
- ▶ ion
- ▶ neutron
- ▶ \bar{p} (antiproton)
- ▶ \leftrightarrow proton/antiproton conversion
- ▶ neutrino

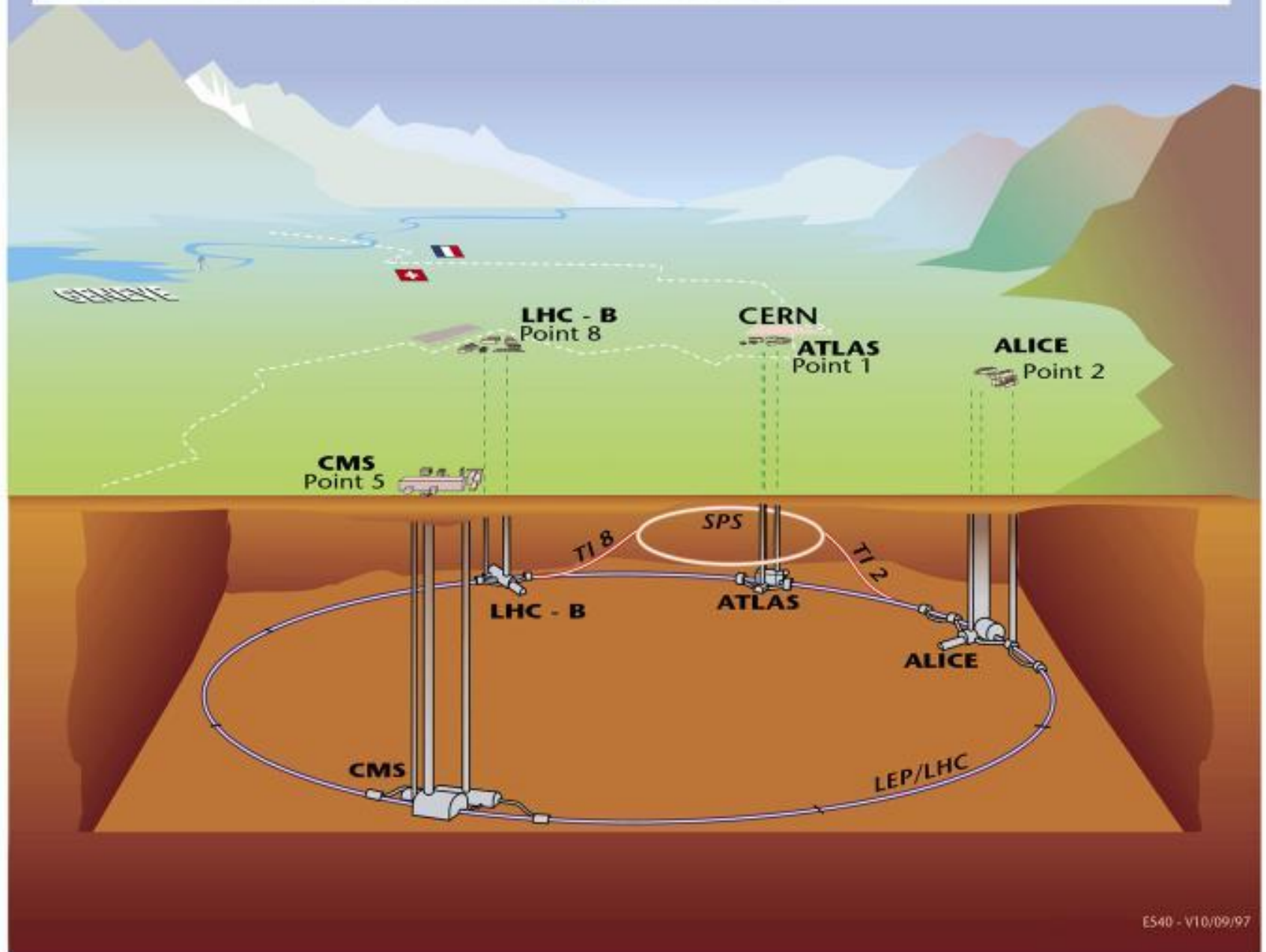
- AD Antiproton Decelerator
- PS Proton Synchrotron
- SPS Super Proton Synchrotron

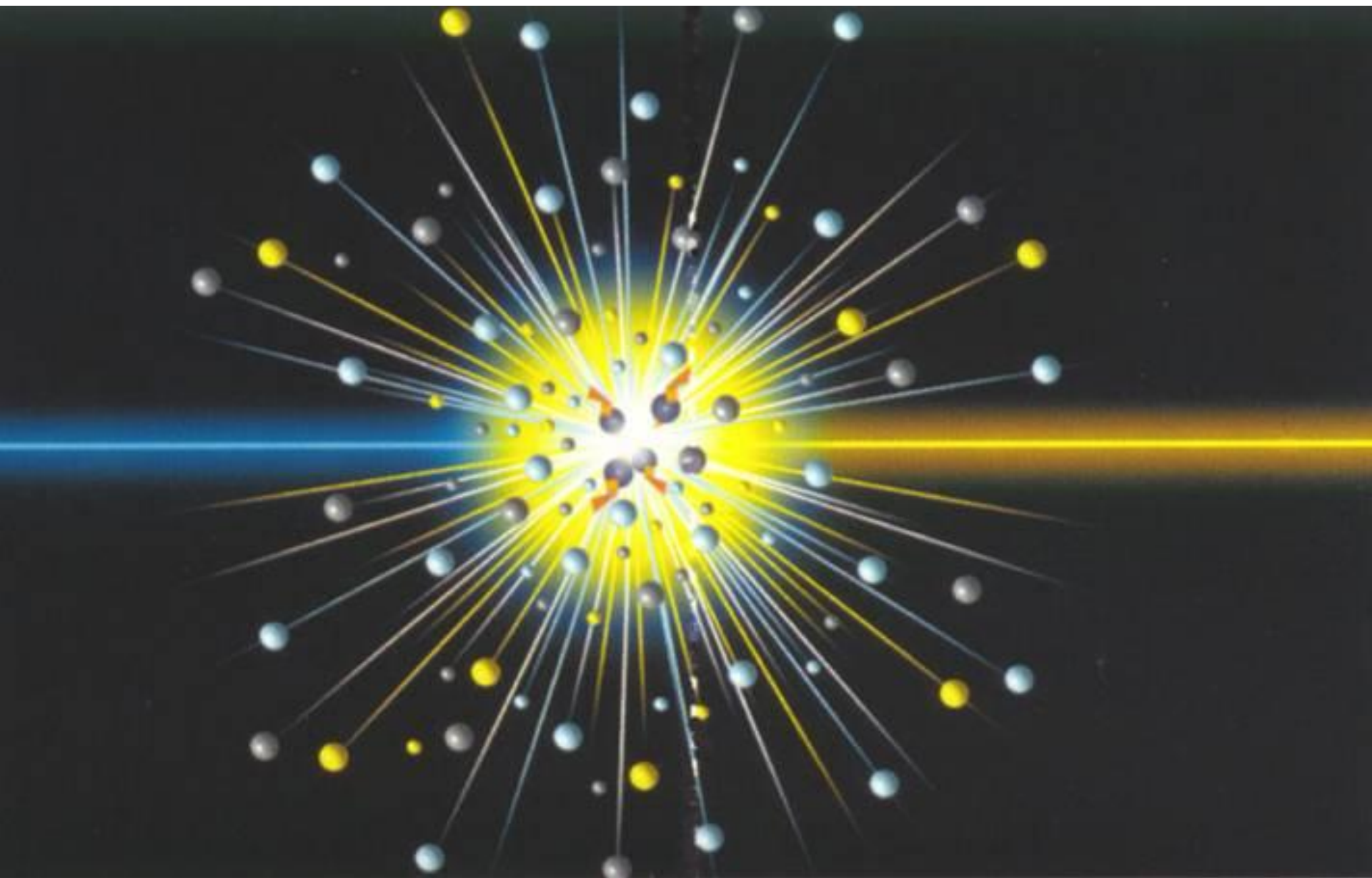
- LHC Large Hadron Collider
- n-ToF Neutron Time of Flight
- CNGS Cern Neutrinos Gran Sasso

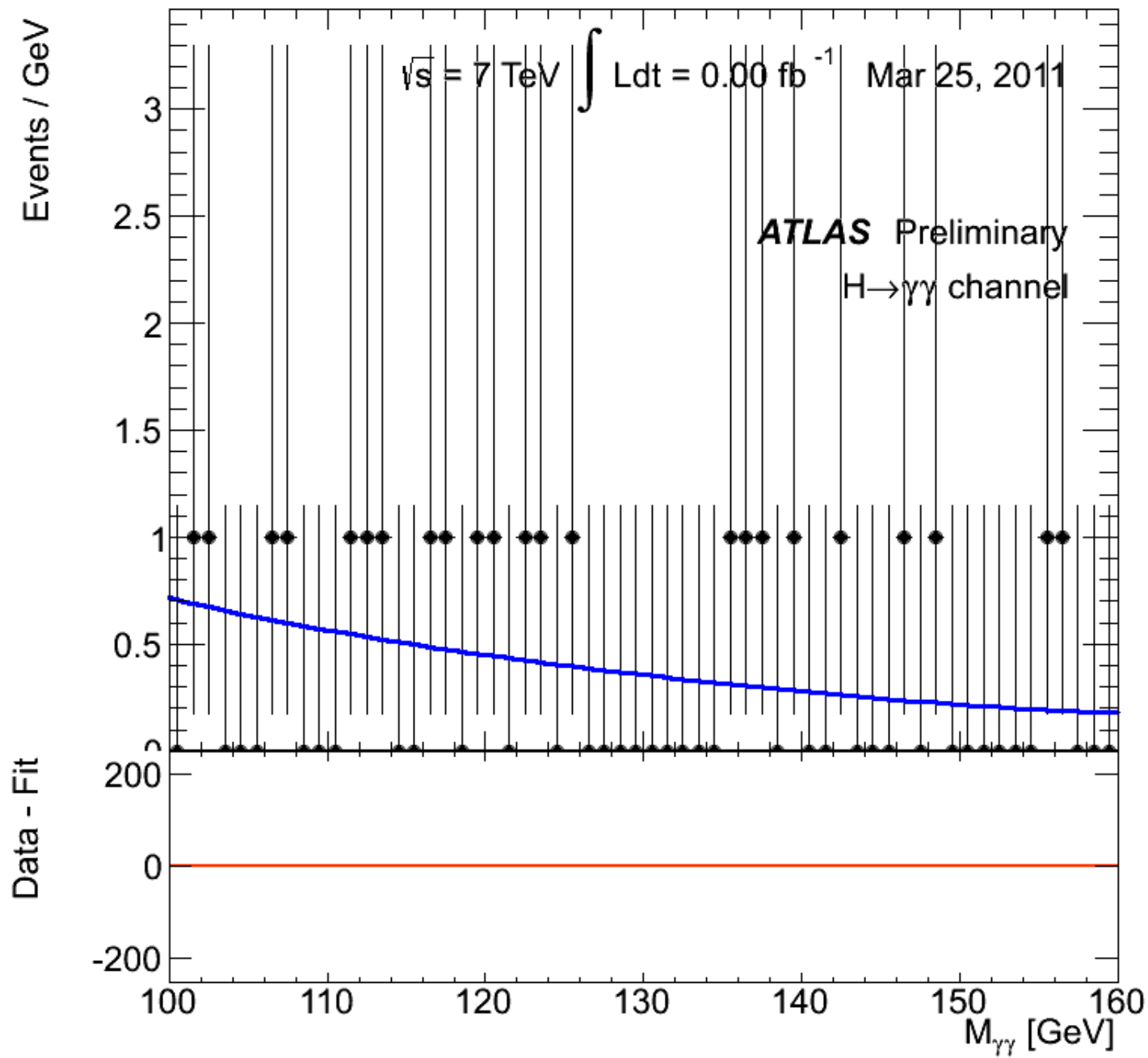
LHC Experiments



Overall view of the LHC experiments.









Albany, Alberta, NIKHEF Amsterdam, Ankara, LAPP Annecy, Argonne NL, Arizona, UT
Arlington, Athens, NTU Athens, Baku, IFAE Barcelona, Belgrade, Bergen, Berkeley LBL and UC,
HU Berlin, Bern, Birmingham, UAN Bogota, Bologna, Bonn, Boston, Brandeis, Bratislava/SAS
Kosice, Brookhaven NL, Buenos Aires, Bucharest, Cambridge, Carleton, CERN, Chinese Cluster,
Chicago, Chile, Clermont-Ferrand, Columbia, NBI Copenhagen, Cosenza, AGH UST Cracow, IFJ
PAN Cracow, UT Dallas, DESY, Dortmund, TU Dresden, JINR Dubna, Duke, Frascati, Freiburg,
Geneva, Genoa, Giessen, Glasgow, Göttingen, LPSC Grenoble, Technion Haifa, Hampton,
Harvard, Heidelberg, Hiroshima, Hiroshima IT, Indiana, Innsbruck, Iowa SU, Irvine UC,
Istanbul Bogazici, KEK, Kobe, Kyoto, Kyoto UF, Lancaster, UN La Plata, Lecce, Lisbon LIP,
Liverpool, Ljubljana, QMW London, RHBNC London, UC London, Lund, UA Madrid, Mainz,
Manchester, CPPM Marseille, Massachusetts, MIT, Melbourne, Michigan, Michigan SU, Milano,
Minsk NAS, Minsk NCPHEP, Montreal, McGill Montreal, RUPHE Morocco, FIAN Moscow, ITEP
Moscow, MEPHI Moscow, MSU Moscow, Munich LMU, MPI Munich, Nagasaki IAS, Nagoya,
Naples, New Mexico, New York, Nijmegen, BINP Novosibirsk, Ohio SU, Okayama, Oklahoma,
Oklahoma SU, Olomouc, Oregon, LAL Orsay, Osaka, Oslo, Oxford, Paris VI and VII, Pavia,
Pennsylvania, Pisa, Pittsburgh, CAS Prague, CU Prague, TU Prague, IHEP Protvino, Regina,
Ritsumeikan, UFRJ Rio de Janeiro, Rome I, Rome II, Rome III, Rutherford Appleton
Laboratory, DAPNIA Saclay, Santa Cruz UC, Sheffield, Shinshu, Siegen, Simon Fraser Burnaby,
SLAC, Southern Methodist Dallas, NPI Petersburg, Stockholm, KTH Stockholm, Stony Brook,
Sydney, AS Taipei, Tbilisi, Tel Aviv, Thessaloniki, Tokyo ICEPP, Tokyo MU, Toronto, TRIUMF,
Tsukuba, Tufts, Udine/ICTP, Uppsala, Urbana UI, Valencia,
UBC Vancouver, Victoria, Washington, Weizmann Rehovot, FH Wiener Neustadt, Wisconsin,
Wuppertal, Würzburg, Yale, Yerevan

The project comprises ~4000 people in the collaboration
+ thousand of industrial relations

Distribution of All CERN Users by Nationality as of mid-April 2019

MEMBER STATES

8066

| | |
|----------------|------|
| Austria | 119 |
| Belgium | 120 |
| Bulgaria | 86 |
| Czech Republic | 233 |
| Denmark | 62 |
| Finland | 96 |
| France | 864 |
| Germany | 1344 |
| Greece | 238 |
| Hungary | 79 |
| Israel | 65 |
| Italy | 2105 |
| Netherlands | 180 |
| Norway | 70 |
| Poland | 356 |
| Portugal | 121 |
| Romania | 137 |
| Serbia | 55 |
| Slovakia | 137 |
| Spain | 472 |
| Sweden | 99 |
| Switzerland | 229 |
| United Kingdom | 799 |

OBSERVERS

2726

| | |
|--------|------|
| Japan | 310 |
| Russia | 1205 |
| USA | 1211 |

ASSOCIATE MEMBERS

| | | |
|-----------|-----|------------|
| India | 387 | 778 |
| Lithuania | 39 | |
| Pakistan | 71 | |
| Turkey | 165 | |
| Ukraine | 116 | |

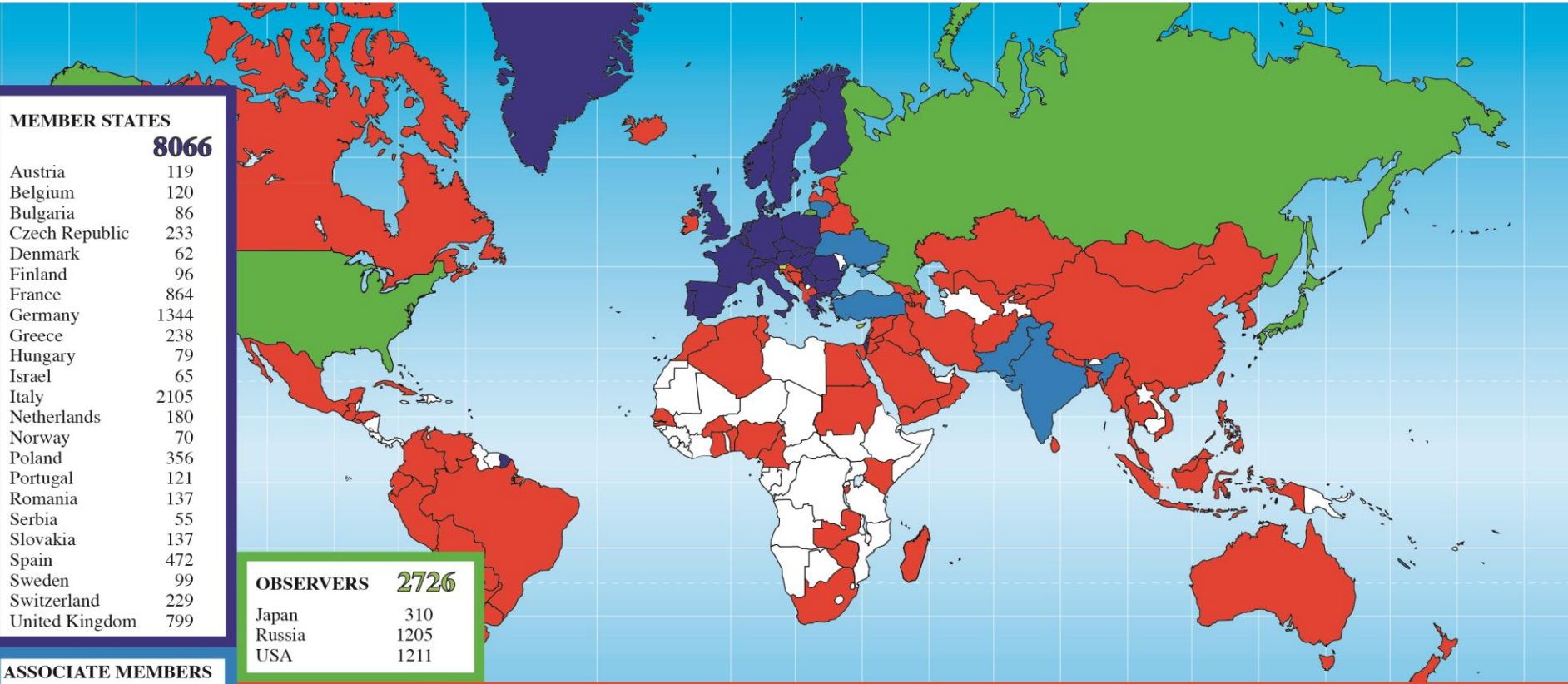
ASSOCIATE MEMBERS IN THE PRE-STAGE TO MEMBERSHIP

59

| | |
|----------|----|
| Cyprus | 26 |
| Slovenia | 33 |

OTHERS 1999

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----|----------------------|-----|-------------|----|------------|-----|-----------------|----|-----------------------|----|------------|----|
| Albania | 4 | Bolivia | 3 | Ecuador | 10 | Iraq | 1 | Malta | 9 | Palestine | 7 | Sudan | 1 |
| Algeria | 14 | Bosnia & Herzegovina | 3 | Egypt | 27 | Ireland | 13 | Mexico | 85 | Paraguay | 1 | Syria | 1 |
| Argentina | 26 | Brazil | 127 | El Salvador | 1 | Jordan | 2 | Mongolia | 2 | Peru | 6 | Taiwan | 56 |
| Armenia | 22 | Burkina Faso | 1 | Estonia | 15 | Kazakhstan | 10 | Montenegro | 11 | Philippines | 3 | Thailand | 26 |
| Australia | 36 | Burundi | 1 | Georgia | 51 | Kenya | 1 | Morocco | 24 | Saint Kitts and Nevis | 1 | Tunisia | 4 |
| Azerbaijan | 10 | Cameroon | 1 | Ghana | 1 | Korea | 183 | Myanmar | 2 | San Marino | 1 | Uruguay | 1 |
| Bahrain | 1 | Canada | 170 | Guatemala | 1 | Kyrgyzstan | 1 | Nepal | 7 | Saudi Arabia | 4 | Uzbekistan | 3 |
| Bangladesh | 8 | Chile | 21 | Hong Kong | 1 | Latvia | 4 | New Zealand | 5 | Senegal | 1 | Venezuela | 9 |
| Belarus | 45 | China | 576 | Honduras | 1 | Lebanon | 27 | Nigeria | 4 | Singapore | 5 | Viet Nam | 11 |
| Benin | 1 | Colombia | 44 | Iceland | 4 | Luxembourg | 4 | North Korea | 4 | South Africa | 56 | Zambia | 1 |
| | | Croatia | 50 | Indonesia | 11 | Madagascar | 1 | North Macedonia | 3 | Sri Lanka | 10 | Zimbabwe | 2 |
| | | Cuba | 16 | Iran | 58 | Malaysia | 22 | Oman | 3 | | | | |





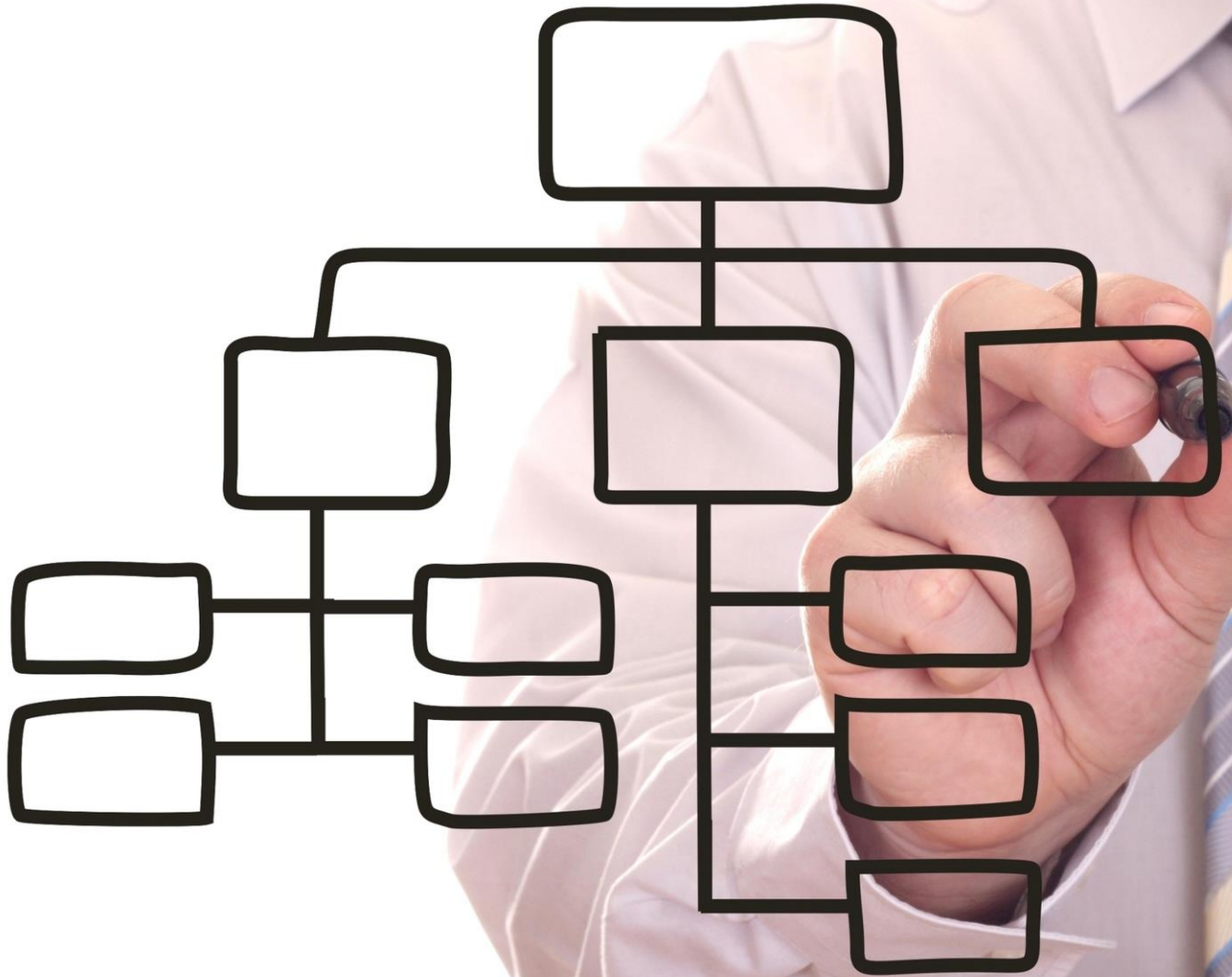






New age strategy of market penetration

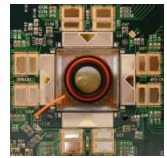
Teamwork and cooperation between all the members of an organization. Constant feedback and interaction of business people in the market is essential for success in any form of business. Further to this, the market is a dynamic and ever-changing entity. The business owner must be able to adapt to the changes in the market. The market is a complex and ever-changing entity. The business owner must be able to adapt to the changes in the market. The market is a complex and ever-changing entity. The business owner must be able to adapt to the changes in the market.







Evolution of Experiments

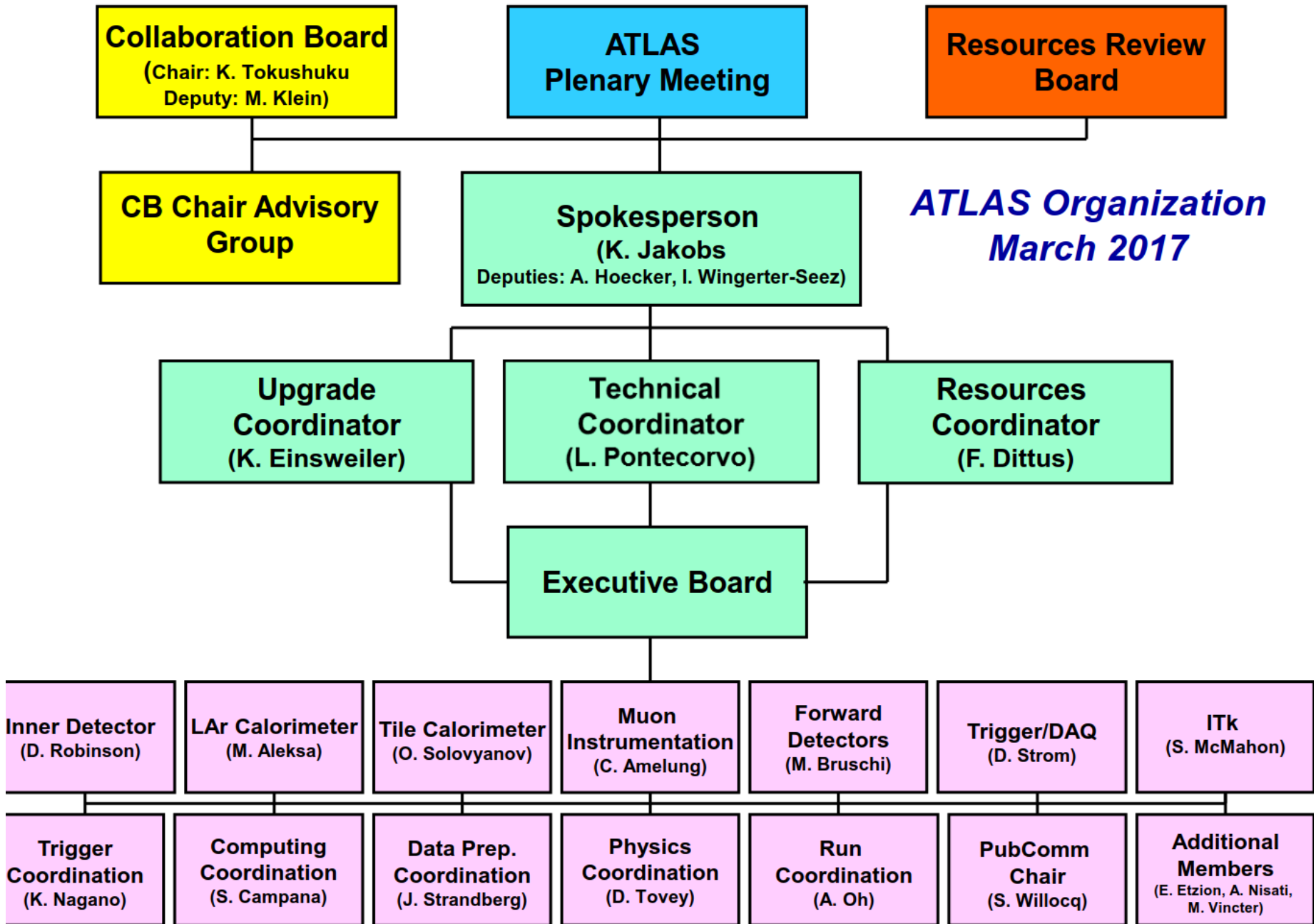


- Initial (conceptual) project planning started by informal, ad-hoc group(s) of interested scientists in mid 1980's
- Timeline
 - Late 1980's: Further R&D was needed to prove feasibility of proposed technical concepts. CERN initiated formal, generic detector R&D projects
 - Early 1990's: Bottom-up detector proposals; merging into Letters of Intent (LoI, 1992)
 - Mid 1990's: Technical Proposals (TP, 1995); sub-detector prototyping; sub-system Technical Design Reviews (TDRs)
 - Late 1990/Early 2000's: Approval of Cost Book; signing of MoU; start of detector modules manufacturing (always following a Production Readiness Review PRR and respective TDRs); start of installation at CERN (cavern handed over in 2003)
 - Mid 2000's: Installation, commissioning of Detectors in the cavern; completed in 2008 for initial runs
- Initial project coordination was implicit and handled by the contact persons for the early proposals. After LoI in 1992, the project coordination was carried out by elected mgmt teams
 - Later on, reporting interactions got defined and set up in the MoU (signed in 1998)



Memorandum of Understanding (MoU)

- The Project Charter is the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU)
- Legally non-binding agreement based on best effort
- Drafted between **CERN** (Host Lab) and **Funding Agencies**, the MoU describes the sharing of detector hardware construction responsibilities and costs
- Relationship between the Host Lab and ATLAS broadly defined
- Fundamental principle of *deliverables* (in-kind contributions)
 - Potluck party
 - Deliverables grouped around **sub-projects**
 - Items not pledged for are pooled centrally, funds collected as “tax”
- The construction cost envelope in 1995 Swiss Francs was 475 MCHF
 - Direct costs, excluding manpower, R&D, institute infrastructure, prototyping, VAT
 - Major exchange rates fixed (e.g. $\$/CHF=1.1$; $GBP/CHF =1.8$)
 - No centralized budget contingency
 - CERN provides technical infrastructure support, but is also a participating scientific institute
- Project personnel (management, project leaders, coordinators) are elected by the **community**
- Participating institutes have equal voting rights



Charged-particle multiplicities in pp interactions at $\sqrt{s} = 900$ GeV measured with the ATLAS detector at the LHC $\star, \star\star$

ATLAS Collaboration

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ABSTRACT

The first measurements from proton-proton collisions recorded with the ATLAS detector at the LHC are presented. Data were collected in December 2009 using a minimum-bias trigger during collisions at a centre-of-mass energy of 900 GeV. The charged-particle multiplicity, its dependence on transverse momentum and pseudorapidity, and the relationship between mean transverse momentum and charged-particle multiplicity are measured for events with at least one charged particle in the kinematic region $|\eta| < 2.5$ and $p_T > 500$ MeV. The measurements are compared to Monte Carlo models of proton-proton collisions and to results from other experiments at the same centre-of-mass energy. The charged-particle multiplicity per event and unit of pseudorapidity at $\eta = 0$ is measured to be 1.333 ± 0.003 (stat. \pm 0.040)(syst.), which is 5–15% higher than the Monte Carlo models predict.

1. Introduction

Inclusive charged-particle distributions have been measured in pp and $p\bar{p}$ collisions at a range of different centre-of-mass energy [1]. Many of these measurements have been used to constrain phenomenological models of soft-hadronic interactions and to properties at higher centre-of-mass energies. Most of the previous charged-particle multiplicity measurements were obtained by selection data with a double-arm coincidence trigger, thus removing large fractions of diffractive events. The data were then further corrected to remove the remaining single-diffractive component. This selection is referred to as non-single-diffractive (NSD). In some cases, despite inelastic non-diffractive, the residual double-diffractive component was also subtracted. The selection of NSD or inelastic non-diffractive charged-particle spectra involves model-dependent corrections for the diffractive components and for effects of the trigger selectivity with no charged particles within the acceptance of the detector. The measurement presented in this Letter implements a diffractive strategy, which uses a single-arm trigger overlapping with the acceptance of the tracking volume. Results are presented as inclusive distributions, with minimal model-dependence, by requiring one charged particle within the acceptance of the measurement. This Letter reports on a measurement of primary charged particles with a momentum component transverse to the beam direction.

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ATLAS Collaboration

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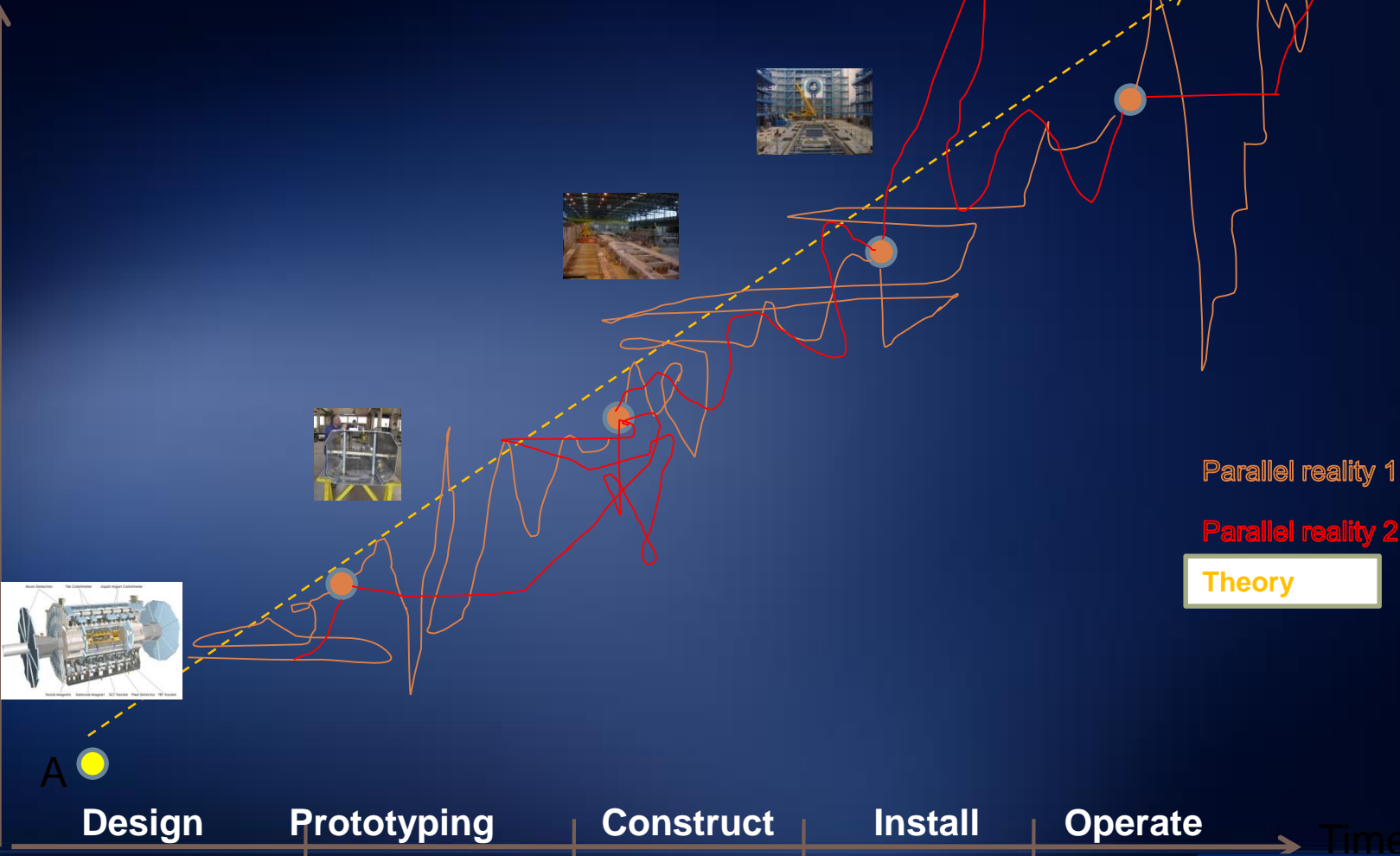
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Implementing Strategy is Not Linear



Progress



Parallel reality 1

Parallel reality 2

Theory

Design

Prototyping

Construct

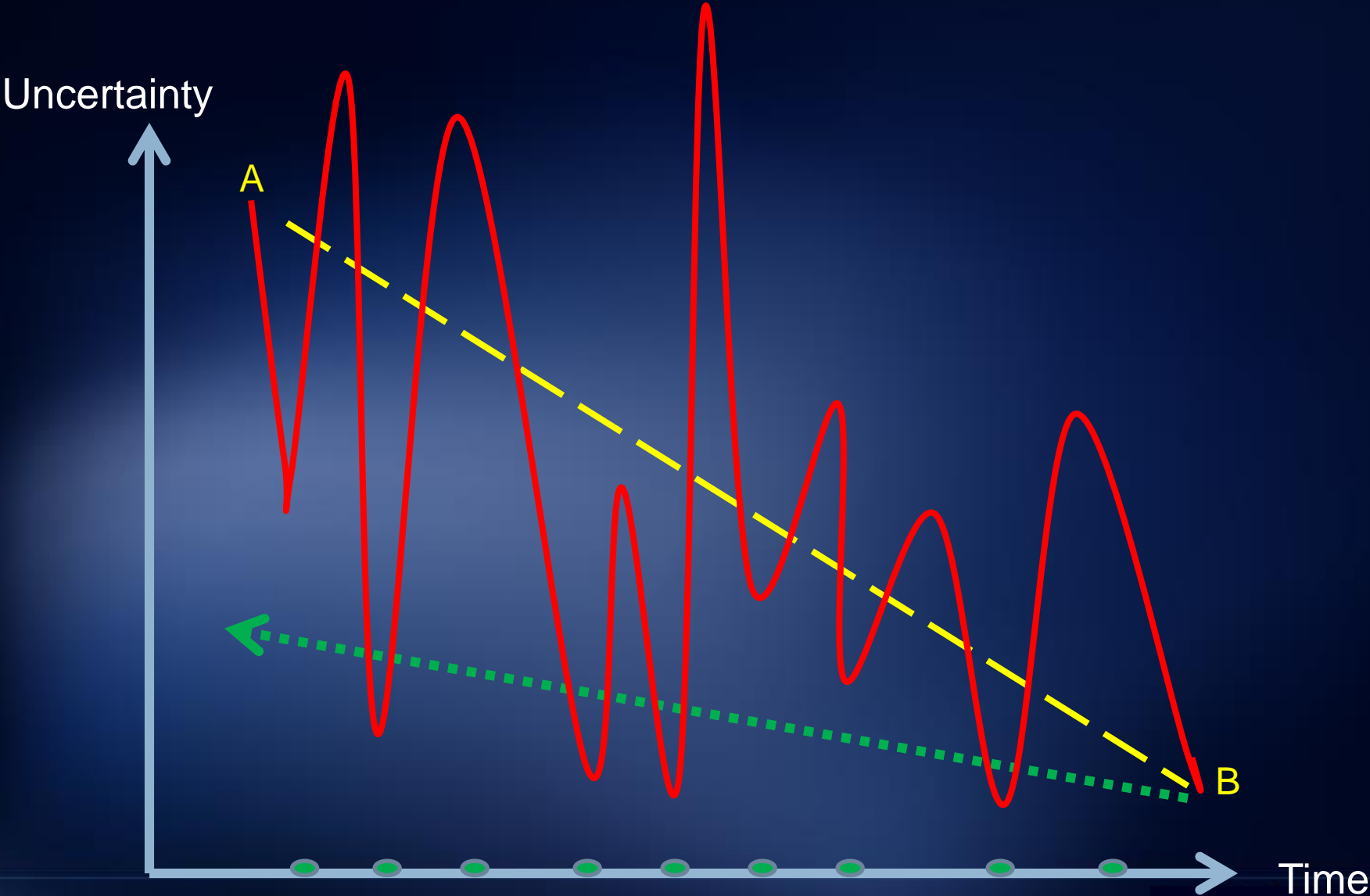
Install

Operate

Time



Absorbing vs. Reducing Uncertainty



1. Vision

2. Commitment

3. Tolerance

Communitarian Bonds



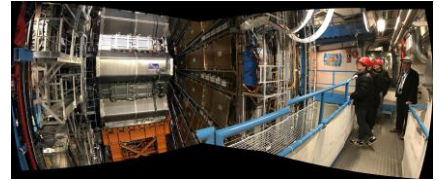
- Shared Vision
 - One common aim of “Out of this world” discoveries; such as the Higgs
 - Better understanding of the fundamental forces and particle (Big Bang)
- Shared Commitment
 - Passion to “Can-do”
 - Members of Collaborations prepared to solve the encountered technological (and human) challenges
 - Willingness to accept also less glorious tasks for the common good
 - Some have been working for LHC Experiments since mid 1980s...
 - Trust in colleagues fulfilling their commitments (MoU)
- Shared Tolerance
 - Willingness to work together, irrespective of geographical location or language barriers
 - Willingness to share information
 - Principle of “Raw Diamond”

Simple Micro Rules



- Allow people to dream (5% makes already a difference)
- Tolerate diversity
- Let the physics decide, not the hierarchy
- Collaborate and compete
- Question and justify – Respect the Dukes of Doubt rather than Kings of Truth

Simple Macro Rules (2)



- Set up Collaboration structures that respect individual freedom and which do not impose formal authority
- Elect leaders based on technical competence, credibility and trust rather than ego and authority
- Allow ad-hoc expert teams to emerge and quickly respond to encountered scientific and technical hurdles
- Keep everyone on board, give everyone a voice
- Set up peer review processes and arbitration mechanisms

Cultures of Experiments



- There are several underlying sub-cultures in LHC Experiments
 - Physics culture versus Engineering culture
 - Hardware oriented culture versus software/computing etc.
 - Sub-system cultures (e.g in ATLAS, "LAr culture versus Muons culture")
 - Geographical cultures ("North versus South; West versus East"; languages)
- Such cultural diversity originates itself from
 - Global nature of modern high energy physics (ca 40 countries, 70 nationalities)
 - Decentralized nature of resources, diverse funding sources
 - Different ways to account and organize resources
- Project cycles and dominating cultures
 - Sub-system/engineering culture more dominant during construction
 - Physics culture very strong during project definition (design); then resurfaces when physics analysis starts

How are (tough) decisions made?



- Consensus-driven approach
- Bottom-up approach, in consultation with Experiment management
 - Management can't dictate, instead coordinates and steers the process
- Keep everyone on board!
- “Factorize” the encountered problems as much as possible
- Working groups come up with alternative solutions, they select and propose the most suitable one
- Leave tough decisions to the last possible moment (without compromising the schedule)
- Collaboration Board approves collaboration actions (one institute, one vote)
- Financial matters approved in the Resources Review Board
 - But I do not recall in ATLAS over 12 years no voting

Conclusions



- LHC Experiments are large scientific projects that can be described as
 - Complex, disruptive
 - Global
 - Culturally diverse
 - Shared vision, passion, commitment and tolerance
 - Efforts made to hear the individual
- They are not managed like a corporation
- Instead,
 - Run by self-managed individuals and teams
 - Have a Spokesperson, not a CEO
 - Guided by engagement, discussions, trial & trust, and justification rather than hierarchical powers or ex-ante directives
 - A challenge for coordination ...
- So *what* is it?
 - Your comments and views would be much appreciated!