



Search for $\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$ decays with CMS experiment at LHC

Nimantha Perera, on behalf of the CMS Collaboration
Department of Physics, University of Ruhuna, Sri Lanka

*nimantha.perera@cern.ch



Motivation

Lepton Flavour Violation (LFV) is allowed in the standard model extended to include neutrino mass.

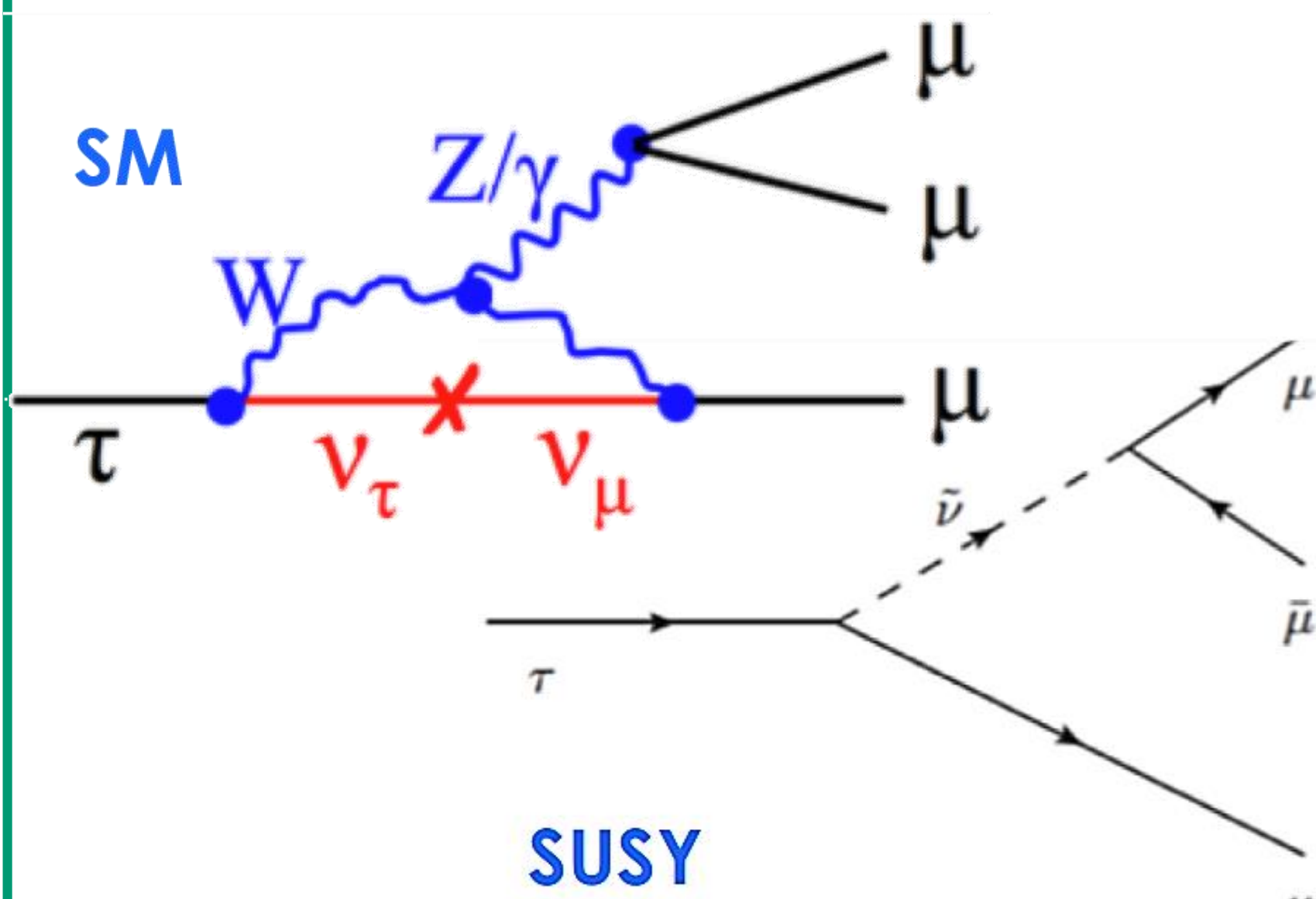
LFV has never been observed as of yet.

Suppressed in the Standard Model:
BranchingRatio

$$\tau \rightarrow 3\mu(\text{SM}) \sim \mathcal{O}(10^{-54}) [1]$$

Enhanced BR in SUSY, 2HDM:
BranchingRatio

$$\tau \rightarrow 3\mu(\text{BSM}) \sim \mathcal{O}(10^{-7} \div 10^{-9}) [2][3]$$



SUSY

Search for $\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$ @ Colliders

YEAR	EXPERIMENT	EXP.[*]	OBS[*]	[*] X 10 ⁻⁸ @ 90% CL	[*]
2010	Belle	-	2.1	$ee \rightarrow \tau\tau$	[4]
2010	BaBar	4.0	3.2	$ee \rightarrow \tau\tau$	[5]
2014	LHCb	5.0	4.6	HF channel - Run I	[6]
2016	ATLAS	39	38	W channel - Run I	[7]
2020	CMS	6.9	8.0	HF + W - 2016	[8]

Heavy Flavour (HF)

($D \rightarrow \tau\nu$, $B \rightarrow \tau\nu\dots$, $B \rightarrow D(\tau\nu)\dots$)

Large cross section, low pT, high η , high bkg

Vector Boson (W)

Small cross section, high pT, low bkg

CMS IS EXPLORING BOTH

Perspectives

Run II, pp @ 13 TeV: Analysis at final stages

2017: 38 fb⁻¹ 2018: 59.7 fb⁻¹

• Higher statistics \rightarrow Higher sensitivity and larger statistics to train Multi-Variate discriminators

• CMS detector in 2017 and 2018: improved pixel detector \rightarrow improved vertex reconstruction and track momentum resolution

Analysis Strategy

Search for a bump at nominal τ mass peak in the invariant mass of the 3μ system.

Heavy Flavour (HF)

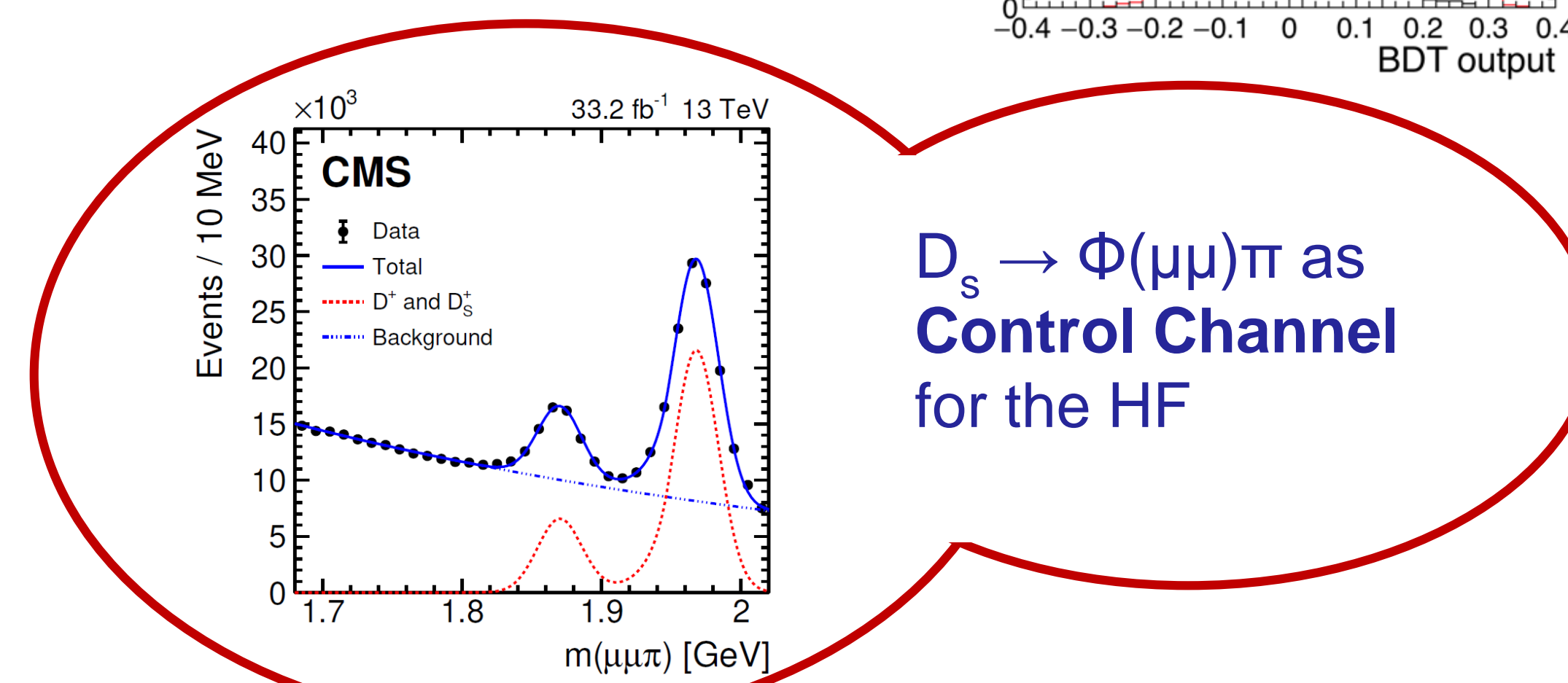
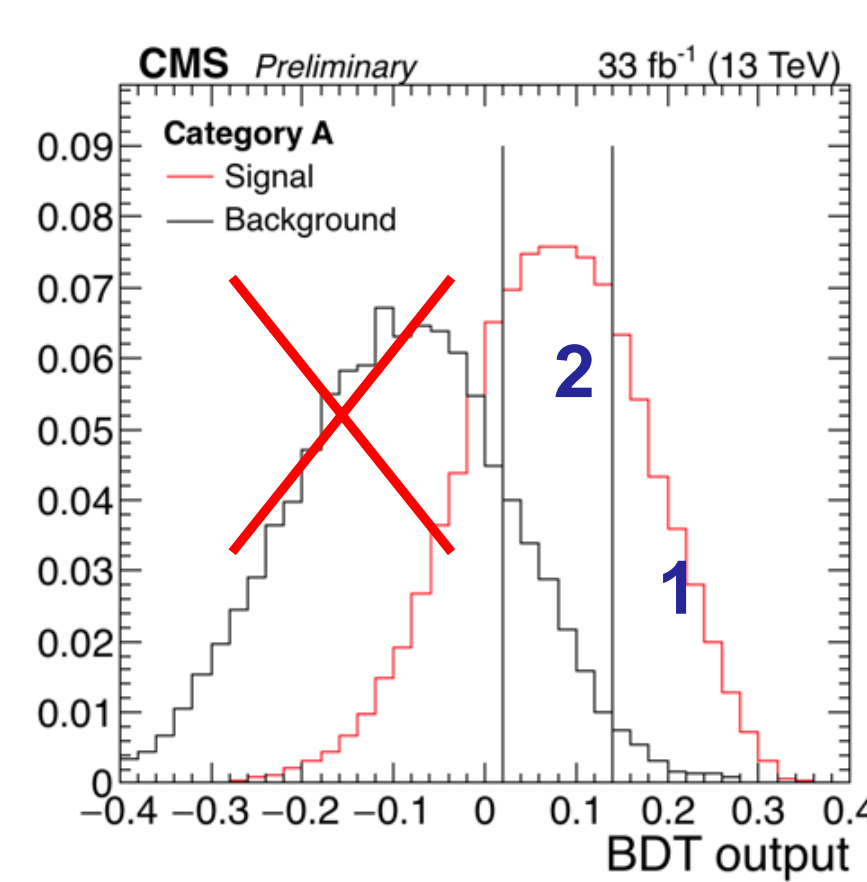
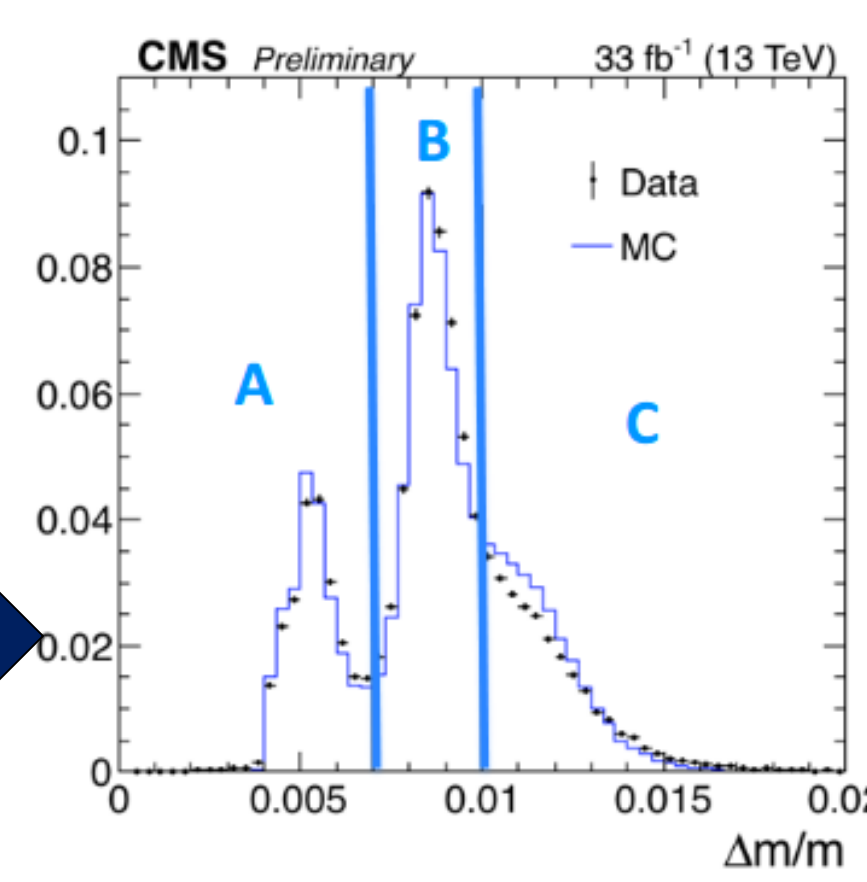
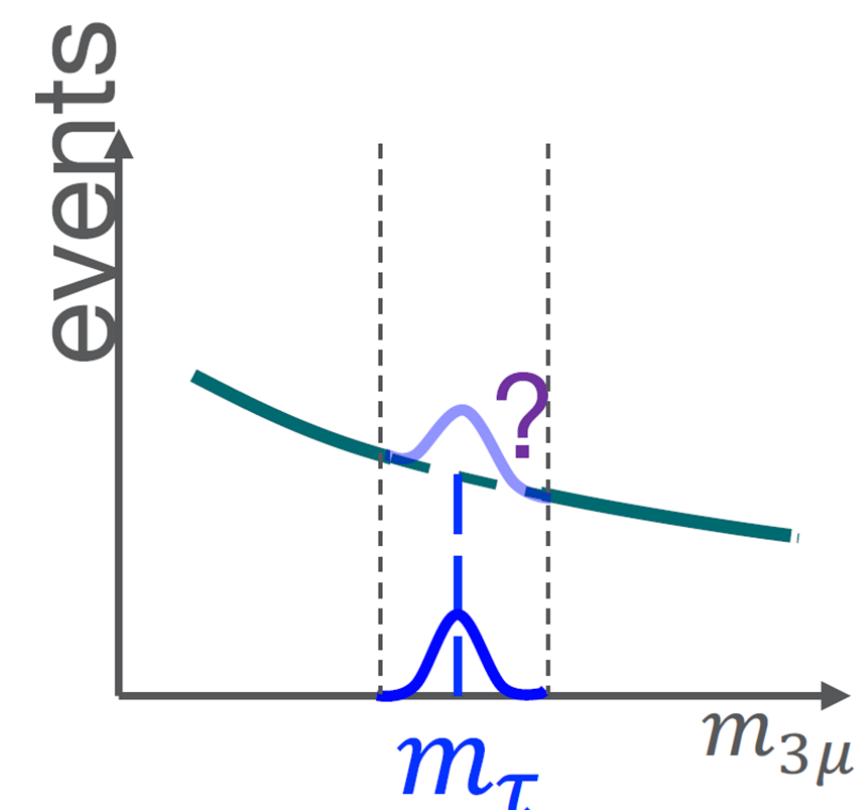
Signal MC Data
Online : Dedicated Trigger
Low pt $\mu\mu$ pairs + 1 track forming displaced common vertex

Offline Selections:
Reproduce HLT, Reconstruction of final-state muons

Event categories based on mass resolution $m(3\mu)$

Train Boosted Decision Tree for signal-background separation.
Signal: MC Bkg.: Data in mass sidebands

Limit on $\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow 3\mu)$ from maximum likelihood fit on invariant mass shape.



$D_s \rightarrow \Phi(\mu\mu)\pi$ as Control Channel for the HF

W Channel

Online : Dedicated Trigger
 $\mu\mu$ pairs + 1 track forming isolated τ candidate

Efficiency corrections (trigger, μ ID) applied to MC

Event categorization: Barrel and endcap

Train Boosted Decision Tree for signal-background separation.
Signal: MC Bkg.: Data in mass sidebands

Limit on $\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow 3\mu)$ from maximum likelihood fit on invariant mass shape.

Results – 2016 Data

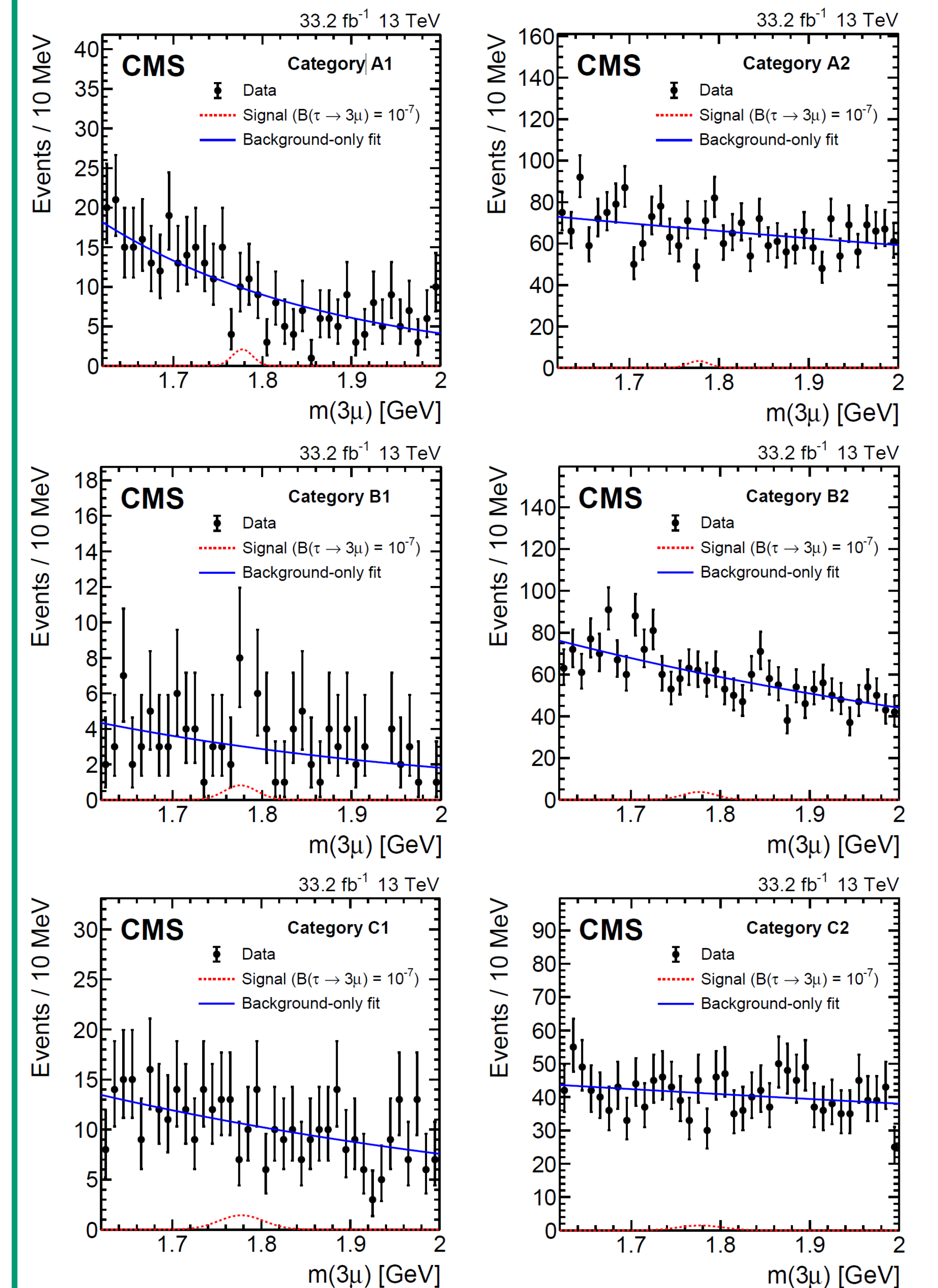
Heavy Flavour (HF)

Signal extracted from a maximum likelihood fit in each category.

MC \rightarrow Crystal Ball

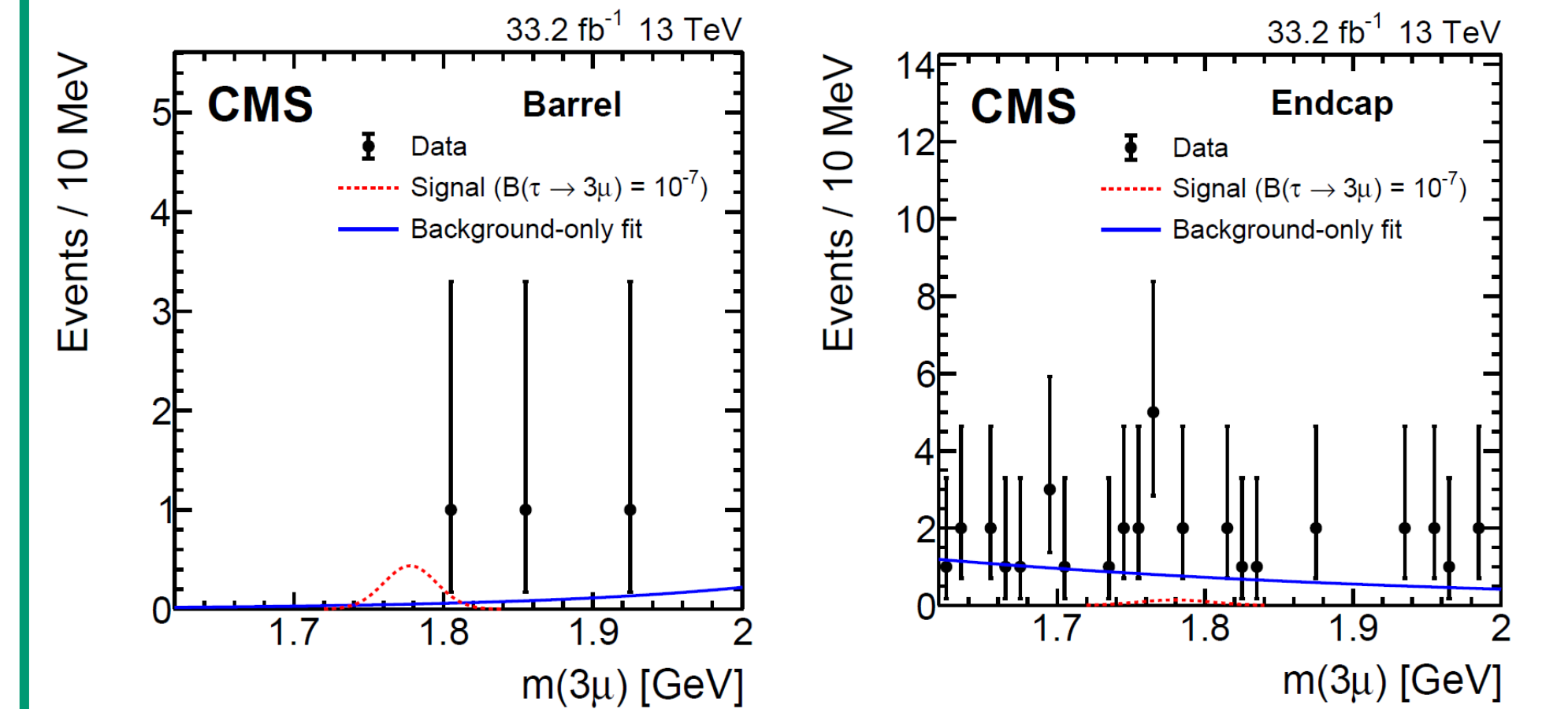
Background \rightarrow Exponential + Polynomial

Systematics \rightarrow Nuisance Parameters



Observed (expected) $\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow 3\mu) = 9.2 (10.0)10^{-8}$ at 90% C.L.

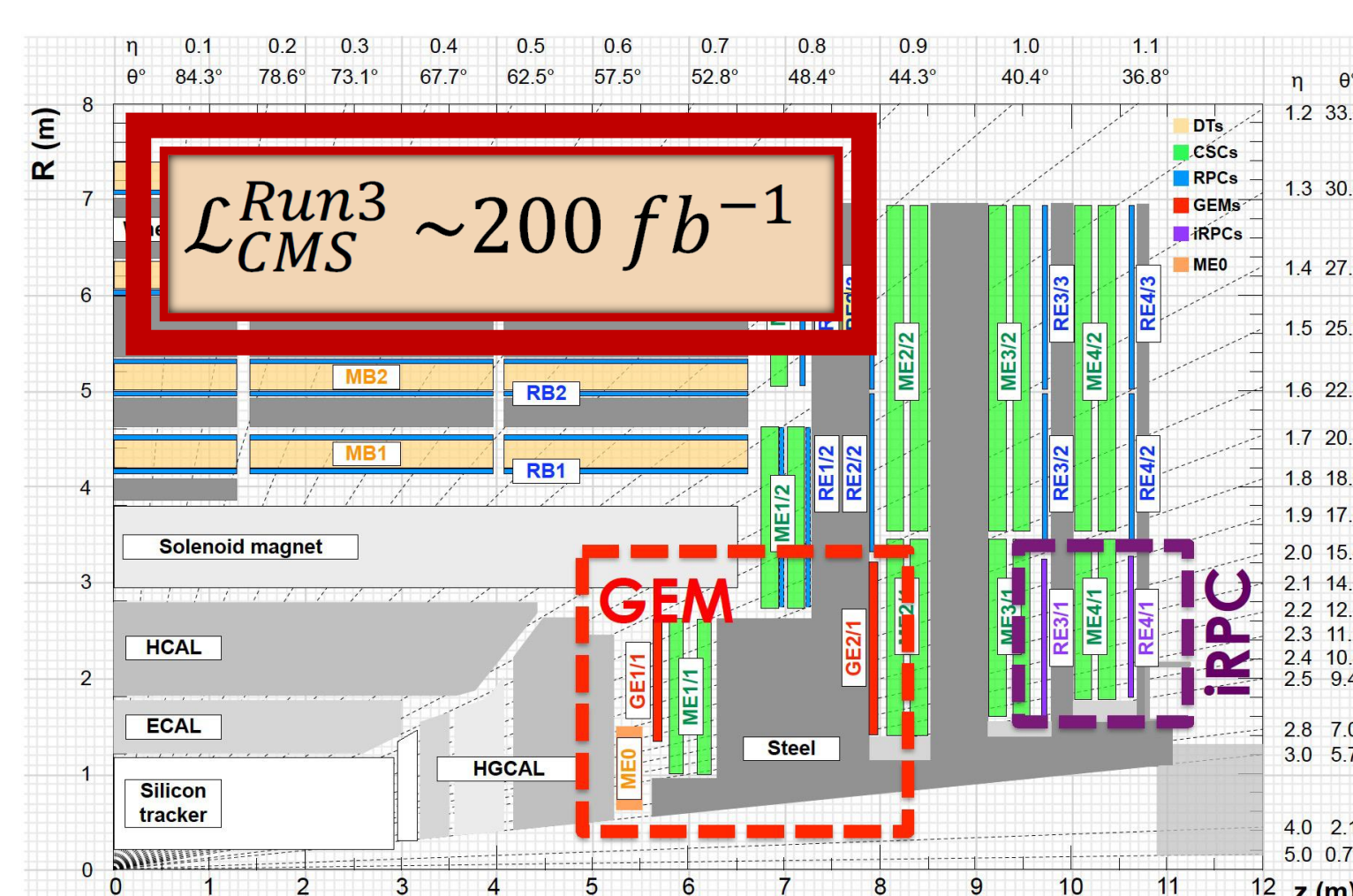
W Channel



Observed (expected) $\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow 3\mu) = 19.5 (12.9)10^{-8}$ at 90% C.L.

Combined

Observed (expected) $\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow 3\mu) = 8.0 (6.9)10^{-8}$ at 90% C.L.



Dedicated trigger path in place:

• Goal: lowering the pT threshold to enhance the signal acceptance while keeping similar rates as 2018.

New tools in Run 3:

- Level-1 trigger: implementation of a 3- μ invariant mass object
- CSC-GEM segment ($1.6 < |\eta| < 2.1$) (Not yet completed)
 - improved momentum resolution at L1 trigger
 - Extended eta coverage

Bibliography:

- [1] Eur. Phys. J. C 79, 84 (2019)
- [2] Phys. Rev. D 77, 073010 (2018)
- [3] Phys. Rev. Lett., 89, 241802 (2002)
- [4] Phys. Lett. B 687, p139-143 (2010)
- [5] Phys. Rev. D 81, 111101 (2010)
- [6] J. High Energy. Phys 02-2015, 121, (2015)
- [7] Eur. Phys. J. C 76, 232 (2016)
- [8] J. High Energy. Phys. 2021, 163 (2021)

Acknowledgments:

State Ministry of Skills Development, Vocational Education, Research & Innovation, Government of Sri Lanka

Posters@LHCC: 29 Nov 2022, CERN, Geneva (Switzerland)

Nimantha Perera
Department of Physics, University of Ruhuna, Sri Lanka
nimantha.perera@cern.ch