



Search for leptonic charge asymmetry in $t\bar{t}W$ in final states with three charged leptons with the ATLAS detector

LHCC meeting poster session – 29 Nov 2022

- The top-antitop quark pair production in association with a W boson ($t\bar{t}W$) is one of the most **phenomenologically rich** and **intriguing** processes
- The charge asymmetry in $t\bar{t}W$ is **enhanced** with respect to $t\bar{t}$ production at the expense of low statistics [1, 2]
- Analysis event selection: $N_\ell(e/\mu) = 3$, $p_T^\ell: \geq 30, \geq 20, \geq 15$ GeV, $|\eta^\ell| < 2.5$, $\sum \text{charges} = \pm 1$, $m_{\ell\ell}^{\text{OSSF}} > 30$ GeV, $p_T^j > 20$ GeV, $|\eta^j| < 2.5$, DL1r 77% WP

		NLO+PS	13 TeV
$t\bar{t}$	σ [pb]	661 ^{+15%} _{-13%}	
	A_c^t [%]	0.45 ^{+0.09} _{-0.06}	
$t\bar{t}W$	σ [fb]	587 ^{+13%} _{-12%}	
	A_c^t [%]	2.24 ^{+0.43} _{-0.32} (19%)	
	A_c^ℓ [%]	-13.16 ^{-0.81} _{-1.12} (6%)	

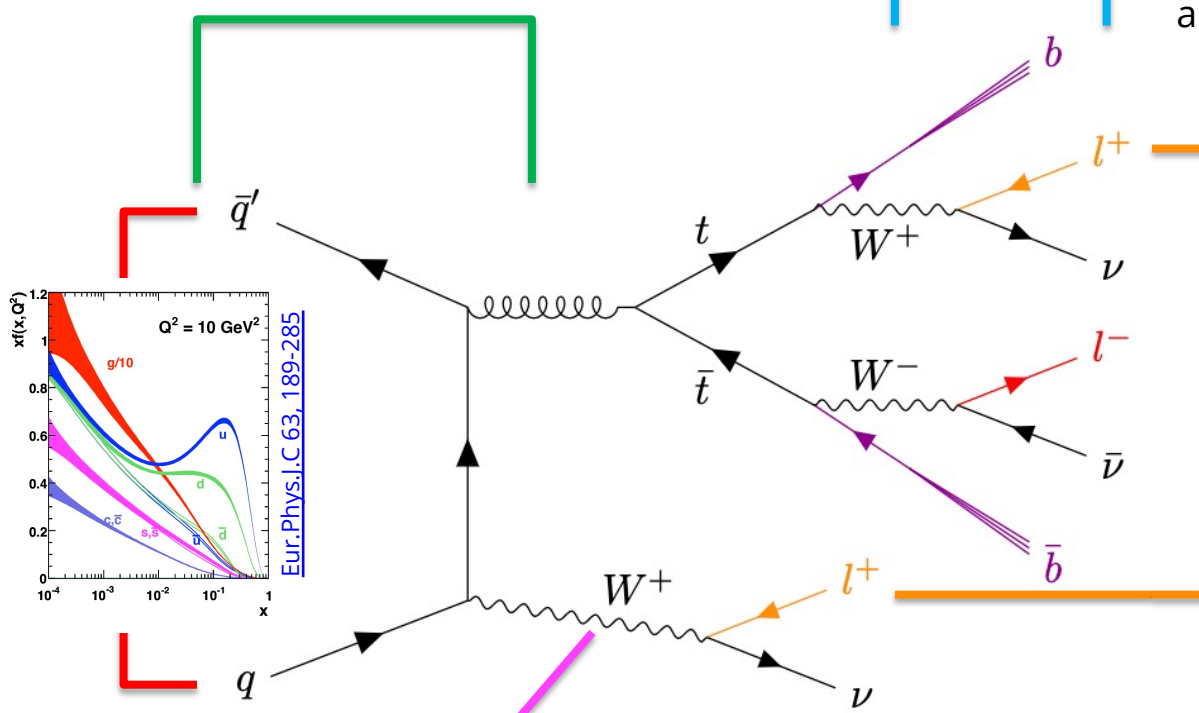
Anatomy of $t\bar{t}W$ production

$t\bar{t}W$ Production

- At LO QCD it can only occur via $q\bar{q}'$ annihilation, qg diagrams open at NLO
- Absence of symmetric gg initial state + emission of W^\pm gauge boson = **large** A_c^ℓ prediction
- A_c^ℓ is independent from $t\bar{t}W$ production rate

$t\bar{t}W^+$ vs $t\bar{t}W^-$

- $t(\bar{t})$ quark momentum is connected to $q(\bar{q})$ longitudinal momentum
- Typically $p_u > p_d > p_{\bar{u}} \approx p_{\bar{d}}$
- Therefore, top quarks have on average larger $|\eta_t|$ values
- Thus, $u\bar{d} \rightarrow t\bar{t}W^+$ has a **larger** charge asymmetry than $d\bar{u} \rightarrow t\bar{t}W^-$ production



- W^\pm boson **polarises** $q\bar{q}'$ pair = asymmetric top decay products at LO

$t\bar{t}W$ Signature: $3\ell + 2b\text{-jets} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$

- 3ℓ channel $\mathcal{BR} \sim 1.1\%$ of total $t\bar{t}W$ cross-section
- Only channel with **dileptonic** decay of top-antitop quark pair
- Main background processes are $t\bar{t}Z$ and $t\bar{t}$ (non-prompt leptons)

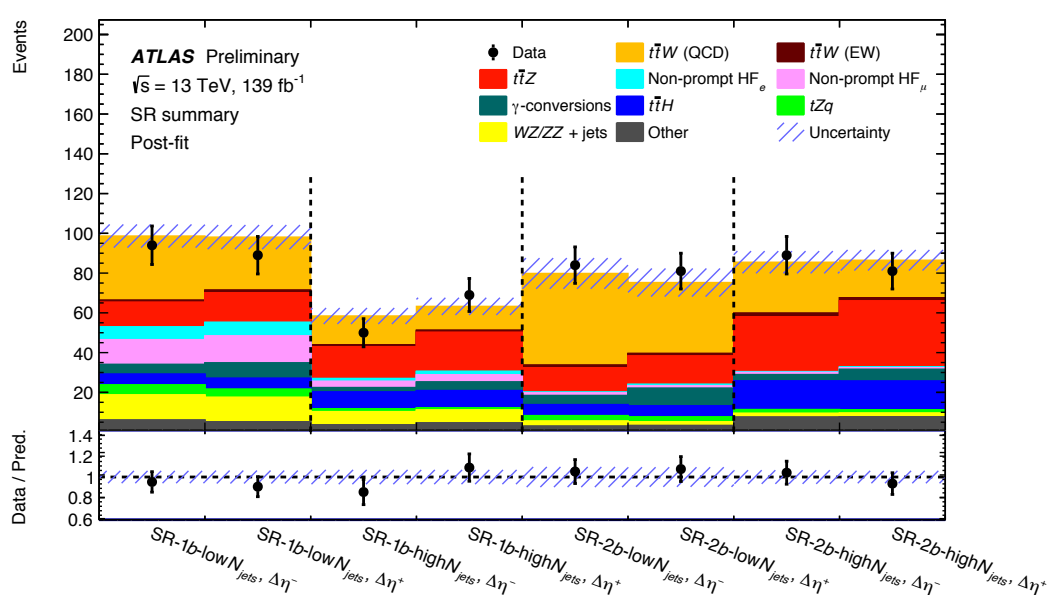
Improved assignment of **even** lepton using **ML techniques**

- Odd lepton**: always from (anti)top quark
- Even leptons**: need to select the correct one
- We make use of a k-fold cross validation with 5 folds
- $m_{lb0}, m_{lb1}, \Delta R_{lb0}, \Delta R_{lb1}, p_T$
- Accuracy of BDT $\sim 71\%$ across all folds

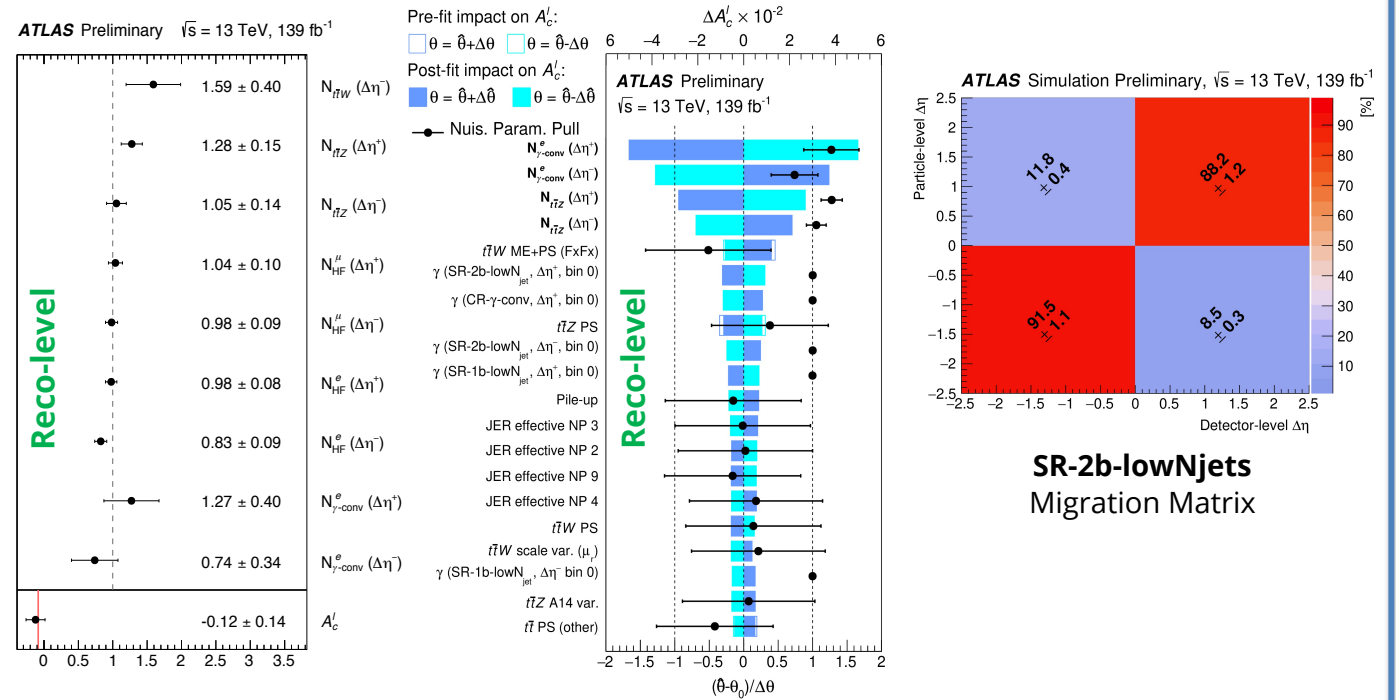
Analysis Strategy

$$\text{Leptonic Charge Asymmetry: } A_c^\ell = \frac{N(\Delta_\eta^\ell > 0) - N(\Delta_\eta^\ell < 0)}{N(\Delta_\eta^\ell > 0) + N(\Delta_\eta^\ell < 0)}, \text{ with } \Delta_\eta^\ell = |\eta_\ell^-| - |\eta_\ell^+|$$

Analysis Regions



- Regions split into jet/ b -jet multiplicity, $\Delta_\eta^\ell > 0$ and $\Delta_\eta^\ell < 0$
- Free-floating NFs for main backgrounds: $N_{t\bar{t}Z}$, $N_{t\bar{t}W}^e$, $N_{t\bar{t}H}^H$ and $N_{\gamma\text{-conv}}^e$ (splitted in Δ_η^ℓ)
- 2 signal NFs splitted in Δ_η^ℓ are **reparameterised** to extract A_c^ℓ directly from the fit
- Binned Maximum Profile-Likelihood fit**
- Unfolding** to particle-level (PL) fiducial phase-space



- SRs and CR- γ -conv are unfolded via **response matrices** along with all signal systematic variations in those regions
- Analysis strongly limited by data statistics

Reco-level: $A_c^\ell(t\bar{t}W) = -0.123 \pm 0.136$ (stat.) ± 0.051 (syst.)

Expected: $A_c^\ell(t\bar{t}W)_{SM} = -0.084 \pm 0.005$ (scale) ± 0.006 (MC stat.)

Unfolded: $A_c^\ell(t\bar{t}W)^{PL} = -0.112 \pm 0.170$ (stat.) ± 0.055 (syst.)

Expected: $A_c^\ell(t\bar{t}W)_{SM}^{PL} = -0.063 \pm 0.007$ (scale) ± 0.004 (MC stat.)

CONF-Note: [ATLAS-CONF-2022-062](#)