

I.FAST 2nd Annual Meeting, 20.04.2023

Task 5.2 Pushing Accelerator Frontiers (PAF)

- Main tools: topical workshops and dedicated prospective studies
- Overriding goal: survey accelerator frontiers and develop long-term strategies for boosting the performance of future facilities and for overcoming limitations; develop a coherent landscape for future accelerators and issue targeted R&D recommendations
- Thrust 1: networking on novel intense positron sources, providing a "condensation point" for the worldwide positronsource community (CNRS – Iryna Chaikovska)

- different methods of $e^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$ production, both classical techniques & especially novel/exotic ones

• Thrust 2: survey extreme beams and ultimate limits, and examine approaches to overcome the present limits on beam brightness (CERN – Frank Zimmermann, GSI – Giuliano Franchetti)

- space-charge compensation or cooling, crystalline beams,.. - ultimate limits on high-gradient acceleration, high-field bending, beam size, beam density, and luminosity

- Thrust 3: artificial intelligence for accelerators, applications of machine learning, deep learning, advanced optimization algorithms and neural networks, for accelerator control & design (PSI Rasmus Ischebeck)
- Thrust 4: accelerators for "dark sector" & precis. physics (CERN Christian Carli, GSI Bernd Lorentz)

- accelerator/beam requirements for dark-sector searches in fixed-target experiments; investigating current precision frontier accelerator developments, such as EDM ring designs

• Thrust 5: green accelerators, sustainable accelerator concepts, e.g. energy recovery, energy efficiency, and possibly particle (e.g. positron) recycling (CERN, GSI, CNRS, PSI, + JGU – Florian Hug)

Summary of WP5.2 (PAF) activities so far

iFAST Extreme Storage Rings workshop, zoom, 31 Jan- 8 Feb 2022 <u>https://indico.cern.ch/event/1096767/</u>; summary report: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6481111

150 expert participants from around the world, including CERN (13), GSI (23), PSI (5), CNRS (4)., JGU/HI Mainz (1), DESY (8), etc.

<u>Highlights:</u> first demonstration of optical stochastic cooling, ultimate light sources, coherent electron cooling, precision experiments, quantum computing based on storage rings, Gamma Factory ...

ARIES & iFAST SMART joint Brainstorming & Strategy WS, Valencia, 29 Mar – 1 Apr 2022 <u>https://indico.cern.ch/event/1133593/</u>; summary report: <u>https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7071937</u>; 14 participants: CERN (6), GSI (1), PSI (1), CNRS (1)., DESY (2), LANL (1), FNAL (2), LPNHE (1)

<u>Themes:</u> (1) present and future AI accelerator applications, and (2) beam requirements and accelerators for the dark sector. <u>Highlights:</u> LHC-based Gamma Factory driving subcritical nuclear reactor, classification and requirements for dark sector searches, roadmap for machine learning in the field of accelerators

- Co-sponsored FCC-ee Injector Studies Mini-Workshop, IJCLab, 24-25 Nov 2022 , https://indico.ijclab.in2p3.fr/event/8920/
- Topical iFAST workshop on Accelerators for the Dark Sector, CERN, 31 Oct 2022 https://indico.cern.ch/event/1217033/; summary: https://indico.cern.ch/event/1217033/; mmary: https://indico.cern.ch/event/1217033/; mmary: https://indico.cern.ch/event/1217033/; mmary: https://indico.cern.ch/event/1217033/; mary: https://indico.cern.ch/event/1217033/; mary: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7299802; 7 participants: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7299802; 7 participants: https://cern.ch/event/1217033/; https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7299802; 7 participants: cern.ch/event/1217033/; https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7299802; 7 participants: cern.ch/event/1217033/; https://cern.ch/event/1217033/; https://cern.ch/event/1217033/; https://cern.ch/event/1217033/; https://cern.ch/event/1217033/; https://cern.ch/event/1217033/; https://cern.ch/event/1217033/; https://cern.ch/event/1217033/; https://cern.ch/event/1217033/; https://cern.ch/event/1217033/; <a href="h

based schemes, incl. dielectric laser deflectors and segmented detectors

• Co-sponsored FCC-ee Pre-Injector meeting, INFN-LNF, 20-21 April 2023, https://agenda.infn.it/event/34369/

snapshot - BSW22 Valencia



ARIES WP6 APEC & iFAST WP5.2 SMART PAF brainstorming & strategy *inperson non-virtual* meeting

29 March – 1 April 2022

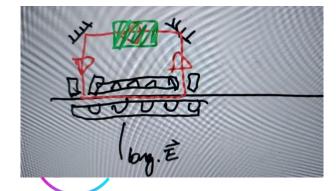


organizers: Angeles Faus Golfe (IJCLab), Giuliano Franchetti (GSI), Frank Zimmermann (CERN) main themes: **Dark Sector Accelerators & Machine Learning**

Snapshot - Topical iFAST workshop on **Accelerators for the Dark Sector**, CERN, 31 Oct 2022



Two photographs from the topical dark-sector acceleration iFAST meeting, held at CERN, on 31 October 2022.

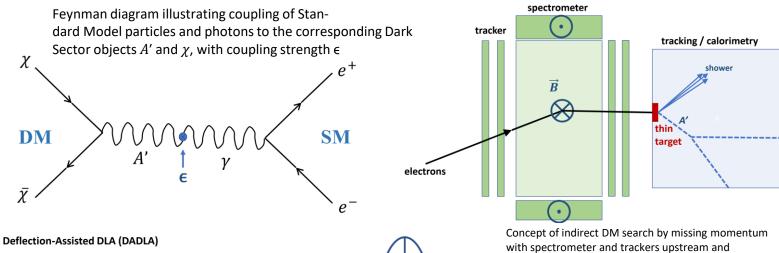


Hand-drawn sketch of DLA structure as part of a laser oscillator. The beam moves from left to right through the structures, while the laser pulse circulates at a rate of 100 GHz (path length ~3 mm) [drawn by R. Ischebeck on a green field, while riding a bike to PSI].

iFAST highlight talk by Raziyeh Dadashi !

DLA for dark sector searches – the punchline

successive



segmented detector

external source

of energy and synchronization calorimeter downstream of a thin target. A' indicates a particle carrying missing energy

DLA deflectors are sending each electron in a train of ~160 onto a separate segment of the detector, thereby overcoming the time resolution limit and allowing bunch spacing of less than 10 ps within a train.

Sketch of a DLA structure as part of a laser oscillator (OEDLA).

Electrons pass rightwards through the structure; laser pulse circulates at 100 GHz (path ~3 mm)

iFAST highlight talk by Raziyeh Dadashi! iFAST IPAC'23 papers

Table 1: Three parameter sets for a linear collider with advanced high gradient acceleration [2, 6, 7].

Parameter [unit]	PWFA	LWA	DLA
Bunch charge [nC]	1.6	0.64	5×10 ⁻⁶
No. bunches / train	1	1	159
Train rep. rate [kHz]	15	15	20000
Norm. emit. $(\gamma \varepsilon)$ [nm]	592	100	0.1
Beam power (5 GeV) [kW]	120	48	76
Relative energy spread [%]		≤ 0.35	

Table 2: Three options for DLA based dark sector searches.

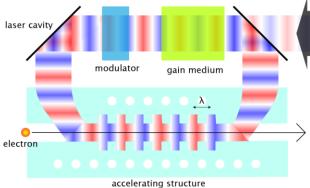
DLA scheme	MDLA	DADLA	OEDLA
e ⁻ energy [GeV]	10	10	10
Gradient [GV/m]	1	1	1
Act. length [m]	10	10	10
Rep. rate [GHz]	0.06	0.06	100
Pulse length [ps]	0.1	1	0.1
Single e's / pulse	1	160	1
Av. current [pA]	1	150	
Time sep. [ns]	17	17 btw. pulses (7 fs in pulse)	0.01
Special features	—	DL defl., segm. det.	DLA in laser osc.
$e^{-}/yr (2 \times 10^7 s)$	6×10 ¹⁴	$\sim 10^{17}$	$\sim 10^{18}$
Energy/yr [GWh]	1	10	~ 2

Oscillator-Enhanced DLA (OEDLA)

vertical DL deflector

laser pulse

χ



horizontal DL deflector

laser pulse

Recent Milestone

Task 5.2 Milestone MS17:

Beam requirements for dark-sector searches

due in M18, 31/10/2022

<u>Report</u> delivered on time & approved

https://zenodo.org/record/7299802#.ZD61wvxBxPY





Innovation Fostering in Accelerator Science and Technology Horizon 2020 Research Infrastructures GA n° 101004730

MILESTONE REPORT

Beam requirements for dark-sector searches

MILESTONE: MS17

Document identifier:	IFAST-MS17
Due date of deliverable:	End of Month 18 (October 2022)
Report release date:	31/10/2022
Work package:	WP5: SMART, Task 2: PAF
Lead beneficiary:	CERN
Document status:	Draft

ABSTRACT

Particle accelerators can contribute to dark sector searches over a large energy range. Present and proposed lepton and hadron colliders can search for sterile neutrinos and feebly coupled particles, including forward detectors at the LHC and an LHC-based Gamma Factory. Also, a muon storage ring could play a role for dark neutrino searches. A different approach to the dark sector is beam dump experiments, using either proton, like SHIP, or electron beams, such as BDX and LDMX. Both indirect and direct detection is pursued. In particular, for indirect beam dump experiments with electron beams, advanced accelerator concepts could offer an attractive path forward, such as plasma acceleration (DLA) as a promising candidate for delivering interesting rates of individual electrons in the 5-100 GeV energy range or beyond. We present a baseline parameter set for a DLA-based dark sector searcher. Enhancements with dielectric laser deflectors and segmented detector or by making the dielectric structure be part of the laser oscillator might offer a performance well exceeding the "Extended LDMX" proposal based on LCLS-II.

WP5.2 parallel coordination meeting, Trieste 19 April 2023



Upcoming Milestone

Task 5.2 Milestone MS18:

Present and future AI accelerator applications

due in M24, 30/04/2023





Innovation Fostering in Accelerator Science and Technology Horizon 2020 Research Infrastructures GA n° 101004730

MILESTONE REPORT

Present and future AI accelerator applications

MILESTONE: MS18

Document identifier:	IFAST-MS18
Due date of deliverable:	End of Month 24 (30 April 2023)
Report release date:	30/04/2023
Work package:	WP5: SMART, Task 2: PAF
Lead beneficiary:	CERN
Document status:	Draft

ABSTRACT

Artificial intelligence and machine learning are rapidly gaining importance in a large number of particle-accelerator domains, such as safe accelerator optimisation, automated beam operation, virtual diagnostics, fault and anomaly detection, accelerator design, and data analysis. The new tools may not only lead to better performance, but also lower the cost of future and existing machines. Machine Learning already widely contributes to the exploitation of operating accelerator facilities. In this article, we illustrate dozens of successful developments at CERN, DESY, FNAL, LANL, PSI, and SLAC, indicate directions for further developments, list open questions, and issue R&D recommendations. Amongst others we advise that ML should become a standard topic in accelerator education. Further work is needed on time-varying systems. A question to explore is special applications for quantum computing in the field of accelerators. Most importantly, we should seek collaborations with ML experts from other sectors, and we recommend building a testbed for self-controlling complex accelerators.

Upcoming co-sponsored event



Channeling 2023

Hotel CORALLO

organized by

SIF - Italian Physical Society

Sapienza University of Rome

IFAS, ARIES APEC Frascati Scienza

X Channel

AC ProSapientia

The 9th International Conference

Charged & Neutral Particles

Channeling Phenomena

4-9 June 2023 Riccione (Rimini), Italy





Topics

- coherent scattering of relativistic charged particles in strong fields;
- crystal channeling, volume capture and volume reflection of hadron and lepton beams;
- energetic ion interactions processes
- · backscattering and channeling of low energy ions,
- high energy ion channeling;
- electromagnetic radiation by relativistic charged particles in periodic structures
- coherent bremsstrahlung,
- channeling radiation,
- transition radiation.
- diffraction radiation
- parametric x-ray radiation
- Landau-Pomeranchuk-Migdal effect,
- free electron laser,
- Compton scattering;
- channeling of radiations in capillary systems
- micro- and nano-channeling,
- micro-channel plates,
- nanotubes.
- nano-porous;
- novel techniques for beams handling and acceleration
- plasma wake-fields,
- cross-laser fields, crystal assisted collimation.
- plasma-ion channels, capillary channeling;
- advanced x-ray & neutron optics
- capillary/polycapillary optics,
- · compound refractive optics,
- micro- and nano-focusing,
- waveguides;
- applications based on channeling phenomena
- beams shaping,
- · positron sources,
- powerful radiation sources
- diagnostic tools,
- novel x-ray table-top instruments,

channeling for advanced electronic materials stud Programme Committee

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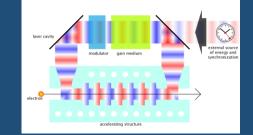
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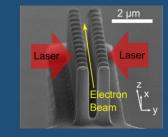
iFAST planned WP5.2 events

GR²M - GHz Rate & Rapid Muon Acceleration for Particle Physics Joint mini-workshop of iFAST WPs 5 and 6 Tentative location: Bern, Switzerland Tentative time: **Nov or Dec 2023 Programme committee, unfolding** Ralph Assmann, DESY Giuliano Franchetti, GSI Rasmus Ischebeck, PSI (Chair) Frank Zimmermann, CERN (co-Chair)

"IPS" – Intense Positron Sources Tentative location: Paris Tentative time: autumn 2023 or spring 24

RFA24 — Roadmap for Future Accelerators Tentative location: Germany, larger Frankfurt area Tentative time: Sept 2024





Relevance of WP5.2 (PAF) objectives & impact

- Machine learning, dark sector searches, and sustainable accelerators (ERLs, GF, ...) are attracting ever larger interest in the community; SMART-PAF is developing roadmaps and guidance
- Efficient e⁺ production is important for future e⁺e⁻ Higgs factory of any flavor
- We further explore intriguing far-future possibilities, such as quantum computing, gravitational wave detection, and energy production using storage rings



WP5.2 PAF Publications

Frank Zimmermann, *Accelerator Technology and Beam Physics of Future Colliders*, Front. Phys., 23 May 2022, Sec. Radiation Detectors and Imaging, Volume 10 - 2022 | <u>https://doi.org/10.3389/fphy.2022.888395</u>

F. Zimmermann, Y. Papaphilippou, A. Poyet, *Impact of Longitudinal Gradient Dipoles on Storage Ring Performance*, Proc. IPAC'22, p. 30

G. Franchetti, F. Zimmermann, Trapping of Neutral Molecules by the Electromagnetic Beam Field, Proc. IPAC'22, p. 1649

F. Zimmermann, A. Latina, M. Antonelli, M. Boscolo, A.P. Blondel, J.P. Farmer, *Muon Collider Based on Gamma Factory, FCC-ee and Plasma Target*, Proc. IPAC'22, p. 1691

James Beacham and Frank Zimmermann, *A very high energy hadron collider on the Moon*, New J. Phys. 24 023029, DOI 10.1088/1367-2630/ac4921

I. Chaikovska et al., *Positron sources: from conventional to advanced accelerator concepts-based colliders*, JINST 17 P05015, 2022

L. Bandiera et al., Crystal-based pair production for a lepton collider positron source, EPJ C vol. 82, 699 (2022)

F. Zimmermann, Beam Physics Frontier Problems, submitted to Proc. eeFACT'22 ICFA workshop

G. Franchetti & F. Zimmermann, Impact of the Neutral Molecule Trapping on Beam Lifetime and Beam Profile, IPAC'23

F. Zimmermann et al., Dark Sector Searches Based on Dielectric Laser Acceleration, IPAC'23

in addition to the various workshop summary & milestone reports on zenodo

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Thank you for your attention!



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation programme under GA No 101004730.

spare slides

WP5 milestones

MS19	Ultimate hadron-beam brightness	5.2	M48
MS16	International workshop to define R&D plans	5.1	M36
MS20	Engineering design of improved power supply current measurement and RF-amplifier layout	5.3	M24
MS18	Present and future AI accelerator applications	5.2	M24
MS17	Beam requirements for dark-sector searches	5.2	M18
MS15	International workshop on muon source design	5.1	M18

WP5 deliverables D5.1: International collaboration plans towards a multi-TeV muon collider **M46 Report on established collaboration and results disseminated by the action [MUST] D5.2: Roadmap for future accelerators** Tot intense position sources, it beams; State of the art and possible directions for crystalline beams; M42 Strategy and requirements for EDM ring or other precision experiments; Roadmap for accelerator AI; State of the art and future roadmap for green accelerators [PAF] D5.3: Ripple mitigation for slow extraction beam quality improvement Simulation results for improvements including their experimental verifications, and M46 design considerations of the accelerator control with related hardware. [REX]

