

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation programme under GA No 101004730.

IFAST

WP 10.4 Additive Manufacturing of pure Cu and pure Nb SRF cavities

20. 04.2023 - Trieste, I.FAST Annual Meeting

Adriano Pepato – INFN Section of Padova





Task 10.4Additive Manufacturing of pure Cu and pure Nb SRF cavities

- Develop the design approach and test relevant properties of AM-manufactured Niobium RF cavities
- Develop the design approach and test relevant properties of AM-manufactured Ultra-Pure Cu-made RF body cavities coated by a Niobium thin layer at the inner surface
- Both to be tested at room and at cryogenic temperature.

Deliverable: done December 2022 (Cu and Nb based SRF cavities produced and qualified)

Milestone: December 2023 (room and cryogenic temperature tests for Nb and/or Cu SRF Cavities)

Steps:

- Characterization of pure Cu produced by LPBF
- Production of Cu 6 GHz cavity prototypes
- Preliminary tests on prototypes
- Surface treatments on copper cavities
- Characterization of pure Nb produced by LPBF
- Production of Nb 6 GHz cavity prototypes
- Tests and surface treatments of niobium cavities
- Issues



Pure Copper

Printability of copper cavities:

- Orientation
- No internal supports
- Different down skin parameters



EOS M280 Yb fibber laser Spot diameter: 80-100 μ m λ = 1060-1100 nm Nominal power: 400 W





Adriano Pepato – I.FAST AM April 2023

Pure Copper

Pure copper printed with different laser wavelengths and power



Green laser (515 nm, 1 kW)



Red laser (1060 nm, 370W)



First prototypes (reduced height).



Adriano Pepato – I.FAST AM April 2023

4

Acceptance tests performed.

L3

P1

P2

Ρ3

Leak test:



 N_2 2 atm, room temperature Under vacuum

Cavity Frequency (GHz) TΠ 5.9871875 T2 5.986250 L1 5.9956250 L2 6.0015625

Frequency at room temperature

6.0043750

5.9481250

5.9418750

5.9390625



Adriano Pepato – I.FAST AM April 2023

Computed tomography





Surface treatments

• Rösler Italiana Srl

Traditional Mass finishing + chemically assisted mass finishing+ final polishing

• INFN LNL

Electropolishing + Vibrotumbling



Vibrotumbling apparatus





Adriano Pepato – I.FAST AM April 2023

Niobium

Process parameters deeply investigated:

- Maximization of density;
- Improvement of as-build surface quality



Maximum density achieved: 99.8% (Archimedes method)



EOS M100 Yb fibre laser Spot diameter: 40 µm $\lambda = 1064 \text{ nm}$ Nominal power: 200 W



Quantity 99.9 % Nb <50 ppm <50 ppm <100 ppm <600 ppm Та <100 ppm <50 ppm Cr <50 ppm Fe Ni <50 ppm Hf <50 ppm Мо <50 ppm Zr <50 ppm W <50 ppm

С

н

N

Ο

Adriano Pepato – I.FAST AM April 2023

Inclined walls:

Angles investigated: 18° 20°, 22°, 25°, 30°, 35°, 40°, 45°, 50°

Acceptable results only for angles higher that 35°.

 $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \times \times \times \times \times \times$



7

Niobium

- Seamless niobium cavities successfully printed
- Supporting structures optimized to reduce the building time and material consumption





Adriano Pepato – I.FAST AM April 2023

Acceptance tests performed.

Leak test: Under vacuum

İFAST



CavityFrequenc
y (GHz)Nb small5.999Nb big6.027



Computed tomography



Adriano Pepato – I.FAST AM April 2023

Frequency test at room temperature

Surface treatments



INFN LNL: Mechanical treatment Electropolishing Work in progress





Printed cavities Nb, Cu

Issues.

Scratches and pitting appeared during the surface treatments performed by Rösler on both T1 and T2.

Due to mechanical loads, Vibrotumbling apparatus, caused ruptures in correspondence of the iris of the copper cavities.

We'll produce a couple of Cu cavities with a different fillet radius between IRIS and cut off, while maintaining a reduced wall thickness to guarantee an high temperature uniformity at cryogenic temperatures.











Thanks for your attention



Adriano Pepato – I.FAST AM April 2023

12