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I.FAST WP10.7

Development of Electro-optical Waveguide Sensors

I.FAST WP10 meeting, April 20th 2023

Alberto Arteche (on behalf of Stephen Gibson) - JAI, Royal Holloway,
University of London

for the Task 10.7 team:

A. Arteche, P. Bamford, A. Lyapin, K. Morris – JAI, RHUL

T. Levens, T. Lefevre – CERN BI group

with thanks to

P. Simon, N. Charitonidis & HiRadMat team

A. Schloegelhofer, C. Pakuza & CLEAR team.





Task objectives

- **Task 10.7: Development of electro-optical waveguide sensors as beam electric field sensors.** M1 – M24 by RHUL & CERN + industry.
- Develop **novel electric-field sensors** based on electro-optic waveguides to address new challenges in fast time response (<50ps) beam instrumentation.
- **Demonstrate the capability** to optically measure the intra-bunch transverse displacement of a passing relativistic bunch, with a bandwidth that is beyond state-of-the-art.

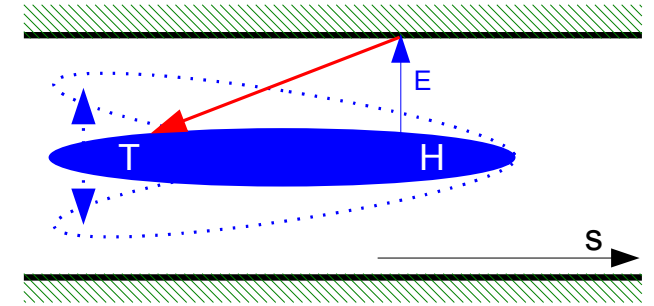
How to make beam Instrumentation FASTER?

- **Challenge of rapid diagnostics**

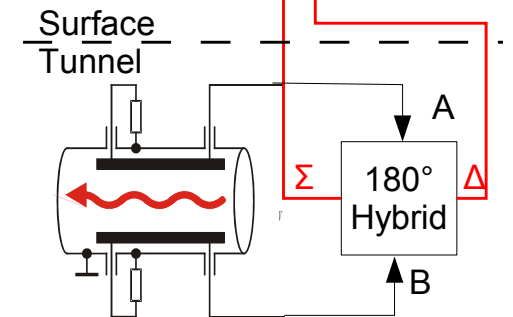
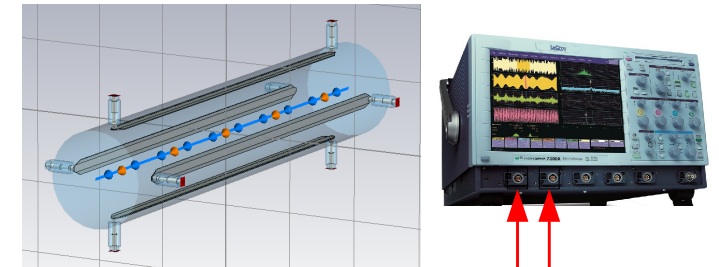
- Beam instrumentation at current and future particle accelerators would **benefit from an improved time response** in multiple areas:
 - Bunch arrival time/ ToF; crabbed bunch rotation; temporal longitudinal profiles; measuring rapid, intra-bunch transverse instabilities...
- **Bandwidth** of conventional diagnostics is typically **limited** to a few GHz by the pick-ups, hybrid, cables and acquisition system.

- **A new technology is needed**

- replace capacitive pick-ups with fast **electro-optic crystals**
- replace electric cables by **optical-fibre readout**



Standard approach: stripline BPM

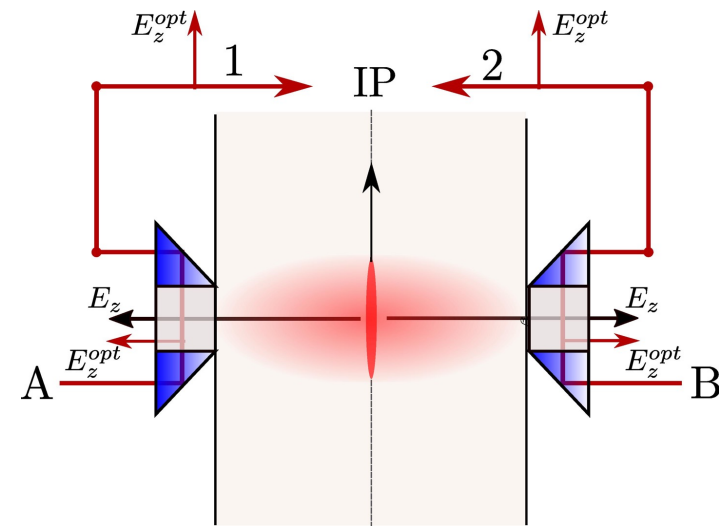


Electro-optic BPM

- **Basic principle:**

- Monitor the polarisation of light in birefringent crystals in response to the electric-field of a passing bunch

Common Mode

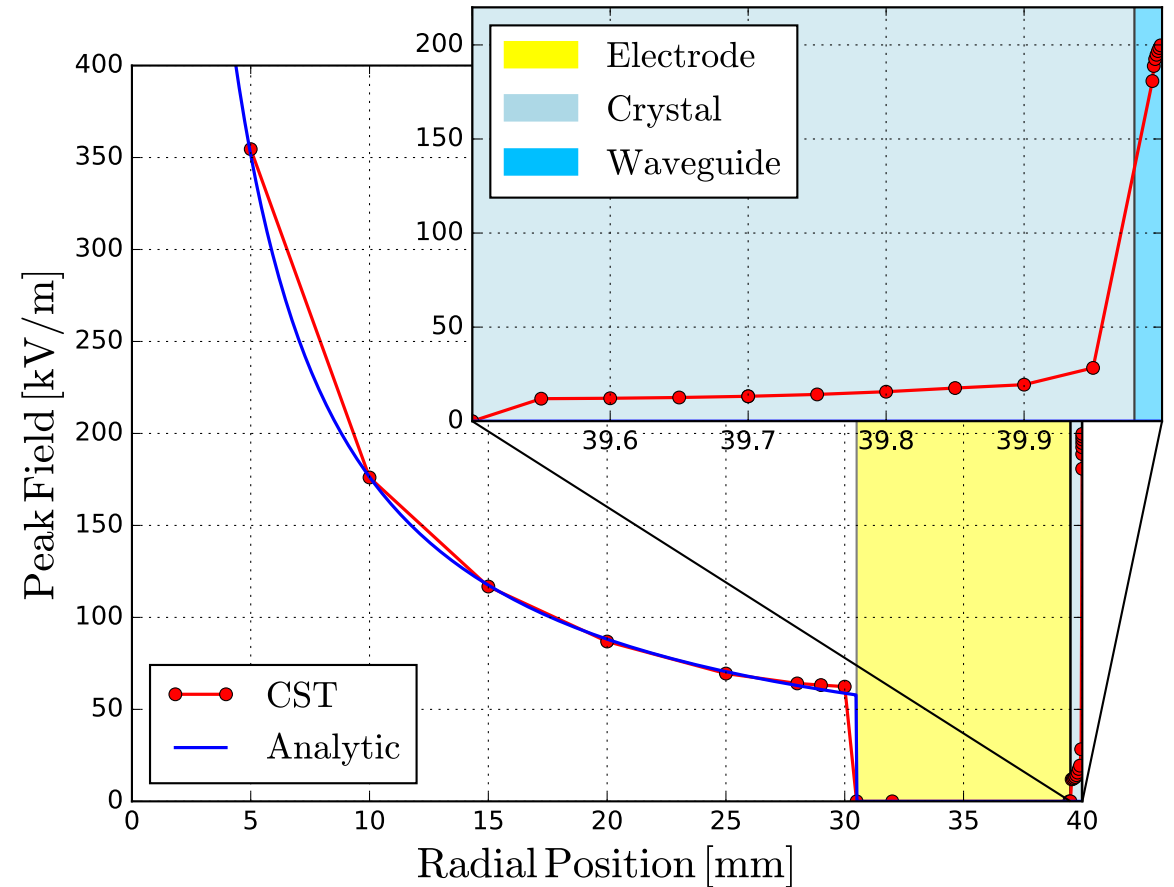


- Effectively a BPM in which the electrodes are replaced by eo-crystals
- Transverse position along passing bunch is measured
- A fibre coupled laser source and photodetector read-out are housed away from the accelerator tunnel.
- As polarised light passes through the crystal, the electric field of the bunch induces a change in polarisation state by the linear Pockels effect.
- **I.FAST Task 10.7 focuses on developing miniaturised e-field sensors based on *electro-optic waveguides***

Optimization of electric-field at waveguide:

Electromagnetic simulations of pick-up performed in CST to optimise field strength at waveguide.

- The EO-BPM prototype previously tested at the SPS successfully delivered a weak proof-of-concept signal, while operating at a radial position of 66.5mm from the bunch ($<1\text{kV/m}$).
- Optimisation work focused on an improved pickup design capable of generating a highly magnified image field replica of the Coulomb field within an optical waveguide.
- Therefore, the result is a highly optimised opto-mechanical design, fully fibred-coupled, capable to enhance the field up to $\sim 200\text{kV/m}$.



Partners fabrication & test facilities

- Pickup development and bench tests at RHUL



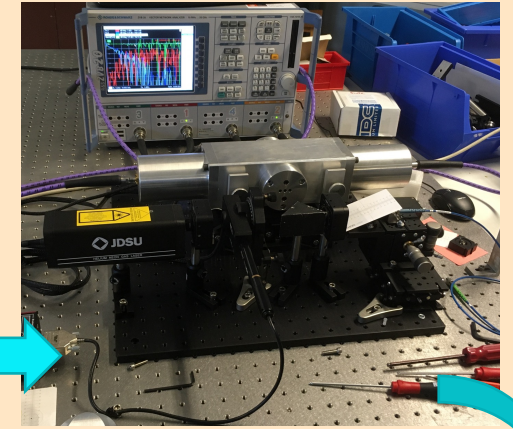
Waveguide fabrication in photonics industry



Inspection in new nanofabrication clean-room facility at RHUL



Precision manufacture & waveguide integration



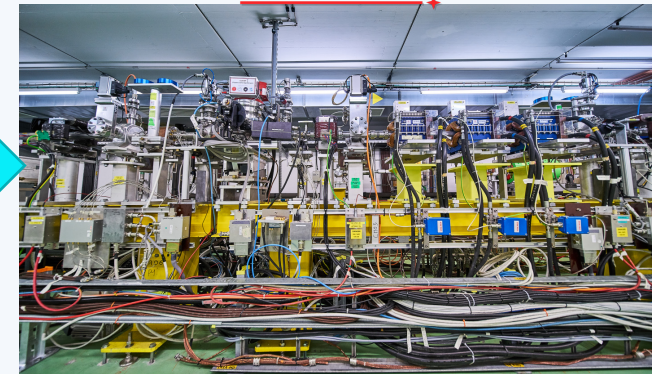
Bench tests on RF coaxial line / laser labs

- Beam tests of waveguides at CERN

In collaboration with CERN BI, T. Lefevre et al



Beam test of waveguide signal

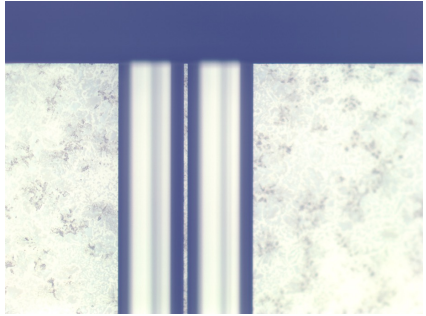


Beam test of waveguide bandwidth

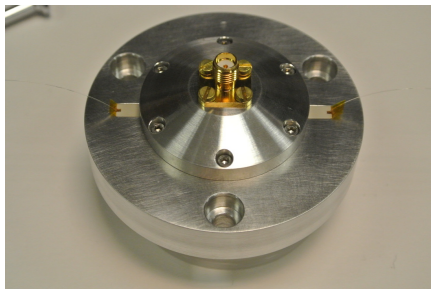


EO waveguide design shipped to CERN for beam tests

- Partnered with UK industry to produce waveguides suitable for our custom design:

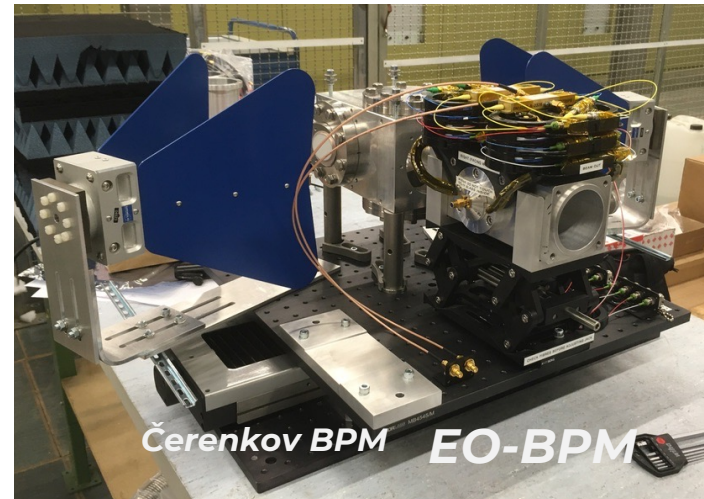
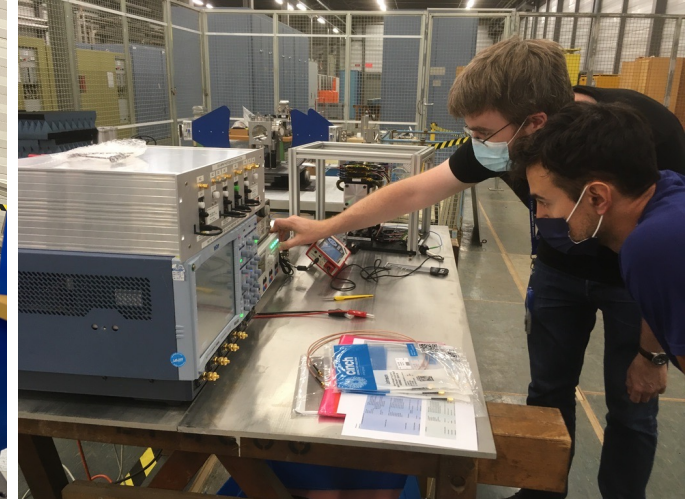
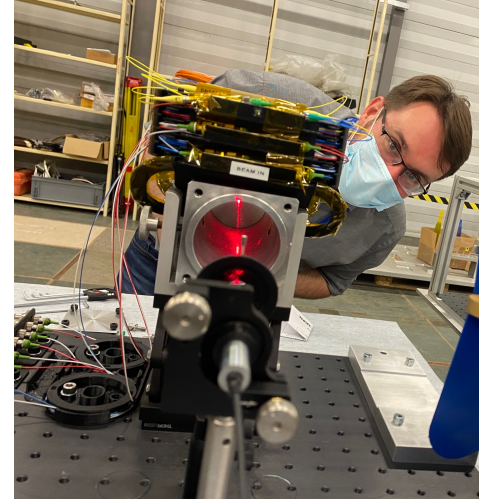
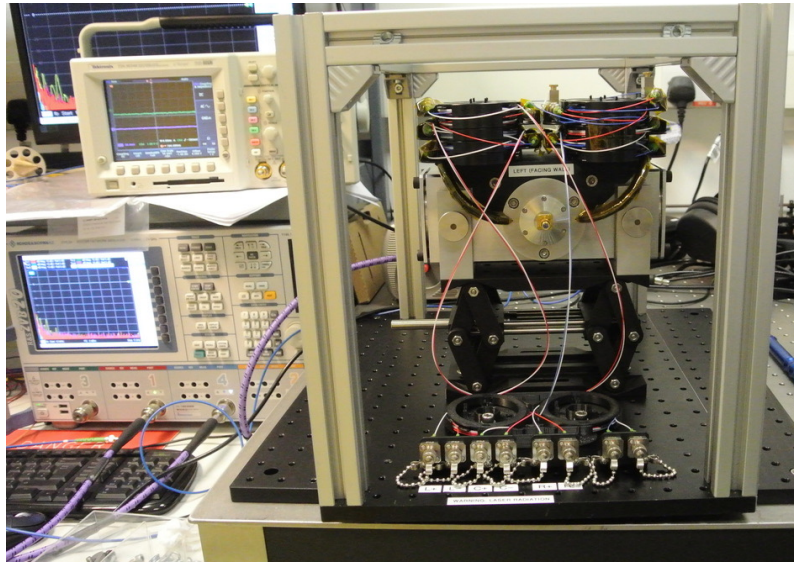


Optical inspection of waveguide in RHUL clean room



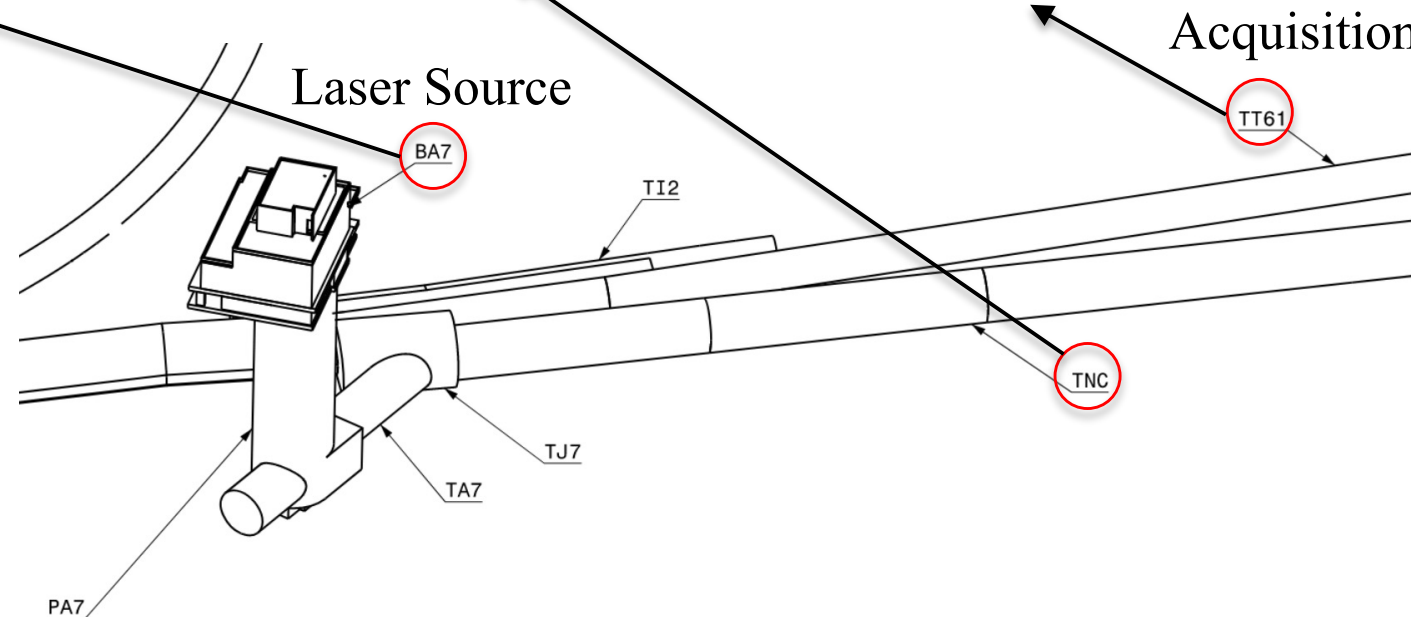
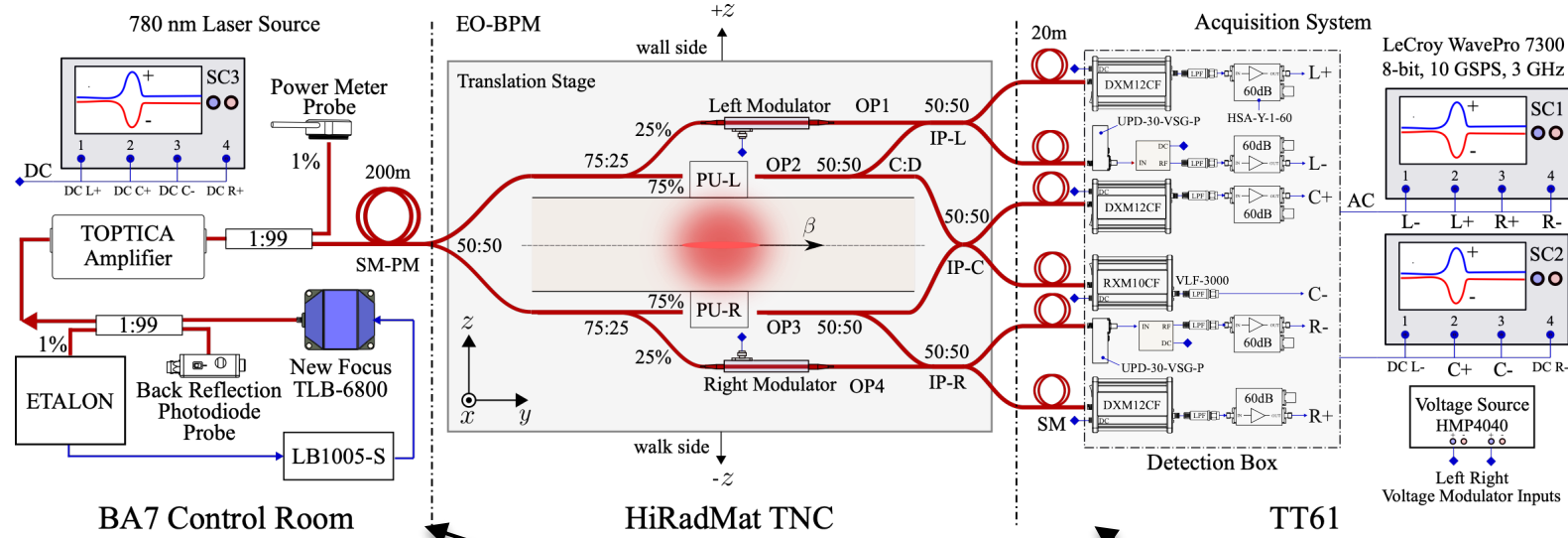
Compact fibre-coupled waveguide pick-up

EO-BPM manufacture & VNA tests at RHUL

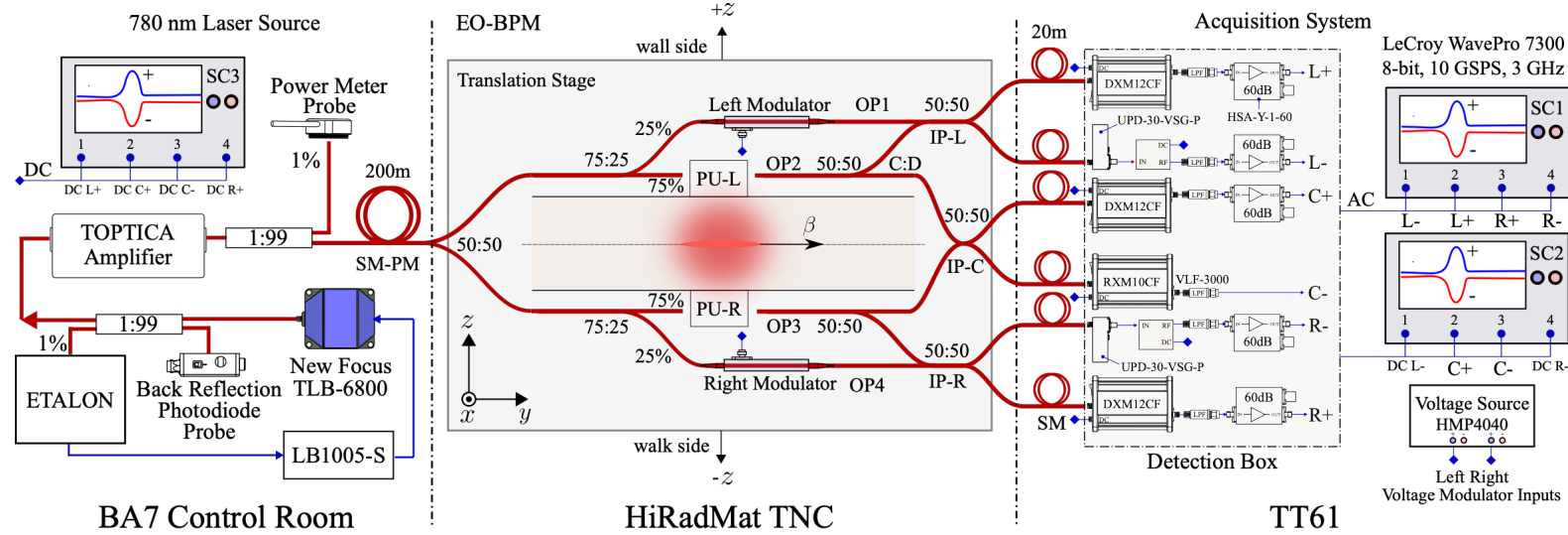


EO-BPM reception tested at CERN and laser-aligned with dielectric BPM on shared translation table

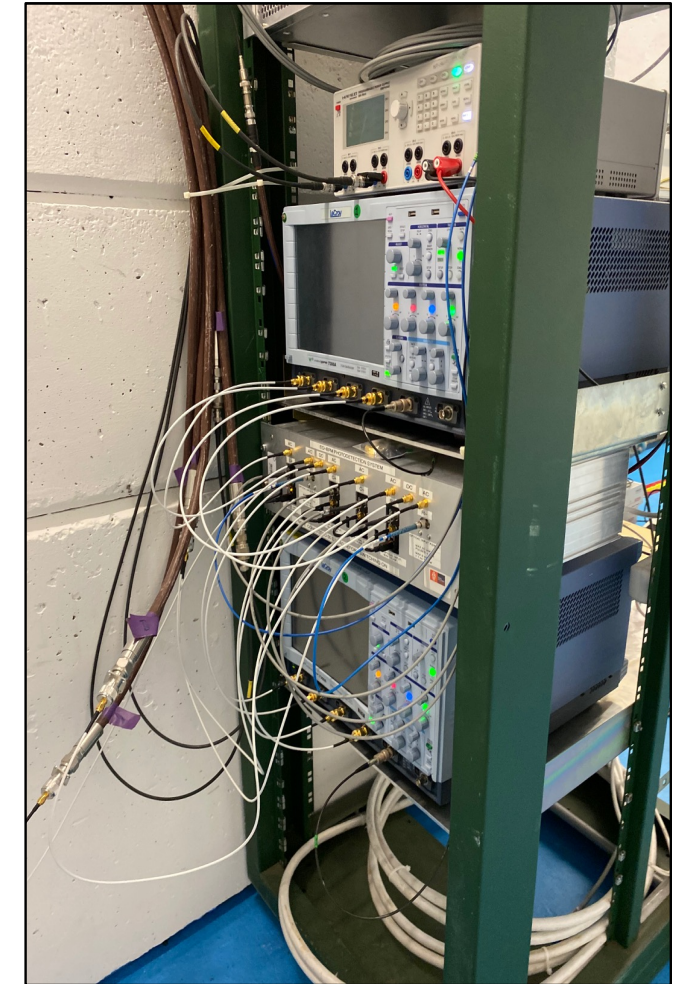
EO-BPM installation at HiRadMat facility



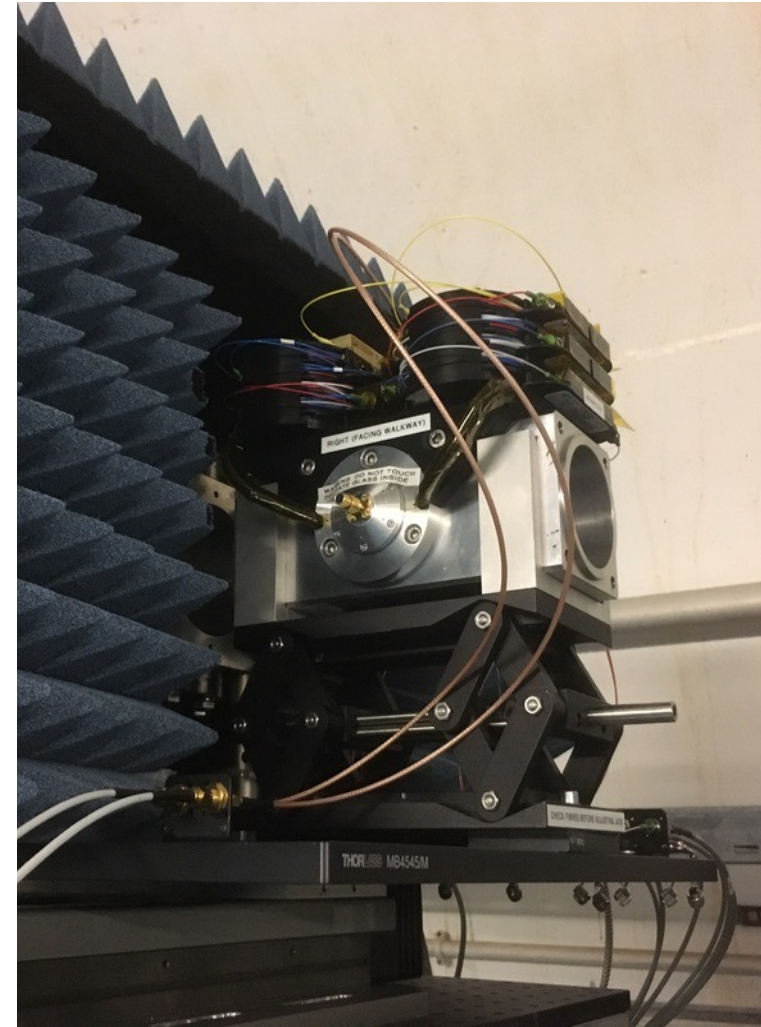
EO-BPM installation at HiRadMat facility



Acquisition system:



Installation at HiRadMat facility

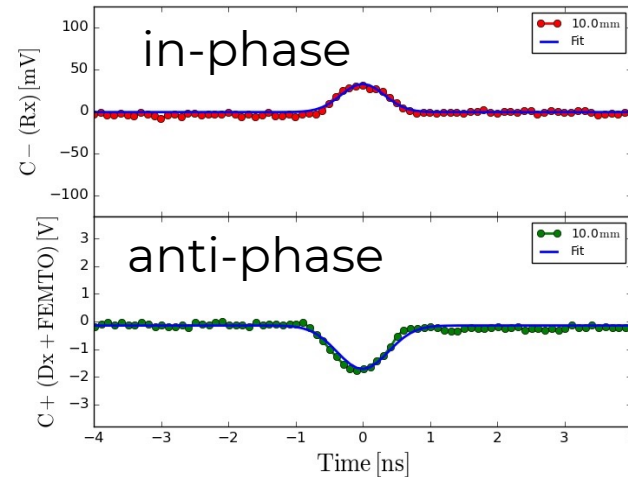


Successful first beam test at HiRadMat

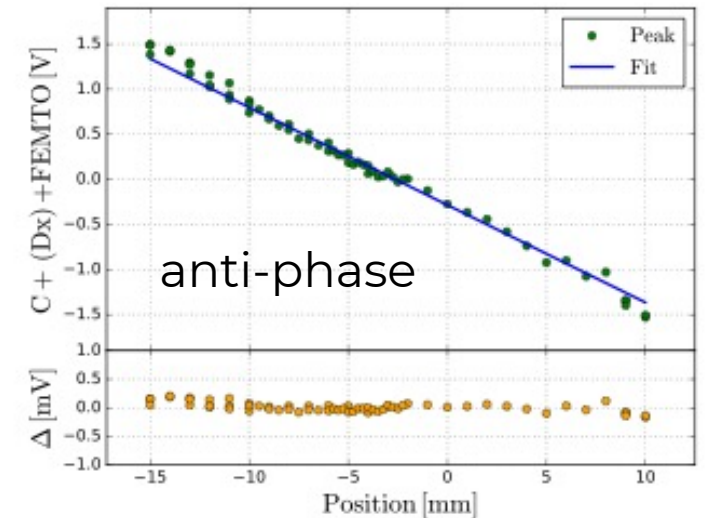
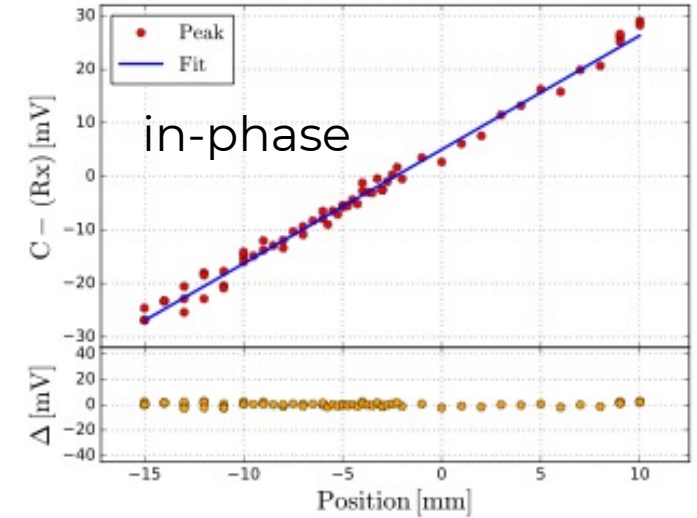
- **Waveguide design** enabled **first single-shot measurements of each passing bunch**.
- EO-BPM also **sensitive to low intensity bunches**.
- Laser scanning technique developed to **automate operation** of electro-optic interferometer.
- Translation of EO-BPM across the HiRadMat extraction line: **first bunch by bunch position measurements**.
- **Test campaign extended to 3 runs; see invited talk at IBIC2022**



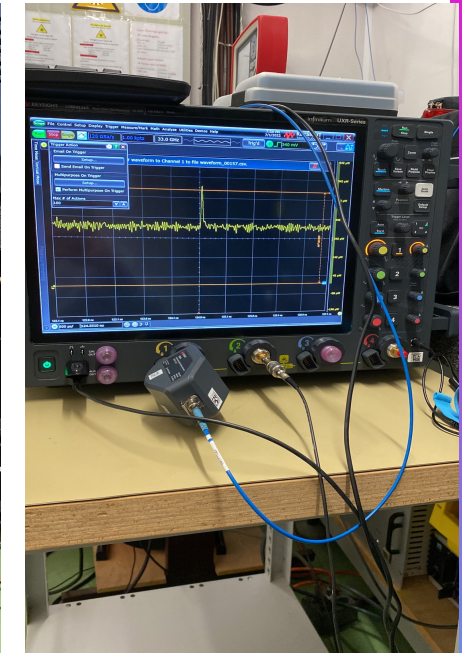
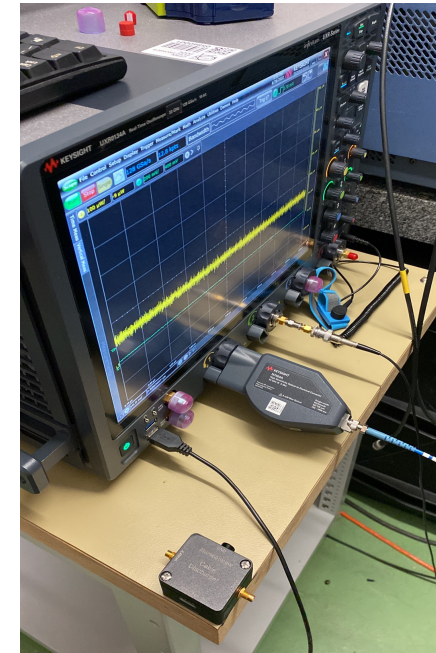
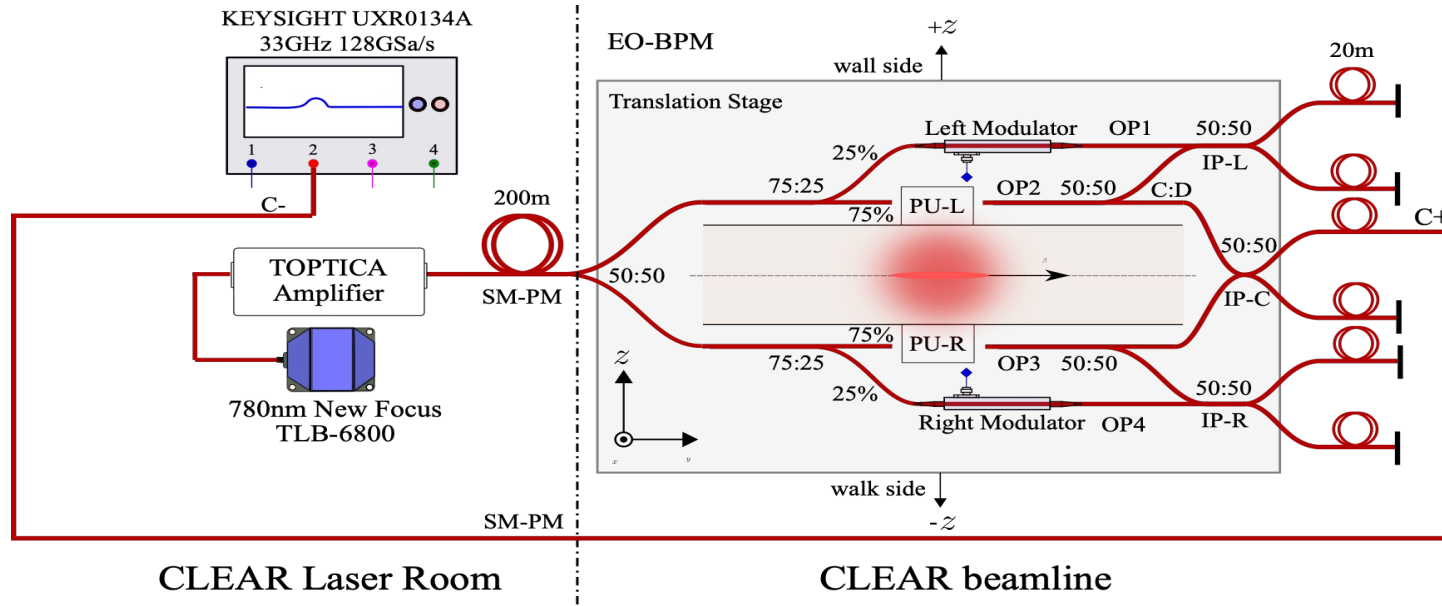
Typical single-shot signals



Beam position scan by moving EO-BPM on stage



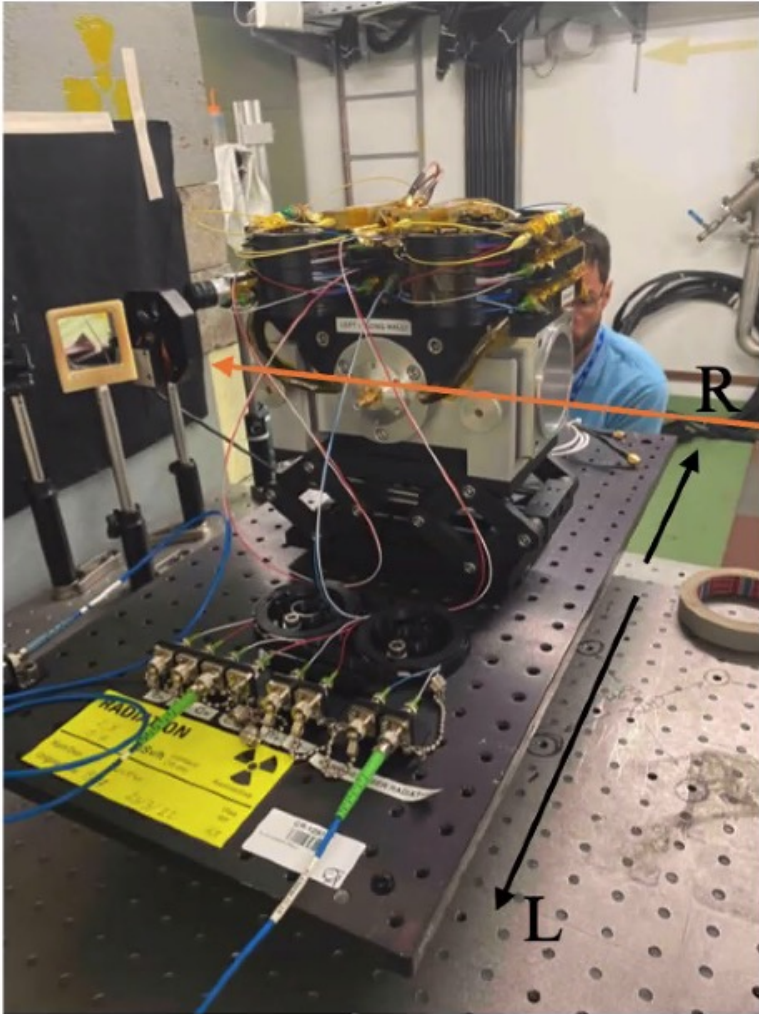
Bandwidth tests at CLEAR facility



- 5ps electron bunches
- Interferometric Common Mode measured at a single C+ channel using a 33GHz optical probe directly attached to a Keysight UXR series 33GHz scope.
- This scope allowed simultaneous detection of the DC working point baseline and the AC optical modulation on top.
- EO-BPM installed in the in-air section of the beamline on a translation stage to perform transverse beam measurements.

(*) <https://www.keysight.com/zz/en/products/oscilloscopes/infiniium-real-time-oscilloscopes/infiniium-uxr-series-oscilloscopes.html>

2022 EO-BPM beam test at CLEAR:

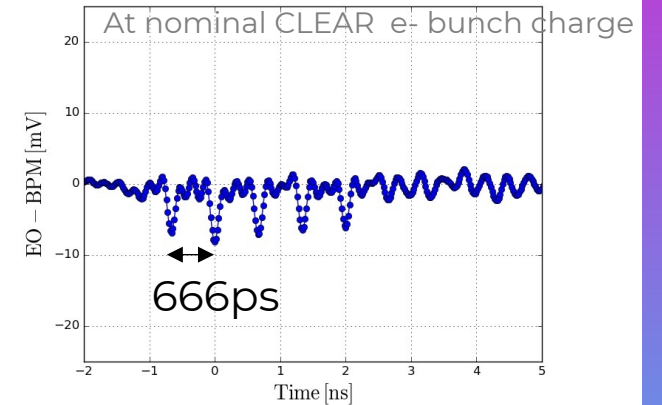


- EO-BPM installed in the CLEAR beamline to check sensitivity and *time resolution* to short electron bunches.

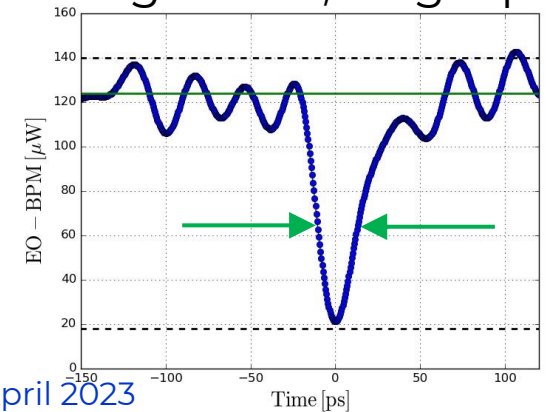
Preliminary analysis:

- Initial measurements of a train of 5 **electron bunch pulses spaced by 666ps (1.5GHz) were observable** at the photodetector, where the pulse width was limited by the bandwidth of the photodetection system.
- With an upgraded detector, the pulse width indicates the time resolution of EO pick-up is well **within the < 50 ps specification** required for the HL-LHC measurement of 1ns bunches.

single shot, pulse train

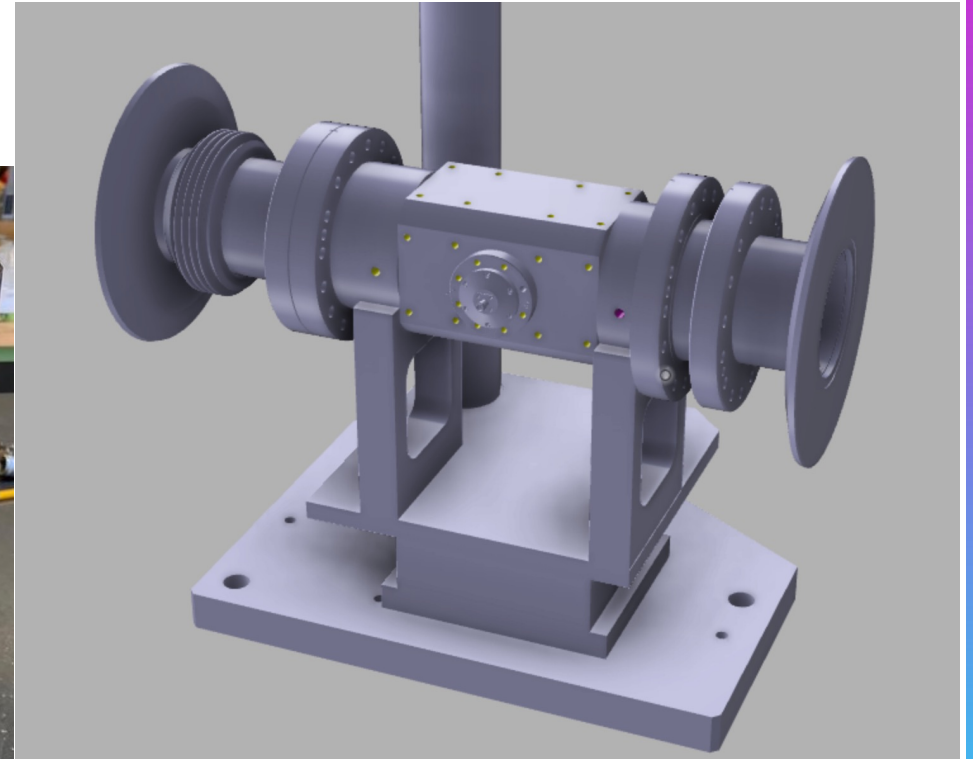
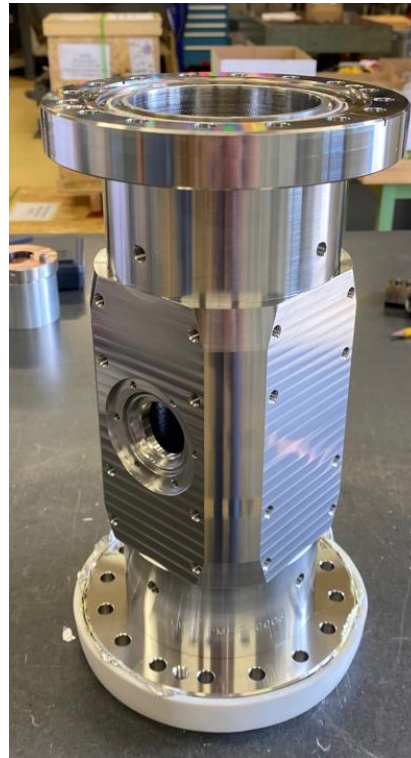
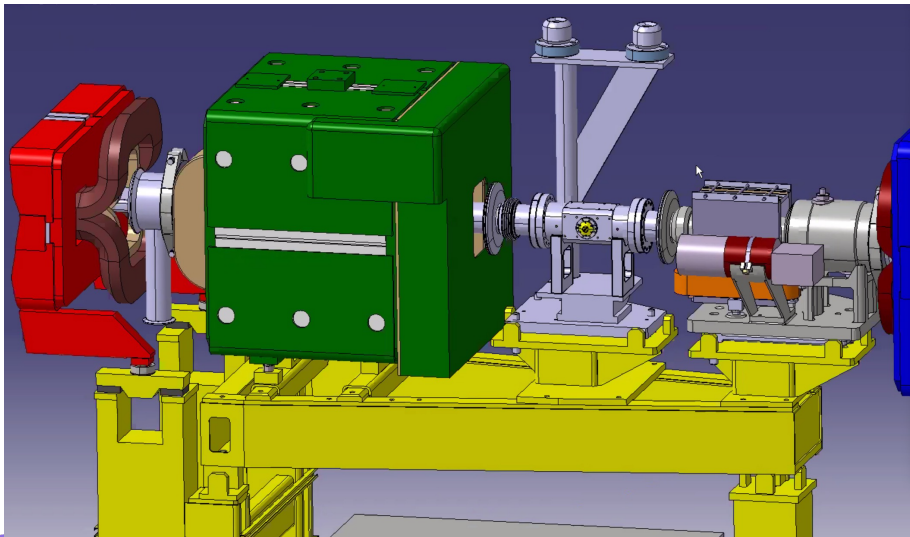


single shot, single pulse



Future: waveguide EO-BPM demonstrator for beam tests at SPS

- HiRadMat EO-pick-up design incorporated into an in-vacuum design.
- Excellent progress in recent months on CERN engineering drawings and vacuum brazing.
- **EO-BPM demonstrator** will be built and installed in **SPS**, for operation in Run 3.



Task WP10.7 activities & status

1. **Waveguide design and optimisation**

- Electromagnetic simulation of waveguide response.
- Optimisation of design in collaboration with photonics industry.

2. **Development and manufacture**

- Collaboration with photonics industry to produce highly-efficient fibre-coupled EO waveguides.
- Manufacture and integration into EO pick-ups in RHUL clean rooms.
- **Milestone MS49: “Delivery of an electro-optic waveguide prototype for demonstration at RHUL test bench” M12 *complete***

3. **Test and validation**

- Bench tests of waveguide pick-ups at RHUL & design optimisation.
- Two successful beam tests at CERN facilities: Transverse beam position at HiRadMat & time response characterisation at CLEAR.
- **Deliverable 10.6: Electro-optic performance report M24: Final report on the performance of the electro-optic pick-up prototype with beam: *complete***

Development of a High-Bandwidth Interferometric Electro-Optic Beam Position Monitor

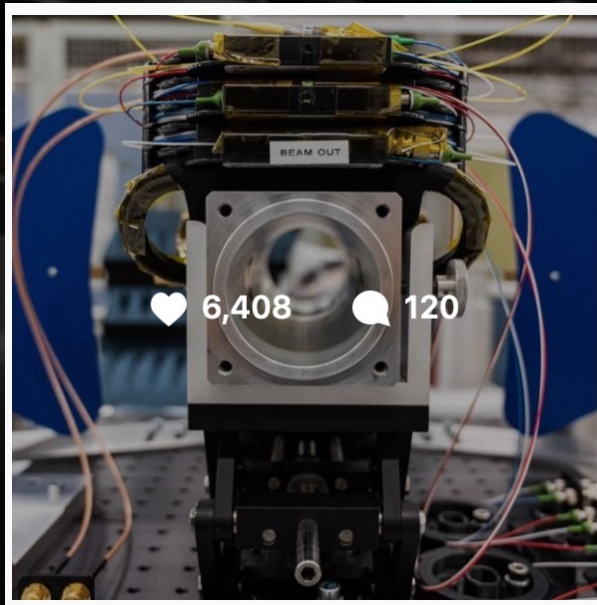
A. Arteche* and S.M. Gibson

*John Adams Institute for Accelerator Science at Royal Holloway, University of London
Physics Department, Egham Hill, Egham TW20 0EX, United Kingdom*

T. Levens and T. Lefèvre
CERN CH 1211 Geneva 23, Switzerland



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Thanks for your attention!

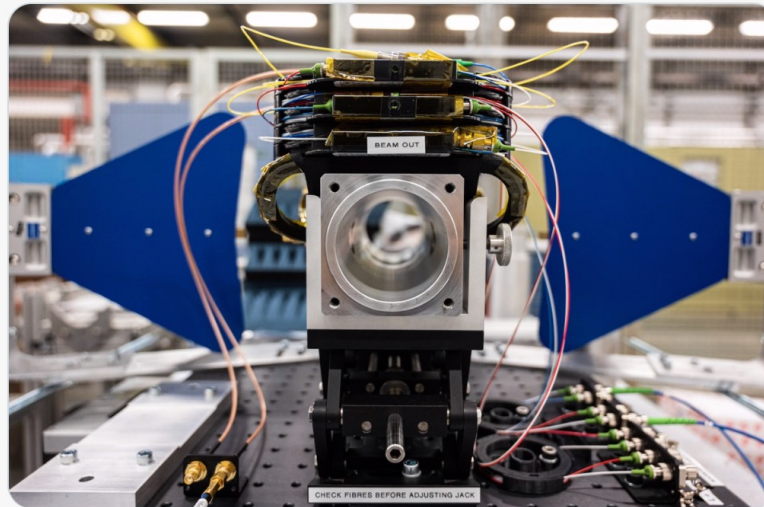


CERN @CERN · 19 Dec 2022

Beam out 🙌🔧

This is an electro-optical beam position monitor, developed for #HiLumiLHC and tested at the #HiRadMat, a facility designed to provide high-intensity, high-momentum pulsed beams to an irradiation area where material samples can be tested.

home.cern/news/news/expe...

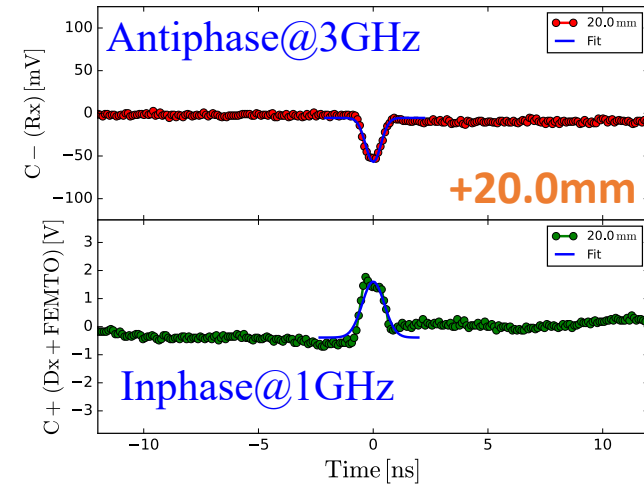
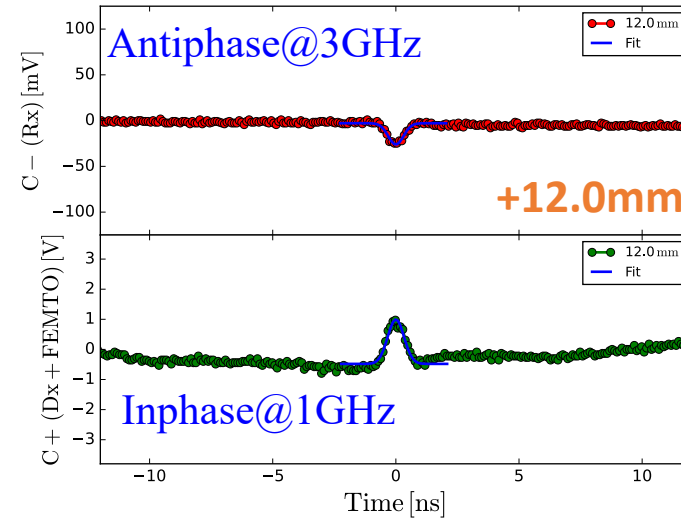
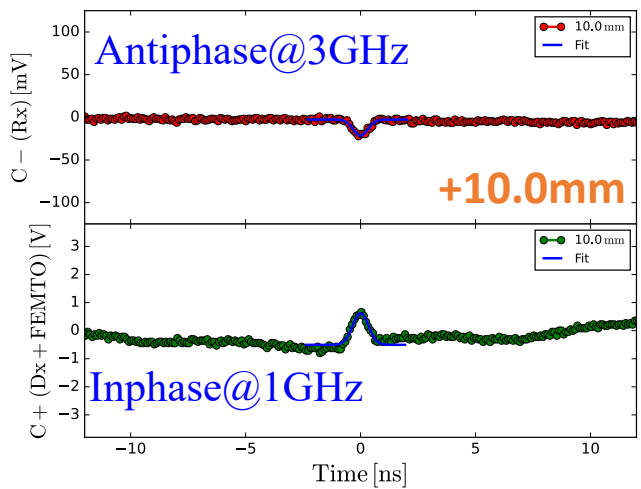
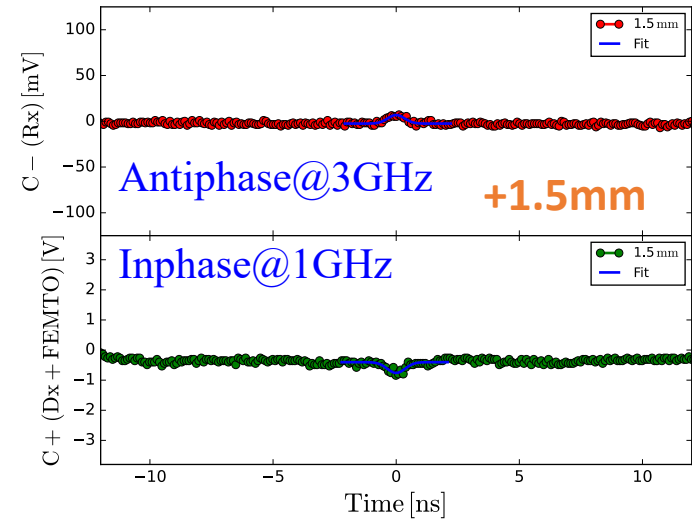
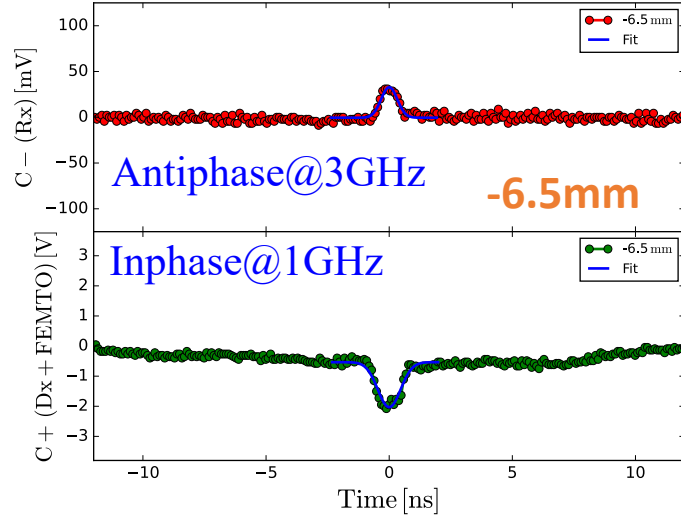
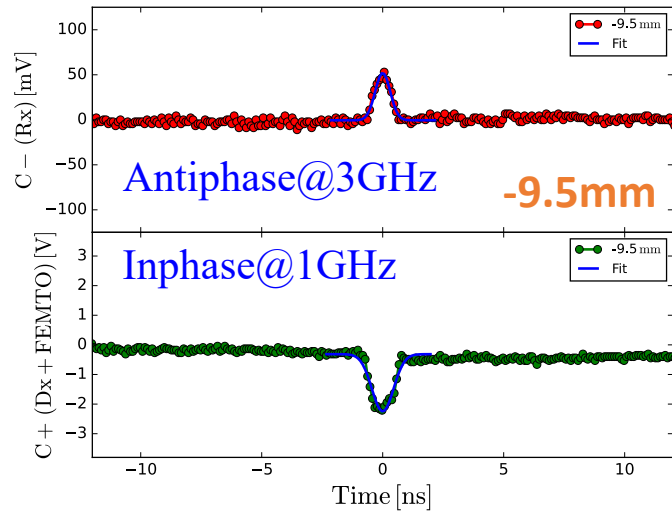


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Transverse displacements, single shots



Measured at close to nominal proton bunch charge: 1.05×10^{11}