

HVac

Demonstration of Additive Manufacturing for Large and Complex Shaped Vacuum Chambers by Plasma Metal Deposition (PMD®)

Carlos Belei

Project Engineer – RHP Technology GmbH

Dr. Erich Neubauer

Managing Director – RHP Technology GmbH





Project Team



An I.FAST partner that has demonstrated successfully the manufacturing complex space-related structures by PMD.



Component of
ESA's Athena
X-ray telescope
manufactured
by PMD®



An SME well-known in plasma welding field and also as a provider for plasma-based additive manufacturing systems (PMD).

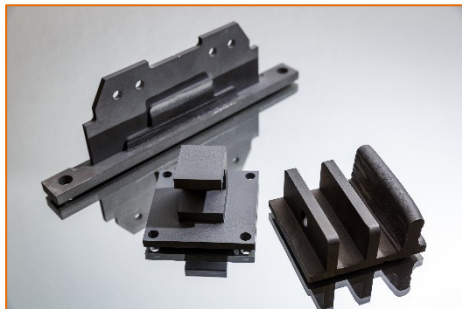
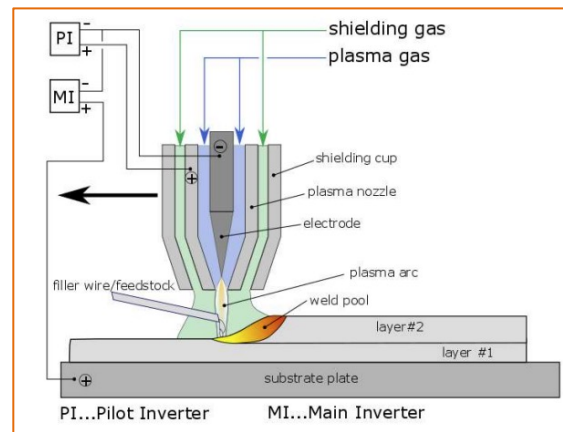


M3DP, large AM
machine for
PMD produced
by SBI



Technical background

- ▀ **Plasma Metal Deposition (PMD®)** is an AM process suitable for the production of large near-net shape components;
- ▀ Accelerator science and technology requires several **vacuum chambers** of various sizes and shapes;
- ▀ PMD has the potential to be used in the manufacturing of vacuum chambers, with **reduced raw material usage** and complex design.



PMD
PLASMA METAL DEPOSITION



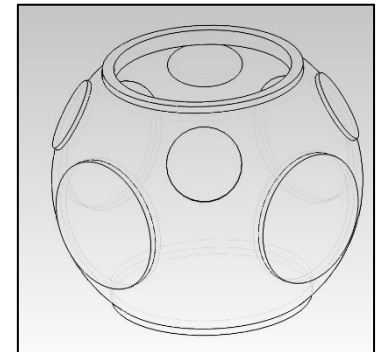
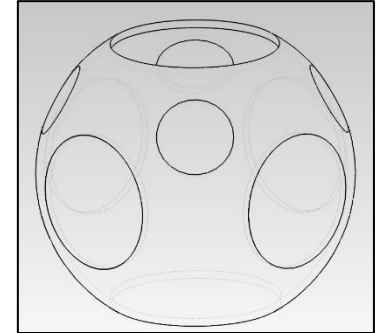


Aim of the HVac project

- **Design** generic vacuum chamber models capable of highlighting the manufacturing potential of PMD
 - Envelope of around **450 mm**;
 - Implement features such as flanges with arbitrary sizes and positions.

- **Manufacture** vacuum chambers in both sub-scale and full-scale sizes
 - Implement the use of **Titanium** alloys as a material for large vacuum chambers.

- **Test** the produced vacuum chambers with respect to their performance and geometry
 - Both material- and application-related tests.



Preliminary vacuum chamber designs



Benefits brought by the project

Reduction of material waste

- Near-net shape - at least 30% less waste.

Reduction of manufacturing steps

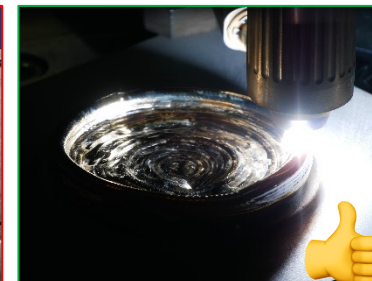
- PMD consists of three steps: tool path generation, building and machining;
- No multiple welding operations for flanges needed.

Reduction of stock materials

- PMD requires only wire and building platforms;
- E.g. flanges are manufactured by additive+substrative manufacturing.

Reduced weight and operations enable the use of cost-prohibitive materials

- E.g. Titanium.



Pressure vessel produced by PMD, with machined flange



Timeline

- 12-month project
- 03 work packages: *Design, Manufacturing and Testing*

Work package	Partner	M01	M02	M03	M04	M05	M06	M07	M08	M09	M10	M11	M12
WP1 - Design	RHP, SBI	█	█	█	█								
WP1.1 - Design of vacuum chamber	RHP, SBI	█	█										
WP1.2 - Tool path generation	RHP, SBI			█	█								
WP1.3 - Machine adaptation	SBI	█	█	█	█								
WP2 - Manufacturing	RHP					█	█	█	█	█			
WP2.1 - Manufacturing of subsize model	RHP					█	█						
WP2.2 - Manufacturing of full-size model	RHP							█	█				
WP2.3 - Finishing of vacuum chamber	RHP									█			
WP3 - Testing	RHP										█	█	█
WP3.1 - Testing of vacuum chamber	RHP										█	█	
WP3.2 - Technology assessment	RHP										█	█	█
WP3.3 - IP analysis and IP protection	RHP										█	█	█

Budget

- Total budget: 100.000 Euro
 - RHP: 75.000 Euro (material costs, personal costs, third-party testing, finishing)
 - SBI: 25.000 Euro (machine adaptation, personal costs)



Deliverables

1. Design of chamber and detailed manufacturing plan [M04]
2. Manufacturing report [M09]
3. Manufacturing and testing of vacuum chamber [M12]

Expected development

Current: TRL4

 Technology has been validated in the lab environment

Expected: TRL5-6

 Manufacture and validation of a PMD'ed vacuum chamber in an industry-relevant environment; integration with other devices, multiple bake-out cycles.



Forschungs- und Technologiezentrum
2444 Seibersdorf, Austria
+43 (0)2255 20 600
www.rhp.at

Carlos Belei
c.be@rhp.at

Dr. Erich Neubauer
e.ne@rhp.at