

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI
DI PERUGIA



First year of PhD report

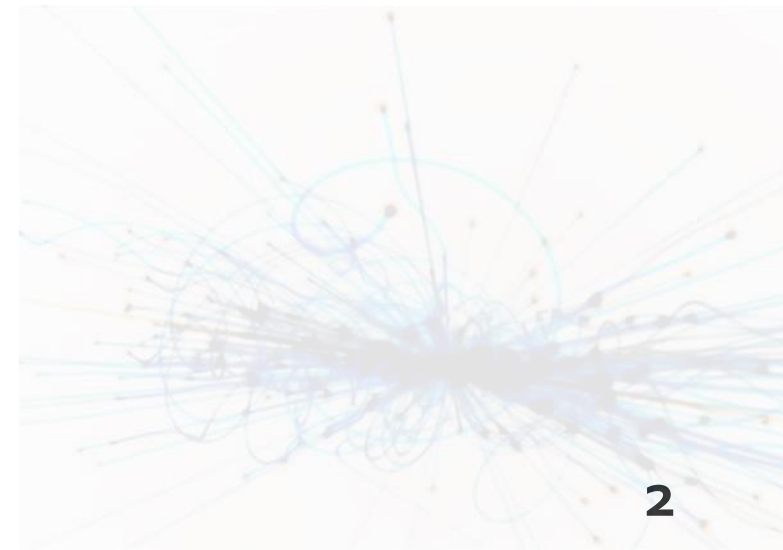
Lisa Fantini, XXXVII cycle of the PhD in
Physics

Supervisors: Giuseppina Anzivino,
Viacheslav Duk

28th October 2022

Outline

- Research activity: LHCb experiment
 - Search for Heavy Neutral Leptons in B meson decays
 - Light Leak Detector
 - RICH Upgrade test beam
- } Data analysis
- } Detector work
- Additional activities:
 - Courses
 - Others...



LHCb experiment at LHC

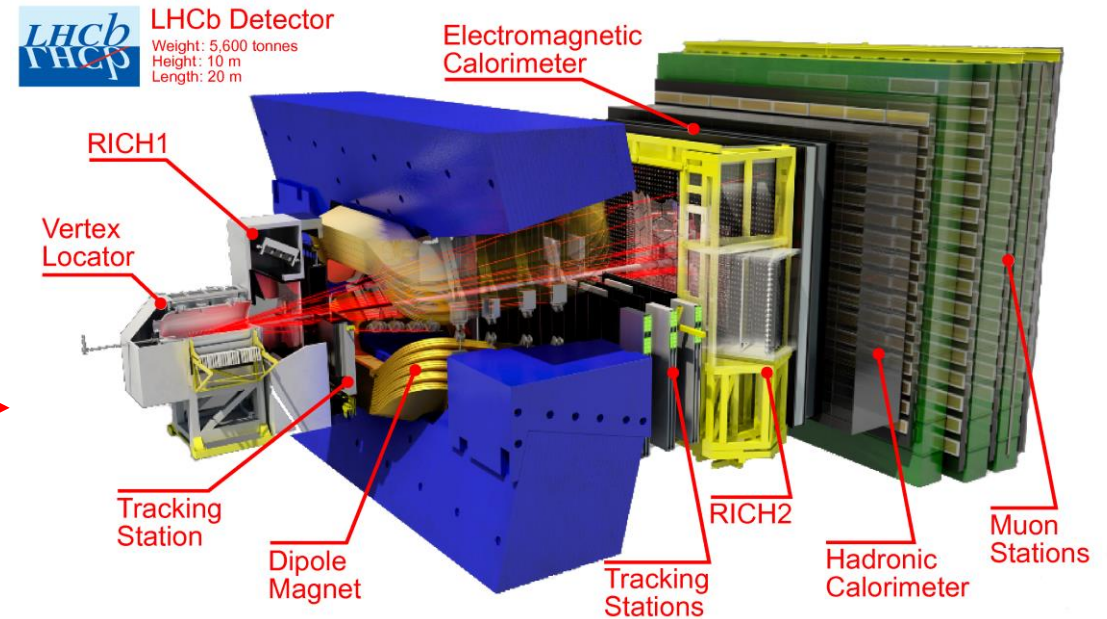


Large Hadron Collider (LHC):

- the highest energy accelerator in the world
- proton-proton collisions

Large Hadron Collider beauty (LHCb):

- one of the four big LHC experiments
- Forward spectrometer of ~20m
- Different **subdetectors** for:
 - tracking
 - identification
 - measuring energy/momentum of particles



Physics at LHCb

b is for beauty

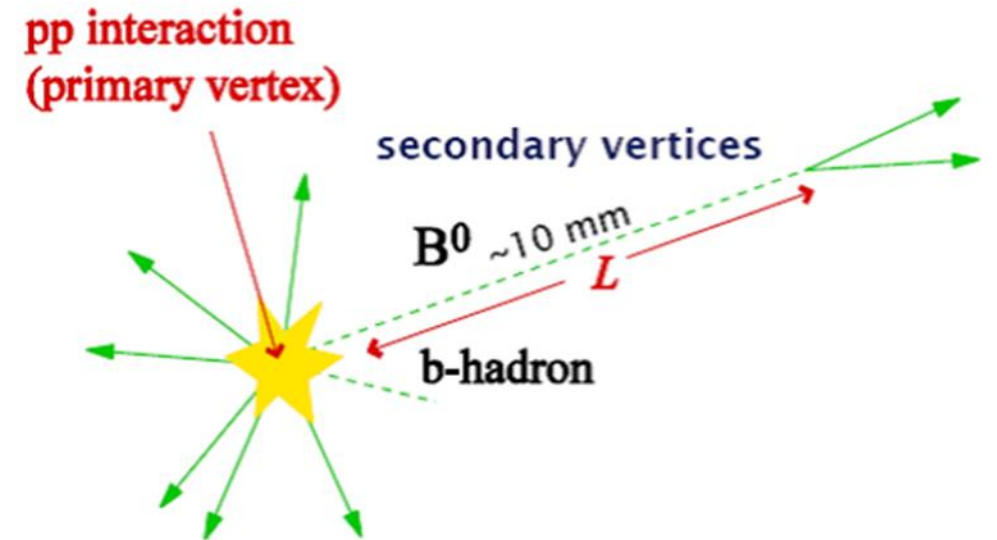


LHCb is dedicated to the physics of beauty quark:

- differences between matter and antimatter (Baryon asymmetry of the Universe)
- B meson rare decays (sensitive to physics beyond Standard Model)
- beyond the baseline: rare decays of D , Σ , Λ , K ...

B mesons:

- absent in the Universe today (\rightarrow unstable)
- abundant immediately after Big Bang



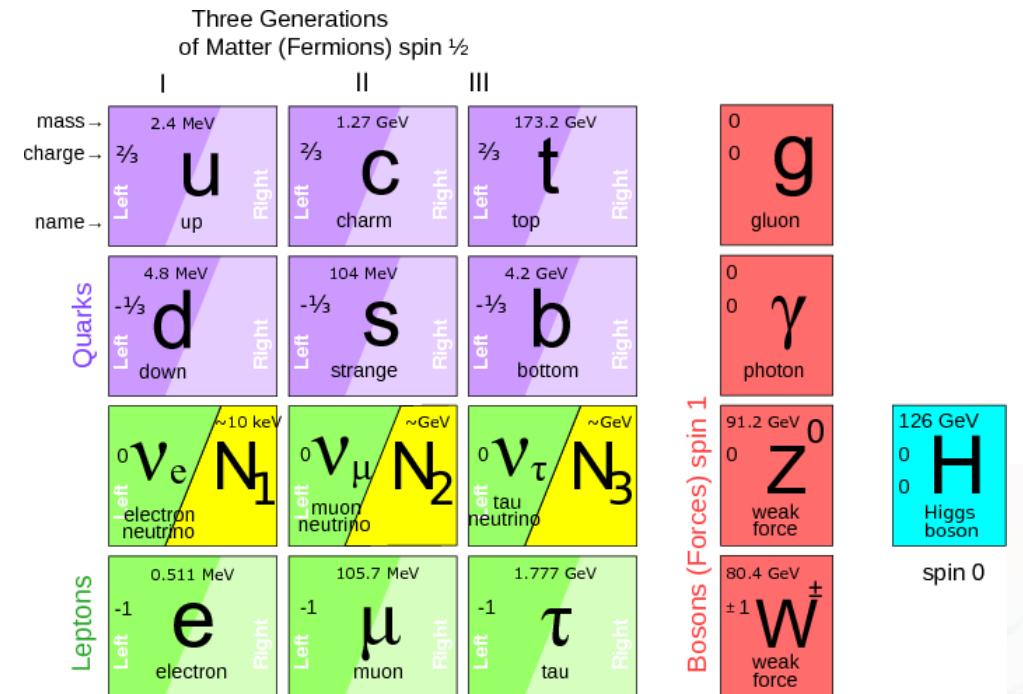
HNLs: an introduction

- Some experimental observations cannot be explained by Standard Model (SM) without a minimal extension:

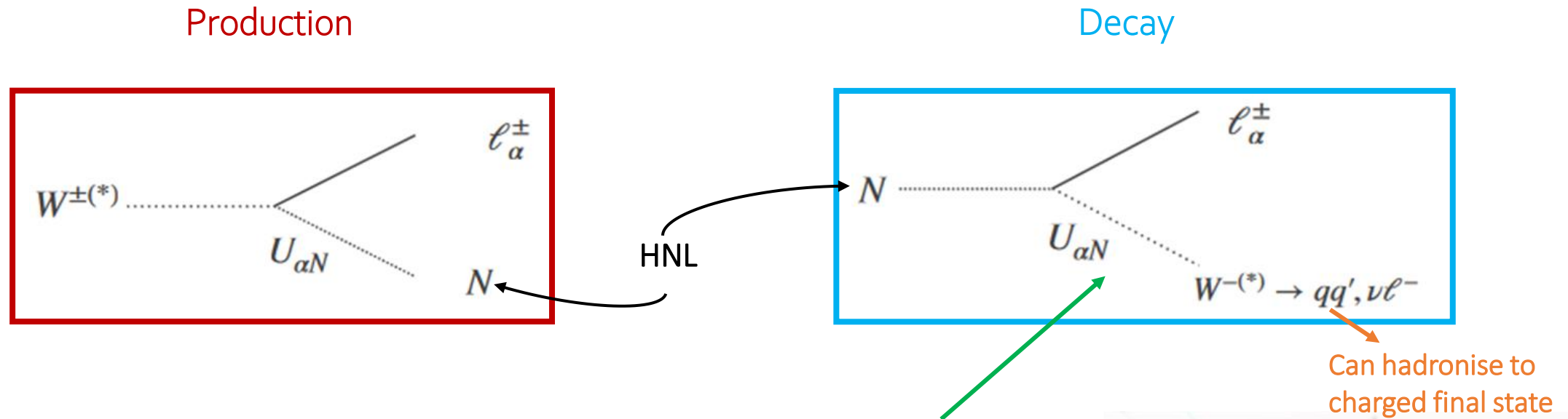
1. Neutrino oscillations
2. Baryon asymmetry of Universe
3. Dark matter

→ extension to the ν MSM (neutrino Minimal Standard Model) by addition of Heavy Neutral Leptons (HNLs): [\[arXiv:hep-ph/05030\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/05030)

- massive right-handed neutrinos
- singlets under SM gauge
 - only interaction via mixing with the SM neutrinos



HNLs: production and decay

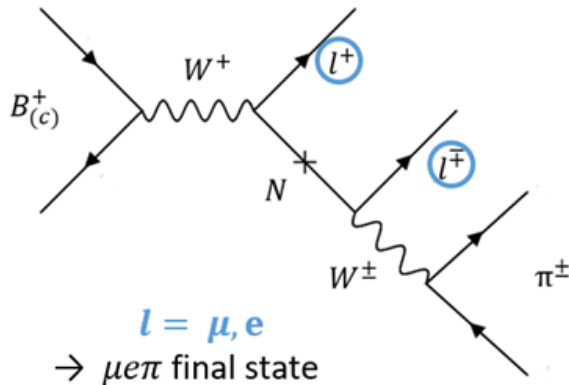


- Could be detected by the decay into **two charged particles**
- $U_{\alpha N}$ parameters: HNL mixing with SM neutrino ($\alpha = \text{flavour}$)
- Signal rate proportional to $U_{\alpha N}^{prod} U_{\alpha N}^{dec}$

HNLs: state of the art

Main HNLs (N) searches from B meson decays

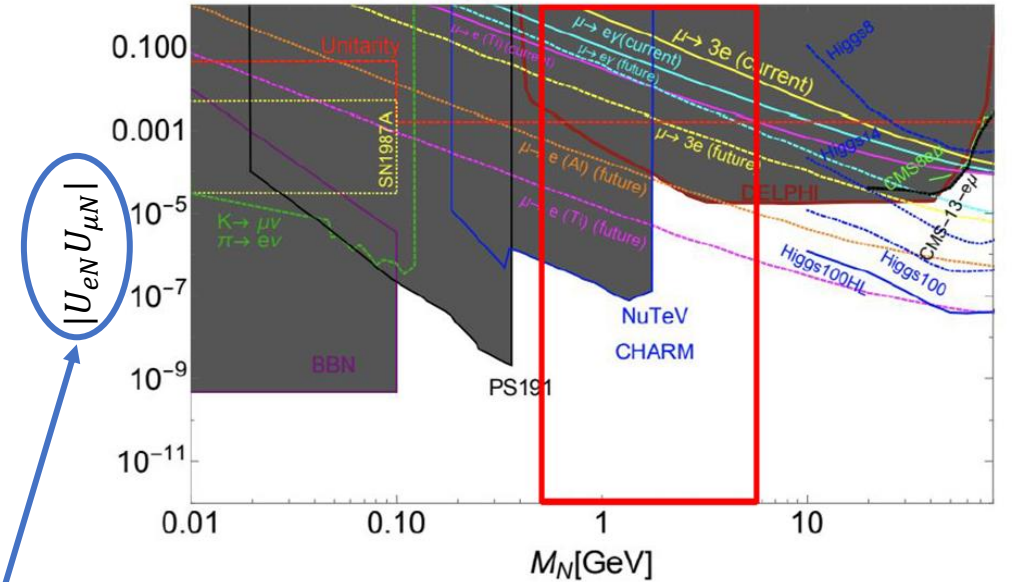
- Belle experiment:
 - $B \rightarrow X l N (\rightarrow l \pi)$ with $l = \mu, e$, limits on $U_{\mu N}^2$ and U_{eN}^2 [arXiv: 1301.1105]
- LHCb experiment:
 - $B \rightarrow \mu N (\rightarrow \mu \pi)$ limit on $U_{\mu N}^2$ (Run 1 data) [arXiv: 1401.5361v2]
 - $B \rightarrow X \mu N (\rightarrow \mu \pi)$ ongoing (Run 2 data)



Our analysis:

Opportunity to probe mixing with electrons and set new limit on $U_{eN} U_{\mu N}$

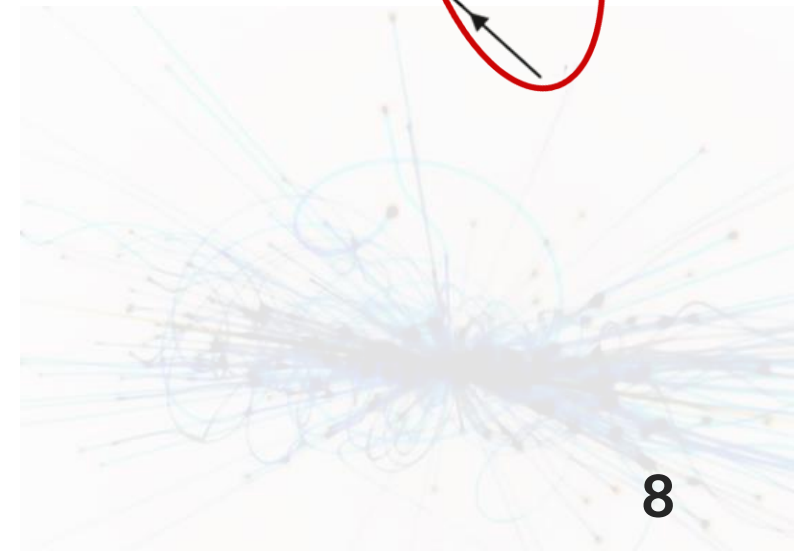
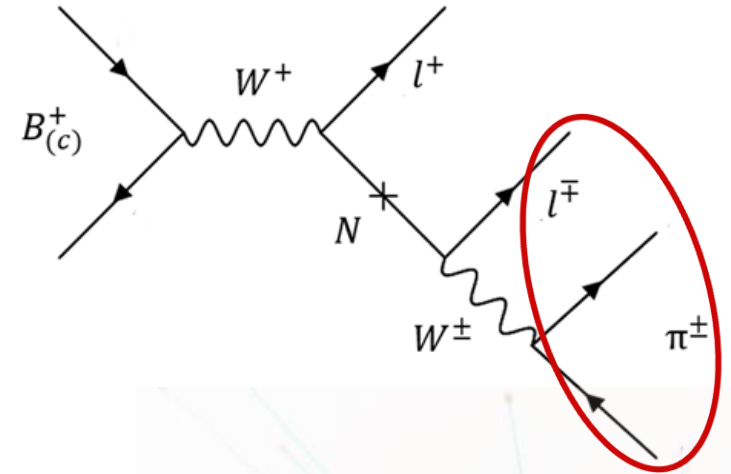
Current limits on light-heavy neutrino mixing angles



Range of mass that B decays can explore:
[0.5 GeV - m_B]

Analysis strategy: aim

- search for Heavy Neutral Leptons (N) in B^+ and B_c^+ decays
- quest for a bump in the $m_{\pi l}$ invariant mass spectrum
 - testing different hypotheses of neutrino mass (m_N) and lifetime (τ_N):
 - $m_N \in [0.5, 5 (6)] GeV$
 - $\tau_N \in [0, 1000] ps$
 - both prompt and displaced reconstruction categories
 - Run 2 data (2016-2018)



Analysis strategy: signal channels

HNLs can be Dirac or Majorana neutrinos

$$N \neq \bar{N}$$

$$N = \bar{N}$$

Two different lepton signatures:

1) **Opposite Sign (OS) leptons:**

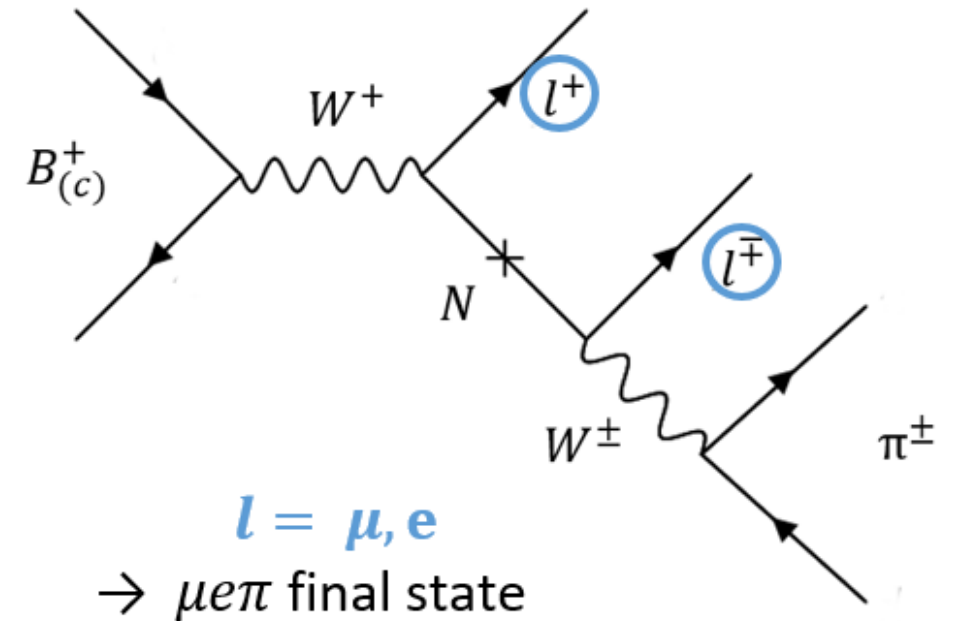
$$B_{(c)}^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ N (\rightarrow e^- \pi^+) \quad B_{(c)}^+ \rightarrow e^+ N (\rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+)$$

→ Majorana and Dirac neutrino
Lepton Flavour Violation

2) **Same Sign (SS) leptons:**

$$B_{(c)}^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ N (\rightarrow e^+ \pi^-) \quad B_{(c)}^+ \rightarrow e^+ N (\rightarrow \mu^+ \pi^-)$$

→ only Majorana neutrino
Lepton Flavour Violation and Lepton Number Violation



Analysis strategy: normalization channels

Number of signal events: .

$$N_{sig} = N_{B \text{ in data}} BR(B \rightarrow lN) BR(N \rightarrow l\pi) \epsilon_{sig}$$

difficult to evaluate

➔ solution: normalization to a well known process

$$N_{sig} = N_{norm} \frac{BR(B \rightarrow lN) BR(N \rightarrow l\pi) \epsilon_{sig}}{BR(norm \text{ process}) \epsilon_{norm}}$$

In my analysis: possible normalization channels

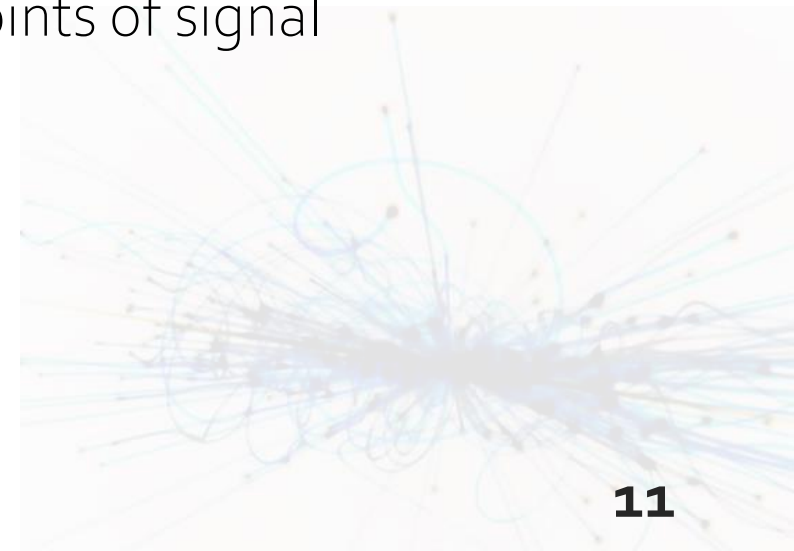
$$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ J/\psi(\rightarrow \mu\mu) \quad B^+ \rightarrow K^+ J/\psi(\rightarrow ee)$$

$$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ K_S^0(\rightarrow \pi\pi)$$



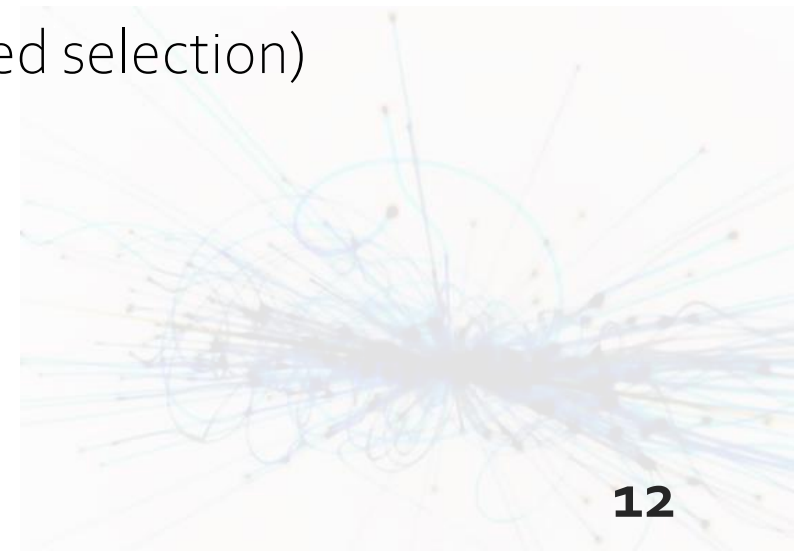
Current status of the analysis

- Produced signal MC samples (2017) for one mass point and two lifetime points
 $m_N = 3 \text{ GeV}$ $\tau_N = 0 \text{ ps}, 20 \text{ ps}$
- Produced MC samples for the first normalization channel: $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ J/\psi(\rightarrow \mu\mu)$ (2017)
- Root files with variables for data are ready
- Developed strategy to simulate the many mass and lifetime points of signal
- Ongoing studies on normalization
- Ongoing studies on cut-based signal selection
→ particular attention to PID variables



Next steps

- Development of a MVA signal selection (expected higher efficiency with respect to cut-based one)
- First signal efficiency studies
- Production of signal MC samples with larger lifetime (displaced selection)
- Continue the study of normalization channels



Light Leak Detector

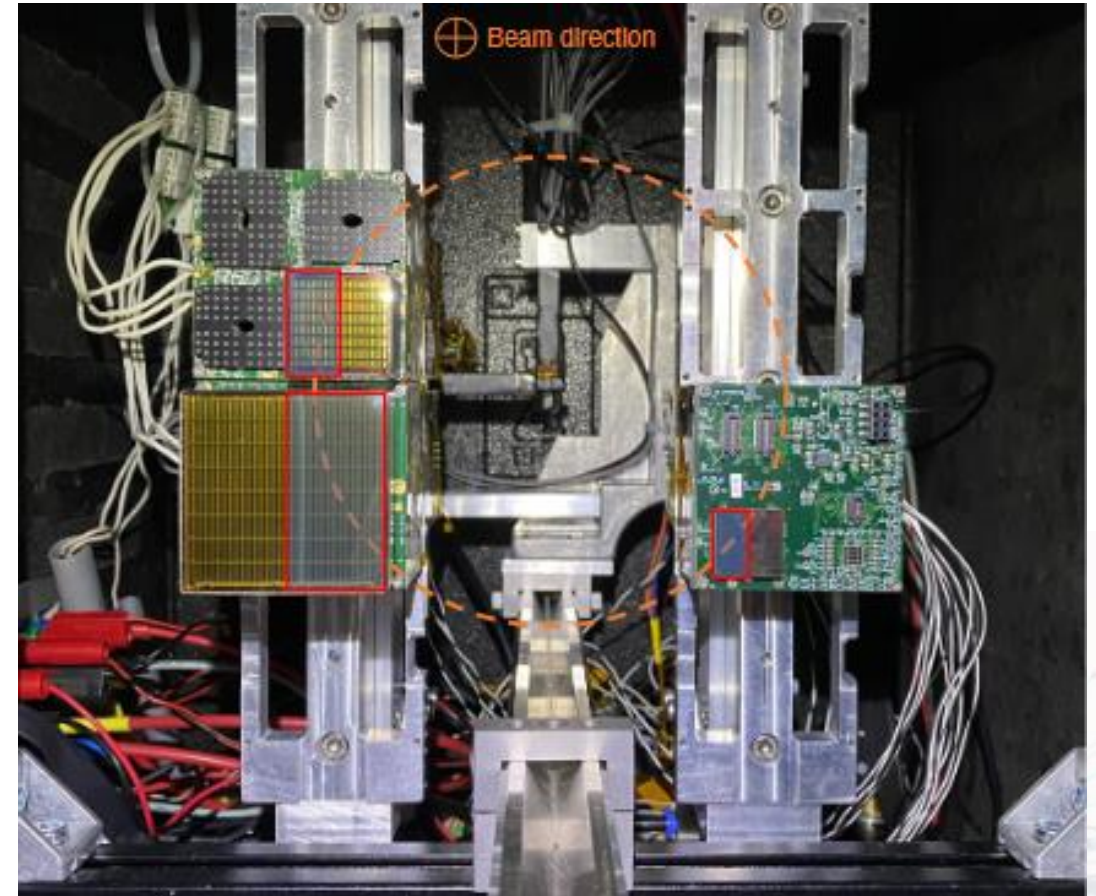
- Perugia group is part of the LHCb team that deals with RICH (Ring-imaging Cherenkov) detectors
→ crucial for particle identification
- I have worked on **Light Leak Detector (LLD)**→
 - subsystem for detection the optic photons from outside the experimental setup
 - made of Photo Multiplier Tubes (PMTs) (6 for RICH₁ and 6 for RICH₂)
 - gives an alarm when the rate of optical photons in the RICH chamber exceeds a specified threshold
 - monitoring of luminosity at interaction point
- LLD designed and built entirely by the LHCb Perugia group
- My contribution:
 - calibration
 - testing of readout electronics
 - data analysis during commissioning
- Now: LLD is installed at CERN and integrated in the RICH control system



RICH Upgrade test beam (October 2022)

- LHC Run 3 is just started (2022)
- R&D for Run 4 (2029) and Run 5 (2035) ongoing → higher luminosity (HL-LHC), RICH upgrade needed
- October 2022 test beam:
 - test of faster electronic for MAPMT (RICH photon sensors) readout → FastIC
 - measurement of FastIC time resolution
- My contribution:
 - optimization of MCP (external trigger) time resolution
 - data taking

Experimental setup



Courses attended

✓ with exam/laboratory

- Effective Field Theory
 - Theory (Buttazzo) ✓
 - Spintronic (Tatara)
- Uncertainty and Probability (D'Agostini) ✓
- Nanosystems
 - Molecular nanomagnets for quantum computation (Garlatti/Chiesa)
 - Raman spectroscopy (Ripanti)
 - Spectroscopy characterization of nanostructured material (Pedio)
- Physics at Colliders (Gallinaro)
- Introduction to space physics (Tommasetti)
- Flavour physics (Ruggiero) ✓
- Multimessenger
 - Gamma Rays (Tosti)
 - Neutrinos (Germani)
 - Gravitational waves (Punturo)
- Teaching and learning physics (Organtini) ✓

Additional activities

Meetings:

- LHCb Italia (LNF)
- LHCb week (Dortmund)

Talks:

- Rare Decays WG

Papers:

- “Search for exotic hadrons with the CMS experiment”
Il Nuovo Cimento 45 C (2022) 106
DOI 10.1393/ncc/i2022-22106-8

Schools:

- INFN School of Statistics (Paestum)

Activities at LHCb:

- Data Manager shifts in [LHCb Control Room](#)
- RICH piquet shift (next November)



Thanks for the attention!

