

# $m_{top}$ from (energy peaks in the) B-hadrons decay length

NOV. 10 2022

ROBERTO FRANCESCHINI (ROMA 3 UNIVERSITY)



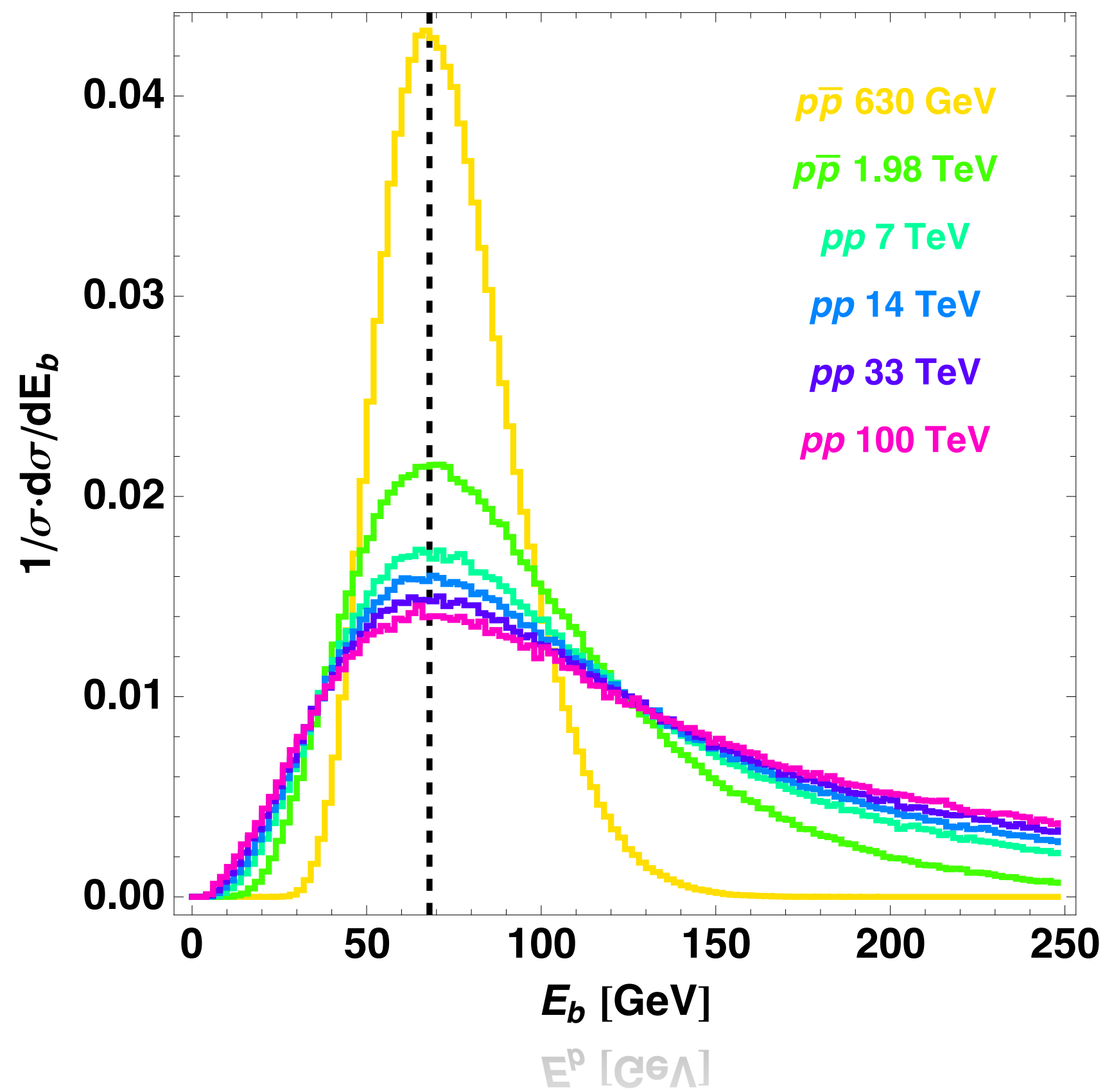
*2204.02928 + WIP with S. Airen, K. Agashe, J. Incandela, D. Kim, D. Sathyan*

*A bit of history*

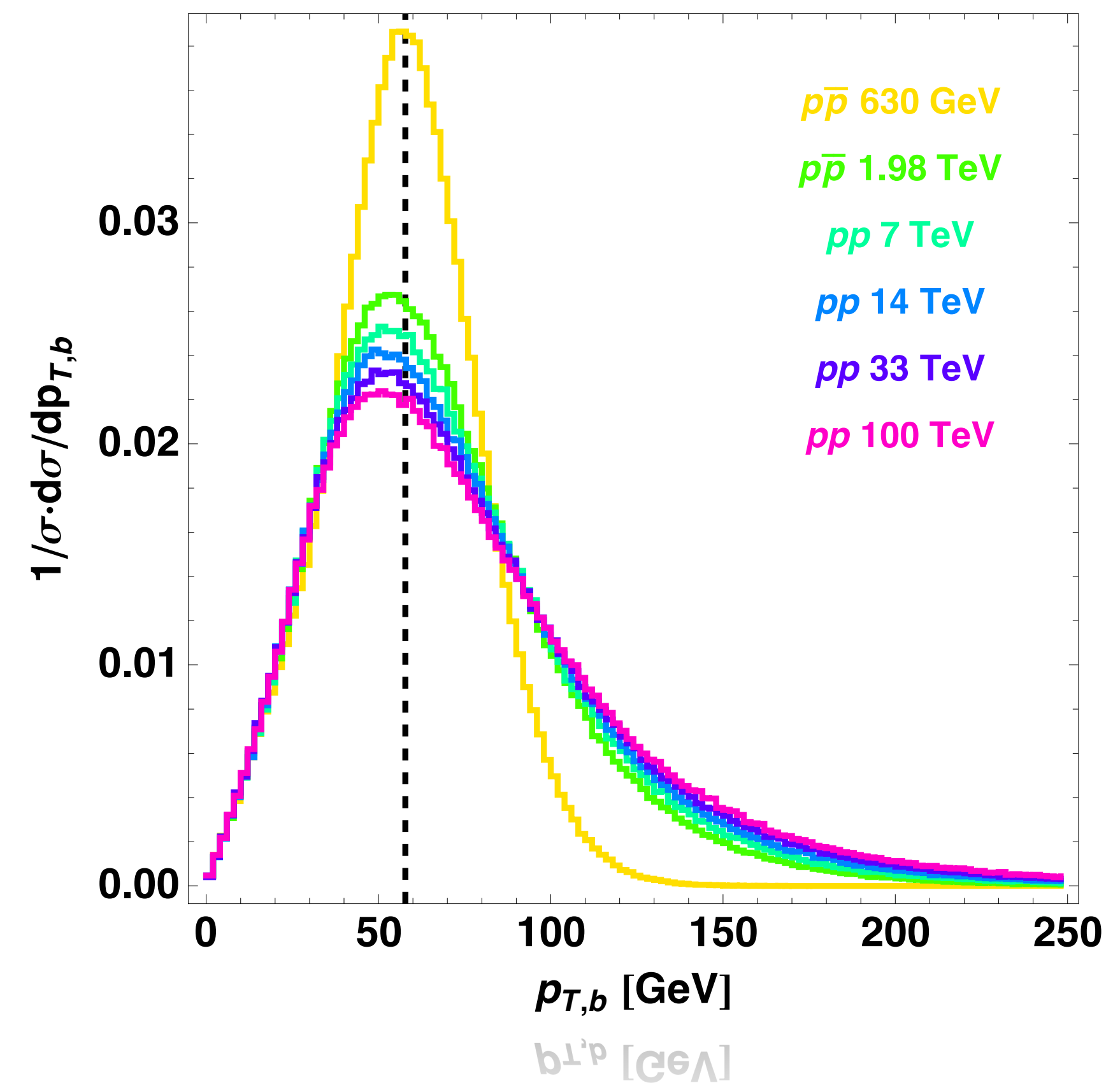
# How special is this invariance?

CIRCA 2012

Shape changes, peak doesn't!



Shape changes, peak does too



The sensitivity to the **boost distribution** is the key

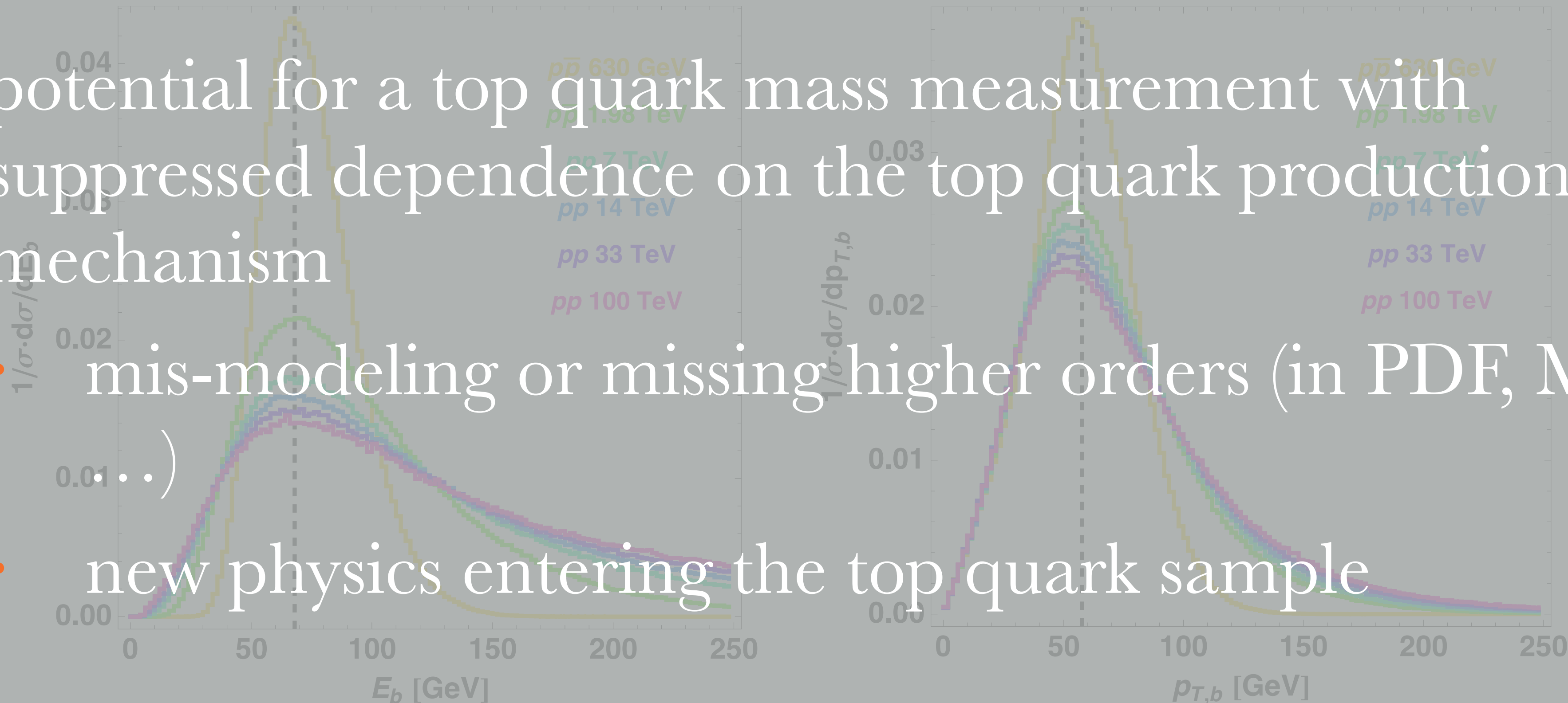
# How special is this invariance?

CIRCA 2012

Shape changes, peak doesn't!

Shape changes, peak does too

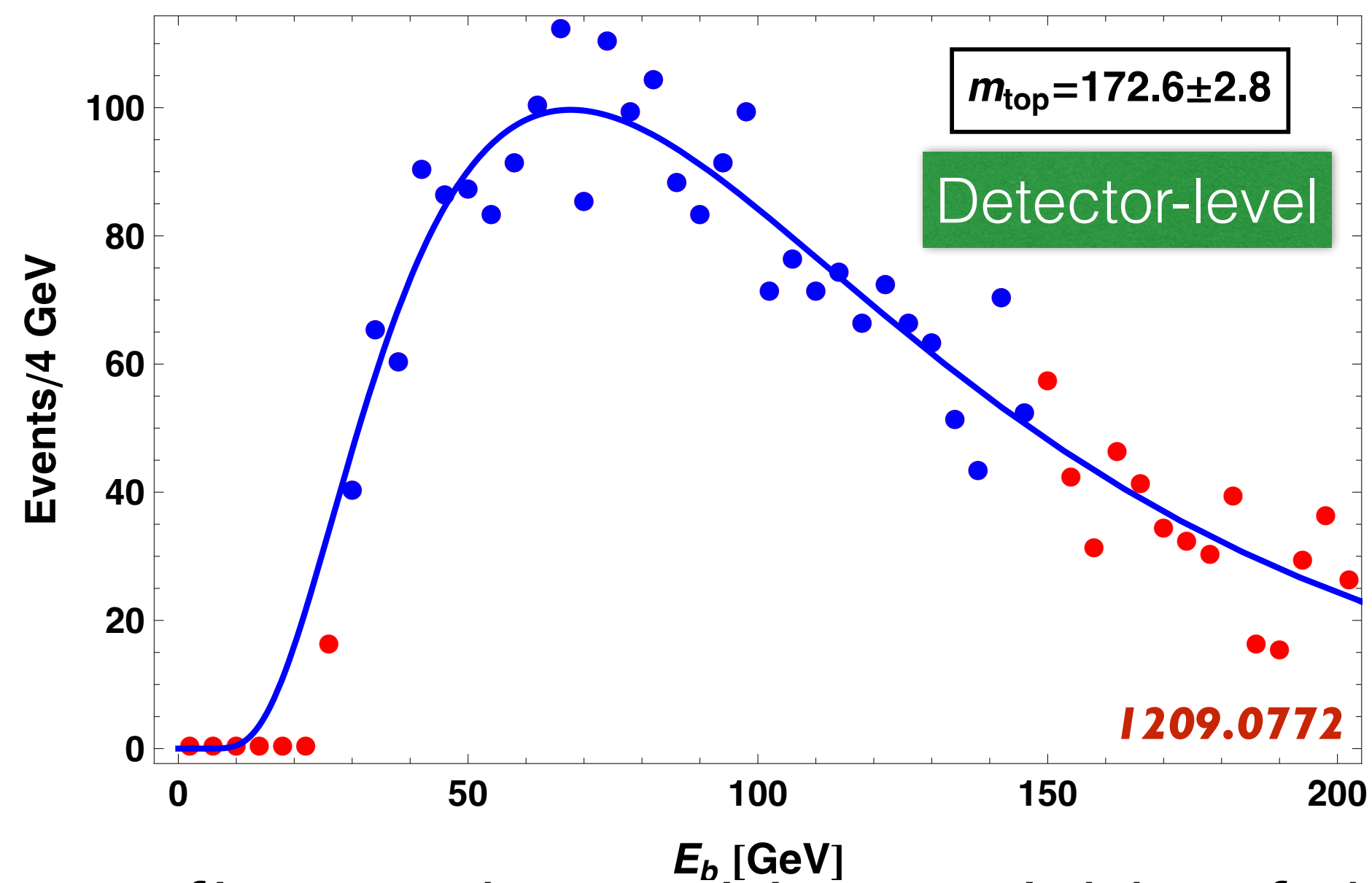
- potential for a top quark mass measurement with suppressed dependence on the top quark production mechanism
- mis-modeling or missing higher orders (in PDF, ME, ...)
- new physics entering the top quark sample



The sensitivity to the **boost distribution** is the key

# b-jet energy (LO+PS)

100 pseudo-experiments from [MadGraph5+Pythia6.4+Delphes](#) (**ATLAS-2012-097**)



2-parameters fit: peak position, width of the distribution

Proof of the concept: **5/fb LHC 7 TeV**

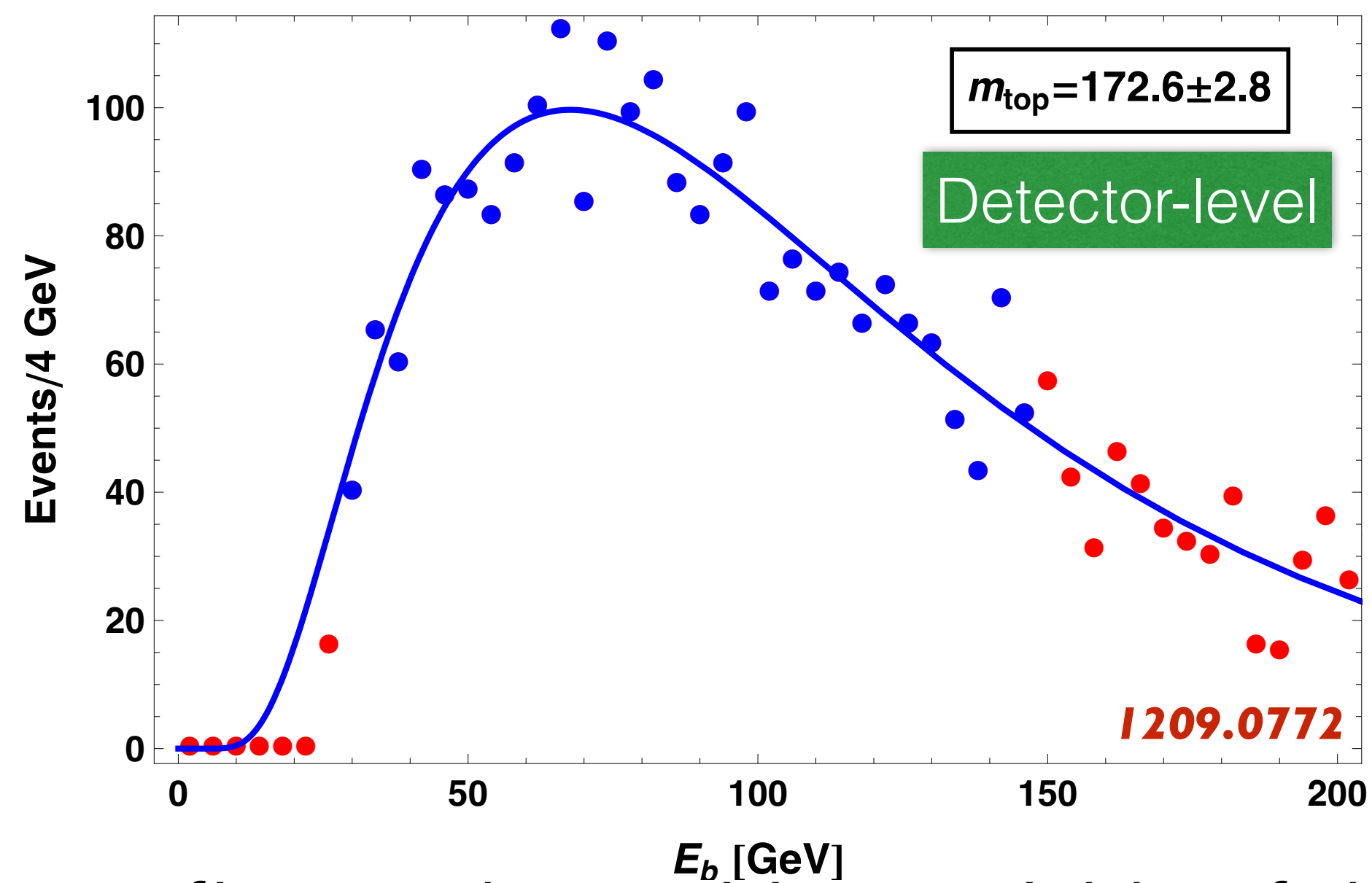
**$m_{\text{top}} = 173.1 \pm 2.5$  GeV (stat)**

1209.0772 - Agashe Franceschini and Kim

message: LO effects are well under control → CMS at work!

# b-jet energy (LO+PS)

100 pseudo-experiments from [MadGraph5+Pythia6.4+Delphes](#) (**ATLAS-2012-097**)



2-parameters fit: peak position, width of the distribution

**Proof of the concept: 5/fb LHC 7 TeV**

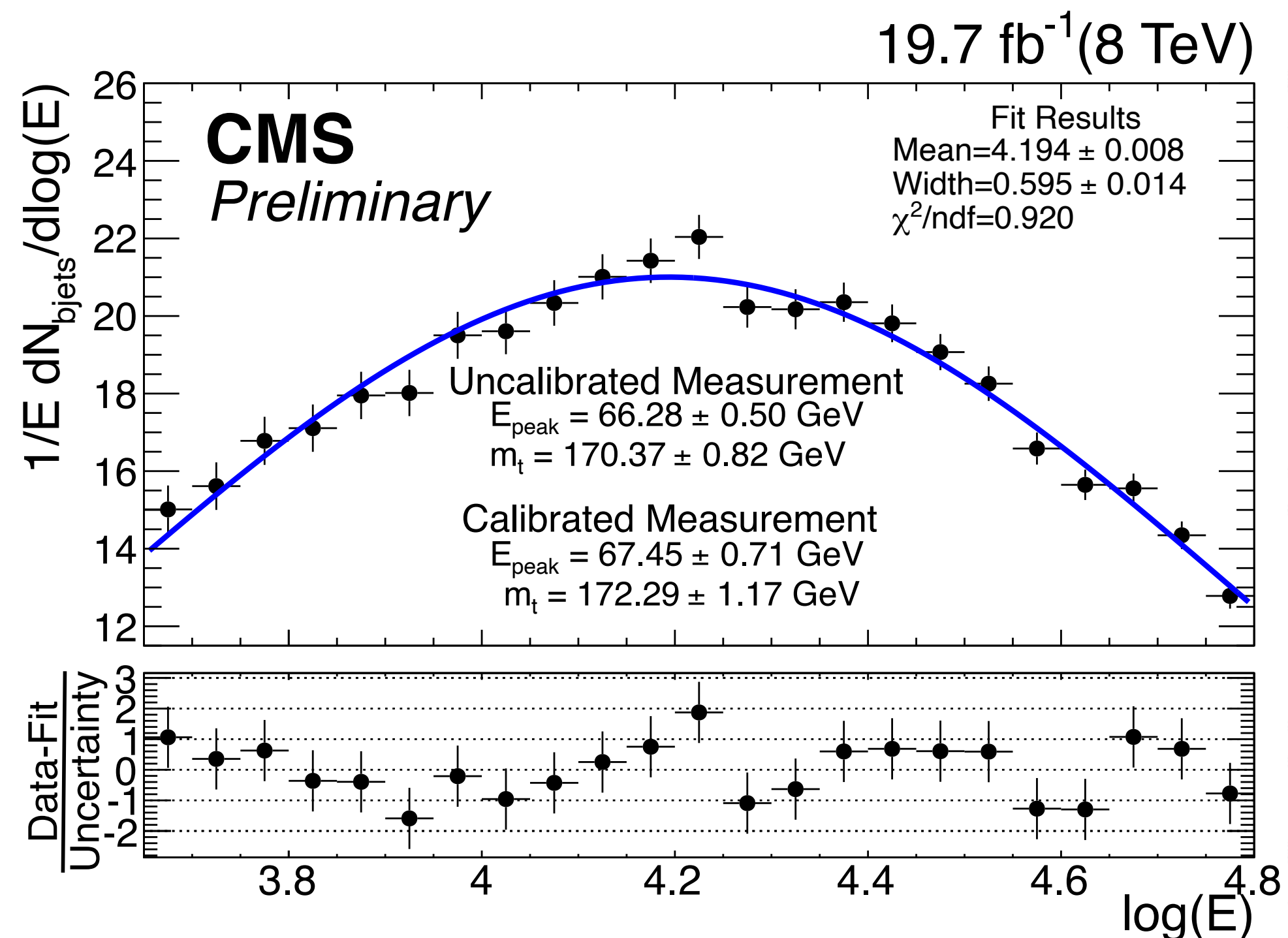
$$m_{\text{top}} = 173.1 (1 \pm \alpha/\pi) \pm 2.5 \text{ GeV (stat)}$$

1209.0772 - Agashe Franceschini and Kim

message: LO effects are well under control → CMS at work!

# CMS PAS TOP-15-002

$$m_t = 172.29 \pm 1.17 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 2.66 \text{ (syst.) GeV}$$



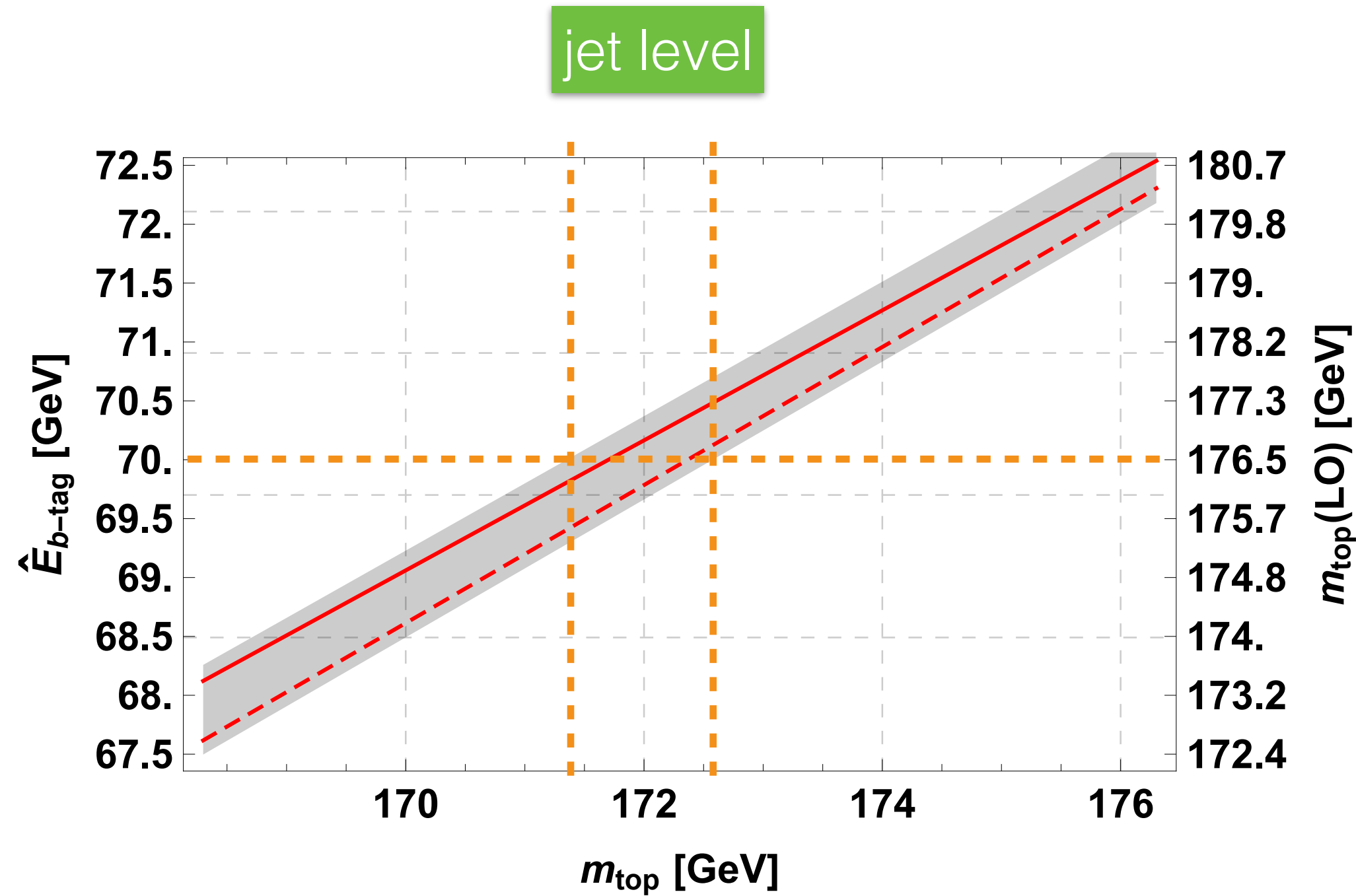
Source of uncertainty	δE <sub>peak</sub> (GeV)	δm <sub>t</sub> (GeV)
<b>Experimental uncertainties</b>		
Jet energy scale	0.74	1.23
b jet energy scale	0.14	0.22
Jet energy resolution	0.18	0.30
Pile-up	0.01	0.02
b-tagging efficiency	0.12	0.20
Lepton efficiency	0.02	0.03
Fit calibration	0.14	0.24
Backgrounds	0.21	0.34
<b>Modeling of hard scattering process</b>		
Generator modeling	0.91	1.50
Renormalization and factorization scales	0.13	0.22
ME-PS matching threshold	0.24	0.39
Top p <sub>T</sub> reweighting	0.90	1.49
PDFs	0.13	0.22
<b>Modeling of non-perturbative QCD</b>		
Underlying event	0.22	0.35
Color reconnection	0.38	0.62
<b>Total</b>	<b>1.62</b>	<b>2.66</b>

leading uncertainty from theory can be reduced

p<sub>T</sub>(top) reweighting smaller than other methods (L<sub>xy</sub>, p<sub>T</sub>ℓ ...)

# Beyond LO

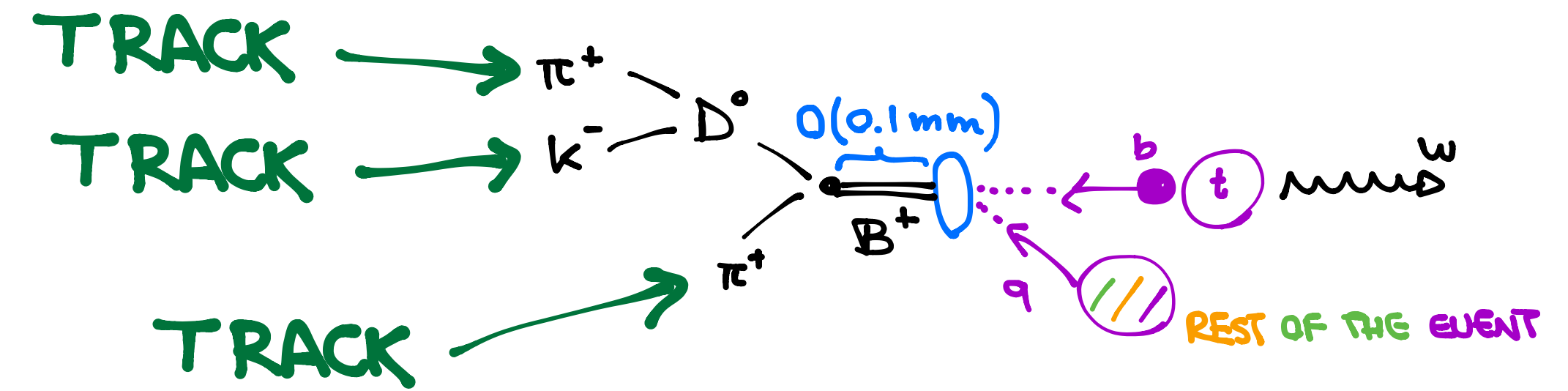
Agashe, RF, Kim, Schulze - 1603.06536



$\Delta(\text{th}) = \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV @NLO}$

# Beyond JES w/ hadrons

Agashe, RF, Kim, Schulze - 1603.06536

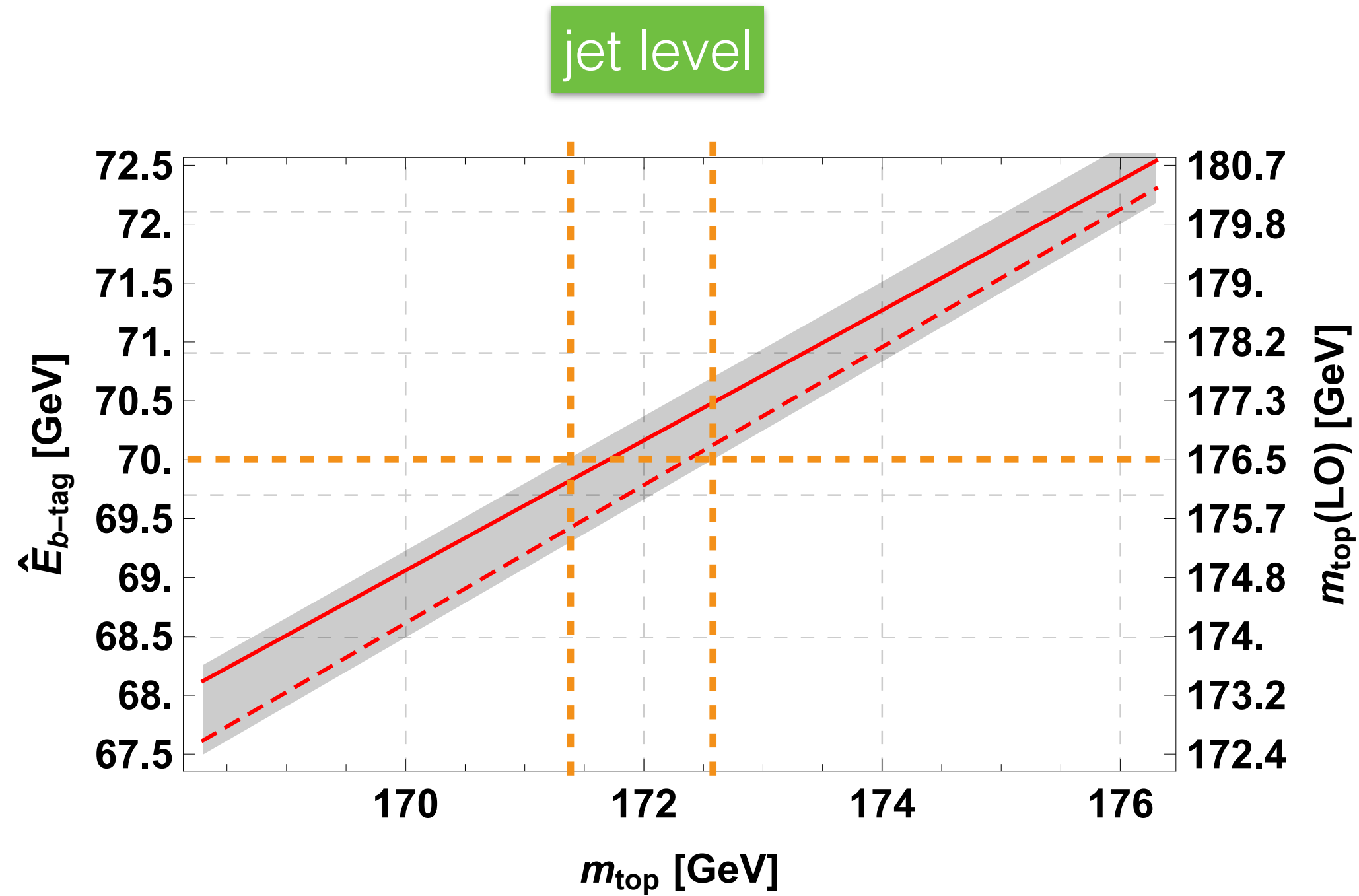


$B^+ \rightarrow 3 \text{ TRACKS}$



# Beyond LO

Agashe, RF, Kim, Schulze - 1603.06536



$\Delta(\text{th}) = \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV @NLO}$

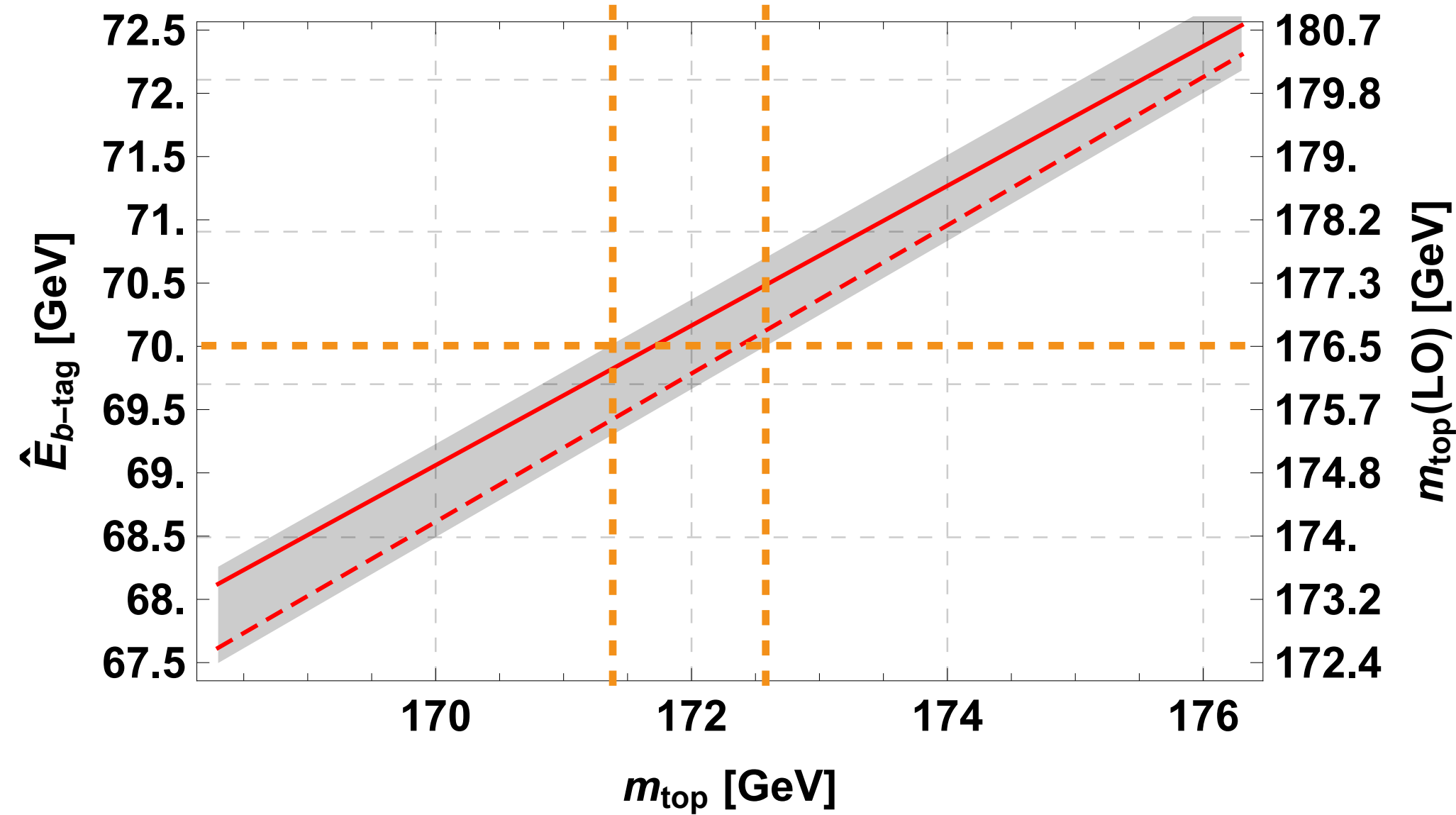
# Beyond JES w/ hadrons

Agashe, RF, Kim, Schulze - 1603.06536

# Beyond LO

Agashe, RF, Kim, Schulze - 1603.06536

jet level

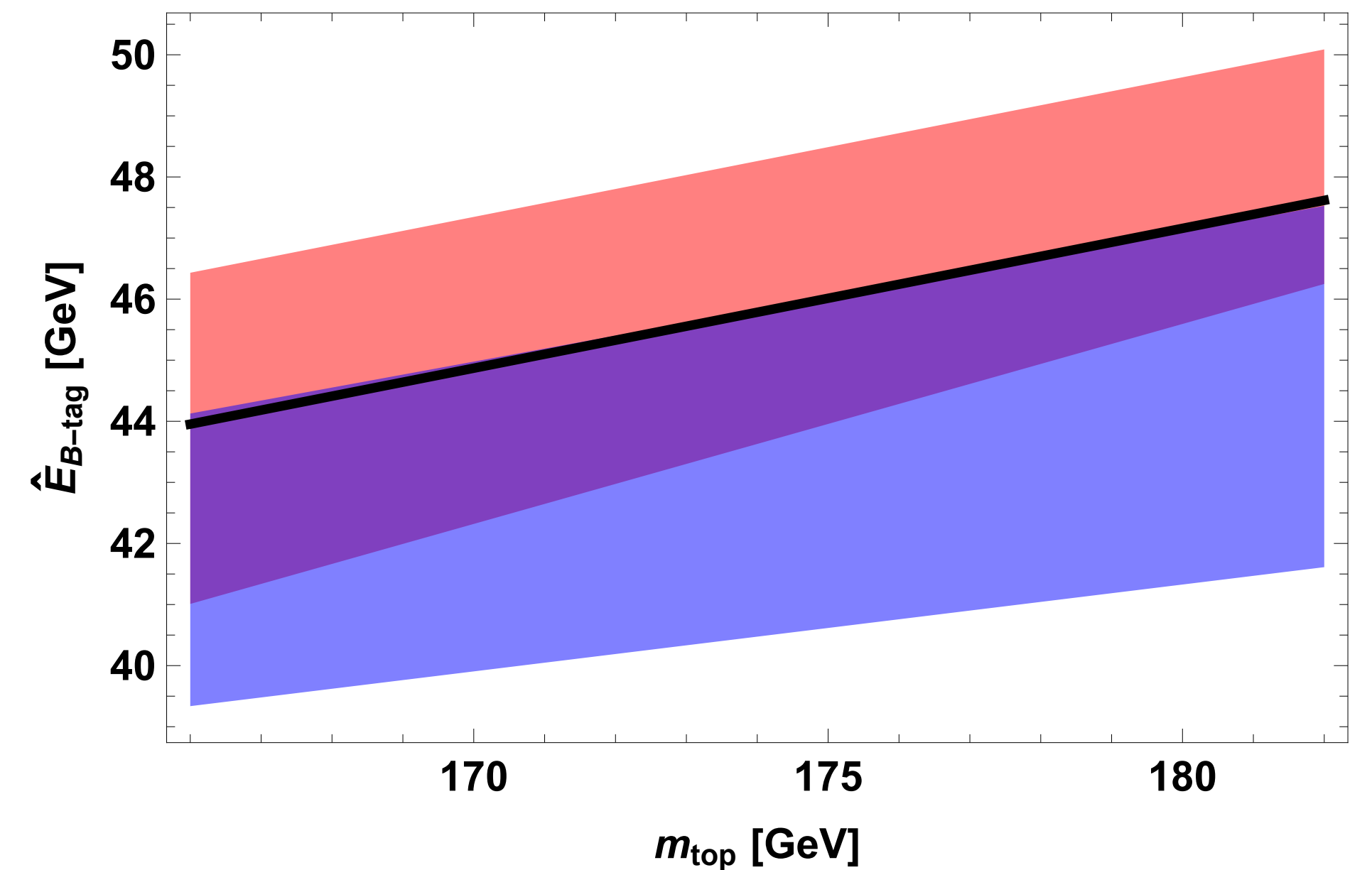


$\Delta(\text{th}) = \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV @NLO}$

# Beyond JES w/ hadrons

Agashe, RF, Kim, Schulze - 1603.06536

hadron level

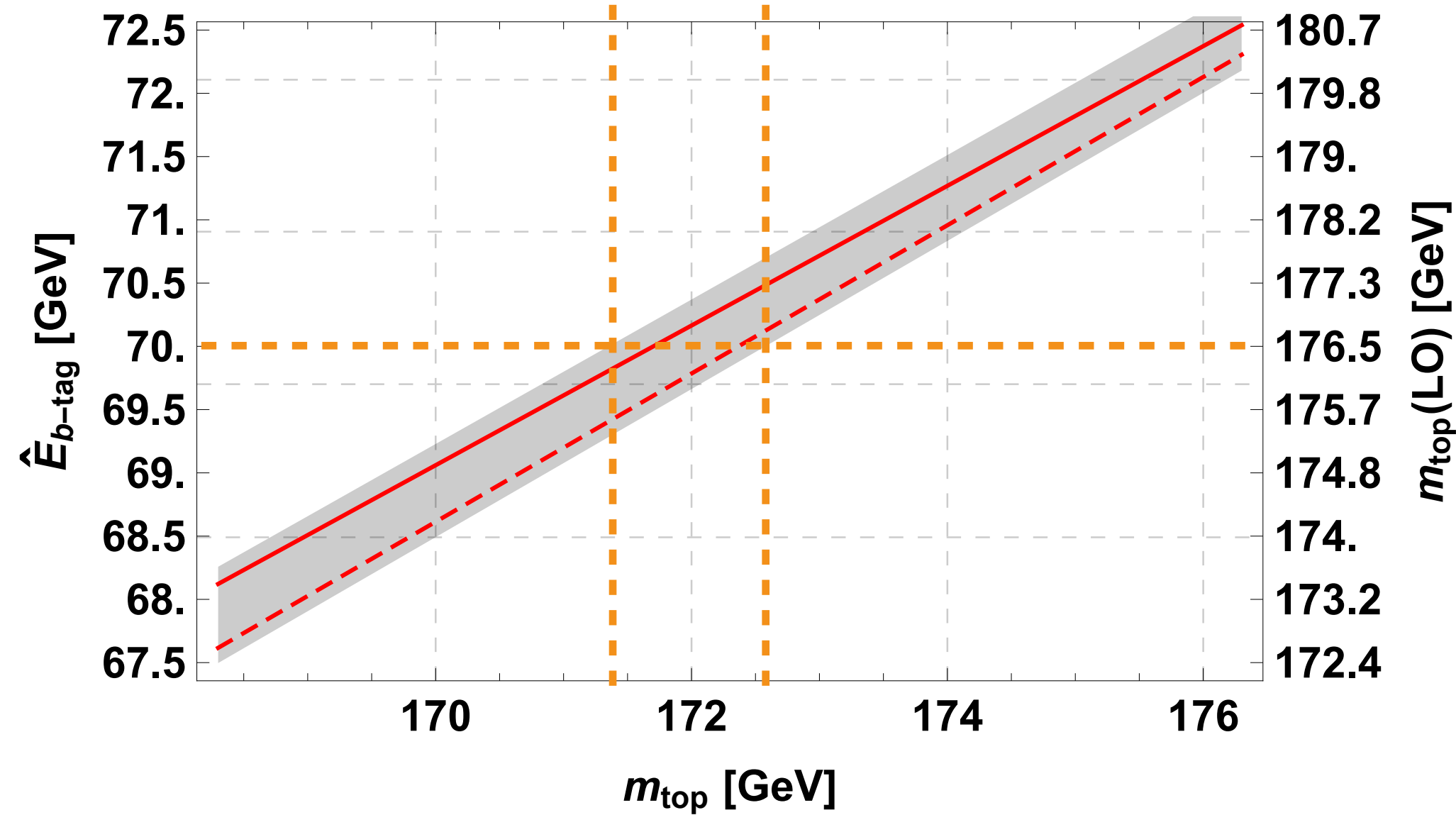


NLO sensitive to the scale choice:  $\pm 3.5 \text{ GeV}$  on  $m_{\text{top}}$

# Beyond LO

Agashe, RF, Kim, Schulze - 1603.06536

jet level

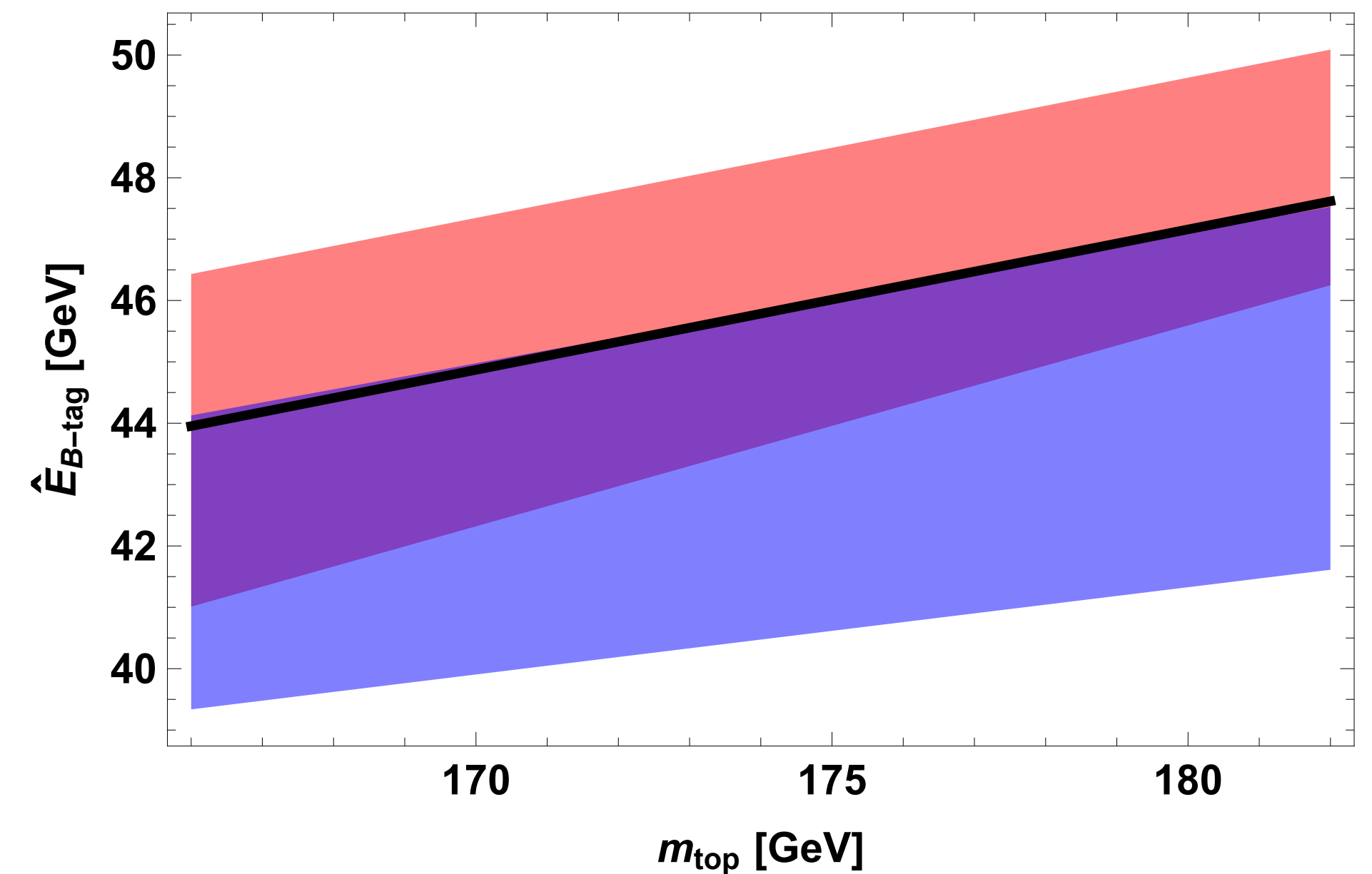


$\Delta(\text{th}) = \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV @NLO}$

# Beyond JES w/ hadrons

Agashe, RF, Kim, Schulze - 1603.06536

hadron level



2210.06078

NNLO sensitive to the scale choice:  $\pm 3.5/(2?) \text{ GeV}$  on  $m_{\text{top}}$

# Beyond JES w/ hadrons

Corcella, RF, Kim - 1712.05801

CIRCA 2017

	PYTHIA8 parameter	range	Monash default
$p_{T,\min}$	TIME Shower:PTMIN	0.25-1.00 GeV	0.5
$\alpha_{s,\text{FSR}}$	TIME Shower:ALPHASVALUE	0.1092 - 0.1638	0.1365
recoil	TIME Shower:RECOILToCOLOURED	<i>on</i> and <i>off</i>	<i>on</i>
$b$ quark mass	5:M0	3.8-5.8 GeV	4.8 GeV
Bowler's $r_B$	STRINGZ:RFACTB	0.713-0.813	0.855
string model $a$	STRINGZ:ANONSTANDARD B	0.54-0.82	0.68
string model $b$	STRINGZ:BNONSTANDARD B	0.78-1.18	0.98

	parameter	range	default
Cluster spectrum parameter	PSPLT(2)	0.9 - 1	1
Power in maximum cluster mass	CLPOW	1.8 - 2.2	2
Maximum cluster mass	CLMAX	3.0 - 3.7	3.35
CMW $\Lambda_{QCD}$	QC DLAM	0.16 - 2	0.18
Smearing width of $B$ -hadron direction	CLMSR(2)	0.1 - 0.2	0
Quark shower cutoff	VQCUT	0.4 - 0.55	0.48
Gluon shower cutoff	VGCUT	0.05 - 0.15	0.1
Gluon effective mass	RMASS(13)	0.65 - 0.85	0.75
Bottom-quark mass	RMASS(5)	4.6 - 5.3	4.95

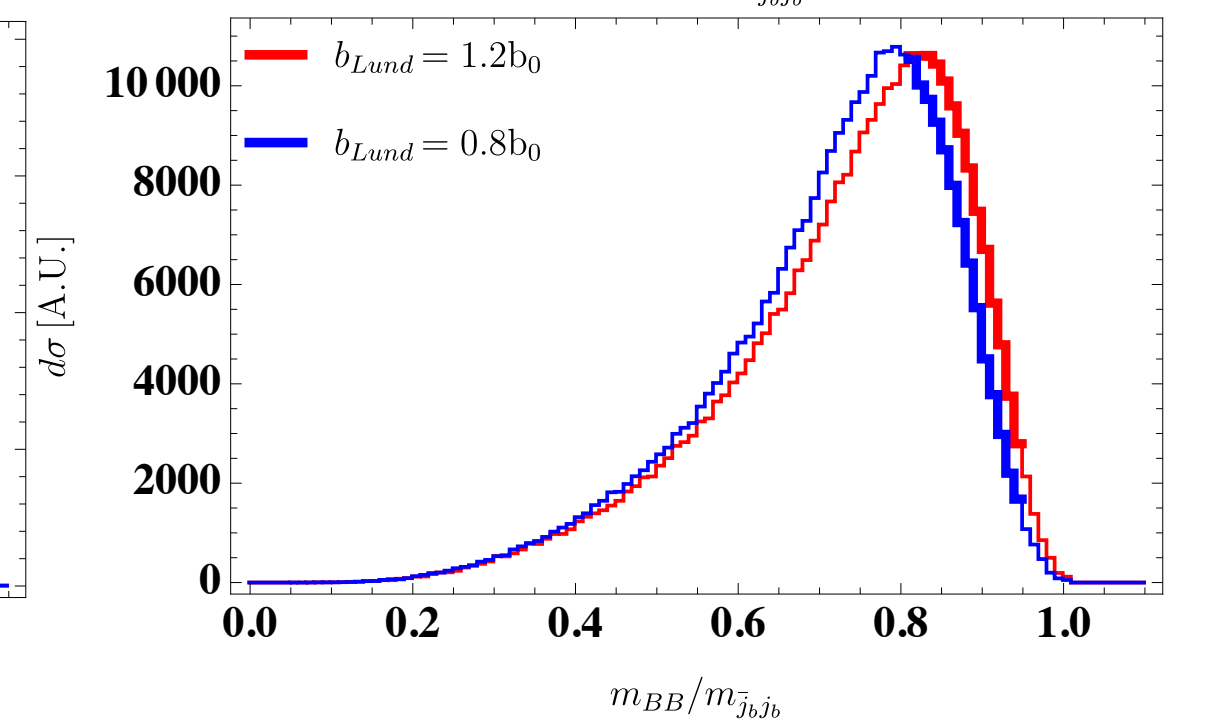
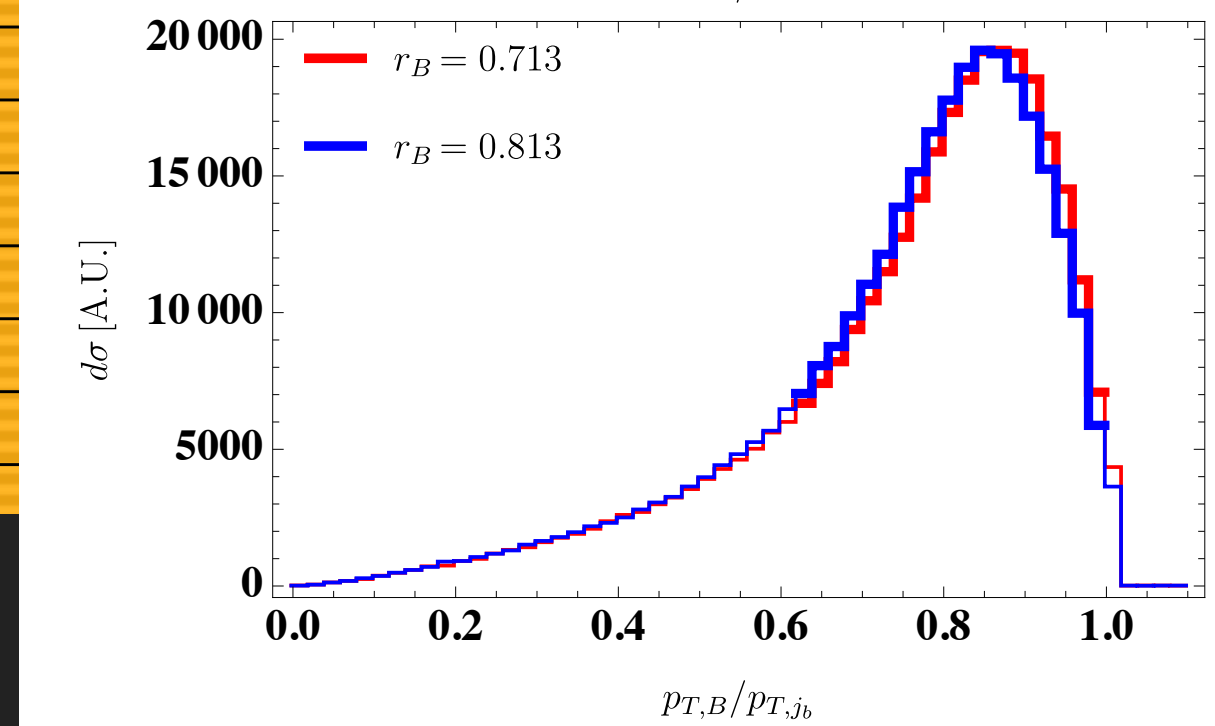
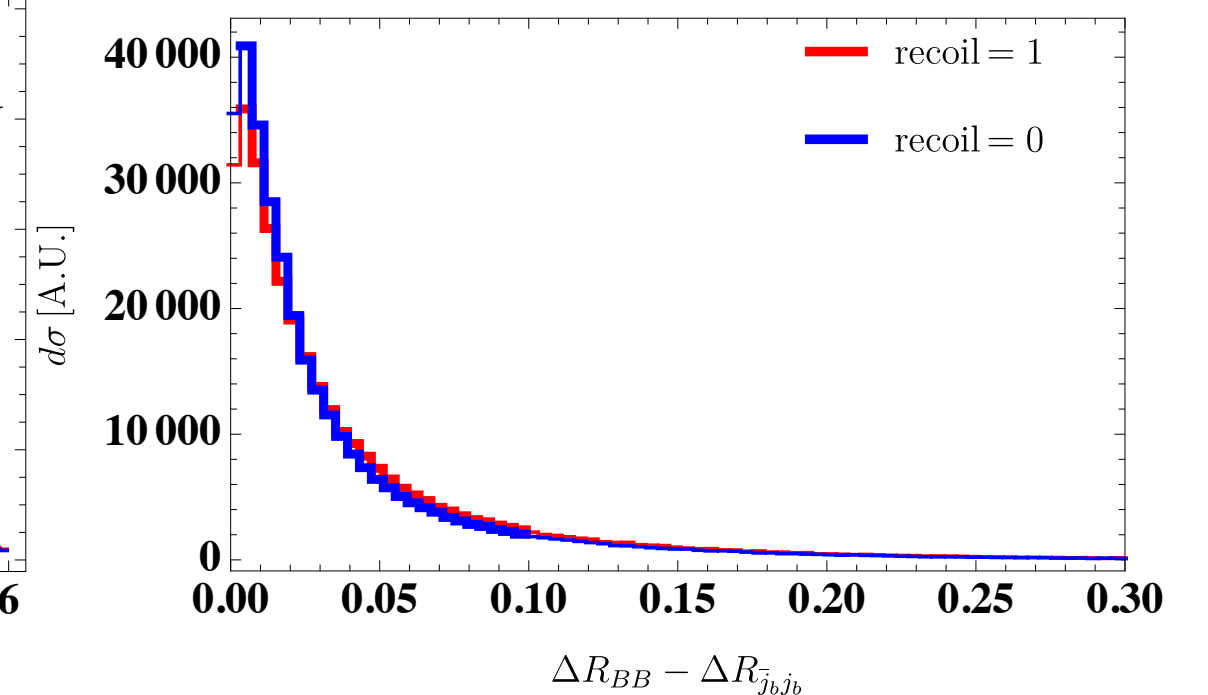
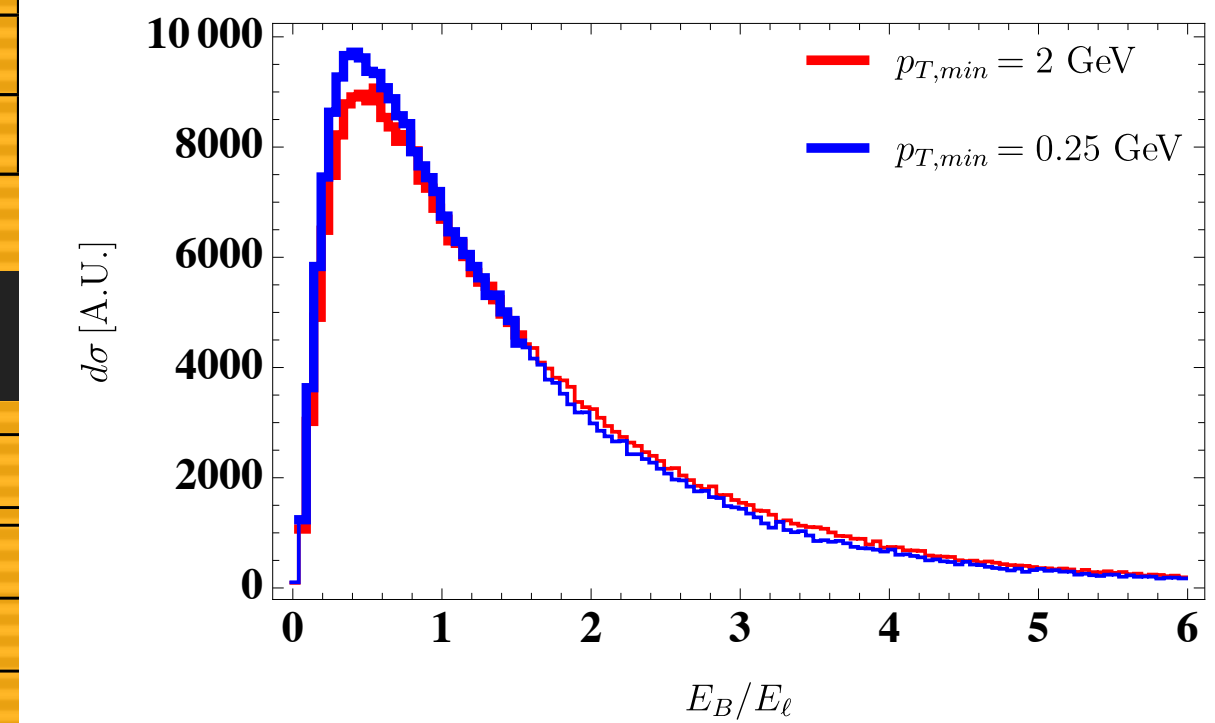
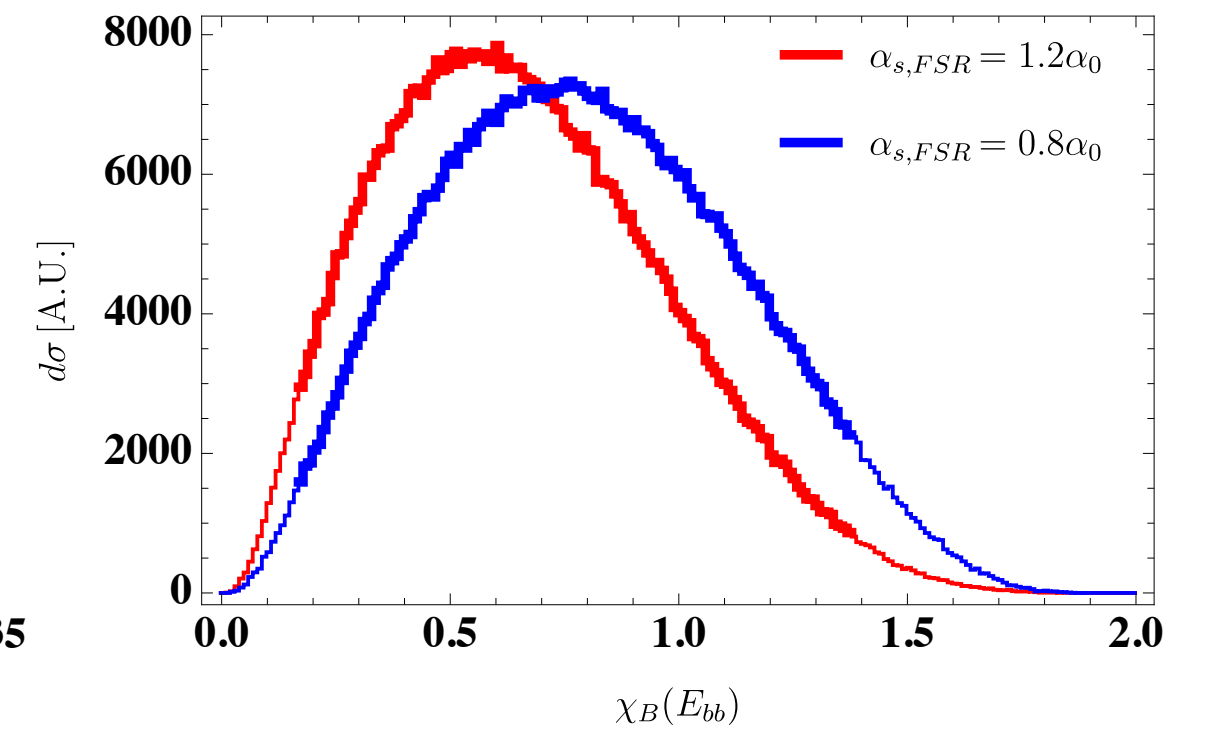
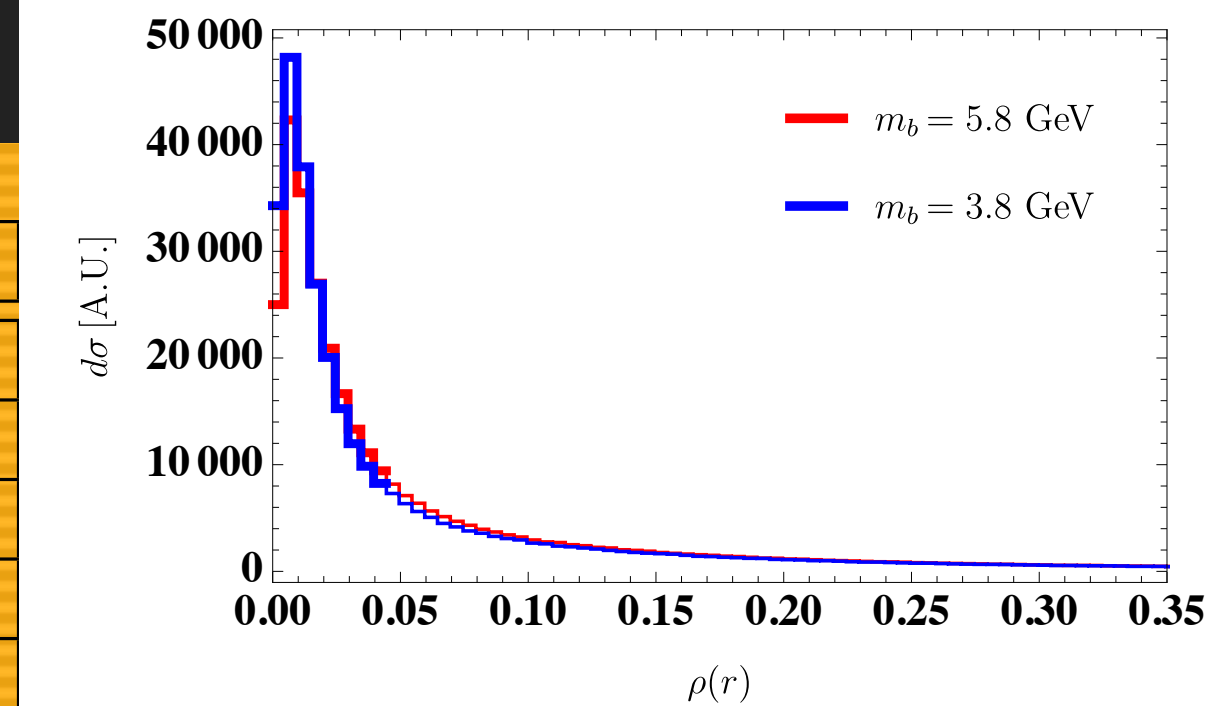
# Beyond JES w/ hadrons

Corcella, RF, Kim - 1712.05801

CIRCA 2017

	PYTHIA8 parameter
$p_{T,min}$	TIME Shower:PTMIN
$\alpha_{s,FSR}$	TIME Shower:ALPHASVALUE
recoil	TIME Shower:RECOILTO COLOURED
$b$ quark mass	5:M0
Bowler's $r_B$	STRINGZ:RFACTB
string model $a$	STRINGZ:ANONSTANDARD B
string model $b$	STRINGZ:BNONSTANDARD B

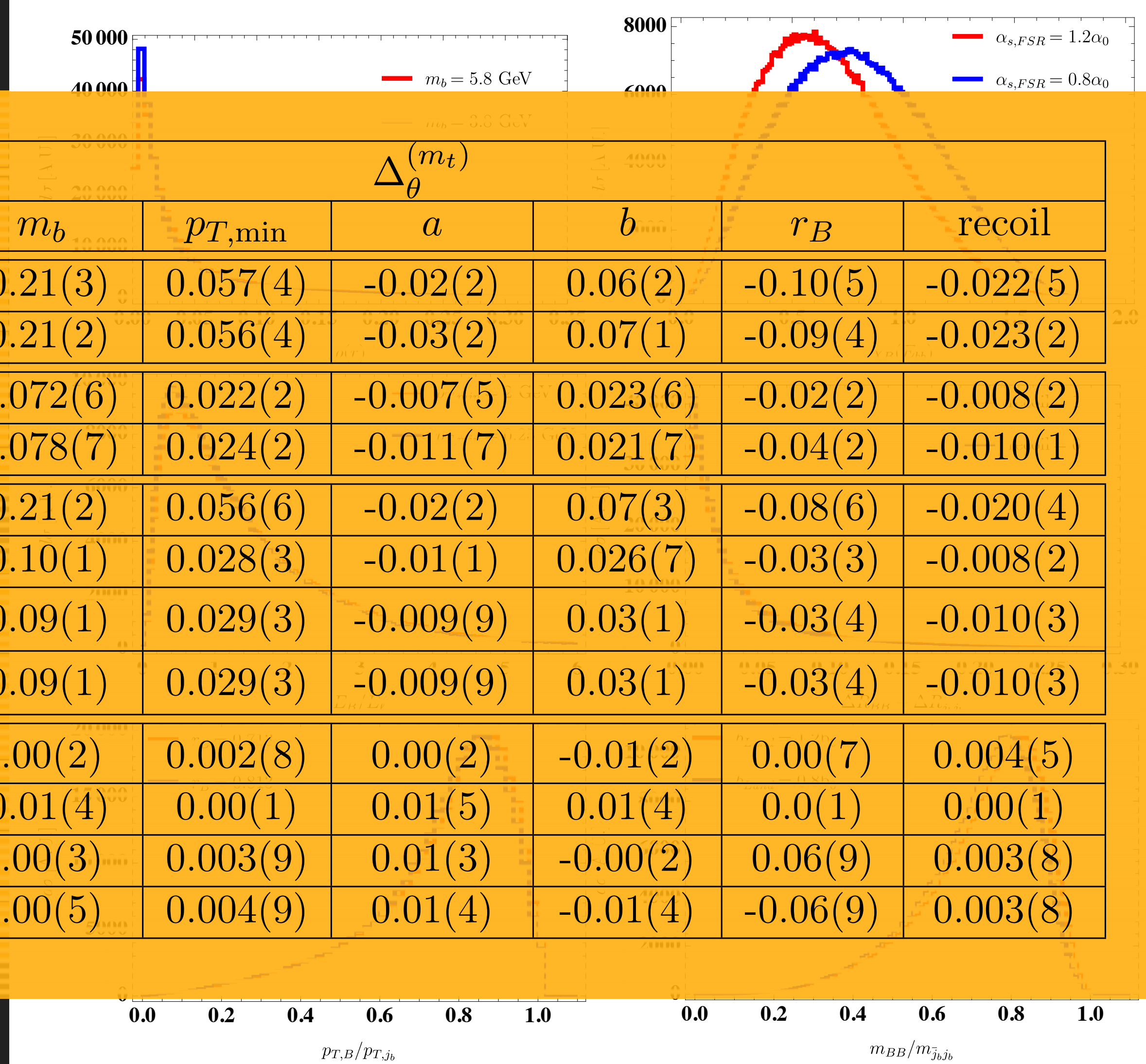
	parameter
Cluster spectrum parameter	PSPLT(2)
Power in maximum cluster mass	CLPOW
Maximum cluster mass	CLMAX
CMW $\Lambda_{QCD}$	QC DLAM
Smearing width of $B$ -hadron direction	CLMSR(2)
Quark shower cutoff	VQCUT
Gluon shower cutoff	VGCUT
Gluon effective mass	RMASS(13)
Bottom-quark mass	RMASS(5)



# Beyond JES w/ hadrons

Corcella, RF, Kim - 1712.05801

CIRCA 2017

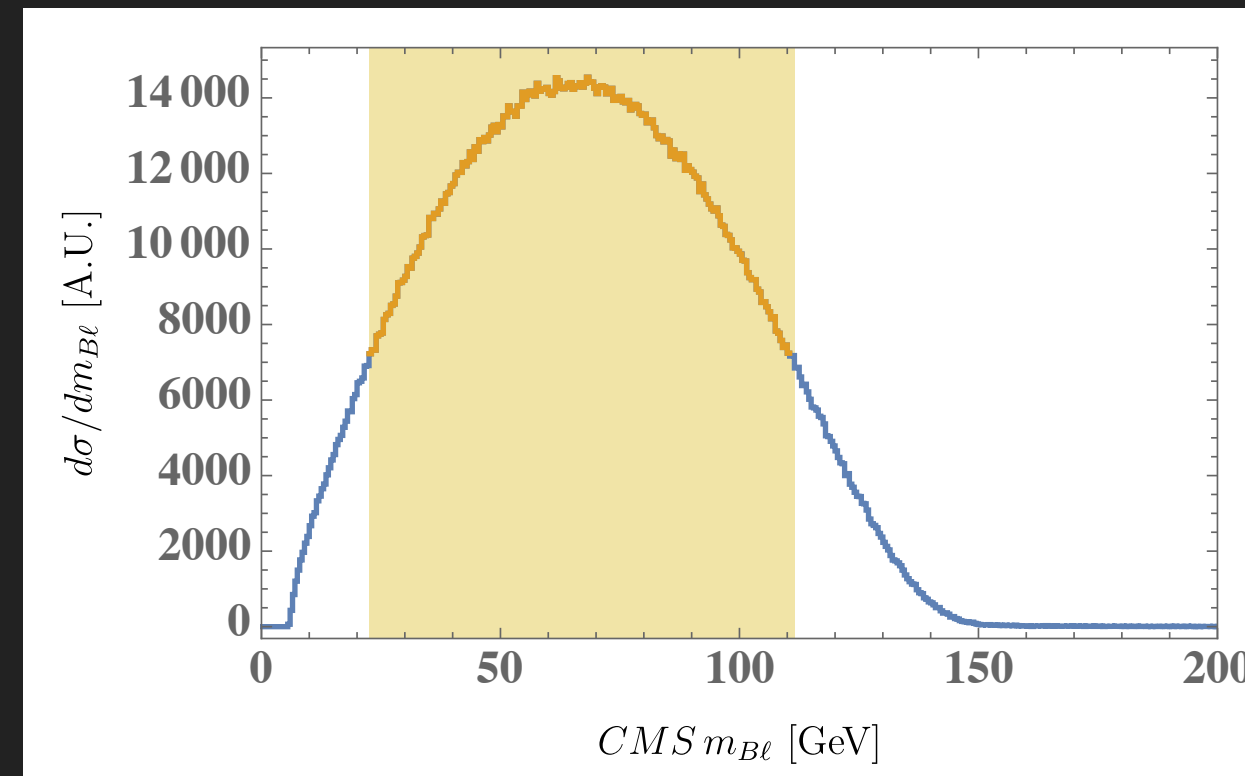


$\mathcal{O}$	Range	$\Delta_{m_t}^{(\mathcal{M}_\mathcal{O})}$	$\Delta_\theta^{(m_t)}$						
			$\alpha_{s,FSR}$	$m_b$	$p_{T,\min}$	$a$	$b$	$r_B$	recoil
$E_B$	28-110	0.92(5)	-0.52(2)	-0.21(3)	0.057(4)	-0.02(2)	0.06(2)	-0.10(5)	-0.022(5)
$p_{T,B}$	24-72	0.92(3)	-0.54(2)	-0.21(2)	0.056(4)	-0.03(2)	0.07(1)	-0.09(4)	-0.023(2)
$m_{Bl,\text{true}}$	47-125	1.30(2)	-0.241(8)	-0.072(6)	0.022(2)	-0.007(5)	0.023(6)	-0.02(2)	-0.008(2)
$m_{Bl^+,\min}$	30-115	1.16(2)	-0.282(5)	-0.078(7)	0.024(2)	-0.011(7)	0.021(7)	-0.04(2)	-0.010(1)
$E_B + E_B$	83-244	0.92(4)	-0.50(2)	-0.21(2)	0.056(6)	-0.02(2)	0.07(3)	-0.08(6)	-0.020(4)
$m_{BB\ell\ell}$	172-329	0.96(2)	-0.25(1)	-0.10(1)	0.028(3)	-0.01(1)	0.026(7)	-0.03(3)	-0.008(2)
$m_{T2,B\ell,\text{true}}^{(\text{mET})}$	73-148	0.95(3)	-0.27(1)	-0.09(1)	0.029(3)	-0.009(9)	0.03(1)	-0.03(4)	-0.010(3)
$m_{T2,B\ell,\min}^{(\text{mET})}$	73-148	0.95(3)	-0.27(1)	-0.09(1)	0.029(3)	-0.009(9)	0.03(1)	-0.03(4)	-0.010(3)
$m_{T2}^{(\ell\nu)}$	0.5-80	-0.118(7)	-0.03(2)	0.00(2)	0.002(8)	0.00(2)	-0.01(2)	0.00(7)	0.004(5)
$m_{\ell\ell}$	37.5-145	0.40(5)	-0.03(5)	-0.01(4)	0.00(1)	0.01(5)	0.01(4)	0.0(1)	0.00(1)
$E_\ell + E_\ell$	75-230	0.54(5)	-0.03(3)	0.00(3)	0.003(9)	0.01(3)	-0.00(2)	0.06(9)	0.003(8)
$E_\ell$	23-100	0.48(4)	-0.02(5)	0.00(5)	0.004(9)	0.01(4)	-0.01(4)	-0.06(9)	0.003(8)

# Beyond JES w/ hadrons

Corcella, RF, Kim - 1712.05801

## Monte Carlo calibration targets

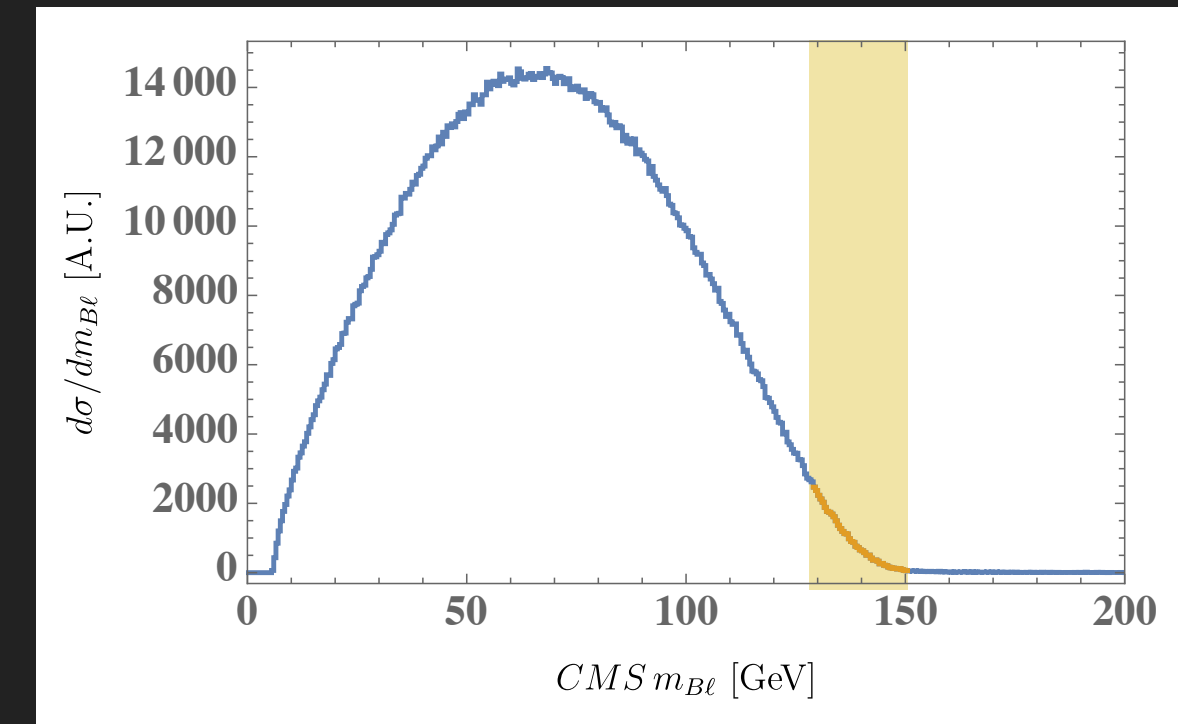


### Pythia8

- $\alpha_s$  needed at 1%
- $m_b$  needed at 3%
- all the rest needed at 10%

### Herwig6

- $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \Rightarrow \alpha_s$  needed at 1%
- $m_{b,g}$  needed at 1%
- cluster mass spectrum (PSPLT, CLPOW, CLMAX) needed at 10%
- all the rest needed at "100%"

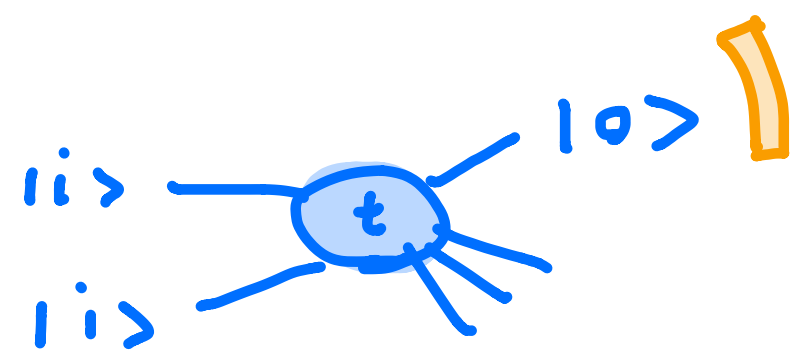


### Pythia8

- $\alpha_s$  needed at 10%
- $m_b$  needed at 10%
- $r_B$  needed at 10%
- all the rest needed at "100%"

### Herwig6

- $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \Rightarrow \alpha_s$  needed at 3%
- $m_{b,g}$  needed at 2%
- cluster mass spectrum (PSPLT, CLPOW, CLMAX) needed at 20%
- all the rest needed at "100%"



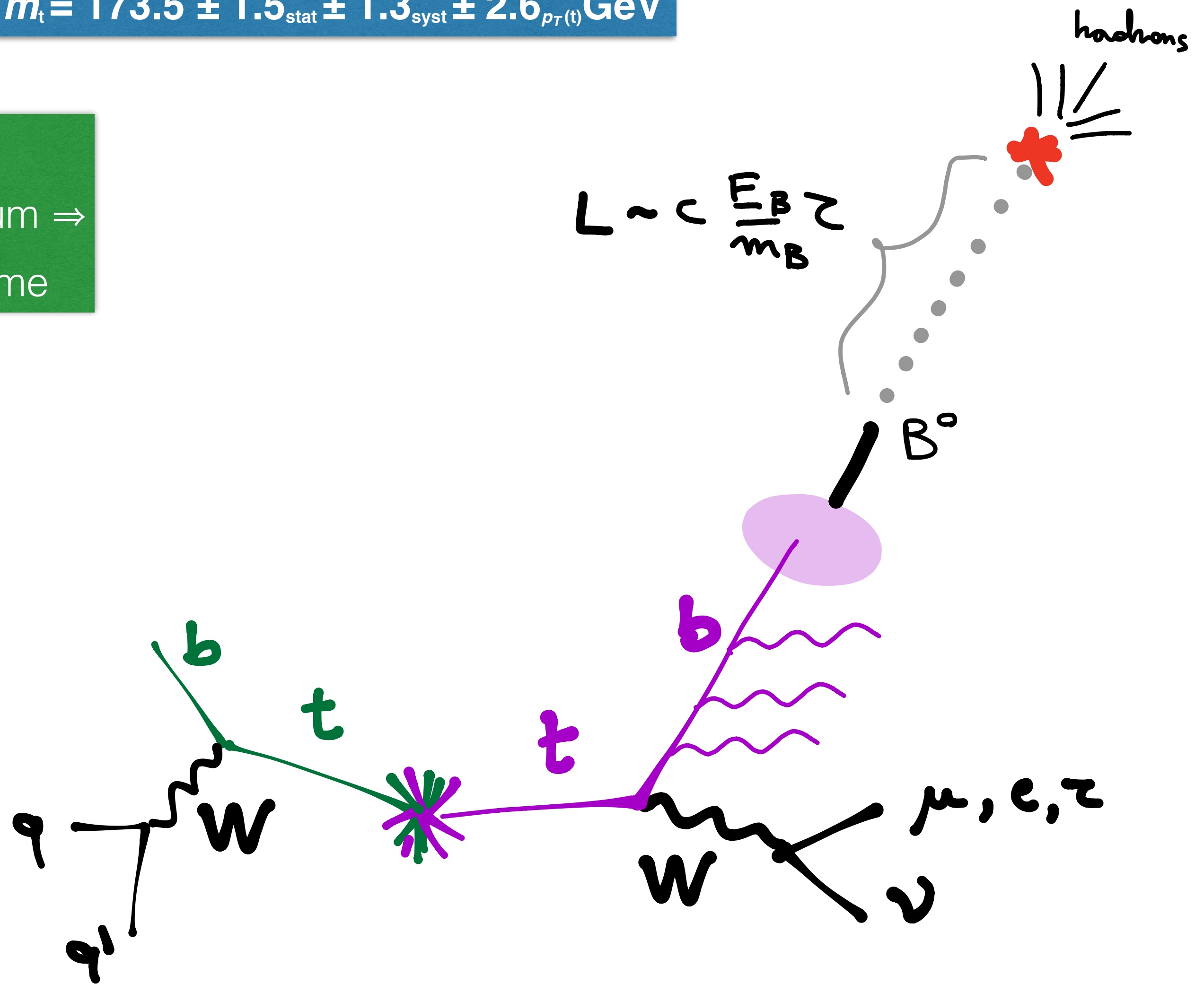
$L_{xy}$

decay length **CMS-PAS-TOP-12-030**

- B-hadron life-time -  $L_{xy}$  [hep-ex/0501043](http://hep-ex/0501043)

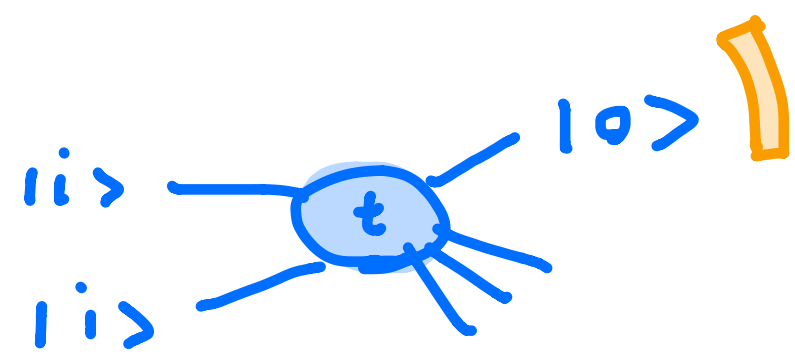
$m_t = 173.5 \pm 1.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.3_{\text{syst}} \pm 2.6_{p_T(t)} \text{ GeV}$

larger top **mass**  $\Rightarrow$   
 $\Rightarrow$  large B hadron momentum  $\Rightarrow$   
 $\Rightarrow$  larger lab-frame life-time



dependence on the dynamics (e.g. production of top at LHC)





$L_{xy}$

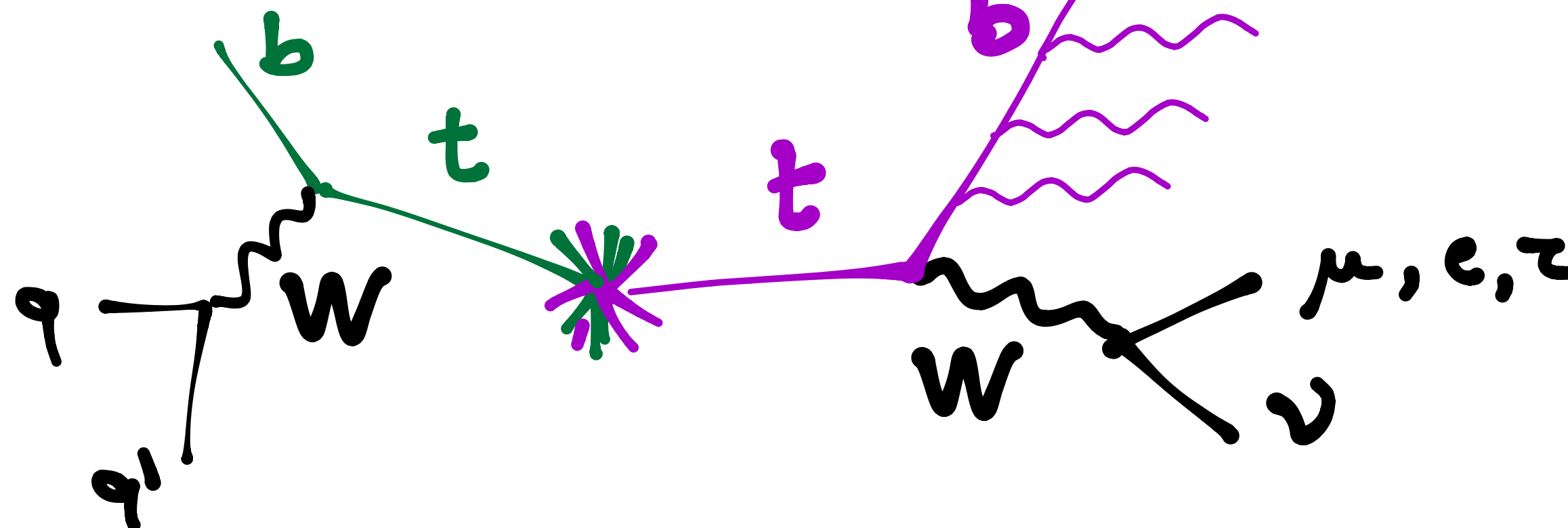
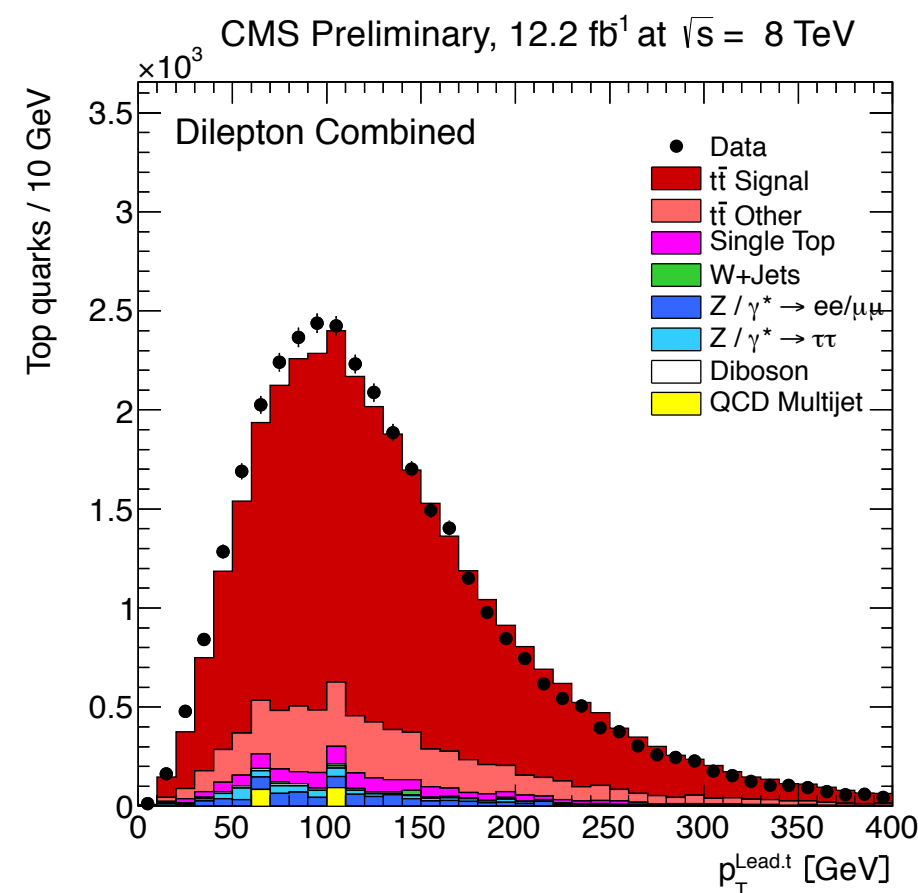
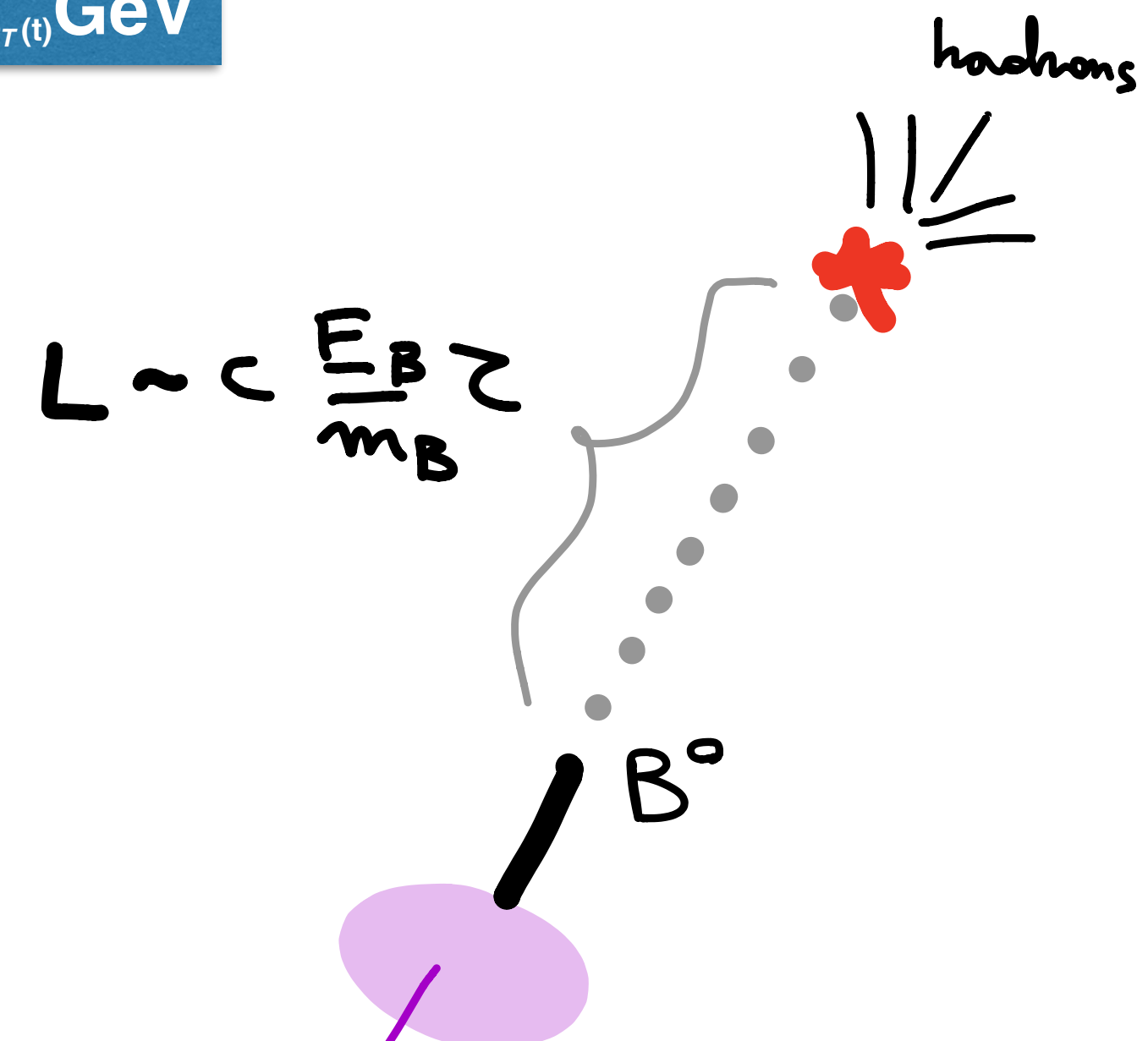
decay length **CMS-PAS-TOP-12-030**

- B-hadron life-time -  $L_{xy}$  [hep-ex/0501043](http://hep-ex/0501043)

$m_t = 173.5 \pm 1.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.3_{\text{syst}} \pm 2.6_{p_T(t)} \text{ GeV}$

larger top **mass**  $\Rightarrow$   
 $\Rightarrow$  large B hadron momentum  $\Rightarrow$   
 $\Rightarrow$  larger lab-frame life-time

larger top **momentum**  $\Rightarrow$   
 $\Rightarrow$  large B hadron momentum  $\Rightarrow$   
 $\Rightarrow$  larger lab-frame life-time



dependence on the dynamics (e.g. production of top at LHC)

# Summary and outlook (back then)

- Jet-level  $\frac{d\sigma}{dE_b}$  well under control from theory, NLO scale variation well under GeV on  $m_t$ , JES uncertainty as large as NLO scale variation
- Hadron-level  $\frac{d\sigma}{dE_B}$  can offer JES-free measurement via either **full reconstruction of a B-hadron energy in tracker or length measurement**
- Scale(s) variation(s) of FF point towards  $\alpha_s$  expansion up to NN(N)LO, demanding MC parameters sensitivity. Issues probably common to all hadron-based methods.

# Summary and outlook (back then)

- full B-hadron reconstruction in tracker not pursued yet
- length-based  $m_t$  measurement was identified as a bearing some potentially interesting remnant of the energy peak invariance, but no concrete technical solution to dig out this remnant
- other interesting applications identified for  $m_W$  and possibly cosmic rays physics

# Summary and outlook (back then)

- full B-hadron reconstruction in tracker not pursued yet
- length-based  $m_t$  measurement was identified as a bearing some potentially interesting remnant of the energy peak invariance, but no concrete technical solution to dig out this remnant
- other interesting applications identified for  $m_W$  and possibly cosmic rays physics

# Goal of the present work

SET TARGETS

FOR THE CRITICAL ASPECTS OF THIS MEASUREMENT

- Propose a description of the hadron observable decay length rooted in the key elements of the successful jet-level method.
- Describe a template-fitting procedure that leverages the good understanding at the quark and jet-level, and allows to test the moving parts (e.g. hadronization, other MC aspects)

# Goal of the present work

SET TARGETS

FOR THE CRITICAL ASPECTS OF THIS MEASUREMENT

- Will not identify a set of tools/calculations that are best \*today\* to carry out the measurement
- Will try to identify the **weak points** of our chain of tools/computations and set targets for the improvements we need to get (likely similar to other hadron-based methods)
- Will show that starting from energy-peak considerations the  $m_t$  extraction from decay length can withstand changes in the top quark production kinematics, e.g. changes of  $p_{T,t}$ .

# Goal of the present work

SET TARGETS

FOR THE CRITICAL ASPECTS OF THIS MEASUREMENT

- Will not identify a set of tools/calculations that are best \*today\* to carry out the measurement
- Will try to identify the **weak points** of our chain of tools/computations and set targets for the improvements we need to get (likely similar to other hadron-based methods)
- Will show that starting from energy-peak considerations the  $m_t$  extraction from decay length can withstand changes in the top quark production kinematics, e.g. changes of  $p_{T,t}$ .

TLDR

# Our template

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\ell_B} = \int dE_b \frac{d\sigma}{dE_b} \int dE_B D(E_B, E_b) \cdot \exp\left(-\ell_B/\tau_0 \cdot c\beta\gamma\right)$$

dep. on  $E_B$

**Proton PDF**

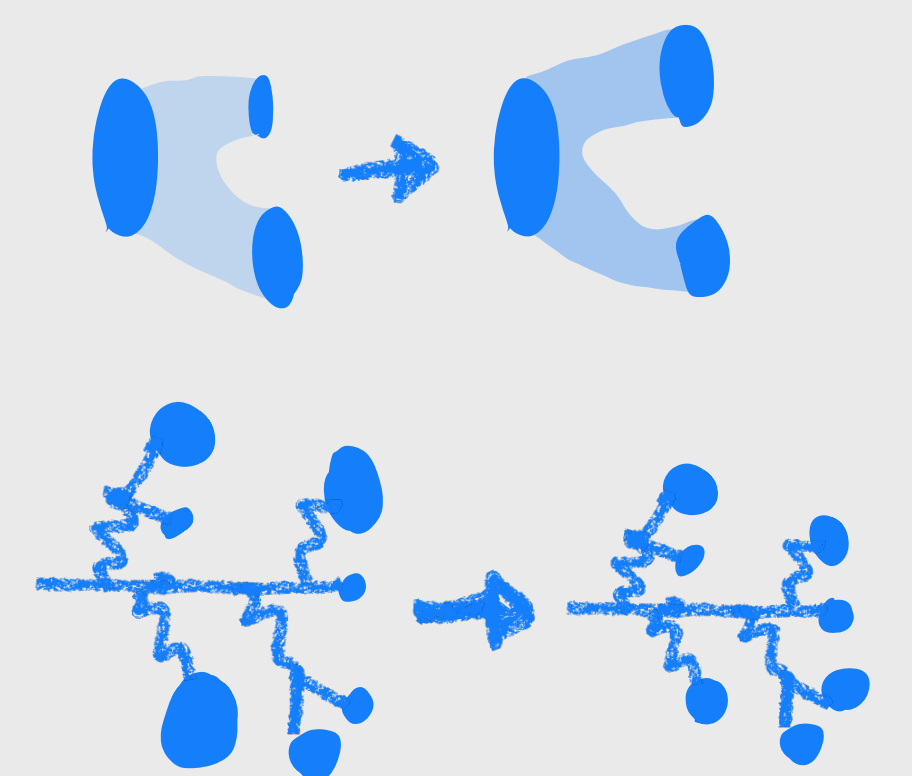
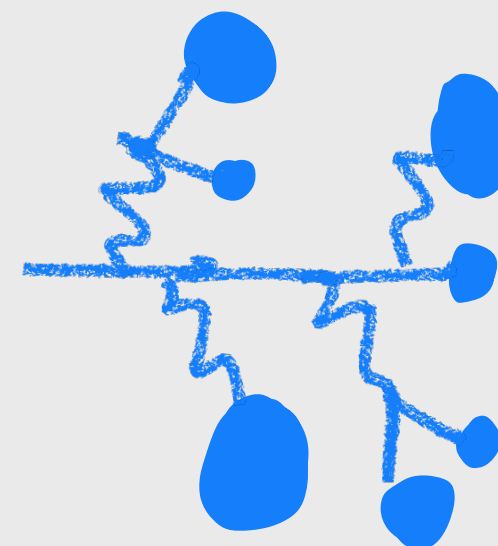
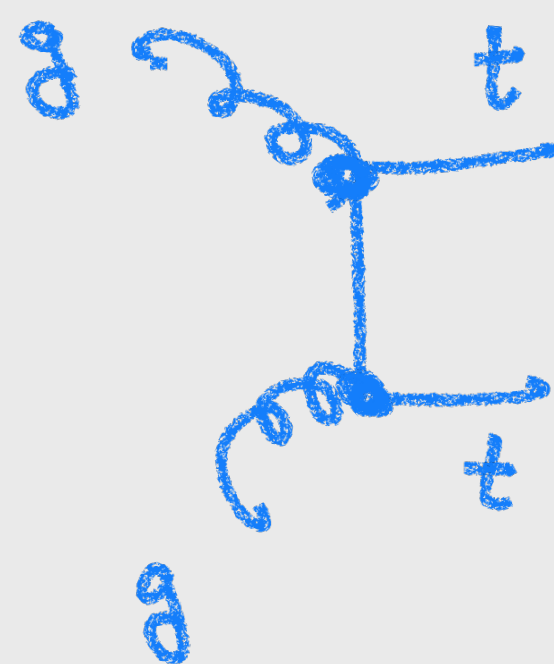
**Top production**

**Top decay**

**Shower+Hadronization**

**Decays**

**Adjustments, Recoil, ...**





# Our template

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\ell_B} = \int dE_b \exp\left(\omega\left(\frac{E}{E^*} + \frac{E^*}{E}\right)^\nu\right) \int dE_B D(E_B, E_b) \cdot \exp\left(\ell_B/\tau_0 \cdot c\beta\gamma\right)$$

dep. on  $E_B$

**Proton PDF**

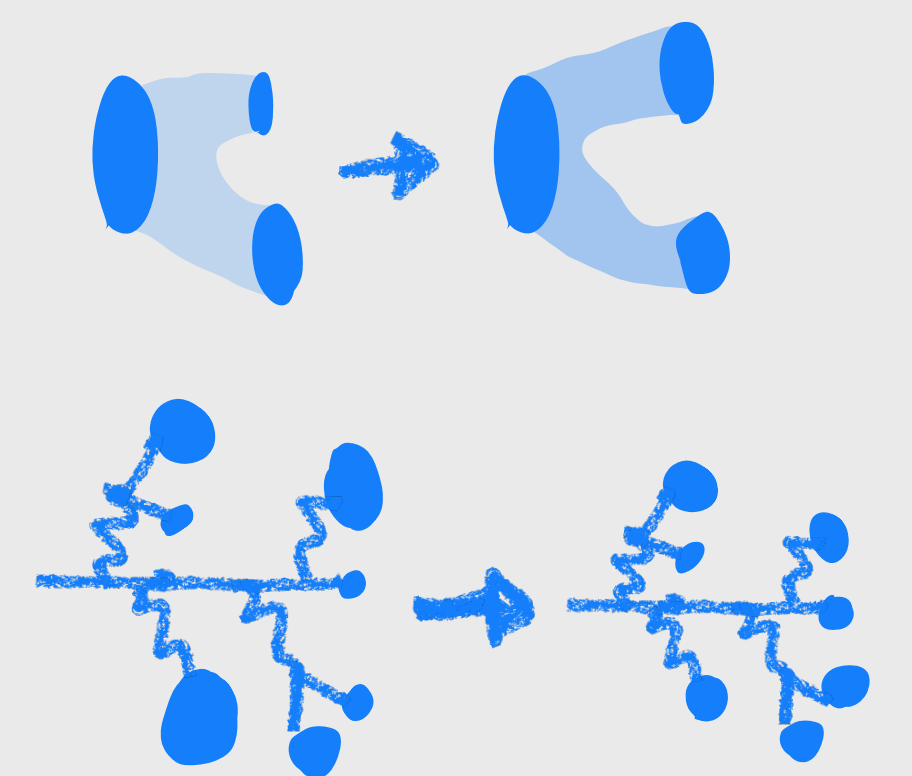
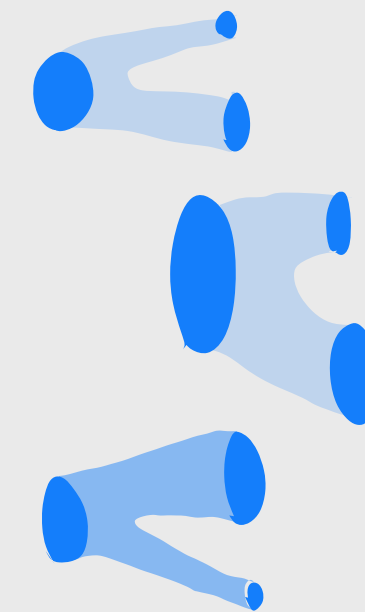
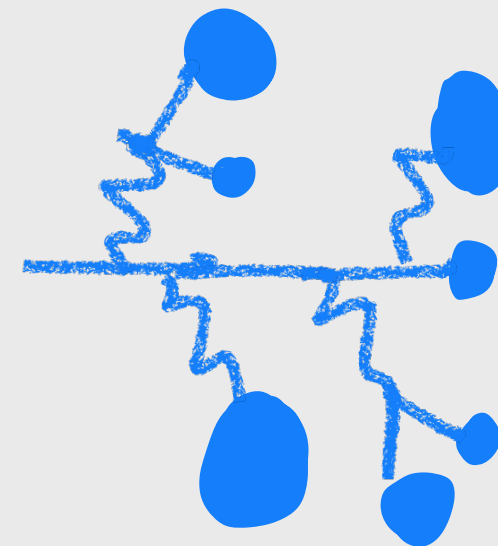
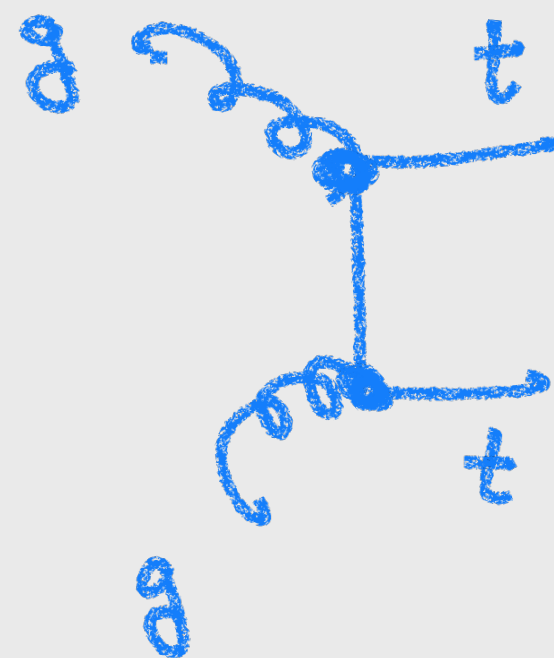
**Top production**

**Top decay**

**Shower+Hadronization**

**Decays**

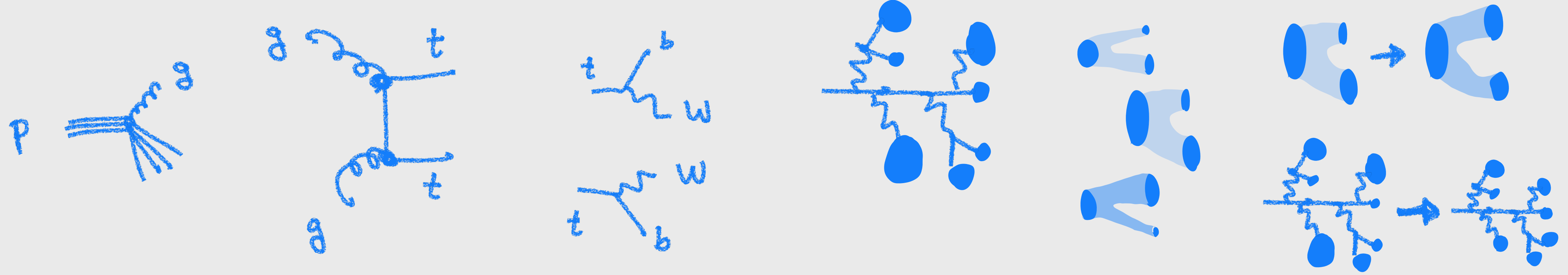
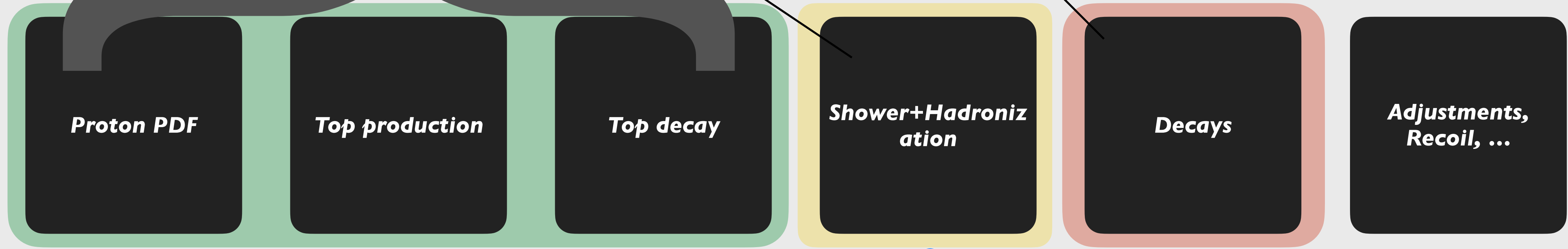
**Adjustments, Recoil, ...**



# Our template

$$G^{\text{fit}}(L_B; E_b^{\text{rest}}, w, \nu) = \int_{E_{B,\text{min}}}^{E_b} dE_B \int_{E_{b,\text{min}}}^{E_{b,\text{max}}} dE_b \frac{1}{N(w)} \exp \left[ -w \left( \frac{E_b}{E_b^{\text{rest}}} + \frac{E_b^{\text{rest}}}{E_b} \right)^\nu \right] \times$$

$$\sum_i D_i \left( \frac{E_{B_i}}{E_b}; E_b \right) \frac{f_i m_{B_i}}{c\tau_{B_i}^{\text{rest}} \sqrt{E_B^2 - m_{B_i}^2}} \exp \left( -\frac{L_B m_{B_i}}{c\tau_{B_i}^{\text{rest}} \sqrt{E_B^2 - m_{B_i}^2}} \right)$$



# Our template

$$G^{\text{fit}}(L_B; E_b^{\text{rest}}, w, \nu) = \int_{E_{B,\text{min}}}^{E_b} dE_B \int_{E_{b,\text{min}}}^{E_{b,\text{max}}} dE_b \frac{1}{N(w)} \exp \left[ -w \left( \frac{E_b}{E_b^{\text{rest}}} + \frac{E_b^{\text{rest}}}{E_b} \right)^\nu \right] \times$$
$$\sum_i D_i \left( \frac{E_{B_i}}{E_b}; E_b \right) \frac{f_i m_{B_i}}{c\tau_{B_i}^{\text{rest}} \sqrt{E_B^2 - m_{B_i}^2}} \exp \left( -\frac{L_B m_{B_i}}{c\tau_{B_i}^{\text{rest}} \sqrt{E_B^2 - m_{B_i}^2}} \right)$$

- select sample with b-jets  $40 \text{ GeV} < E_{bjet} < 450 \text{ GeV}$
  - we checked that JES impact on acceptance through  $E_b$  is reflected in 80 MeV in top quark mass for JES@1%
  - conceivable to use track-only jets (not explored yet)
- 
- compute the template using  $D_i$  from the MC-truth (will discuss related uncertainty)
- 
- compute template using  $f_i$  from MC-truth (will discuss related uncertainty)

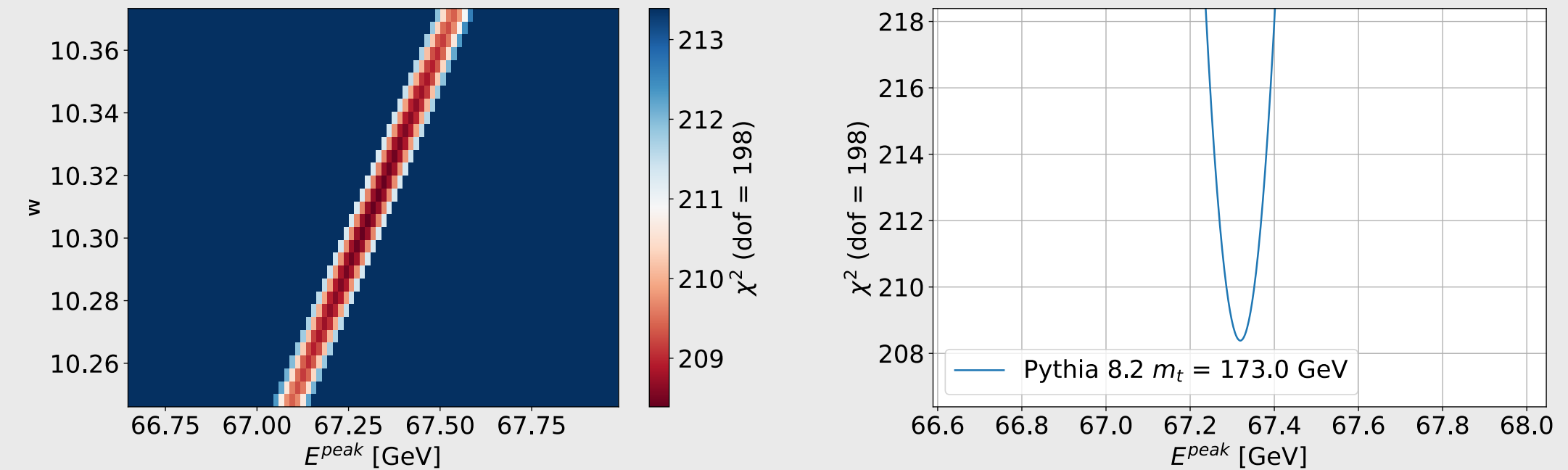
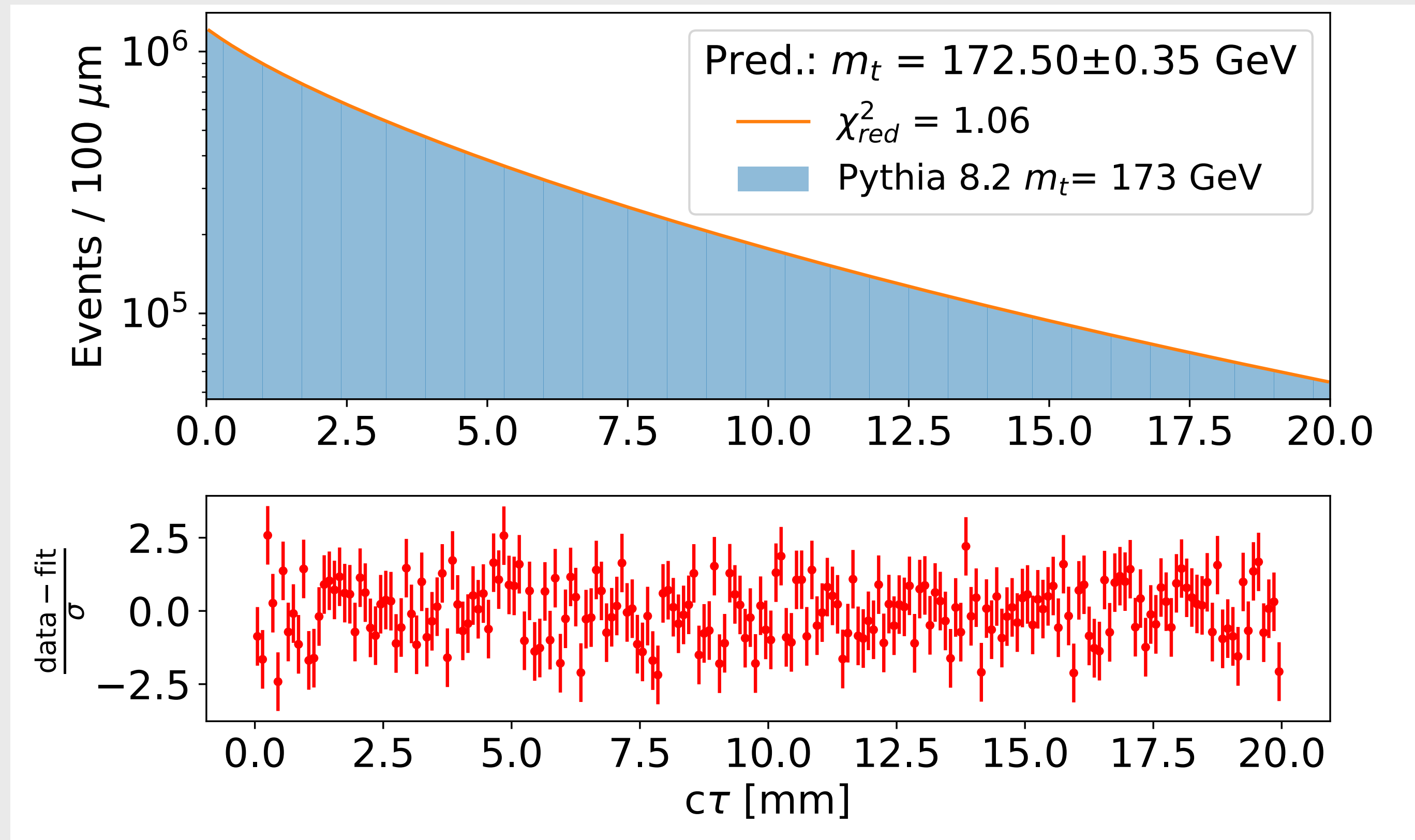
# Our selection

*CMS charged-tracks*

*our work*

$\ell + \text{jets}$	$e$	$p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.4$	$p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.4$
	$\mu$	$p_T > 26 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.1$	$p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.1$
	$j$	$N_j \geq 4, p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.5$	$N_j \geq 4, p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.5$
$2\ell + \text{jets}$	$e, \mu$	$p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.4$	$p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.4$
	SF	$M_{\ell\ell} > 20 \text{ GeV},  M_{\ell\ell} - m_Z  > 15 \text{ GeV}$	$M_{\ell\ell} > 20 \text{ GeV},  M_{\ell\ell} - m_Z  > 15 \text{ GeV}$
	OF	-	-
	$j$	$p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.5$	$p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.5$
		$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$	$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$

# Our fit

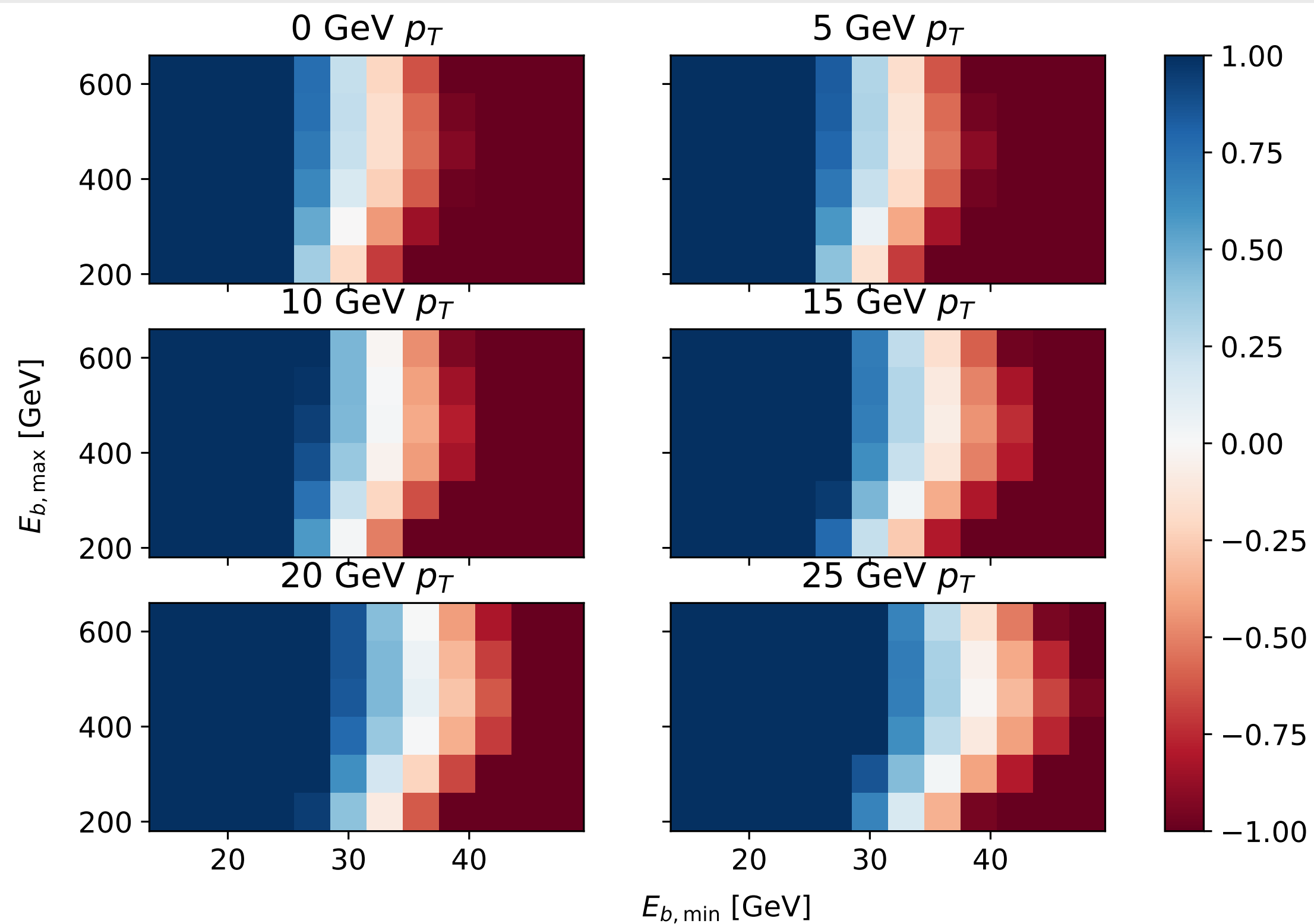


$$\delta m_t^{(E_B, peak)} = \frac{0.5 \text{ GeV}}{\sqrt{\mathcal{L}/100 \text{ fb}^{-1}}} (\text{stat.})$$

POTENTIAL FOR A COMPETITIVE MEASUREMENT  
WITH THE CURRENT DATA SET!

# Uncertainties

# Uncertainty in the definition of the template



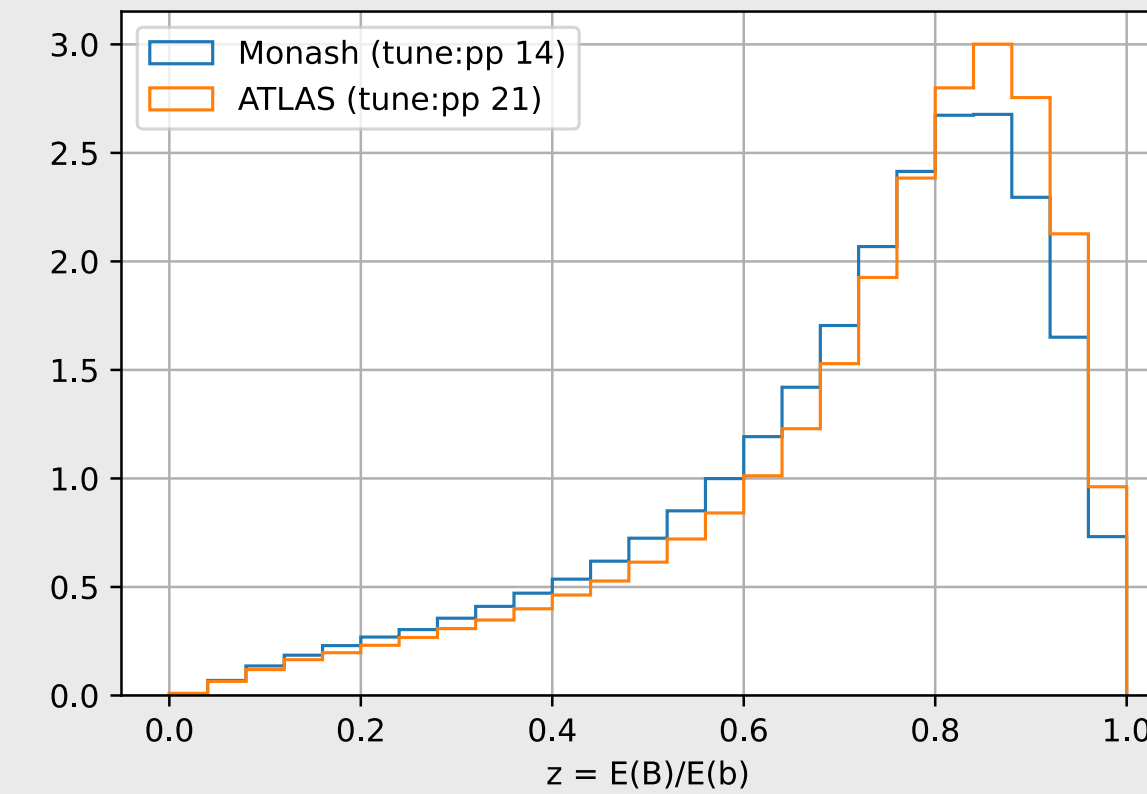
- range of  $E_{b-jet}$  can bias the extracted top quark mass
- $p_T$  cut for a  $j$  and  $\ell$  can bias the extracted top quark mass
- getting wrong  $E_b$  at 1% is reflected in 80 MeV shift in top quark mass

# Uncertainty in the definition of the template

$$m_{B_i}, \Gamma_{B_i}, f_i$$

Hadron	Mass (MeV) [25]	Lifetime ( $10^{-12}$ s) [27]	Fraction
$B^\pm$	$5279.34 \pm 0.12$	$1.638 \pm 0.004$	42.9 %
$B^0$	$5279.65 \pm 0.12$	$1.519 \pm 0.004$	42.9 %
$B_s^0$	$5366.88 \pm 0.14$	$1.516 \pm 0.006$	9.5 %
$\Lambda_b^0$	$5619.69 \pm 0.17$	$1.471 \pm 0.009$	3.6 %

$D_i$



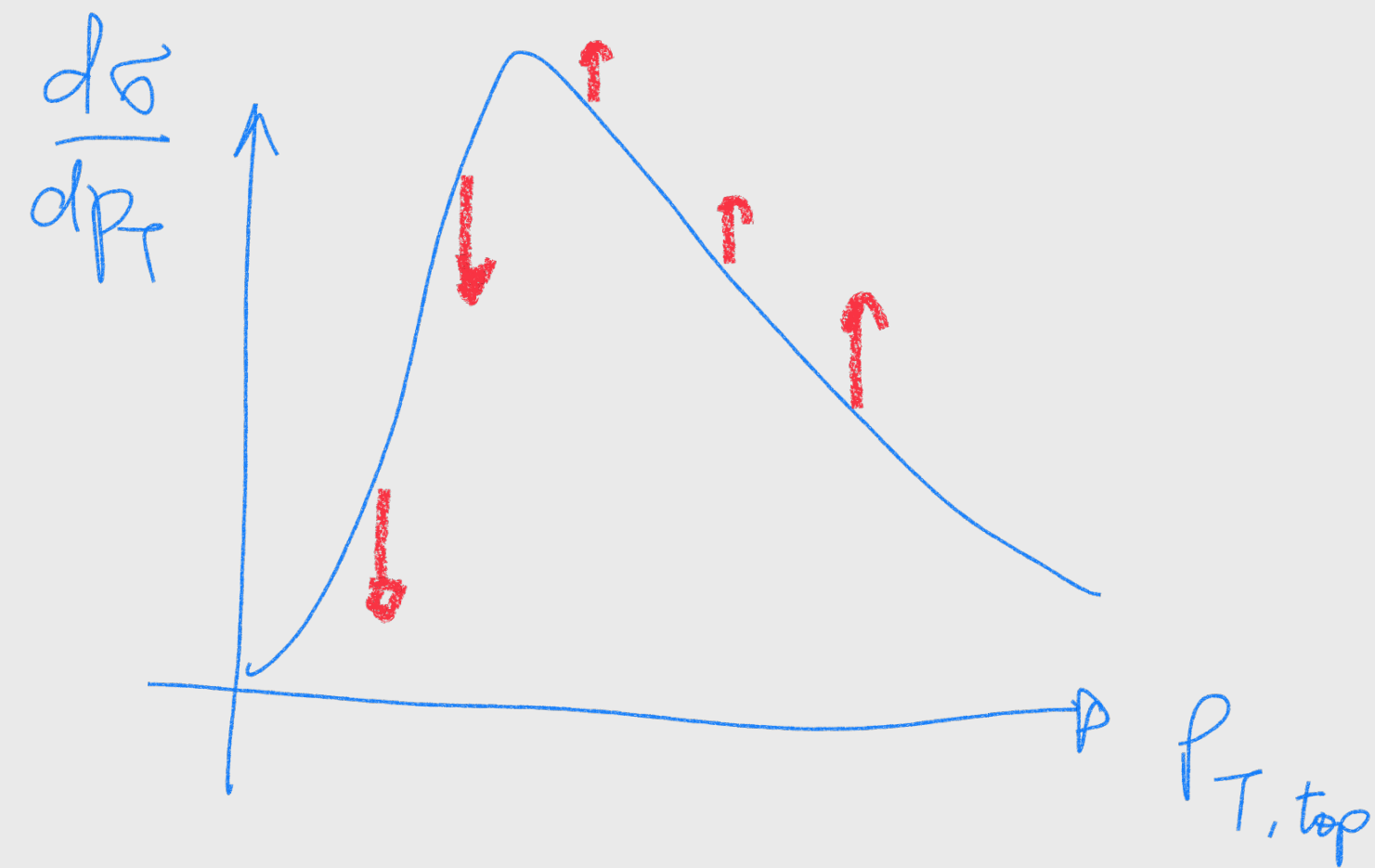
- Hadrons masses and lifetimes need to be known at least as precisely as the target for  $m_t$ . Current knowledge is sufficient for  $\delta m_t$  below 500 MeV
- As hadron masses and lifetimes are not too different among B-hadron species, the required knowledge of  $f_i$  can be  $O(10)$  times worse than the target for  $m_t$ . Current knowledge might be fine, but better get rid of  $e^+e^-$  and  $p\bar{p}$  if possible.

Mellin Moment	$\delta \langle z^n \rangle / \langle z^n \rangle$	$\delta m_t^{(171 \rightarrow 176)}$	Sensitivity
$\langle z \rangle$	0.53 %	3.5 GeV	3.8
$\langle z^2 \rangle$	0.91 %		2.2
$\langle z^3 \rangle$	1.23 %		1.6

- evaluated with two methods: 1) based on just changing  $m_t$  and using the “wrong”  $D_i$  obtained for another  $m_t$ ; 2) change tune of Pythia 8.2
- both exercises mapped onto Mellin moments of  $D_i$
- $D_i$  needs to be known few times better than target  $m_t$

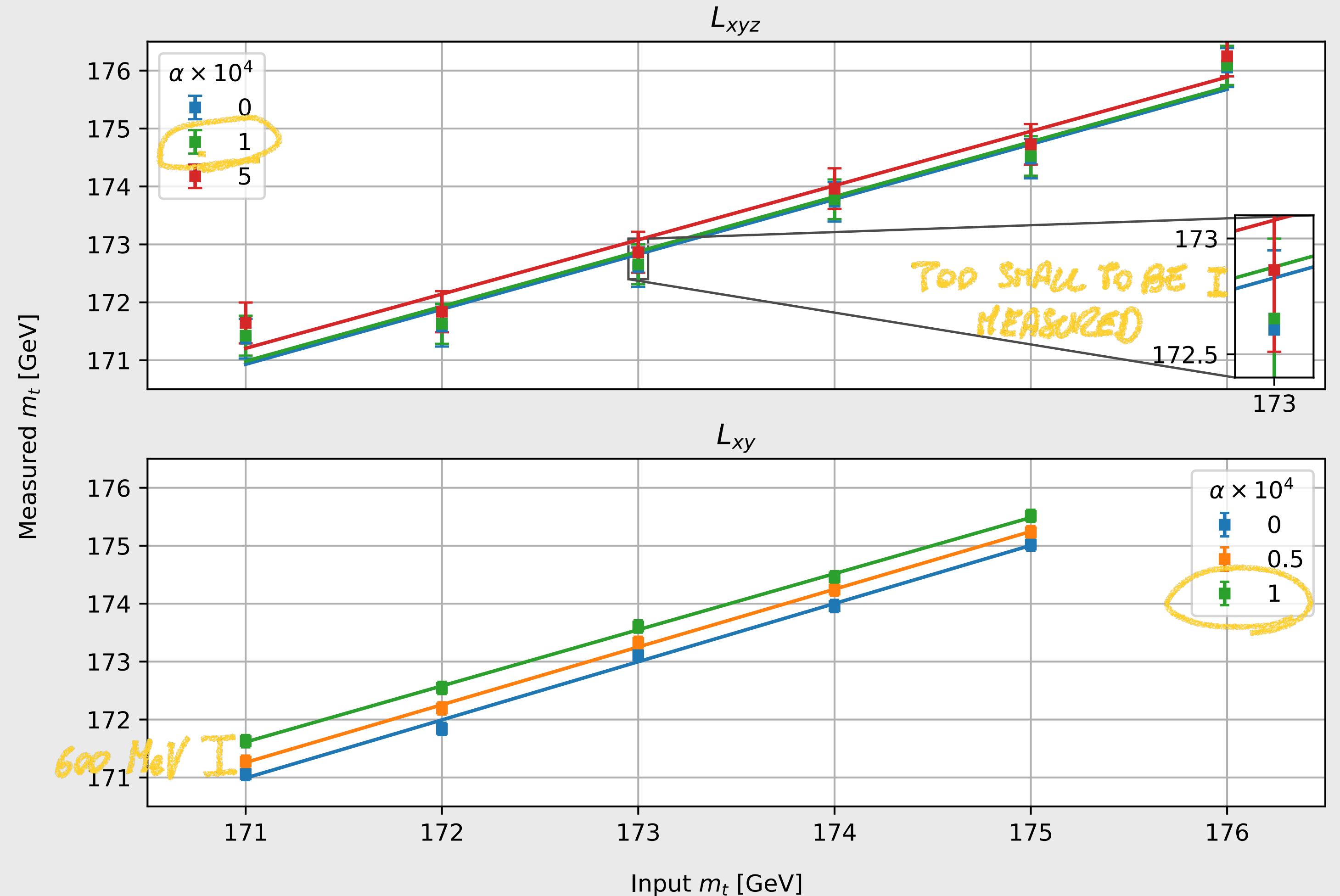


# Uncertainty in the production mechanism



- Events reweighted according to top quark  $p_T$
- $\chi^2$  template fit for our energy-peak based template and for a template of simpler  $L_{xy}$

$$\frac{\tilde{w}}{w} = 1 + \alpha \theta(p_t < 400)(p_t - 200)$$



# Summary of uncertainties

$$\delta m_t^{(E_B, peak)} = \frac{0.5 \text{ GeV}}{\sqrt{\mathcal{L}/100 \text{ fb}^{-1}}} (\text{stat.})$$

“N<sup>3</sup>LO”  $\oplus 0.5 \text{ GeV} \cdot \left( \frac{0.1\%}{\frac{\delta D_i}{D_i}} \right)$

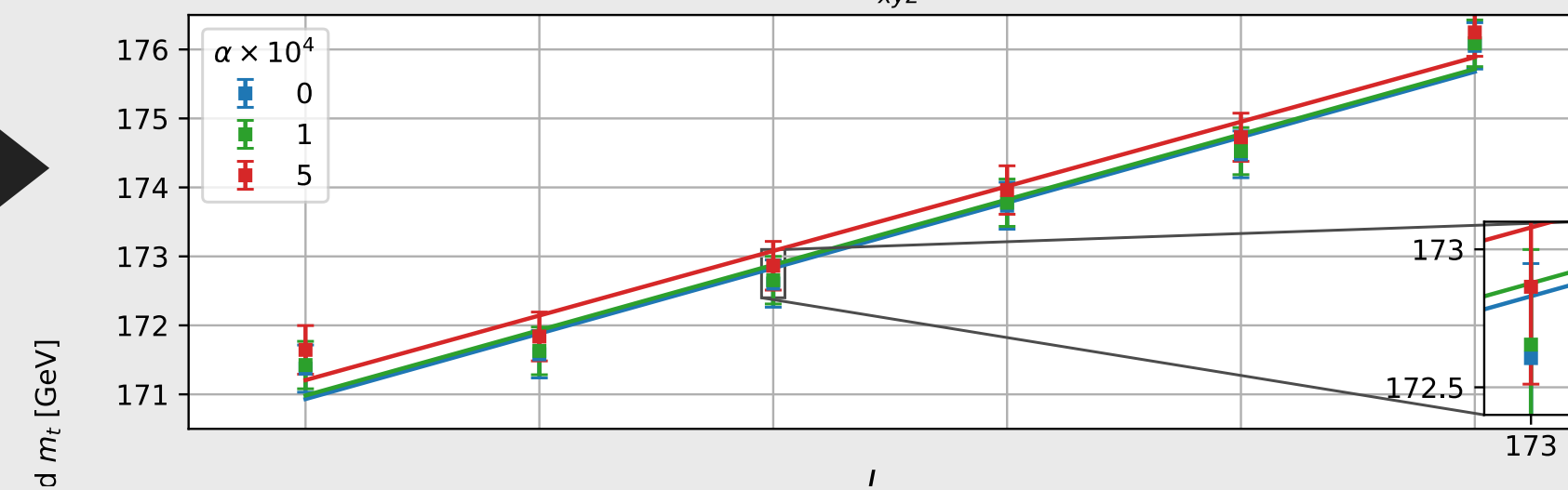
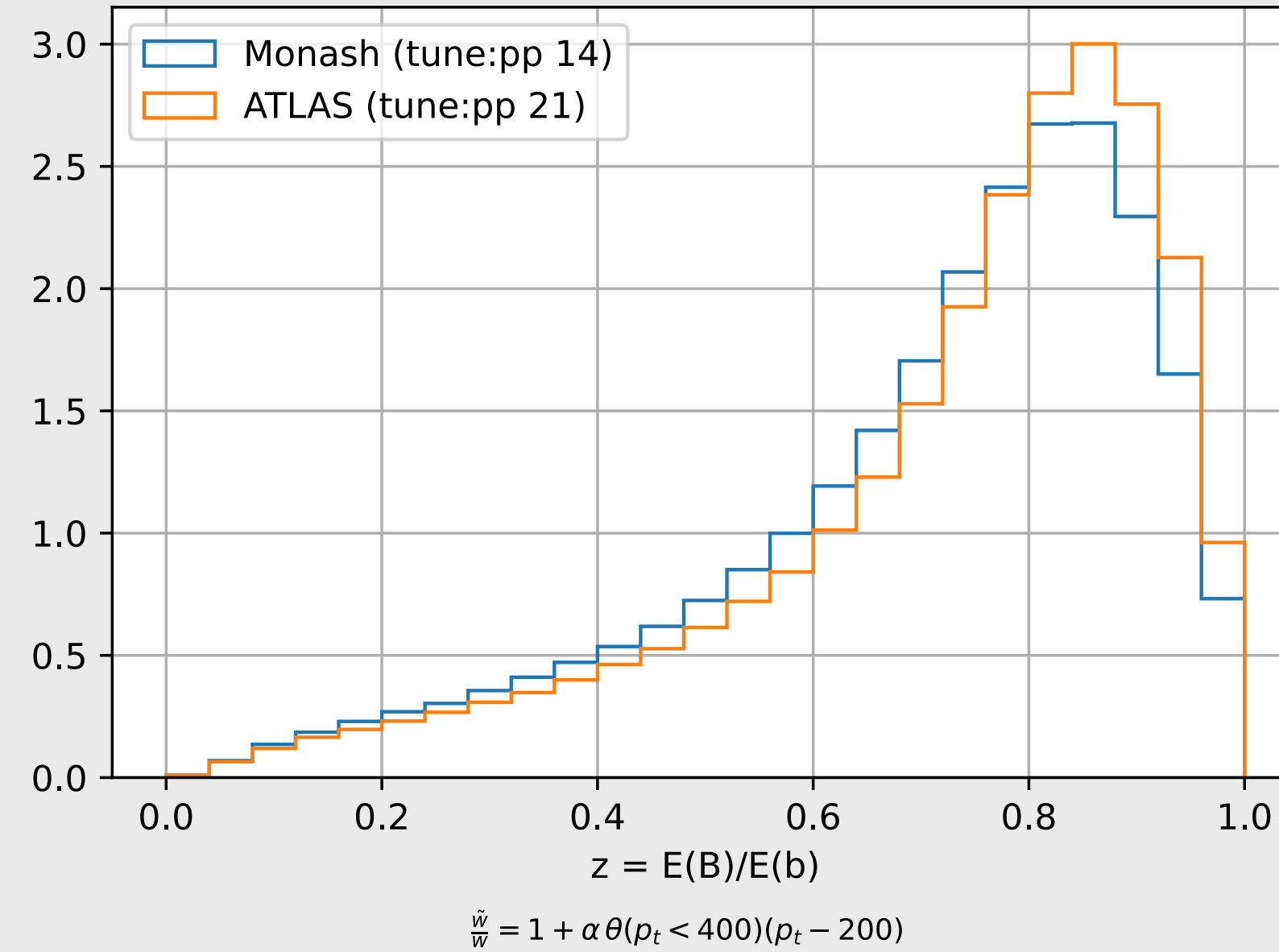
doable  $\oplus 0.3 \text{ GeV} \cdot \left( \frac{5\%}{\frac{\delta f_i}{f_i}} \right)$

$\oplus_{p_{T,t}}$  negligible

$\oplus_{m_{B_i}}$  negligible

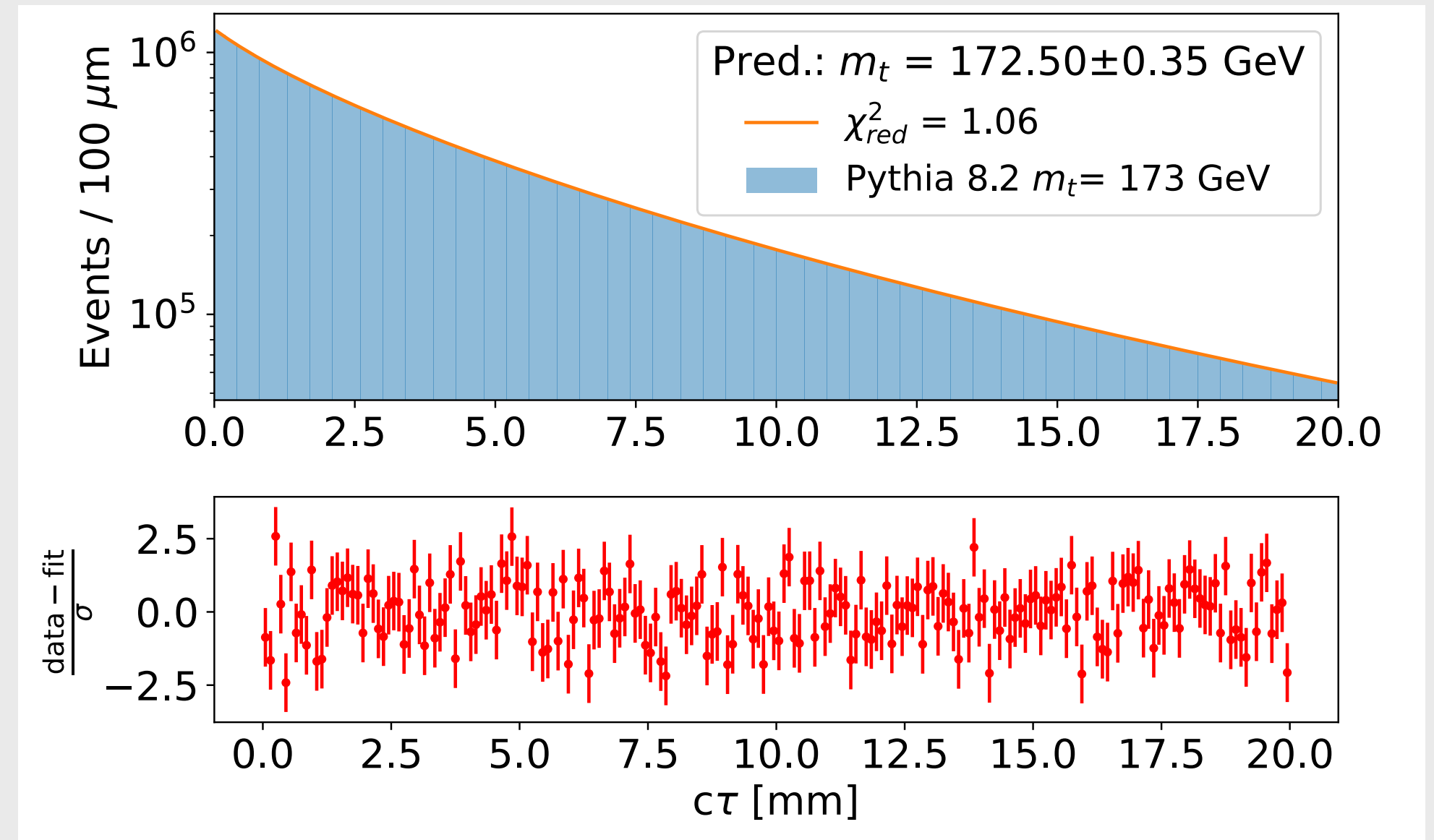
$\oplus_{\Gamma_{B_i}}$  negligible

$\oplus_{JES}$  negligible



# Summary and outlook

- Proof of principle for energy-peak based templates for decay length ( and possibly related observables)
- Tiny dependence on top quark production kinematics
- Manageable dependence on B hadron “PDG listing”
- Motivates pushing hadronization, fragmentation, showering to next level to get firmer predictions on  $D_i$
- Color reconnections and recoil effects worth being explored

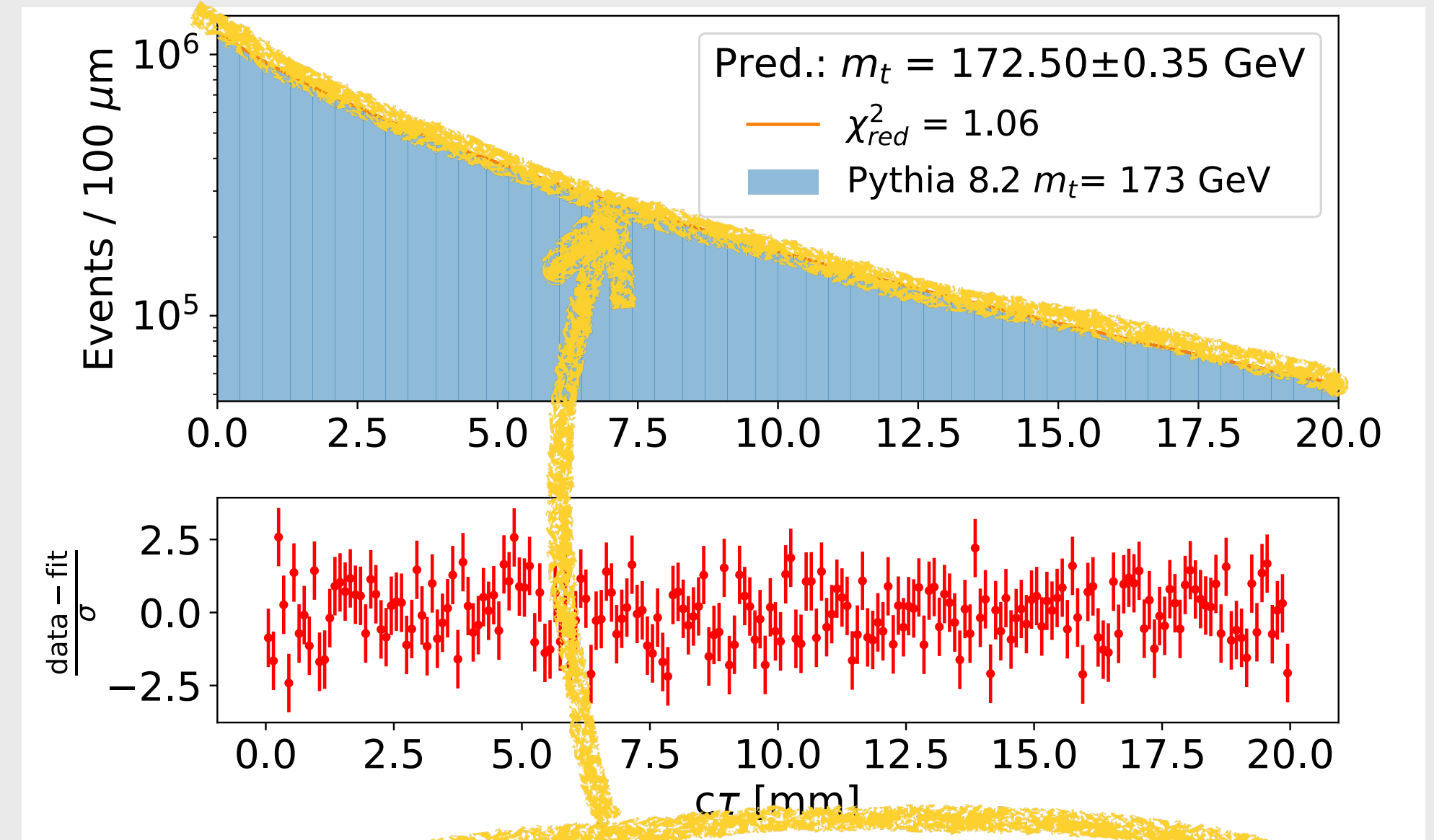


$$\int_{E_{B,\min}}^{E_b} dE_B \int_{E_{b,\min}}^{E_{b,\max}} dE_b \frac{1}{N(w)} \exp \left[ -w \left( \frac{E_b}{E_b^{\text{rest}}} + \frac{E_b^{\text{rest}}}{E_b} \right)^\nu \right] \times$$

$$\sum_i D_i \left( \frac{E_{B_i}}{E_b}; E_b \right) \frac{f_i m_{B_i}}{c\tau_{B_i}^{\text{rest}} \sqrt{E_B^2 - m_{B_i}^2}} \exp \left( -\frac{L_B m_{B_i}}{c\tau_{B_i}^{\text{rest}} \sqrt{E_B^2 - m_{B_i}^2}} \right)$$

# Summary and outlook

- Proof of principle for energy-peak based templates for decay length ( and possibly related observables)
- Tiny dependence on top quark production kinematics
- Manageable dependence on B hadron “PDG listing”
- Motivates pushing hadronization, fragmentation, showering to next level to get firmer predictions on  $D_i$
- Color reconnections and recoil effects worth being explored

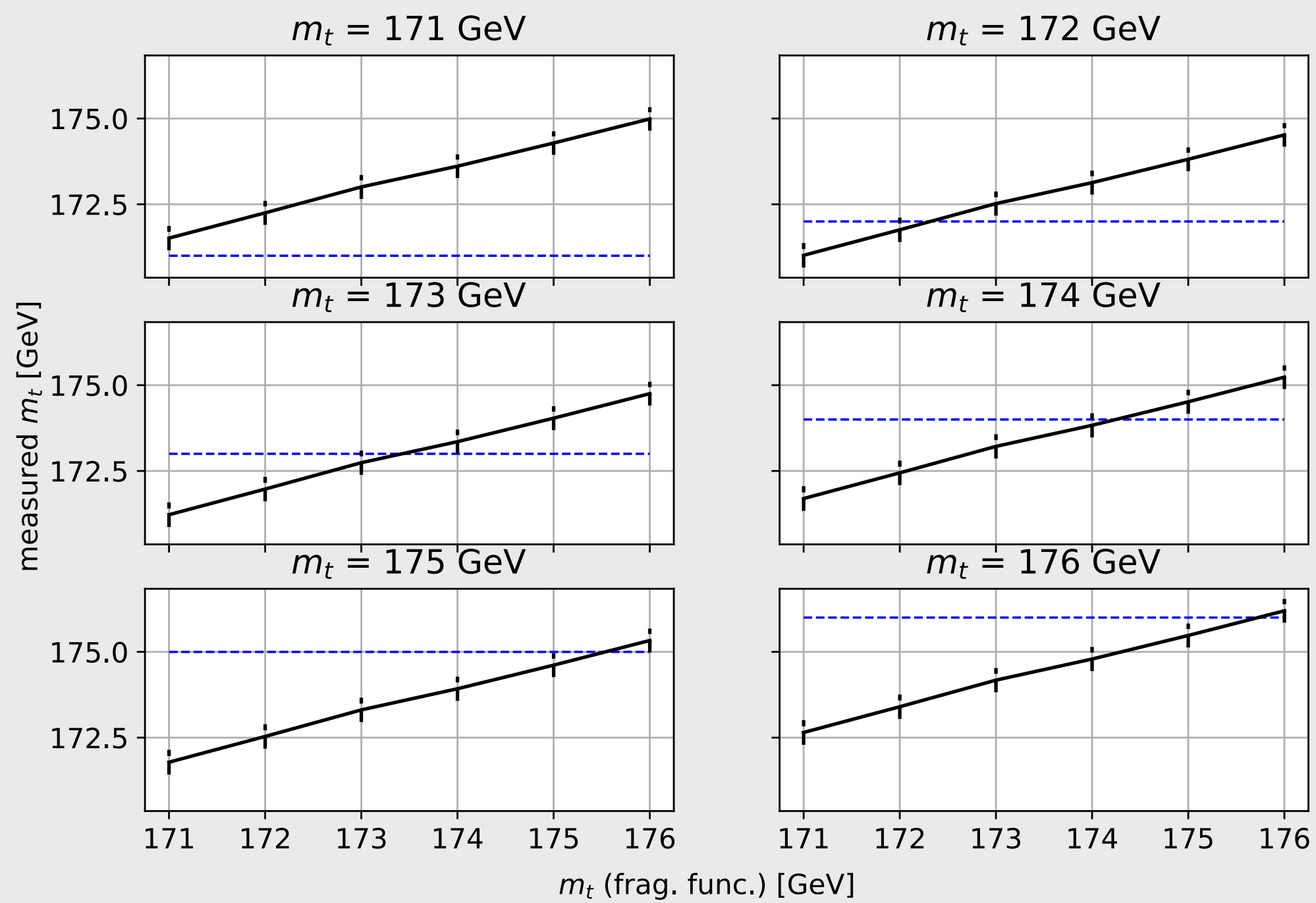


$$\int_{E_{B,\min}}^{E_b} dE_B \int_{E_{b,\min}}^{E_{b,\max}} dE_b \frac{1}{N(w)} \exp \left[ -w \left( \frac{E_b}{E_b^{\text{rest}}} + \frac{E_b^{\text{rest}}}{E_b} \right)^\nu \right] \times$$

$$\sum_i D_i \left( \frac{E_{B_i}}{E_b}; E_b \right) \frac{f_i m_{B_i}}{c\tau_{B_i}^{\text{rest}} \sqrt{E_B^2 - m_{B_i}^2}} \exp \left( -\frac{L_B m_{B_i}}{c\tau_{B_i}^{\text{rest}} \sqrt{E_B^2 - m_{B_i}^2}} \right)$$

Thank you!

# Impact of uncertainty on $D_i$



Mellin Moment	$\delta\langle z^n\rangle/\langle z^n\rangle$	$\delta m_t^{171\rightarrow 176}$ (10% reweighting)	Sensitivity
$\langle z \rangle$	2.8 %	1.7 GeV	3.5
$\langle z^2 \rangle$	5.2 %		2.5
$\langle z^3 \rangle$	7.2 %		1.4

**Table 5.** For each of the first three Mellin moments of the  $D_i$  we report: the difference between the default Pythia tune (Tune:pp 14) and the ATLAS tune (Tune:pp 21); the effect on the extracted  $m_t$  stemming from a 10% contamination of the ATLAS tune into the Monash tune; the sensitivity of the extracted  $m_t$  to each Mellin moment.

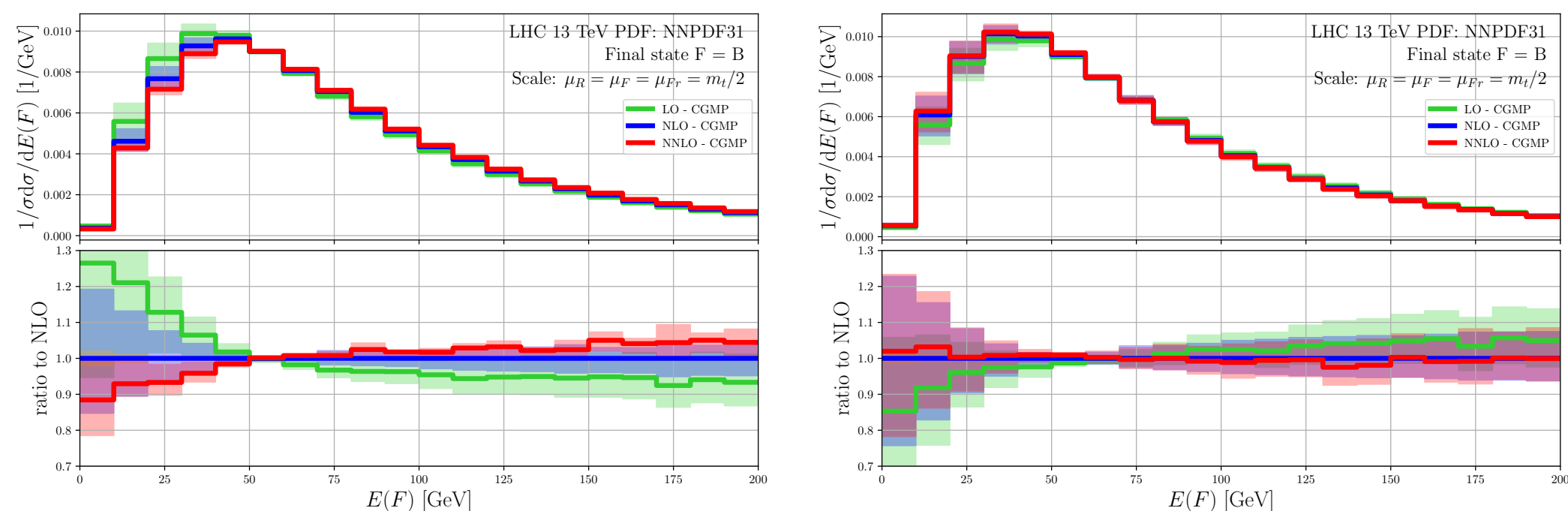
Mellin Moment	$\delta\langle z^n\rangle/\langle z^n\rangle$	$\delta m_t^{(171\rightarrow 176)}$	Sensitivity
$\langle z \rangle$	0.53 %	3.5 GeV	3.8
$\langle z^2 \rangle$	0.91 %		2.2
$\langle z^3 \rangle$	1.23 %		1.6

**Table 6.** For each of the first three Mellin Moments of the fragmentation function we report: their change due to varying the  $m_t$  value that labels the  $D_i$  extracted from the Monte Carlo truth from 171 GeV to 176 GeV; the change on the extracted  $m_t$  due to using the  $D_i$  extracted from the Monte Carlo truth for  $m_t = 176$  GeV on the data sample for  $m_t = 171$  GeV; the sensitivity of the extracted  $m_t$  to each Mellin moment.

# NNLO hadrons

FULLY INCLUSIVE

PEAK STABILITY



**Figure 10.** The normalized  $E(B)$  distribution for fixed scale (3.2). Shown are the 15 point scale variation bands for LO, NLO and NNLO as well as the NPDF r.m.s. uncertainty band. The plot to the right is like the one to the left but with LO top decay.

$m_t$	LO	NLO	NNLO
171.5 GeV	37.553 ( $\pm 0.106$ ) ( $^{+0.050}_{-0.061}$ )	40.994 ( $\pm 0.147$ ) ( $^{+1.178}_{-0.710}$ )	42.957 ( $\pm 0.329$ ) ( $^{+1.087}_{-0.818}$ )
172.5 GeV	37.816 ( $\pm 0.109$ ) ( $^{+0.051}_{-0.062}$ )	41.277 ( $\pm 0.158$ ) ( $^{+1.196}_{-0.717}$ )	43.263 ( $\pm 0.332$ ) ( $^{+1.073}_{-0.825}$ )
173.5 GeV	38.093 ( $\pm 0.113$ ) ( $^{+0.051}_{-0.061}$ )	41.657 ( $\pm 0.168$ ) ( $^{+1.250}_{-0.745}$ )	43.528 ( $\pm 0.222$ ) ( $^{+1.010}_{-0.778}$ )
Lin. fit	LO	NLO	NNLO
$a =$	0.270 ( $\pm 0.004$ )	0.329 ( $\pm 0.028$ )	0.284 ( $\pm 0.011$ )
$b =$	-8.755 ( $\pm 0.708$ ) GeV	-15.429 ( $\pm 4.820$ ) GeV	-5.666 ( $\pm 1.816$ ) GeV

**Table 2.** Values of  $E_{\max}(B)$  for the absolute differential cross section with full top quark decay at LO, NLO and NNLO and for three different values of  $m_t$ . Positions are fit using eq. (3.9) and 5 GeV bins. Also given are the parameters of the linear fit eq. (3.7) at LO, NLO and NNLO.

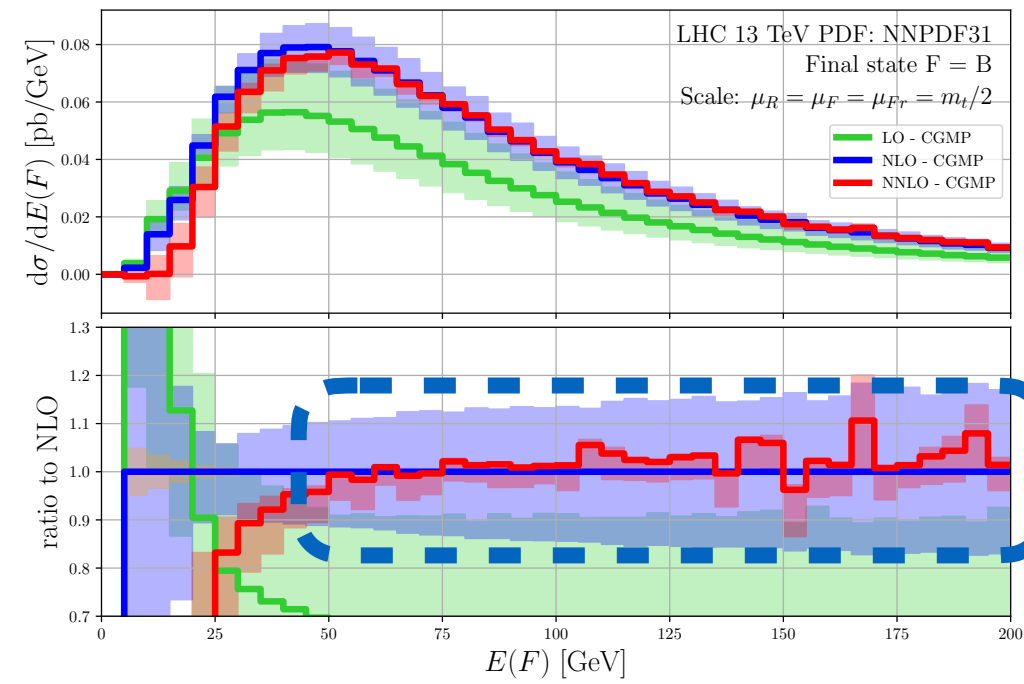
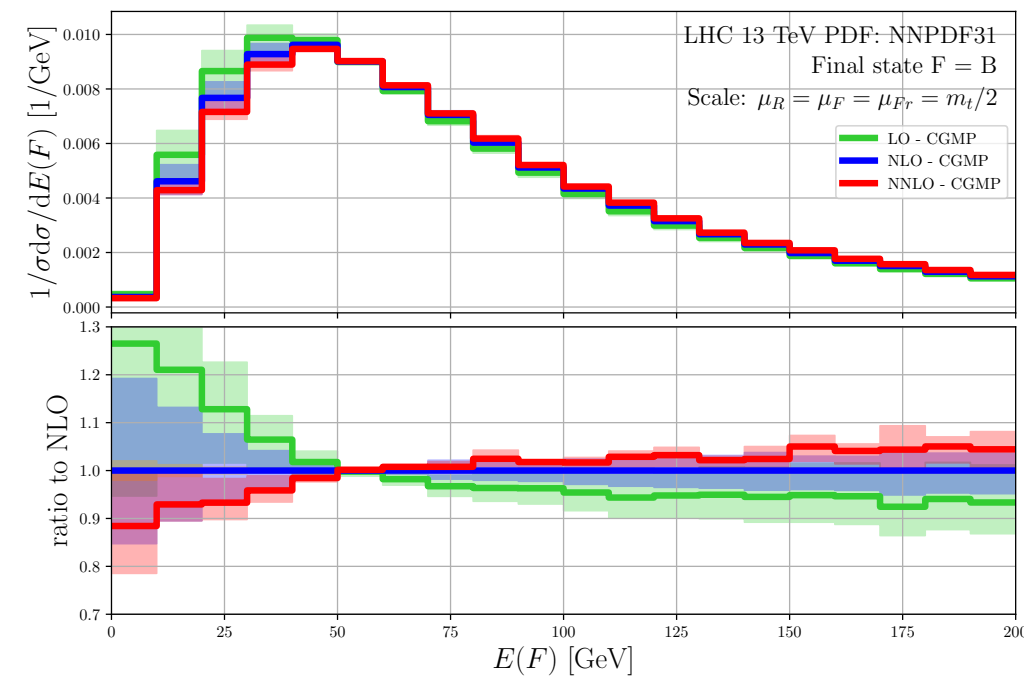
$m_t$	LO	NLO	NNLO
171.5 GeV	37.553 ( $\pm 0.106$ ) ( $^{+0.050}_{-0.061}$ )	36.744 ( $\pm 0.169$ ) ( $^{+0.213}_{-0.313}$ )	36.737 ( $\pm 0.311$ ) ( $^{+0.081}_{-0.021}$ )
172.5 GeV	37.816 ( $\pm 0.109$ ) ( $^{+0.051}_{-0.062}$ )	36.981 ( $\pm 0.182$ ) ( $^{+0.223}_{-0.330}$ )	37.010 ( $\pm 0.227$ ) ( $^{+0.109}_{-0.019}$ )
173.5 GeV	38.093 ( $\pm 0.113$ ) ( $^{+0.051}_{-0.061}$ )	37.319 ( $\pm 0.193$ ) ( $^{+0.206}_{-0.296}$ )	37.292 ( $\pm 0.255$ ) ( $^{+0.113}_{-0.056}$ )
Lin. fit	LO	NLO	NNLO
$a =$	0.270 ( $\pm 0.004$ )	0.286 ( $\pm 0.029$ )	0.278 ( $\pm 0.003$ )
$b =$	-8.755 ( $\pm 0.708$ ) GeV	-12.237 ( $\pm 4.962$ ) GeV	-10.913 ( $\pm 0.556$ ) GeV

**Table 3.** As in table 2 but for LO top quark decay.

# NNLO hadrons

EXCLUSIVE

STABILITY ON QCD PERTURBATIONS

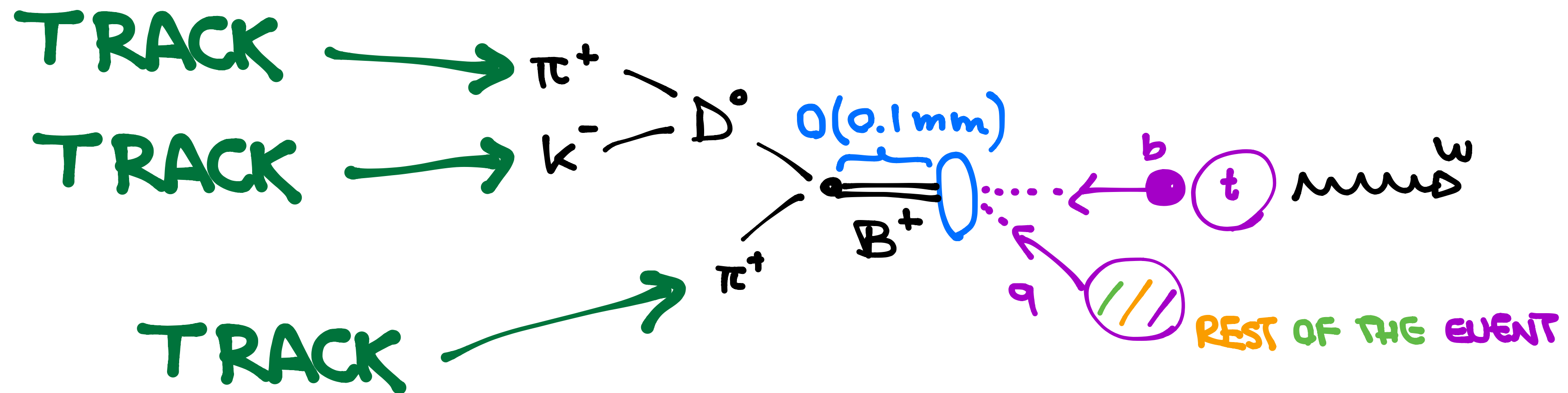


better stability for larger hadron energies above 40-50 GeV



# B hadron energy peak

get the hadron energy entirely from tracks



**B<sup>+</sup> → 3 TRACKS**

# Exclusive Decay

(Fully reconstructible with tracks)

## J/psi modes

$$b \xrightarrow{\text{few} \cdot 10^{-3}} J/\psi + X \xrightarrow{10^{-1}} \ell \bar{\ell} + X$$

$$B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi \rightarrow \mu^- \mu^+ K^+ K^- \quad \mathbf{1106.4048}$$

$$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0 \rightarrow \mu^- \mu^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \quad \mathbf{1104.2892}$$

$$B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- K^+ \quad \mathbf{1101.0131}$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \mathbf{1309.6920}$$

$$\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- p \pi^- \quad \mathbf{1205.0594}$$

J/psi but no need to require leptonic W decay

## D modes

$$B^0 \xrightarrow{3 \cdot 10^{-3}} D^- \pi^+ \xrightarrow{10^{-2}} K_S^0 \pi^- \pi^+$$

$$B^0 \xrightarrow{3 \cdot 10^{-3}} D^- \pi^+ \xrightarrow{10^{-2}} K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$$

$$B^0 \xrightarrow{3 \cdot 10^{-3}} D^- \pi^+ \xrightarrow{3 \cdot 10^{-2}} K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$$

$$B^- \xrightarrow{5 \cdot 10^{-3}} D^0 \pi^- \xrightarrow{4 \cdot 10^{-2}} K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

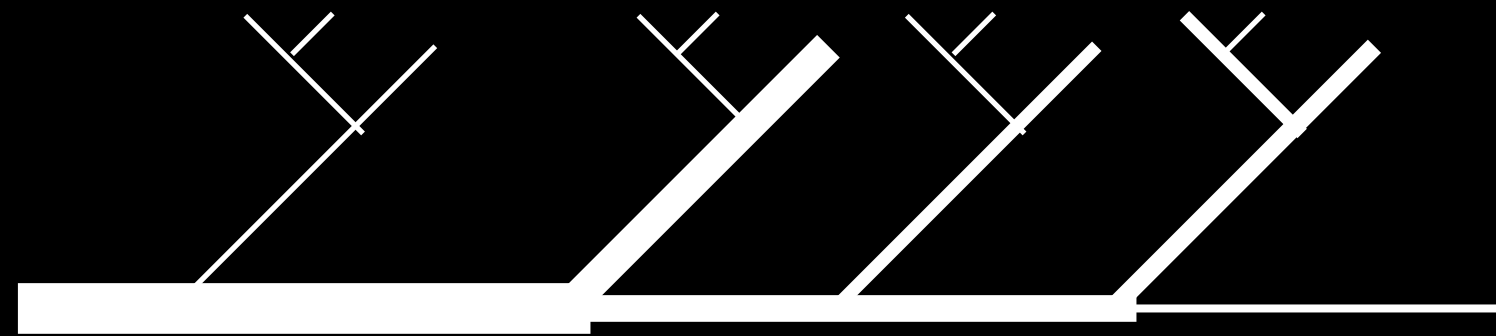
$$B^- \xrightarrow{5 \cdot 10^{-3}} D^0 \pi^- \xrightarrow{2 \cdot 10^{-2}} K^{*,-}(892) \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$B^- \xrightarrow{5 \cdot 10^{-3}} D^0 \pi^- \xrightarrow{6 \cdot 10^{-3}} K_S^0 \rho^0 \pi^-$$

$$B^- \xrightarrow{5 \cdot 10^{-3}} D^0 \pi^- \xrightarrow{5 \cdot 10^{-3}} K^- \pi^+ \rho^0 \pi^-$$

# EVENT GENERATORS

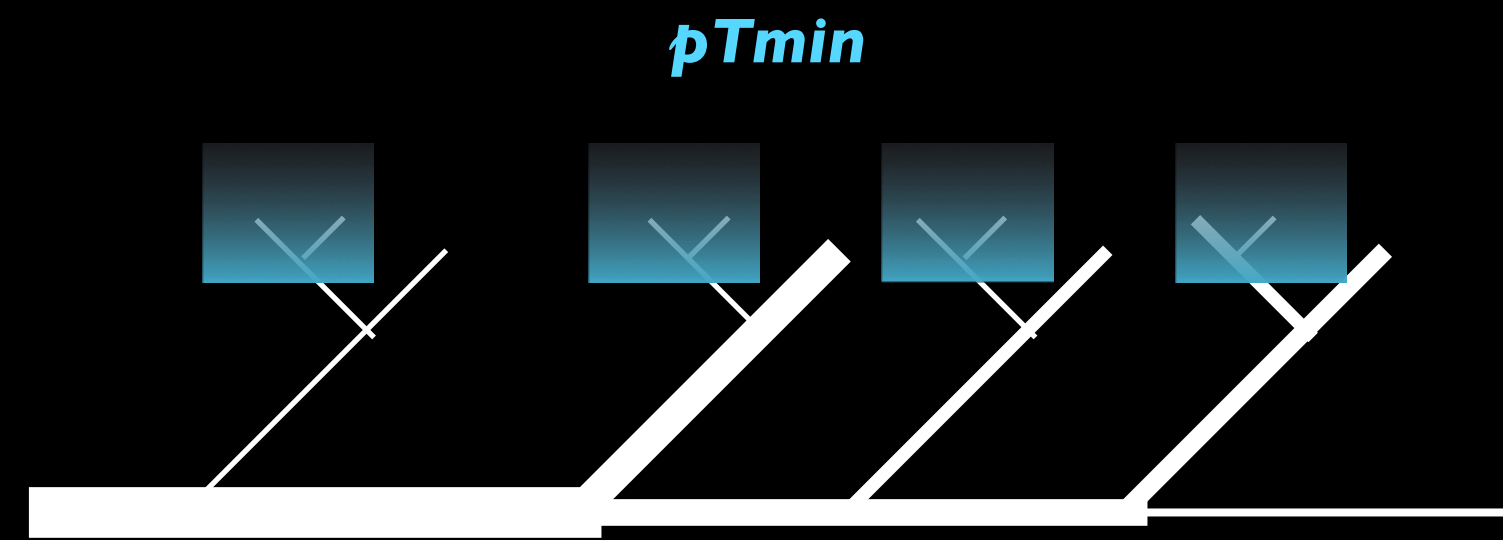
## PYTHIA PARAMETERS



	PYTHIA8 parameter	range	Monash default
$p_{T,\min}$	TIME Shower:PTMIN	0.25-1.00 GeV	0.5
$\alpha_{s,\text{FSR}}$	TIME Shower:ALPHASVALUE	0.1092 - 0.1638	0.1365
recoil	TIME Shower:RECOILToCOLOURED	<i>on</i> and <i>off</i>	<i>on</i>
$b$ quark mass	5:M0	3.8-5.8 GeV	4.8 GeV
Bowler's $r_B$	STRINGZ:RFACTB	0.713-0.813	0.855
string model $a$	STRINGZ:ANONSTANDARD B	0.54-0.82	0.68
string model $b$	STRINGZ:BNONSTANDARD B	0.78-1.18	0.98

# EVENT GENERATORS

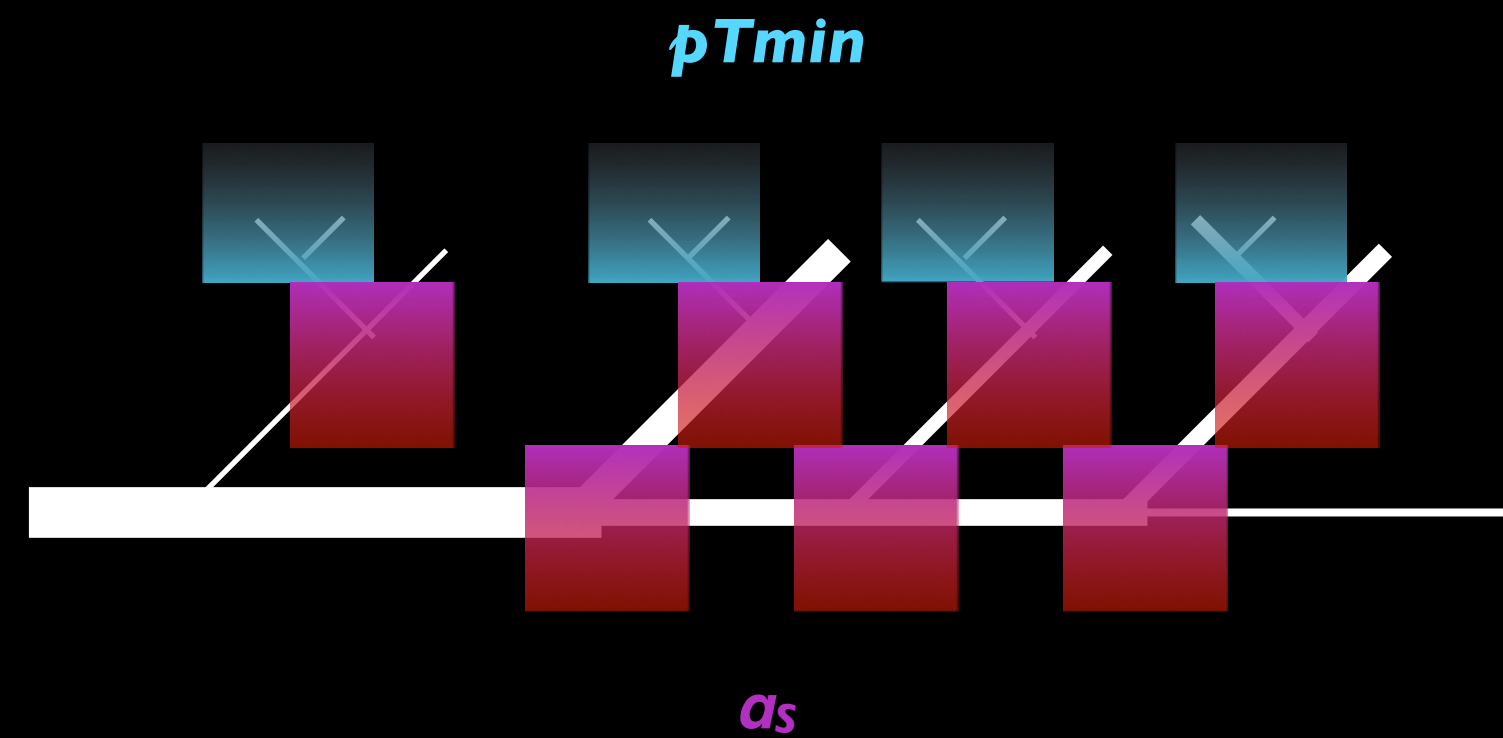
## PYTHIA PARAMETERS



	PYTHIA8 parameter	range	Monash default
$p_{T,min}$	TIME Shower:PTMIN	0.25-1.00 GeV	0.5
$\alpha_{s,FSR}$	TIME Shower:ALPHASVALUE	0.1092 - 0.1638	0.1365
recoil	TIME Shower:RECOILToCOLOURED	<i>on</i> and <i>off</i>	<i>on</i>
$b$ quark mass	5:M0	3.8-5.8 GeV	4.8 GeV
Bowler's $r_B$	STRINGZ:RFACTB	0.713-0.813	0.855
string model $a$	STRINGZ:ANONSTANDARD B	0.54-0.82	0.68
string model $b$	STRINGZ:BNONSTANDARD B	0.78-1.18	0.98

# EVENT GENERATORS

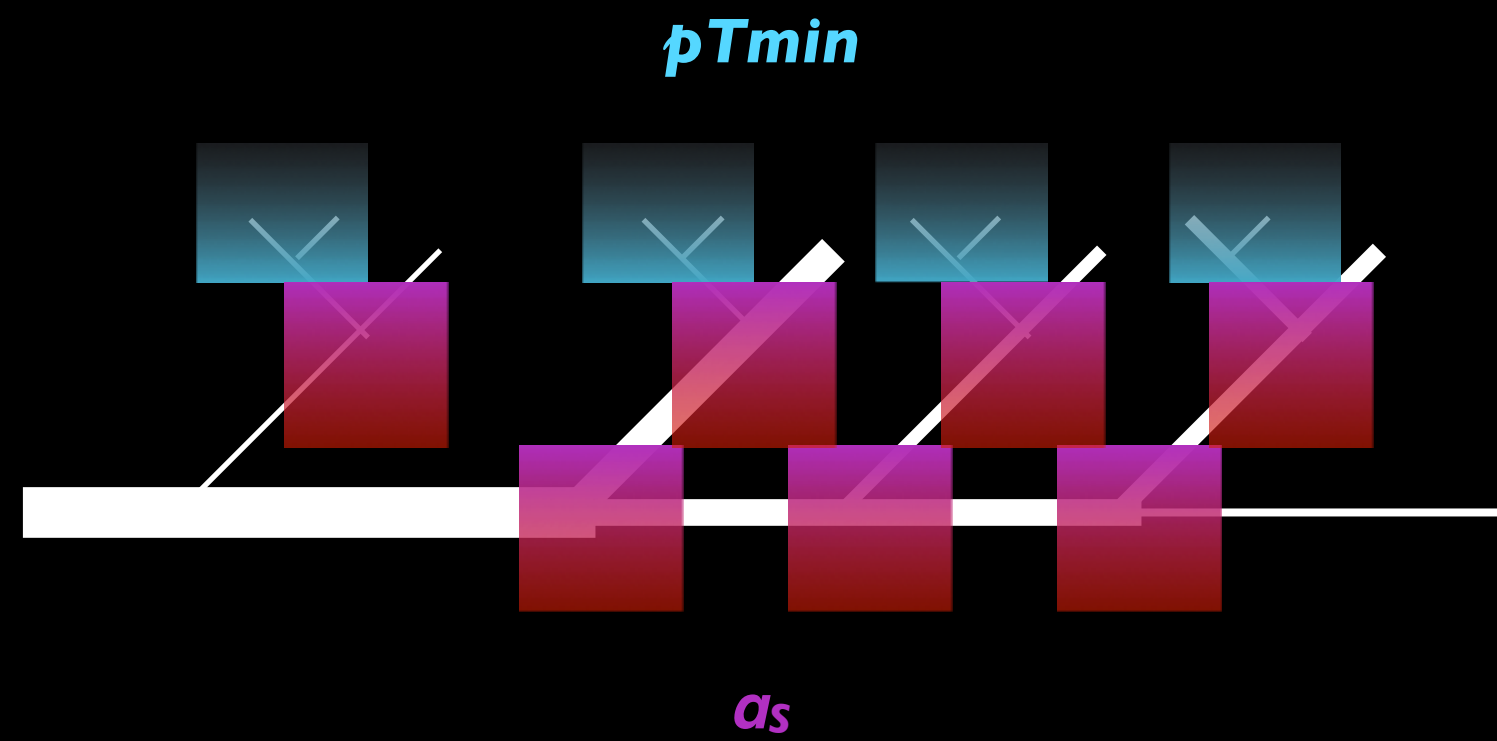
## PYTHIA PARAMETERS



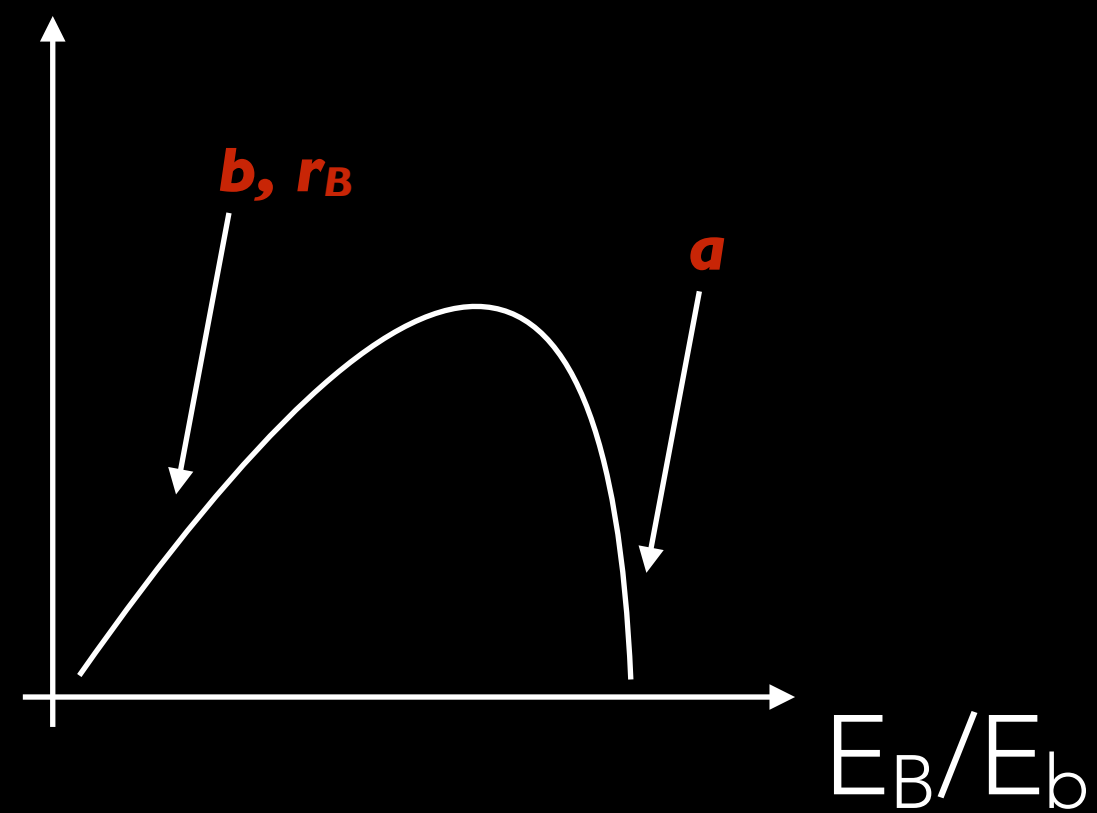
	PYTHIA8 parameter	range	Monash default
$p_{T,min}$	TIME Shower:PTMIN	0.25-1.00 GeV	0.5
$\alpha_{s,FSR}$	TIME Shower:ALPHASVALUE	0.1092 - 0.1638	0.1365
recoil	TIME Shower:RECOILToCOLOURED	<i>on</i> and <i>off</i>	<i>on</i>
$b$ quark mass	5:M0	3.8-5.8 GeV	4.8 GeV
Bowler's $r_B$	STRINGZ:rFACTB	0.713-0.813	0.855
string model $a$	STRINGZ:ANONSTANDARD B	0.54-0.82	0.68
string model $b$	STRINGZ:BNONSTANDARD B	0.78-1.18	0.98

# EVENT GENERATORS

## PYTHIA PARAMETERS

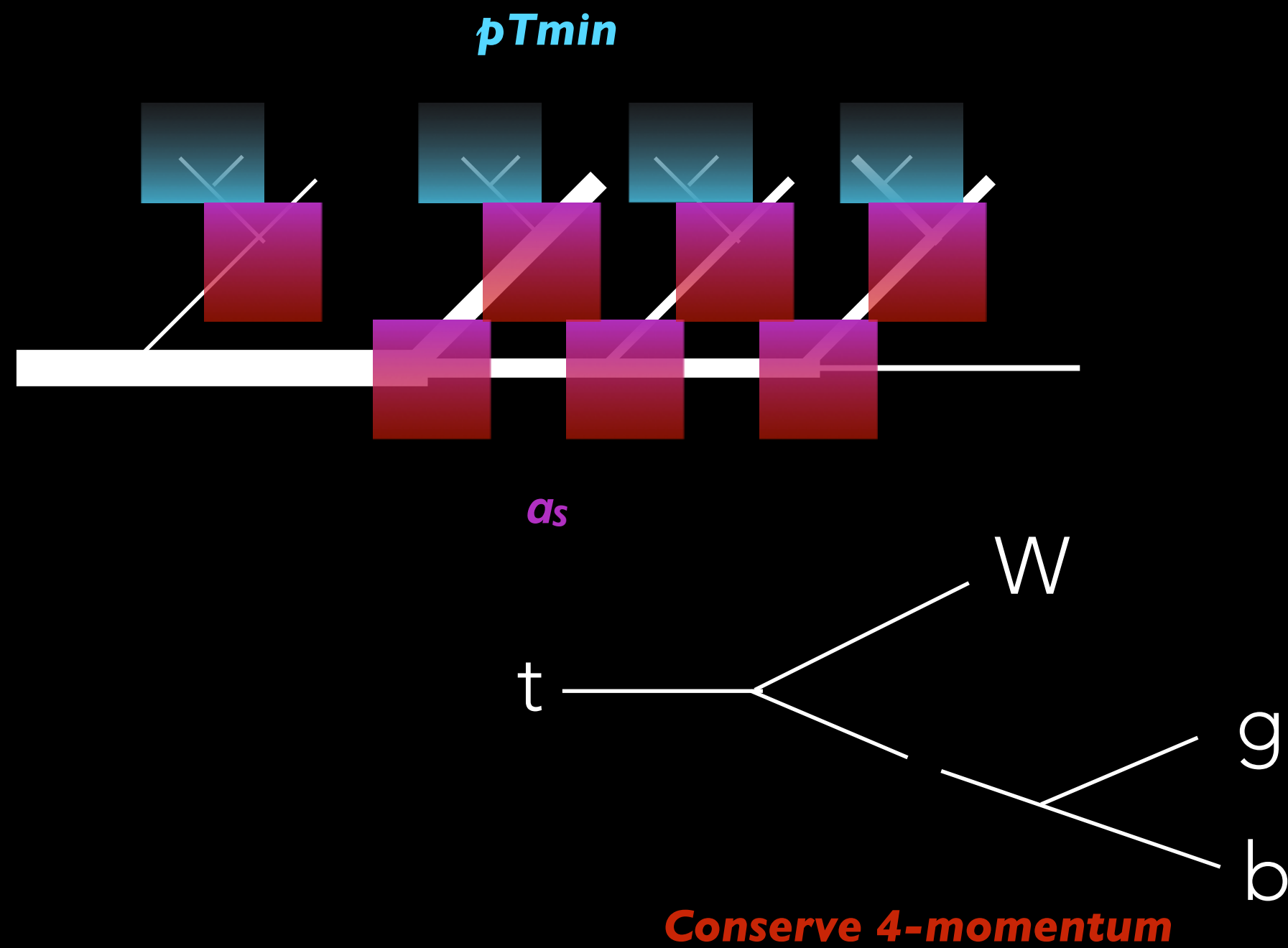


	PYTHIA8 parameter	range	Monash default
$p_{T,min}$	TIME Shower:PTMIN	0.25-1.00 GeV	0.5
$\alpha_{s,FSR}$	TIME Shower:ALPHASVALUE	0.1092 - 0.1638	0.1365
recoil	TIME Shower:RECOILTO COLOURED	<i>on</i> and <i>off</i>	<i>on</i>
$b$ quark mass	5:M0	3.8-5.8 GeV	4.8 GeV
Bowler's $r_B$	STRINGZ:RFACTB	0.713-0.813	0.855
string model $a$	STRINGZ:ANONSTANDARD B	0.54-0.82	0.68
string model $b$	STRINGZ:BNONSTANDARD B	0.78-1.18	0.98

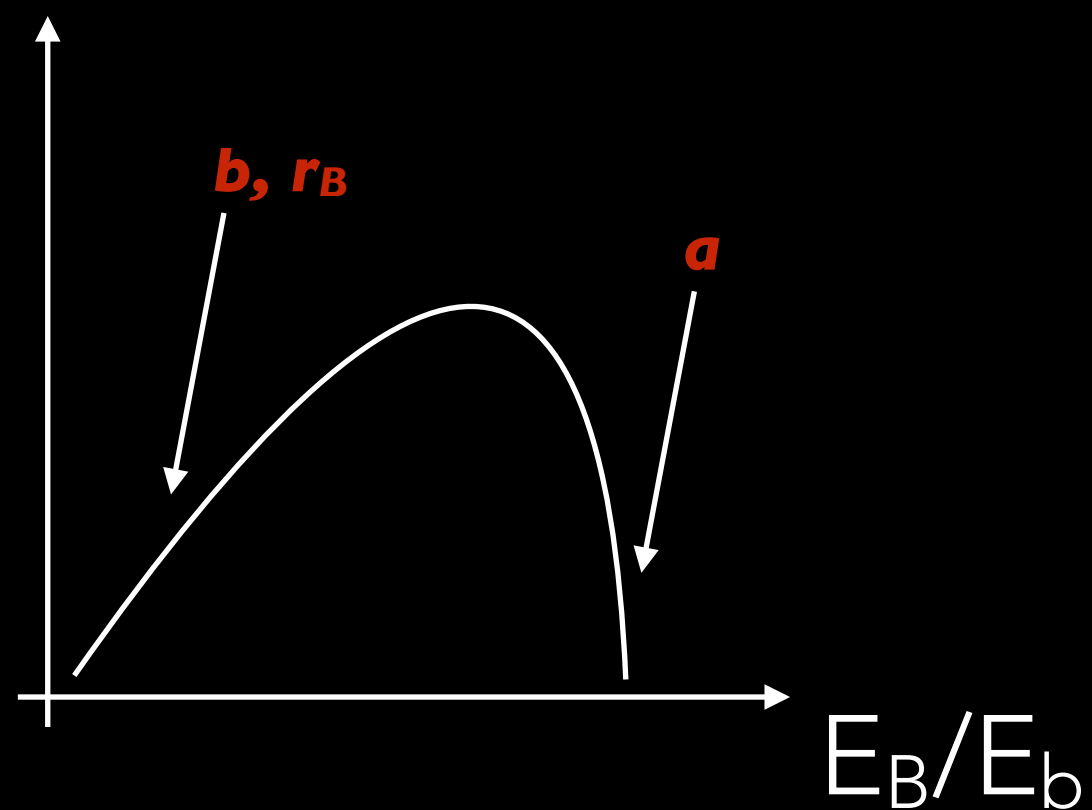


# EVENT GENERATORS

## PYTHIA PARAMETERS

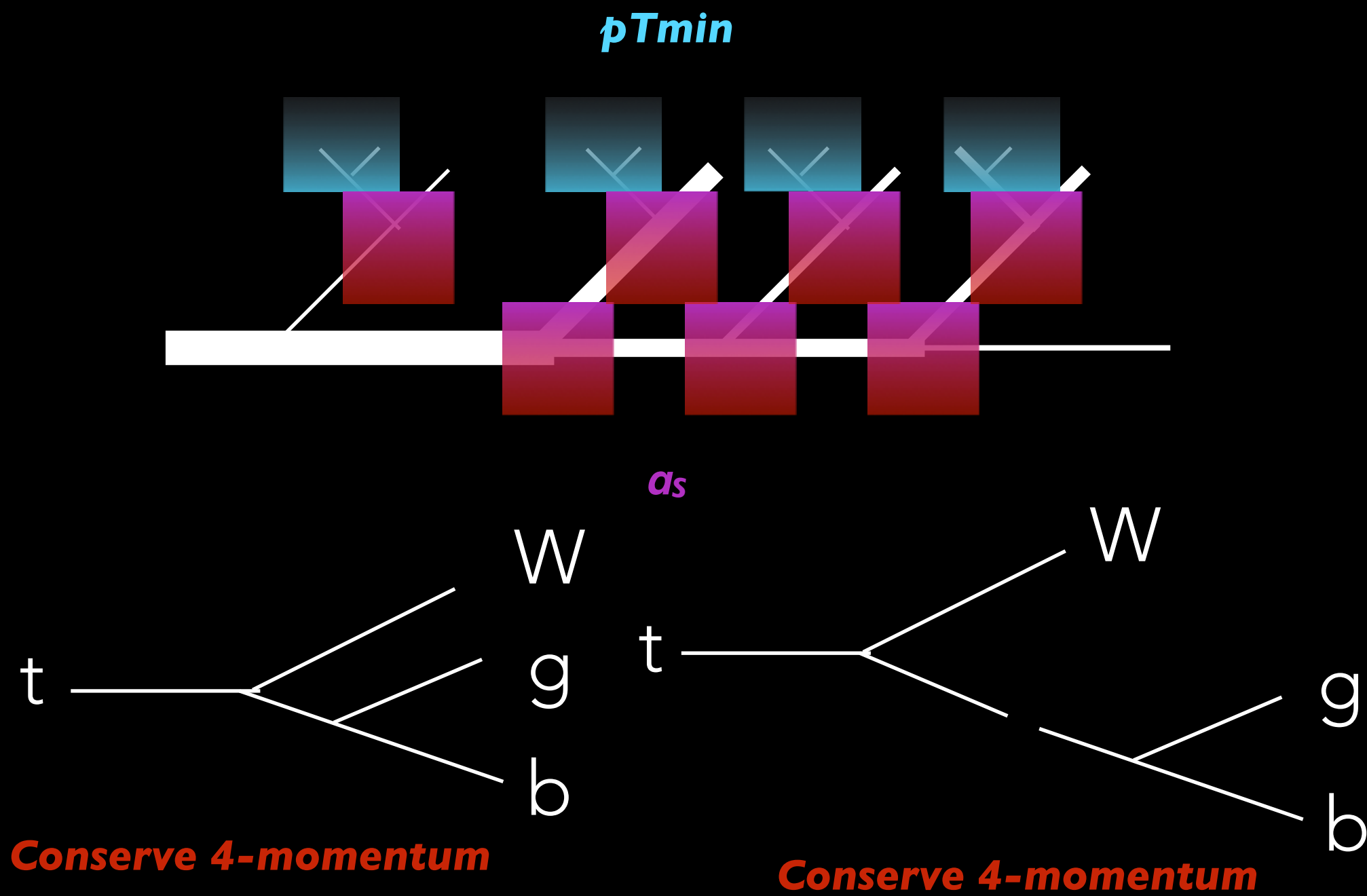


	PYTHIA8 parameter	range	Monash default
$p_{T,min}$	TIME Shower:PTMIN	0.25-1.00 GeV	0.5
$\alpha_{s,FSR}$	TIME Shower:ALPHASVALUE	0.1092 - 0.1638	0.1365
recoil	TIME Shower:RECOILTO COLOURED	<i>on</i> and <i>off</i>	<i>on</i>
$b$ quark mass	5:M0	3.8-5.8 GeV	4.8 GeV
Bowler's $r_B$	STRINGZ:RFACTB	0.713-0.813	0.855
string model $a$	STRINGZ:ANONSTANDARD B	0.54-0.82	0.68
string model $b$	STRINGZ:BNONSTANDARD B	0.78-1.18	0.98

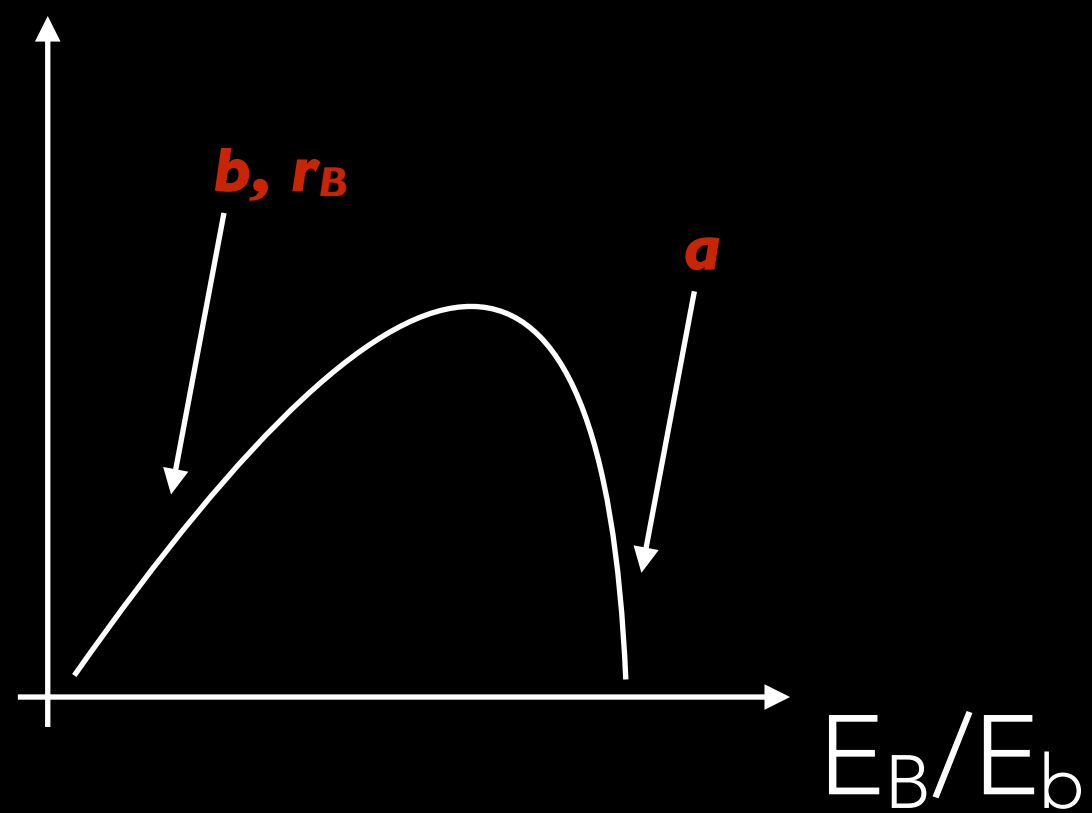


# EVENT GENERATORS

## PYTHIA PARAMETERS



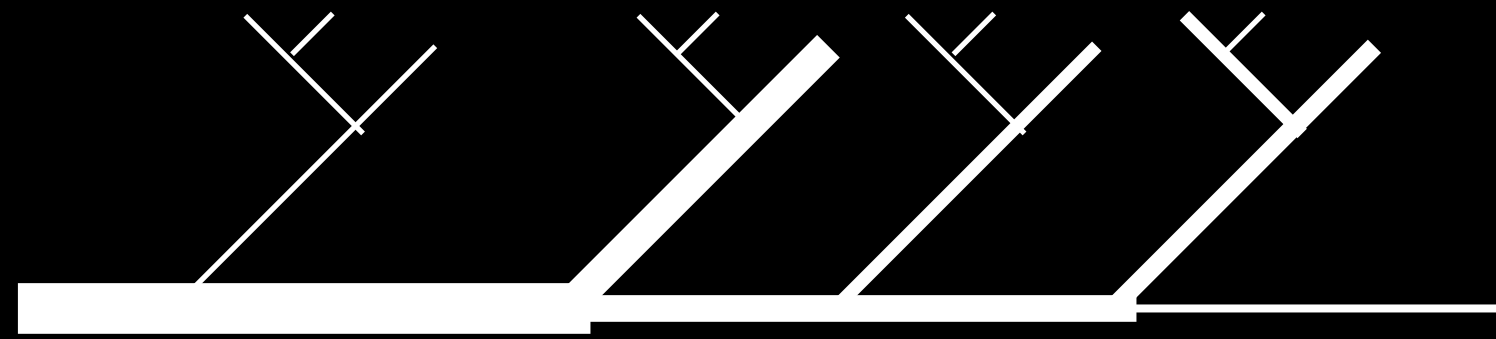
	PYTHIA8 parameter	range	Monash default
$p_{T,min}$	TIME Shower:PTMIN	0.25-1.00 GeV	0.5
$\alpha_{s,FSR}$	TIME Shower:ALPHASVALUE	0.1092 - 0.1638	0.1365
recoil	TIME Shower:RECOILToCOLOURED	<i>on</i> and <i>off</i>	<i>on</i>
$b$ quark mass	5:M0	3.8-5.8 GeV	4.8 GeV
Bowler's $r_B$	STRINGZ:rFACTB	0.713-0.813	0.855
string model $a$	STRINGZ:ANONSTANDARD B	0.54-0.82	0.68
string model $b$	STRINGZ:BNONSTANDARD B	0.78-1.18	0.98





# EVENT GENERATORS

## HERWIG PARAMETERS

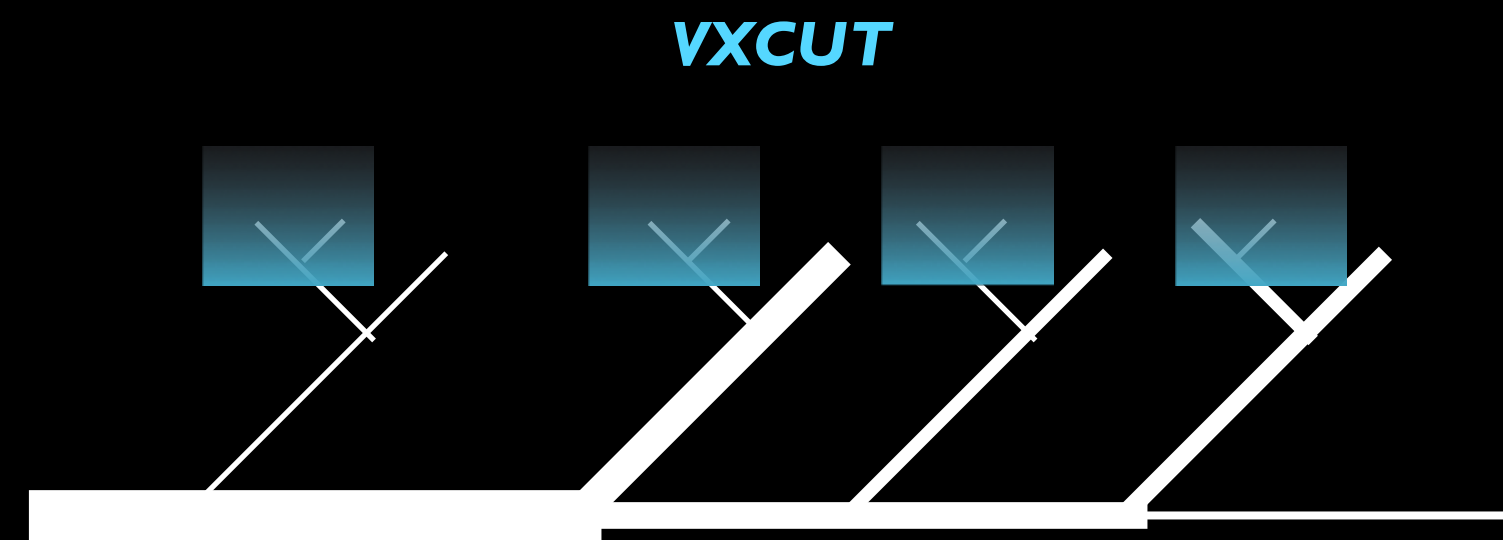


	parameter	range	default
Cluster spectrum parameter	PSPLT(2)	0.9 - 1	1
Power in maximum cluster mass	CLPOW	1.8 - 2.2	2
Maximum cluster mass	CLMAX	3.0 - 3.7	3.35
CMW $\Lambda_{QCD}$	QC DLAM	0.16 - 2	0.18
Smearing width of $B$ -hadron direction	CLMSR(2)	0.1 - 0.2	0
Quark shower cutoff	VQCUT	0.4 - 0.55	0.48
Gluon shower cutoff	VGCUT	0.05 - 0.15	0.1
Gluon effective mass	RMASS(13)	0.65 - 0.85	0.75
Bottom-quark mass	RMASS(5)	4.6 - 5.3	4.95

MASS OF DAUGHTER CLUSTERS UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED IN  $M^{\text{PSPLT}}$

# EVENT GENERATORS

## HERWIG PARAMETERS

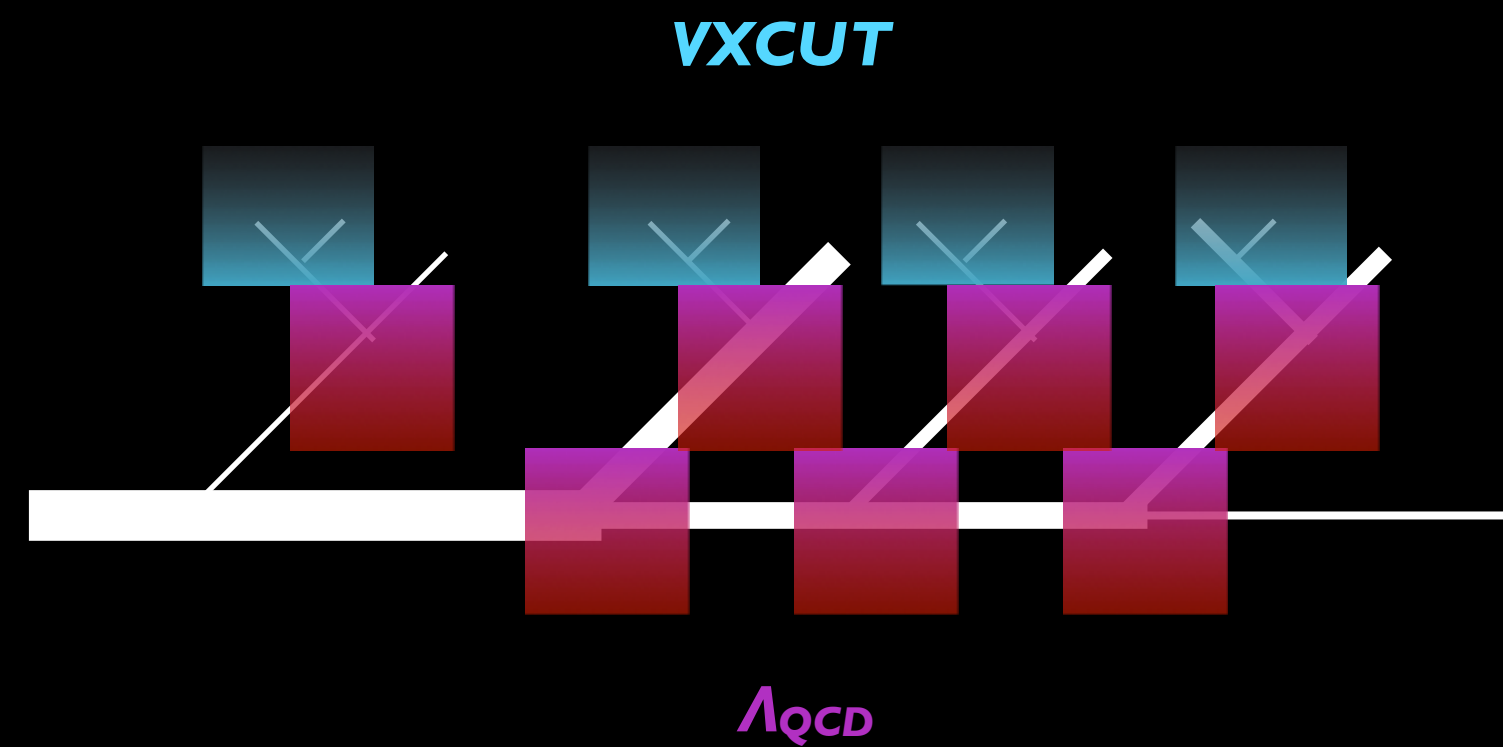


	parameter	range	default
Cluster spectrum parameter	PSPLT(2)	0.9 - 1	1
Power in maximum cluster mass	CLPOW	1.8 - 2.2	2
Maximum cluster mass	CLMAX	3.0 - 3.7	3.35
CMW $\Lambda_{QCD}$	QC DLAM	0.16 - 2	0.18
Smearing width of $B$ -hadron direction	CLMSR(2)	0.1 - 0.2	0
Quark shower cutoff	VQCUT	0.4 - 0.55	0.48
Gluon shower cutoff	VGCUT	0.05 - 0.15	0.1
Gluon effective mass	RMASS(13)	0.65 - 0.85	0.75
Bottom-quark mass	RMASS(5)	4.6 - 5.3	4.95

MASS OF DAUGHTER CLUSTERS UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED IN  $M^{PSPLT}$

# EVENT GENERATORS

## HERWIG PARAMETERS

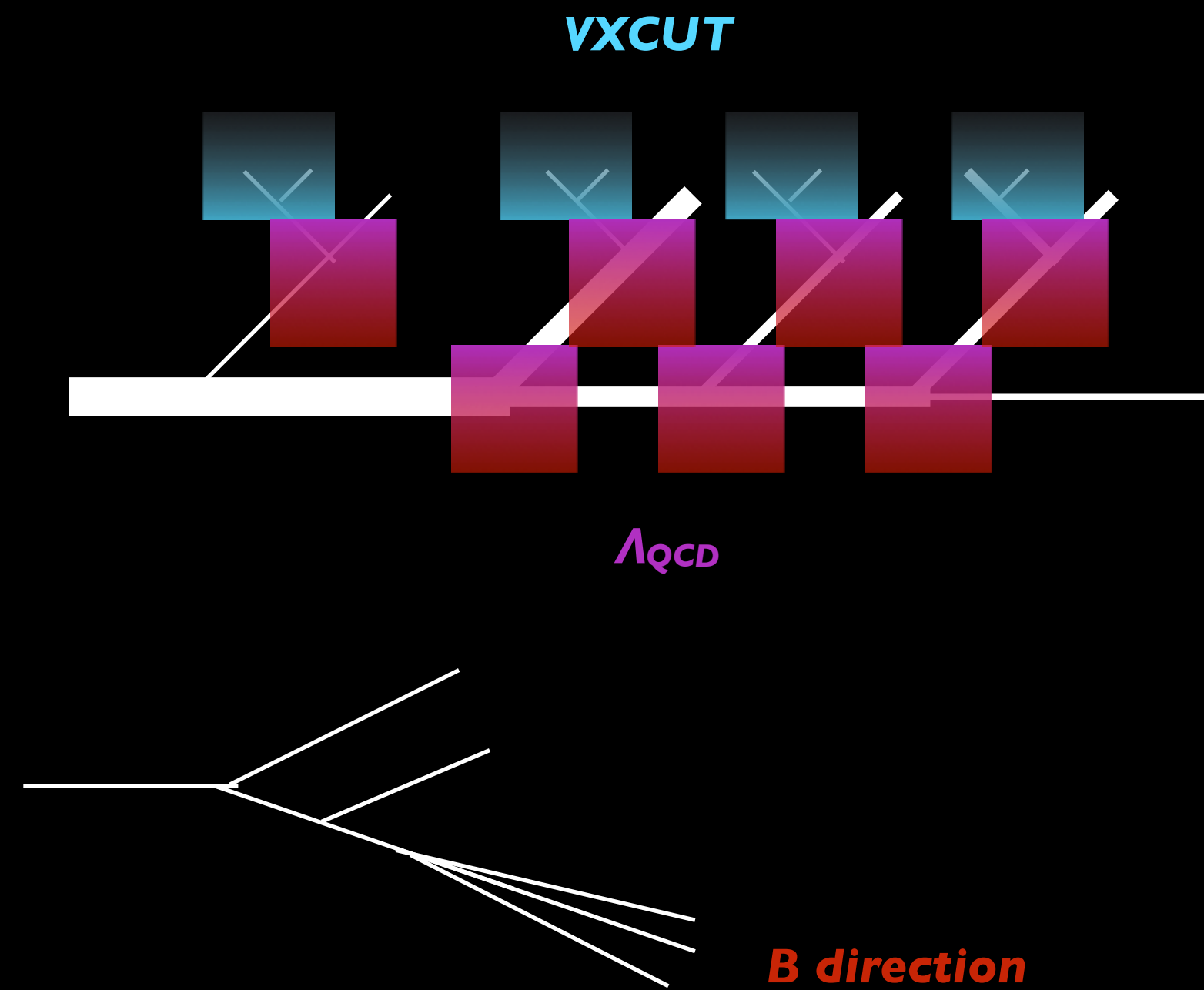


	parameter	range	default
Cluster spectrum parameter	PSPLT(2)	0.9 - 1	1
Power in maximum cluster mass	CLPOW	1.8 - 2.2	2
Maximum cluster mass	CLMAX	3.0 - 3.7	3.35
CMW $\Lambda_{QCD}$	QC DLAM	0.16 - 2	0.18
Smearing width of $B$ -hadron direction	CLMSR(2)	0.1 - 0.2	0
Quark shower cutoff	VQCUT	0.4 - 0.55	0.48
Gluon shower cutoff	VGCUT	0.05 - 0.15	0.1
Gluon effective mass	RMASS(13)	0.65 - 0.85	0.75
Bottom-quark mass	RMASS(5)	4.6 - 5.3	4.95

MASS OF DAUGHTER CLUSTERS UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED IN  $M^{PSPLT}$

# EVENT GENERATORS

## HERWIG PARAMETERS

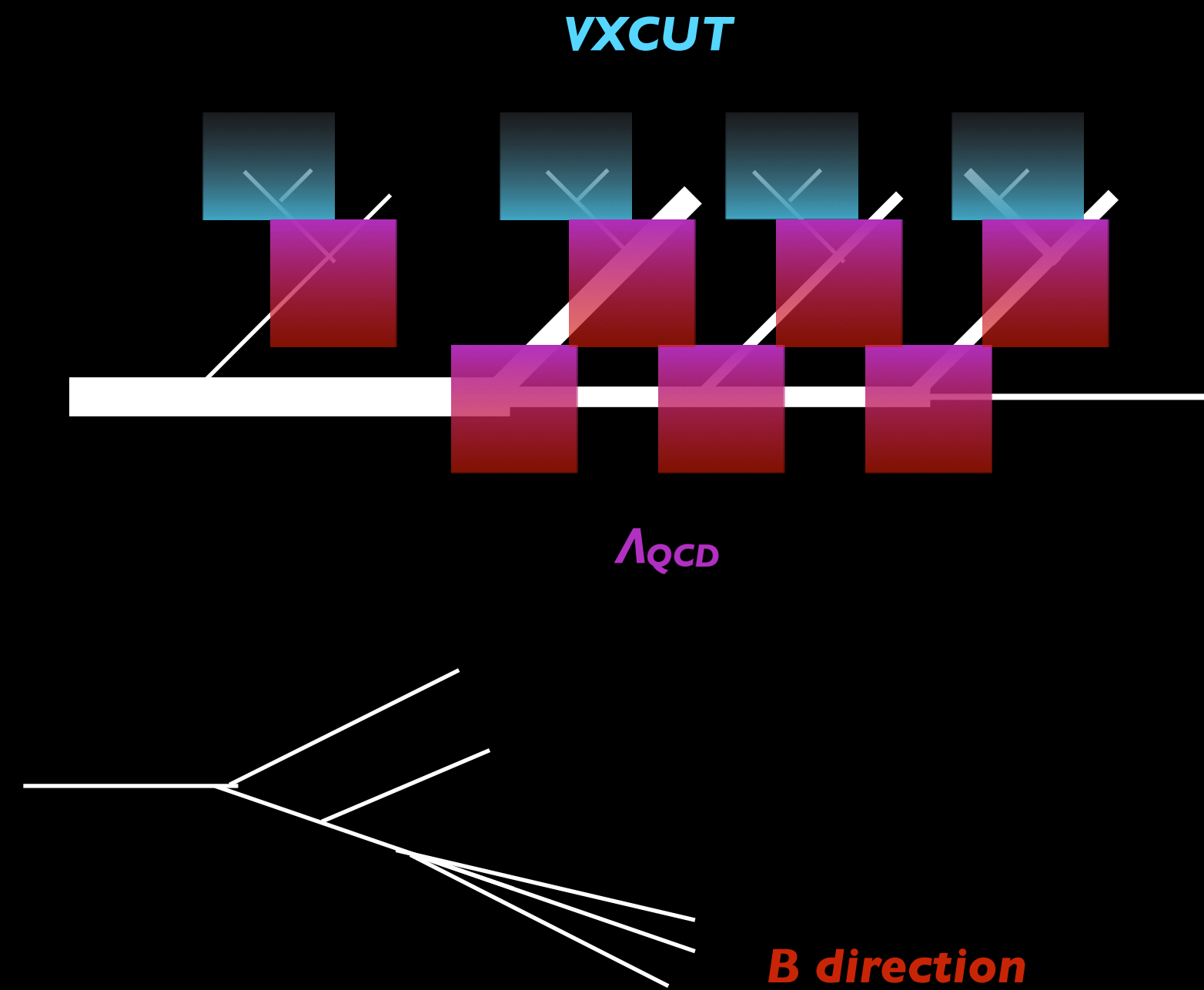


	parameter	range	default
Cluster spectrum parameter	PSPLT(2)	0.9 - 1	1
Power in maximum cluster mass	CLPOW	1.8 - 2.2	2
Maximum cluster mass	CLMAX	3.0 - 3.7	3.35
CMW $\Lambda_{QCD}$	QC DLAM	0.16 - 2	0.18
Smearing width of <i>B</i> -hadron direction	CLMSR(2)	0.1 - 0.2	0
Quark shower cutoff	VQCUT	0.4 - 0.55	0.48
Gluon shower cutoff	VGCUT	0.05 - 0.15	0.1
Gluon effective mass	RMASS(13)	0.65 - 0.85	0.75
Bottom-quark mass	RMASS(5)	4.6 - 5.3	4.95

MASS OF DAUGHTER CLUSTERS UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED IN  $M^{PSPLT}$

# EVENT GENERATORS

## HERWIG PARAMETERS



	parameter	range	default
Cluster spectrum parameter	PSPLT(2)	0.9 - 1	1
Power in maximum cluster mass	CLPOW	1.8 - 2.2	2
Maximum cluster mass	CLMAX	3.0 - 3.7	3.35
CMW $\Lambda_{QCD}$	QC DLAM	0.16 - 2	0.18
Smearing width of <i>B</i> -hadron direction	CLMSR(2)	0.1 - 0.2	0
Quark shower cutoff	VQCUT	0.4 - 0.55	0.48
Gluon shower cutoff	VGCUT	0.05 - 0.15	0.1
Gluon effective mass	RMASS(13)	0.65 - 0.85	0.75
Bottom-quark mass	RMASS(5)	4.6 - 5.3	4.95

$$M^{CLPOW} < CLMAX^{CLPOW} + (RMASS(i) + RMASS(j))^{CLPOW}$$

MASS OF DAUGHTER CLUSTERS UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED IN  $M^{PSPLT}$