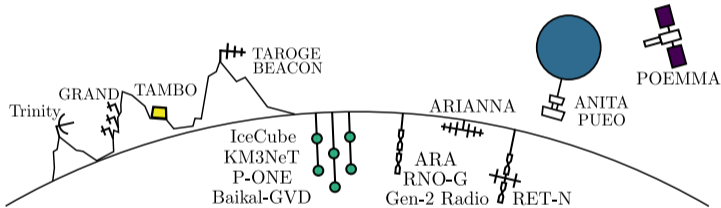


Ultra-high energy neutrinos and physics opportunities

PIKIMO 2022



Ivan Esteban

12th November 2022

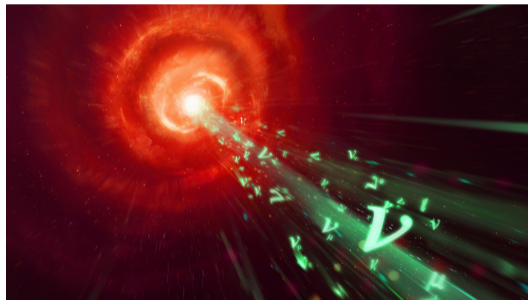


THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY
CENTER FOR COSMOLOGY AND
ASTROPARTICLE PHYSICS

We anticipate new physics at **high energies**



$\sqrt{s} \lesssim 10 \text{ TeV}$



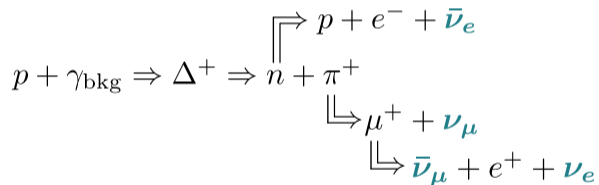
Source: Quanta Magazine

Ultra-High Energy **astrophysical neutrinos** will offer a **novel window**

What about neutrinos?

The idea is simple:

Ultra-high energy proton flux \Rightarrow **Ultra-High Energy neutrino flux**

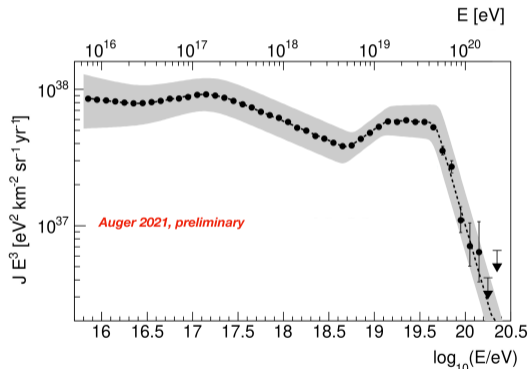


Greisen-Zatsepin-Kuzmin, 1966

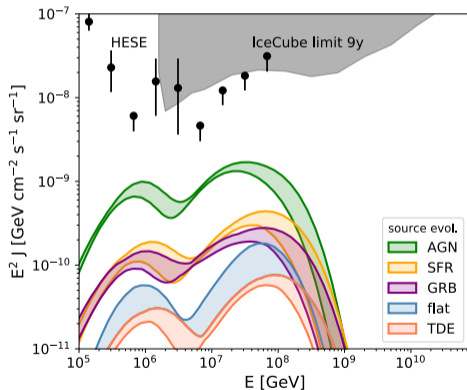
For $E_p \gtrsim 10^9$ GeV, we **expect** this flux at $E_\nu \sim 10^7\text{--}10^{10}$ GeV
 $\phi_\nu \sim 1\text{--}100 \nu/\text{km}^2/\text{year}$

What about neutrinos?

Ultra-high energy proton flux \Rightarrow **Ultra-High Energy neutrino flux**



Auger, ICRC2021



Heinze et al, 1901.03338

(Of course, sources could also directly produce neutrinos)

Why do we want to detect them?

Astrophysics

- UHE cosmic ray composition
- High redshift ($z \sim 2-4$)
- UHE cosmic ray sources
- Multimessenger

Particle physics

Largely unexplored, but

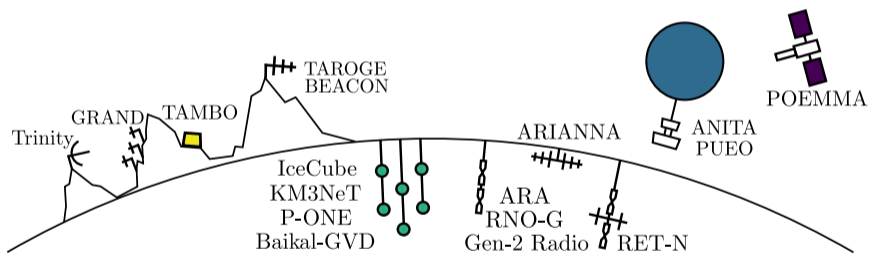
- Largest distances
- Largest energies

UHE neutrinos

See arXiv:2205.09763, with S. Prohira and J. F. Beacom!

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Overall view

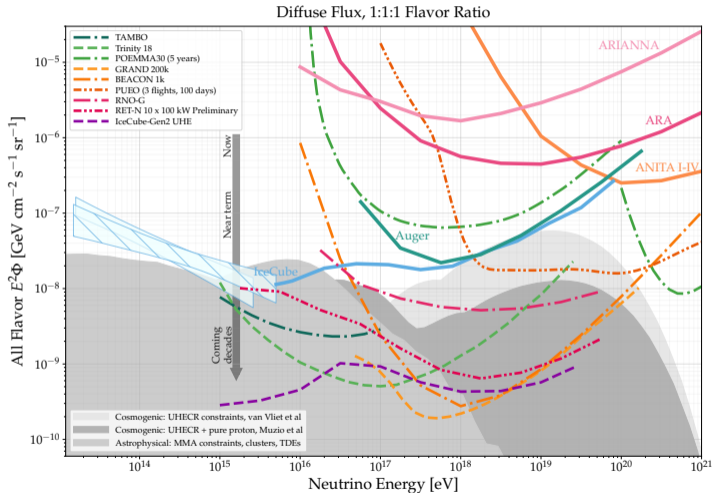


UHE neutrinos

See arXiv:2205.09763, with S. Prohira and J. F. Beacom!

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Overall view



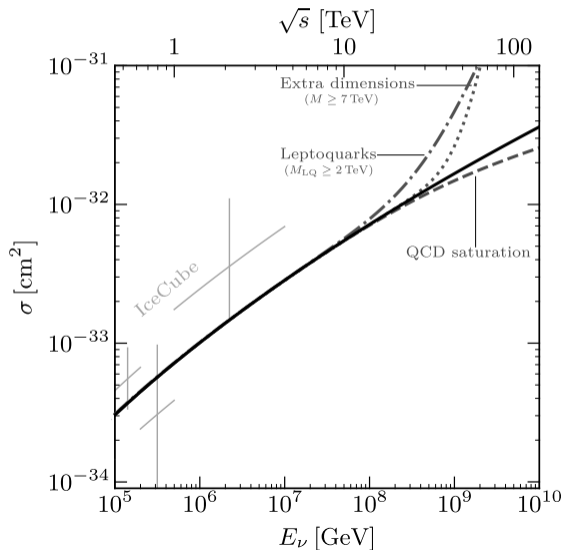
- Real potential!
- Many opportunities!
- Unexplored regime!

As a first step, let's look at the **neutrino-nucleon cross section**.

UHE regime, $E_\nu \sim 10^7\text{--}10^{10}$ GeV.

When they hit a nucleon in our detector,

$\sqrt{s} = \sqrt{2E_\nu m_N} \sim 5\text{--}100$ TeV
beyond collider reach!



Let's get to business. A priori σ can be measured from

$$N_{\text{evt}} = \phi \times \sigma \times N_{\text{target}}$$

but we don't know ϕ !

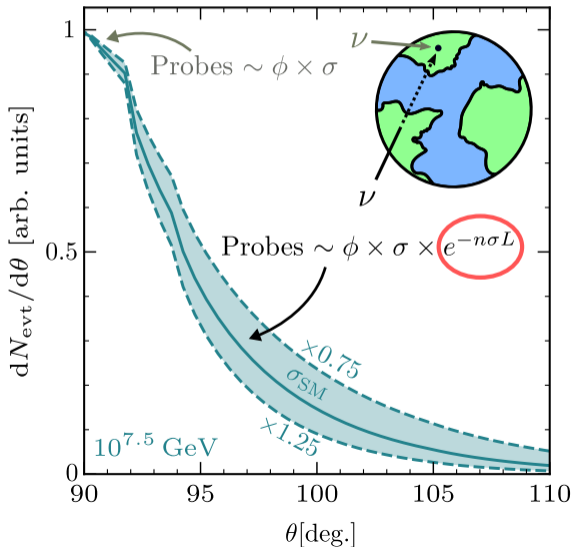
But $\sigma \sim 10^{-32} \text{ cm}^2$; $\lambda \sim \frac{1}{n\sigma} \sim 1000 \text{ km}$!

Neutrinos get attenuated by Earth with a **characteristic scale set by σ** .

Model-independent handle!

Kusenko & Weiler, 2002; Anchordoqui et al, 2002; Hooper, 2002; Hussain et al, 2002; Borriello et al, 2008; Hussain et al, 2008; Connolly et al, 2011; Marfatia et al, 2015

Earth attenuation

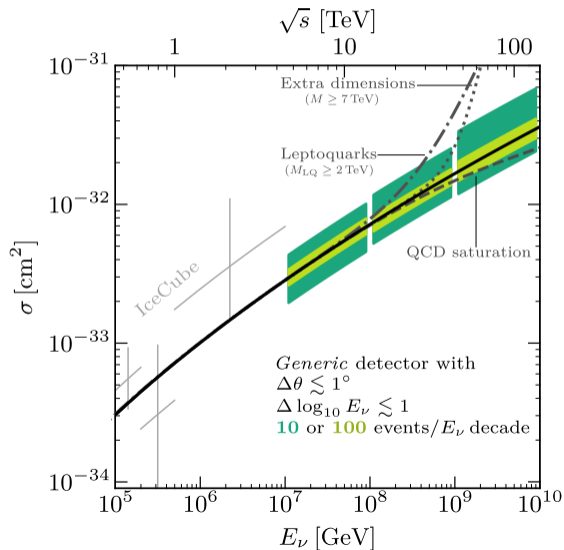


Intuitively: *with a single detector*, we measure the flux

- 1 Close to the horizon
- 2 At large zenith angles

The difference tells us how much the Earth absorbed, i.e., σ !

In our paper, we do a shape fit, including relevant experimental details and varying the unknown flux.



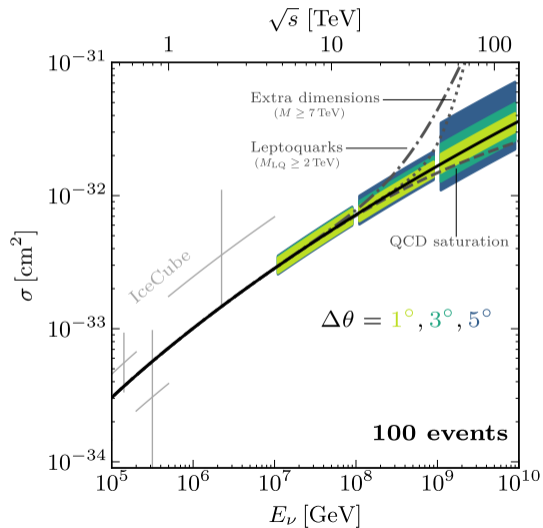
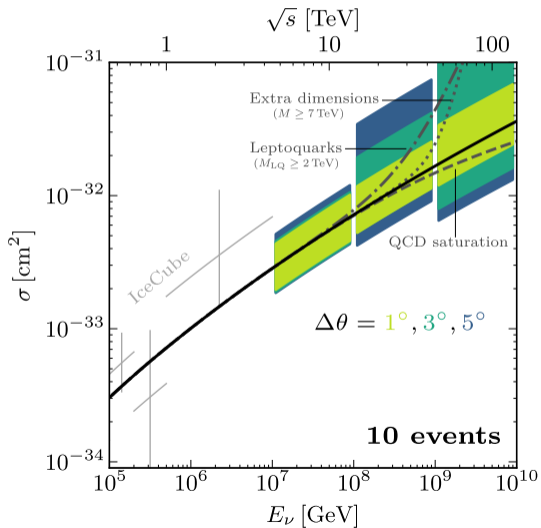
- New physics **within reach** with modest statistics and resolution
- Requirements are similar to astrophysics!

Results

See arXiv:2205.09763, with S. Prohira and J. F. Beacom!

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Different $\Delta\theta$



Conclusions and ways forward

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- UHE neutrinos have triggered high astrophysics interest.
It's time to explore the particle physics!

- We find that, with modest requirements,
 - $\sigma_{\nu N}$ can be measured without knowing the flux
 - Allowed novel-physics can be tested even with low statisticsAnd this can happen relatively soon!

- As experiments are being planned, we can have a more active voice.

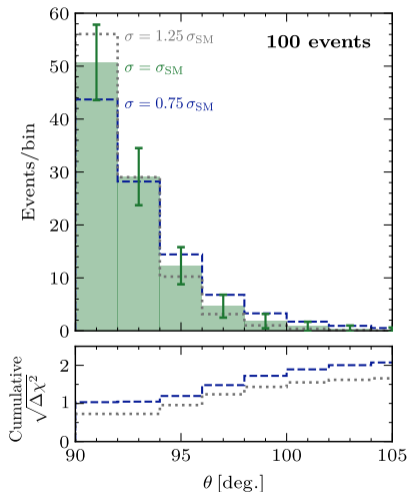
- Stay tuned for the first events within \sim decade!

Backup: Simplified illustration

See arXiv:2205.09763, with S. Prohira and J. F. Beacom!

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$$E_\nu = 10^{8.5} \text{ GeV}$$



[When doing the analysis, we include energy and allow the flux to float freely]