Multi-channel Processing and Simulation (MPS) a python processing framework for the RICOCHET experiment

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The global overview



- calibration
- detector characterization (charge collection, σ)
- **CEnNS cross-section computation**
- Statistical analysis (bayesian estimation, ...)

MPS as a framework

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template helps us to extract the parameters for analytical pulses: the signal template efficiency is a module for pulse injection in stream data to estimate the survival fraction processing of stream data consists of extracting reduced quantities from them simulation of raw data stream can be done using custom hypothesis (noise, quenching, ...)

MPS processing steps





The idea

- compute the correlation between the **stream data** and $s \rightarrow y$
- set a *threshold* to 0 on y
- find all window of size *nw* which totally fit in *[-threshold, threshold]*
- apply some **quality cut** if needed (can be what you want: spike, chi², offset ...)
- iteratively increase the *threshold* until (*nf * stream size*) windows are found
- **compute the PSD** of the selected traces

Making the PSD computation more robust

Using median instead of mean of the FFT of traces leads to a more robust estimate. But it requires to compensate for the induced bias, as explained in [1].

The noise fraction

Define a quantity η equal to the integral of the inverse of the SNR.

Simulate data with white noise and heat signal pulses at multiple rates.

Evaluate the performances: vary *nf* and *tw* and the *pulse rate*







100.0%

75.0%

25.0%

0.0%

-50.0% **N**



Conclusion

A pulse rate of ~2 Hz is fully manageable, compatible with light shielded above ground experiment and for RICOCHET at ILL (expected rate 0.2-0.5 Hz).

Assuming the theoretical heat/ion noise PSD, the trigger algorithm detect pulses with an efficiency around 40% for 50 eV of recoil energy.

More to know

MPS framework can be executed on Slurm farm and is highly parallelizable since each chunk of data stream can be processed independently.

MPS Simulation can be linked with Geant4 output to reproduce the expected background at ILL.

MPS Template is a tool to fit experimental pulses with analytical model using algorithms such as iMinuit minimizer and MCMC sampler.



time [s]

Automatic cross-talk removal

Ionization signal is strongly coupled in a low-capacitance design such as the Cryocube.

Using method in [2] and differential processing improves our mode resolution from 70 to 30 eVee (RMS).



Clattice

N2P3

deux infinis

iP2i



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Linear combination of channels allows to process ionization data in differential mode giving the best results so far (see N. Martini poster).

Decorrelation (or cross-talk removal) reduce the effect of **correlated noise structure** such as pick-up noise.

The t_o scan for amplitude fitting gives a **sub-sample timing** resolution resolution compatible to the muon veto trigger rate of RICOCHET.

Bibliography

[1] Allen & al. (10.1103/PhysRevD.85.122006)

[2] Allen & al. (10.48550/arXiv.gr-qc/9909083)

[3] Colas & al. (10.1007/s10909-022-02907-5)

[4] Di Domizio & al. (10.1088/1748-0221/6/02/P02007)

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MPS Efficiency will soon allows to estimate the survival fraction of injected pulses in detector data to quantify processing and analysis efficiency and correct for potential bias.

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