

Searches for BSM decays of the Higgs boson at the LHC

Mingshui Chen (IHEP Beijing)



IAS PROGRAM

High Energy Physics

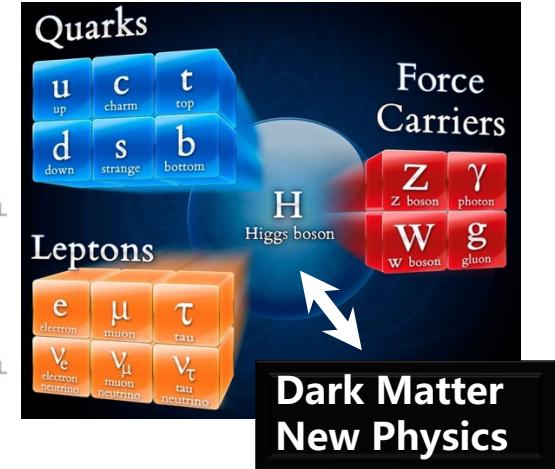
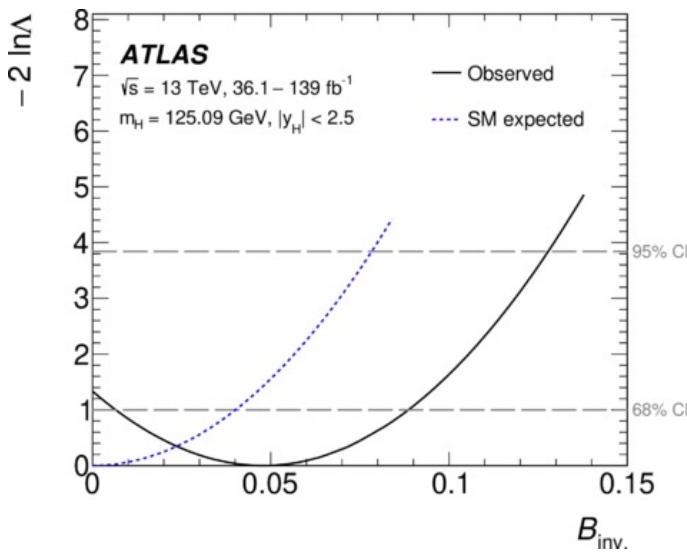
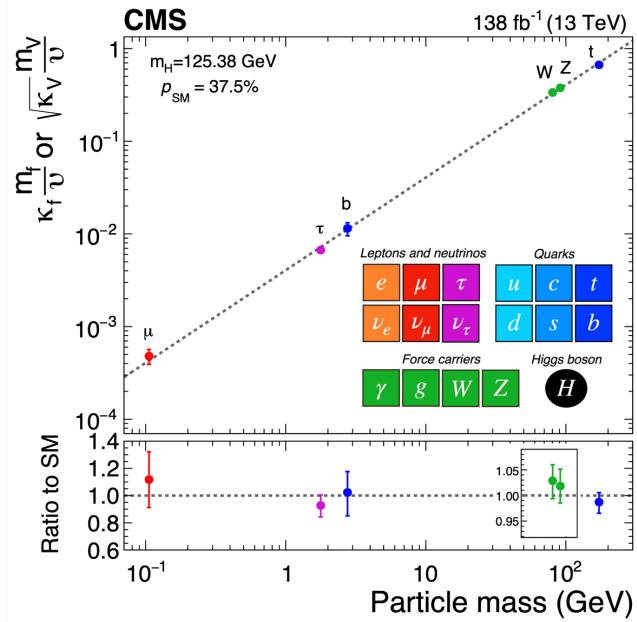
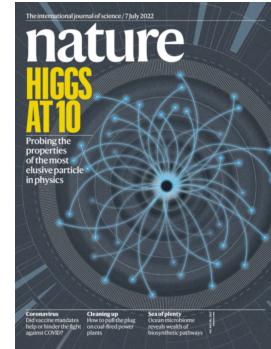
February 12 – 16, 2023

Conference: February 14 – 16, 2023

A blue-toned photograph of a particle detector, showing various components and a central interaction point with yellow and orange tracks.

Introduction

- Higgs discovery in 2012, last building block discovered
- Since then, ATLAS and CMS recorded 30 times more Higgs bosons, more precise measurements
 - Data in agreement with SM predictions, so far
- Still plenty of rooms for the Higgs boson to connect with BSM

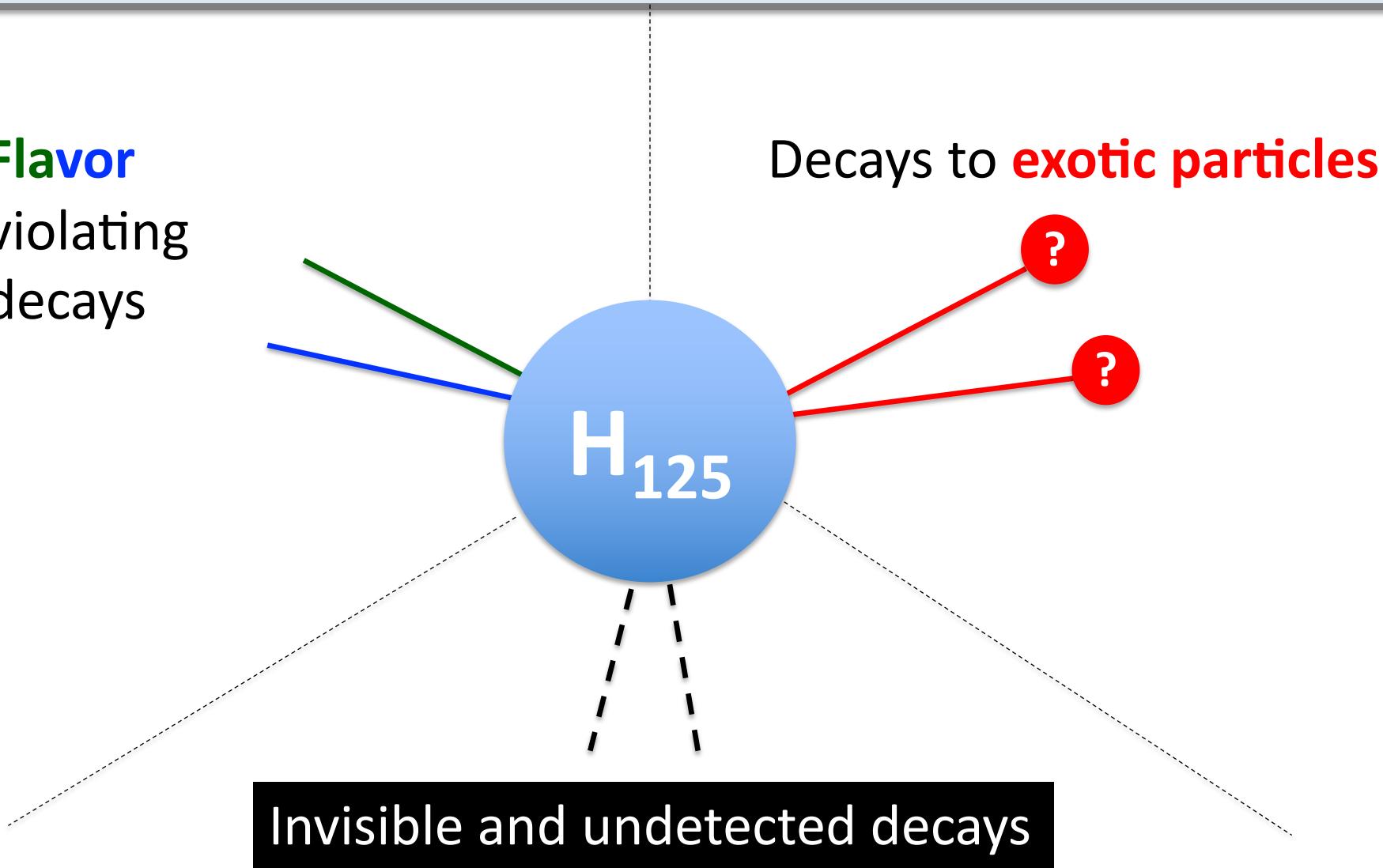


Higgs BSM decays: direct probe for new physics

Flavor

violating
decays

Decays to **exotic particles**



Disclaimer: only a few selected recent updates among all results from the LHC experiments

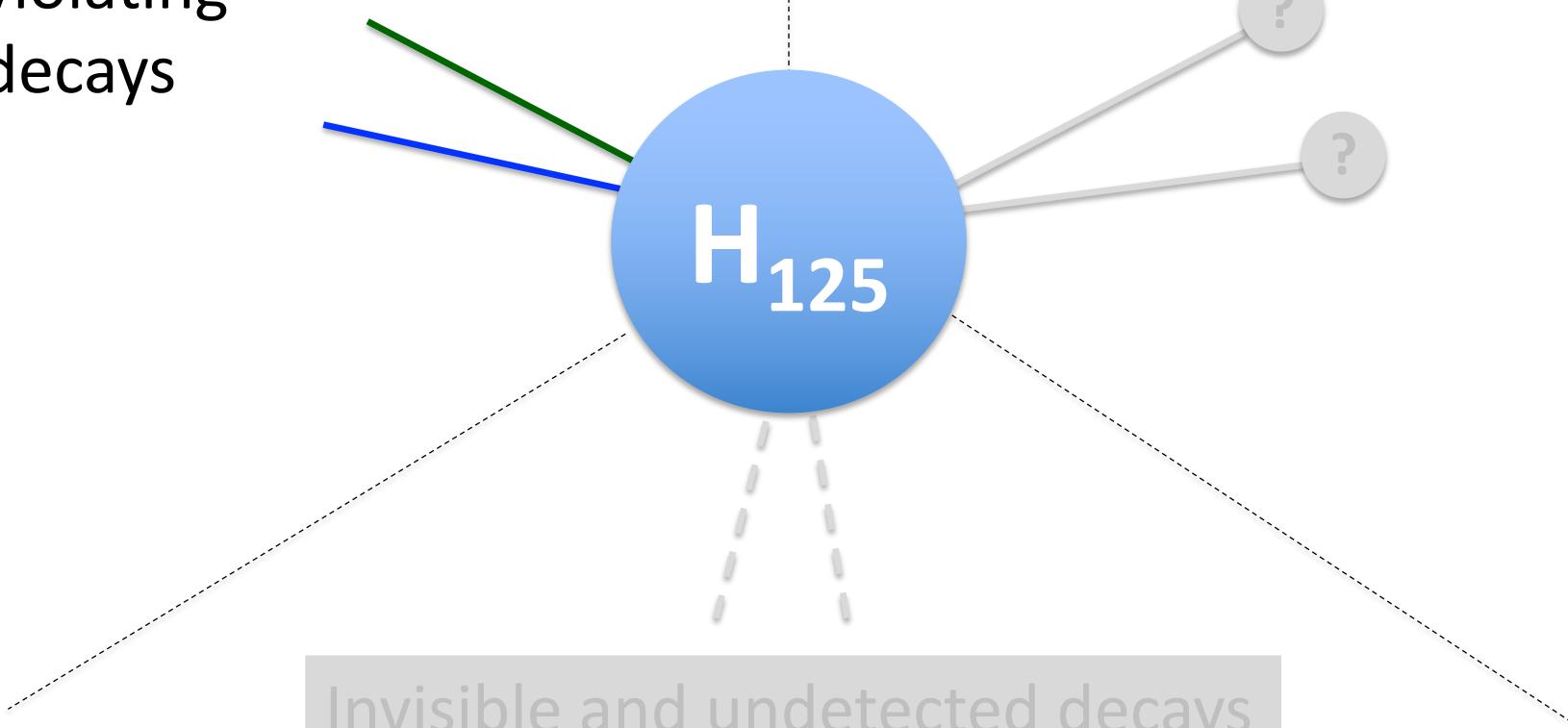
Higgs BSM decays: direct probe for new physics

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H_{125}

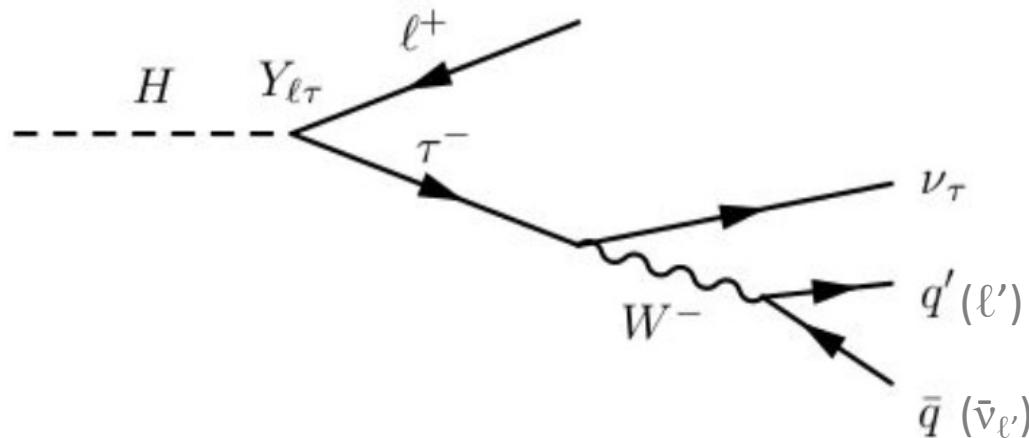


Disclaimer: only a few selected recent updates among all results from the LHC experiments

Lepton-Flavor Violating decays

- $H \rightarrow e\mu/e\tau/\mu\tau$ decays are forbidden in the SM, but take place through LFV Yukawa couplings $Y_{e\mu}$, $Y_{e\tau}$, or $Y_{\mu\tau}$
 - arising in SUSY, composite, etc.
- Focus on $Y_{e\tau}$ and $Y_{\mu\tau}$ ($Y_{e\mu}$ strongly constrained by $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$)

$$\begin{pmatrix} Y_{ee} & Y_{e\mu} & Y_{e\tau} \\ Y_{\mu e} & Y_{\mu\mu} & Y_{\mu\tau} \\ Y_{\tau e} & Y_{\tau\mu} & Y_{\tau\tau} \end{pmatrix}$$

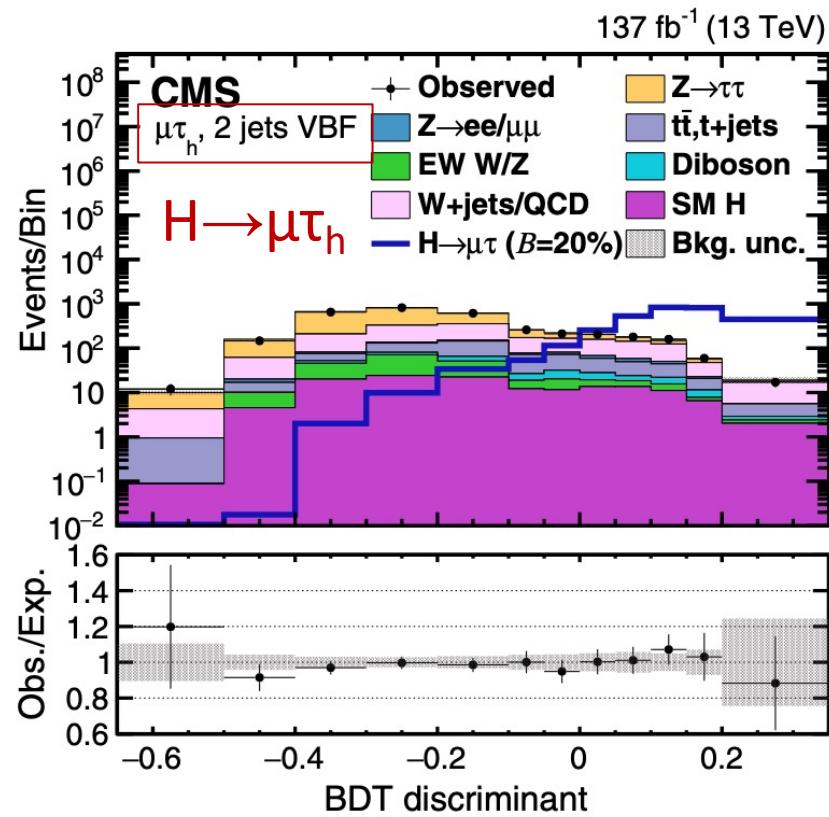
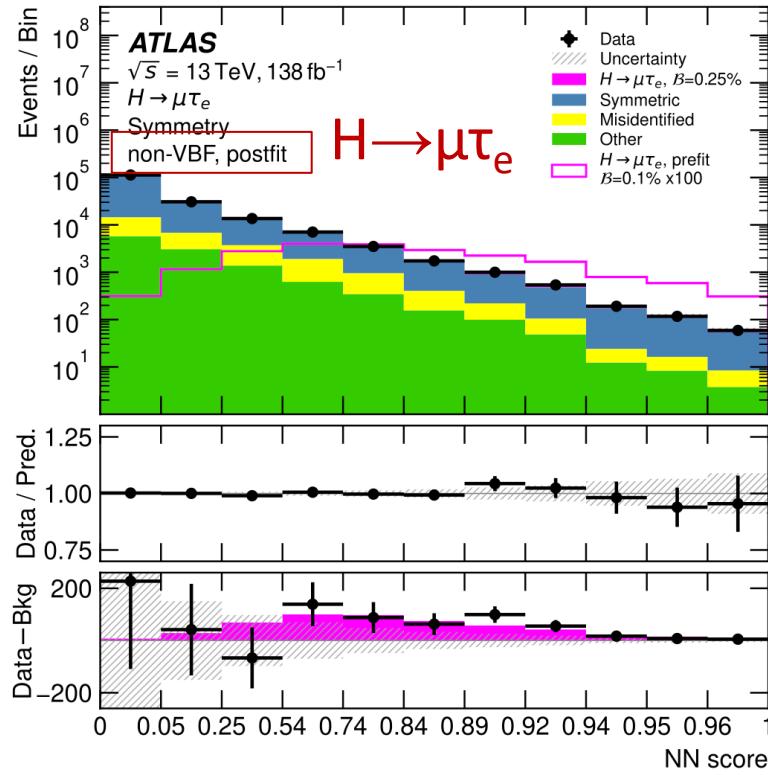


Main backgrounds:

- $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$; $W + \text{jets}$
- multi-jet events with at least one jet misidentified as an electron, muon or τ_{had}

Lepton-Flavor Violating decays

- Channels: $e\tau_\mu$, $e\tau_h$, $\mu\tau_e$, $\mu\tau_h$
- Categories in VBF and non-VBF (further separated into 0j, 1j and 2j in CMS)
- BDT/NN to enhance signal/background ratio
- Join fit to BDT/NN outputs



Lepton-Flavor Violating decays

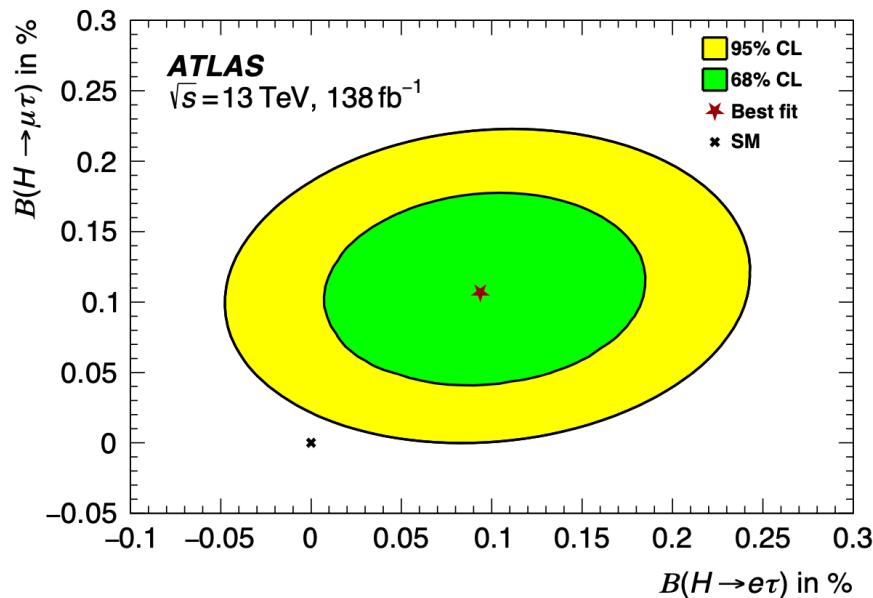
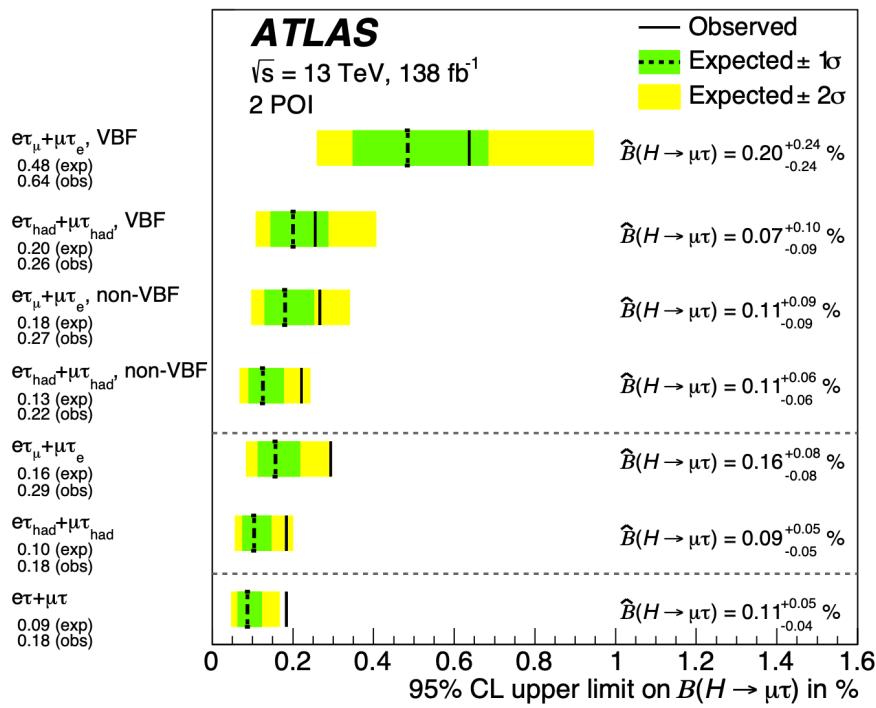
ATLAS:

Obs. (exp.) upper limits on branching ratios

$H \rightarrow \mu\tau$: BR < 0.18% (0.09%) at 95% CL

$H \rightarrow e\tau$: BR < 0.20% (0.12%) at 95% CL

For the $H \rightarrow \mu\tau$ ($H \rightarrow e\tau$) signal,
a 2.4σ (1.6σ) excess observed



CMS:

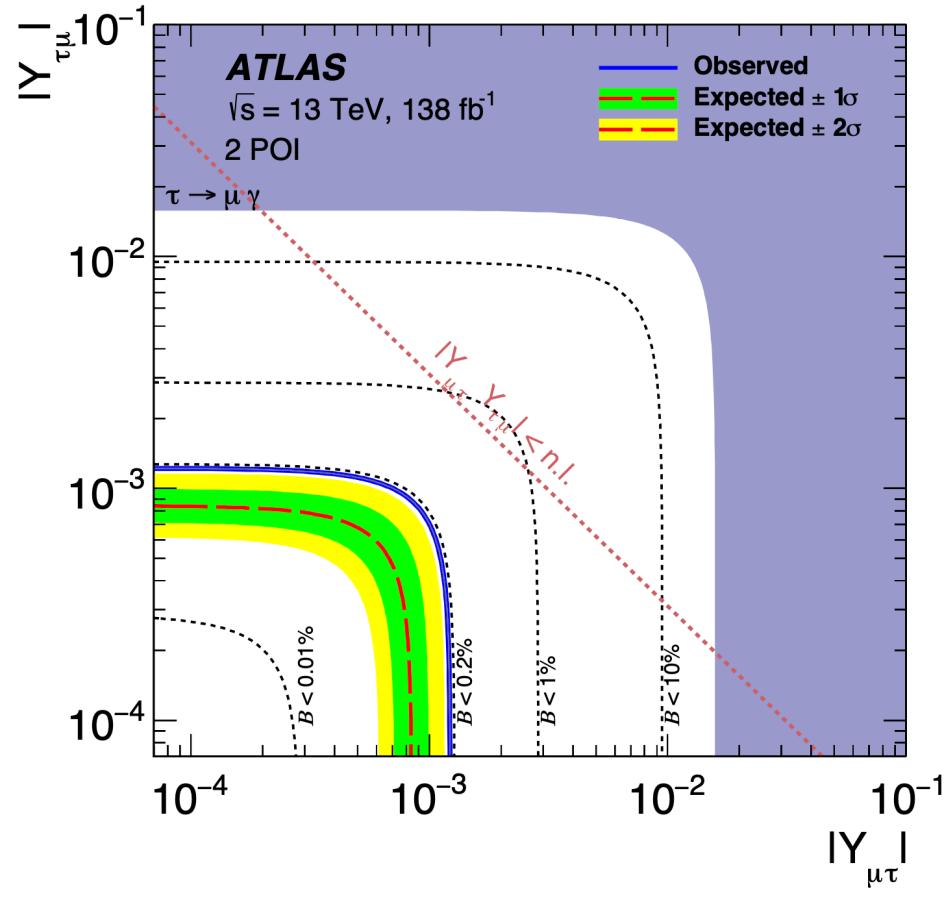
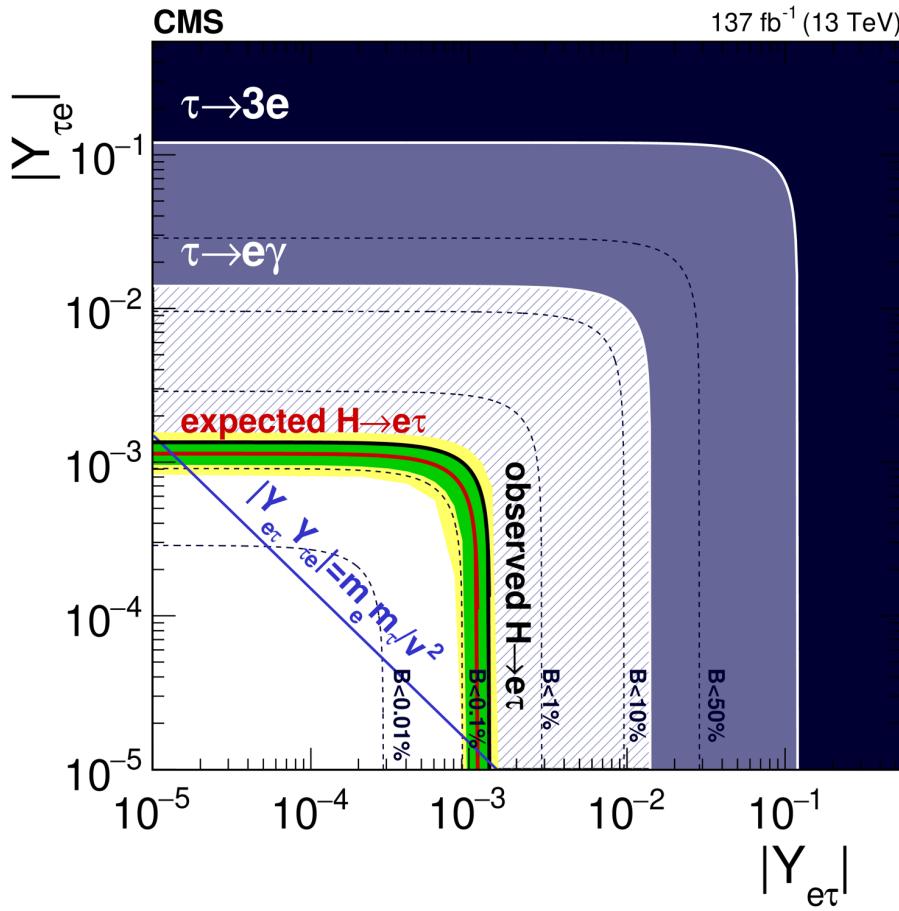
Obs. (exp.) upper limits on BRs

$H \rightarrow \mu\tau$: BR < 0.15% (0.15%) at 95% CL

$H \rightarrow e\tau$: BR < 0.22% (0.16%) at 95% CL

Lepton-Flavor Violating decays

- Limits are used to put constraints on $Y_{e\tau}$ and $Y_{\mu\tau}$
- Better than constraints from other experiments, and for $Y_{\mu\tau}$ within the naturalness limit



Higgs BSM decays: direct probe for new physics

Flavor
violating
decays

Decays to exotic particles

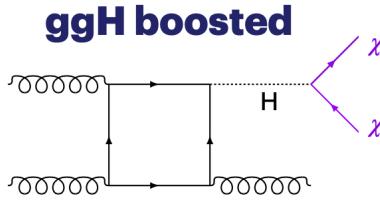
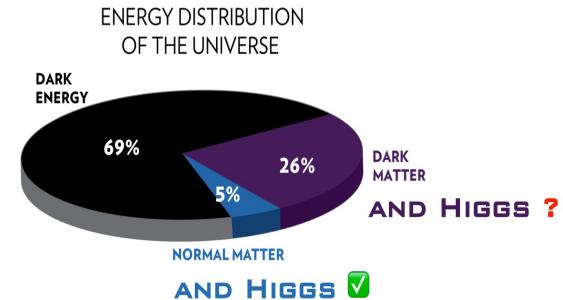
H_{125}

Invisible and undetected decays

Disclaimer: only a few selected recent updates among all results from the LHC experiments

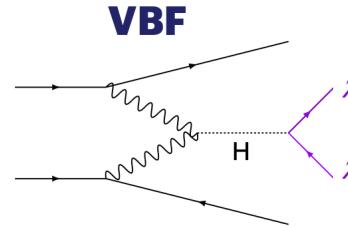
H to invisible

- SM $H \rightarrow$ invisible only via $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\nu$ with B_{inv} of $\sim 0.1\%$
- Several BSM scenarios $\Rightarrow B_{\text{inv}}$ is significantly enhanced
- Dark Matter particles could have mass from Higgs mechanism
- Signature : significant missing transverse momentum from the Higgs boson decay
- Identify through visible particles recoiling against the Higgs boson
- ATLAS and CMS probe all production modes

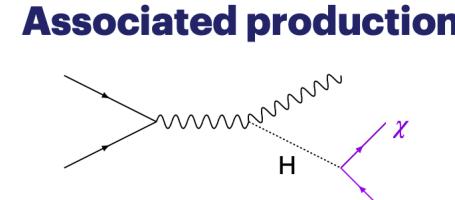


Phys.Rev.D 103 (2021) 11, 112006

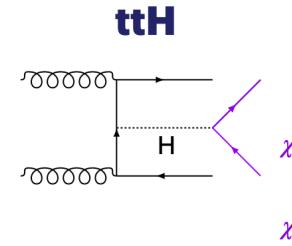
JHEP 11 (2021) 153



JHEP 08 (2022) 104
Phys.Rev.D 105 (2022) 092007



CMS-PAS-HIG-21-007
Eur.Phys.J.C 81 (2021) 1, 13
JHEP 11 (2021) 153

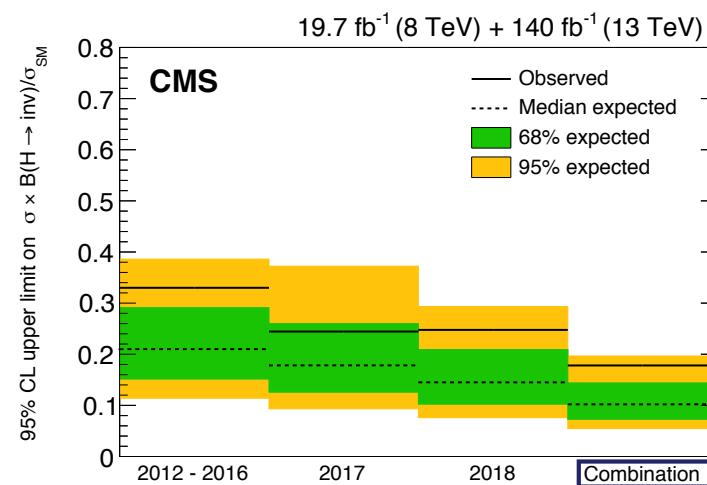
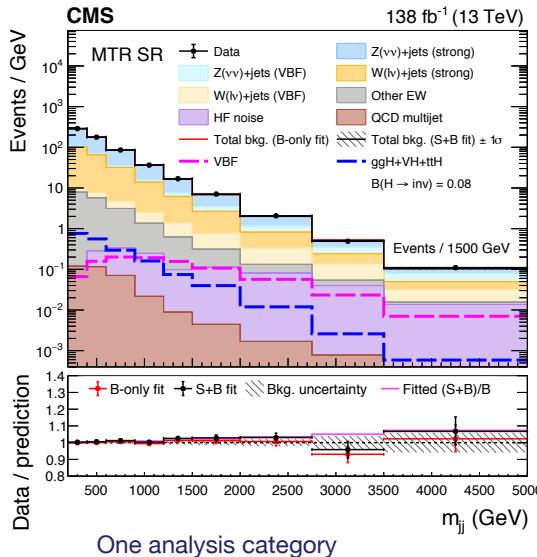


CMS-PAS-HIG-21-007
JHEP 05 (2020) 032
Eur. Phys. J. C 81 (2021) 3

VBF H to invisible

The **VBF** production mechanism drives the overall sensitivity in the direct search for invisible decays of the Higgs boson, thanks to its large production cross section and distinctive event topology

- **2 jets with large angular separation $\Delta\eta_{jj}$ and large invariant mass m_{jj}**
 - Veto on other objects (leptons/photons)
 - High missing transverse momentum (trigger constraint) → reject QCD
 - Low $|\Delta\phi_{jj}|$ → reject QCD
- ⇒ Main remaining backgrounds: $Z(vv) + \text{jets}$ and $W(lv) + \text{jets}$

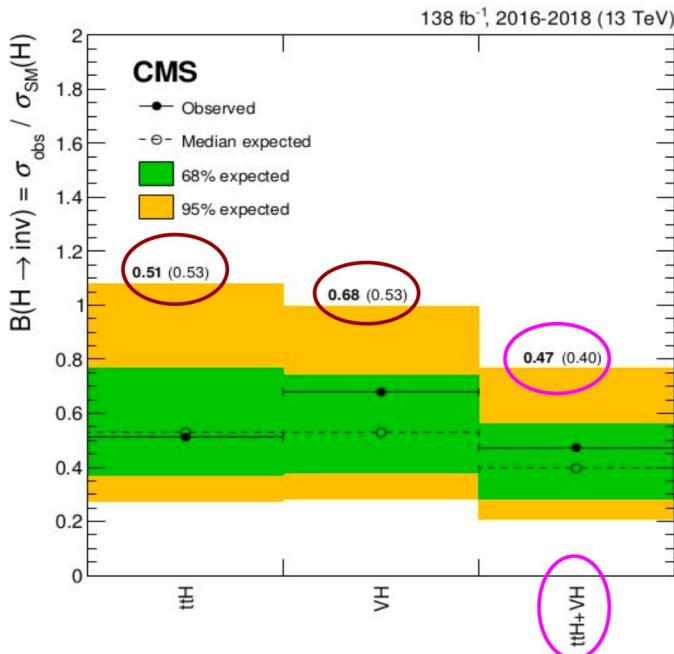
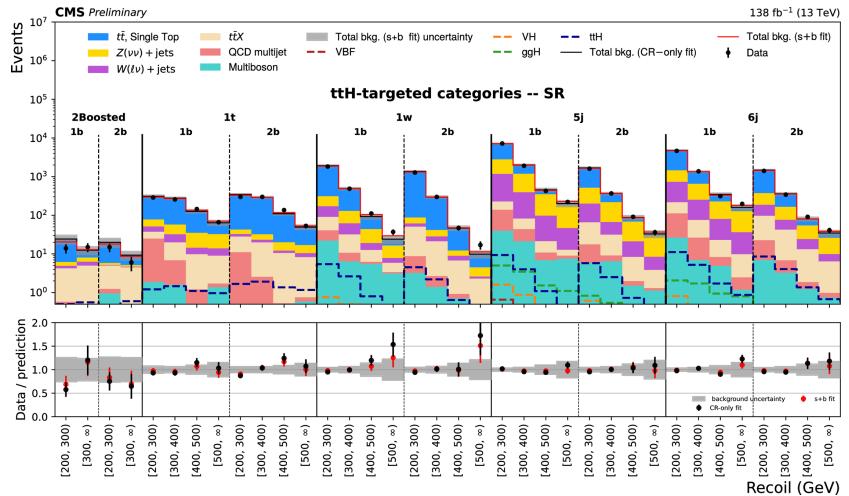


UL on $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \text{inv})$ @ 95% C.L
CMS : 0.18 (0.10 exp.)
ATLAS : 0.15 (0.10 exp.)

H to invisible: ttH and VH

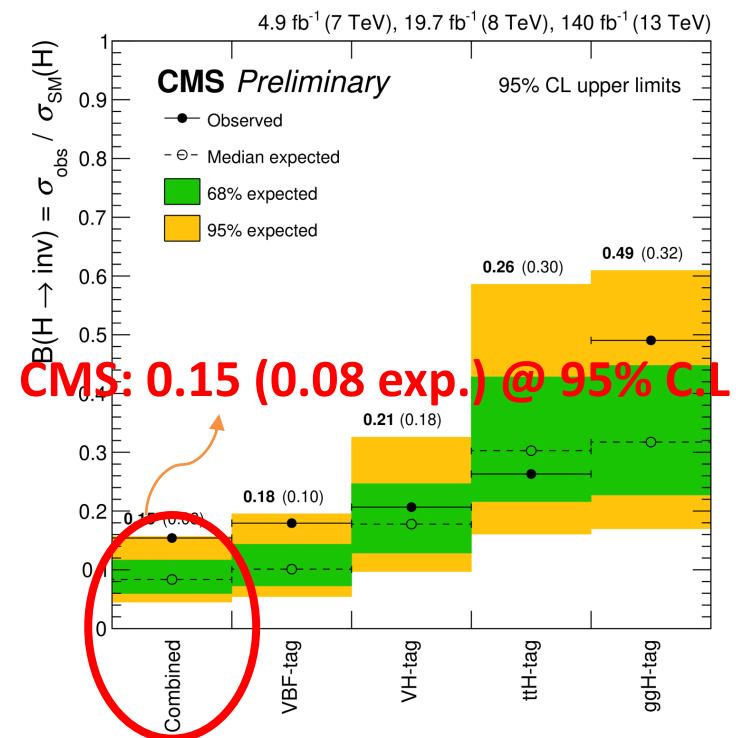
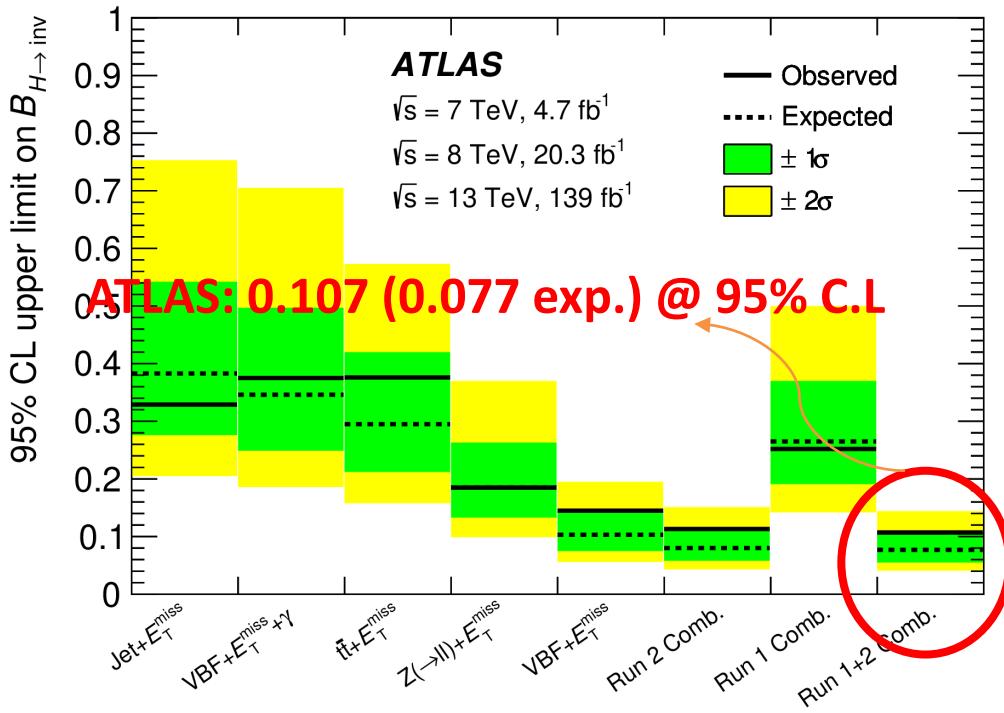
- Fully hadronic final state
- Resolved and Boosted regimes
 - ttH boosted : boosted Ws or tops, DeepAK8 algorithm
 - ttH resolved : resolved top jets
 - VH : requires exactly 2 jets
- Recoil (MET- no leptons and photons): discriminating variable
- Main backgrounds: tt + jets and W + jets and Z(v̄)+jets
- No excess of events above the estimated backgrounds

UL on $\text{Br}(H \rightarrow \text{inv})$ @ 95% C.L
ttH : 0.51 (0.53 exp.)
VH : 0.68 (0.53 exp.)
ttH+VH : 0.47 (0.40 exp.)



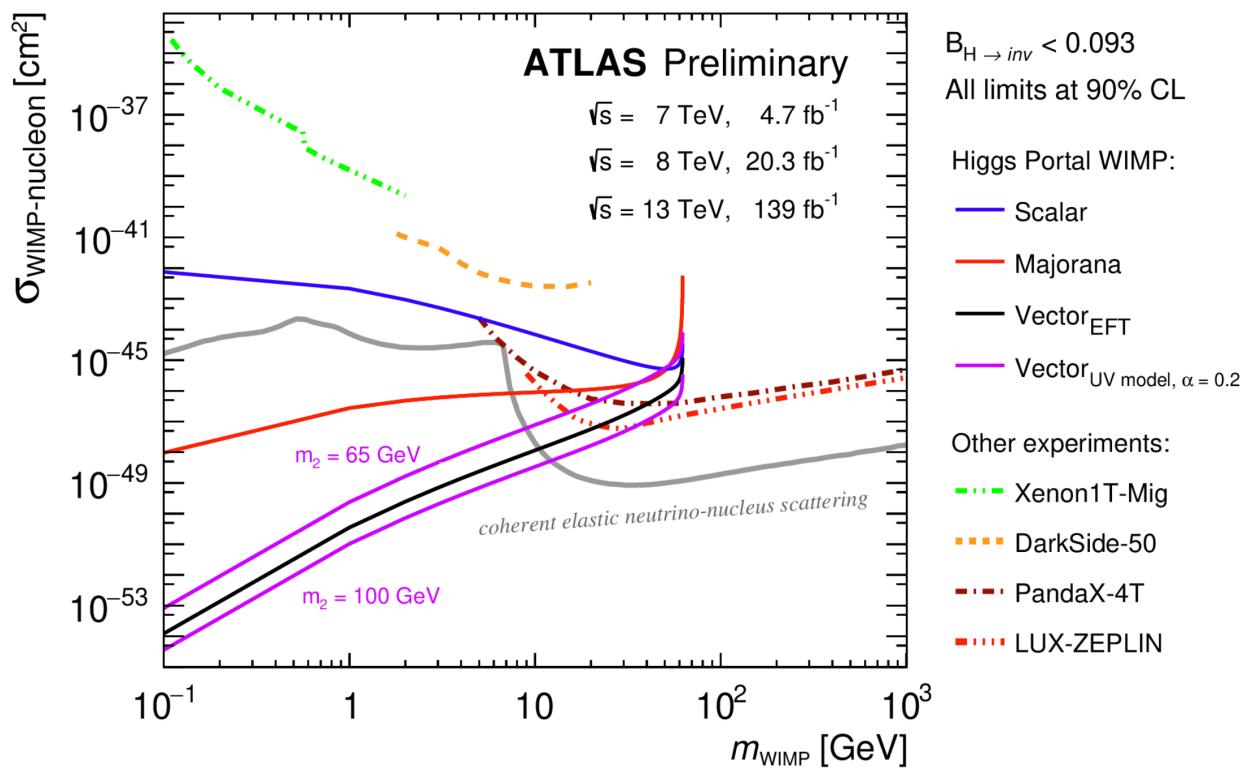
H to invisible: combination

- Adding ttH, VH and ggH production modes improves a bit



Interpretations

- Convert the $\text{BR}(\text{H} \rightarrow \text{inv})$ limit to the limit on **spin independent DM-nucleon elastic scattering cross section**
 - Complementary to direct detection results
- Assume several WIMP (weakly interacting massive particle) hypotheses:
 - Scalar, Majorana fermion, vector



Higgs BSM decays: direct probe for new physics

Flavor
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Decays to **exotic particles**

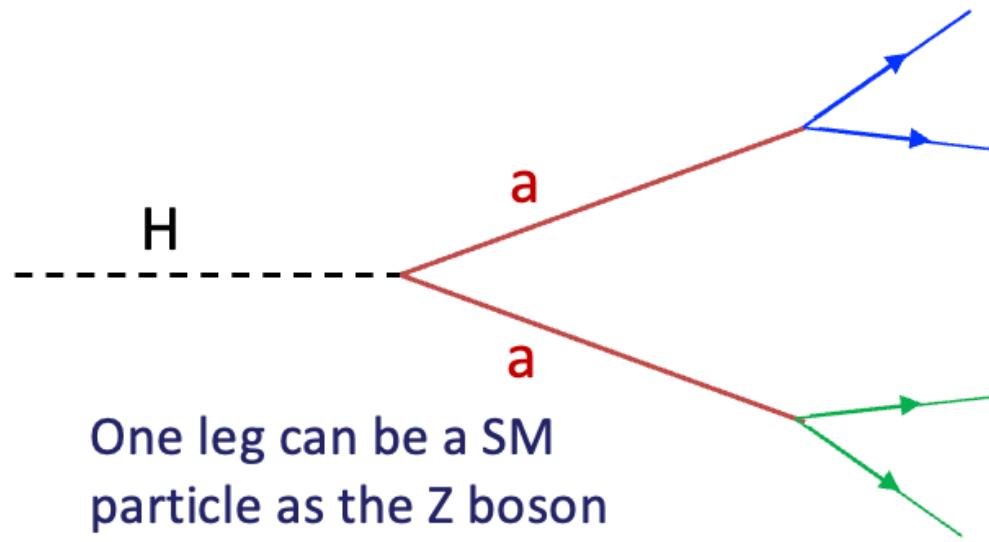
H_{125}

Invisible and undetected decays

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H to exotic particles

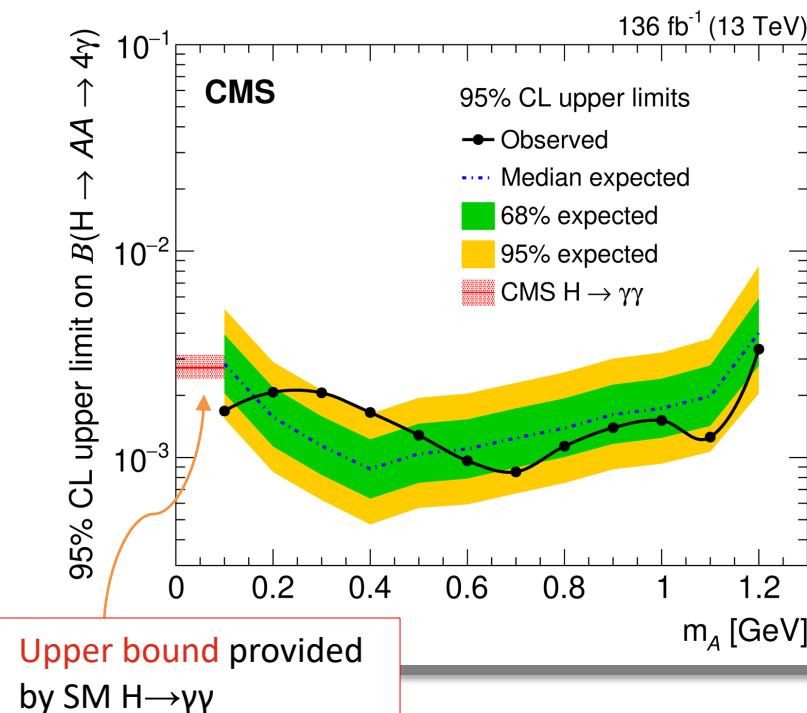
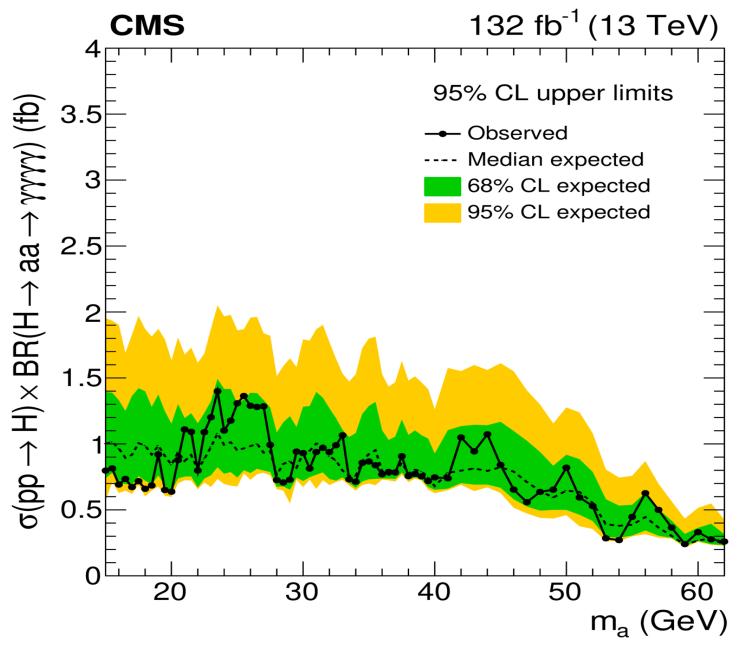
- Many extensions to the SM include Higgs boson decays via one or two hypothetical on-shell new (pseudo)scalar(s) decaying to a pair of SM particles
 - Branching ratio of the new particle a to other particles depend on the model



- Searches down to 15–20 GeV have resolved final states, below that, decay products start to merge

H to exotic particles: $H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\gamma$

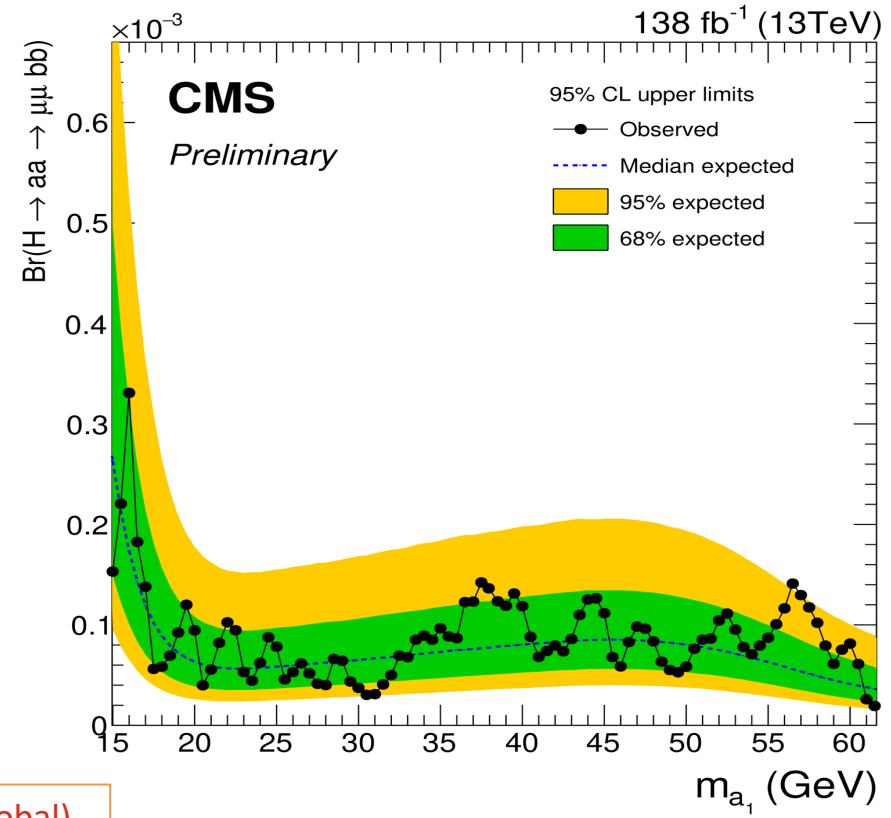
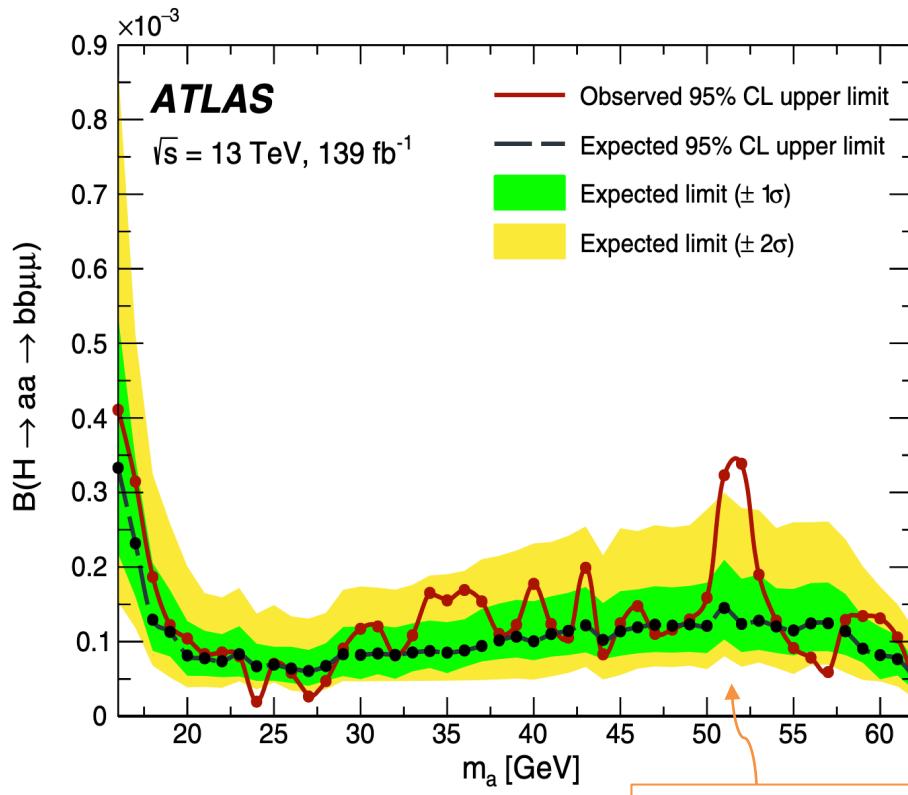
- Searches for a with mass **above 15 GeV**, final-state photons **resolved**
- **Low-mass, boosted scalar A decays to two highly merged photons**, mis-reconstructed as a single photon-like object
→ Dedicated reconstruction of collimated di- γ using deep learning



H to exotic particles: H \rightarrow aa \rightarrow bb $\mu\mu$

ATLAS: PRD 105 (2022) 012006
CMS-PAS-HIG-21-021

- The largest Br(aa \rightarrow $\mu\mu$ bb) for large $\tan\beta$ in 2HDM+S type III
- Kinematic likelihood fit is performed exploiting equal invariant masses of bb and $\mu\mu$
 - Excellent $m(\mu\mu)$ resolution is used to constrain $m(bb)$

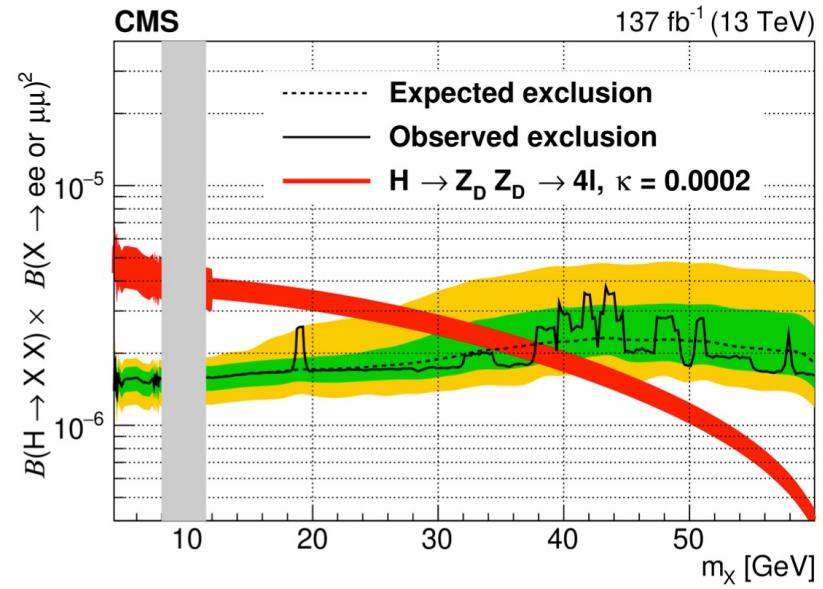
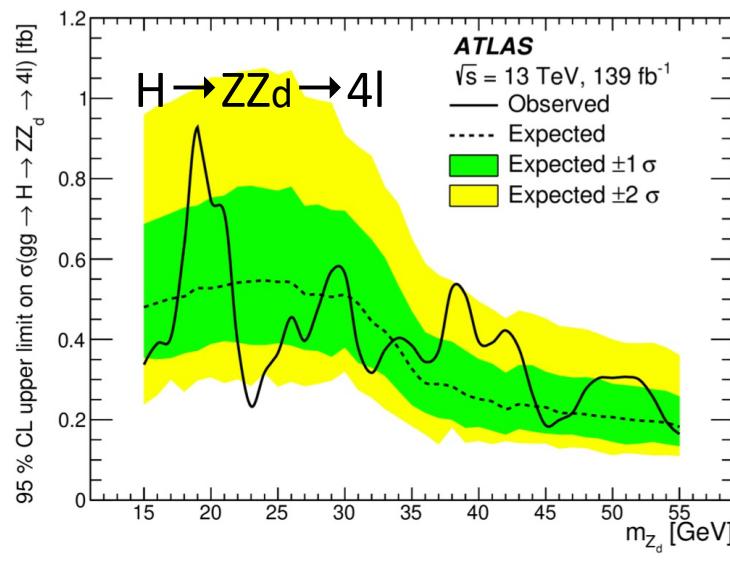
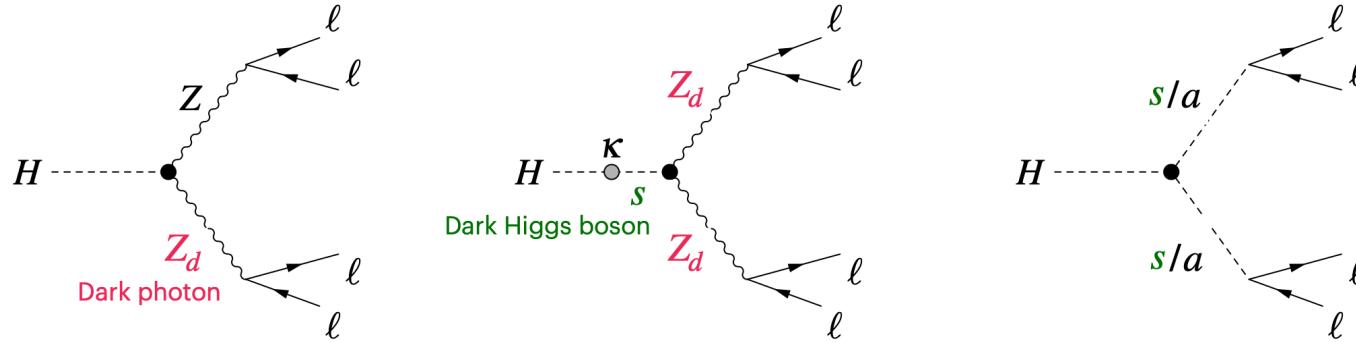


H to exotic particles: $H \rightarrow Z_d Z_d / ZZ_d / ss / aa \rightarrow 4l$

ATLAS: JHEP 03 (2022) 041

CMS: EPJC 82 (2022) 290

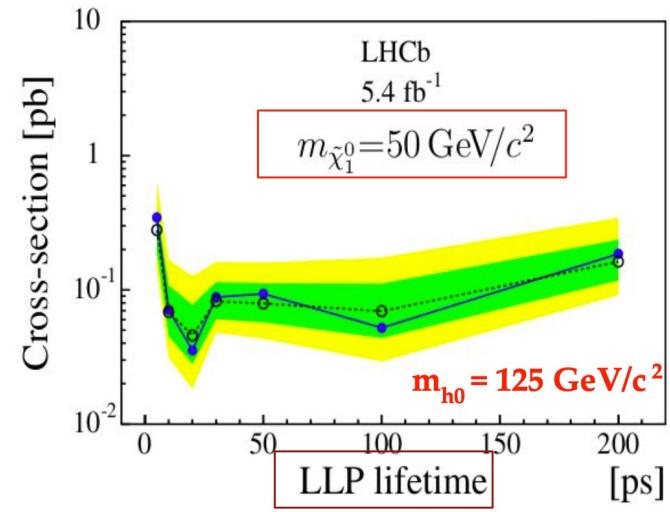
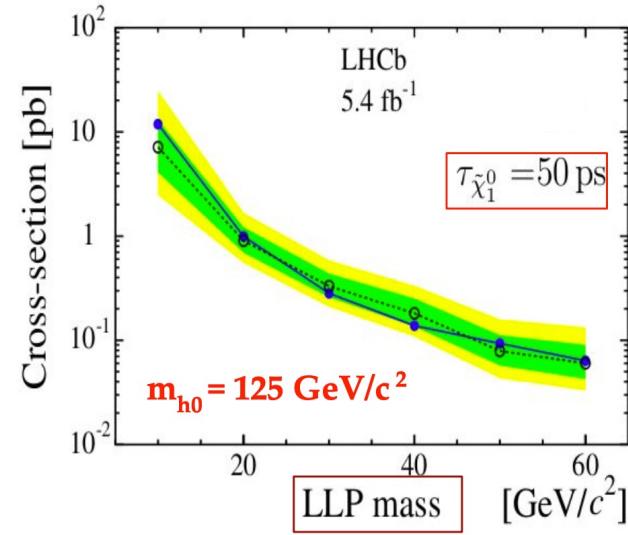
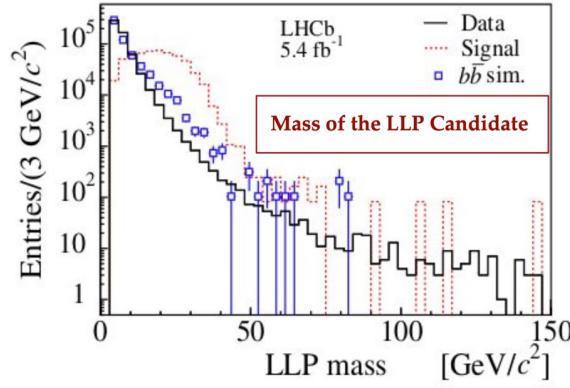
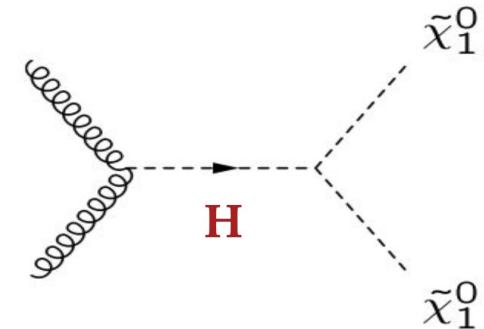
- Very clean final state, results can be interpreted in various theoretical models
 - Hidden Abelian Higgs Model, Axion-Like Particle, Extended Higgs sector



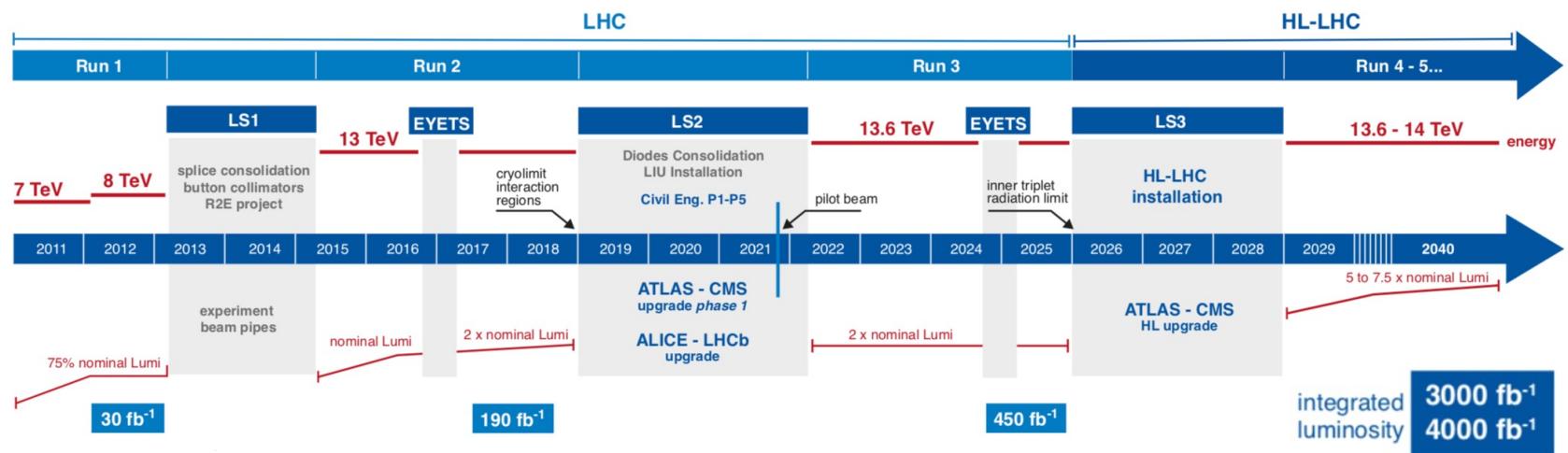
H to Long-lived particles

LHCb: [Eur. Phys. J C82 \(2022\) 82](#)

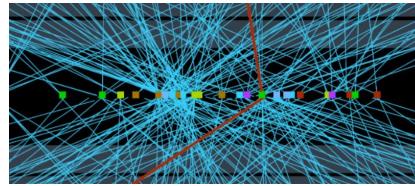
- Long-lived particles (LLPs) appear in many BSM scenarios
 - Compressed SUSY, AMSB, heavy neutral leptons, etc
- LHCb has searched for a Higgs-like particle, h_0 , produced by ggH and decays into two LLPs
 - $30 < M_{h_0} < 200 \text{ GeV}$
 - LLP lifetimes: [5, 200] ps
 - LLP mass values: [$10, h_0/2$] GeV
 - LLP decays into a muon and two quarks



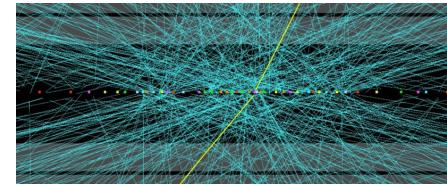
Towards HL-LHC



Run 2



Run 3



Run 4-6



- **Total HL-LHC dataset ($3000\text{-}4000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) will be 20 times more data than what has been analyzed.**
 - ~180M Higgs bosons produced per experiment!
- **Mean Pileup will increase from ~30@Run2 to ~200@HL-LHC**

→ detector irradiation, higher detector occupancy, higher trigger rates

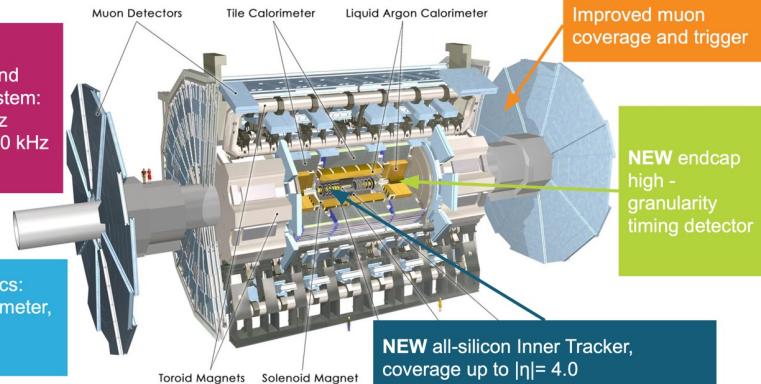
Experiment Upgrades for the HL-LHC



ATLAS Detector Upgrade

Upgraded Trigger and Data Acquisition system:
• L0 rate: 1 MHz
• Event Filter: 10 kHz

Upgraded electronics:
Liquid Argon Calorimeter,
Tile Calorimeter,
Muon system



Elizabeth Brost - Higgs@10 Symposium - July 4th, 2022



CMS Detector Upgrade

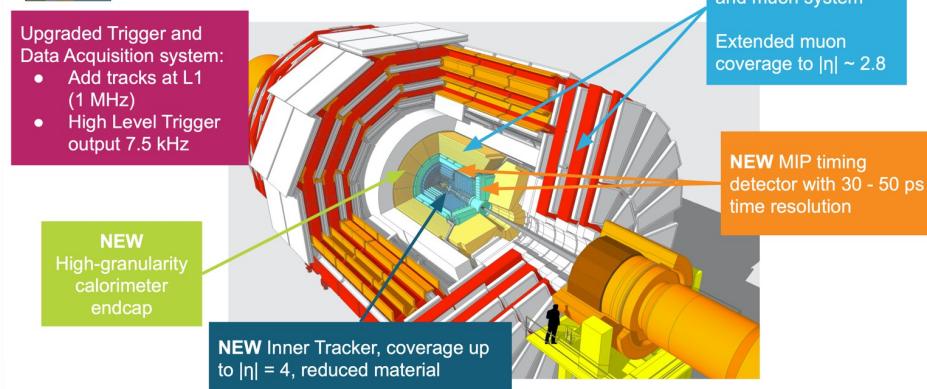
Upgraded Trigger and Data Acquisition system:
• Add tracks at L1 (1 MHz)
• High Level Trigger output 7.5 kHz

NEW High-granularity calorimeter endcap

NEW Inner Tracker, coverage up to $|\eta| = 4$, reduced material

Electronics upgrade:
barrel calorimeters and muon system

Extended muon coverage to $|\eta| \sim 2.8$



Elizabeth Brost - Higgs@10 Symposium - July 4th, 2022

9

The harsh conditions at the HL-LHC will challenge the experiments in all areas, and will require improvements to:

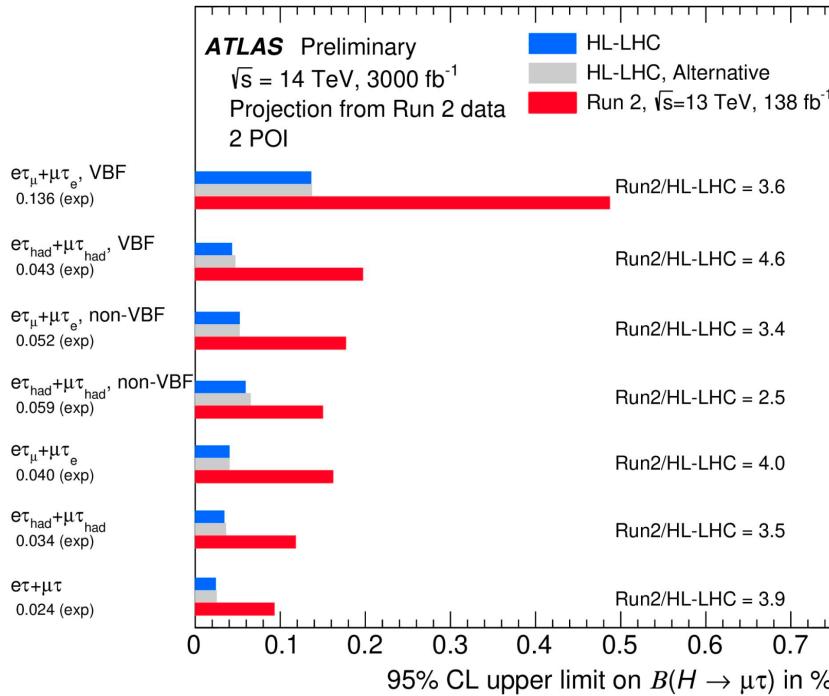
- Detectors themselves
- Trigger menu and hardware
- Event reconstruction
- Software & computing
- Physics analysis techniques

With the planned and ongoing upgrades, the detector and trigger performance after phase 2 upgrades, are supposed to be comparable to or better than Run 2

Projections of LFV and H \rightarrow invisible at HL-LHC

LFV decays: H \rightarrow e τ and H \rightarrow $\mu\tau$,
ATLAS's projection based on its full
Run 2 studies

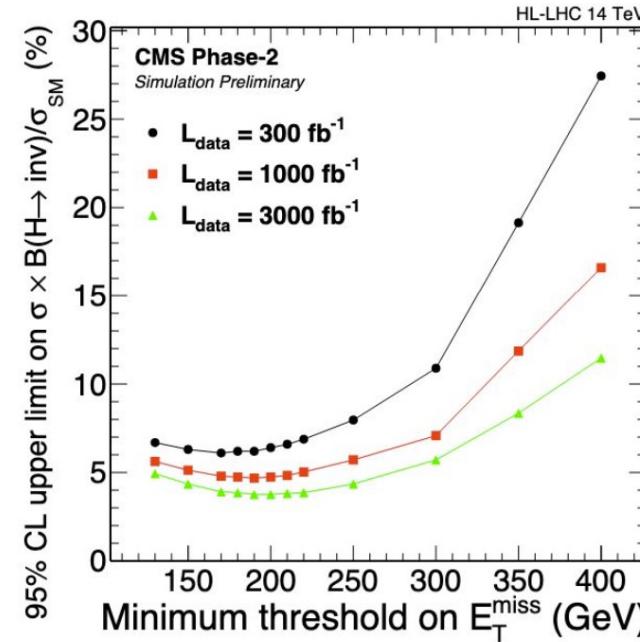
- Limits **improved by factors 4-5** wrt Run 2



ATL-PHYS-PUB-2022-054

H \rightarrow **invisible** searches rely on the MET trigger, significantly more difficult with more pileup

- CMS search in VBF events:
 $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 3.8\%$, for $\text{MET} > 190 \text{ GeV}$



- ATLAS+CMS VBF+VH combination** gives **$\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \text{invisible}) < 2.5\%$**

CMS-PAS-FTR-18-016

Summary

- **ATLAS and CMS** are highly active in searching for BSM phenomena in the Higgs sector
 - Effort to cover maximum topologies
 - **LHCb** also plays an important role
- The full Run 2 datasets still being analyzed, many results released in the past year
- No significant sign of BSM Higgs signal seen in the LHC data yet
 - **Though some small deviations need to be verified with more data**
- Stay tuned for more exciting results as we enter the LHC Run 3 era!

Thank you!

