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# MAGPI: Measurement of Axion Gradients with Photon Interferometry

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I will present a novel search technique for axions with a CP-violating monopole coupling  $\tilde{g}_Q$  to bulk SM charges  $Q \in \{B, L, B-L\}$ . Gradients in the static axion field configurations sourced by matter induce achromatic circular photon birefringence via the axion-photon coupling  $g_{\phi\gamma}$ . Circularly polarized light fed into an optical or (open) radio-frequency (RF) Fabry-Perot (FP) cavity develops a phase shift that accumulates up to the cavity finesse: the fixed axion spatial gradient prevents a cancellation known to occur for an axion dark-matter search. The relative phase shift between two FP cavities fed with opposite circular polarizations can be detected interferometrically. This time-independent signal can be modulated up to non-zero frequency by altering the cavity orientations with respect to the field gradient. Multi-wavelength co-metrology techniques can be used to address chromatic measurement systematics and noise sources. I will discuss how, with Earth as the axion source, we project reach beyond current constraints on the product of couplings  $\tilde{g}_Q g_{\phi\gamma}$  for axion masses  $m_\phi < 10^{-5}$  eV. If shot-noise-limited sensitivity can be achieved, an experiment using high-finesse RF FP cavities could reach a factor of  $\sim 10^6$  into new parameter space for  $\tilde{g}_Q g_{\phi\gamma}$  for masses  $m_\phi < 10^{-10}$  eV.

**Primary authors:** THOMPSON, Jedidiah O. (Stanford University); FEDDERKE, Michael A. (Johns Hopkins University)

**Co-authors:** GIACCONE, Bianca (Fermilab); KAPLAN, David E. (Johns Hopkins University); CERVANTES, Raphael (Fermilab); HARNIK, Roni (Fermilab); POSEN, Sam (Fermilab); RAJENDRAN, Surjeet (Johns Hopkins University)

**Presenter:** FEDDERKE, Michael A. (Johns Hopkins University)

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