

Recent results from the TOTEM experiment

Frigyes Nemes on behalf of the DØ and TOTEM experiments
CERN*

22nd Zimányi School 2022, Winter Workshop

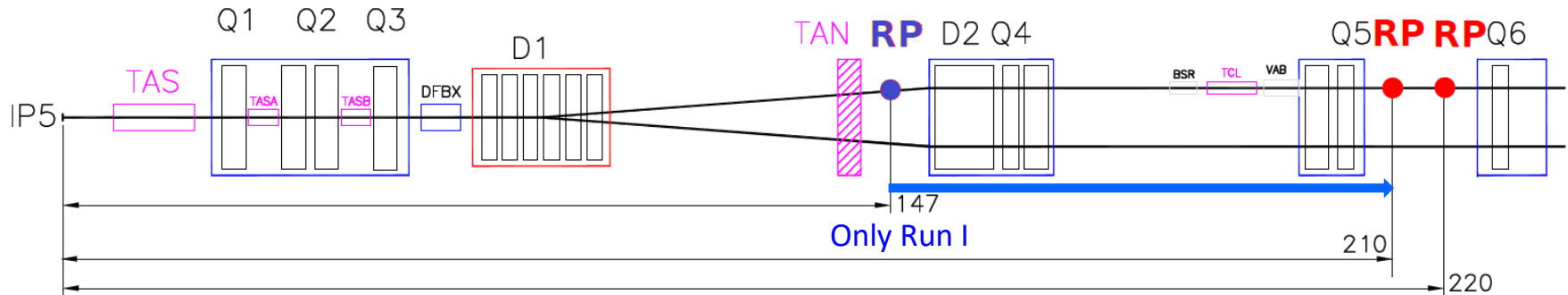
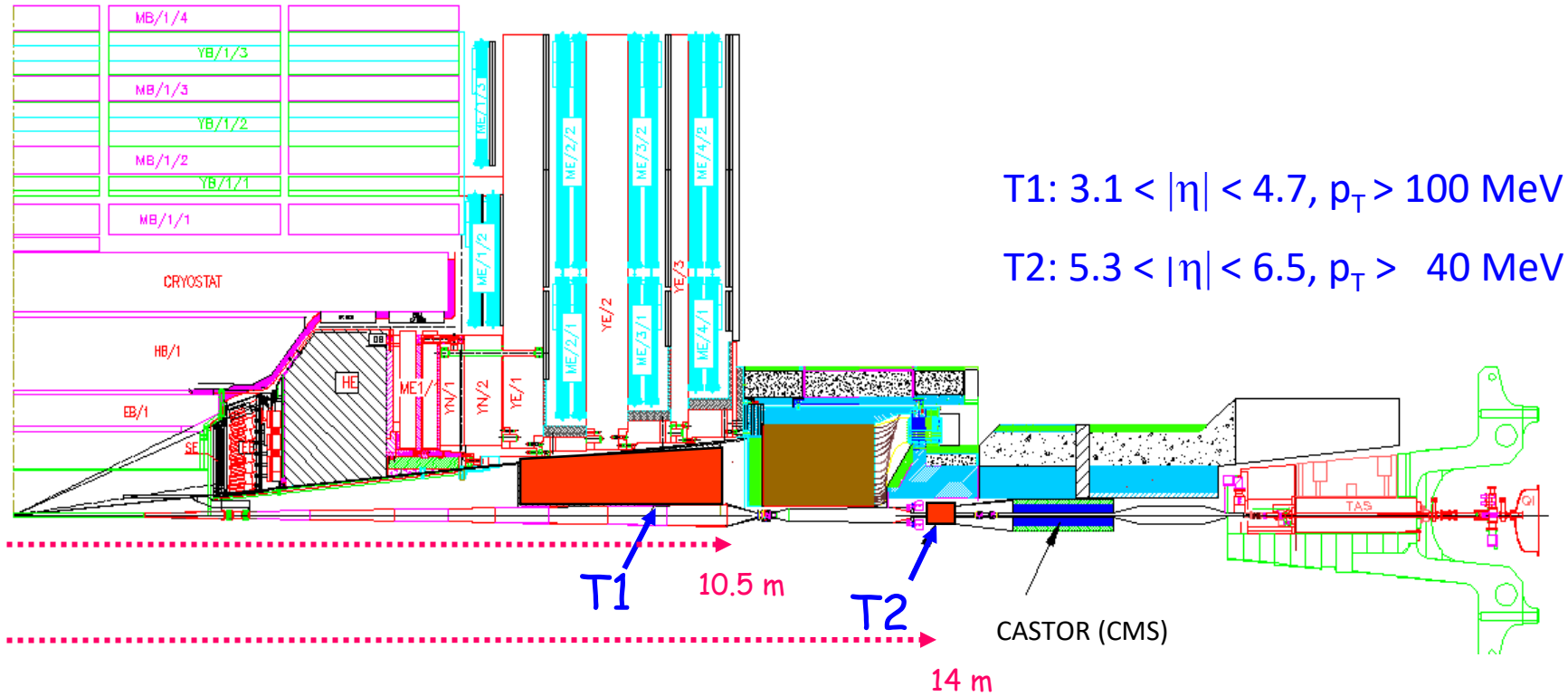
Budapest, Hungary

2022, December 5 – 9

***Also at Wigner RCP, Budapest, Hungary**

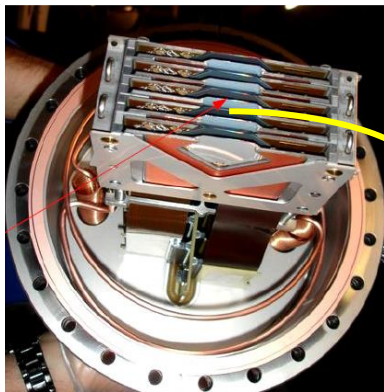
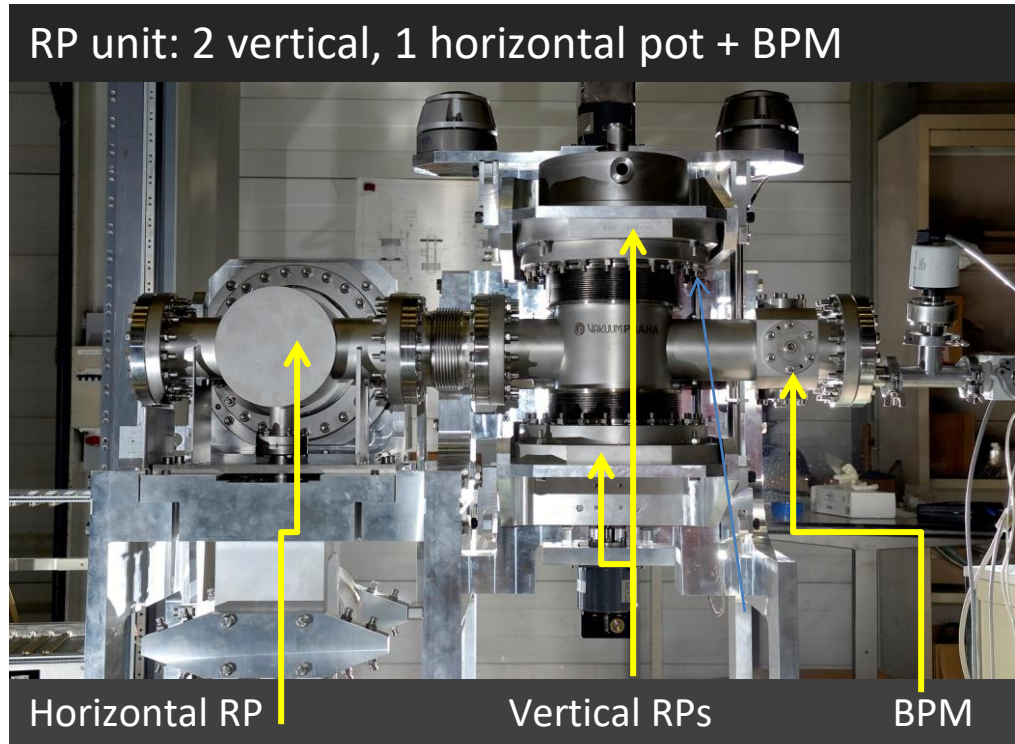
MATE Institute of Technology, KRC, Gyöngyös, Hungary

Experimental layout of the TOTEM experiment (LHC Run II)

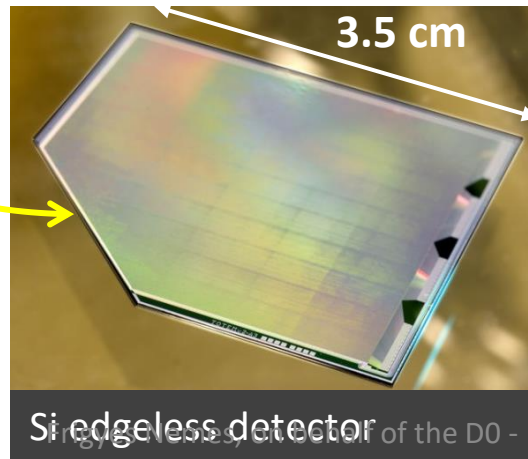


The Roman Pot (RP) stations of the TOTEM experiment

- Two RP stations at 210 and 220 m from the IP contain measuring planes separated by 10 and 5 m respectively
- Unit: 3 moveable RP to approach the beam and detect very small proton scattering angles (few μrad)
- BPM: precise position rel. to beam
- Overlapping detectors: relative alignment ($10\ \mu\text{m}$ inside unit among 3 RPs)



10 planes of edgeless detectors

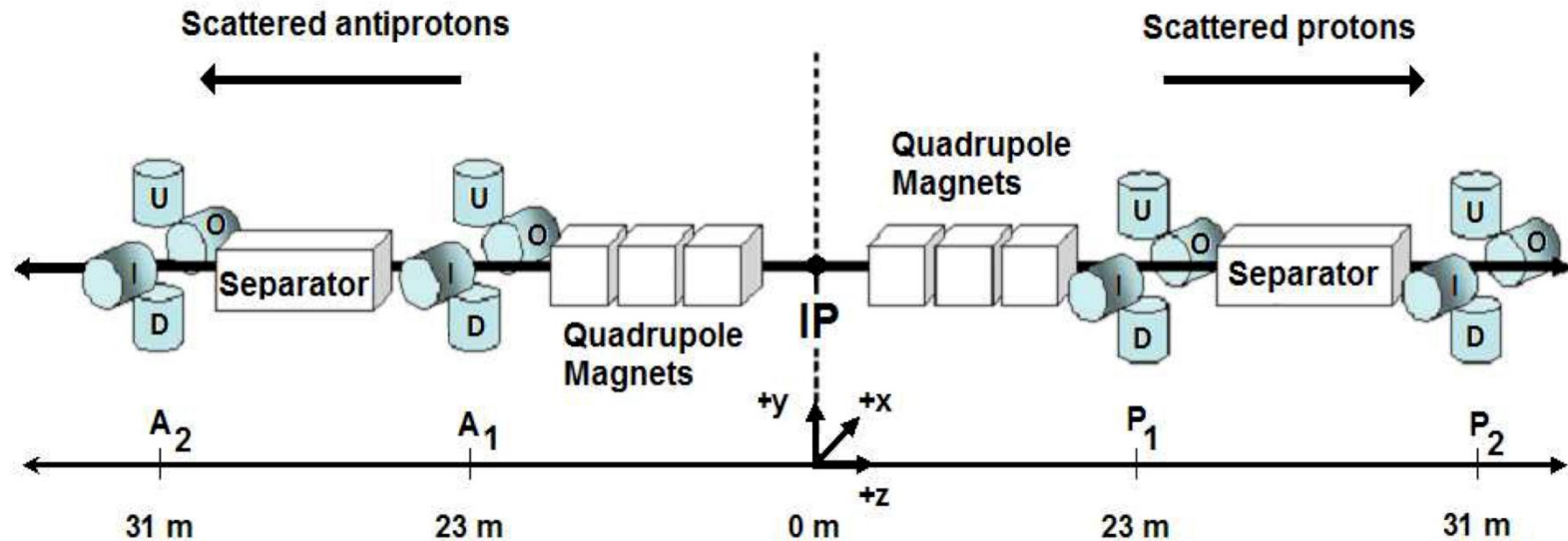


Si edgeless detector of the DO - TOTEM experiment



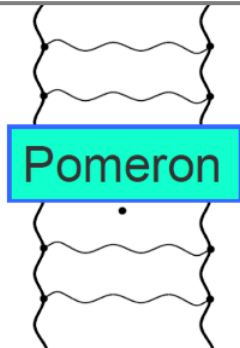
1 Roman Pot

Experimental layout of the D0 experiment (Tevatron, Fermilab)

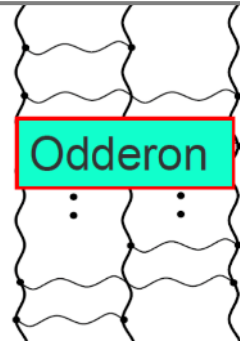


- Elastic $\bar{p}p$ $d\sigma/dt$ measurements: measure both the intact \bar{p} & p in D0 Roman Pots at 23 - 31 m from IP with scintillating fibre detectors
- Measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV: PRD 86 (2012) 012009.

Elastic scattering: multi-gluon exchanges



dominates at low- $|t|$
 $\approx \text{Im}(A_{el}^{had})$
 identical for pp & $p\bar{p}$



suppressed
 mainly $\text{Re}(A_{el}^{had})$
 different sign for pp & $p\bar{p}$

Elastic hadron-hadron scattering at very high-energies: **colourless** multi-gluon t-channel exchanges

- @ TeV-scale: gluon exchanges dominate \Rightarrow pp and $p\bar{p}$ difference due to C-odd exchange
- gluonic compounds: colourless gluon combinations bound sufficiently strongly not to interact with individual p/\bar{p} partons

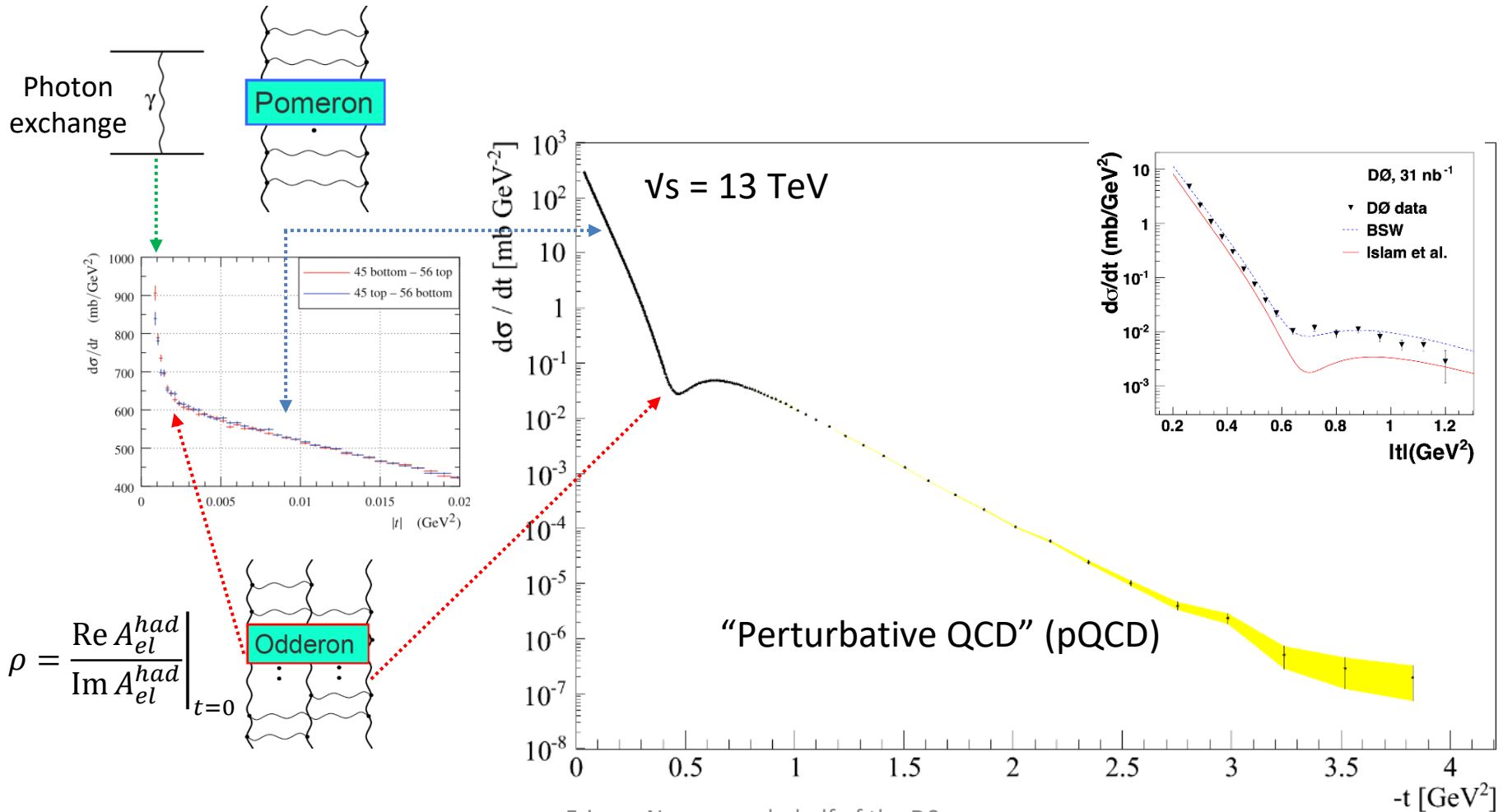
Odderon / C-odd gluon compound:

- C-odd exchange contribution predicted in Regge-theory
L. Lukaszuk & B. Nicolescu, Lett. Nuovo Cim. 8 (1973) 405
- Confirmed in QCD as C-odd exchange of 3 (or odd #) gluons at leading order *J. Bartels, Nucl. Phys. B 175 (1980) 365; J. Kwiecinski & M. Praszlowics Phys. Lett. B 94 (1980) 413.*
- Searched for last 50 years, experimental evidence so far missing

Elastic pp differential cross-section & C-odd exchange

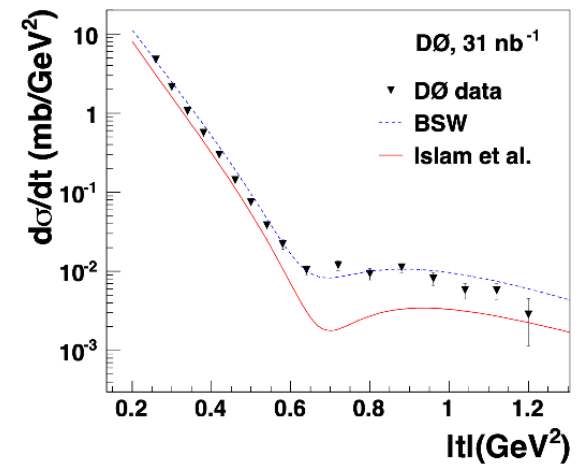
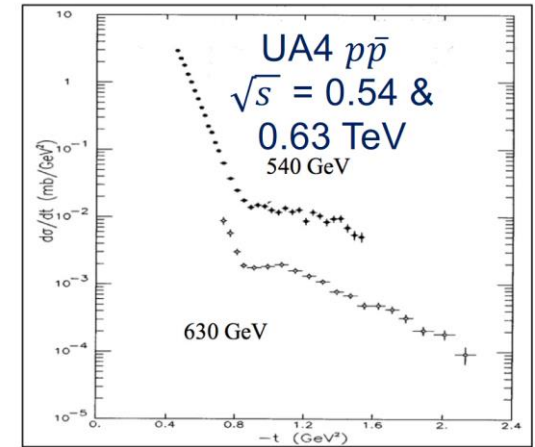
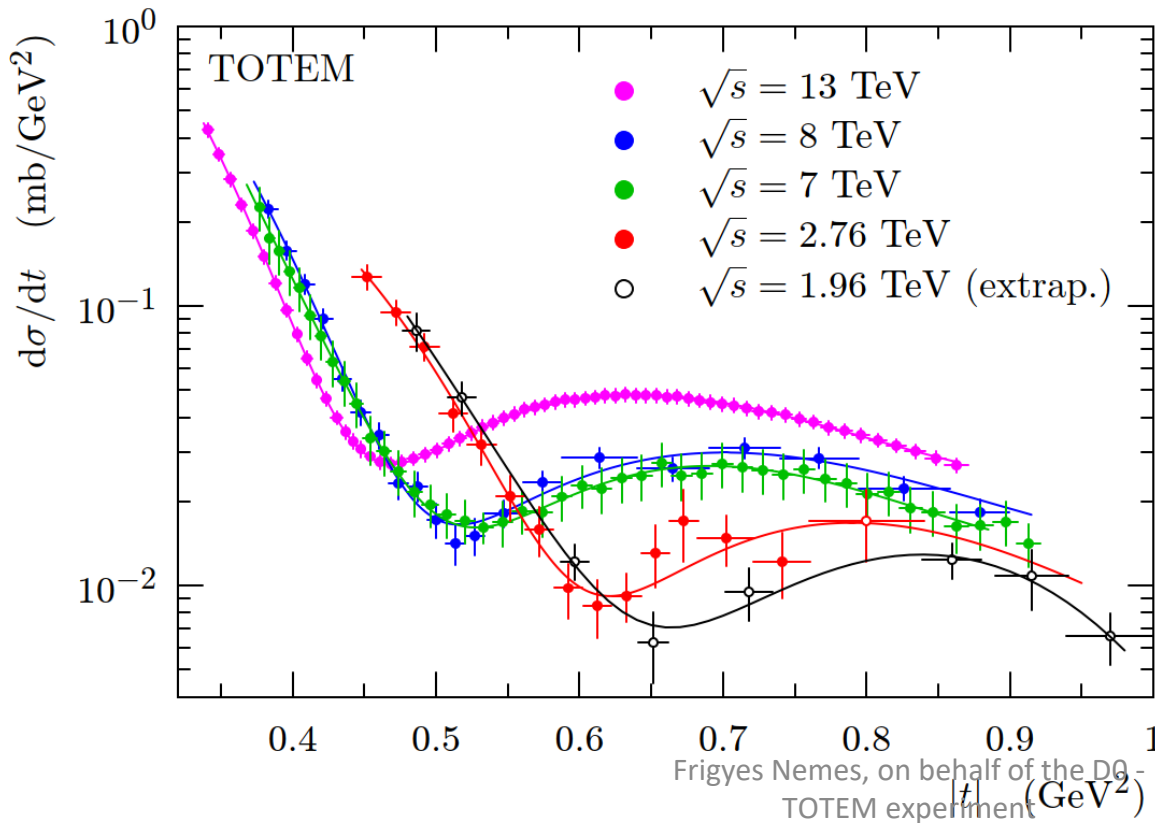
Sensitive to C-odd exchange:

- “Coulomb-nuclear interference” (CNI) region ρ
- Diffractive minimum (“dip”): $Im(A_{el}^{had})$ suppressed w.r.t. $Re(A_{el}^{had})$!



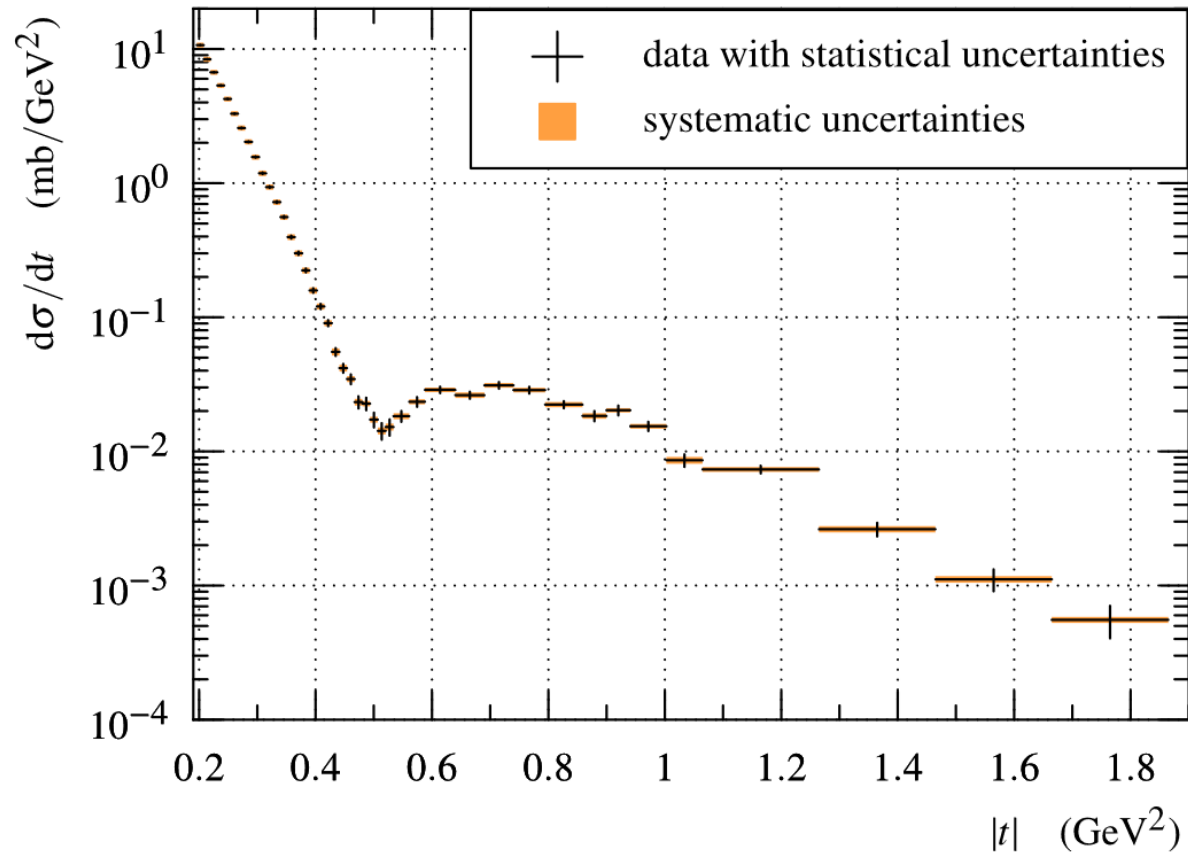
Strategy to compare pp and $p\bar{p}$ data sets

- At TeV-scale pp $d\sigma/dt$ characterized by a diffractive minimum (“dip”) & a secondary maximum (“bump”)
- @TeV scale: persistency of dip & bump for pp , absence of dip & bump for $p\bar{p}$
- $p\bar{p}$ $d\sigma/dt$ characterized only by a “kink”



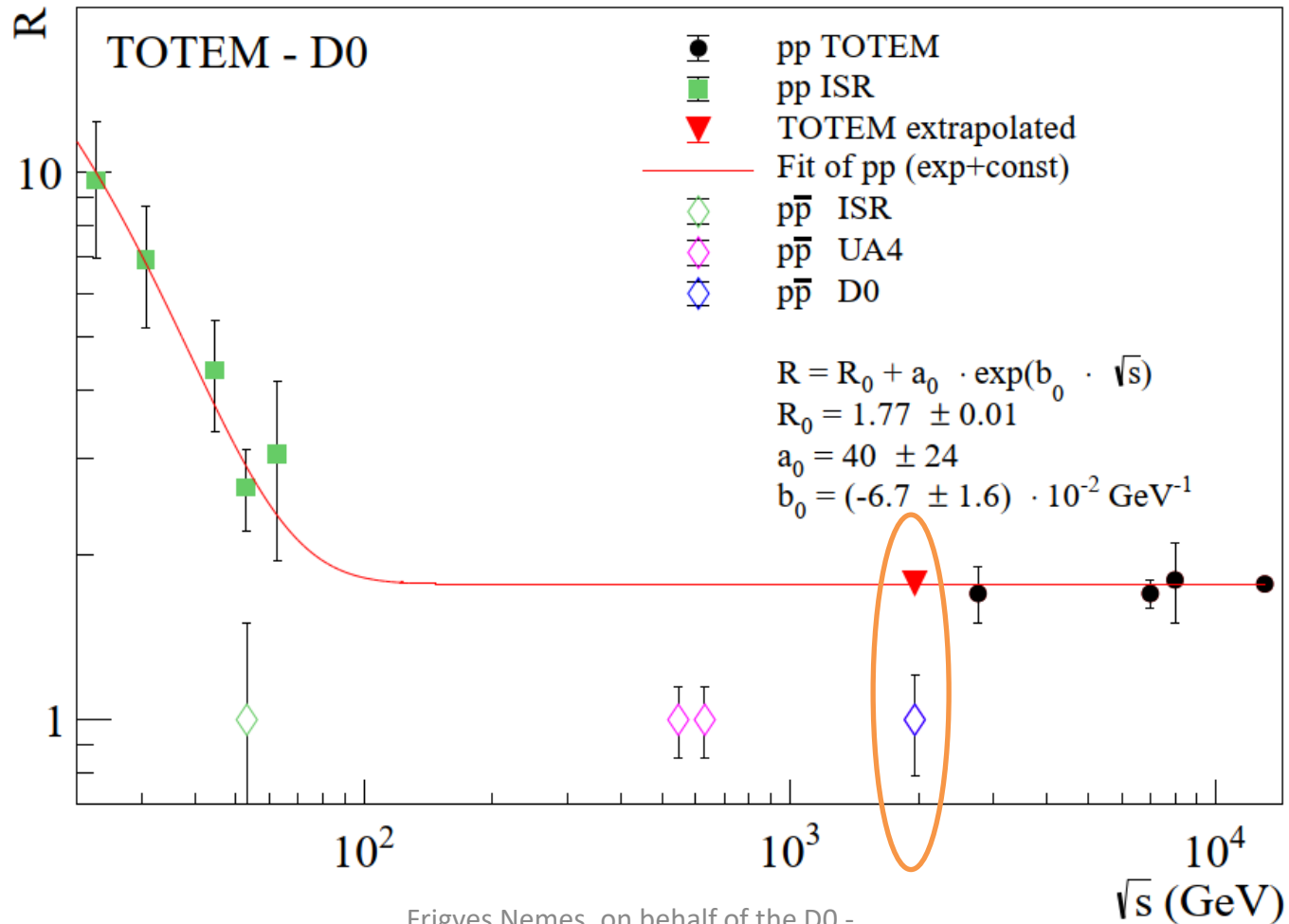
8 TeV publication and results (update)

- [Published in Eur. Phys. J. C \(2022\) 82: 263](#)
- Precise measurement of the diffractive minimum and bump



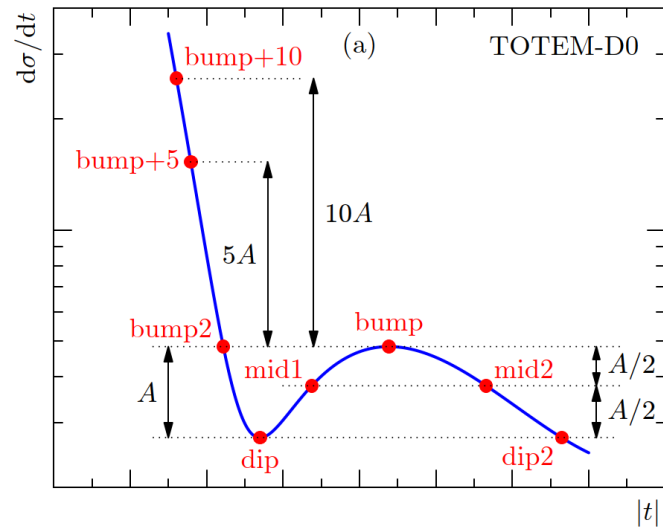
The bump over dip ratio R

- > 3σ difference between pp & $p\bar{p}$ @ $s = 1.96$ TeV (assuming flat behaviour above $\sqrt{s} \sim 100$ GeV)
- For $p\bar{p}$ R estimate, use $d\sigma/dt$ of t -bins close to expected pp bump & dip position

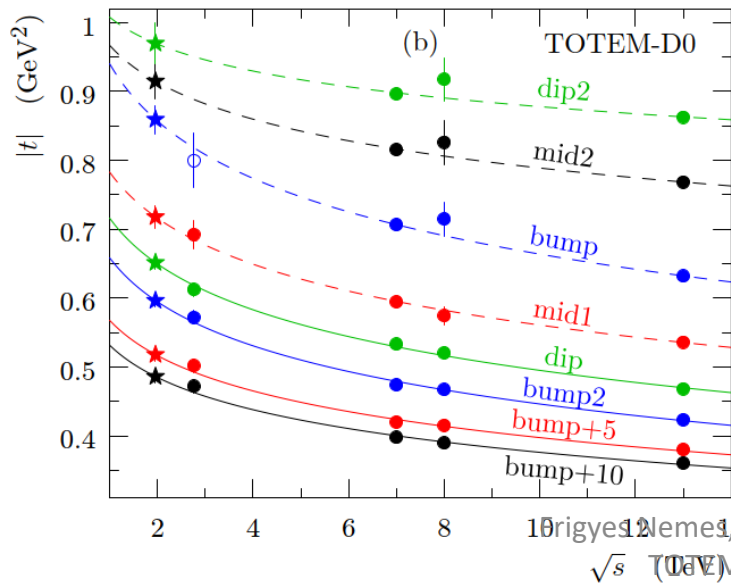


Extrapolation of pp cross-sections

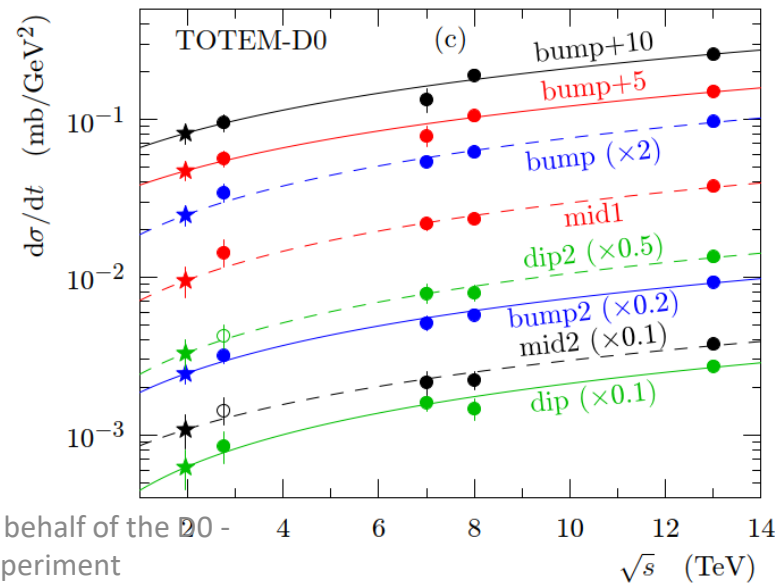
- Extrapolate 8 characteristic points (both their $d\sigma/dt$ & t) in dip-bump region of the pp elastic $d\sigma/dt$ @ 2.76, 7, 8 & 13 TeV to 1.96 TeV \Rightarrow pp elastic $d\sigma/dt$ points @ 1.96 TeV
- Alternative functional forms tested: adequate fits provide consistent values within uncertainties



$$|t| = a \log(\sqrt{s} [\text{TeV}]) + b$$



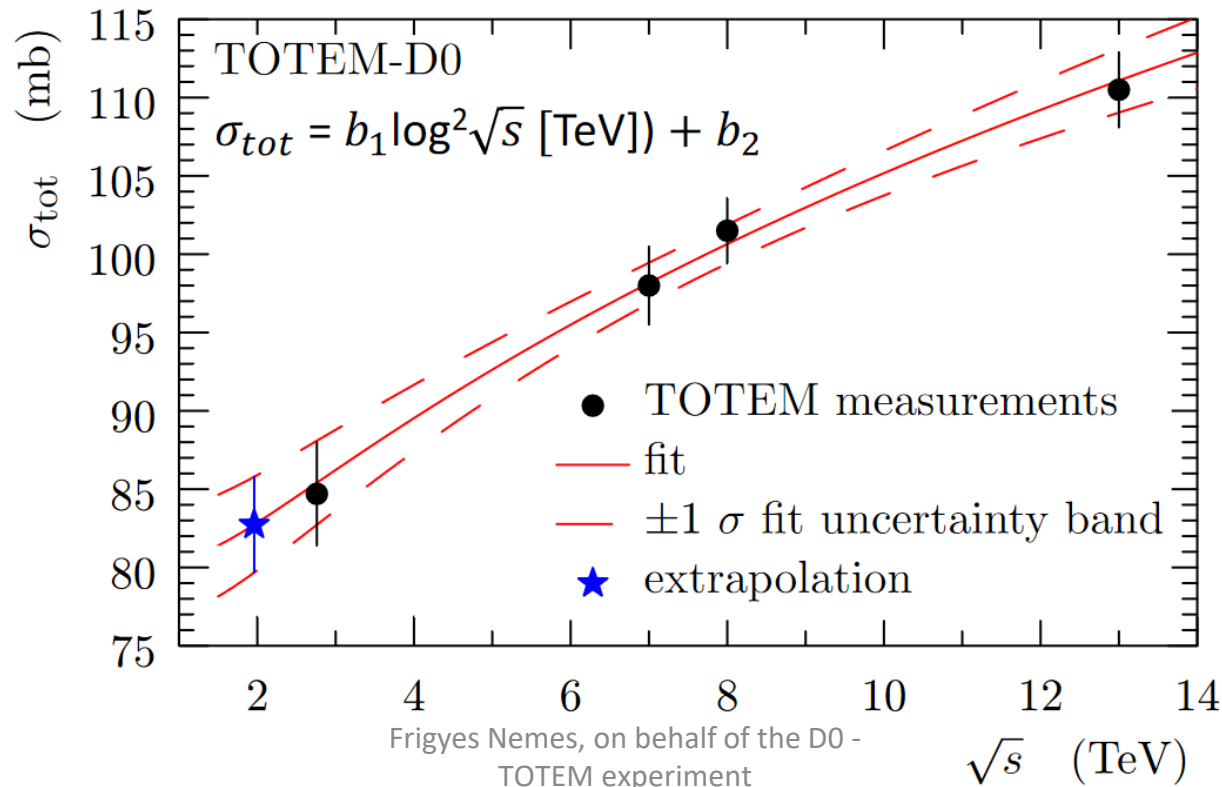
$$(d\sigma/dt) = c\sqrt{s} [\text{TeV}] + d$$



Normalization of pp cross-sections

- $pp \sigma_{\text{tot}}$ @ 1.96 TeV estimated from $pp \sigma_{\text{tot}}$ @ 2.76, 7, 8 & 13 TeV
- OP ($d\sigma/dt|_{t=0}$) of pp consistent with OP of $\bar{p}p$ data
- Normalize $pp d\sigma/dt$ to a common OP with $\bar{p}p$ (same σ_{tot} within experimental & theoretical uncertainties)
- Normalization factor of TOTEM OP: 0.954 ± 0.076
- Elastic slopes B preserved during scaling

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}^2 = \frac{16\pi(\hbar c)^2}{1 + \rho^2} \left(\frac{d\sigma}{dt}(t = 0) \right)$$

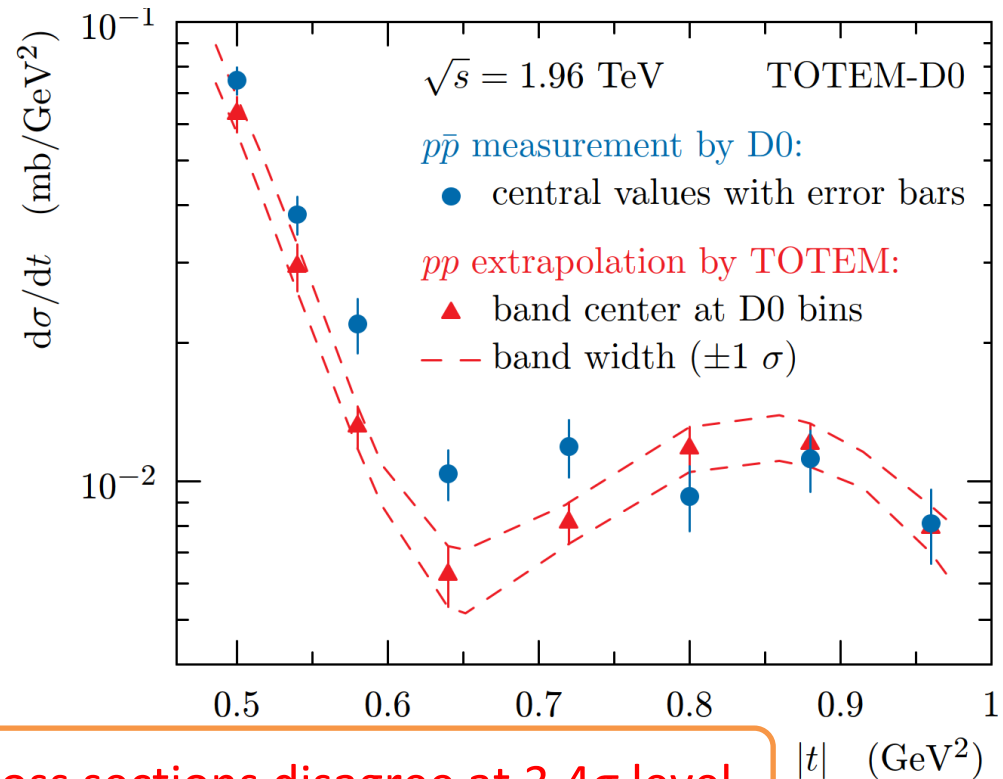


Comparison pp & $p\bar{p}$ at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV

- The extrapolated pp cross-section is normalized to the measured $p\bar{p}$ cross-section by requiring the optical points ($d\sigma/dt @ t = 0$) to be equal
- Extrapolated pp points fitted using a double-exponential to provide $pp d\sigma/dt$ values @ D0 measured $|t|$ -values. Excellent fits @ 2.76, 7, 8, 13 TeV (c.f. slide 7)
- MC used to determine $pp d\sigma/dt$ uncertainties @ D0 measured $|t|$ -values
- Updated χ^2 test: $\sim 0.2\sigma$ increase of significance (c.f. [presentation](#))

Uncertainties of pp data points @ D0 measured $|t|$ -values strongly correlated; full covariance matrix used

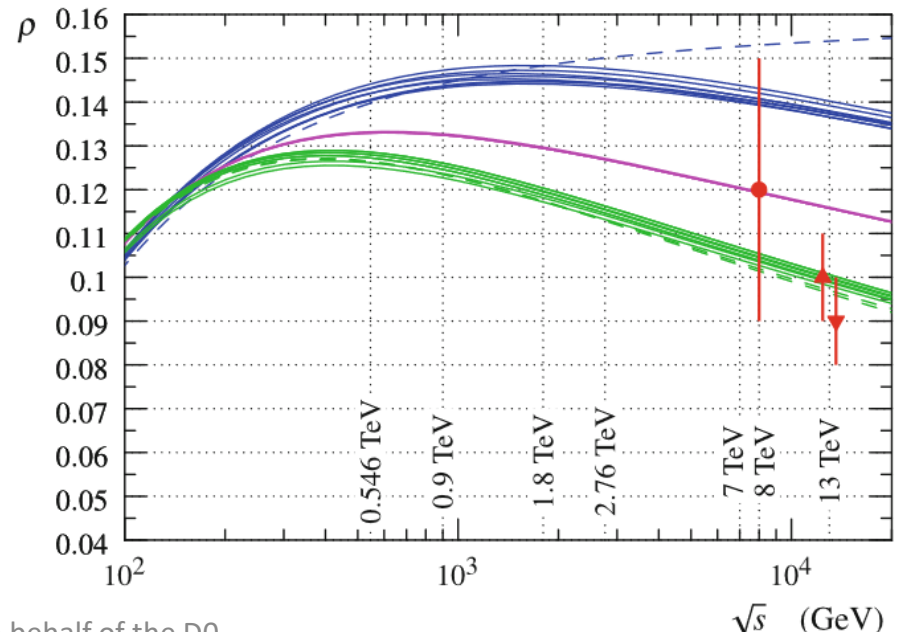
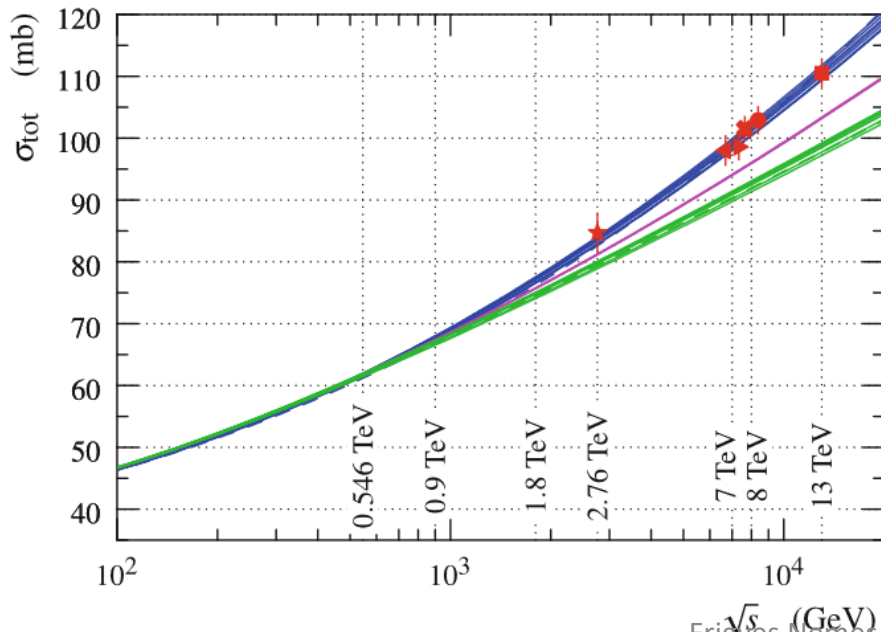
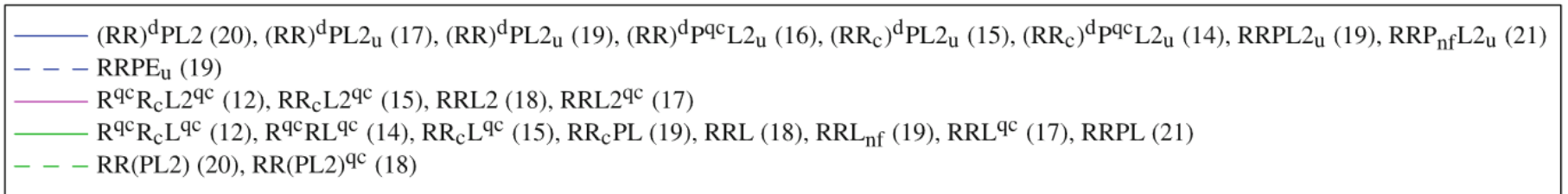
Significance confirmed by a combined Kolmogorov-Smirnov & normalization test



χ^2 test: pp & $p\bar{p}$ cross sections disagree at 3.4σ level

Previous evidence from pp ρ and σ_{tot}

- Using very low $|t|$ TOTEM data @ $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV: $\rho = 0.09 \pm 0.01$ (TOTEM, EPJC (2019) 785)
- Unable to describe TOTEM ρ & σ_{tot} measurements without adding colourless C -odd exchange (comparison to COMPETE predictions shown below)



Combining with pp ρ and σ_{tot} evidence

- Combine independent evidence of colourless C -odd exchange from TOTEM ρ & σ_{tot} measurements in a completely different $|t|$ -domain with evidence from the pp & $\bar{p}p$ comparison
- Compared to all the COMPETE models, the TOTEM ρ & σ_{tot} measurement provide an odderon evidence between 3.4 and 4.6 σ , giving a total significance between 5.2 and 5.7 σ for t-channel exchange of a colourless C -odd gluonic compound (odderon) when combined with the TOTEM-D0 result
- Combination excludes models (*) without C -odd exchange @ 5.2 - 5.7 $\sigma \Rightarrow$ observation of colourless C -odd gluonic compound ("odderon")

- * 1. COMPETE Coll., PRL 89 (2002) 201801; Durham group, PLB 748 (2018) 192.
- 2. Block-Halzen model, PRD 92 (2015) 114021: excluded at 5.2 σ

The ATLAS σ_{tot} at 13 TeV

- TOTEM (direct counting experiment \otimes Coulomb normalized elastic scattering)

$$\sigma_{tot}^{pp} = (110.5 \pm 2.4) \text{ mb} \quad \sigma_{tot} = \frac{16\pi}{1 + \rho^2} \cdot \frac{\left. \frac{dN_{el}}{dt} \right|_{t=0}}{N_{el} + N_{inel}}$$

- ATLAS (luminosity dependent, van de Meer $\beta^*=11 \text{ m} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ m}$)

$$\sigma_{tot}^{pp} = (104.7 \pm 1.1) \text{ mb} \quad \sigma_{tot}^2 = \frac{16\pi}{1 + \rho^2} \frac{\left. \frac{dN_{el}}{dt} \right|_{t=0}}{\mathcal{L}}$$

- Normalisation difference (follows trend @7 & 8 TeV)
- Elastic $|t|$ slope and non-exponentiality $e^{-B|t| - C|t|^2 - D|t|^3}$: $\sim +1 \text{ mb}$
- ATLAS results @7 & 8 TeV:
 - Only B (whereas B,C, D @ 13 TeV): results unchanged
 - Beam energy uncertainty 0.5 % \rightarrow 0.1 % @ 13 TeV: results not corrected by ATLAS
- ATLAS on Low-mass diff.: in clear contradiction with constraints from 7 TeV

$$\sigma_{inel}^{|\eta|>6.5} \leq 6.3 \text{ mb @95 \% CL}$$

Conclusions

- Data-driven comparison between $\bar{p}p$ (D0 @ $\sqrt{s}= 1.96$ TeV) & pp (TOTEM @ $\sqrt{s}= 2.76, 7, 8, 13$ TeV) elastic $d\sigma/dt$
PRL 127 (2021) 062003
- Extrapolate "characteristic" points of elastic pp $d\sigma/dt$ to predict elastic pp $d\sigma/dt$ @ $\sqrt{s}= 1.96$ TeV
- Elastic pp and $\bar{p}p$ cross sections differ @ 3.4σ at $\sqrt{s}= 1.96$ TeV \Rightarrow evidence of t-channel exchange of a colourless C -odd gluonic compound i.e. odderon
- Combined with TOTEM ρ & total cross section results $\Rightarrow 5.2 - 5.7\sigma$ & thus first experimental observation of a colourless C -odd gluonic compound i.e. odderon
- Odderon observation [answers to questions and objections](#)
- E. Leader, Discovery of the odderon, Nature Review Physics (2021)
- Major discovery @ LHC & Tevatron

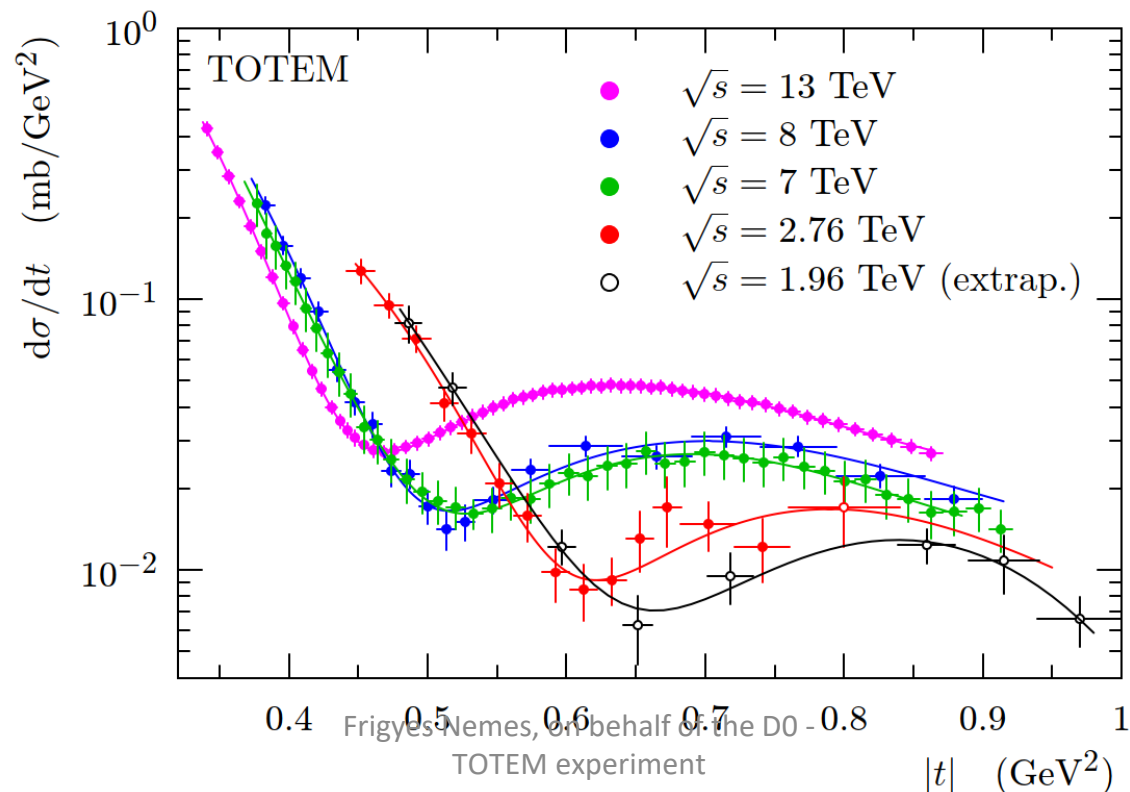
Backup slides

- Excellent fits for all pp data sets @ 2.76, 7, 8 & 13 TeV

$$h_1(t) = a_1 e^{-a_2 |t|^2 - a_3 |t|}$$

$$h_2(t) = a_4 e^{-a_5 |t|^3 - a_6 |t|^2 - a_7 |t|}$$

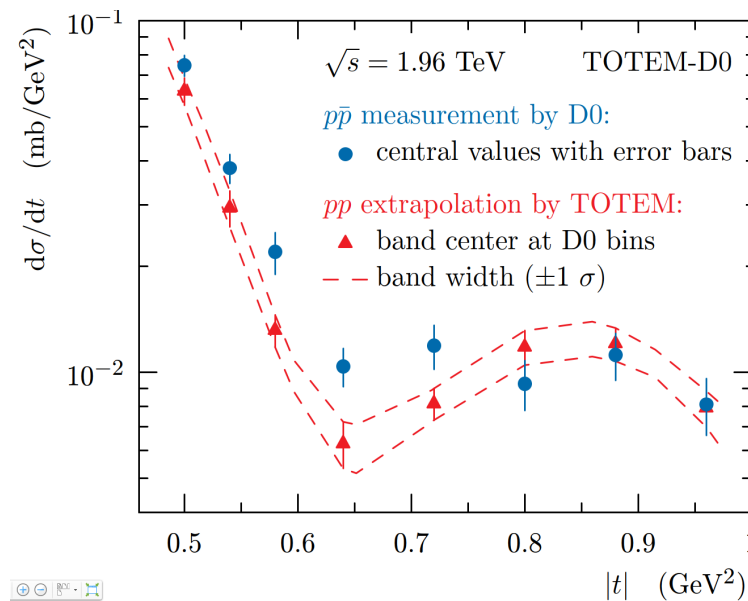
$$h(t) = a_1 e^{-a_2 |t|^2 - a_3 |t|} + a_4 e^{-a_5 |t|^3 - a_6 |t|^2 - a_7 |t|}$$



Comparison of pp & $p\bar{p}$ at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV: the χ^2 formula

- A = normalization, B = elastic slope

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{\text{data points } i, j} (Tot_i - D0_i) C_{ij}^{-1} (Tot_j - D0_j) + \frac{(A - A_0)^2}{\sigma_A^2} + \frac{(B - B_0)^2}{\sigma_B^2}$$

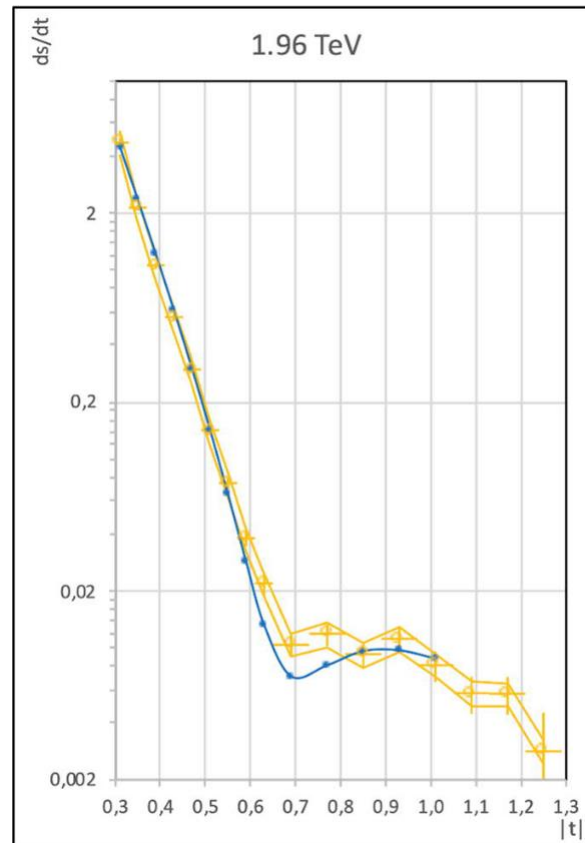


χ^2 test: pp & $p\bar{p}$ cross sections disagree at 3.4σ level

The Durham model of elastic scattering (used in PDG review)

V.A. Khoze, M.G. Ryskin & M. Tasevsky, High energy Soft QCD and Diffraction, <https://pdg.lbl.gov/>

- PDG: reasonable description of elastic pp & $\bar{p}p$ obtained with Pomeron only
- Durham model without odderon (V. A. Khoze, A.D. Martin & M.G. Ryskin, PLB 748 (2018))
- Tuned to TOTEM pp data \Rightarrow compromise its description of $p\bar{p}$
- Fails to describe DØ 1.96 TeV elastic $\bar{p}p$ in dip-bump region (4.3σ)



TOTEM experiment