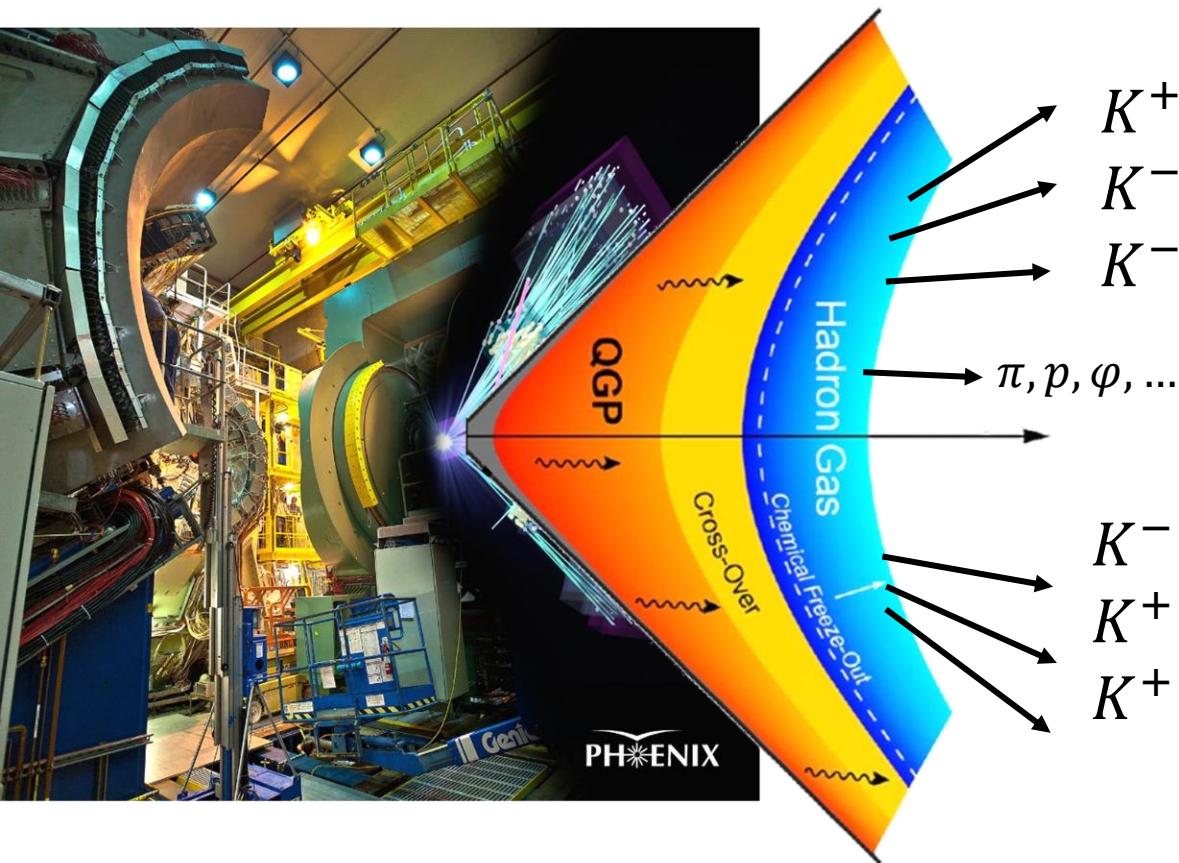


Femtoscopic correlation of kaons



Hanbury-Brown and Twiss: intensity correlation
 K^+
 K^- Goldhaber et al. in HEP
 K^- Access the spatio-temporal structure of the particle emitting source
 π, p, ϕ, \dots

$$C_2(p_1, p_2) = \frac{N_2(p_1, p_2)}{N_1(p_1)N_1(p_2)}$$

K^- use Yano-Koonin formula to relate the momentum distribution to the emitting source
 K^+
 K^+

$$N_2(p_1, p_2) = \int dx_1 dx_2 \underbrace{S(x_1, p_1)S(x_2, p_2)}_{\text{Source functions}} \underbrace{|\Psi_2(x_1, x_2)|^2}_{\text{Two-particle wavefunction}}$$

Two-particle momentum distr.

Space-time coordinates

Source functions
 What shape?

Two-particle wavefunction
 FSI here, i.e., Coulomb, strong

On the shape of the correlation function

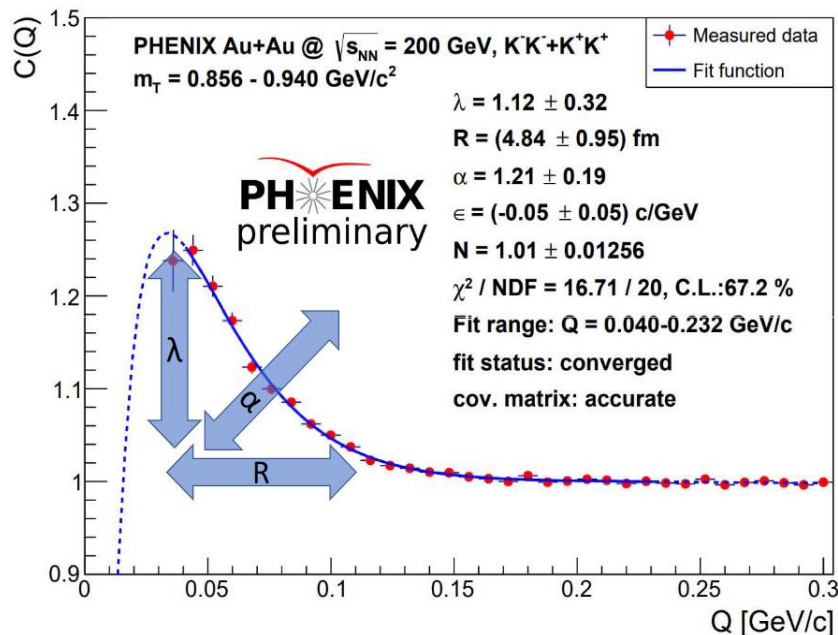
Generalized Gaussian – Levy distribution

$$\mathcal{L}(\alpha, R, r) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^3} \int d^3q e^{iqr} e^{-\frac{1}{2}|qR|^\alpha}$$

Rel. mom. in LCMS
1D variable!

$\alpha = 2$: Gaussian, $\alpha = 1$: Cauchy, $0 < \alpha \leq 2$: Levy

Assume the source to be Levy! \Rightarrow Correlation: $C_2(Q) = 1 + \lambda e^{(RQ)^\alpha}$



Distortion effects:

Coulomb, strong FSI to be included!

Resonances, coherence, ...

$\lambda(K)$: core-halo parameter

$R(K)$: Levy-scale parameter

$\alpha(K)$: Levy index of stability

Experimental results from PHENIX

- π : 0-30% centrality selection
- K : minimum bias, still comparable
- Levy-index agree for π and $K \Rightarrow$ common Levy-process?
- Core-halo parameter: π and K compatible
- Levy-scale parameter: hydro scaling,
- π and K compatible, despite $R_{Levy} \neq R_{Gauss}$

