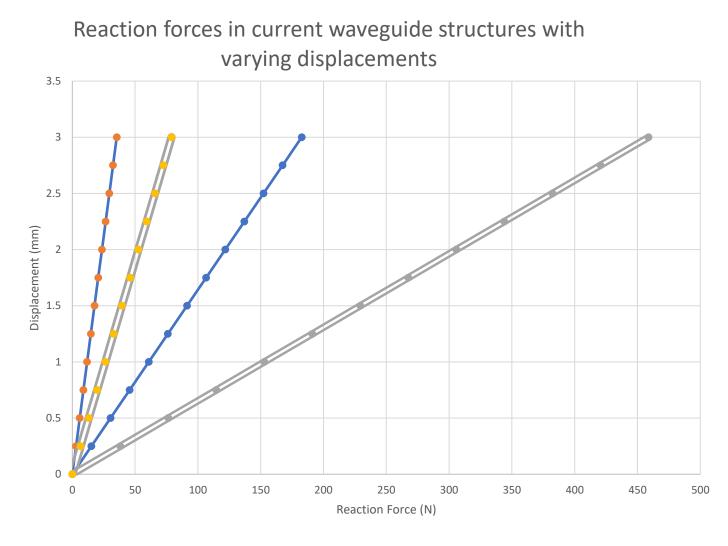
## Waveguide Configurations

Joshua Brown



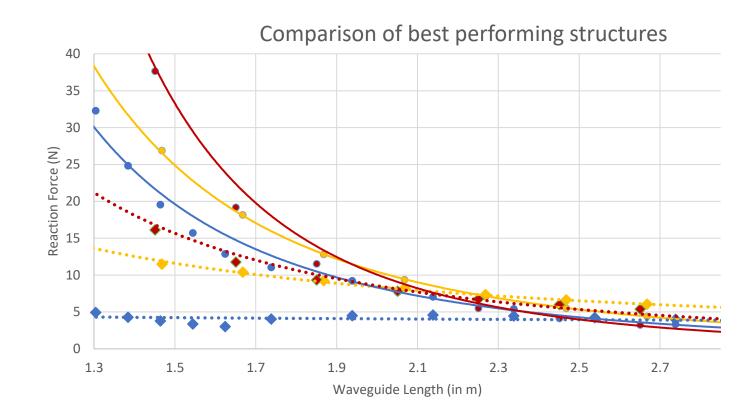
- Threshold to hit 20N reaction forces in single and double-height waveguides:
- 0.3mm for Single Height
- 0.15mm for Double Height

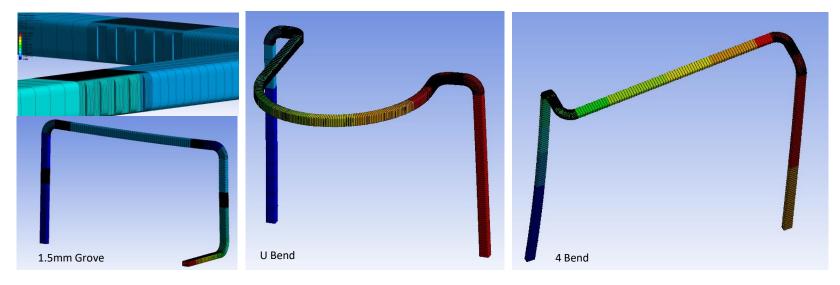


Change in X displacement, single height wavelength
Change in Y displacement, single height waveguide
Change in X displacement, double height waveguide
Change in Y displacement, double height waveguide

### 1mm Displacement 2 Beam Scenarios

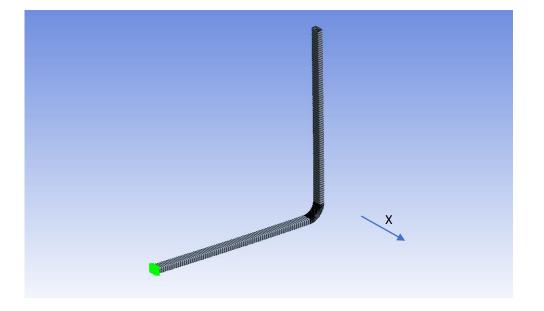
- Threshold to hit 20N reaction forces drops to <1.5m
- U Bend design becomes more efficient after 2.36m

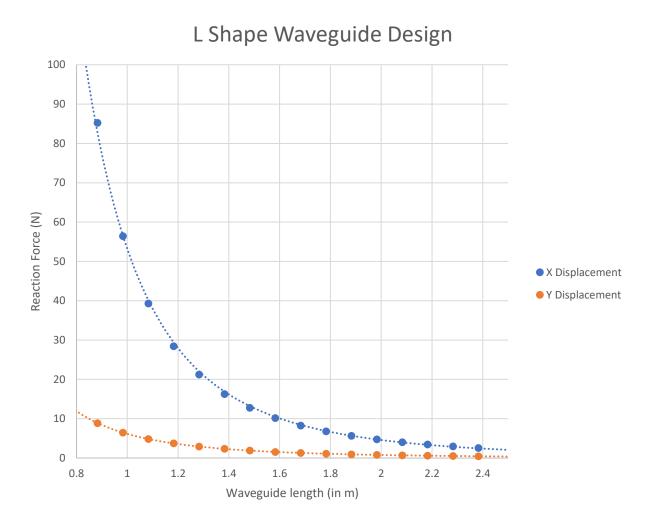


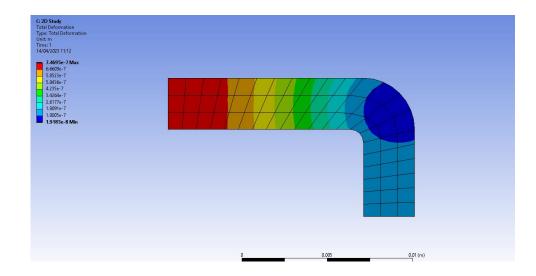


- X Displacement (1.5mm Grove)
- Y Displacement (1.5mm Grove)
- X Displacement (U Bend)
- Y Displacement (U Bend)
- X Displacement ( 4 Bend)
- Y Displacement ( 4 Bend)

- L Shape waveguide design to produce 20N at only 1.1 m in length
- Achieves 20N criteria with only one bend and with 40cm less waveguide than the U Bend

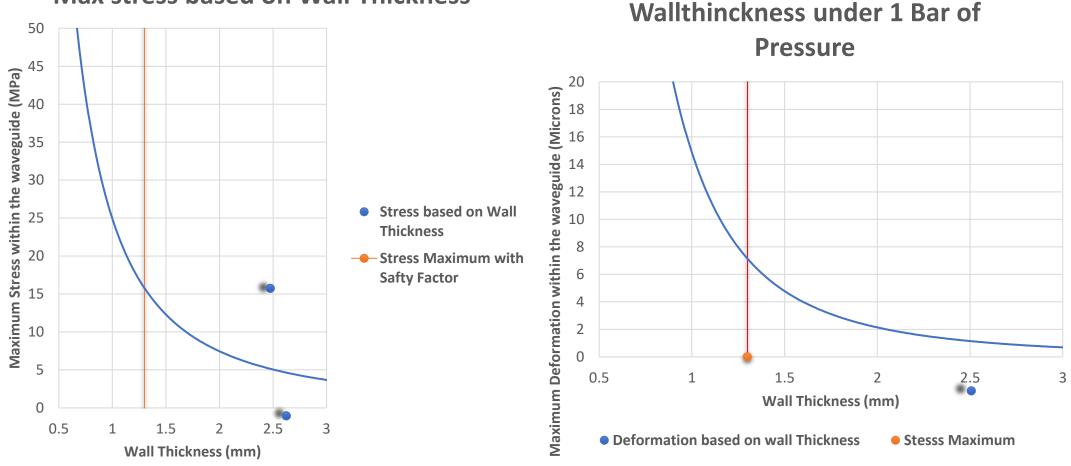






# Changing the waveguide thickness

- Current waveguide thickness is 3mm in order to support the pressure differential across the waveguide without changing the internal geometry
- Simulations suggest this could be changed to 2mm

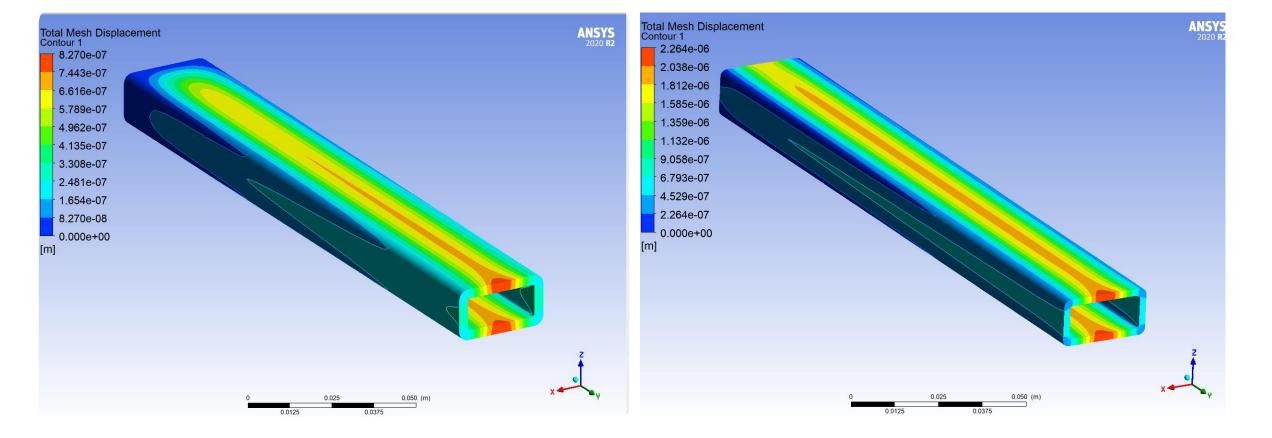


Maximum Deformation based on

Tend Determination Type: Trans Determination Type: Trans Determination Execution Tender Execution Tender Execution Tender Statistics - 7 March 2003/06-7 301526-7 100506-7 100506-7

Max stress based on Wall Thickness

- Assuming a stress maximum of approximately half of the yield stress
- Limiting factor is mainly the deformation of the internal geometry

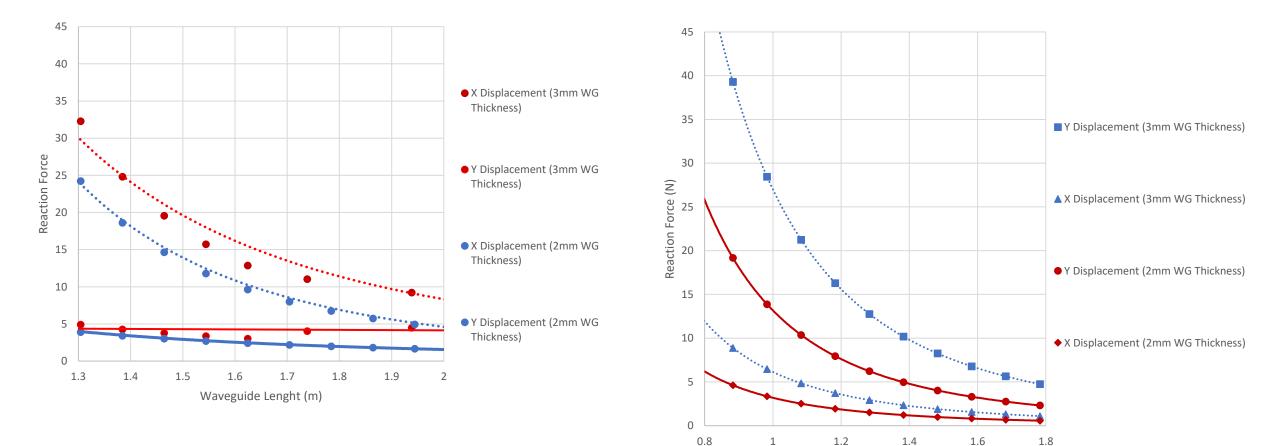


- Verification study using a 400mm length, 3mm thickness waveguide
- Simulation shows that the 3D model approximately aligns with the 2D model when constrained at one end

### U bend - 2/3mm Comparison

#### L Shape Waveguide Design

Waveguide length (m)



Waveguide Lengths can be reduced to

- <1.4m U-Bend
- <0.9m L-bend