

Free-space laser links for frequency transfer between fast-moving optical clocks

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The University of Western Australia

- 1. Motivation: The need for frequency transfer between fast moving objects
- 2. Background: Precision metrology through the turbulent atmosphere
- 3. Current work: Preliminary results for transfer between fast moving objects
- 4. Next steps: Future work and collaboration opportunities



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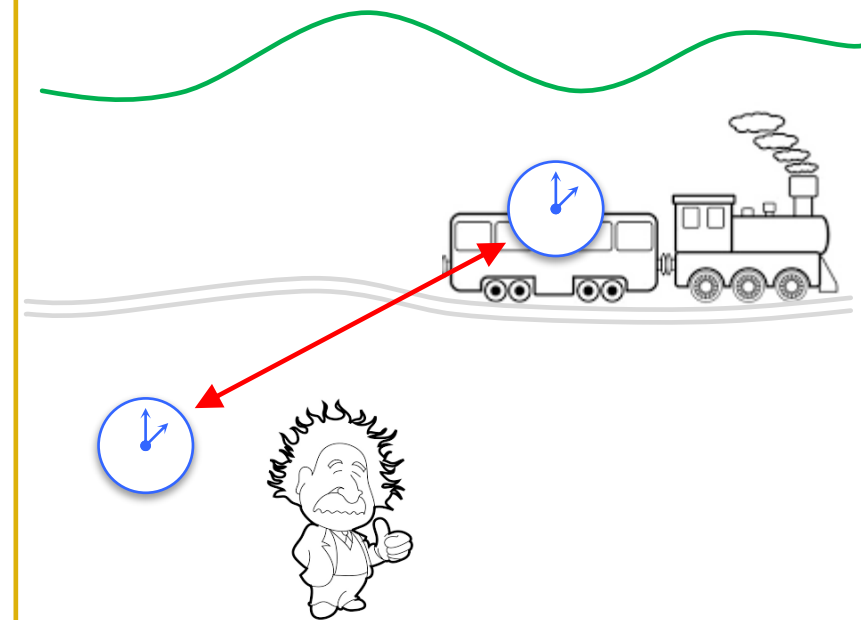
Frequency Transfer between Fast Moving Objects

- Why conduct frequency transfer over **free-space links** instead of over optical fibre links?
 1. When using fibre is impractical or impossible
 2. Applications that involve a fast-moving elements comprising the link
- **Fast:** $\nu_D \approx \pm 20$ MHz, $\mathbf{v} \approx 60$ m/s (≈ 200 km/h)
 - Dynamic terrestrial links: 2 examples
- **Very fast:** $\nu_D \approx \pm 5$ GHz, $\mathbf{v} \approx 7,000$ m/s
 - Ground-to-space links: 2 examples



1. Frequency transfer between transportable, **moving** ground-based clocks ($\nu_D \approx \pm 20$ MHz)
 - *Application example:* Direct measurement of Einstein's famous special relativity thought experiment (time dilation on a train)
2. Frequency transfer between transportable **stationary** ground-based clocks ($\nu_D \approx \pm 20$ MHz)
 - *Application example:* Chronometric leveling surveys via airborne relay for Earth science, geophysics, and environmental monitoring

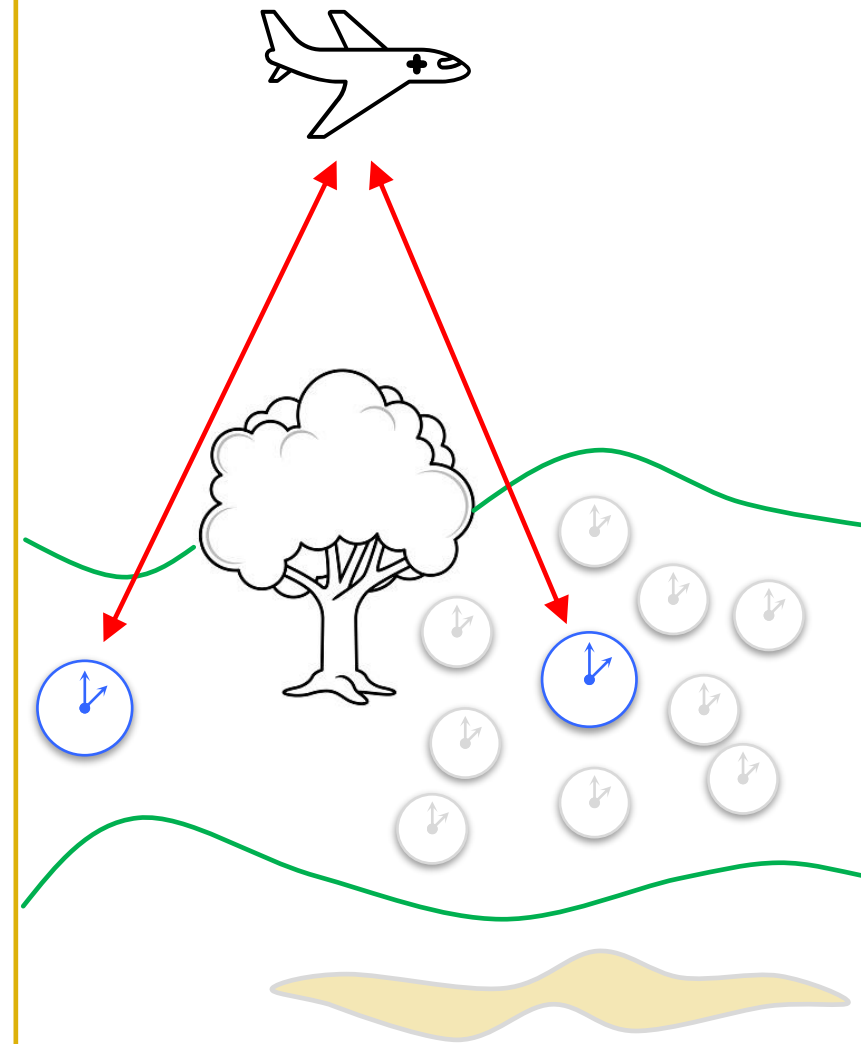
[1] Dix-Matthews, et al. *Optics Express* **31** (2023) 15075.



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Frequency Transfer between Fast Moving Objects

3. Frequency transfer **reflected** off a satellite in space (no clock required): $\nu_D \approx 2 \times \pm 5$ GHz

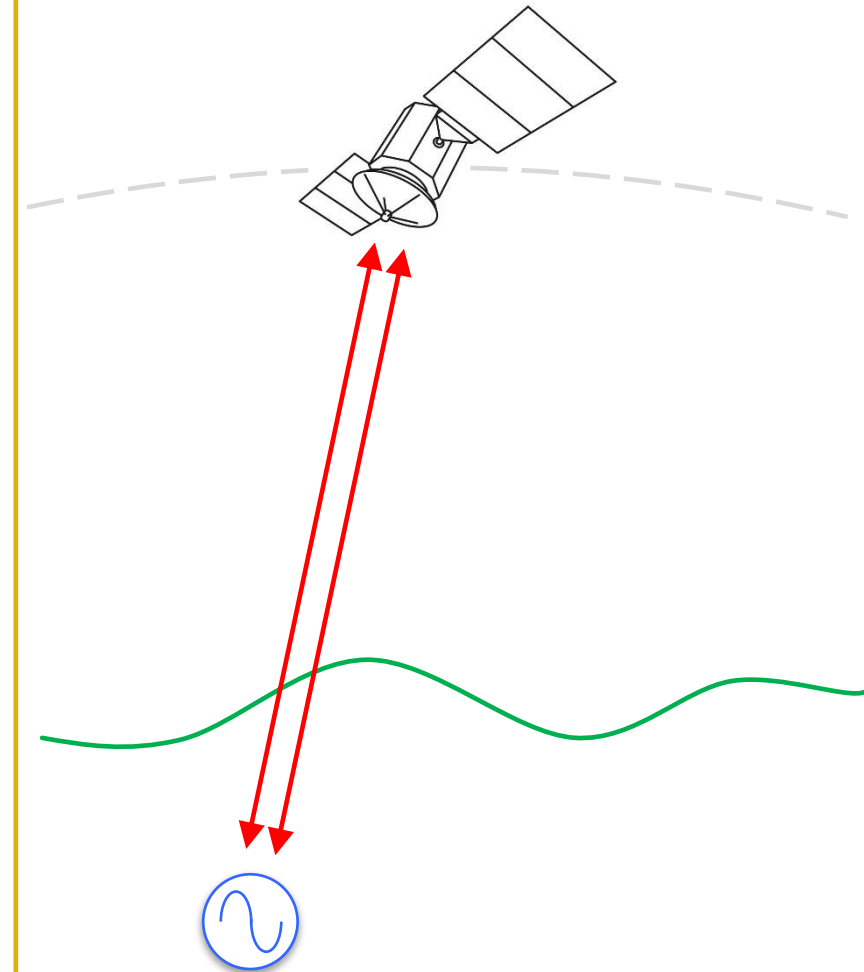
- *Application example:* Ultra-precise satellite orbit determination to improve the accuracy of the Global Geodetic Reference Frame

[2] Dix-Matthews, et al *Physical Review Applied* **19** (2023) 054018.

4. Frequency transfer between ground- and **space-based** optical clocks: $\nu_D \approx \pm 5$ GHz

- *Application example:* Tests of General relativity (local position invariance), fundamental physics (dark matter, var. in fundamental constants)

[3] Gozzard, et al. *Physical Review Letters* **128** (2022) 020801.



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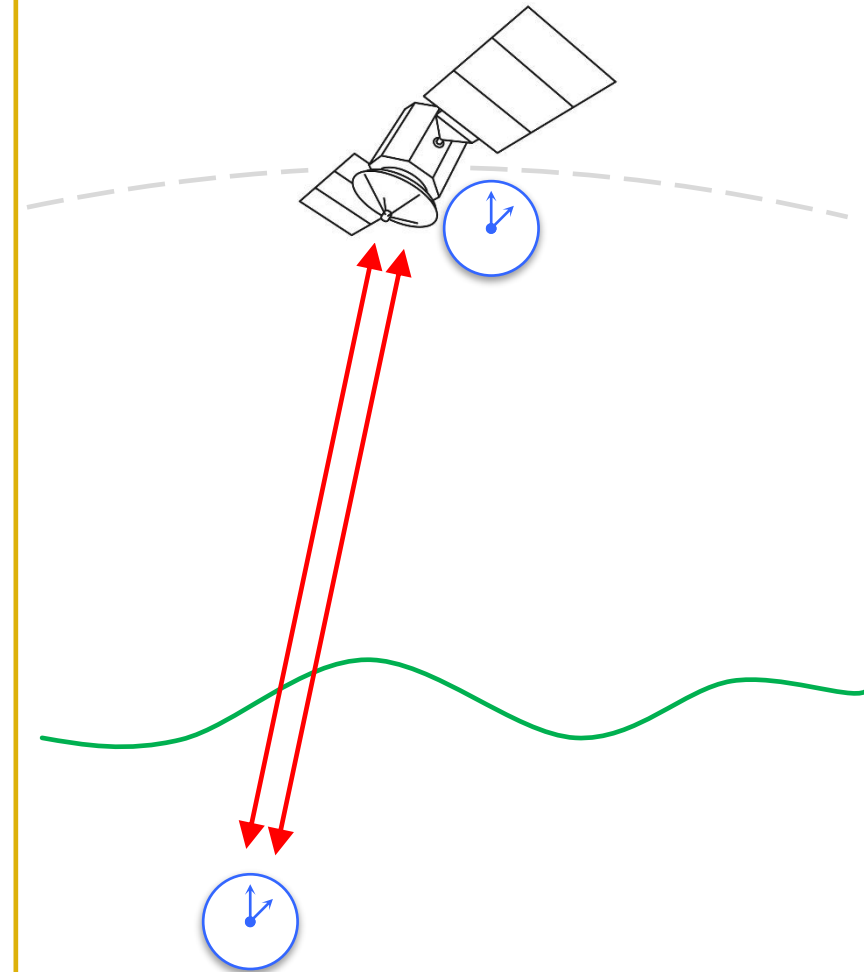
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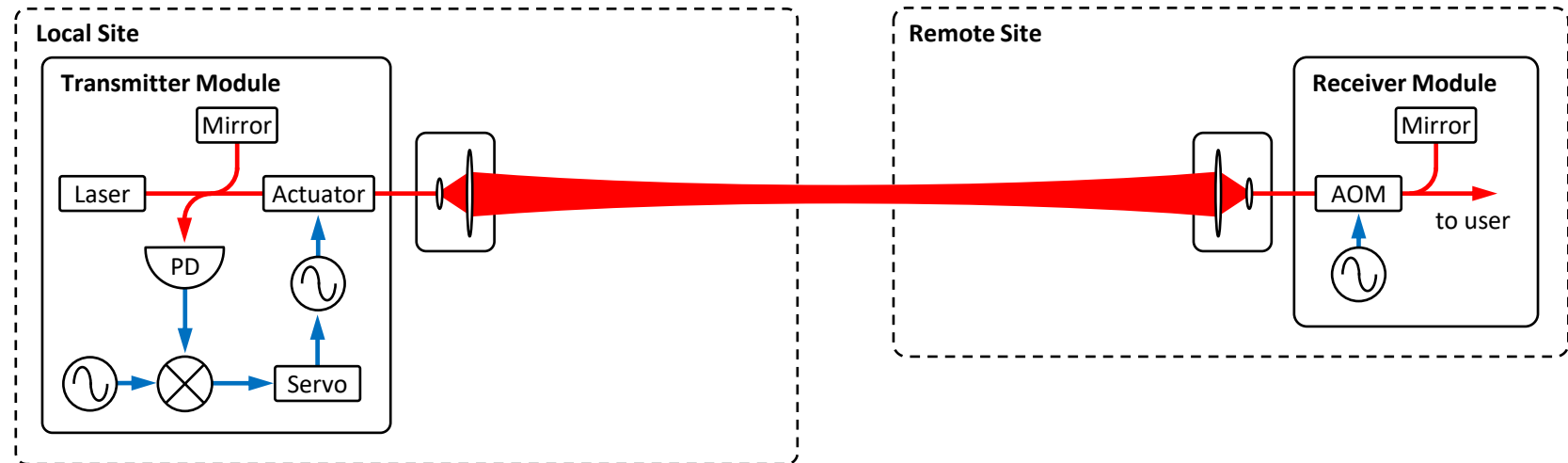
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- Issue: atmospheric turbulence
 - Transverse: Beam wander, scintillation → amplitude noise
 - Longitudinal: Timing jitter → phase noise

[4] Dix-Matthews, et al. *Optics Letters* **48** (2023) 5519

- Free-space phase-stabilised frequency transfer
 - Single frequency (CW) laser system
- Advantages
 - Better performance
 - Lower SWaP
- Disadvantages
 - Sensitive to deep-fades
 - No time transfer



[5] Gozzard, et al. *Physical Review Applied* **10** (2018) 024046



- Free-space phase-stabilised frequency transfer with adaptive optics terminals

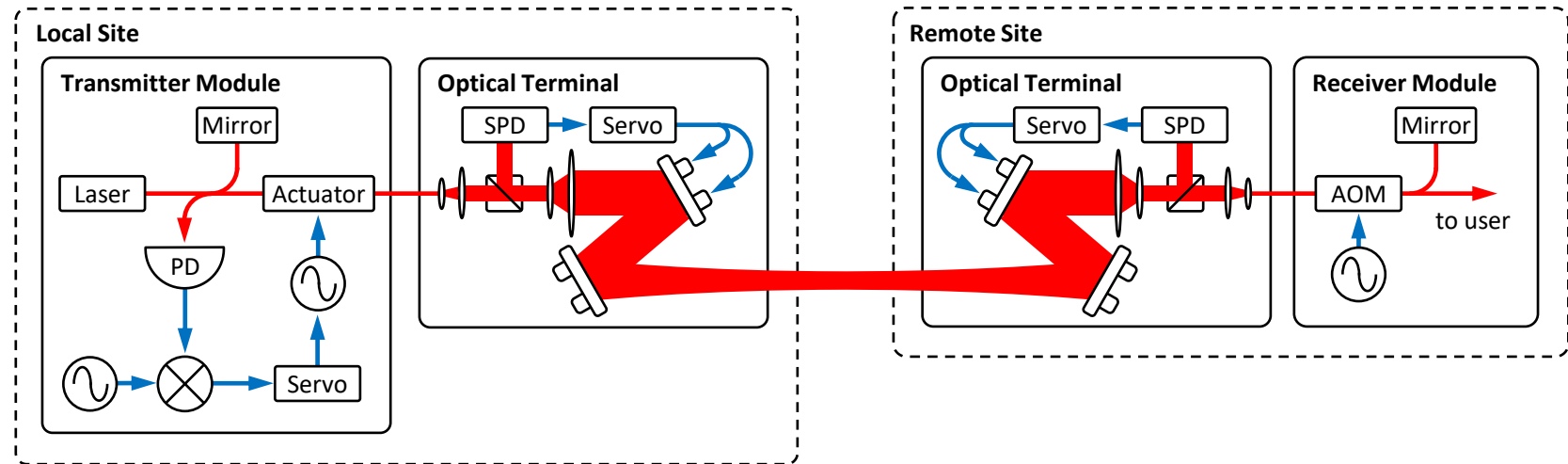
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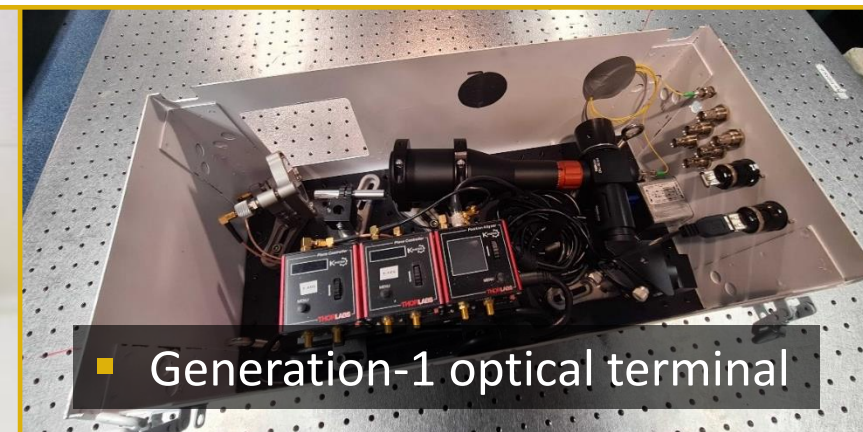
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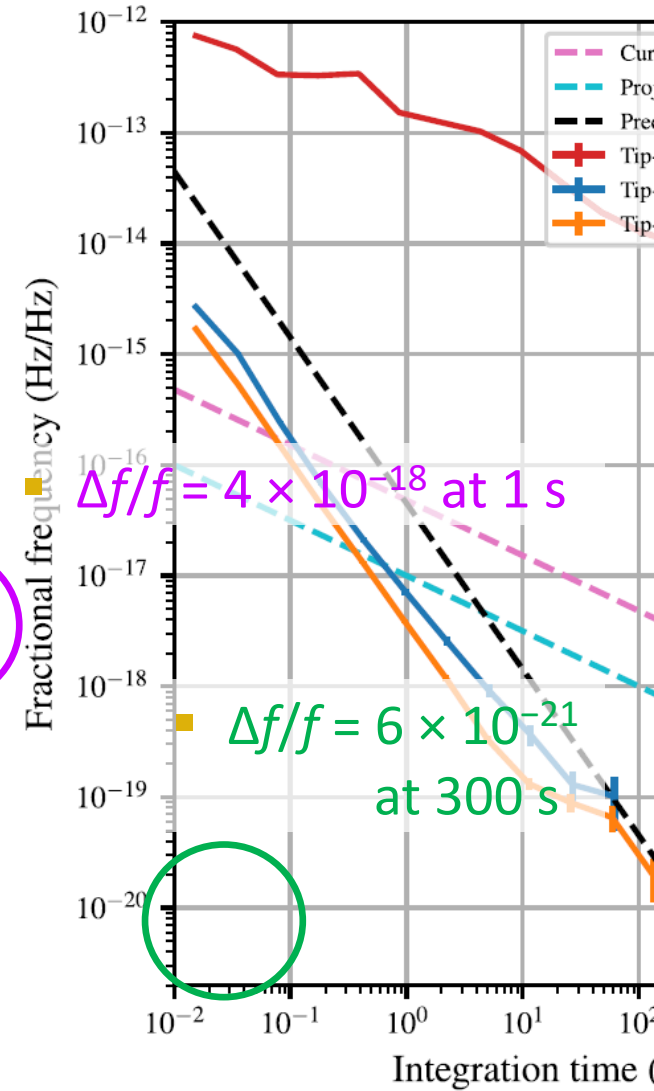
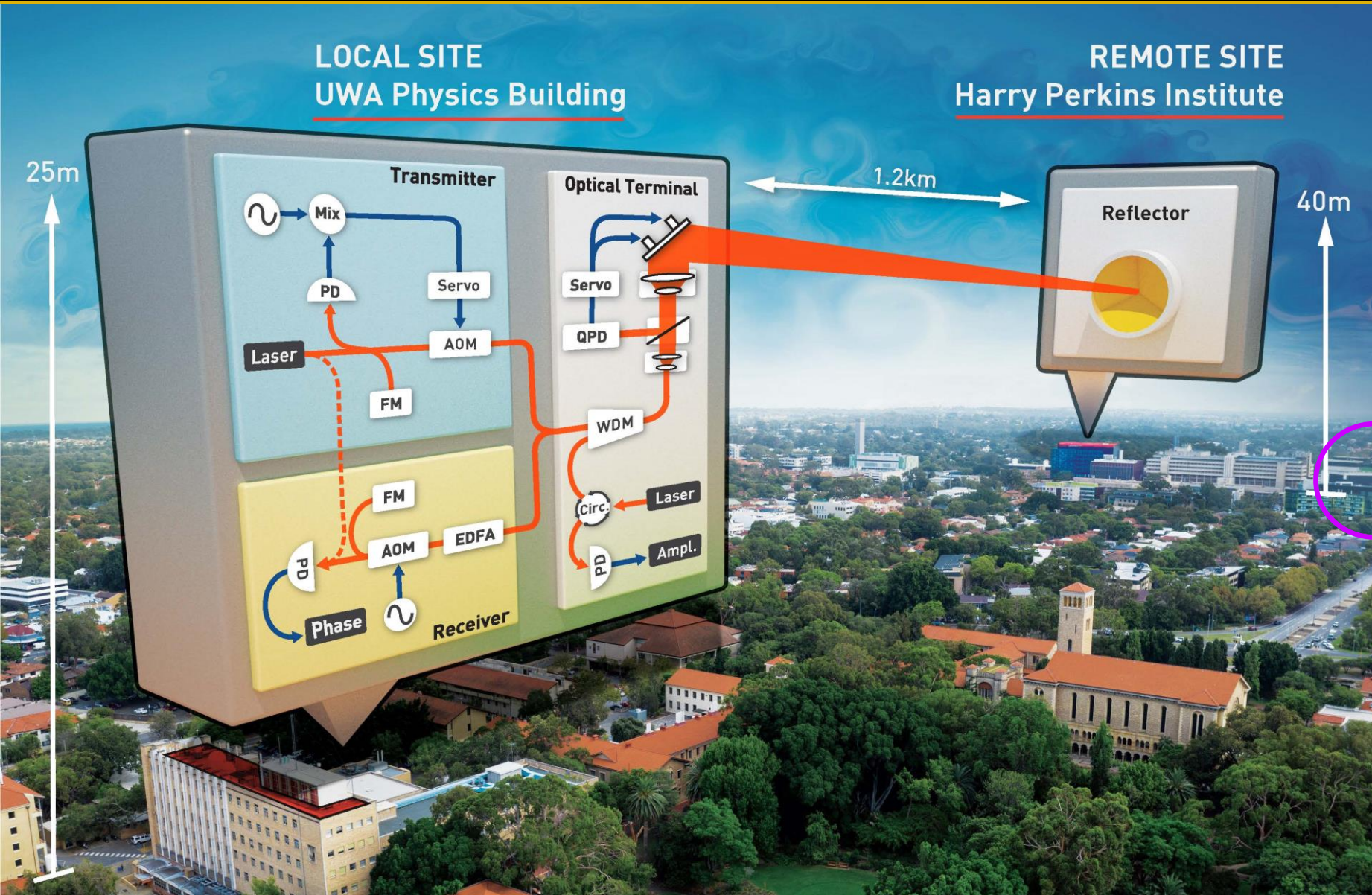
- Disadvantages

- ~~Sensitive to deep fades~~
- No time transfer

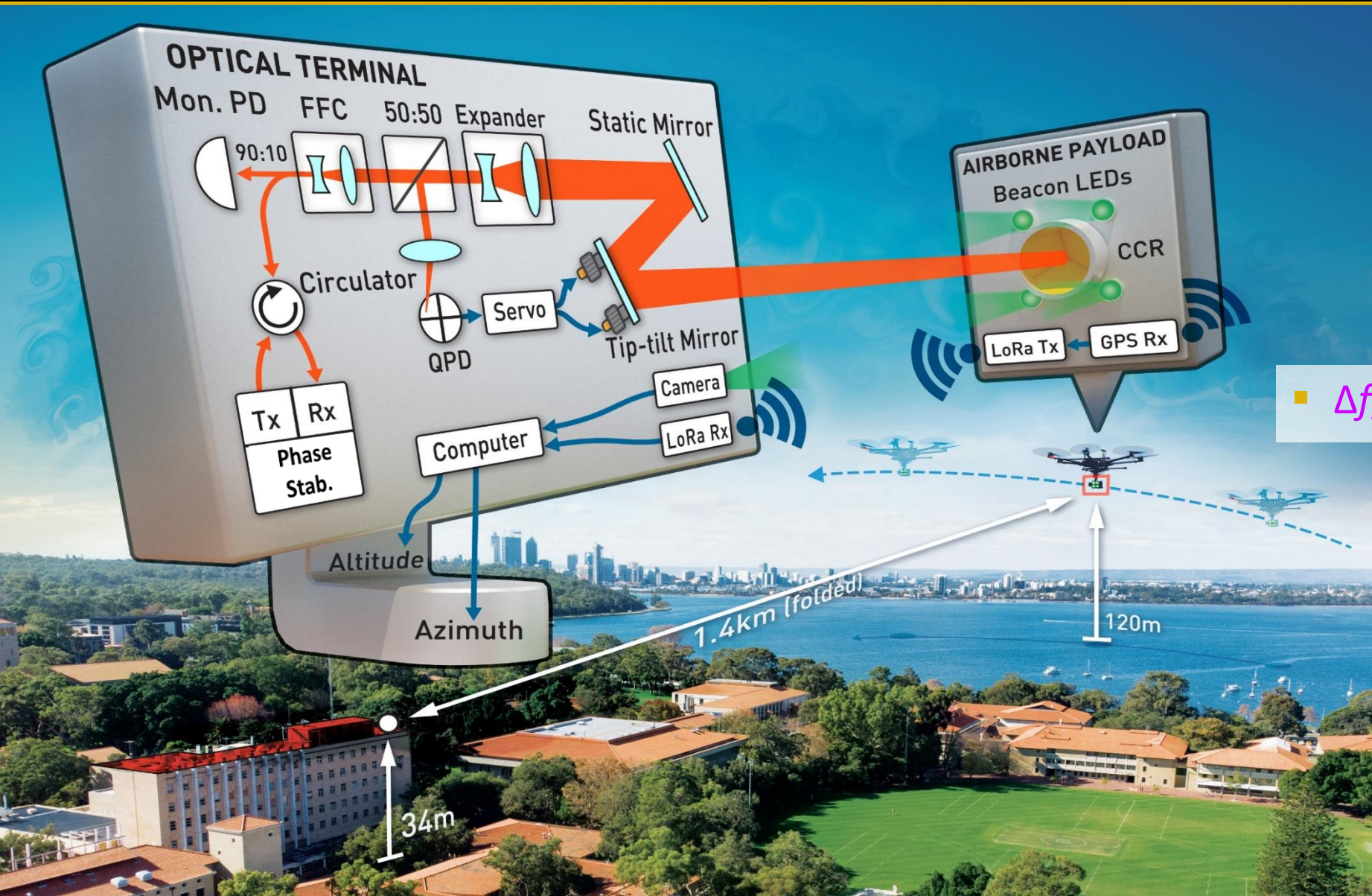


[6] Dix-Matthews, et al. *Nature Communications* **12** (2021) 515

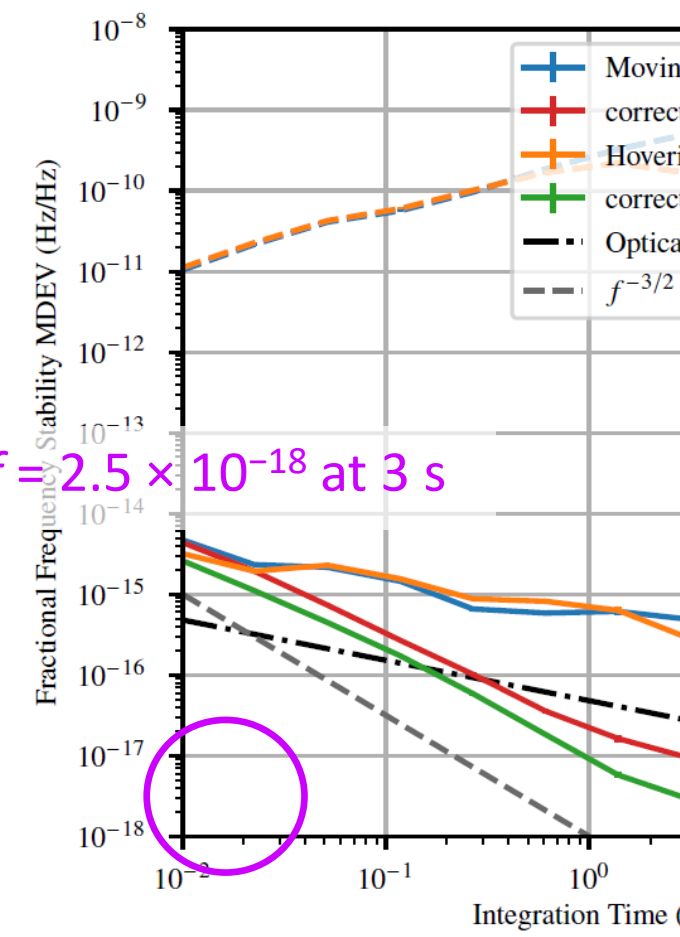




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■ $\Delta f/f = 2.5 \times 10^{-18}$ at 3 s



[7] Walsh, et al. *Scientific Reports* 12
 [1] Dix-Matthews, et al. *Optics Express*

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- Part 1: Acquisition, tracking, and SMF coupling via aircraft links



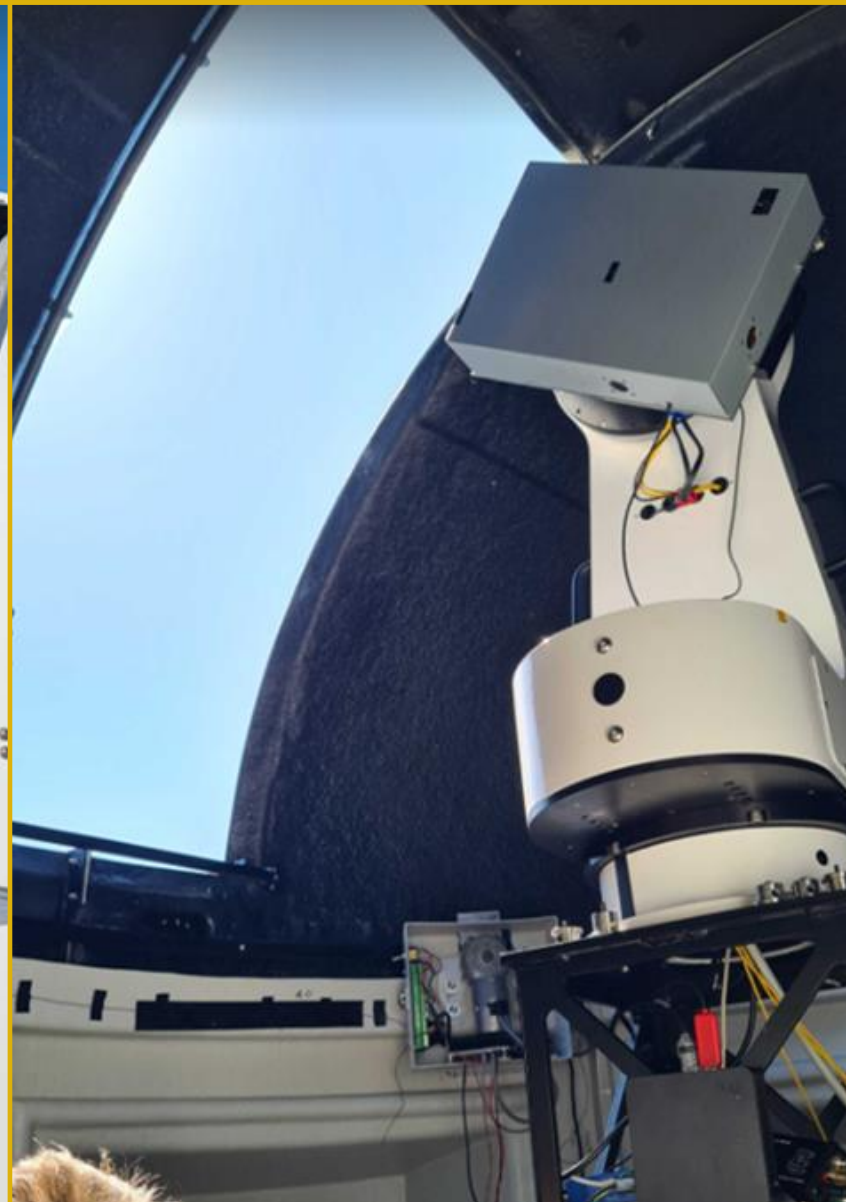
■ Fixed wing light aircraft



■ WA Police rotary wing aircraft



- Fixed wing light aircraft, 10 km folded link length





Preliminary Results for Fast-Moving Atmospheric Links



154 deg 155 deg 156 deg 157 deg 158 deg

43 deg

42 deg

RATE = 0.01 deg/s
FRAME = 22604
FPS = 33.7

Stop Acquisition Switch Camera

Start Guiding

Lock TT

P I D
1.90 4.00 0.30

Target Smoothing 0.0

Min Size Condition 0

ROI W ROI H
1.0 1.0

Lock ROI Reset ROI

Exposure Time (µs) Gain (dB)
6001 0.00

IR Threshold Dilation
130 35

8095 Save Frames

Clear Frames IR Flat Field

Hot Spot X: -108.0 Y: -5.0

+ 1.00
- +
- +
Save Load

Jog

+
- +
- +
• degrees
• arcmin
• arcsec

VISIBLE CAM
ALT ERR = -4.57 mrad
AZ ERR = -33.25 mrad

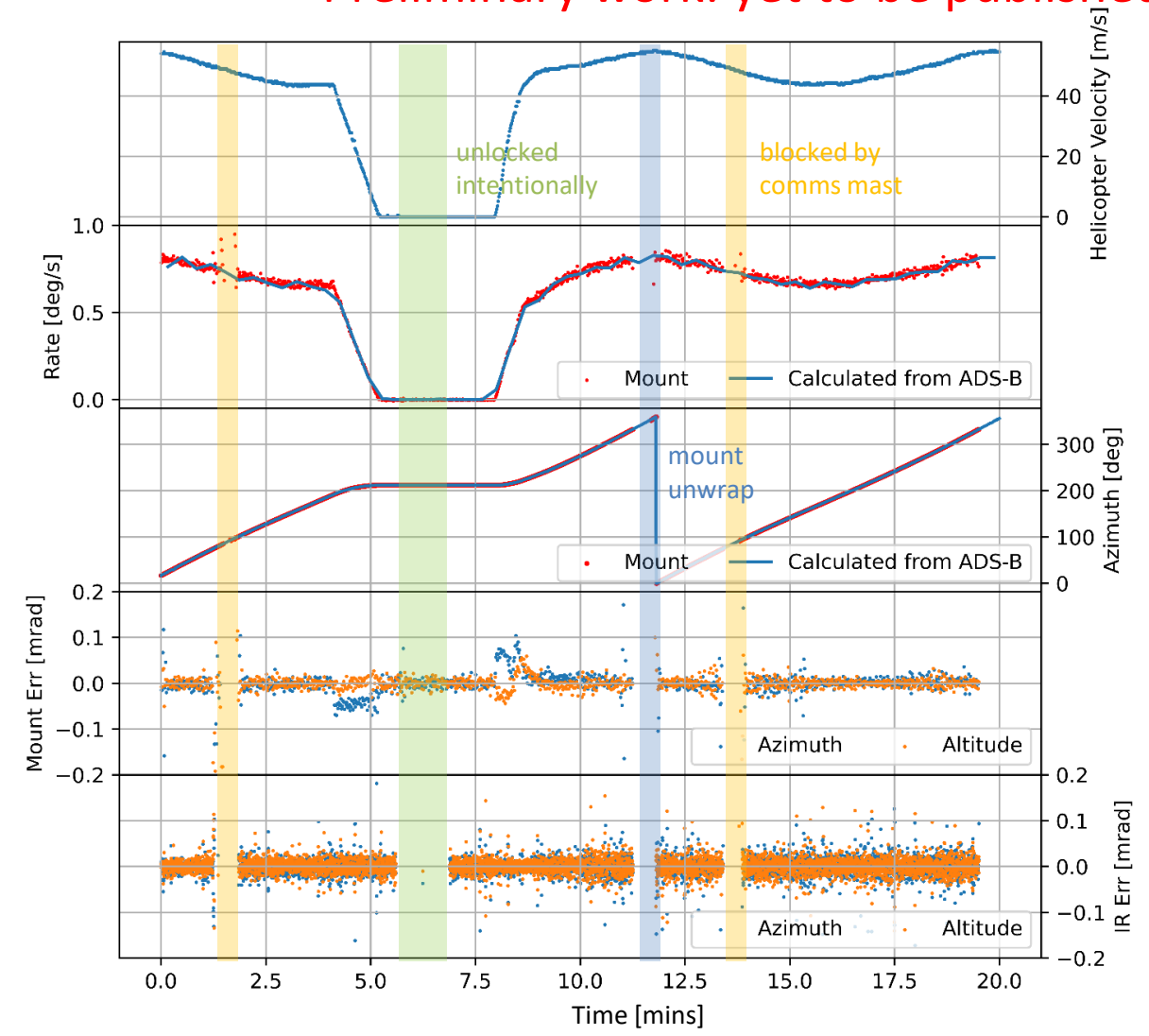
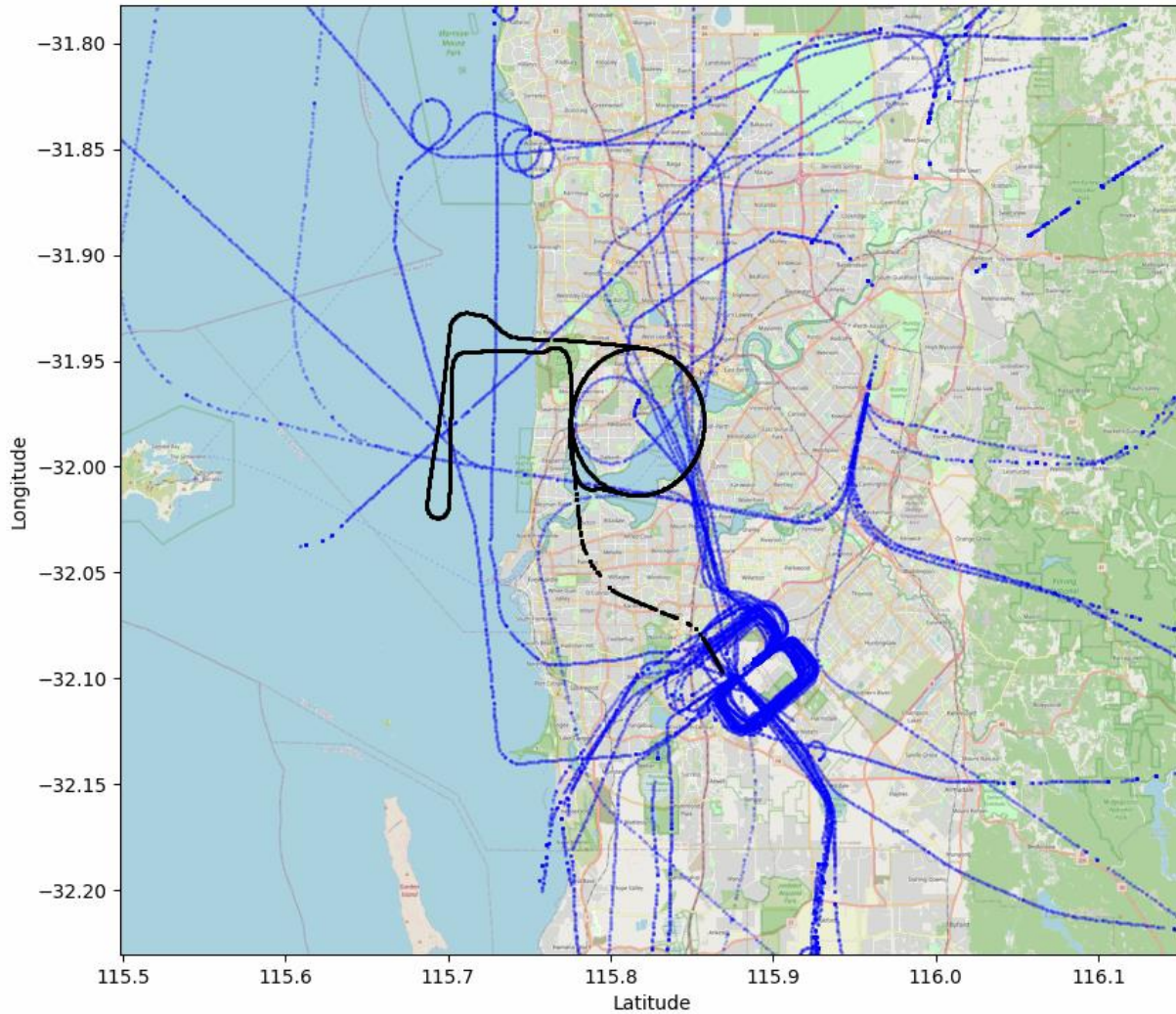
IR CAM
ALT ERR = -0.02 mrad
AZ ERR = -0.75 mrad

Call sign found: slewing

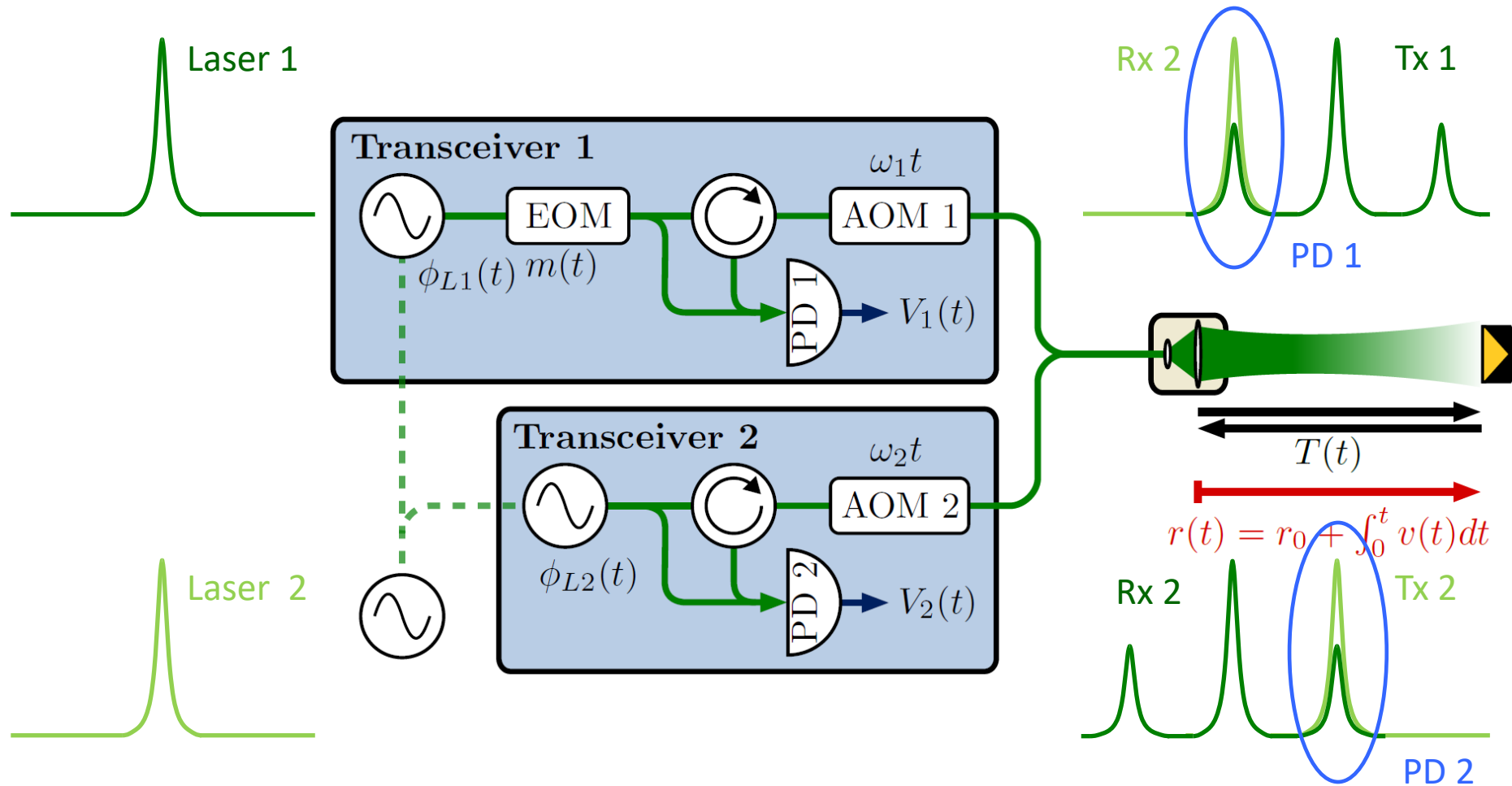
ADS-B

- Four-stage autonomous target acquisition and tracking system

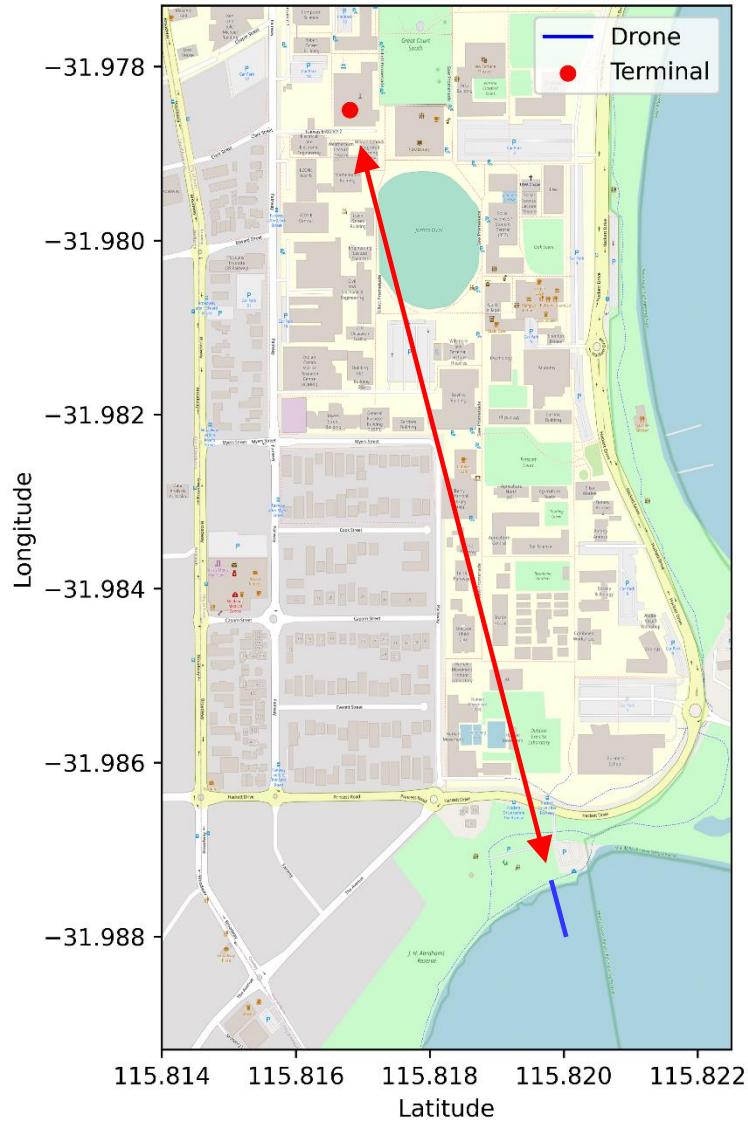
Preliminary work: yet to be published



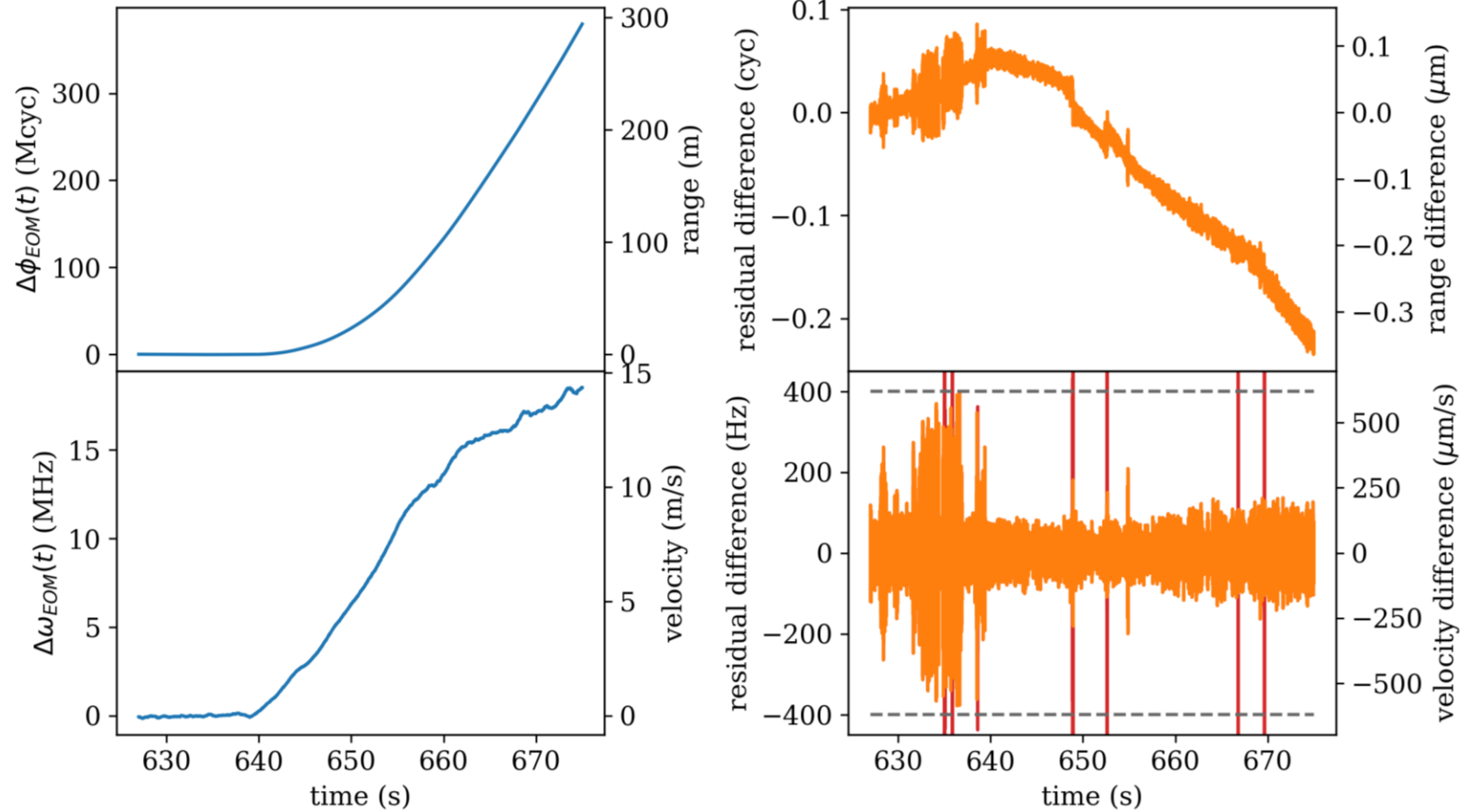
- Part 2: Frequency transfer scheme that can phase-track large Doppler shifts



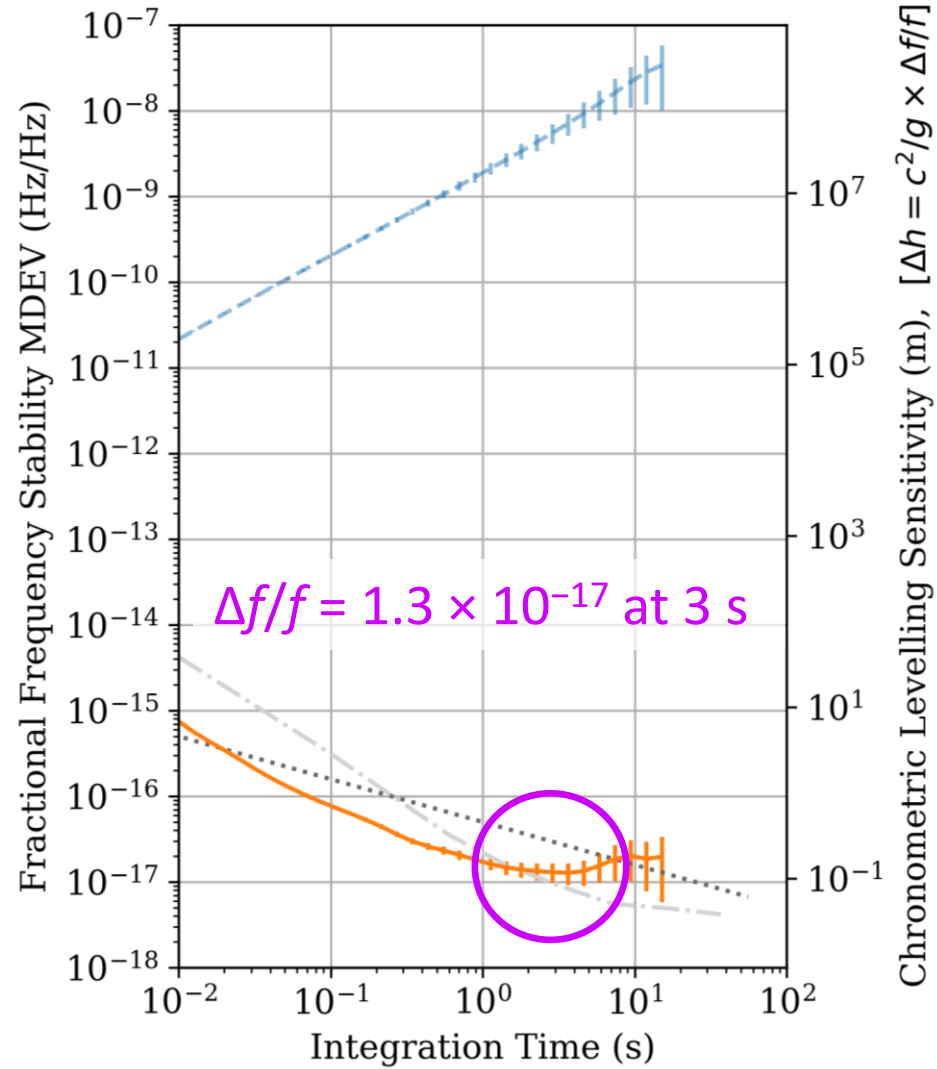
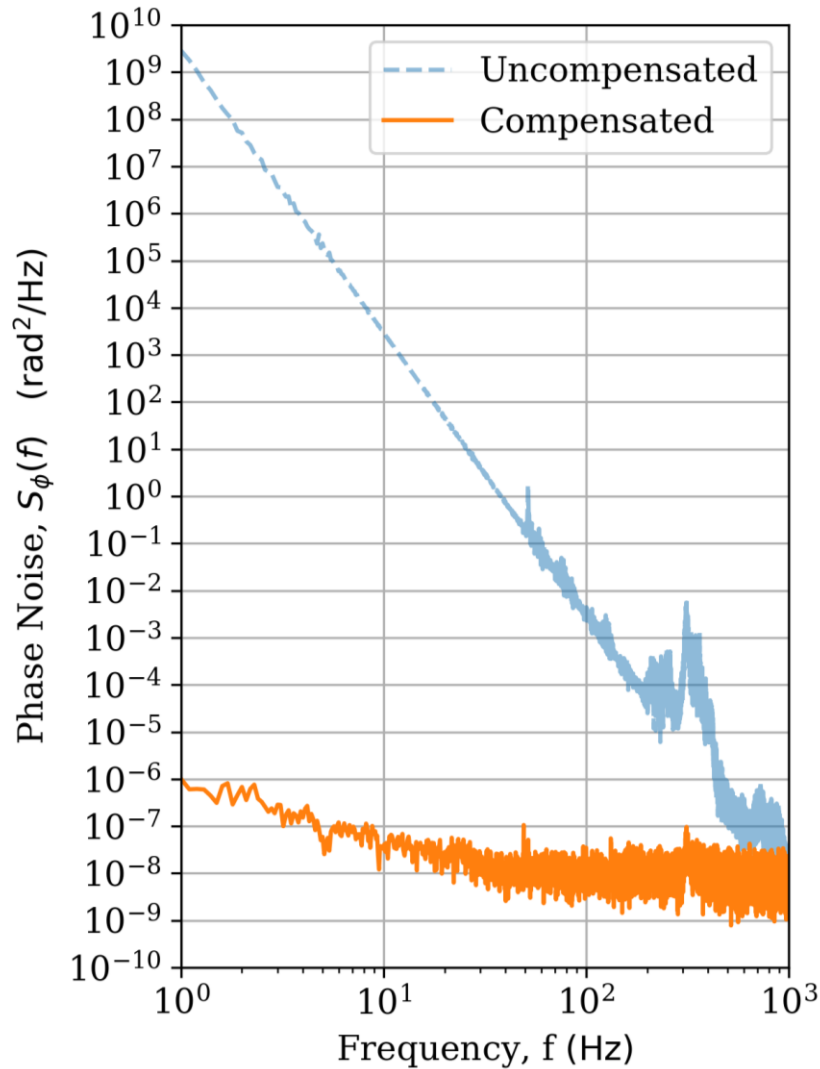
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Frequency transfer time series data



Preliminary work: yet to be published



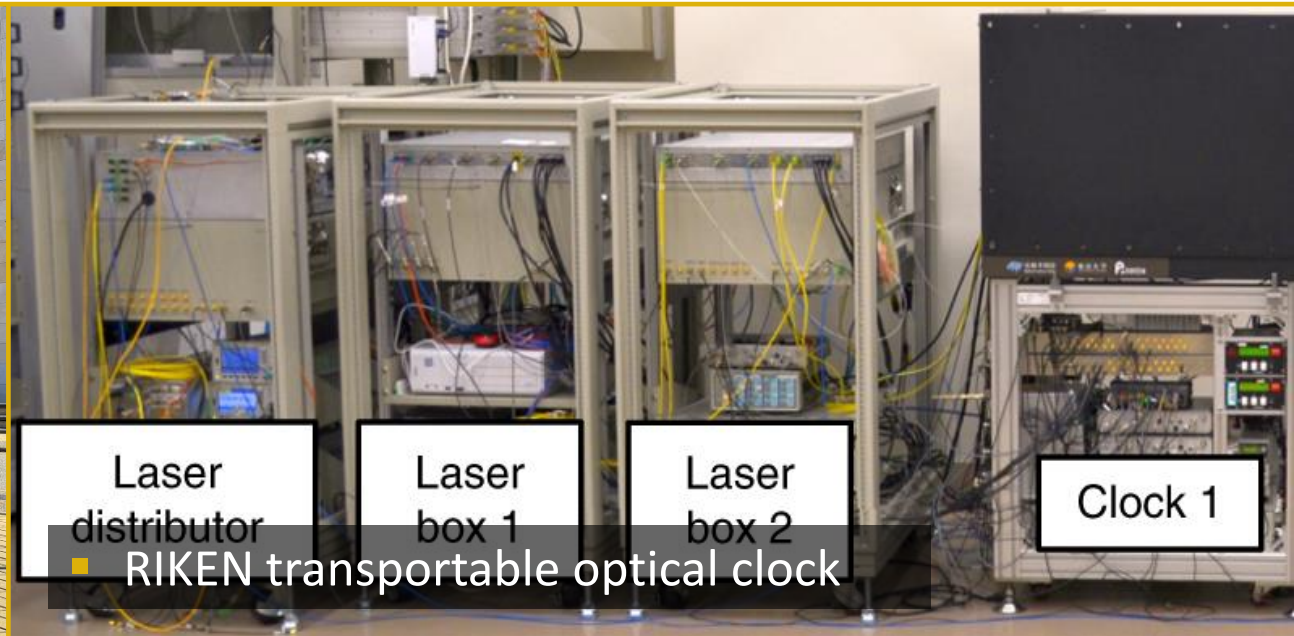
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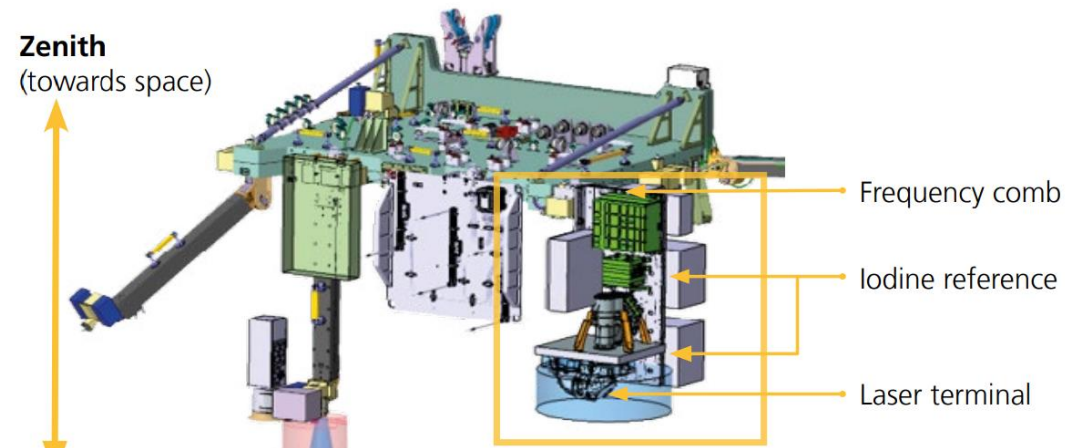
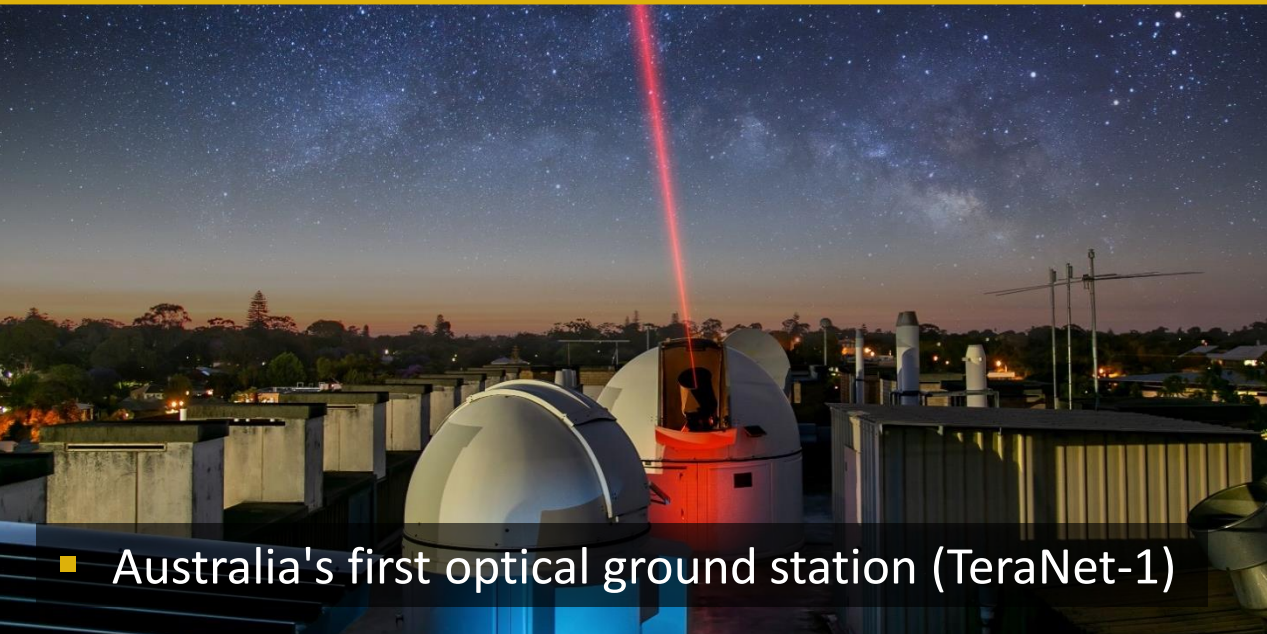
Future Work and Collaboration Opportunities

- **Q1-2024:** Transportable optical clock comparison reflected links via aircraft
 - Towards *Application 2* (aircraft relay) and *Application 3* (reflected space link)
- **Q4-2024:** Point-to-point transportable optical clock comparison via truck/boat
 - Towards *Application 1* (special relativity) and *Application 2* (aircraft relay)



Future Work and Collaboration Opportunities

- **2025:** Optical Doppler orbitography using existing a satellite in space
 - First demonstration of *Application 3* to improve the accuracy of the GGRF
- **2026:** Ready to contribute to frequency transfer between ground and space
 - Towards *Application 4* (general relativity and fundamental physics)



■ DLR's COMPASSO Mission hardware

Bartolomeo platform (attached to the European Columbus module of the International Space Station (ISS)) with the COMPASSO payload



■ Relevant UWA Publications

- [1] Dix-Matthews, et al. *Optics Express* **31** (2023) 15075
- [2] Dix-Matthews, et al. *Physical Review Applied* **19** (2023) 054018.
- [3] Gozzard, et al. *Review Letters* **128** (2022) 020801.
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- [6] Dix-Matthews, et al. *Nature Communications* **12** (2021) 515.
- [7] Walsh, et al. *Scientific Reports* **12** (2022) 18345.