





Searches for SUSY (and additional Higgses)



34th Rencontres de Blois Particle Physics and Cosmology Dr Sarah Williams, on behalf of the ATLAS and CMS collaborations

Introduction: Motivation for BSM searches



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Overview of my talk



- This talk will focus on ATLAS and CMS searches for:
 - (Promptly decaying) supersymmetry.
 - Additional Higgses.
- But won't discuss exotic Higgs decays, long-lived particles, BSM + exotics searches (covered elsewhere)
- Aiming to provide a broad overview and highlight new and exciting results!



The "minimal" supersymmetric Standard Model

Introduce (heavier) superpartners for all SM particles...



- Simplify search strategy by focusing on a particular sector. Most LHC searches focus on simplified models within the (phenomenological-) MSSM.
- Key point: whether or not you "believe" in SUSY it provides an effective framework to access a rich range of BSM phenomenology.



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Beyond the (phenomenological) MSSM?

For SUSY...

- "NMSSM" (=MSSM+ additional gauge singlet)
- Assume a SUSY breaking mechanism i.e. GGM
- "Stealth" SUSY
- ... extended Higgs sectors
- 2HDM (type 1,2,3...)
- 2HDM + X. (where X could be an additional scalar S, pseudoscalar a)



We should see our strong constraints in simplified models as a challenge to look further, rather than a reason to dispair



Searching for new particles



SUSYCrossSections

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Run 2 searches for SUSY/additional Higgs





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No we haven't... but...

<u> ATL-PHYS-PUB-2022-043</u>

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2023-005

Impressive limits on BSM parameter space from growing number of search channels, and precision measurements.



Note: I have used the ATLAS summary plots but the picture for CMS would be similar!

Strong(er) constraints on strong production



New result targeting RPC and RPV decays of strongly produced squarks and gluinos decaying via sleptons or gauge bosons to final states with two same-sign or three leptons.

- Improved search strategy (new SRs) and background estimation (WZ, fake and charge misidentification).
- No signs of SUSY \circledast but impressive limits in a number of simplified models.





New physics in multijet+photon final state



Target strong and EW GGM production in final states with jets, missing transverse momentum and at least one photon.



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35.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

2200

0 2400 m_ã (GeV)

Targeting strong and EWK GGM models!





Events separated into orthogonal categories and binned in missing transverse momentum. Significant improvement over partial run-2 limits

New search for Higgsinos

ATLAS-CONF-2023-009



- Target on-shell decays of h/Z to di-photon di-b-jet final states.
- Cut-based analysis targeting different NLSP masses and decay modes.
- Data-driven estimation of nonresonant background using "2x2D sideband method"

For more detail see talk by Tina Potter in collider parallel session later today!



Helps fill previous gap in sensitivity. Great prospects for combinations...



New Electroweak SUSY combinations

<u> CMS-PAS-SUS-21-008</u>



Maximise sensitivity through combination of several searches for winos, binos, higgsinos, sleptons, with updated search using "soft" leptons and missing transverse momentum





Statistical combination of 2I (on-Z, non-res), 2/3I "soft", \geq 3I, 1I2b, 4b, hadronic

Parametric binning as a function of Δm to maximise sensitivity.

Could SUSY be stealthy? MS-PAS-SUS-19-001

No signs so far...

• New search in final states with two photons, jets and low missing transverse momentum.



 Total background estimated using extension of "S_T shape invariance" method.



Small mass splitting between singlet and singlino suppresses momentum of LSP!

Events divided into search categories based on jet multiplicity at high values of S_T







- Data-driven estimate for *ttZ* through CR binned in jet multiplicity and estimate for background with one non-prompt muon using fake factor method.
- Exclusion limits above show combination of both channels.



Is the 125 GeV Higgs the lightest Higgs? CMS-PAS-HIG-20-002



Target "SM-like" Higgs in mass range between 70 and 110 GeV through localized excess in diphoton mass spectrum.



- Extensive use of ML (reconstruction of diphoton vertex, photon ID, and classification of diphoton events, including VBF).
- Maximal observed excess for a mass hypothesis of 95.4 GeV and local (global) significance of 2.9 (1.3).
- First search for diphoton resonances in this mass range using full run 2 dataset.



Conclusions/outlook

- The ATLAS and CMS collaborations at CERN are continuing to exploit the LHC datasets in innovative ways.
- More exciting results still in the pipeline using run 2 data, with run 3 already underway.
- Closing gaps in sensitivity is essential, and we should be proud (not despondent) with the results achieved so far.



Taken from "outlook" of Blois2021!

There's still a long road ahead to deliver a thorough exploration of BSM physics at the (HL-) LHC. Watch this space!



Backup



Backup: The "phenomenological" MSSM

Apply set of theoretical and experimental constraints on the general MSSM-> reduce number of parameters from 105 to 19:

| pMSSM parameter | Meaning |
|---|---|
| tan β | Ratio of VEVs of the two Higgs doublets |
| M_A | CP-odd Higgs boson mass parameter |
| μ | Higgsino mass parameter |
| M_{1}, M_{2}, M_{3} | Bino, wino and gluino mass parameters |
| A_t, A_b, A_τ | Third generation trilinear couplings |
| $m_{\widetilde{q}}, m_{\widetilde{u}_R}, m_{\widetilde{d}_R}, m_{\widetilde{l}}, m_{\widetilde{e}_R}$ | First/second generation sfermion masses |
| $m_{\tilde{Q}}, m_{\tilde{t}_R}, m_{\tilde{b}_R}, m_{\tilde{L}}, m_{\tilde{\tau}_R}$ | Third generation sfermion masses |

The mixing of the bino, wino and higgsino states into the resulting electroweakino mass eigenstates (set by parameters in bold) has a huge impact on the phenomenology of the electroweak SUSY sector.



Backup: ATLAS charge Higgs search

arXiv:2302.11739



| N _j | 2b + 1bl: exactly two <i>b</i> -tagged jets (60% OP) plus one loose <i>b</i> - tagged jet (70% OP) | 3b: exactly three <i>b</i> -tagged jets (60% OP) | ≥4b: at least four <i>b</i> -tagged jets (60% OP) |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|
| 4j: exactly four jets | $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{4j, 2b + 1bl} \\ (\text{data-based } t\bar{t} \\ \text{corrections, 10 bins)} \end{array}$ | 4j, 3b (signal region, 10 bins) | 4j, 4b ($t\bar{t} + \ge 1b$ background control region and large <i>S/B</i> region, 1 bin) |
| 5j: exactly five jets | 5j, 2b + 1bl (data-based $t\bar{t}$ corrections, 10 bins) | 5j, 3b (signal region, 10 bins) | 5 $j, \ge 4b$ ($t\bar{t} + \ge 1b$ background control region and large <i>S/B</i> region, 1 bin) |
| 6j: exactly six jets | 6j, 2b + 1bl (data-based $t\bar{t}$ corrections, 10 bins) | 6j, 3b (signal region, shape correction for the NN discriminant in low <i>S/B</i> bins, 10 bins) | 6 <i>j</i> ,≥ 4 <i>b</i> ($t\bar{t} + \ge 1b$ background control region, 1 bin) |

Set of regions used to derived datadriven corrections to improve $t\overline{t}$ modelling. Search uses neural net classifier that exploits kinematic differences between signal and background



Backup: ATLAS strong SS/3L search

ATLAS-CONF-2023-017





Overlapping SRs targeting different simplified models.

Significant extension of limits for squarks

 ℓ/ν



Backup: CMS photon + multijet search

<u>CMS-PAS-SUS-21-009</u>



| $p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$ | $>$ 300 GeV for SRs and \in [200, 300] GeV for CRs |
|--|--|
| $N_{\rm jets} \ (p_{\rm T} > 30 { m GeV}, \ \eta < 2.4)$ | ≥ 2 |
| $\gamma'(p_{\rm T} > 100 { m GeV}, \eta < 2.4)$ | ≥ 1 |
| $S_{\mathrm{T}} = \sum_{\mathrm{jets}} p_{\mathrm{T}} + p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\gamma}$ | $> 300 \mathrm{GeV}$ |
| $\Delta \phi(\text{jet}\vec{p}_{\text{T}},\vec{p}_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}})$ | > 0.3 for 2 highest $p_{\rm T}$ jets |
| Number of leptons (e, μ) | 0 |
| Number of isolated tracks | 0 |



- "lost-lepton" background from lepton failing reconstruction, identification, isolation, being out of acceptance or hadronically decaying taus not failing isolated track veto estimated using 1-lepton CRs and applying a transfer factor.
- Additional data-driven techniques for estimating electrons and jets faking photons and for the Zγ+jets background.



Backup: CMS EWK SUSY combinations

SUS-21-008



analysis targeting sleptons



all

b-tag

Hadr. WX [20]

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b-tag

2-bb

b-veto

Backup: Low-mass diphoton searches



ATLAS 80 fb⁻¹ search

80

90

Observed local p-value

Previous CMS result



- Previous CMS excess around 95.3 GeV with local significance of 2.8σ
- Also check out boosted diphoton resonances search from ATLAS which probes 10-70 GeV (arXiv:2211.04172, submitted to JHEP)



Observed

110

m_x [GeV]

100